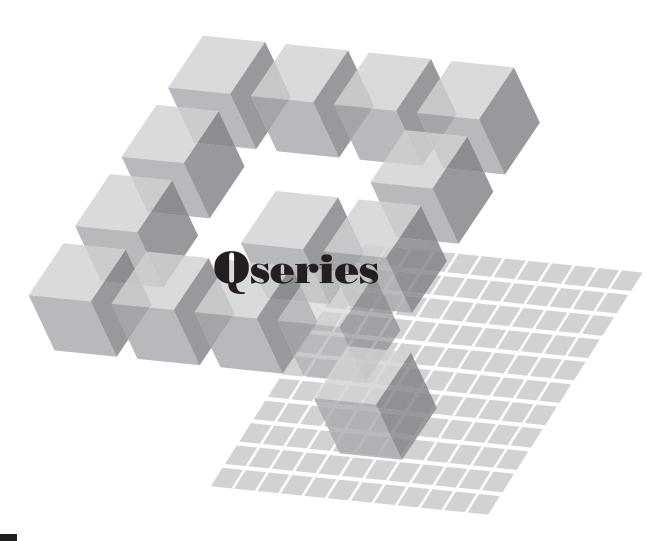
# **MITSUBISHI**

Mitsubishi Programmable Controller



# MELSEC-Q QD77MS Simple Motion Module User's Manual

**Positioning Control** 



# SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

(Please read these instructions before using this equipment.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals introduced in this manual carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly. The precautions given in this manual are concerned with this product only.

Refer to the Users manual of the CPU module to use for a description of the PLC system safety precautions.

In this manual, the safety instructions are ranked as "DANGER" and "CAUTION".



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight personal injury or physical damage.

Depending on circumstances, procedures indicated by CAUTION may also be linked to serious results.

In any case, it is important to follow the directions for usage.

Please save this manual to make it accessible when required and always forward it to the end user.

# For Safe Operations

# 1. Prevention of electric shocks

# **MDANGER**

- Never open the front case or terminal covers while the power is ON or the unit is running, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Never run the unit with the front case or terminal cover removed. The high voltage terminal and charged sections will be exposed and may lead to electric shocks.
- Never open the front case or terminal cover at times other than wiring work or periodic inspections even if the power is OFF. The insides of the module and servo amplifier are charged and may lead to electric shocks.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before mounting or removing the module, performing wiring work, or inspections. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- When performing wiring work or inspections, turn the power OFF, wait at least ten minutes, and then check the voltage with a tester, etc. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- lacktriangle Be sure to ground the module, servo amplifier and servomotor (Ground resistance: 100  $\Omega$  or less). Do not ground commonly with other devices.
- The wiring work and inspections must be done by a qualified technician.
- Wire the units after installing the module, servo amplifier and servomotor. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks or damage.
- Never operate the switches with wet hands, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not touch the module, servo amplifier, servomotor connector or terminal blocks while the power is ON, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not touch the built-in power supply, built-in grounding or signal wires of the module and servo amplifier, as this may lead to electric shocks.

# 2. For fire prevention

# **∆**CAUTION

- Install the module, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor on incombustible.
   Installing them directly or close to combustibles will lead to fire.
- If a fault occurs in the module or servo amplifier, shut the power OFF at the servo amplifier's power source. If a large current continues to flow, fire may occur.
- When using a regenerative resistor, shut the power OFF with an error signal. The regenerative resistor may abnormally overheat due to a fault in the regenerative transistor, etc., and may lead to fire
- Always take heat measures such as flame proofing for the inside of the control panel where the servo amplifier or regenerative resistor is installed and for the wires used. Failing to do so may lead to fire.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this may lead to fire.

# 3. For injury prevention

# **∆** CAUTION

- Do not apply a voltage other than that specified in the instruction manual on any terminal.
   Doing so may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the terminal connections, as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the polarity (+ / -), as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not touch the heat radiating fins of module or servo amplifier, regenerative resistor and servomotor, etc., while the power is ON and for a short time after the power is turned OFF. In this timing, these parts become very hot and may lead to burns.
- Always turn the power OFF before touching the servomotor shaft or coupled machines, as these parts may lead to injuries.
- Do not go near the machine during test operations or during operations such as teaching.
   Doing so may lead to injuries.

### 4. Various precautions

Strictly observe the following precautions. Mistaken handling of the unit may lead to faults, injuries or electric shocks.

### (1) System structure

# **ACAUTION**

- Always install a leakage breaker on the module and servo amplifier power source.
- If installation of an electromagnetic contactor for power shut off during an error, etc., is specified in the instruction manual for the servo amplifier, etc., always install the electromagnetic contactor.
- Install the emergency stop circuit externally so that the operation can be stopped immediately and the power shut off.
- Use the module, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to fire or faults.
- Use the CPU module, base unit, and Simple Motion module with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to faults.
- If safety standards (ex., robot safety rules, etc.,) apply to the system using the module, servo amplifier and servomotor, make sure that the safety standards are satisfied.
- Construct a safety circuit externally of the module or servo amplifier if the abnormal operation of the module or servo amplifier differs from the safety directive operation in the system.
- In systems where coasting of the servomotor will be a problem during the forced stop, emergency stop, servo OFF or power supply OFF, use the dynamic brake.
- Make sure that the system considers the coasting amount even when using the dynamic brake.
- In systems where perpendicular shaft dropping may be a problem during the forced stop, emergency stop, servo OFF or power supply OFF, use both the dynamic brake and electromagnetic brake.
- The dynamic brake must be used only on errors that cause the forced stop, emergency stop, or servo OFF. This brake must not be used for normal braking.
- The brake (electromagnetic brake) assembled into the servomotor are for holding applications, and must not be used for normal braking.

# **⚠**CAUTION

- The system must have a mechanical allowance so that the machine itself can stop even if the stroke limits switch is passed through at the max. speed.
- Use wires and cables that have a wire diameter, heat resistance and bending resistance compatible with the system.
- Use wires and cables within the length of the range described in the instruction manual.
- The ratings and characteristics of the parts (other than module, servo amplifier and servomotor) used in a system must be compatible with the module, servo amplifier and servomotor.
- Install a cover on the shaft so that the rotary parts of the servomotor are not touched during operation.
- There may be some cases where holding by the electromagnetic brake is not possible due to the life or mechanical structure (when the ball screw and servomotor are connected with a timing belt, etc.). Install a stopping device to ensure safety on the machine side.

### (2) Parameter settings and programming

# **⚠DANGER**

- Set the parameter values to those that are compatible with the module, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor model and the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- The regenerative resistor model and capacity parameters must be set to values that conform to the operation mode and servo amplifier. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the mechanical brake output and dynamic brake output validity parameters to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the stroke limit input validity parameter to a value that is compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the setting is incorrect.
- Set the servomotor encoder type (increment, absolute position type, etc.) parameter to a value that is compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the setting is incorrect.
- Use the program commands for the program with the conditions specified in the instruction manual.
- Set the sequence function program capacity setting, device capacity, latch validity range, I/O assignment setting, and validity of continuous operation during error detection to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.

# **MDANGER**

- The input devices and data registers assigned to the link will hold the data previous to when communication is terminated by an error, etc. Thus, an error correspondence interlock program specified in the instruction manual must be used.
- Use the interlock program specified in the intelligent function module's instruction manual for the program corresponding to the intelligent function module.

### (3) Transportation and installation

# **∆**CAUTION

- Transport the product with the correct method according to the mass.
- Use the servomotor suspension bolts only for the transportation of the servomotor. Do not transport the servomotor with machine installed on it.
- Do not stack products past the limit.
- When transporting the module or servo amplifier, never hold the connected wires or cables.
- When transporting the servomotor, never hold the cables, shaft or detector.
- When transporting the module or servo amplifier, never hold the front case as it may fall off.
- When transporting, installing or removing the module or servo amplifier, never hold the edges.
- Install the unit according to the instruction manual in a place where the mass can be withstood.
- Do not get on or place heavy objects on the product.
- Always observe the installation direction.
- Keep the designated clearance between the module or servo amplifier and control panel inner surface or the module and servo amplifier, module or servo amplifier and other devices.
- Do not install or operate modules, servo amplifiers or servomotors that are damaged or that have missing parts.
- Do not block the intake/outtake ports of the servo amplifier and servomotor with cooling fan.
- Do not allow conductive matter such as screw or cutting chips or combustible matter such as oil enter the module, servo amplifier or servomotor.
- The module, servo amplifier and servomotor are precision machines, so do not drop or apply strong impacts on them.
- Securely fix the module, servo amplifier and servomotor to the machine according to the instruction manual. If the fixing is insufficient, these may come off during operation.
- Always install the servomotor with reduction gears in the designated direction. Failing to do so may lead to oil leaks.

# **⚠**CAUTION

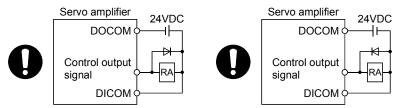
• Store and use the unit in the following environmental conditions.

Foringeneral	Conditions	
Environment	Module/Servo amplifier	Servomotor
Ambient temperature	According to each instruction manual.	0°C to +40°C (With no freezing) (32°F to +104°F)
Ambient humidity	According to each instruction manual.	80% RH or less (With no dew condensation)
Storage temperature	According to each instruction manual.	-20°C to +65°C (-4°F to +149°F)
Atmosphere	Indoors (where not subject to direct sunlight).  No corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist or dust must exist	
Altitude	1000m (3280.84ft.) or less above sea level	
Vibration	According to each instruction manual	

- When coupling with the servomotor shaft end, do not apply impact such as by hitting with a hammer. Doing so may lead to detector damage.
- Do not apply a load larger than the tolerable load onto the servomotor shaft. Doing so may lead to shaft breakage.
- When not using the module for a long time, disconnect the power line from the module or servo amplifier.
- Place the module and servo amplifier in static electricity preventing vinyl bags and store.
- When storing for a long time, please contact with our sales representative.
   Also, execute a trial operation.
- Make sure that the connectors for the servo amplifier and peripheral devices have been securely installed until a click is heard.
  - Not doing so could lead to a poor connection, resulting in erroneous input and output.
- When fumigants that contain halogen materials such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine are used for disinfecting and protecting wooden packaging from insects, they cause malfunction when entering our products.
  - Please take necessary precautions to ensure that remaining materials from fumigant do not enter our products, or treat packaging with methods other than fumigation (heat method). Additionally, disinfect and protect wood from insects before packing products.
- The module and the servo amplifier must not be used with parts which contain halogen-series flame retardant materials (such as bromine) under coexisting conditions.

# **⚠** CAUTION

- Correctly and securely wire the wires. Reconfirm the connections for mistakes and the terminal screws for tightness after wiring. Failing to do so may lead to run away of the servomotor.
- After wiring, install the protective covers such as the terminal covers to the original positions.
- Do not install a phase advancing capacitor, surge absorber or radio noise filter (option FR-BIF) on the output side of the servo amplifier.
- Correctly connect the output side (terminal U, V, W). Incorrect connections will lead the servomotor to operate abnormally.
- Do not connect a commercial power supply to the servomotor, as this may lead to trouble.
- Do not mistake the direction of the surge absorbing diode installed on the DC relay for the control signal output of brake signals, etc. Incorrect installation may lead to signals not being output when trouble occurs or the protective functions not functioning.



For the sink output interface

For the source output interface

- Do not connect or disconnect the connection cables between each unit, the encoder cable or PLC expansion cable while the power is ON.
- Securely tighten the cable connector fixing screws and fixing mechanisms. Insufficient fixing may lead to the cables combing off during operation.
- Do not bundle the power line or cables.
- Use applicable solderless terminals and tighten them with the specified torque.
   If any solderless spade terminal is used, it may be disconnected when the terminal screw comes loose, resulting in failure.

### (5) Trial operation and adjustment

# **∆** CAUTION

- Confirm and adjust the program and each parameter before operation. Unpredictable movements may occur depending on the machine.
- Extreme adjustments and changes may lead to unstable operation, so never make them.
- When using the absolute position system function, on starting up, and when the module or absolute value motor has been replaced, always perform a home position return.
- Before starting test operation, set the parameter speed limit value to the slowest value, and make sure that operation can be stopped immediately by the forced stop, etc. if a hazardous state
- Before starting the operation, confirm the brake function.

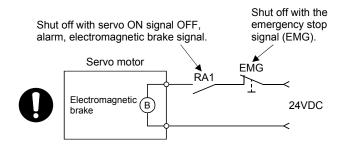
# **⚠**CAUTION

- Immediately turn OFF the power if smoke, abnormal sounds or odors are emitted from the module, servo amplifier or servomotor.
- Always execute a test operation before starting actual operations after the program or parameters have been changed or after maintenance and inspection.
- Do not attempt to disassemble and repair the units excluding a qualified technician whom our company recognized.
- Do not make any modifications to the unit.
- Keep the effect or electromagnetic obstacles to a minimum by installing a noise filter or by using wire shields, etc.
  - Electromagnetic obstacles may affect the electronic devices used near the module or servo amplifier.
- When using the CE Mark-compliant equipment design, refer to the "EMC Installation Guidelines" (data number IB(NA)-67339) and refer to the corresponding EMC guideline information for the servo amplifiers and other equipment.
- Note that when the reference axis speed is designated for interpolation operation, the speed of the partner axis (2nd axis, 3rd axis and 4th axis) may be larger than the set speed (larger than the speed limit value).
- Use the units with the following conditions.

Item	Conditions
Input power	According to each instruction manual.
Input frequency	According to each instruction manual.
Tolerable momentary power failure	According to each instruction manual.

# **⚠**CAUTION

- If an error occurs in the self diagnosis of the module or servo amplifier, confirm the check details according to the instruction manual, and restore the operation.
- If a dangerous state is predicted in case of a power failure or product failure, use a servomotor with an electromagnetic brake or install a brake mechanism externally.
- Use a double circuit construction so that the electromagnetic brake operation circuit can be operated by emergency stop signals set externally.



- If an error occurs, remove the cause, secure the safety and then resume operation after alarm release.
- The unit may suddenly resume operation after a power failure is restored, so do not go near the machine. (Design the machine so that personal safety can be ensured even if the machine restarts suddenly.)

### (8) Maintenance, inspection and part replacement

# **⚠** CAUTION

- Perform the daily and periodic inspections according to the instruction manual.
- Perform maintenance and inspection after backing up the program and parameters for the module and servo amplifier.
- Do not place fingers or hands in the clearance when opening or closing any opening.
- Periodically replace consumable parts such as batteries according to the instruction manual.
- Do not touch the lead sections such as ICs or the connector contacts.
- Before touching the module, always touch grounded metal, etc. to discharge static electricity from human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components.
   Touching them could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.
- Do not place the module or servo amplifier on metal that may cause a power leakage or wood, plastic or vinyl that may cause static electricity buildup.
- Do not perform a megger test (insulation resistance measurement) during inspection.
- When replacing the module or servo amplifier, always set the new module settings correctly.

# **⚠** CAUTION

- When the module or absolute value motor has been replaced, carry out a home position return operation using one of the following methods, otherwise position displacement could occur.
  - 1) After writing the servo data to the Simple Motion module using programming software, switch on the power again, then perform a home position return operation.
- After maintenance and inspections are completed, confirm that the position detection of the absolute position detector function is correct.
- Do not drop or impact the battery installed to the module.
   Doing so may damage the battery, causing battery liquid to leak in the battery. Do not use the dropped or impacted battery, but dispose of it.
- Do not short circuit, charge, overheat, incinerate or disassemble the batteries.
- The electrolytic capacitor will generate gas during a fault, so do not place your face near the module or servo amplifier.
- The electrolytic capacitor and fan will deteriorate. Periodically replace these to prevent secondary damage from faults. Please contact with our sales representative.
- Lock the control panel and prevent access to those who are not certified to handle or install electric equipment.
- Do not mount/remove the module and base or terminal block more than 50 times (IEC61131-2-compliant), after the first use of the product. Failure to do so may cause malfunction.
- Do not burn or break a module and servo amplifier. Doing so may cause a toxic gas.

### (9) About processing of waste

When you discard module, servo amplifier, a battery (primary battery) and other option articles, please follow the law of each country (area).

# **∆** CAUTION

- This product is not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.
- When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to install safety devices to forestall serious accidents when it is used in facilities where a breakdown in the product is likely to cause a serious accident.

### (10) General cautions

 All drawings provided in the instruction manual show the state with the covers and safety partitions removed to explain detailed sections. When operating the product, always return the covers and partitions to the designated positions, and operate according to the instruction manual.

# CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THE PRODUCT

- (1) Mitsubishi programmable controller ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;
  - i) where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident; and
  - ii) where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.
- (2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries. MITSUBISHI SHALL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, PRODUCT LIABILITY) FOR ANY INJURY OR DEATH TO PERSONS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY CAUSED BY the PRODUCT THAT ARE OPERATED OR USED IN APPLICATION NOT INTENDED OR EXCLUDED BY INSTRUCTIONS, PRECAUTIONS, OR WARNING CONTAINED IN MITSUBISHI'S USER, INSTRUCTION AND/OR SAFETY MANUALS, TECHNICAL BULLETINS AND GUIDELINES FOR the PRODUCT.

("Prohibited Application")

Prohibited Applications include, but not limited to, the use of the PRODUCT in;

- Nuclear Power Plants and any other power plants operated by Power companies, and/or any other cases in which the public could be affected if any problem or fault occurs in the PRODUCT.
- Railway companies or Public service purposes, and/or any other cases in which establishment of a special quality assurance system is required by the Purchaser or End User.
- Aircraft or Aerospace, Medical applications, Train equipment, transport equipment such as Elevator and Escalator, Incineration and Fuel devices, Vehicles, Manned transportation, Equipment for Recreation and Amusement, and Safety devices, handling of Nuclear or Hazardous Materials or Chemicals, Mining and Drilling, and/or other applications where there is a significant risk of injury to the public or property.

Notwithstanding the above, restrictions Mitsubishi may in its sole discretion, authorize use of the PRODUCT in one or more of the Prohibited Applications, provided that the usage of the PRODUCT is limited only for the specific applications agreed to by Mitsubishi and provided further that no special quality assurance or fail-safe, redundant or other safety features which exceed the general specifications of the PRODUCTs are required. For details, please contact the Mitsubishi representative in your region.

### INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing the Mitsubishi MELSEC-Q series programmable controllers. This manual describes the functions and programming of the Simple Motion module.

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and develop familiarity with the functions and performance of the MELSEC-Q series programmable controller to handle the product correctly.

When applying the program examples introduced in this manual to the actual system, ensure the applicability and confirm that it will not cause system control problems.

Please make sure that the end users read this manual.

# REMARK

Unless otherwise specified, this manual describes the program examples in which
the I/O numbers of X/Y00 to X/Y1F are assigned for a Q series Simple Motion
module. I/O number assignment is required for using the program examples
described in the manual.

For I/O number assignment, refer to the following.

QnUCPU User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)

Qn(H)/QnPH/QnPRHCPU User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)

• Operating procedures are explained using GX Works2.

### **REVISIONS**

Drint Data	st. Monuel Niverland	* The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.
Print Date	* Manual Number	Revision
Feb., 2012	IB(NA)-0300185-A	First edition
Sep., 2013	IB(NA)-0300185-B	[Additional function] Driver communication function, Inverter FR-A700 series, Synchronous encoder via servo amplifier, Operation cycle setting for QD77MS2/QD77MS4 [Additional correction/partial correction] Safety precautions, Relevant manuals, Restrictions by the SERIAL No. and version, Parameters, Monitor data, Control data, List of errors, List of warnings, List of buffer memory address, Serial absolute synchronous encoder cable
Nov., 2014	IB(NA)-0300185-C	[Additional function] Servo driver VCII series manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd. (SSCNETII/H compatible), MR-JE-B [Additional correction/partial correction] Restrictions by the SERIAL No. and version, Parameters, Monitor data, List of errors, List of warnings

Japanese Manual Version IB-0300184

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### COMPLIANCE WITH THE EMC AND LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVES

### (1) For programmable controller system

To configure a system meeting the requirements of the EMC and Low Voltage Directives when incorporating the Mitsubishi programmable controller (EMC and Low Voltage Directives compliant) into other machinery or equipment, refer to the Safety Guidelines provided with the main base unit. Also, refer to "Example of measure against noise for compliance with the EMC directive" of the Section 4.3.1 of this manual.

The CE mark on the side of the programmable controller indicates compliance with EMC and Low Voltage Directives.

### (2) For the product

To make this product comply with EMC and Low Voltage Directives, refer to Section 4.3.1 "Precautions for wiring".

### **RELEVANT MANUALS**

### (1) Simple Motion module

Manual Name <manual (model="" code)="" number=""></manual>	Description
MELSEC-Q QD77MS Simple Motion Module User's Manual	Specifications of the QD77MS and information on how to
(Positioning Control)	establish a system, maintenance and inspection, and troubleshooting
	Functions, programming and buffer memory for the
	positioning control of the QD77MS
MELSEC-Q/L QD77MS/QD77GF/LD77MS/LD77MH Simple	Functions, programming and buffer memory for the
Motion Module User's Manual (Synchronous Control)	synchronous control of the Simple Motion module
<ib-0300174, 1xb943=""></ib-0300174,>	Synamonicae contact of the campio Motion Module

### (2) CPU module

Manual Name <manual (model="" code)="" number=""></manual>	Description
QCPU User's Manual	Specifications of the hardware (CPU modules, power supply
(Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)	modules, base units, batteries, and memory cards), system
<sh-080483eng, 13jr73=""></sh-080483eng,>	maintenance and inspection, and troubleshooting
QnUCPU User's Manual	
(Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)	Functions, devices, and programming of the CPU module
<sh-080807eng, 13jz27=""></sh-080807eng,>	
Qn(H)/QnPH/QnPRHCPU User's Manual	
(Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)	Functions, devices, and programming of the CPU module
<sh-080808eng, 13jz28=""></sh-080808eng,>	

# (3) Programming tool

Manual Name <manual (model="" code)="" number=""></manual>	Description
GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual	System configuration, parameter settings, and online
(Common)	operations (common to Simple project and Structured
<sh-080779eng, 13ju63=""></sh-080779eng,>	project) of GX Works2
GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual	Parameter settings, monitoring, and operations of the
(Intelligent Function Module)	predefined protocol support function of intelligent function
<sh-080921eng, 13ju69=""></sh-080921eng,>	modules, using GX Works2

# (4) Servo amplifier

Manual Name <manual (model="" code)="" number=""></manual>	Description
SSCNETII/H Interface AC Servo  MR-J4B(-RJ)/MR-J4B4(-RJ)/MR-J4B1(-RJ) Servo  Amplifier Instruction Manual <sh-030106, 1cw805=""></sh-030106,>	This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for MR-J4B(-RJ)/MR-J4B1(-RJ) servo amplifier.
SSCNETII/H Interface Multi-axis AC Servo MR-J4W2B/MR-J4W3B Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual <sh-030105, 1cw806=""></sh-030105,>	This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for multi-axis AC servo MR-J4W2B/MR-J4W3B servo amplifier.
SSCNETII Interface MR-J3B Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual <sh-030051, 1cw202=""></sh-030051,>	This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for MR-J3B servo amplifier.
SSCNETII Compatible Linear Servo MR-J3B-RJ004(U_) Instruction Manual <sh-030054, 1cw943=""></sh-030054,>	This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for linear servo MR-J3B-RJ004(U_).
SSCNETII Fully Closed Loop Control  MR-J3B-RJ006 Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual <sh-030056, 1cw304=""></sh-030056,>	This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for fully closed loop control MR-J3B-RJ006 servo amplifier.
SSCNETII Interface 2-axis AC Servo Amplifier MR-J3W-0303BN6/MR-J3WB Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual <sh-030073, 1cw604=""></sh-030073,>	This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for 2-axis AC servo amplifier MR-J3W-0303BN6/MR-J3WB servo amplifier.
SSCNETII Interface Direct Drive Servo MR-J3B-RJ080W Instruction Manual <sh-030079, 1cw601=""></sh-030079,>	This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for direct drive servo MR-J3B-RJ080W.
SSCNETII Interface Drive Safety Integrated  MR-J3B Safety Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual <sh-030084,></sh-030084,>	This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for safety integrated MR-J3B safety servo amplifier.
MR-JEB Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual <sh030152, 1cw750=""></sh030152,>	This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for MR-JEB servo amplifier.

### **MANUAL PAGE ORGANIZATION**

■ The symbols used in this manual are shown below.
The following symbols represent the buffer memories supported for each axis.
(A serial No. is inserted in the "\*" mark.)

Symbol	Description	Reference
[Pr. * ]	Symbol that indicates positioning parameter and OPR parameter item.	
[Da. * ]	Symbol that indicates positioning data, block start data and condition data item.	Chapter 5
[Md. * ]	Symbol that indicates monitor data item.	Chapter 5
[Cd. * ]	Symbol that indicates control data item.	
QD77MS2	Symbol that indicates correspondence to only QD77MS2.	
QD77MS4	Symbol that indicates correspondence to only QD77MS4.	_
QD77MS16	Symbol that indicates correspondence to only QD77MS16.	

- Representation of numerical values used in this manual.
  - Buffer memory addresses, error codes and warning codes are represented in decimal.
  - X/Y devices are represented in hexadecimal.
  - Setting data and monitor data are represented in decimal or hexadecimal. Data ended by "H" or "h" is represented in hexadecimal.

(Example) 10......Decimal 10H.....Hexadecimal

### **TERMS**

Unless otherwise specified, this manual uses the following terms.

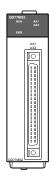
Term	Description	
PLC CPU	Abbreviation for the MELSEC-Q series PLC CPU module.	
QCPU	Another term for the MELSEC-Q series PLC CPU module.	
Simple Motion module	Abbreviation for the MELSEC-Q series Simple Motion module.	
QD77MS	Another term for the MELSEC-Q series QD77MS Simple Motion module.	
MR-J4(W)-B	MR-J4B/MR-J4WB servo amplifier series	
MR-J3(W)-B	MR-J3B/MR-J3WB servo amplifier series	
MR-JE-B	MR-JEB Servo amplifier series	
Programming tool	Generic term for GX Works2 and MR Configurator2.	
GX Works2	Product name of the software package for the MELSEC programmable controllers (Version 1.77F or later).	
MR Configurator2	Product name of the setup software for the servo amplifier (Version 1.09K or later).	
Intelligent function module	A MELSEC-Q/L series module that has functions other than input or output, such as A/D converter module and D/A converter module	
Servo amplifier (drive unit)	Abbreviation for SSCNETⅢ/H and SSCNETⅢ compatible servo amplifier (drive unit).	
Manual pulse generator	Abbreviation for manual pulse generator (MR-HDP01) (prepared by user).	
OPR	Generic term for "Home position return".	
OP	Generic term for "Home position".	
SSCNETII/H (Note)	High conditions the state of th	
SSCNETIII (Note)	High speed synchronous communication network between QD77MS and servo amplifier.	
Servo network	Generic term for SSCNETⅢ/H, SSCNETⅢ.	

(Note): SSCNET:  $\underline{S}$ ervo  $\underline{S}$ ystem  $\underline{C}$ ontroller  $\underline{NET}$ work

### **PACKING LIST**

The following items are included in the package of this product. Before use, check that all the items are included.

### (1) QD77MS2

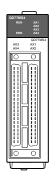


QD77MS2

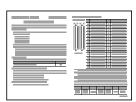


Before Using the Product

### (2) QD77MS4

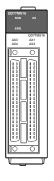


QD77MS4

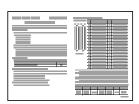


Before Using the Product

### (3) QD77MS16



QD77MS16



Before Using the Product

# Section 1 Product Specifications and Handling

Section 1 is configured for the following purposes (1) to (5).

- (1) To understand the outline of positioning control, and the Simple Motion module specifications and functions
- (2) To carry out actual work such as installation and wiring
- (3) To set parameters and data required for positioning control
- (4) To create a sequence program required for positioning control
- (5) To understand the memory configuration and data transmission process

When diverting any of the program examples introduced in this manual to the actual system, fully verify that there are no problems in the controllability of the target system.

Read "Section 2" for details on each control.

Chapter 1	Product Outline	1- 1 to 1- 30
Chapter 2	System Configuration	2- 1 to 2- 12
Chapter 3	Specifications and Functions	3- 1 to 3- 48
Chapter 4	Installation, Wiring and Maintenance of the Product	4- 1 to 4- 20
Chapter 5	Data Used for Positioning Control	5- 1 to 5-202
Chapter 6	Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control	6- 1 to 6- 76
Chapter 7	Memory Configuration and Data Process	7- 1 to 7- 20

# **MEMO**

# **Chapter 1 Product Outline**

The purpose and outline of positioning control using the Simple Motion module are explained in this chapter.

Reading this chapter will help you understand what can be done using the positioning system and which procedure to use for a specific purpose.

By understanding "What can be done", and "Which procedure to use" beforehand, the positioning system can be structured smoothly.

1.1	Position	ning control	1- 2
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	1.1.2	Purpose and applications of positioning control	.1- 6
	1.1.3	Mechanism of positioning control	.1- 8
	1.1.4	Overview of positioning control functions	.1- 9
	1.1.5	Outline design of positioning system	.1-19
	1.1.6	Communicating signals between QD77MS and each module	.1-20
1.2	Flow of	system operation	.1-24
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	1.2.3	Outline of stopping	. 1-28
	1.2.4	Outline for restarting	

### 1.1 Positioning control

### 1.1.1 Features of QD77MS

The QD77MS has the following features.

### (1) High-speed starting time

High-speed starting time "0.88ms" (QD77MS4 use) during positioning control is achieved.

### (2) Wide variety of positioning control functions

The main functions (such as OPR control, positioning control and manual control) which are required for any positioning system and the sub functions which limit and add functions to those controls are supported.

### (a) Enhanced OPR control

1) Additional features of OPR control

Five machine OPR methods are provided: one near-point dog method, two count methods, one data set method and one scale origin signal detection method. Select an applicable method according to the system.

### 2) OPR retry function

The OPR retry function is provided so that the machine OPR control can be performed from any position, regardless of the machine stop position when the system is powered on.

### (b) Wide variety of control methods

Positioning controls, such as position control, speed control, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, and other controls, are provided.

- 1) Independent control of each axis
  - Controls, such as position control and speed control, can be performed independently for each axis at any given timing.
- 2) Interpolation control
  - Interpolation controls using multiple axes can be performed. (2- to 4-axis linear interpolation control, 2-axis circular interpolation control, 2- to 4-axis speed control, etc.)
- Speed-torque control
   Speed control and torque control not including the position loop can be performed.

### (c) Large amount of data

Up to 600 positioning data (combinations of data, such as control system, positioning address, and command speed) per axis can be set.

(d) Continuous processing of multiple positioning data

Multiple positioning data can be processed continuously within one positioning operation.

Continuous positioning control can be executed over multiple blocks, where each block consists of multiple positioning data.

This reduces the number of executions of positioning, management of execution status, and others.

### (e) Acceleration/deceleration processing

Two acceleration/deceleration processing methods are provided: trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration and S-curve acceleration/deceleration. The acceleration/deceleration curve can be selected according to the machine characteristic.

### (3) Synchronous control

The synchronous control and electronic cam control can be performed.

### (4) Mark detection function

The mark detection to latch any data by the external command signal [DI1 to DI4] can be performed.

### (5) High maintainability

Maintainability is enhanced in the QD77MS.

(a) Data retention without battery

Data such as the positioning data and parameters can be stored in the flash ROM inside the QD77MS. This feature allows the module retain the data without a battery.

(b) Module error collection function

The QD77MS notifies error details to the PLC CPU when an error occurs. Storing the error information in the PLC CPU allows the user to check the error from the programming tool even after the module is powered off or reset.

### (6) Support of intelligent function module dedicated instructions

Dedicated instructions such as the positioning start instruction (Axis 1 to Axis 4) and teaching instruction (Axis 1 to Axis 4) are provided.

The use of such dedicated instructions simplifies programs.

The dedicated instructions are fully compatible with the LD77MH/QD75MH.

### (7) Setting, monitoring, and testing through GX Works2

Parameters and positioning data for the QD77MS can be set using GX Works2 (Simple Motion Module Setting).

Moreover, using the test function of GX Works2 (Simple Motion Module Setting), users can check the wiring status and the validity of the preset parameters and positioning data by performing test operation before creating a program for positioning control.

The control monitor function of GX Works2 allows user to debug programs efficiently.

The servo parameters can be set easily by using the GX Works2 in combination with the MR Configurator2.

### (8) Compatibility with the LD77MH/QD75MH

The proven programs in LD77MH/QD75MH can be used because the QD77MS is compatible with the LD77MH/QD75MH.

### (9) Forced stop function

The batch forced stop is available for all axes of servo amplifier by the forced stop input signal of the external input.

"Valid/Invalid" of the forced stop input signal can be selected by the parameters.

# (10) Connection between the QD77MS and servo amplifier with high speed synchronous network by SSCNETⅢ(/H)

The QD77MS can be directly connected to the Mitsubishi servo amplifiers of MR-J4-B/MR-J3-B series using the SSCNET∭(/H). Also, it can be directly connected to the Mitsubishi servo amplifiers of MR-JE-B series using the SSCNET∭/H.

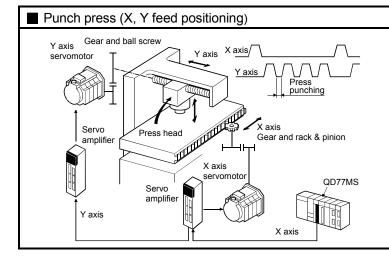
- (a) Because the high speed synchronous network by SSCNETⅢ(/H) is used to connect the QD77MS and the servo amplifier, or servo amplifiers, saving wiring can be realized. The maximum distance between the QD77MS and servo amplifier, servo amplifier and servo amplifier of the SSCNETⅢ cable on the same bus was set to 50(164.04)[m(ft.)], and the flexibility will improve at the system design.
- (b) By the use of SSCNETⅢ cable (Optical communication), influence of electromagnetic noise and others from servo amplifier, etc. are reduced.
- (c) The servo parameters can be set on the QD77MS side to write or read them to/from the servo amplifier using the SSCNET communication.
- (d) The actual current value and error description contained in the servo can be checked by the buffer memory of the QD77MS.
- (e) The communication between the MR Configurator2 and servo amplifiers is possible via the PLC CPU.

### (11) Easy application to the absolute position system

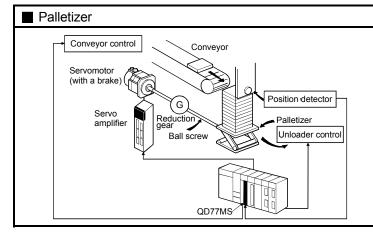
- (a) The MR-J4-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3-B series servo amplifiers and servo motors correspond to the absolute position system. It can be realized only at connecting the battery for absolute position system to the servo amplifier.
- (b) Once the OP have been established, the OPR operation is unnecessary at the system's power supply ON.
- (c) With the absolute position system, the data set method OPR is used to establish the OP. The wiring of near-point dog, etc. is unnecessary.
- (d) When the setting unit is "degree", the absolute position system with unlimited length fed can be configured.

### 1.1.2 Purpose and applications of positioning control

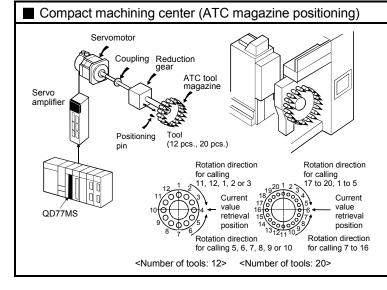
"Positioning" refers to moving a moving body, such as a workpiece or tool (hereinafter, generically called "workpiece") at a designated speed, and accurately stopping it at the target position. The main application examples are shown below.



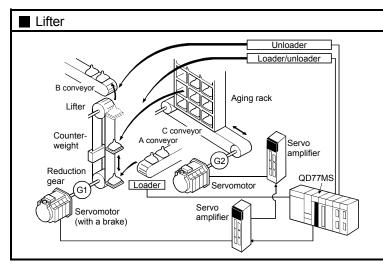
- To punch insulation material or leather, etc., as the same shape at a high yield, positioning is carried out with the X axis and Y axis servos
- After positioning the table with the X axis servo, the press head is positioned with the Y axis servo, and is then punched with the press.
- When the material type or shape changes, the press head die is changed, and the positioning pattern is changed.



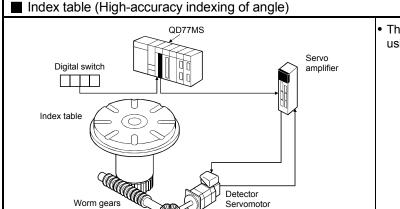
- Using the servo for one axis, the palletizer is positioned at a high accuracy.
- The amount to lower the palletizer according to the material thickness is saved.



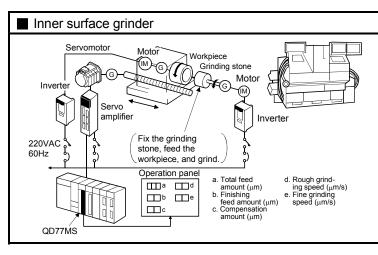
- The ATC tool magazine for a compact machining center is positioned.
- The relation of the magazine's current value and target value is calculated, and positioning is carried out with forward run or reverse run to achieve the shortest access time.



- During the aging process, storage onto the rack is carried out by positioning with the AC servo.
- The up/down positioning of the lifter is carried out with the 1-axis servo, and the horizontal position of the aging rack is positioned with the 2-axis servo.



 The index table is positioned at a high accuracy using the 1-axis servo.

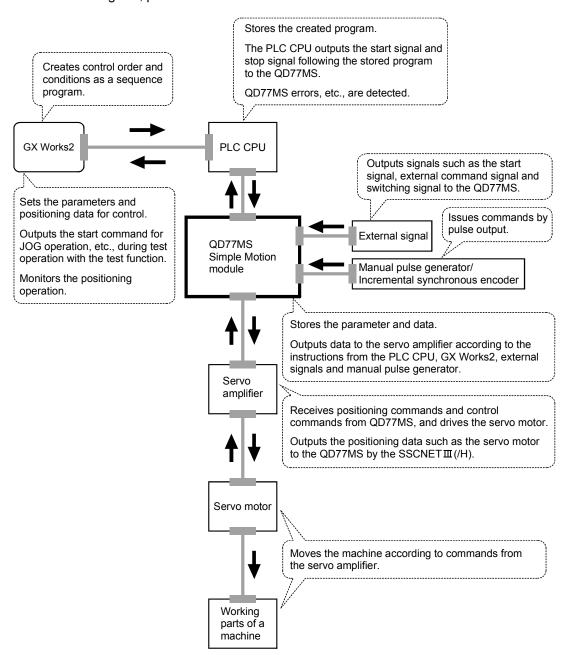


- The grinding of the workpiece's inner surface is controlled with the servo and inverter.
- The rotation of the workpiece is controlled with the 1-axis inverter, and the rotation of the grinding stone is controlled with the 2-axis inverter. The workpiece is fed and ground with the 3-axis servo.

#### 1.1.3 Mechanism of positioning control

In the positioning system using the Simple Motion module, various software and devices are used for the following roles.

The Simple Motion module realizes complicated positioning control when it reads in various signals, parameters and data and is controlled with the PLC CPU.



#### 1.1.4 Overview of positioning control functions

The outline of the "overview of positioning control", "overview of independent positioning control and continuous positioning control", "overview of block positioning control" and "overview of acceleration/deceleration processing control" is shown below.

#### Positioning control

An overview of positioning using positioning data is described below.

#### (1) Linear control

#### (a) 1-axis linear control

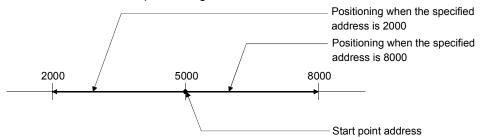
This performs positioning from the start point address (location the axis is presently stopped) defined on the specified axis to the specified position.

[Control using the absolute system]

- This performs positioning from the start point address to the specified position.
- The start point address and the specified address determine the movement direction.

#### [Example]

The following figure shows the operations when the start point address is 5000 and the positioning addresses are 2000 and 8000:

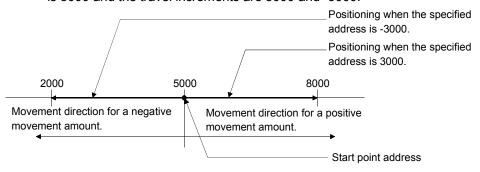


[Control using the increment system]

- 1) This performs positioning from the specified increment of travel from the start point address.
- 2) The sign of the travel increment determines the direction of travel.
  - For positive travel increment......Positioning in the positive direction (direction of address increase)
  - For negative travel increment.....Positioning in the negative direction (direction of address decrease)

#### [Example]

The following figure shows the operations when the start point address is 5000 and the travel increments are 3000 and -3000:



(b) 2-axis linear interpolation control (Note-1)

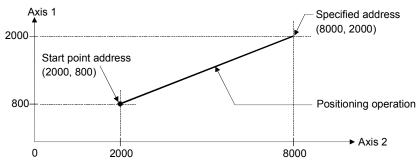
This controls interpolation along a linear locus from the start point address (current stop position) defined by two axes.

[Control using the absolute system]

- 1) This performs linear interpolation using two axes from the start point address to the specified address.
- 2) The start point address and the specified address determine the direction of travel.

#### [Example]

The operation when the start point address is 800 for axis 1 and 2000 for axis 2 and the positioning address specified to 2000 for axis 1 and 8000 for axis 2, is shown below.

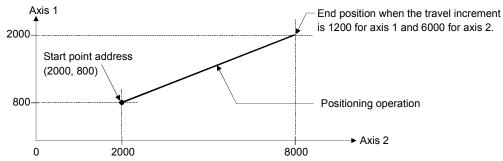


[Control using the increment system]

- This performs positioning to the composite position of the travel direction and the travel increment specified by each axis from the start point address.
- 2) The sign of the travel increment determines the direction of travel.
  - For positive travel increment......Positioning in the positive direction (direction of address increase)
  - For negative travel increment......Positioning in the negative direction (direction of address decrease)

#### [Example]

The operation when the start point address is 800 for axis 1 and 2000 for axis 2 and the positioning address specified to 1200 for axis 1 and 6000 for axis 2, is shown below.



# REMARK

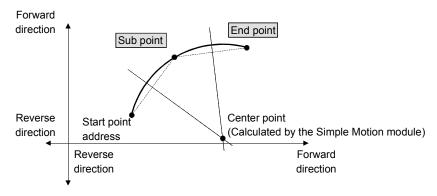
(Note-1): The interpolation speed during linear interpolation control can be selected from "composite speed" and "reference axis speed" using the interpolation speed designation method of detailed parameter 1. (Refer to Section 5.2.3 information about setting "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method" of the detailed parameter 1.)

# (2) Circular interpolation control (Note-1)

There are two types of circular interpolation controls: circular interpolation with a specified sub point and circular interpolation with the specified center point.

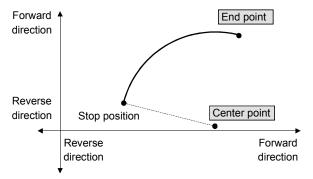
(a) Circular interpolation with a specified sub point Circular interpolation is performed using the specified endpoint address and sub point (passing point) address.

Two methods are available: absolute system and increment system.



(b) Circular interpolation with the specified center point Circular interpolation is performed using the specified endpoint address and center point address.

Two methods are available: absolute system and increment system. Also, the direction of movement can be selected from clockwise or counterclockwise.

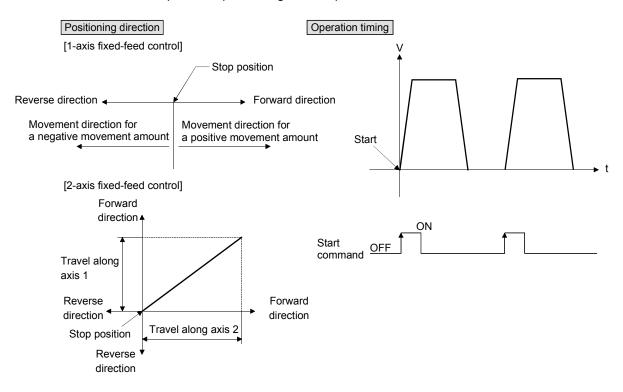


# REMARK

(Note-1): The interpolation speed during circular interpolation control may only be set to "composite speed" for the interpolation speed designation method of detailed parameter 1. (Refer to Section 5.2.3 information about setting "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method" of the detailed parameter 1.)

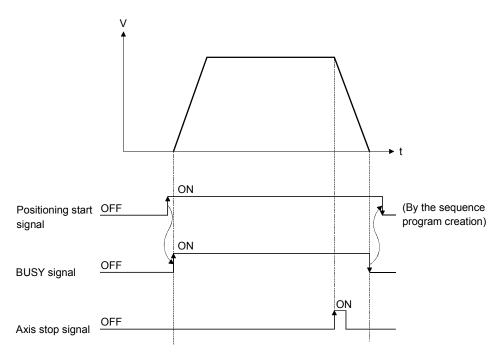
#### (3) Fixed-feed control

This performs positioning for the specified increment of travel.



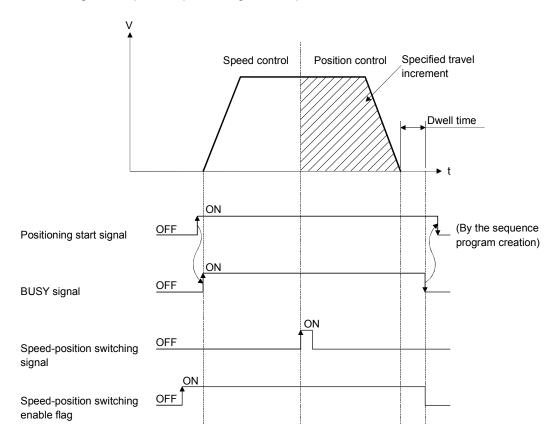
#### (4) Speed control

After command is executed, control continues with the command speed until the stop command is input.



## (5) Speed-position switching control

This starts positioning under speed control, and switches to position control according to the input of the Simple Motion module speed-position switching signal and perform positioning for the specified increment of travel.



■ Independent positioning control and continuous positioning control

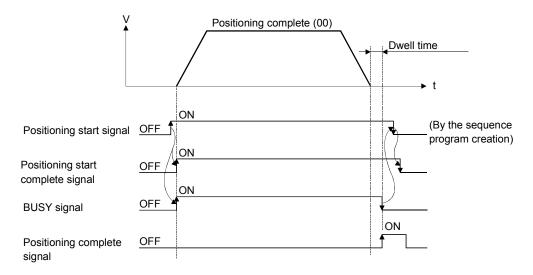
The Simple Motion module performs positioning according to the user-set positioning data, which is a set of information comprised of the control method (position control, speed control, speed-position switching control), positioning address, operation pattern, and so on.

Up to 600 of positioning data are assigned respectively to positioning data Nos. 1 to 600 per axis and registered to the Simple Motion module.

The operation pattern set in each positioning data by the user determines whether to perform positioning operation with one positioning data item or to perform continuous positioning operation with multiple positioning data items.

#### Independent positioning control (operation pattern = 00: positioning complete)

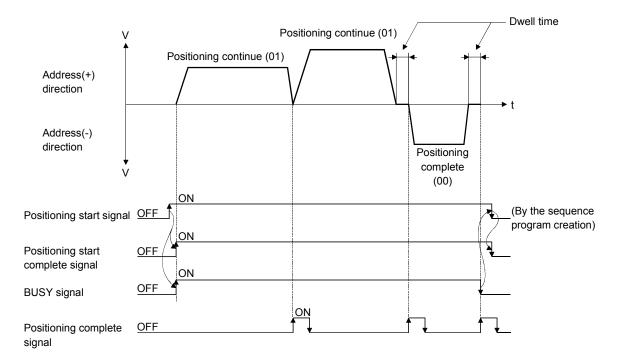
The operation completed upon completion of positioning for the specified positioning data. The positioning completion of this operation pattern is also used as the operation pattern for the last positioning data of continuous positioning and continuous path positioning.



# (2) Continuous positioning control (operation pattern = 01: positioning continue)

The operation stops temporarily upon the completion of positioning for the specified positioning data, and then continues with the next positioning data number.

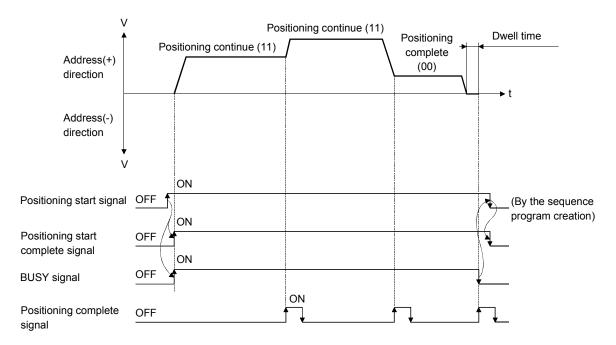
This is specified when performing positioning in which the direction changes because of multiple positioning data items having consecutive positioning data numbers.



# (3) Continuous path control (operation pattern = 11: positioning continue)

After executing positioning using the specified positioning data, the operation changes its speed to that of the next positioning data number and continues positioning.

This is specified when continuously executing multiple positioning data items having consecutive positioning data numbers at a specified speed.

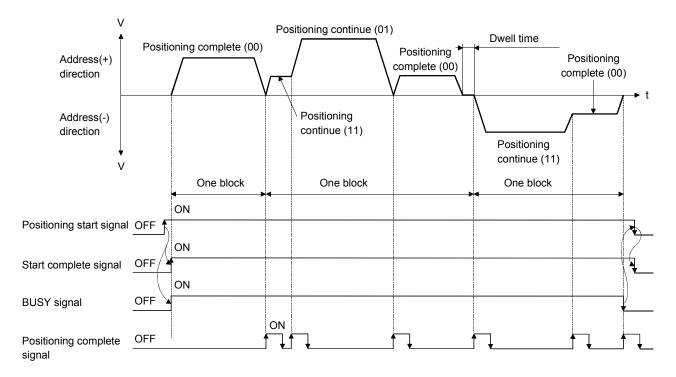


#### ■ Block positioning control

Block positioning is a control that continuously executes the positioning of specified blocks. One block equivalent to a series of positioning data up to the completion of positioning (operation pattern = 00) by Independent or continuous positioning control. A maximum of 50 blocks per axis can be specified.

Using a one-time start command from the PLC CPU or external, complex positioning control can be performed.

The block positioning control can be performed by specifying the positioning start number and positioning start information in the buffer memory.



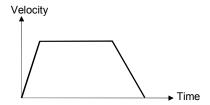
Overview of acceleration/deceleration processing control

Acceleration/deceleration processing for the positioning processing, manual pulsegenerator processing, OPR processing and JOG processing is performed using the user-specified method, acceleration time and deceleration time.

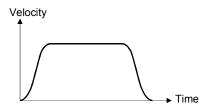
#### (1) Acceleration/deceleration method

There are two types of acceleration and deceleration processing: the trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing method and S-curve acceleration/ deceleration processing method. A detailed parameter is used to set which method is used. The specified acceleration/deceleration method is applied to all accelerations and decelerations when starting and completing positioning processing, OPR processing and JOG processing, as well as when changing the speed.

(a) Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing method This is a method in which linear acceleration/deceleration is carried out based on the acceleration time, deceleration time, and speed limit value set by the user.



(b) S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing method This method reduces the load on the motor when starting and stopping. This is a method in which acceleration/deceleration is carried out gradually, based on the acceleration time, deceleration time, speed limit value, and S-curve ratio (1 to 100%) set by the user.



- (2) Acceleration time, deceleration time, sudden-stop deceleration time
  - (a) Four types each of the acceleration time and deceleration time for positioning control can be set using basic parameters 2 and detailed parameters 2.
    - Acceleration time......The time elapses before the speed of 0 reaches the limit value.
    - Deceleration time......The time elapses before the speed at the limit value reaches 0.
  - (b) The sudden-stop deceleration time (1 to 8388608 ms) is set using the detailed parameters 2.

#### 1.1.5 Outline design of positioning system

The outline of the positioning system operation and design using the Simple Motion module is shown below.

#### (1) Positioning system using Simple Motion module

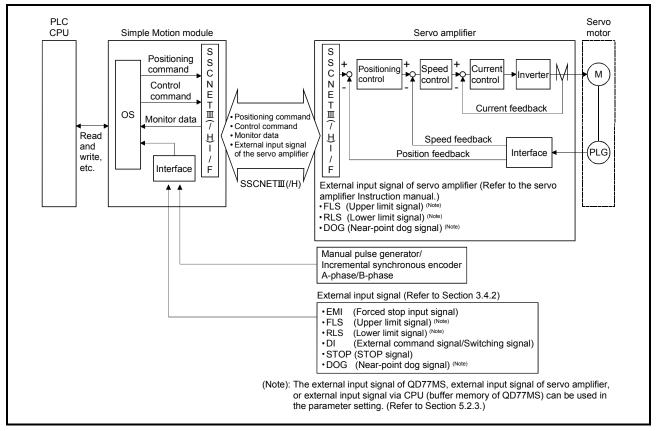


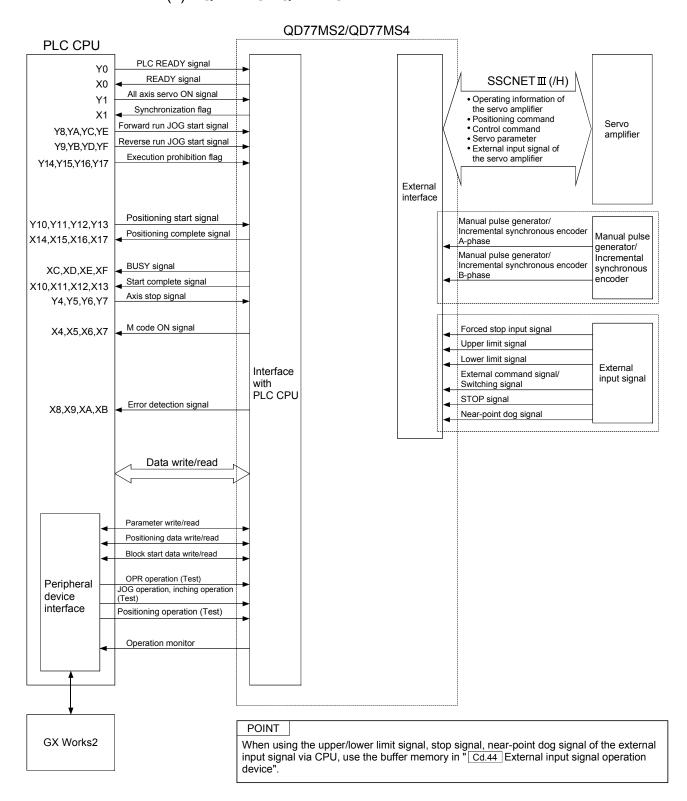
Fig. 1.1 Outline of the operation of positioning system using Simple Motion module

#### 1.1.6 Communicating signals between QD77MS and each module

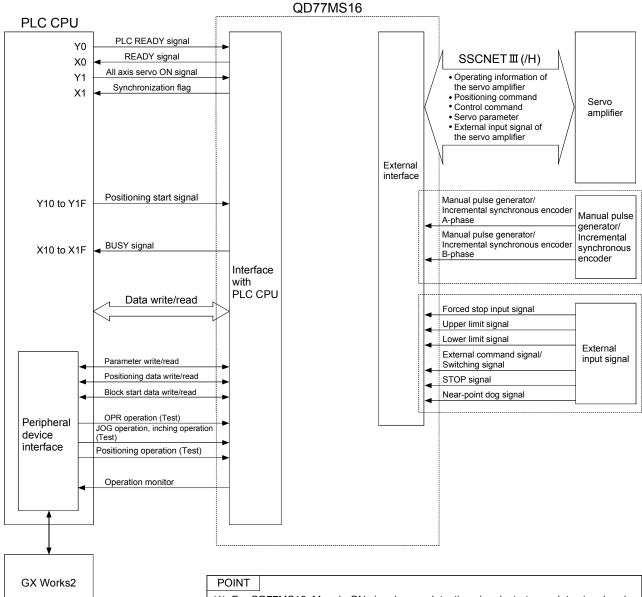
The outline of the signal communication between the Simple Motion module and PLC CPU, GX Works2 and servo amplifier, etc., is shown below.

(GX Works2 communicates with the Simple Motion module via the PLC CPU to which it is connected.)

#### (1) QD77MS2/QD77MS4



#### (2) QD77MS16



- (1) For QD77MS16, M code ON signal, error detection signal, start complete signal and positioning complete signal are assigned to the bit of "Md.31 Status".
   (2) For QD77MS16, axis stop signal, forward run JOG start signal, reverse run JOG start
- (2) For QD77MS16, axis stop signal, forward run JOG start signal, reverse run JOG start signal, execution prohibition flag are assigned to the buffer memory Cd.180 to Cd.183
   (3) When using the upper/lower limit signal, stop signal, near-point dog signal of the
- (3) When using the upper/lower limit signal, stop signal, near-point dog signal of the external input signal via CPU, use the buffer memory in "Cd.44 External input signal operation device".

# ■ Simple Motion module → PLC CPU The Simple Motion module and PLC CPU communicate the following data.

Dire Communication	ection Simple Motion module → PLC CPU	PLC CPU → Simple Motion module
Control signal *	Signal indicating Simple Motion module state • READY signal • BUSY signal etc.	Signal related to commands  • PLC READY signal  • All axis servo ON signal  • Positioning start signal  etc.
Data (read/write)	<ul><li>Parameter</li><li>Positioning data</li><li>Block start data</li><li>Control data</li><li>Monitor data</li></ul>	Parameter Positioning data Block start data Control data

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Section 3.3 "Specifications of input/output signals with PLC CPU" for details.

# ■ Simple Motion module → GX Works2 The Simple Motion module and GX Works2 communicate the following data via the PLC CPU.

Direction Communication	Simple Motion module → GX Works2	GX Works2 → Simple Motion module
Data (read/write)	Parameter     Positioning data	Parameter     Positioning data
Test operation	_	<ul> <li>OPR control start command</li> <li>Positioning control start command</li> <li>JOG/Inching operation start command</li> <li>Teaching start command</li> <li>Manual pulse generator operation enable/disable command</li> </ul>
Operation monitor	Monitor data	-

#### ■ Simple Motion module Servo amplifier

The Simple Motion module and servo amplifier communicate the following data via the SSCNETⅢ(/H).

Direction Communication	Simple Motion module  → Servo amplifier	Servo amplifier → Simple Motion module
SSCNETⅢ/H	Positioning commands     Control commands	Operating information of the servo amplifier
SSCNETIII	• Sorvo parameter	<ul><li>Servo parameter</li><li>External input signal of the servo amplifier</li></ul>

■ Simple Motion module 

Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder

The Simple Motion module and manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder communicate the following data via the external input connection connector.

Direction Communication	Simple Motion module  → Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder → Simple Motion module
Pulse signal	_	<ul> <li>Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder A-phase</li> <li>Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder B-phase</li> </ul>

#### ■ Simple Motion module External signal

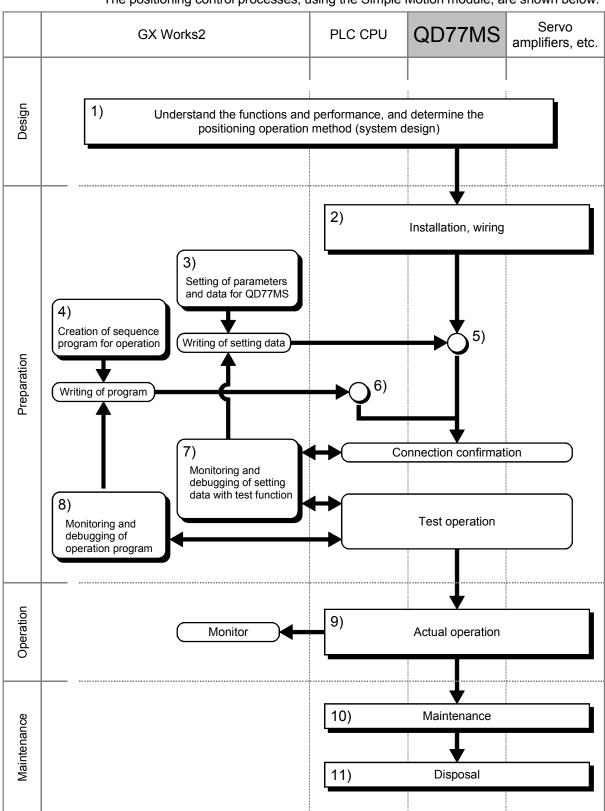
The Simple Motion module and external signal communicate the following data via the external input connection connector.

Direction Communication	Simple Motion module → External signal	External signal → Simple Motion module
Control signal	-	<ul> <li>Forced stop input signal</li> <li>External command signal/switching signal</li> <li>Upper limit signal</li> <li>Lower limit signal</li> <li>Stop signal</li> <li>Near-point dog signal</li> </ul>

#### 1.2 Flow of system operation

## 1.2.1 Flow of all processes

The positioning control processes, using the Simple Motion module, are shown below.

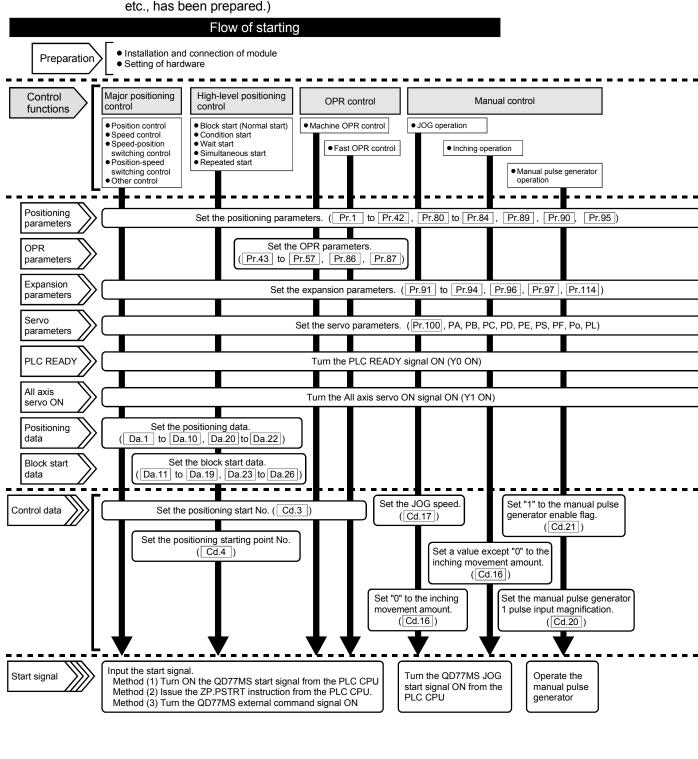


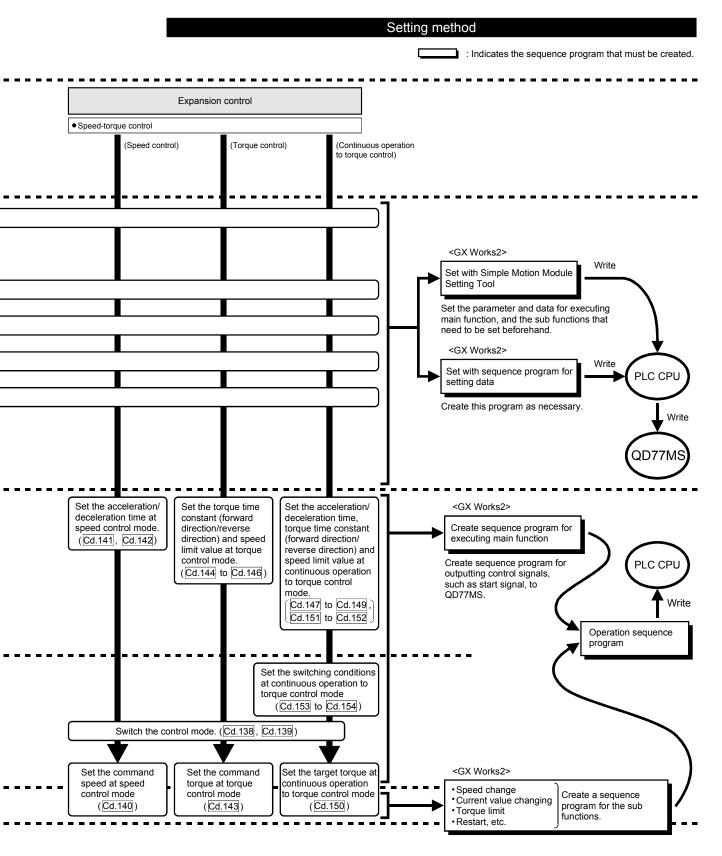
## The following work is carried out with the processes shown on the previous page.

	Details	Reference
1)	Understand the product functions and usage methods, the configuration devices and specifications required for positioning control, and design the system.	<ul><li>Chapter 1</li><li>Chapter 2</li><li>Chapter 3</li><li>Chapter 8 to Chapter 14</li></ul>
2)	Install the Simple Motion module onto the base unit, wire the Simple Motion module and external connection devices (servo amplifier, etc.) and wire the PLC CPU and peripheral devices.	Chapter 4
3)	Using GX Works2, set the servo parameters, parameter, positioning data, block start data and condition data required for the positioning control to be executed.	<ul><li>Chapter 5</li><li>Chapter 8 to Chapter 14</li><li>Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help</li></ul>
4)	Using GX Works2, create the sequence program required for positioning operation.	<ul><li>Chapter 6</li><li>GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)</li></ul>
5)	Write the parameters and positioning data, etc., created with GX Works2 into the Simple Motion module.	<ul><li>Chapter 7</li><li>Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help</li></ul>
6)	Using GX Works2, write the created sequence program into the PLC CPU.	<ul><li>Chapter 7</li><li>GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)</li></ul>
7)	Carry out test operation and adjustments in the test function of GX Works2 to check the connection with the Simple Motion module and external connection device, and to confirm that the designated positioning operation is executed correctly. (Debug the set "parameters" and "positioning data", etc.)	Chapter 14     Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help
8)	Carry out test operation and adjustment to confirm that the designated positioning operation is executed correctly. (Debug the created sequence program.)	GX Works2 Version1     Operating Manual (Common)
9)	Actually operate the positioning operation. At this time, monitor the operation state as required. If an error or warning occurs, remedy.	<ul> <li>Chapter 5</li> <li>Chapter 16</li> <li>Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help</li> <li>GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)</li> </ul>
10)	Maintenance of the Simple Motion module as required.	Chapter 4
11)	Dispose of the Simple Motion module.	Chapter 4

#### 1.2.2 Outline of starting

The outline for starting each control is shown with the following flowchart. (It is assumed that each module is installed, and the required system configuration, etc., has been prepared.)





#### 1.2.3 Outline of stopping

Each control is stopped in the following cases.

- (1) When each control is completed normally.
- (2) When the servo amplifier power supply OFF.
- (3) When a PLC CPU error occurs.
- (4) When the PLC READY signal is turned OFF.
- (5) When an error occurs in the Simple Motion module.
- (6) When control is intentionally stopped (Stop signal from PLC CPU turned ON or Stop signal of external input signal turned ON, etc.).

The outline for the stopping process in these cases is shown below. (Excluding (1) for normal stopping.)

Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control" for the stop processing during the speed control mode, torque control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode.

				Axis			Sto	p process		
Stop cause		۵.	M code		OPR c	ontrol			Manu	ial control
		Stop axis	ON signal after stop		Machine OPR control	Fast OPR control	positioning control	High-level positioning control	JOG/ Inching operation	Manual pulse generator operation
	"Forced stop input signal" OFF from an external device	All axes	No change	Servo OFF						
Forced stop	Servo READY OFF • Servo amplifier power supply OFF	Each		Servo amplifier has not been connected	Servo OFF or free run (The operation stops with dynamic brake.)				e.)	_
	Servo alarm	axis	change	Error						
	Forced stop     input to servo     amplifier			Servo OFF						
Fatal stop (Stop group 1)	Hardware stroke limit upper/lower limit error occurrence	Each axis	No change	Error	(Select with "IPr 371 Stop group 1 sudden stop			Deceleration stop		
	Error occurs in PLC CPU		No change							
Emergency stop (Stop group 2)	PLC READY signal OFF	All axes	Turns OFF	Error		(Select with "[Pr.38] Stop group 2 sudden stop			Deceleration stop	
(Clop group 2)	Error in test mode		No change		361661101	· . <i>)</i>				

				Axis			Sto	p process		
Stop cause		M code		operation	OPR c	OPR control			Manu	ial control
		Stop axis	ON signal after stop	status after stopping ([Md.26])	Machine OPR control	Fast OPR control	positioning control	High-level positioning control	JOG/ Inching operation	Manual pulse generator operation
Relatively safe stop (Stop group 3)	Axis error detection (Error other than stop group 1 or 2) (Note-1) "Stop" input from GX Works2	Each axis	No change	Error	Deceleration stop/sudden stop (Select with "[Pr.39] Stop group 3 sudden stop				Deceleration	
Intentional stop (Stop group 3)		Each axis	No change	Stopped (Standby)	selection	-			·	stop

(Note-1): If an error occurs in a positioning data due to an invalid setting value, when the continuous positioning control uses multiple positioning data successively, it automatically decelerates at the previous positioning data. It does not stop suddenly even the setting value is sudden stop in stop group 3. If any of the following error occurs, the operation is performed up to the positioning data immediately before the positioning data where an error occurred, and then stops immediately.

- No command speed (Error code: 503)
- Outside linear movement amount range (Error code: 504)
- Large arc error deviation (Error code: 506)
- Software stroke limit + (Error code: 507)
- Software stroke limit (Error code: 508)
- Sub point setting error (Error code: 525)
- End point setting error (Error code: 526)
- Center point setting error (Error code: 527)
- Outside radius range (Error code: 544)
- Illegal setting of ABS direction in unit of degree (Error code: 546)

# REMARK

Provide the emergency stop circuits outside the servo system to prevent cases where danger may result from abnormal operation of the overall system in the event of an external power supply fault or servo system failure.

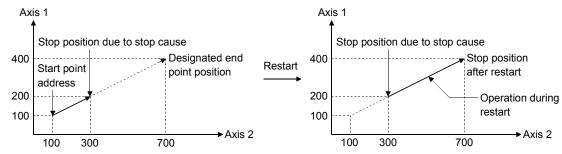
#### 1.2.4 Outline for restarting

When a stop cause has occurred during operation with position control causing the axis to stop, positioning to the end point of the positioning data can be restarted from the stopped position by using the "[Cd.6] Restart command".

If issued during a continuous positioning or continuous path control operation, the restart command will cause the positioning to be re-executed using the current position (pointed by the positioning data No. associated with the moment when the movement was interrupted) as the start point.

#### ■ When "[Cd.6] Restart command" is ON

- (1) If the "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is stopped, positioning to the end point of the positioning data will be restarted from the stopped position regardless of the absolute system or incremental system.
- (2) When "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is not stopped, the warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will be applied, and the restart command will be ignored.
  - (a) The restart operation when the axis 1 movement amount is 300 and the axis 2 movement amount is 600 is shown below.

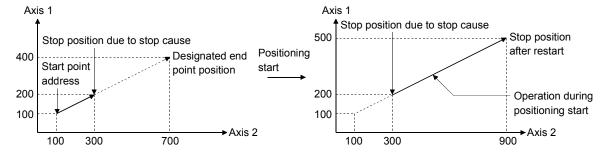


# REMARK

If the positioning start signal/external command signal \* is turned ON while the "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is standby or stopped, positioning will be restarted from the start of the positioning start data regardless of the absolute system or incremental system. (\*: When the external command signal is set to "External positioning start") (Same as normal positioning.)

#### [Example for incremental system]

(a) The positioning start operation, which stops the positioning control while executing that the axis 1 movement amount is 300 and the axis 2 movement amount is 600, is shown below.



# Chapter 2 System Configuration

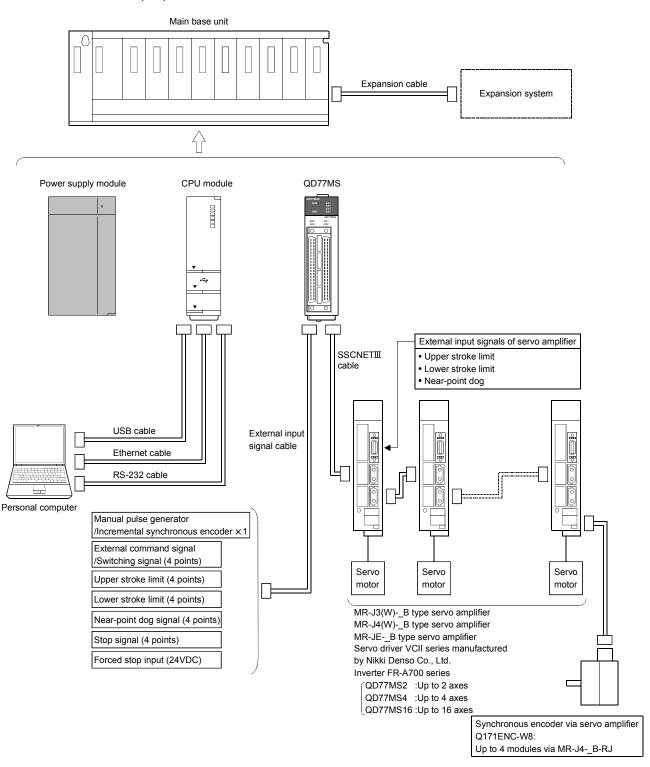
In this chapter, the general image of the system configuration of the positioning control using Simple Motion module, the configuration devices, applicable CPU and the precautions of configuring the system are explained.

Prepare the required configuration devices to match the positioning control system.

2.1	General image of system	2- 2
2.2	Component list	2- 4
2.3	Applicable system	2- 8
2.4	How to check the function version and SERIAL No	2-10
2.5	Restrictions by the SERIAL No. and version	2-11

#### 2.1 General image of system

The general image of the system, including such as the QD77MS, PLC CPU and peripheral devices is shown below.



# REMARK

- (Note-1): Refer to Section "2.3 Applicable system" for the CPU modules that can be used.
- (Note-2): Refer to the CPU module User's Manual for the base units that can be used.
- (Note-3): The external input signal cannot be used depending on the connected device.

  Confirm the specification of the connected device.

## 2.2 Component list

The positioning system using the Simple Motion module is configured of the following devices.

No.	Part name	Туре	Remarks
1	Simple Motion module	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS [ ] Number of control axes  MS: SSCNET III (/H)model
		QD77MS16	INIS. SSCNET III (/n)model
2	Personal computer	Personal computer which supports Windows <sup>®</sup>	(Prepared by user) Refer to the "GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)" for details.
3	RS-232 cable	QC30R2	(Prepared by user) An RS-232 cable is needed for connecting the CPU module with a personal computer. Refer to the "GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)" for details.
4	USB cable	-	(Prepared by user) A USB cable is needed for connecting the CPU module with a personal computer. Refer to the "GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)" for details.
5	Ethernet cable	-	(Prepared by user) An Ethernet cable is needed for connecting the CPU module with a personal computer. Refer to the "GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)" for details.
6	Servo amplifier	_	(Prepared by user)
7	Manual pulse generator	_	(Prepared by user) Recommended: MR-HDP01 (Manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation)
8	SSCNETIII cable <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	_	(Prepared by user) Cables are needed for connecting the Simple Motion module with a servo amplifier, or between servo amplifiers.
9	External input signal cable (Note-1)	_	(Prepared by user) Cables are needed for connecting the Simple Motion module with an external device. (Prepare them referring to the manuals for the connected devices and information given in 3.4.2 of this manual.)

(Note-1): The cables for connecting between the Simple Motion module and servo amplifiers. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details.

[SSCNETⅢ cable]

Model na	ame	Cable length [m(ft.)]	Description
	MR-J3BUS015M	0.15 (0.49)	
MR-J3BUS_M	MR-J3BUS03M	0.3 (0.98)	
(Standard cord for inside	MR-J3BUS05M	0.5 (1.64)	
panel)	MR-J3BUS1M	1 (3.28)	Cinanta Mation madula
	MR-J3BUS3M	3 (9.84)	• Simple Motion module
MR-J3BUS_M-A	MR-J3BUS5M-A	5 (16.40)	↔ MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-B
(Standard cable for outside	MR-J3BUS10M-A	10 (32.81)	• MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-B
panel)	MR-J3BUS20M-A	20 (65.62)	← MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-B
MD IODIIC M D	MR-J3BUS30M-B	30 (98.43)	
MR-J3BUS_M-B (Long distance cable)	MR-J3BUS40M-B	40 (131.23)	
(Long distance cable)	MR-J3BUS50M-B	50 (164.04)	

\_= Cable length

(015: 0.15m (0.49ft.), 03: 0.3m (0.98ft.), 05: 0.5m (1.64ft.), 1: 1m (3.28ft.), 3: 3m (9.84ft.), 5: 5m (16.40ft.), 10: 10m (32.81ft.), 20: 20m (65.62ft.), 30: 30m (98.43ft.), 40: 40m (131.23ft.), 50: 50m (164.04ft.))

#### [External input wiring connector]

Part name	Specification					
Applicable connector	A6CON1, A6CON2, A6CON3, A6CON4 (Sold separately)					
Applicable wire size	0.3mm <sup>2</sup> (When A6CON1 and A6CON4 are used), AWG28 to AWG24 (When A6CON2 is used),					
	AWG28 (twisted)/AWG30 (single wire) (When A6CON3 is used)					

## ■ Specifications of recommended manual pulse generator

Item	Specification	
Model name	MR-HDP01	
Ambient temperature	-10 to 60°C (14 to 140°F )	
Pulse resolution	25PLS/rev (100 PLS/rev after magnification by 4)	
Output method	Voltage-output, Output current Max. 20mA	
Power supply voltage	4.5 to 13.2VDC	
Current consumption	60mA	
Output level	"H" level : Power supply voltage (Note-1) -1V or more (in no load) "L" level : 0.5V or less (with maximum leading-in)	
Life time	1000000 revolutions (at 200r/min)	
Dameitta danial la ada	Radial load: Max. 19.6N	
Permitted axial loads	Thrust load: Max. 9.8N	
Weight	0.4 [kg]	
Number of max. revolution	Instantaneous Max. 600r/min. normal 200r/min	
Pulse signal status	2 signals: A phase, B phase, 90° phase difference	
Start friction torque	0.06N•m (20°C (68°F))	

(Note-1): If a separate power supply is used, use a stabilized power supply of voltage 5VDC  $\pm$  0.25V.

## ■ Serial absolute synchronous encoder specifications

Item	Specifications
Model name	Q171ENC-W8 (Note-1)
Ambient temperature	-5 to 55°C (23 to 131°F)
Resolution	4194304PLS/rev
Transmission method	Serial communications (Connected to MR-J4B-RJ)
Direction of increasing addresses	CCW (viewed from end of shaft)
Protective construction	Dustproof/Waterproof (IP67: Except for the shaft-through portion.)
Permitted speed at power ON	3600r/min
Permitted speed at power OFF (Note-2)	500r/min
Permitted axial loads	Radial load : Up to 19.6N, Thrust load : Up to 9.8N
Runout at input shaft tip	0.02mm(0.00079 inch) or less, (15mm(0.59 inch) from tip)
Start friction torque	0.04N•m (20°C (68°F))
Recommended coupling	Bellows coupling
Permitted angular acceleration	40000rad/s <sup>2</sup>
Vibration resistance	5G (50 to 200Hz)
Shock resistance	50G (11ms or less)
Internal current consumption [A]	0.2
Mass [kg]	0.6
Connecting cable [m(ft.)]	Q170ENCCBL_M (_=Cable length : 2 (6.56), 5 (16.40), 10 (32.81), 20 (65.62), 30 (98.43), 50 (164.04))
Communications method	Differential driver/receiver
Transmission distance	Up to 50m (164.04ft.)

(Note-1): When "o-ring" is required, please purchase separately by customers.

(Note-2): If it exceeds a permitted speed at power OFF, a position displacement is generated.

# ■ Specifications of serial absolute synchronous encoder input (CN2L) of servo amplifier

Item	Specifications		
Applicable types	Q171ENC-W8		
Applicable signal types	Differential-output type : (SN75C1168 or equivalent)		
Transmission method	Serial communications		
Synchronous method	Counter-clock-wise (viewed from end of shaft)		
Communication speed	2.5Mbps		
Position detection method	Absolute (ABS) method		
Resolution	4194304PLS/rev (22bit)		
Number of modules	1/module (MR-J4B-RJ)		
External connector type	20 pin connector		
Applicable connector for	MD (20N2 (Ontional)		
the external connection	MR-J3CN2 (Optional)		
Applicable wire	J14B103715-00 12 pairs		
	Q170ENCCBL_M-A		
Connecting cable [m(ft.)]	(_=Cable length: 2 (6.56), 5 (16.40), 10 (32.81), 20 (65.62),		
	30 (98.43), 50 (164.04))		
Cable length	Up to 50m (164.04ft.)		
Back up the absolute position.	Depends on the battery (MR-BAT6V1SET).		
Battery service life time	10000[h] (When MR-BAT6V1SET is used while the device is turned OFF		
(value in actual)	at the ambient temperature of 25°C (77°F))		

#### 2.3 Applicable system

#### (1) Number of applicable modules

Pay attention to the power supply capacity before mounting modules because power supply capacity may be insufficient depending on the combination with other modules or the number of mounted modules.

If the power supply capacity is insufficient, change the combination of the modules.

#### (a) When mounted with a CPU module

Applicable CPU module		No. of modules	Base unit (Note-2)			
С	PU type	CPU model	(Note-1)	Main base unit	Extension base unit	
Dasia mas	Dania madal	Q00JCPU	Up to 8 modules			
	Basic model QCPU	Q00CPU	Lin to OA modulos	$\circ$	$\circ$	
	QCFU	Q01CPU	Up to 24 modules			
		Q02CPU				
	High	Q02HCPU				
	performance	Q06HCPU	Up to 64 modules	$\circ$	0	
	model QCPU	Q12HCPU				
		Q25HCPU				
		Q02PHCPU				
	Process	Q06PHCPU	Up to 64 modules	0	0	
	CPU	Q12PHCPU	Op to 64 modules	O	O <sub>I</sub>	
		Q25PHCPU				
	Redundant	Q12PRHCPU	Up to 53 modules	×	0	
	CPU	Q25PRHCPU	•			
		Q00UJCPU	Up to 8 modules	<u>O</u>	O	
		Q00UCPU	Up to 24 modules			
		Q01UCPU	·			
PLC		Q02UCPU	Up to 36 modules			
CPU		Q03UDCPU		0	0	
	Universal model QCPU	Q04UDHCPU				
		Q06UDHCPU				
		Q10UDHCPU				
		Q13UDHCPU				
		Q20UDHCPU				
		Q26UDHCPU	Up to 64 modules			
		Q03UDECPU				
		Q04UDEHCPU				
		Q06UDEHCPU				
		Q10UDEHCPU				
		Q13UDEHCPU				
		Q20UDEHCPU				
	<u> </u>	Q26UDEHCPU		0		
	Universal	Q03UDVCPU	Up to 64 modules		O	
	model	Q04UDVCPU				
	QnUDV	Q06UDVCPU				
	(High speed type CPU)	Q13UDVCPU				
	type CFU)	Q26UDVCPU				

○: Applicable, ×: N/A

(Note-1): Limited within the range of I/O points for the CPU module.

(Note-2): Can be installed to any I/O slot of a base unit.

#### (b) Mounting to a MELSECNET/H remote I/O station

Applicable	No. of modules	Base unit <sup>(Note-2)</sup>		
network module	(Note-1)	Main base unit of remote I/O station	Extension base unit of remote I/O station	
QJ72LP25-25				
QJ72LP25G	Max. 64 modules	0	0	
QJ72BR15				

O: Installation possible, X: Installation not possible

(Note-1): Within the I/O point range of network module only.

(Note-2): It can be installed in any of the I/O slots of installable base unit.

# REMARK

The basic model QCPU cannot configure the MELSECNET/H remote I/O network.

# (2) Compatibility with multiple CPU system When using the QD77MS in a multiple CPU system, refer to the QCPU User's Manual (multiple CPU system).

#### (3) Programming tool

The applicable programming tool's versions of the QD77MS are shown below. (For the applicable programming tool's versions of the CPU module, refer to the "QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)".)

	Version				
	GX Works2 MR Configurator2				
QD77MS2					
QD77MS4	Version 1.77F or later	Version 1.09K or later			
QD77MS16					

# REMARK

QD77MS cannot be supported with GX Developer, GX Configurator-QP and MR Configurator.

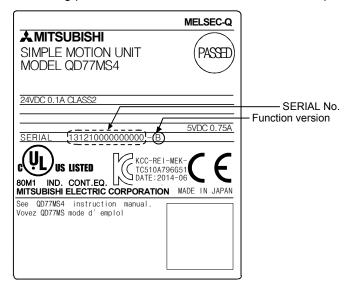
Use GX Works2 and MR Configurator2 to use QD77MS.

#### 2.4 How to check the function version and SERIAL No.

The function version and the SERIAL No. of the Simple Motion module can be checked in the following methods.

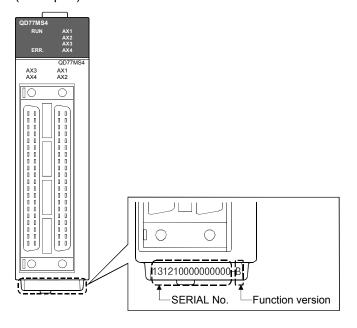
#### (1) Confirming the serial number on the rating plate

The rating plate is situated on the side face of the Simple Motion module.



#### (2) Checking on the front of the module

The serial No. on the rating plate is also indicated on the front of the module (lower part).



#### (3) Confirming by the software

Check the function version and SERIAL No. in "Product Information" displayed on System monitor "Product Information List" of GX Works2.

## 2.5 Restrictions by the SERIAL No. and version

There are restrictions in the function that can be used by the SERIAL No. of the Simple Motion module and the version of GX Works2.

The combination of each version and function are shown below.

	QD77MS2/QD77MS4		QD77MS16		
Function	First five digits of SERIAL No. (Note-1)	GX Works2	First five digits of SERIAL No. (Note-1)	GX Works2	Reference
Inverter FR-A700 series	14062 or later	1.492N or later	14062 or later	1.492N or later	Appendix 6.3
Driver communication function					Section 14.9
Synchronous encoder via servo amplifier					(Note-2)
Mark detection function					
(Changes latch data range upper	15042 or later	1.492N or later	15042 or later	1.492N or later	Section 14.10
limit value/lower limit value during					Occilon 14.10
mark detection.)					
External command signal compensation valid/invalid setting					Section 5.2.7
Operation cycle setting for					Section 5.2.7
QD77MS2/QD77MS4	15062 or later	1.493P or later	_	_	Section 5.6.1
Servo driver (VCII series)					
manufactured by Nikki Denso Co.,	16012 or later	1.507D or later	16012 or later	1.507D or later	Appendix 6.1
Ltd. (SSCNETII/H)					
MR-JE-B	16102 or later	1.525X or later	16102 or later	1.525X or later	Appendix 6.3
Hot line forced stop function	16102 or later	_	16102 or later	_	Section 14.15

<sup>(</sup>Note-1): The serial number can be checked on the "Product Information List" screen in GX Works2.

 $<sup>(</sup>Note-2): "MELSEC-Q/L\ QD77MS/QD77GF/LD77MS/LD77MH\ Simple\ Motion\ Module\ User's\ Manual\ (Synchronous\ Control)"$ 

MEMO		

# Chapter 3 Specifications and Functions

The various specifications of the Simple Motion module are explained in this chapter.

The "Performance specifications", "List of functions", "Specifications of input/output signals with PLC CPU", and "Specifications of interfaces with external devices", etc., are described as information required when designing the positioning system. Confirm each specification before designing the positioning system.

3.1	Perforn	nance specifications	3- 2
3.2	List of t	functions	3- 4
	3.2.1	QD77MS control functions	3- 4
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3.3	Specifi	cations of input/output signals with PLC CPU	3-16
	3.3.1	List of input/output signals with PLC CPU	3-16
	3.3.2	Details of input signals (QD77MS → PLC CPU)	3-19
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3.4	Specifi	cations of interfaces with external devices	3-23
	3.4.1	Electrical specifications of input signals	3-23
	3.4.2	Signal layout for external input connection connector	3-25
	3.4.3	List of input signal details	3-27
	3.4.4	Interface internal circuit	3-30
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# 3.1 Performance specifications

Item	Model	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16				
Number of co	ontrol axes	2 axes	4 axes	16 axes				
Operation cyc	cle	0.88ms/1.77ms						
Interpolation	function	2-axis linear interpolation, 2-axis circular interpolation	2-, 3-, or 4-axis lin 2-axis circular	interpolation				
Control syste	em	speed-position switching control, p	control (both linear and arc can be position-speed switching control, spe	, ,				
Control unit		mm, inch, degree, PLS						
Positioning d	ata	600 data/axis (Can be set with GX Works2 or se						
Execution da	ta backup function	Parameters, positioning data, and (battery-less backup)	block start data can be saved on fla	ash ROM.				
	Positioning system	PTP control: Speed-position switching control: Position-speed switching control: Path control:	Incremental system/absolute syste Incremental system/absolute syste Incremental system Incremental system/absolute syste	m				
Positioning	Positioning range	0 to 214748364.7 (µm)     0 to 21474.83647 (inch)     0 to 21474.83647 (degree)     0 to 2147483647 (PLS)     In speed-position switching cont     0 to 359.99999 (degree)	(inch) (PLS) ((inch) ((inch) ((inch) ((degree) (PLS) (rol (INC mode) / position-speed swi	tching control				
	Speed command	0.01 to 20000000.00 (mm/min) 0.001 to 2000000.000 (inch/min) 0.001 to 2000000.000 (degree/min) (Note-2) 1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)						
	Acceleration/ deceleration process	Trapezoidal acceleration/decelera	tion, S-curve acceleration/decelerat	ion				
	Acceleration/ deceleration time	1 to 8388608 (ms) Four patterns can be set for each	of acceleration time and deceleration	on time				
	Sudden stop deceleration time	1 to 8388608 (ms)						

Item	Model	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16							
Starting time	(ma) (Note-3)										
	ear control	ļ									
		· ·									
	eed control	· ·									
	ear interpolation Composite speed)	ļ .									
	ear interpolation	0.88									
	Reference axis speed)	ļ .									
	cular interpolation										
control	culai interpolation	ļ .									
	eed control	·	0.88	1.77							
	ear interpolation										
	Composite speed)	!									
	ear interpolation	<u> </u>									
	Reference axis speed)	!									
	eed control	<u> </u>									
	ear interpolation	<u> </u>									
control		ļ .									
	eed control	1									
	g connection system	40-pin connector	)-pin connector								
	<u> </u>	0.3mm <sup>2</sup> (When A6CON1 and A6CON4 are used), AWG28 to AWG24 (When A6CON2 is used),									
Applicable wi	re size	AWG28 (twisted) /AWG30 (single wire) (When A6CON3 is used)									
External inpu	t wiring connector	A6CON1, A6CON2, A6CON3, A6CON4 (Sold separately)									
		• QD77MS  → MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-B/									
	MD IODIIO M	` ,									
	MR-J3BUS_M (Note-4)	MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-B ↔ MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-B									
		Standard cord for inside panel									
		0.15m(0.49ft.), 0.3m(0.98ft.), 0.5i	m(1.64ft.), 1m(3.28ft.), 3m(9.84ft.)								
		• QD77MS ↔ MR-J4(W)-B/MR-J	E-B/MR-J3(W)-B/								
SSCNET <u>III</u>	MR-J3BUS_M-A	MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W	)-B ↔ MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-	J3(W)-B							
cable	(Note-4)	Standard cable for outside panel									
		5m(16.40ft.), 10m(32.81ft.), 20m	(65.62ft.)								
		• QD77MS ↔ MR-J4(W)-B/MR-J									
	MR-J3BUS M-B	` '	)-B ↔ MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-	13/M/) B							
	(Note-4), (Note-5)		)-B · · · IVIN-54(VV)-B/IVIN-5E-B/IVIN-	33(VV)-B							
		Long distance cable									
late we all accord	mt	30m(98.43ft.), 40m(131.23ft.), 50	JM(164.U4ft.)								
	nt consumption	0.	.6	0.75							
(5 V DC) [A] Flash ROM v	rito count		Max. 100000 times								
	ccupied I/O points		iviax. 100000 times								
[points]	capiea i/O politis	32 (I/O assignment: Intelligent function module 32 points)									
	ensions [mm(inch)]	98.0 (3.86) (H) × 27.4 (1.08) (W) × 90.0 (3.54) (D)									
Mass [kg]		0.15	0.5								
mass [ky]		0.10	0.	10							

(Note-1): The speed-position switching control (ABS mode) can be used only when the control unit is "degree". (For details, refer to Section 9.2.17.)

(Note-2): When "Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function" is valid, this will be the setting range 0.01 to 20000000.00 (degree/min). (For details, refer to Section 13.7.10.)

(Note-3): Time from accepting the positioning start signal until BUSY signal turns ON.

(Note-4): \_= Cable length

(015: 0.15m (0.49ft.), 03: 0.3m (0.98ft.), 05: 0.5m (1.64ft.), 1: 1m (3.28ft.), 3: 3m (9.84ft.), 5: 5m (16.40ft.), 10: 10m (32.81ft.), 20: 20m (65.62ft.), 30: 30m (98.43ft.), 40: 40m (131.23ft.), 50: 50m (164.04ft.))

(Note-5): For the cable of less than 30m (98.43ft.), contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.

#### 3.2 List of functions

#### 3.2.1 QD77MS control functions

The Simple Motion module has several functions. In this manual, the Simple Motion module functions are categorized and explained as follows.

#### Main functions

#### (1) OPR control

"OPR control" is a function (Fast OPR) that established the start point for carrying out positioning control (Machine OPR), and carries out positioning toward that start point. This is used to return a workpiece, located at a position other than the OP when the power is turned ON or after positioning stop, to the OP. The "OPR control" is pre-registered in the Simple Motion module as the "Positioning start data No. 9001 (Machine OPR)", and "Positioning start data No. 9002 (Fast OPR)". (Refer to Chapter 8 "OPR Control".)

#### (2) Major positioning control

This control is carried out using the "Positioning data" stored in the Simple Motion module. Positioning control, such as position control and speed control, is executed by setting the required items in this "positioning data" and starting that positioning data. An "operation pattern" can be set in this "positioning data", and with this whether to carry out control with continuous positioning data (ex.: positioning data No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, ...) can be set. (Refer to Chapter 9 "Major Positioning Control".)

#### (3) High-level positioning control

This control executes the "positioning data" stored in the Simple Motion module using the "block start data". The following types of applied positioning control can be carried out.

- Random blocks, handling several continuing positioning data items as "blocks", can be executed in the designated order.
- "Condition judgment" can be added to position control and speed control.
- The operation of the designated positioning data No. that is set for multiple axes can be started simultaneously. (Command is output simultaneously to multiple servo amplifiers.)
- The designated positioning data can be executed repeatedly, etc., (Refer to Chapter 10 "High-Level Positioning Control".)

### (4) Manual control

This control executes the random positioning operation by inputting a signal into the Simple Motion module from an external device. Use this manual control to move the workpiece to a random position (JOG operation), and to finely adjust the positioning (inching operation, manual pulse generator operation), etc. (Refer to Chapter 11 "Manual Control".)

#### (5) Expansion control

The following controls other than the positioning control can be executed. (Refer to Chapter 12 "Expansion Control".)

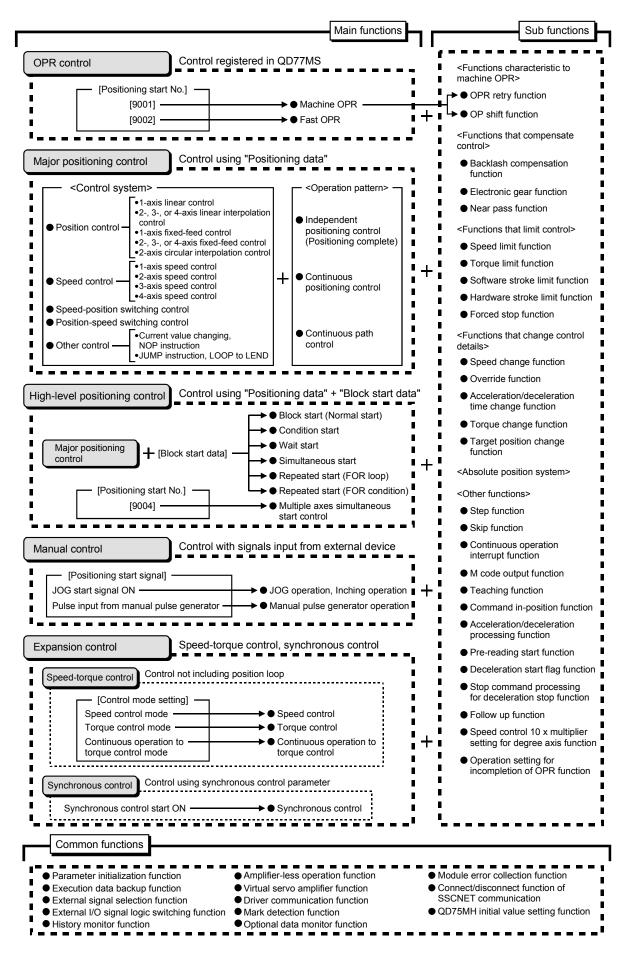
- Speed control and torque control not including the position loop for the command to servo amplifier (Speed-torque control).
- Synchronous control with gear, shaft, change gear and cam not by mechanical, but by software use "synchronous control parameter", and is synchronized with input axis (Synchronous control).

### Sub functions

When executing the main functions, control compensation, limits and functions can be added. (Refer to Chapter 13 "Control Sub Functions".)

### Common functions

Common control using the Simple Motion module for "parameter initialization" or "backup of execution data" can be carried out. (Refer to Chapter 14 "Common Functions".)



## 3.2.2 QD77MS main functions

The outline of the main functions for positioning control with the Simple Motion module is described below. (Refer to "Section 2" for details on each function.)

		Main functions	Details	Reference section
OPR control			Mechanically establishes the positioning start point using a near-point dog, etc. In the data setting method, no axis movement occurs since the current position is set as the home position. (Positioning start No. 9001)	8.2
OPR	Fast OP	R control	Positions a target to the OP address ([Md.21] Machine feed value) stored in the Simple Motion module using machine OPR. (Positioning start No. 9002)	8.3
		Linear control (1-axis linear control) (2-axis linear interpolation control) (3-axis linear interpolation control) (4-axis linear interpolation control)	Positions a target using a linear path to the address set in the positioning data or to the position designated with the movement amount.	9.2.2 9.2.3 9.2.4 9.2.5
	Position control	Fixed-feed control (1-axis fixed-feed control) (2-axis fixed-feed control) (3-axis fixed-feed control) (4-axis fixed-feed control)	Positions a target by the movement amount designated with the amount set in the positioning data. (With fixed-feed control, the"[Md.20] Current feed value" is set to "0" when the control is started. With 2-, 3-, or 4-axis fixed-feed control, the fixed-feed is fed along a linear path obtained by interpolation.)	9.2.6 9.2.7 9.2.8 9.2.9
		2-axis circular interpolation control	Positions a target using an arc path to the address set in the positioning data, or to the position designated with the movement amount, sub point or center point.	9.2.10 9.2.11
control	Speed control	Speed control (1-axis speed control) (2-axis speed control) (3-axis speed control) (4-axis speed control)	Continuously outputs the command corresponding to the command speed set in the positioning data.	9.2.12 9.2.13 9.2.14 9.2.15
Major positioning control	Speed-p	osition switching control	First, carries out speed control, and then carries out position control (positioning with designated address or movement amount) by turning the "speed-position switching signal" ON.	9.2.16 9.2.17
Major	Position-	speed switching control	First, carries out position control, and then carries out speed control (continuous output of the command corresponding to the designated command speed) by turning the "position-speed switching signal" ON.	9.2.18
		Current value changing	Changes the current feed value ([Md.20]) to the address set in the positioning data.  The following two methods can be used. (The machine feed value ([Md.21]) cannot be changed.)  • Current value changing using positioning data  • Current value changing using current value changing start No. (No. 9003)	9.2.19
	Other control	NOP instruction	No execution control system. When NOP instruction is set, this instruction is not executed and the operation of the next data is started.	9.2.20
		JUMP instruction	Unconditionally or conditionally jumps to designated positioning data No.	9.2.21
		LOOP LEND	Carries out loop control with repeated LOOP to LEND.  Returns to the beginning of the loop control with repeated LOOP to LEND.	9.2.22

	Main functions	Details	Reference section
	Block start (Normal start)	With one start, executes the positioning data in a random block with the set order.	10.3.2
_	Condition start	Carries out condition judgment set in the "condition data" for the designated positioning data, and then executes the "block start data". When the condition is established, the "block start data" is executed. When not established, that "block start data" is ignored, and the next point's "block start data" is executed.	10.3.3
High-level positioning control	Wait start	Carries out condition judgment set in the "condition data" for the designated positioning data, and then executes the "block start data". When the condition is established, the "block start data" is executed. When not established, stops the control until the condition is established. (Waits.)	10.3.4
-level po	Simultaneous start	Simultaneously executes the positioning data having the No. for the axis designated with the "condition data". (Outputs commands at the same timing.)	10.3.5
High	Repeated start (FOR loop)	Repeats the program from the block start data set with the "FOR loop" to the block start data set in "NEXT" for the designated number of times.	10.3.6
	Repeated start (FOR condition)	Repeats the program from the block start data set with the "FOR condition" to the block start data set in "NEXT" until the conditions set in the "condition data" are established.	10.3.7
	Multiple axes simultaneous start control	Starts the operation of multiple axes simultaneously according to the command output level.  (Positioning start No. 9004, same as the "simultaneous start" above)	10.5
<u>_</u>	JOG operation	Outputs a command to servo amplifier while the JOG start signal is ON.	11.2
Manual control	Inching operation	Outputs commands corresponding to minute movement amount by manual operation to servo amplifier.  (Performs fine adjustment with the JOG start signal.)	11.3
Mar	Manual pulse generator operation	Outputs pulses commanded with the manual pulse generator to servo amplifier.	11.4
Expansion control	Speed-torque control	Carries out the speed control or torque control that does not include the position loop for the command to servo amplifier by switching control mode.	12.1
Expai	Synchronous control	Carries out the synchronous control that synchronizes with input axis by setting the system such as gear, shaft, change gear and cam to the "synchronous control parameter".	12.2

In "major positioning control" ("high-level positioning control"), "Operation pattern" can be set to designate whether to continue executing positioning data. Outlines of the "operation patterns" are given below.

[Da.1] Operation pattern	Details	Reference section
Independent positioning control (positioning complete)	When "independent positioning control" is set for the operation pattern of the started positioning data, only the designated positioning data will be executed, and then the positioning will end.	
Continuous positioning control	When "continuous positioning control" is set for the operation pattern of the started positioning data, after the designated positioning data is executed, the program will stop once, and then the next following positioning data will be executed.	9.1.2
Continuous path control	When "continuous path control" is set for the operation pattern of the started positioning data, the designated positioning data will be executed, and then without decelerating, the next following positioning data will be executed.	

## 3.2.3 QD77MS sub functions

The outline of the functions that assist positioning control using the Simple Motion module is described below. (Refer to "Section 2" for details on each function.)

	Sub function	Details	Reference section					
Functions characteristic to machine	OPR retry function	This function retries the machine OPR with the upper/lower limit switches during the machine OPR. This allows machine OPR to be carried out even if the axis is not returned to before the nearpoint dog with JOG operation, etc.						
OPR	OP shift function	After returning to the machine OP, this function compensates the position by the designated distance from the machine OP position and sets that position as the OP address.	13.2.2					
	Backlash compensation function	This function compensates the mechanical backlash amount. Feed commands equivalent to the set backlash amount are output each time the movement direction changes.	13.3.1					
Functions that compensate control	Electronic gear function	By setting the movement amount per pulse, this function can freely change the machine movement amount per commanded pulse.  When the movement amount per pulse is set, a flexible positioning system that matches the machine system can be structured.	13.3.2					
	Near pass function *1	This function suppresses the machine vibration when the positioning data is switched during continuous path control in the interpolation control.	13.3.3					
	Speed limit function	If the command speed exceeds "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" during control, this function limits the commanded speed to within the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" setting range.	13.4.1					
Functions that	Torque limit function	If the torque generated by the servomotor exceeds "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" during control, this function limits the generated torque to within the "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" setting range.	13.4.2					
limit control	Software stroke limit function	If a command outside of the upper/lower limit stroke limit setting range, set in the parameters, is issued, this function will not execute positioning for that command.	13.4.3					
	Hardware stroke limit function	This function carries out deceleration stop with the hardware stroke limit switch.	13.4.4					
	Forced stop function	This function stops all axes of the servo amplifier with the forced stop input signal connected to the external input connection connector on the Simple Motion module.	13.4.5					
	Speed change function	This function changes the speed during positioning.  Set the new speed in the speed change buffer memory ([Cd.14]  New speed value), and change the speed with the speed  change request ([Cd.15]).	13.5.1					
Functions that change control	Override function	This function changes the speed within a percentage of 1 to 300% during positioning. This is executed using "[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override".	13.5.2					
details	Acceleration/deceleration time change function	This function changes the acceleration/deceleration time during speed change. (Functions added to the speed change function and override function)	13.5.3					
	Torque change function	This function changes the "torque limit value" during control.	13.5.4					
	Target position change function	This function changes the target position during positioning. Position and speed can be changed simultaneously.	13.5.5					

	Sub function	Details	Reference section
Absolute po	sition system	This function restores the absolute position of designated axis. If the OPR is executed at the start of system, after that, it is unnecessary to carry out the OPR when the power is turned ON.	13.6
	Step function	This function temporarily stops the operation to confirm the positioning operation during debugging, etc.  The operation can be stopped at each "automatic deceleration" or "positioning data".	13.7.1
	Skip function	This function stops (decelerates to a stop) the positioning being executed when the skip signal is input, and carries out the next positioning.	13.7.2
	M code output function	This function issues a command for a sub work (clamp or drill stop, tool change, etc.) corresponding to the M code No. (0 to 65535) that can be set for each positioning data.	13.7.3
	Teaching function	This function stores the address positioned with manual control into the "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" having the designated positioning data No. ([Cd.39]).	13.7.4
	Command in-position function	At each automatic deceleration, this function calculates the remaining distance for the Simple Motion module to reach the positioning stop position. When the value is less than the set value, the "command in-position flag" is set to "1". When using another auxiliary work before ending the control, use this function as a trigger for the sub work.	13.7.5
Other functions	Acceleration/deceleration processing function	This function adjusts the acceleration/deceleration.	13.7.6
	Continuous operation interrupt function	This function interrupts continuous operation. When this request is accepted, the operation stops when the execution of the current positioning data is completed.	6.5.4
	Pre-reading start function	This function shortens the virtual start time.	13.7.7
	Deceleration start flag function	Function that turns ON the flag when the constant speed status or acceleration status switches to the deceleration status during position control, whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete", to make the stop timing known.	13.7.8
	Stop command processing for deceleration stop function	Function that selects a deceleration curve when a stop cause occurs during deceleration stop processing to speed 0.	13.7.9
	Follow up function	This function monitors the motor rotation amount with the servo turned OFF, and reflects it on the current feed value.	13.8.2
	Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function	This function is executed the positioning control by the 10 x speed of the command speed and the speed limit value when the setting unit is "degree".	13.7.10
	Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function	This function is provided to select whether positioning control is operated or not, when OPR request flag is ON.	13.7.11

<sup>\*</sup> 1: The near pass function is featured as standard and is valid only for position control. It cannot be set to be invalid with parameters.

## 3.2.4 QD77MS common functions

The outline of the functions executed as necessary is described below. (Refer to "Section 2" for details on each function.)

Common functions	Details	Reference section
Parameter initialization function	This function returns the "parameters" stored in the buffer memory/internal memory and flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) of Simple Motion module to the default values. The following two methods can be used.  1) Method using sequence program 2) Method using GX Works2	14.2
Execution data backup function	This function stores the "setting data", currently being executed, into the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile).  1) Method using sequence program 2) Method using GX Works2	14.3
External signal selection function	This function selects from the following signals when using the upper/lower limit signal, the near-point dog signal, and the stop signal.  • External input signal of QD77MS  • External input signal of servo amplifier  • External input signal via CPU (buffer memory of QD77MS)	14.4
External I/O signal logic switching function	This function switches I/O signal logic according to externally connected devices.  This function enables the use of the system that does not use b (N.C.)-contact signals, such as Upper/lower limit signal, by setting parameters to positive logic.	14.5
History monitor function	This function monitors errors, warnings, and start history of all axes.	14.6
Amplifier-less operation function	This function executes the positioning control of Simple Motion module without connecting to the servo amplifiers. It is used to debug the program at the start-up of the device or simulate the positioning operation.	14.7
Virtual servo amplifier function	This function executes the operation as the axis (virtual servo amplifier axis) that operates only command (instruction) virtually without servo amplifiers.	14.8
Driver communication function	This function uses the "Master-slave operation function" of servo amplifier. The Simple Motion module controls the master axis and the slave axis is controlled by data communication between servo amplifiers (driver communication) without Simple Motion module.	14.9
Mark detection function	This function is used to latch any data at the input timing of the mark detection signal (DI1 to DI4).	14.10

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Common functions	Details	Reference section
Optional data monitor function	This function is used to store the data selected by user up to 4 data per axis to buffer memory and monitor them.	14.11
Module error collection function	This function collects errors occurred in the Simple Motion module in the PLC CPU. Holding the error contents in the PLC CPU, this function enables to check the error history even after the PLC CPU in powered off or reset.	14.12
Connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication	Temporarily connect/disconnect of SSCNET communication is executed during system's power supply ON. This function is used to exchange the servo amplifiers or SSCNET cables.	14.13
QD75MH initial value setting function	This function is used to set the factory-set initial value of QD75MH for the setting data set in the QD77MS buffer memory/internal memory and flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile).	14.14
Hot line forced stop function	This function is used to execute deceleration stop safety for other axes when the servo alarm occurs in the servo amplifier MR-JE-B.	14.15

MEMO			

### 3.2.5 Combination of QD77MS main functions and sub functions

With positioning control using the Simple Motion module, the main functions and sub functions can be combined and used as necessary. A list of the main function and sub function combinations is given below.

		Sub functions		charac to ma	tions teristic chine PR		nctions tensate of						
Main functions				OPR retry function	OP shift function	Backlash compensation function	Electronic gear function	Near pass function					
	Machine OPR cor	ntrol	Combination with operation pattern. *1	Δ	<u>Р</u>	Ba		Ž					
OPR control	Fast OPR control		×	*11 ×	×	0	0						
	Position control	1-axis linear control	0	×	×	0	0						
		2-, 3-, or 4-axis linear interpolation control	0	×	×	0	0						
		Position control	Position control	Position control	control 1-axis fixed-feed control	(Continuous path control cannot be set)	×	×	0	0			
									2-, 3-, or 4-axis fixed-feed control (interpolation)	(Continuous path control cannot be set)	×	×	0
Major positioning		2-axis circular interpolation control	0	×	×	0	0	*2					
control	Speed control (1-	to 4-axis)	$\triangle$ (Only independent positioning control can be set)	×	×	0	0						
	Speed-position sy Position-speed sy	-	<ul> <li>△ (Continuous path control cannot be set)</li> <li>△ (Only independent positioning control can be set)</li> </ul>	×	×	0	0						
	.,	Current value changing	△ (Continuous path control cannot be set)	×	×	×	×						
	Other control	NOP instruction JUMP instruction LOOP to LEND	×	××	×	×	×						
	JOG operation, in	1	×	×	×	0	0	×					
Manual control	Manual pulse gen	erator operation	×	×	×	0	0	×					
Expansion control	Speed-torque con	ntrol	×	×	×	×	0	×					

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{\,\raisebox{.4ex}{$\star$}}\,\ensuremath{\,\hbox{1:}}$  The operation pattern is one of the "positioning data" setting items.

<sup>\*2:</sup> The near pass function is featured as standard and is valid only for setting continuous path control for position control.

<sup>\*3:</sup> Invalid during creep speed.

<sup>\*4:</sup> Invalid during continuous path control.

<sup>\*5:</sup> Combination with the inching operation is not available. (Inching operation does not perform acceleration/deceleration processing.)

<sup>\*6:</sup> Valid for the reference axis only.

<sup>\*7:</sup> Valid for only the case where a deceleration start is made during position control.

<sup>\$</sup>8: Change the current value using the positioning data. Disabled for a start of positioning start No. 9003.

<sup>\*9:</sup> Valid for "[Md.22] Feedrate" and "[Md.28] Axis feedrate".

 $<sup>\</sup>pm$  10: Valid for a start of positioning start No.9003, but invalid for a start of positioning data (No. 1 to 600).

<sup>\*11:</sup> OPR retry function cannot be used during the scale origin signal detection method machine OPR.

 $<sup>\</sup>pm$  12: Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control" for acceleration/deceleration processing in the speed-torque control.

	Functions that limit control					Eupotic	nctions that change control details Other functions									iono	3					
_		an iction is	tilat IIII	iii COIII	OI .	unctions that change control details				Other functions												
	Speed limit function	Torque limit function	Software stroke limit function	Hardware stroke limit function	Forced stop function	Speed change function	Override function	Acceleration/ deceleration time change function	Torque change function	Target position change function	Step function	Skip function	M code output function	Teaching function	Command in-position function	Acceleration/deceleration processing function	Pre-reading start function	Deceleration start flag function	Stop command processing for deceleration stop function	Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function	Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function	
	0	0	×	0	0	△ <b>*</b> 3	△ <b>*</b> 3	△ <b>*</b> 3	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	×	×	0	0	×	
	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	×	×	0	0	×	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	△ <b>*</b> 4	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	△ <b>*</b> 6	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	△ <b>*</b> 6	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	×	0	×	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	0	×	×	0	0	×	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	O ×	0	×	0	0	0	△ <b>*</b> 7	0	0	0	
	×	×	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	△ *8	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	△ <b>*</b> 10	
			X	X							×	X	X								×	
	×	×	×	×	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
	0	0	0	0	0	△ <b>*</b> 5	△ <b>*</b> 5	△ <b>*</b> 5	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	△ <b>*</b> 5	×	×	×	0	×	
	×	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×	×	×	×	△ <b>*</b> 9	×	
	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	△ <b>*</b> 12	×	×	×	0	0	

 $<sup>\</sup>textcircled{0} : \textbf{Always combine, } \bigcirc : \textbf{Combination possible, } \triangle : \textbf{Combination limited, } \times : \textbf{Combination not possible}$ 

### 3.3 Specifications of input/output signals with PLC CPU

### 3.3.1 List of input/output signals with PLC CPU

The Simple Motion module uses 32 input points and 32 output points for exchanging data with the PLC CPU.

The input/output signals when the head I/O number of Simple Motion module is set to "0H" are shown below.

If it is set to other than "0H", change the I/O number according to setting of head I/O number.

Device X refers to the signals input from the Simple Motion module to the PLC CPU, and device Y refers to the signals output from the PLC CPU to the Simple Motion module.

# (1) QD77MS2

Signal	direction: Q[	D77MS2 → PLC CPU	Signal direction: PLC CPU → QD77MS2			
Device No.		Signal name	Device No.		Signal name	
X0		READY	Y0	PLC READY		
X1	S	ynchronization flag	Y1		All axis servo ON	
X2	Use prohibited		Y2	I loo washihitod		
X3		Use promibiled	Y3		Use prohibited	
X4	Axis 1	M code ON	Y4	Axis 1	Axis stop	
X5	Axis 2	W COUC OIV	Y5	Axis 2	Axis stop	
X6		Use prohibited	Y6		Use prohibited	
X7		- Coc prombited	Y7			
X8	Axis 1			Axis 1	Forward run JOG start	
X9	Axis 2	Error dottoction	Y9 YA	70001	Reverse run JOG start	
XA		Use prohibited		Axis 2	Forward run JOG start	
XB	ose prombited		YB	70002	Reverse run JOG start	
XC	Axis 1 BUSY		YC			
XD	Axis 2	B001	YD		Use prohibited	
XE	Use prohibited		YE YF			
XF		- Jose prombited				
X10	Axis 1	Start complete	Y10	Axis 1	Positioning start	
X11	Axis 2		Y11	Axis 2	1 controlling start	
X12		Use prohibited	Y12	Use prohibited		
X13			Y13			
X14	Axis 1	Positioning complete	Y14	Axis 1	Execution prohibition flag	
X15	Axis 2	. como mig compicto	Y15	Axis 2	1 11 13	
X16			Y16			
X17			Y17			
X18			Y18			
X19			Y19			
X1A		Use prohibited	Y1A		Use prohibited	
X1B		In	Y1B	OSC Prombited		
X1C			Y1C			
X1D			Y1D			
X1E			Y1E			
X1F			Y1F			

### Important

[Y2, Y3], [Y6, Y7], [YC to YF], [Y12, Y13], [Y18 to Y1F], [X2, X3], [X6, X7], [XA, XB], [XE, YF], [X12, X13], and [X16 to X1F] are used by the system, and cannot be used by the user. If these devices are used, the operation of the QD77MS2 will not be guaranteed.

# (2) QD77MS4

Signal o	direction: QD	077MS4 → PLC CPU	Signal	direction: PL	C CPU → QD77MS4	
Device No.		Signal name	Device No.	Signal name		
X0		READY	Y0	PLC READY		
X1	Sy	nchronization flag	Y1	All axis servo ON		
X2		Llee prohibited	Y2		Lloo probibited	
X3		Use prohibited	Y3		Use prohibited	
X4	Axis 1		Y4	Axis 1		
X5	Axis 2	M code ON	Y5	Axis 2	Axis stop	
X6	Axis 3	IVI Code ON	Y6	Axis 3	Axis stop	
X7	Axis 4		Y7	Axis 4		
X8	Axis 1		Y8	Axis 1	Forward run JOG start	
X9	Axis 2	Error detection	Y9	AXIS I	Reverse run JOG start	
XA	Axis 3	Enoi detection	YA	Axis 2	Forward run JOG start	
XB	Axis 4		YB	AXIS Z	Reverse run JOG start	
XC	Axis 1		YC	Axis 3	Forward run JOG start	
XD	Axis 2	BUSY	YD	AXIS 3	Reverse run JOG start	
XE	Axis 3	6031	YE	Axis 4	Forward run JOG start	
XF	Axis 4		YF		Reverse run JOG start	
X10	Axis 1		Y10	Axis 1		
X11	Axis 2	Start complete	Y11	Axis 2	Positioning start	
X12	Axis 3	Start complete	Y12	Axis 3	Positioning start	
X13	Axis 4		Y13	Axis 4		
X14	Axis 1		Y14	Axis 1		
X15	Axis 2	Positioning complete	Y15	Axis 2	Execution prohibition flag	
X16	Axis 3	1 Ositioning complete	Y16	Axis 3	Excedion prombition hag	
X17	Axis 4		Y17	Axis 4		
X18			Y18			
X19			Y19			
X1A			Y1A			
X1B		Use prohibited	Y1B		Use prohibited	
X1C		OSC PIOIIIDILEU	Y1C	Use profibiled		
X1D			Y1D			
X1E			Y1E			
X1F			Y1F			

# Important

[Y2, Y3], [Y18 to Y1F], [X2, X3], and [X18 to X1F] are used by the system, and cannot be used by the user.

If these devices are used, the operation of the QD77MS4 will not be guaranteed.

## (3) QD77MS16

Signal o	Signal direction: QD77MS16 → PLC CPU			lirection: PLC	C CPU → QD77MS16		
Device No.		Signal name	Device No.		Signal name		
X0		READY	Y0		PLC READY		
X1	Sy	nchronization flag	Y1	A	All axis servo ON		
X2			Y2				
X3			Y3				
X4			Y4				
X5			Y5				
X6			Y6				
X7			Y7				
X8		Llac prohibited	Y8		Llac prohibited		
X9		Use prohibited	Y9		Use prohibited		
XA			YA				
XB			YB				
XC			YC				
XD			YD				
XE			YE				
XF			YF				
X10	Axis 1		Y10	Axis 1			
X11	Axis 2		Y11	Axis 2			
X12	Axis 3		Y12	Axis 3			
X13	Axis 4		Y13	Axis 4			
X14	Axis 5		Y14	Axis 5			
X15	Axis 6		Y15	Axis 6			
X16	Axis 7		Y16	Axis 7			
X17	Axis 8	BUSY	Y17	Axis 8	Positioning start		
X18	Axis 9	D001	Y18	Axis 9	1-03IIIOHHIY SIAH		
X19	Axis 10		Y19	Axis 10			
X1A	Axis 11		Y1A	Axis 11			
X1B	Axis 12		Y1B	Axis 12			
X1C	Axis 13		Y1C	Axis 13			
X1D	Axis 14		Y1D	Axis 14			
X1E	Axis 15		Y1E	Axis 15			
X1F	Axis 16		Y1F	Axis 16			

### POINT

- (1) For QD77MS16, M code ON signal, error detection signal, start complete signal and positioning complete signal are assigned to the bit of "[Md.31] Status".
- (2) For QD77MS16, axis stop signal, forward run JOG start signal, reverse run JOG start signal, execution prohibition flag are assigned to the buffer memory [Cd.180] to [Cd.183].

### Important

[Y2 to YF] and [X2 to XF] are used by the system, and cannot be used by the user. If these devices are used, the operation of the QD77MS16 will not be guaranteed.

# 3.3.2 Details of input signals (QD77MS $\rightarrow$ PLC CPU)

The ON/OFF timing and conditions of the input signals are shown below.

# (1) QD77MS2/QD77MS4

Device No.	Signal	name	Details		
X0	READY	ON: READY OFF: Not READY/ Watch dog timer error	When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON, the parameter setting range is checked. If no error is found, this signal turns ON.  When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns OFF, this signal turns OFF.  When watch dog timer error occurs, this signal turns OFF.  This signal is used for interlock in a sequence program, etc.		
			PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF ON		
			READY signal [X0] OFF		
X1	Synchronization flag	OFF: Module access disabled ON: Module access enabled	<ul> <li>After the PLC is turned ON or the CPU module is reset, this signal turns ON if the access from the CPU module to the Simple Motion module is possible.</li> <li>When "Asynchronous" is selected in the module synchronization setting of the CPU module, this signal can be used as interlock for the access from a sequence program to the Simple Motion module.</li> </ul>		
X4 X5 X6	Axis 1 M code ON Axis 2 Axis 3	OFF: M code is not set ON: M code is	<ul> <li>In the WITH mode, this signal turns ON when the positioning data operation is started.</li> <li>In the AFTER mode, this signal turns ON when the positioning data operation is completed.</li> </ul>		
X7	Axis 4	set	This signal turns OFF with the "[Cd.7] M code OFF request".		
			When M code is not designated (when "[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of		
			<ul> <li>LOOP to LEND repetitions" is "0"), this signal will remain OFF.</li> <li>With using continuous path control for the positioning operation, the positioning will continue even when this signal does not turn OFF. However, a warning will occur. (Warning code: 503)</li> <li>When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns OFF, the M code ON signal will also turn OFF.</li> <li>If operation is started while the M code is ON, an error will occur.</li> </ul>		
X8	Axis 1 Error	OFF: No error	This signal turns ON when an error listed in Section 16.3 occurs, and turns OFF when		
X9 XA XB	Axis 2 detection Axis 3 Axis 4	ON: Error occurrence	the error is reset on "[Cd.5] Axis error reset".		
XC	Axis 1 BUSY	OFF: Not BUSY	This signal turns ON at the start of positioning, OPR or JOG operation. It turns OFF		
XD	Axis 2 (Note-1)	ON: BUSY	when the "[Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No." has passed after		
XE XF	Axis 3 Axis 4		positioning stops. (This signal remains ON during positioning.)		
			<ul> <li>This signal turns OFF when the positioning is stopped with step operation.</li> <li>During manual pulse generator operation, this signal turns ON while the "[Cd.21]</li> </ul>		
			Manual pulse generator enable flag" is ON.		
V::2		055.00	This signal turns OFF at error completion or positioning stop.		
X10 X11	Axis 1 Start Axis 2 complete	OFF: Start incomplete	<ul> <li>This signal turns ON when the positioning start signal turns ON and the Simple Motion module starts the positioning process.</li> </ul>		
X12	Axis 3	ON: Start	(The start complete signal also turns ON during OPR control.)		
X13	Axis 4	complete	Positioning start signal [Y10] OFF		
			ON		
			Start complete signal [X10] OFF		
X14 X15 X16 X17	Axis 1 Positioning Axis 2 complete Axis 3 (Note-2)	OFF: Positioning incomplete ON: Positioning complete	This signal turns ON for the time set in "[Pr.40] Positioning complete signal output time" from the instant when the positioning control for each positioning data No. is completed. For the interpolation control, the positioning completed signal of interpolation axis turns ON during the time set to the reference axis.  (It does not turn ON when "[Pr.40] Positioning complete signal output time" is "0".) If positioning (including OPR), JOG/Inching operation, or manual pulse generator operation is started while this signal is ON, the signal will turn OFF. This signal will not turn ON when speed control or positioning is canceled midway.		

# Important

- (Note-1): The BUSY signal turns ON even when position control of movement amount 0 is executed. However, since the ON time is short, the ON status may not to be detected in the sequence program.
- (Note-2): "Positioning complete" of the QD77MS2/QD77MS4 refers to the point when the pulse output from QD77MS2/QD77MS4 is completed.
  Thus, even if the QD77MS2/QD77MS4's positioning complete signal turns ON, the system may continue operation.

## (2) QD77MS16

Device No.	Signal	name	Details
X0	READY	ON: READY OFF: Not READY/ Watch dog timer error	When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON, the parameter setting range is checked. If no error is found, this signal turns ON.     When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns OFF, this signal turns OFF.     When watch dog timer error occurs, this signal turns OFF.     This signal is used for interlock in a sequence program, etc.  ON  PLC READY signal [Y0]  OFF  ON  READY signal [X0]  OFF
X1	Synchronization flag	OFF: Module access disabled ON: Module access enabled	<ul> <li>After the PLC is turned ON or the CPU module is reset, this signal turns ON if the access from the CPU module to the Simple Motion module is possible.</li> <li>When "Asynchronous" is selected in the module synchronization setting of the CPU module, this signal can be used as interlock for the access from a sequence program to the Simple Motion module.</li> </ul>
X12 X13 X14 X15 X16 X17 X18 X19 X1A X1B X1C X1D X1E	Axis 1 BUSY (Note-1) Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 6 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 9 Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 14 Axis 15 Axis 15 Axis 16	OFF: Not BUSY ON: BUSY	<ul> <li>This signal turns ON at the start of positioning, OPR or JOG operation. It turns OFF when the "[Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No." has passed after positioning stops. (This signal remains ON during positioning.)</li> <li>This signal turns OFF when the positioning is stopped with step operation.</li> <li>During manual pulse generator operation, this signal turns ON while the "[Cd.21] Manual pulse generator enable flag" is ON.</li> <li>This signal turns OFF at error completion or positioning stop.</li> </ul>

### Important

(Note-1): The BUSY signal turns ON even when position control of movement amount 0 is executed. However, since the ON time is short, the ON status may not to be detected in the sequence program.

# 3.3.3 Details of output signals (PLC CPU $\,\rightarrow\,$ QD77MS)

The ON/OFF timing and conditions of the output signals are shown below. (1) QD77MS2/QD77MS4  $\,$ 

Device No.		Signal nar		Details
YO	PLC REAL	DY	OFF: PLC READY OFF ON: PLC READY ON	<ul> <li>(a) This signal notifies the Simple Motion module that the PLC CPU is normal.</li> <li>It is turned ON/OFF with the sequence program.</li> <li>The PLC READY signal is turned ON during positioning control, OPR control, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control ,etc. unless the system is in the GX Works2 test function.</li> <li>(b) When the data (parameter etc.) are changed, this signal is turned OFF depending on the parameter (Refer to Chapter 7.).</li> <li>(c) The following processes are carried out when this signal turns from OFF to ON.</li> <li>The parameter setting range is checked.</li> <li>The READY signal [X0] turns ON.</li> <li>(d) The following processes are carried out when this signal turns from ON to OFF.</li> <li>In these cases, the OFF time should be set to 100ms or more.</li> <li>The READY signal [X0] turns OFF.</li> <li>The operating axis stops.</li> <li>The M code ON signal [X4 to X7] for each axis turns OFF, and "0" is stored in "[Md.25] Valid M code".</li> <li>(e) When parameters or positioning data (No. 1 to 600) are written from the GX Works2 or PLC CPU to the flash ROM, this signal</li> </ul>
Y1	All axis se	ervo ON	OFF: Servo OFF ON: Servo ON	will turn OFF.  • The servo for all the servo amplifiers connected to the Simple Motion module is turned ON or OFF.
Y4 Y5 Y6 Y7	Axis 1 Ax Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4	xis stop	OFF: Axis stop not requested ON: Axis stop requested	<ul> <li>When the axis stop signal turns ON, the OPR control, positioning control, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control etc. will stop.</li> <li>By turning the axis stop signal ON during positioning operation, the positioning operation will be "stopped".</li> <li>Whether to decelerate stop or suddenly stop can be selected with "[Pr.39] Stop group 3 sudden stop selection".</li> <li>During interpolation control of the positioning operation, if the axis stop signal of any axis turns ON, all axes in the interpolation control will decelerate and stop.</li> </ul>
Y8 Y9 YA YB YC YD YE YF	Axis 1 Ro Axis 2 Fo Axis 2 Ro Axis 3 Fo Axis 3 Ro Axis 4 Fo	orward run JOG start everse run JOG start orward run JOG start everse run JOG start orward run JOG start everse run JOG start orward run JOG start everse run JOG start	JOG not started	When the JOG start signal is ON, JOG operation will be carried out at the "[Cd.17] JOG speed". When the JOG start signal turns OFF, the operation will decelerate and stop.  When inching movement amount is set, the designated movement amount is output for one operation cycle and then the operation stops.
Y10 Y11 Y12 Y13			OFF: Positioning start not requested ON: Positioning start requested	<ul> <li>OPR operation or positioning operation is started.</li> <li>The positioning start signal is valid at the rising edge, and the operation is started.</li> <li>When this signal turns ON during BUSY, the warning "Start during operation" (warning code: 100) will occur.</li> </ul>
Y14 Y15 Y16 Y17	Axis 1 Ex Axis 2 fla Axis 3 Axis 4	' '	OFF:  Not during execution prohibition ON:  During execution prohibition	<ul> <li>If the execution prohibition flag is ON when the positioning start signal turns ON, positioning control does not start until the execution prohibition flag turns OFF.</li> <li>Used with the "Pre-reading start function". (Refer to Section 13.7.7.)</li> </ul>

# (2) QD77MS16

Device No.	Signal na	ame	Details
Yo	PLC READY	OFF: PLC READY OFF ON: PLC READY ON	<ul> <li>(a) This signal notifies the Simple Motion module that the PLC CPU is normal.</li> <li>It is turned ON/OFF with the sequence program.</li> <li>This signal is turned ON during positioning control, OPR control, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control, etc. unless the system is in the GX Works2 test function.</li> <li>(b) When the data (parameter etc.) are changed, the PLC READY signal is turned OFF depending on the parameter (Refer to Chapter 7.).</li> <li>(c) The following processes are carried out when this signal turns from OFF to ON.</li> <li>The parameter setting range is checked.</li> <li>The READY signal [X0] turns ON.</li> <li>(d) The following processes are carried out when this signal turns from ON to OFF.</li> <li>In these cases, the OFF time should be set to 100ms or more.</li> <li>The READY signal [X0] turns OFF.</li> <li>The operating axis stops.</li> <li>The M code ON signal ([Md.31] Status: b12) for each axis turns OFF, and "0" is stored in "[Md.25] Valid M code".</li> <li>(e) When parameters or positioning data (No. 1 to 600) are written from the GX Works2 or PLC CPU to the flash ROM, this signal will turn OFF.</li> </ul>
Y1	All axis servo ON	OFF: Servo OFF ON: Servo ON	The servo for all the servo amplifiers connected to the Simple Motion module is turned ON or OFF.
Y10 Y11 Y12 Y13 Y14 Y15 Y16 Y17 Y18 Y19 Y1A Y1B Y1C Y1D Y1E Y1F	Axis 1 Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 6 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 9 Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 14 Axis 15 Axis 16	OFF: Positioning start not requested ON: Positioning start requested	<ul> <li>OPR operation or positioning operation is started.</li> <li>The positioning start signal is valid at the rising edge, and the operation is started.</li> <li>When this signal turns ON during BUSY, the warning "Start during operation" (warning code: 100) will occur.</li> </ul>

# 3.4 Specifications of interfaces with external devices

# 3.4.1 Electrical specifications of input signals

# (1) External input signals

## (a) Specifications of external input signals

Item		Specifi	cations	
Signal name		Upper limit signal Lower limit signal STOP signal	Near-point dog signal External command signal/ Switching signal	
Number of input poin	its	4 point	ts each	
Input method		Positive common/Neg	gative common shared	
Common terminal ar	rangement	4 points/common (Co	mmon contact: COM)	
Isolation method		Photocoupler		
Rated input voltage		24VDC		
Rated input current (	lin)	Approx. 5mA		
Operating voltage ra	nge	19.2 to 26.4VDC (24VDC+10/-20%, ripple ratio 5% or less)		
ON voltage/current		17.5VDC or more/3.5mA or more		
OFF voltage/current		7VDC or less	s/1mA or less	
Input resistance		Approx	k. 6.8kΩ	
Response time	OFF to ON	4ms or less	1ms or less	

# (2) Forced stop input

## (a) Specifications of forced stop input signal

Item		Specifications	
Number of input poir	nts	1 point	
Input method		Positive common/Negative common shared	
Common terminal ar	rangement	1 point/common (Common contact: EMI.COM)	
Isolation method		Photocoupler	
Rated input voltage		24VDC	
Rated input current (IIN)		Approx. 5mA	
Operating voltage ra	nge	19.2 to 26.4VDC (24VDC+10/ -20%, ripple ratio 5% or less)	
ON voltage/current		17.5VDC or more/3.5mA or more	
OFF voltage/current		7VDC or less/1mA or less	
Input resistance		Approx. 6.8kΩ	
Decrease time	OFF to ON	Area or loss	
Response time	ON to OFF	4ms or less	

# (3) Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input

(a) Specifications of manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder

	Item	Specifications		
Signal input form (	Note-1)	Phase A/Phase B (Magnification by 4/ Magnification by 2/Magnification by 1), PLS/SIGN		
	Maximum input pulse frequency	1Mpps (After magnification by 4, up to 4Mpps) (Note-2)		
	Pulse width	1µs or more		
	Leading edge/trailing edge time	0.25µs or less		
	Phase difference	0.25µs or more		
	Rated input voltage	5.5 V DC or less		
	High-voltage	2.0 to 5.25 V DC		
	Low-voltage	0 to 0.8 V DC		
Differential-output	Differential voltage	±0.2V		
type (26LS31 or	Cable length	Up to 30m (98.43ft.)		
equivalent)	Phase A  O.25µs or more  O.25µs or more			
	Maximum input pulse frequency	200kpps (After magnification by 4, up to 800kpps) (Note-2)		
	Pulse width	5µs or more		
	Leading edge/trailing edge time	1.2µs or less		
	Phase difference	1.2µs or more		
	Rated input voltage	5.5 V DC or less		
	High-voltage	3.0 to 5.25 V DC/2 mA or less		
Voltage-output	Low-voltage	0 to 1.0 V DC/5 mA or more		
type/Open-	Cable length	Up to 10m (32.81ft.)		
collector type (5 V DC)	Example of waveform	Phase A  1.2μs or more 1.2μs or more 1.2μs or more (Note): Duty ratio 50%		

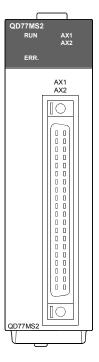
(Note-1): Set the signal input form in "[Pr.24] Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection".

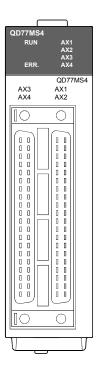
[Pr.24] Manual pulse generator/	[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection					
Incremental synchronous encoder	Positive logic		Negative logic			
input selection	Forward run	Reverse run	Forward run	Reverse run		
Phase A/Phase B						
Filase A/Filase B						
DI O/OION			TITE OF THE STATE	<b>1</b>		
PLS/SIGN	HIGH	LOW	LOW	HIGH		

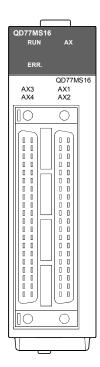
(Note-2): Maximum input pulse frequency is magnified by 4, when "A-phase/B-phase Magnification by 4" is set in "[Pr.24] Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection".

# 3.4.2 Signal layout for external input connection connector

The specifications of the connector section, which is the input/output interface for the Simple Motion module and external device, are shown below.







The signal layout for the external input connection connector of Simple Motion module is shown.

		AX4		AX3		AX2		AX1	
Din laward		Axis 4		Axis 3	Axis 2		Axis 1		
Pin layout	(Exter	(External input signal 4)		(External input signal 3)		(External input signal 2)		(External input signal 1)	
	Pin No.	Signal name	Pin No.	Signal name	Pin No.	Signal name	Pin No.	Signal name	
	2B20		2A20		1B20	HB <sup>(Note-3),</sup> (Note-4), (Note-5)	1A20	5V <sup>(Note-9)</sup>	
	2B19		2A19		1B19	HA <sup>(Note-3),</sup> (Note-4), (Note-5)	1A19	5V <sup>(Note-9)</sup>	
	2B18		2A18		1B18	HBL (Note-3), (Note-4), (Note-6)	1A18	HBH <sup>(Note-3),</sup> (Note-4), (Note-6)	
B20	2B17		2A17		1B17	HAL (Note-3), (Note-4), (Note-6)	1A17	HAH <sup>(Note-3),</sup> (Note-4), (Note-6)	
B17 0 0 A17 B16 0 0 A16	2B16	No connect (Note-7)	2A16	No connect (Note-7)	1B16	No connect (Note-7)	1A16	No connect (Note-7)	
B15 0 0 A15 B14 0 0 A14 B13 0 0 A13	14 0 0 A14 2B15		2A15		1B15	5V <sup>(Note-10)</sup>	1A15	5V <sup>(Note-10)</sup>	
B12 0 0 A12 B11 0 0 A11	2B14		2A14		1B14	SG <sup>(Note-10)</sup>	1A14	SG <sup>(Note-10)</sup>	
B10 0 0 A10 B9 0 0 A9	2B13		2A13		1B13		1A13		
B8 0 0 A8 B7 0 0 A7	2B12		2A12		1B12		1A12		
B6 0 0 A6 B5 0 0 A5	2B11		2A11		1B11	No connect (Note-7)	1A11	No connect (Note-7)	
B4 0 0 A4 B3 0 0 A3	2B10		2A10		1B10		1A10		
B2 0 0 A2 B1 0 0 A1	2B9		2A9		1B9		1A9		
	2B8				1B8	EMI. COM	1A8	EMI	
Front view of the module	2B7	COM	2A7	COM	1B7	COM	1A7	COM	
the module	2B6	COM	2A6	COM	1B6	COM	1A6	COM	
	2B5	DI4 <sup>(Note-8)</sup>	2A5	DI3 <sup>(Note-8)</sup>	1B5	DI2 (Note-8)	1A5	DI1 <sup>(Note-8)</sup>	
	2B4	STOP (Note-8)	2A4	STOP (Note-8)	1B4	STOP (Note-8)	1A4	STOP (Note-8)	
	2B3	DOG <sup>(Note-8)</sup>	2A3	DOG (Note-8)	1B3	DOG (Note-8)	1A3	DOG (Note-8)	
	2B2	RLS (Note-8)	2A2	RLS (Note-8)	1B2	RLS (Note-8)	1A2	RLS (Note-8)	
	2B1	FLS (Note-8)	2A1	FLS (Note-8)	1B1	FLS (Note-8)	1A1	FLS (Note-8)	

(Note-1): Pin No. "1\_\_\_" indicates the pin No. for the right connector. Pin No. "2\_\_\_" indicates the pin No. for the left connector.

(Note-2): For QD77MS2 does not have AX3 and AX4 connector of the left side.

(Note-3): Input type from manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder is switched in "[Pr.89] Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection". (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)

- 0: Differential-output type
- 1: Voltage-output/open-collector type (Default value)
- (Note-4): Set the signal input form in "[Pr.24] Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection".
- (Note-5): Voltage-output/open-collector type

Connect the A-phase/PLS signal to HA, and the B-phase/SIGN signal to HB.

(Note-6) : Differential-output type

Connect the A-phase/PLS signal to HAH, and the A-phase/PLS inverse signal to HAL. Connect the B-phase/SIGN signal to HBH, and the B-phase/SIGN inverse signal to HBL.

(Note-7): Do not connect to any of the terminal explained as "No connect".

(Note-8): Set the external command signal [DI, FLS, RLS, DOG, STOP] in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection" and "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" at QD77MS16 use.

 $(Note-9)\ : Do\ not\ connect\ wires\ other\ than\ the\ signal\ wires\ of\ the\ manual\ pulse\ generator\ to\ 1A20\ and\ 1A19.$ 

(Note-10): Do not use 1A(B)15 and 1A(B)14 for other than the power supply of manual pulse generator.

# 3.4.3 List of input signal details

The details of each external input connection connector of Simple Motion module are shown below.

Signal name			Pin No	Pin No. Signal details			
		HAH (A+)	1A17	J.g. to to to to			
	Manual pulse generator/Incremental			(1) Phase A/Phase B • Input the pulse signal from the manual pulse generator/incremental			
Differential- output type	synchronous encoder A phase/PLS	HAL (A-)	1B17	synchronous encoder A phase and B phase.  • If the A phase leads the B phase, the positioning address will increase at the rising and falling edges of each phase.  • If the B phase leads the A phase, the positioning address will decrease at the rising and falling edges of each phase.  (a) Magnification by 4  [When increased]  [When decreased]			
	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder B phase/SIGN	НВН (В+)	1A18	B phase  Positioning +1+1+1+1+1+1+1			
		HBL (B-)	1B18	B phase  Positioning +1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1			
Voltage-output type/ open-collector type	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder A phase/PLS	HA (A)	1B19	B phase  Positioning +1 +1 +1 +1 Positioning address  2) Negative logic  [When increased]  A phase  B phase  B phase  Positioning -1 -1 -1 -1  A phase  B phase  Positioning 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			
	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder B phase/SIGN	HB (B)	1B20	address +1 +1 +1 +1 address -1 -1 -1			

Signal name			Pin No.	Signal details		
Differential- output type	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder A phase/PLS	HAH (A+)	1A17	(2) PLS/SIGN Input the pulse signal for counting the increased/decreased pulse in the		
		HAL (A-)	1B17	pulse input (PLS). Input the signal for controlling forward run and revers run in the direction sign (SIGN).  1) "[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection" is positive logic  • The motor will forward run when the direction sign is HIGH.		
	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder B phase/SIGN	HBH (B+)	1A18	The motor will reverse run when the direction sign is LOW.  [Pr.22] Input signal logic selection" is negative logic  The motor will forward run when the direction sign is LOW.  The motor will reverse run when the direction sign is HIGH.		
		HBL (B-)	1B18	[When increased] [When decreased]  Positive   PLS   PL		
Voltage-output type/	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder A phase/PLS	HA (A)	1B19	Negative PLS Negative PLS Iogic SIGN HIGH		
open-collector type	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder B phase/SIGN	HB (B)	1B20	Positioning +1+1+1 +1+1+1 Positioning -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 address		

Signal name		Pin No.	Signal details
Compatibility with the OD75MH	Compatibility with the QD75MH		Power supply for manual pulse generator MR-HDP01. (+ 5VDC)
Manual pulse generator power supply output		1A20	(This power supply is used with the external input signal cable of QD75MH.)
(+ 5VDC) (5V)		1A19	(Note): Do not connect wires other than the signal wires of the manual pulse
(+ 3VDC) (3V)			generator.
		1A1	• This signal is input from the limit switch installed at the upper limit position
		1B1	of the stroke.  • Positioning will stop when this signal turns OFF.
Jpper limit signal (FLS)		2A1	When OPR retry function is valid, this will be the upper limit for finding the
			near-point dog signal.
			This signal is input from the limit switch installed at the lower limit position
		1A2	of the stroke.
Lower limit signal (RLS)		1B2	Positioning will stop when this signal turns OFF.
		2A2	When OPR retry function is valid, this will be the lower limit for finding the
		2B2	near-point dog signal.
		1A3	This signal is used for detecting the near-point dog during OPR.
Near-point dog signal (DOG)		1B3	<ul> <li>The near-point dog OFF → ON is detected at the rising edge.</li> </ul>
rvedi point dog dignar (200)		2A3	<ul> <li>The near-point dog ON → OFF is detected at the falling edge.</li> </ul>
		2B3	
		1A4	• Input this signal to stop positioning.
Stop signal (STOD)		1B4	When this signal turns ON, the QD77MS will stop the positioning being executed.
Stop signal (STOP)		2A4	After that, even if this signal is turned from ON to OFF, the system will not
		2B4	start.
	(DI1)	1A5	Input a control switching signal during speed-position or position-speed
	(D11)	17.0	switching control.
	(DI2)	1B5	• Use this signal as the input signal of positioning start, speed change request,
External command/			skip request and mark detection from an external device.
Switching signal	(DI3)	2A5	Set the function to use this signal in "[Pr.42] External command function
			selection".
	(DI4)	) 2B5	(Note): Set the signal in "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" at
		440	QD77MS16 use.
		1A6 1A7	
		1B6	
		1B7	Common for upper/lower limit, near-point dog, stop, and external command
Common (COM)		2A6	/switching signals.
		2A7	
		2B6	
		2B7	
Forced stop input signal (EMI)		1A8	This signal is input when batch forced stop is available for all axes of servo
Forced stop input signal common			amplifier.
		1B8	EMI ON (Opened) : Forced stop
(EMI.COM)			EMI OFF (24VDC input) : Forced stop release
Manual pulse generator power supply output (+ 5VDC) (5V)		1A15	Power supply for manual pulse generator. (+ 5VDC)
		1B15	(Note): This power supply is used for manual pulse generator. It must not be
( 0.50)		.5.0	used except for the manual pulse generator power supply.
Manual pulse generator power supply o	utput	1A14	Power supply for manual pulse generator. (GND)
(GND) (SG)		1B14	(Note): This power supply is used for manual pulse generator. It must not be
/ (/			used except for the manual pulse generator power supply.

(Note-1): There are no signals of 2A\_ and 2B\_ at QD77MS2 use.

### 3.4.4 Interface internal circuit

The outline diagrams of the internal circuits for the external device connection interface (for the Simple Motion module, axis 1) are shown below.

# Interface between external input signals/forced stop input signals

Input or Output	Signal nan	пе	Pin No.	Wiring example	Internal circuit	Description
	Upper-limit signal (Note-1)	FLS	1 (Note-2)	Without using Upper-limit switch		
	Lower-limit signal (Note-1)	RLS	2 (Note-2)	Without using Lower-limit switch		
	Near-point dog signal (Note-1)	DOG	3 (Note-2)	0 0		Upper-limit signal,
Input	Stop signal	STOP	4 (Note-2)	• • •		Lower-limit signal, Near-point dog signal, Stop signal, External command signal, Switching signal, Forced stop input signal
	External command/ Switching	DI	5 (Note-2)	<del>-</del>		Forced Stop Imput Signal
	Common	СОМ	6 (Note-2) 7 (Note-2)	24VDC (Note-3)		
	Forced stop input	EMI	1A8			
	signal	EMI.COM	1B8		THE STATE OF THE S	

(Note-1): When using external input signal of servo amplifier, set "1" with "Pr.80 External signal selection". In addition, refer to Section 13.4.4 for wiring of upper/lower limit signal and Section 8.1.1 for wiring of near-point dog signal. (Note-2): "\_\_" indicates "1A (AX1)", "1B (AX2)", 2A (AX3)", or "2B (AX4)". (Note-3): As for the 24VDC sign, both "+" and "-" are possible.

### (2) Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input

(a) Interface between manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder (Differential-output type)

Input or Output	Signal name		Pin No.	Wiring example	Internal circuit
Input (Note-1), (Note-2)	Manual pulse	HAH (A+)	1A17	A	<b>P</b>
	generator, phase A/ PLS	HAL (A-)	1B17	Manual pulse generator/	
	Manual pulse generator, phase B/ SIGN	HBH (B+)	1A18	Incremental synchronous encoder B	<b>P</b>
		HBL (B-)	1B18	В	
Power	5V <sup>(Note-3)</sup>		1A15 1B15	5V_	Power supply 5VDC
supply	SG	1A14 1B14	SG	]	

- (Note-1): Set "0: Differential-output type" in "Pr.89 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection" if the manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder of differential-output type is used. The default value is "1: Voltage-output/open-collector type".

  (Note-2): Set the signal input form in "Pr.24 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection".

  (Note-3): The 5VDC power supply from the Simple Motion module must not be used if a separate power supply is applied
- to the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder.
  - If a separate power supply is used, use a stabilized power supply of voltage 5VDC.

Anything else may cause a failure.

# (b) Interface between manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder (Voltage-output type/open-collector type)

Input or Output	Signal name		Pin No.	Wiring	example	Internal circuit	
	Manual pulse generator, phase A/ PLS	HA (A)	1B19		A aual pulse nerator/	***************************************	
Input (Note-1), (Note-2)	Manual pulse generator, phase B/ SIGN	HB (B)	1B20	Inci	remental chronous ncoder B	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
Power	5V <sup>(Note-3)</sup>		1A15 1B15	5V		Power supply 5VDC+	
supply	SG		1A14 1B14		SG		

- (Note-1): Set "1: Voltage-output/open-collector type" in "Pr.89 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection" if the manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder of voltageoutput/open-collector type is used.
- The default value is "1: Voltage-output/open-collector type".

  (Note-2): Set the signal input form in "Pr.24 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection".
- (Note-3): The 5VDC power supply from the Simple Motion module must not be used if a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder.
  - If a separate power supply is used, use a stabilized power supply of voltage 5VDC.

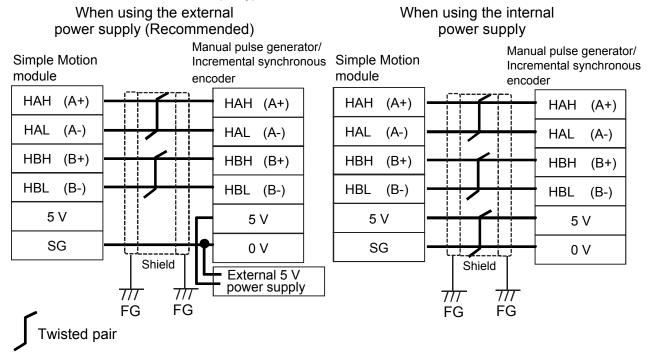
Anything else may cause a failure.

# (3) Wiring example for manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder

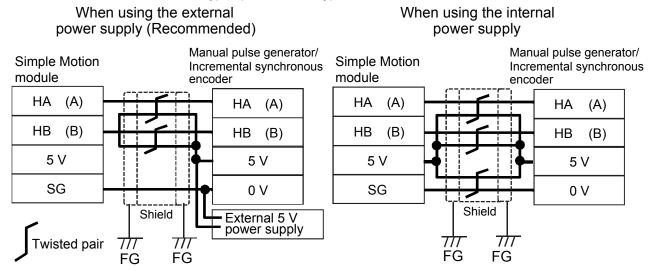
Wire the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder of differential output type and voltage output type/open-collector type as follows. Switch the input type of the Simple Motion module by "[Pr.89] Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection". It is recommended to use the external 5 V power supply (5 V DC±5%) for the power supply of the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder. When using the external power supply, do not connect with the 5 V terminal of the Simple Motion module. When using the internal power supply, connect the 5 V terminal of the Simple Motion module and the 5 V (+) of the manual pulse generator/ incremental synchronous encoder.

In either case, connect the 0 V (-) of the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder and the SG of the Simple Motion module. Do not use the 5 V terminal of the Simple Motion module except for connecting the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder. It may cause a failure. Also, do not connect the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder whose current consumption exceeds 200 mA.

# (a) Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder of differential output type



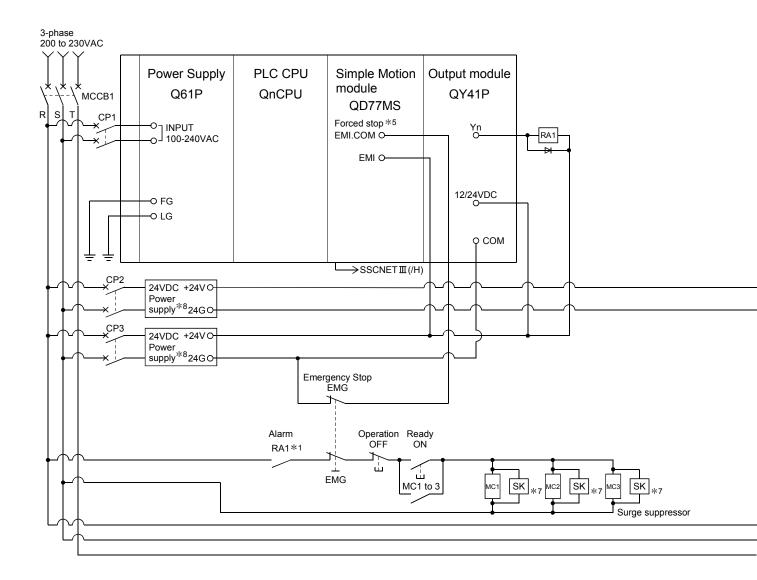
(b) Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder of voltage output type/open-collector type



# 3.5 External circuit design

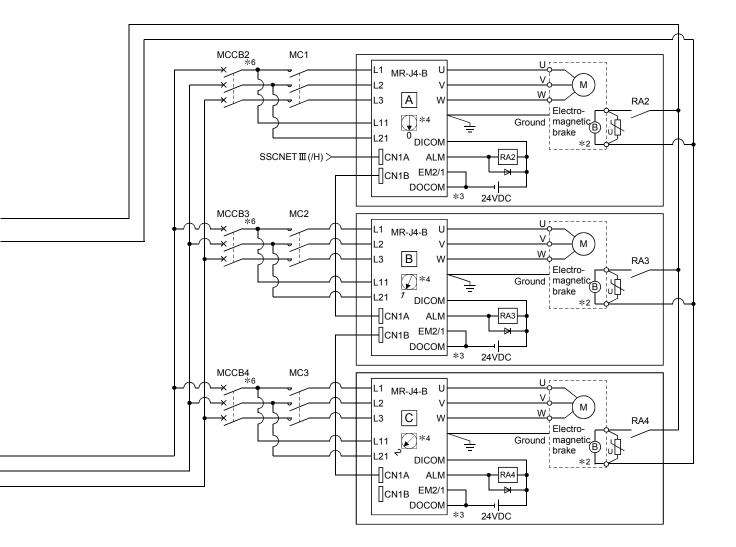
Configure up the power supply circuit and main circuit which turn off the power supply after detection alarm occurrence and servo forced stop. When designing the main circuit of the power supply, make sure to use a circuit breaker (MCCB). The outline diagrams for the external device connection interface are shown below.

(1) Example when using the forced stop of the QD77MS (For MR-J4-B)



### **POINT**

- (1) \*1: Configure up the power supply circuit which switch off the electromagnetic contactor (MC) after detection alarm occurrence on the PLC CPU.
- (2) \*2: It is also possible to use a full wave rectified power supply as the power supply for the electromagnetic brake.
- (3) \*3: It is also possible to perform the forced stop using forced stop terminal of the servo amplifier.
- (4) \*4: Set the axis selection rotary switch of servo amplifier as follows to set the axis No. of servo amplifier.
  - Axis 5: 4 • Axis 1: 0 • Axis 9: 8 • Axis 13: C • Axis 2: 1 • Axis 6: 5 • Axis 10: 9 • Axis 14: D • Axis 3: 2 • Axis 7: 6 • Axis 11: A Axis 15: E • Axis 8: 7 • Axis 12: B • Axis 16: F • Axis 4: 3
- (5) \*5: The status of forced stop input signal can be confirmed with "[Md.50] Forced stop input". Be sure that the forced stop 24 V DC power supply is not used with the electromagnetic brake of the motor or the electromagnetic valve power supply.
- (6) \*6: Refer to the servo amplifier instruction manual for selection of the circuit breaker and electromagnetic contactor.
- (7) \*7: The surge suppressor is recommended to be used for an AC relay or electromagnetic contactor (MC) near the servo amplifier. Refer to the servo amplifier instruction manual for selection of the surge suppressor.
- (8) \*8: Wire the electromagnetic brake power supply and the control power supply using a separate power supply.



- (Note-1): When the control power supply of servo amplifier is shut off, it is not possible to communicate with the servo amplifier after that. Example) When the control power supply L11/L21 of the servo amplifier 

  B in the figure is shut off, it is also not possible to communicate with the servo amplifier 

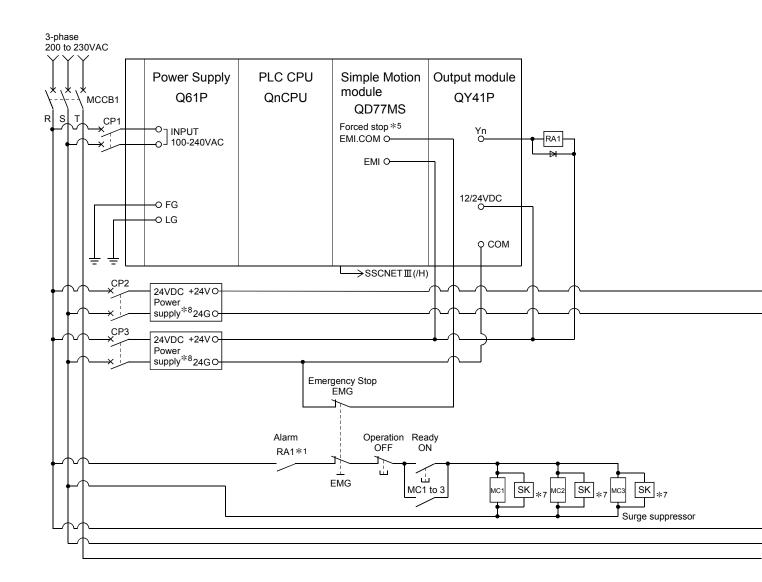
  C.
  - If only a specific servo amplifier main circuit power supply is shut off, be sure to shut off the main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3, and do not shut off the control power supply L11/L21.
- (Note-2): Be sure to shut off the both of main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3 and control power supply L11/L21 after disconnection of SSCNET communication by the connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication at the time of exchange of servo amplifier. At this time, it is not possible to communicate between the servo amplifier and Simple Motion module. Therefore, be sure to exchange the servo amplifier after stopping the operating of machine beforehand.
- (Note-3): If the emergency stop signal of Simple Motion module turns OFF when setting of "[Pr.82] Forced stop valid/invalid selection" to "0: Valid", servomotor is stopped with dynamic brake. (The LED display of servo amplifier indicates "E7.1" (Controller forced stop input warning).)

MEMO			

# (2) Example when using the forced stop of the QD77MS (For MR-JE-B)

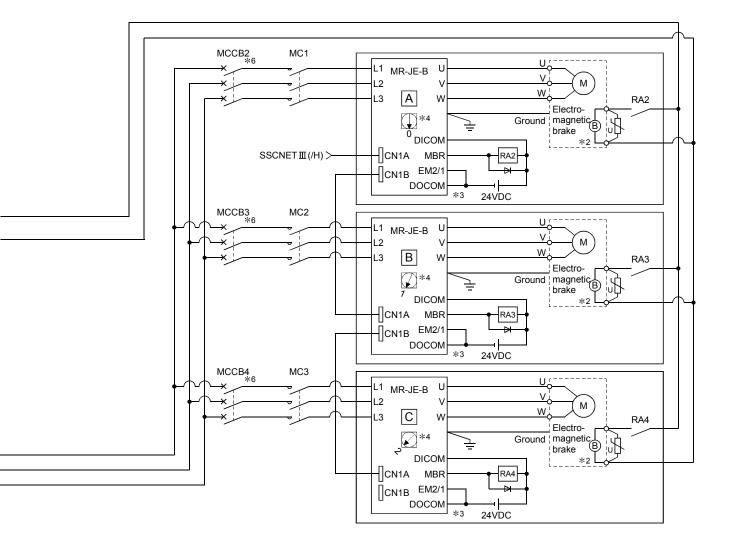
# Important

- The hot line forced stop function is enabled at the MR-JE-B factory-set. (Only MR-JE-B)
- This function is used to execute deceleration stop for all axes by outputting the hot line forced stop signal to all axes and generating "E7.1" (Controller forced stop input warning) at the alarm occurrence.
- This function can be disabled by the servo parameter (PA27).
- For using the MR-JE-B, configure up the power supply circuit which switches off the all axes electromagnetic contactor (MC) from the CPU module after detecting the alarm occurrence on the CPU module.



### **POINT**

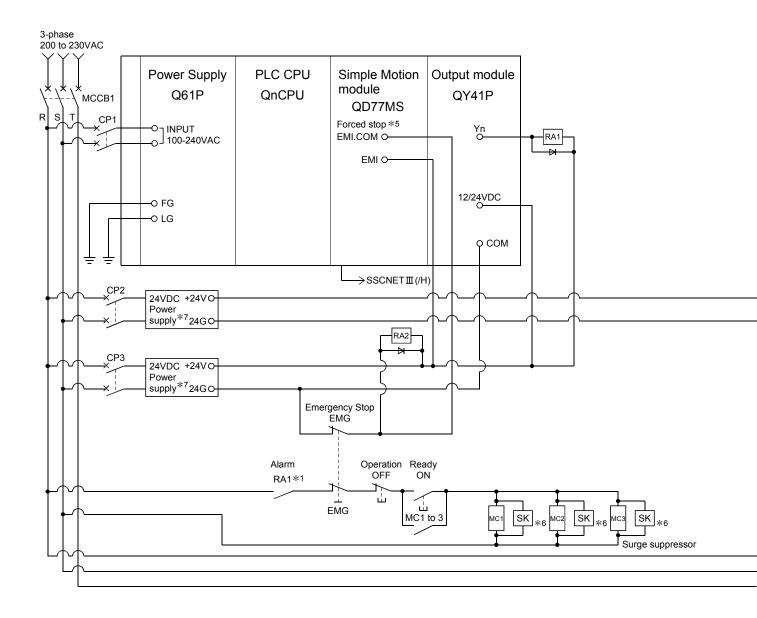
- (1) \*1: Configure up the power supply circuit which switch off the electromagnetic contactor (MC) after detection alarm occurrence on the PLC CPU.
- (2) \*2: It is also possible to use a full wave rectified power supply as the power supply for the electromagnetic brake.
- (3) \*3: It is also possible to perform the forced stop using forced stop terminal of the servo amplifier.
- (4) \*4: Set the axis selection rotary switch of servo amplifier as follows to set the axis No. of servo amplifier.
  - Axis 5: 4 • Axis 1: 0 • Axis 9: 8 • Axis 13: C Axis 6: 5 • Axis 2: 1 • Axis 10: 9 • Axis 14: D • Axis 15: E • Axis 3: 2 Axis 7: 6 • Axis 11: A • Axis 8: 7 • Axis 12: B • Axis 16: F • Axis 4: 3
- (5) \*5: The status of forced stop input signal can be confirmed with "[Md.50] Forced stop input". Be sure that the forced stop 24 V DC power supply is not used with the electromagnetic brake of the motor or the electromagnetic valve power supply.
- (6) \*6: Refer to the servo amplifier instruction manual for selection of the circuit breaker and electromagnetic contactor.
- (7) \*7: The surge suppressor is recommended to be used for an AC relay or electromagnetic contactor (MC) near the servo amplifier. Refer to the servo amplifier instruction manual for selection of the surge suppressor.
- (8) \*8: Wire the electromagnetic brake power supply and the control power supply using a separate power supply.



- (Note-1): When the control power supply of servo amplifier is shut off, it is not possible to communicate with the servo amplifier after that. Example) When the control power supply L11/L21 of the servo amplifier  $\boxed{\mathbb{B}}$  in the figure is shut off, it is also not possible to communicate with the servo amplifier  $\boxed{\mathbb{C}}$ .
  - If only a specific servo amplifier main circuit power supply is shut off, be sure to shut off the main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3, and do not shut off the control power supply L11/L21.
- (Note-2): Be sure to shut off the both of main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3 and control power supply L11/L21 after disconnection of SSCNET communication by the connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication at the time of exchange of servo amplifier. At this time, it is not possible to communicate between the servo amplifier and Simple Motion module. Therefore, be sure to exchange the servo amplifier after stopping the operating of machine beforehand.
- (Note-3): If the emergency stop signal of Simple Motion module turns OFF when setting of "[Pr.82] Forced stop valid/invalid selection" to "0: Valid", servomotor is stopped with dynamic brake. (The LED display of servo amplifier indicates "E7.1" (Controller forced stop input warning).)

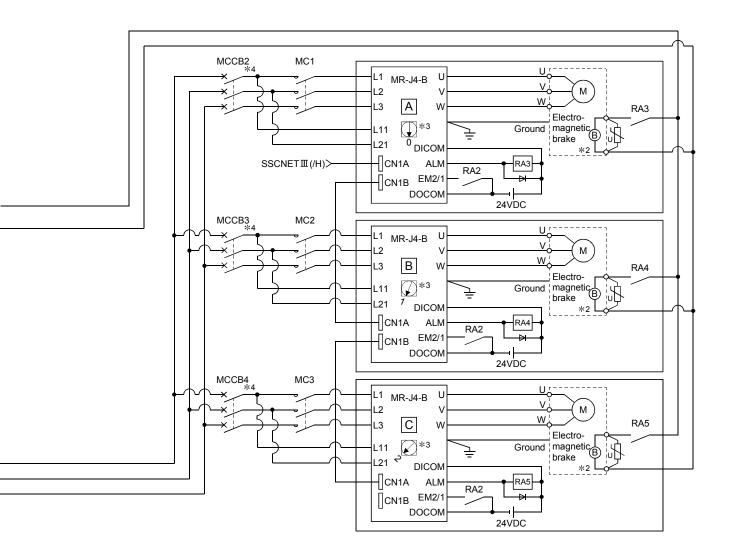
MEMO		

(3) Example when using the forced stop of the QD77MS and MR-J4-B



### **POINT**

- (1) \*1: Configure up the power supply circuit which switch off the electromagnetic contactor (MC) after detection alarm occurrence on the PLC CPU.
- (2) \*2: It is also possible to use a full wave rectified power supply as the power supply for the electromagnetic brake.
- (3) \*3: Set the axis selection rotary switch of servo amplifier as follows to set the axis No. of servo amplifier.
  - Axis 1: 0
     Axis 5: 4
     Axis 9: 8
     Axis 13: C
     Axis 2: 1
     Axis 6: 5
     Axis 10: 9
     Axis 14: D
  - Axis 3: 2 Axis 7: 6 Axis 11: A Axis 15: E Axis 4: 3 Axis 8: 7 Axis 12: B Axis 16: F
- (4) \*4: Refer to the servo amplifier instruction manual for selection of the circuit breaker and electromagnetic contactor.
- (5) \*5: The status of forced stop input signal can be confirmed with "[Md.50] Forced stop input". Be sure that the forced stop 24 V DC power supply is not used with the electromagnetic brake of the motor or the electromagnetic valve power supply.
- (6) \*6: The surge suppressor is recommended to be used for an AC relay or electromagnetic contactor (MC) near the servo amplifier. Refer to the servo amplifier instruction manual for selection of the surge suppressor.
- (7) \*7: Wire the electromagnetic brake power supply and the control power supply using a separate power supply.



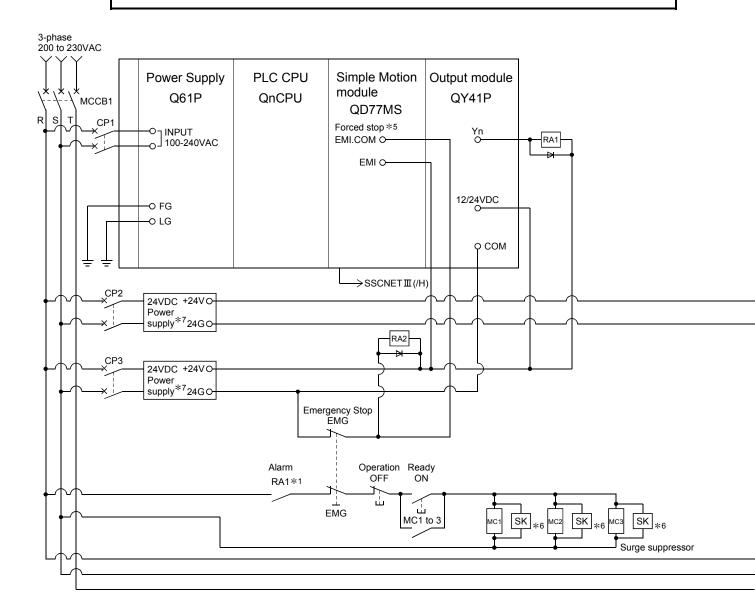
- - If only a specific servo amplifier main circuit power supply is shut off, be sure to shut off the main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3, and do not shut off the control power supply L11/L21.
- (Note-2): Be sure to shut off the both of main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3 and control power supply L11/L21 after disconnection of SSCNET communication by the connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication at the time of exchange of servo amplifier. At this time, it is not possible to communicate between the servo amplifier and Simple Motion module. Therefore, be sure to exchange the servo amplifier after stopping the operating of machine beforehand.
- (Note-3): The dynamic brake is operated, and servomotor occurs to the free run when EM1 (forced stop) of servo amplifier turn OFF. At the time, the display shows the servo forced stop warning (E6.1).
  - During ordinary operation, do not used forced stop signal to alternate stop and run.
  - The service life of the servo amplifier may be shortened.

MEMO		

# (4) Example when using the forced stop of the QD77MS and MR-JE-B

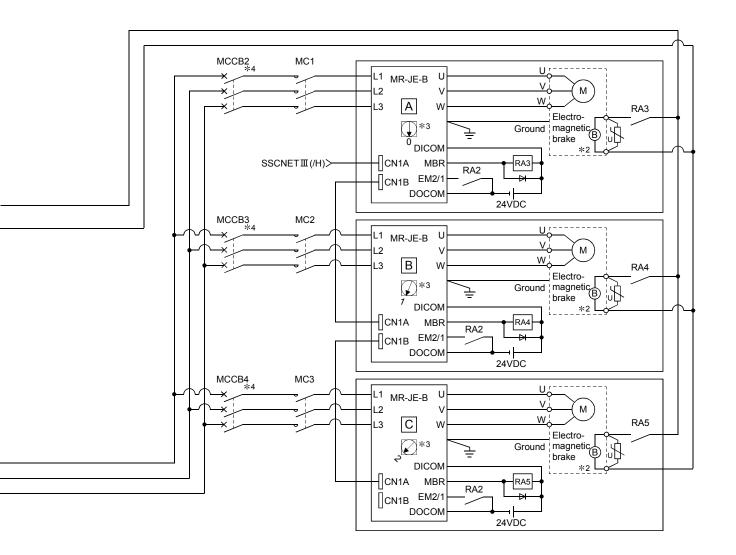
# Important

- The hot line forced stop function is enabled at the MR-JE-B factory-set. (Only MR-JE-B)
- This function is used to execute deceleration stop for all axes by outputting the hot line forced stop signal to all axes and generating "E7.1" (Controller forced stop input warning) at the alarm occurrence.
- This function can be disabled by the servo parameter (PA27).
- For using the MR-JE-B, configure up the power supply circuit which switches off the all axes electromagnetic contactor (MC) from the CPU module after detecting the alarm occurrence on the CPU module.



### **POINT**

- (1) \*1: Configure up the power supply circuit which switch off the electromagnetic contactor (MC) after detection alarm occurrence on the PLC CPU.
- (2) \*2: It is also possible to use a full wave rectified power supply as the power supply for the electromagnetic brake.
- (3) \*3: Set the axis selection rotary switch of servo amplifier as follows to set the axis No. of servo amplifier.
  - Axis 1: 0 • Axis 5: 4 Axis 9: 8 • Axis 13: C • Axis 2: 1 • Axis 6: 5 • Axis 10: 9 • Axis 14: D • Axis 7: 6 • Axis 15: E • Axis 3: 2 • Axis 11: A • Axis 8: 7 • Axis 4: 3 • Axis 12: B Axis 16: F
- (4) \*4: Refer to the servo amplifier instruction manual for selection of the circuit breaker and electromagnetic contactor.
- (5) \*5: The status of forced stop input signal can be confirmed with "[Md.50] Forced stop input". Be sure that the forced stop 24 V DC power supply is not used with the electromagnetic brake of the motor or the electromagnetic valve power supply.
- (6) \*6: The surge suppressor is recommended to be used for an AC relay or electromagnetic contactor (MC) near the servo amplifier. Refer to the servo amplifier instruction manual for selection of the surge suppressor.
- (7) \*7: Wire the electromagnetic brake power supply and the control power supply using a separate power supply.



- - If only a specific servo amplifier main circuit power supply is shut off, be sure to shut off the main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3, and do not shut off the control power supply L11/L21.
- (Note-2): Be sure to shut off the both of main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3 and control power supply L11/L21 after disconnection of SSCNET communication by the connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication at the time of exchange of servo amplifier. At this time, it is not possible to communicate between the servo amplifier and Simple Motion module. Therefore, be sure to exchange the servo amplifier after stopping the operating of machine beforehand.
- (Note-3): The dynamic brake is operated, and servomotor occurs to the free run when EM1 (forced stop) of servo amplifier turn OFF. At the time, the display shows the servo forced stop warning (E6.1).
  - During ordinary operation, do not used forced stop signal to alternate stop and run.
  - The service life of the servo amplifier may be shortened.

# Chapter 4 Installation, Wiring and Maintenance of the Product

The installation, wiring and maintenance of the Simple Motion module are explained in this chapter.

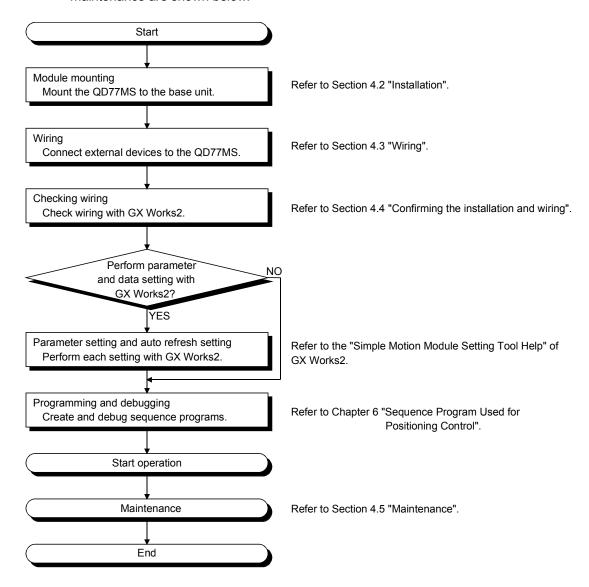
Important information such as precautions to prevent malfunctioning of the Simple Motion module, accidents and injuries as well as the proper work methods are described. Read this chapter thoroughly before starting installation, wiring or maintenance, and always following the precautions.

4.1	Outline	e of installation, wiring and maintenance	4- 2
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# 4.1 Outline of installation, wiring and maintenance

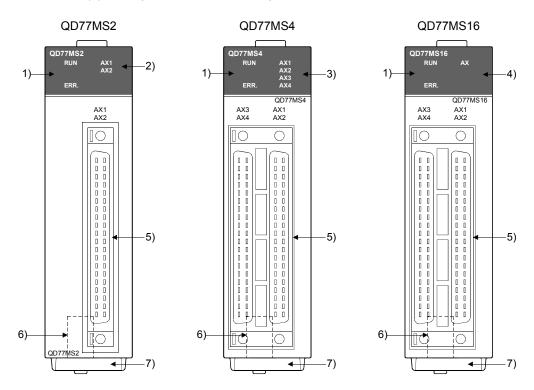
# 4.1.1 Installation, wiring and maintenance procedures

The outline and procedures for Simple Motion module installation, wiring and maintenance are shown below.



# 4.1.2 Names of each part

(1) The part names of the Simple Motion module are shown below.



No.	Name	Description					
1)	RUN indicator LED, ERR indicator LED						
2)	Axis display LED (AX1 to AX2)	Defends this souther (0)					
3)	Axis display LED (AX1 to AX4)	Refer to this section (2).					
4)	Axis display LED (AX)	1					
5)	External input connection connector	Connector to connect the mechanical system input, manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder, or forced stop input. (40-pin connector)  Refer to Section 3.4.2 for details.					
6)	SSCNETIII cable connector	Connector to connect the servo amplifier.					
7)	Serial number plate	Shows the serial number printed on the rating plate.					

(2) The LED display indicates the following operation statuses of the Simple Motion module and axes.

QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
RUN □ □ AX1 □ AX2	RUN □ □ AX1 □ AX2 □ AX3	RUN 🗆 🗖 AX
ERR.□	ERR.□ □ AX4	ERR.□

	LED Disp	Description		
	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Description
RUN LED is OFF.	RUN   AX1  AX2  ERR.	RUN ☐ ☐ AX1 ☐ AX2 ☐ AX3 ERR. ☐ ☐ AX4	RUN 🔲 🗆 AX	Hardware failure, watch dog timer error
RUN LED is ON. ERR. LED is OFF.	RUN <u>■</u> □ AX1 □ AX2 ERR. □	RUN <u>■</u> □ AX1 □ AX2 □ AX3 ERR. □ □ AX4	RUN <u>■</u> □ AX ERR. □	The module operates normally.
ERR. LED is ON.	RUN ■ □ AX1 □ AX2 ERR. ■	RUN ■ □ AX1 □ AX2 □ AX3 ERR. ■ □ AX4	RUN ■ □ AX ERR. ■	System error
AX LED is OFF. (In the QD77MS2/QD77MS4, AX LED of the stopping axis, standby axis is OFF. In the QD77MS16, AX LED is OFF when all axes are stopping or standby.)	RUN	RUN	RUN ■ □ AX	During axis stop, during axis standby.
AX LED is ON. (In the QD77MS2/QD77MS4, AX LED of the operating axis is steady. In the QD77MS16, AX LED is steady when any of the axes is operating.)	RUN ■ AX1 AX2 AX2	RUN ■ AX1 □ AX2 □ AX3 ERR. □ □ AX4	RUN ■ AX ERR. □	During axis operation.
ERR. LED is flashing. AX is flashing. (In the QD77MS2/QD77MS4, AX LED of the axis in which an error occurred is flashing. In the QD77MS16, AX LED is flashing when an error occurs in any of the axes.)	RUN ■ <u>♦</u> AX1 □ AX2 ERR. <b>♦</b>	RUN ■	RUN ■ <u>◆</u> AX ERR. ◆	Axis error
All LED are ON.	RUN ■ AX1 ■ AX2 ERR. ■	RUN ■ AX1 ■ AX2 ■ AX3 ERR. ■ AX4	RUN ■ AX ERR. ■	Hardware failure

The symbols in the Display column indicate the following LED statuses:

□: OFF, ■: ON, ◆: Flashing

# 4.1.3 Handling precautions

Handle the Simple Motion module and cable while observing the following precautions.

# [1] Handling precautions

# **⚠**CAUTION

- Use the programmable controller in an environment that meets the general specifications in the manual "Safety Guidelines", the manual supplied with the main base unit.
   Using the programmable controller in an environment outside the range could result in electric shock, fire, operation failure, and damage to or deterioration of the product.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components. Doing so may could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.
- Be sure there are no foreign matters such as sawdust or wiring debris inside the module. Such debris could cause fire, damage, or operation failure.
- Never try to disassemble or modify the modules. It may cause product failure, operation failure, injury or fire.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or removing the module. Not doing so could result in damage to the module.
- Because the connector has its orientation, check it before attaching or detaching the connector straight from the front.
  - Unless it is properly installed, a poor contact may occur, resulting in erroneous input and output.

# [2] Other precautions

# (1) Main body

- The main body case is made of plastic. Take care not to drop or apply strong impacts onto the case.
- Do not remove the PCB of Simple Motion module from the case. Failure to observe this could lead to faults.
- Before touching the module, always touch grounded metal, etc. to discharge static electricity from human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.

# (2) Cable

- Do not press on the cable with a sharp object.
- · Do not twist the cable with force.
- Do not forcibly pull on the cable.
- · Do not step on the cable.
- · Do not place objects on the cable.
- · Do not damage the cable sheath.

## (3) Installation environment

Do not install the module in the following type of environment.

- Where the ambient temperature exceeds the 0 to 55°C (32 to 131°F) range.
- Where the ambient humidity exceeds the 5 to 95%RH range.
- Where temperature sudden changes and dew condenses.
- · Where there is corrosive gas or flammable gas.
- Where there are high levels of dust, conductive powder, such as iron chips, oil mist, salt or organic solvents.
- Where the module is subject to direct sunlight.
- · Where there are strong electric fields or magnetic fields.
- · Where vibration or impact could be directly applied onto the main body.

#### 4.2 Installation

#### 4.2.1 Precautions for installation

The precautions for installing the Simple Motion module are given below. Refer to this section as well as Section 4.1.3 "Handling precautions" when carrying out the work.

#### Precautions for installation

# **♠ DANGER**

 Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installing or removing the module.

Not doing so could result in electric shocks, an operation failure or damage to the module.

# **⚠**CAUTION

- Never try to disassemble or modify the modules. It may cause product failure, operation failure, injury or fire.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or removing the module.
  - Not doing so could result in an operation failure or damage to the module.
- After the first use of the module, the number of connections/disconnections is limited to 50 times (in accordance with IEC 61131-2). Exceeding the limit may cause malfunction.
- Use the programmable controller in an environment that meets the general specifications in the manual "Safety Guidelines", the manual supplied with the main base unit.
   Using the programmable controller in an environment outside the range could result in electric
  - shock, fire, operation failure, and damage to or deterioration of the product.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components. Doing so may could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.
- While pressing the installation lever located at the bottom of module, insert the module fixing tab into the fixing hole in the base unit until it stops. Then, securely mount the module with the fixing hole as a supporting point.
  - Incorrect loading of the module can cause a malfunction, failure or drop.
  - When using the module in the environment of much vibration, tighten the module with a screw.
  - Tighten the screw within the range of the specified tightening torque.
  - Insufficient tightening may lead to dropping, short-circuit, or malfunctioning.
  - Excessive tightening may damage the screw or module, leading to dropping, short-circuit, or malfunctioning.
- Lock the control panel and prevent access to those who are not certified to handle or install electric equipment.

# 4.3 Wiring

The precautions for wiring the Simple Motion module are given below. Refer to this section as well as Section 4.1.3 "Handling precautions" when carrying out the work.

# 4.3.1 Precautions for wiring

# **∆** DANGER

• Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or wiring. Not doing so could result in electric shock or damage to the product.

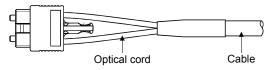
# **⚠** CAUTION

- Check the layout of the terminals and then properly route the wires to the module.
- The external input wiring connector must be crimped or pressured with the tool specified by the manufacturer, or must be correctly soldered. Insufficient connections may cause short circuit, fire, or malfunction.
- Be careful not to let foreign matter such as sawdust or wire chips get inside the module. These may cause fires, failure or malfunction.
- The top surface of the module is covered with protective films to prevent foreign objects such as
  cable off cuts from entering the module when wiring. Do not remove this film until the wiring is
  complete. Before operating the system, be sure to remove the film to provide adequate
  ventilation.
- Securely connect the connector for SSCNETI cable to the bottom connector on the module.
- When removing the cable from the module, do not pull the cable. Hold the connector that is connected to the module. Pulling the cable that is still connected to the module may cause malfunction or damage to the module or cable.
- The external input/output signal cable and the communication cable should not be routed near
  or bundled with the main circuit cable, power cable and/or other such load carrying cables
  other than those for the PLC. These cables should be separated by at least 100mm (3.94inch)
  or more. They can cause electrical interference, surges and inductance that can lead to misoperation.
- The shielded cable for connecting Simple Motion module can be secured in place. If the shielded cable is not secured, unevenness or movement of the shielded cable or careless pulling on it could result in damage to the Simple Motion module, servo amplifier or shielded cable or defective cable connections could cause mis-operation of the unit.
- If the cable connected to the Simple Motion module and the power line must be adjacently laid (less than 100mm (3.94inch)), use a shielded cable. Ground the shield of the cable securely to the control panel on the Simple Motion module side. (A wiring example is given on this section "[1] Precautions for wiring").

# **∆**CAUTION

- Forcibly removal the SSCNETIII cable from the Simple Motion module will damage the Simple Motion module and SSCNETIII cables.
- After removal of the SSCNETⅢ cable, be sure to put a cap on the SSCNETⅢ connector.
   Otherwise, adhesion of dirt deteriorates in characteristic and it may cause malfunctions.
- Do not remove the SSCNETⅢ cable while turning on the power supply of Simple Motion module and servo amplifier. Do not see directly the light generated from SSCNETⅢ connector and the end of SSCNETⅢ cable. When the light gets into eye, may feel something is wrong for eye. (The light source of SSCNETⅢ cable complies with class1 defined in JISC6802 or IEC60825-1.)
- If the SSCNETII cable is added a power such as a major shock, lateral pressure, haul, sudden bending or twist, its inside distorts or breaks, and optical transmission will not be available.

  Be sure to take care enough so that the short SSCNETII cable is added a twist easily.
- Be sure to use the SSCNETII cable within the range of operating temperature described in this
  manual. Especially, as optical fiber for MR-J3BUS\_M and MR-J3BUS\_M-A are made of
  synthetic resin, it melts down if being left near the fire or high temperature. Therefore, do not
  make it touched the part which becomes high temperature, such as radiator or regenerative
  option of servo amplifier, or servomotor.
- When laying the SSCNETⅢ cable, be sure to secure the minimum cable bend radius or more. (Refer to this Section [2] Precautions for SSCNETⅢ cable wiring.)
- Put the SSCNETIII cable in the duct or fix the cable at the closest part to the Simple Motion module with bundle material in order to prevent SSCNETIII cable from putting its own weight on SSCNETIII connector. When laying cable, the optical cord should be given loose slack to avoid from becoming smaller than the minimum bend radius, and it should not be twisted. Also, fix and hold it in position with using cushioning such as sponge or rubber which does not contain plasticizing material.
- Migrating plasticizer is used for vinyl tape. Keep the MR-J3BUS\_M, and MR-J3BUS\_M-A
  cables away from vinyl tape because the optical characteristic may be affected.



SSCNETⅢ cable	Cord	Cable
MR-J3BUS_M	Δ	
MR-J3BUS_M-A	$\triangle$	Δ
MR-J3BUS_M-B	0	0

O: Normally, cable is not affected by plasticizer.

Generally, soft polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyethylene resin (PE) and fluorine resin contain non-migrating plasticizer and they do not affect the optical characteristic of SSCNETIII cable. However, some wire sheaths and cable ties, which contain migrating plasticizer (phthalate ester), may affect MR-J3BUS\_M and MR-J3BUS\_M-A cables (made of plastic). In addition, MR-J3BUS M-B cable (made of quartz glass) is not affected by plasticizer.

<sup>△:</sup> Phthalate ester plasticizer such as DBP and DOP may affect optical characteristic of cable.

# **▲**CAUTION

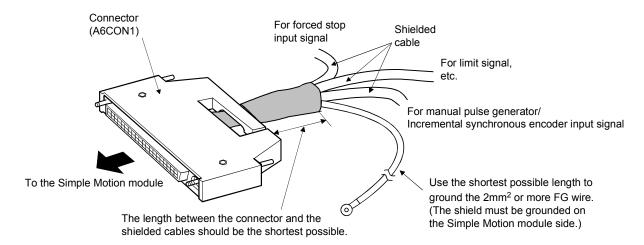
- If the adhesion of solvent and oil to the cord part of SSCNETII cable may lower the optical characteristic and machine characteristic. If it is used such an environment, be sure to do the protection measures to the cord part.
- When keeping the Simple Motion module or servo amplifier, be sure to put on a cap to connector part so that a dirt should not adhere to the end of SSCNETIII connector.
- SSCNETIII connector to connect the SSCNETIII cable is put a cap to protect light device inside connector from dust. For this reason, do not remove a cap until just before connecting SSCNETIII cable. Then, when removing SSCNETIII cable, make sure to put a cap.
- Keep the cap and the tube for protecting light cord end of SSCNETⅢ cable in a plastic bag with a zipper of SSCNETⅢ cable to prevent them from becoming dirty.
- When exchanging the Simple Motion module or servo amplifier, make sure to put cap on SSCNETII connector. When asking repair of Simple Motion module or servo amplifier for some troubles, make also sure to put a cap on SSCNETII connector. When the connector is not put a cap, the light device may be damaged at the transit. In this case, exchange and repair of light device is required.

# [1] Precautions for wiring

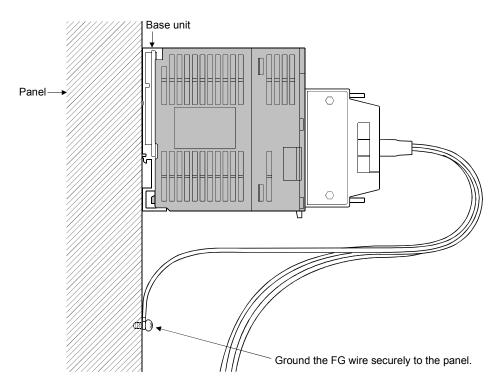
- (1) Use separate cables for connecting to the Simple Motion module and for the power cable that create surge and inductance.
- (2) The cable for connecting the Simple Motion module can be placed in the duct or secured in place by clamps. If the cable is not placed in the duct or secured by clamps, unevenness or movement of the cable or careless pulling on it could result in damage to the unit or cable or defective cable connections could cause mis-operation of the unit.
- (3) If a duct is being used, separate the cables to connect the Simple Motion module from the power line duct, or use metal piping. Ground the pipes securely after metal piping.
- (4) Use the twisted pair shielded cable (wire size 0.3 mm<sup>2</sup> or more). The shielded must be grounded on the Simple Motion module side.
- (5) Use separate shielded cables of the forced stop input signal (EMI, EMI.COM), limit signal (FLS, RLS, DOG, STOP), external command signal/switching signal (DI, COM), and manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder input signal (HAH, HAL, HBH, HBL, HA, HB, 5V, SG) for connecting to the Simple Motion module. They can cause electrical interference, surges and inductance that can lead to mis-operation.

# [Wiring example of shielded cable]

The following shows a wiring example for noise reduction in the case when the connector (A6CON1) is used.



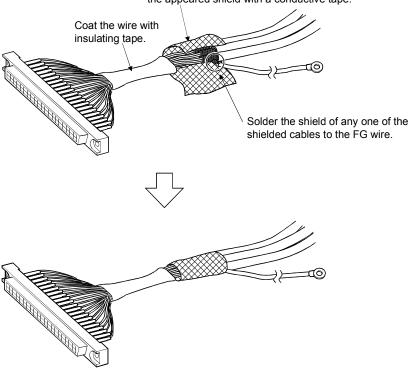
# Grounding of FG wire



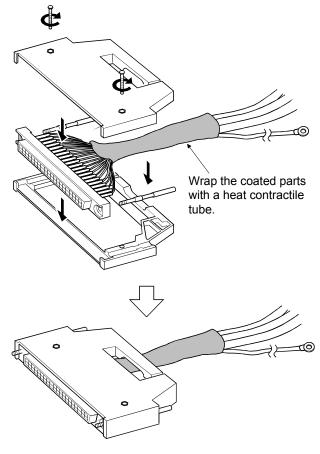
# [Processing example of shielded cables]

Connections of FG wire and each shielded cable

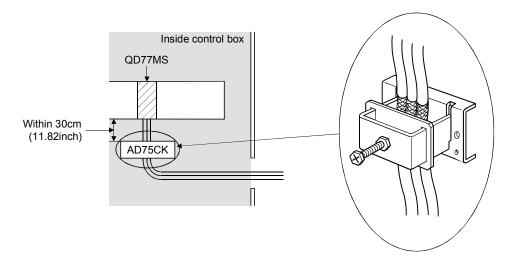
Remove the covering from all shielded cables and bind the appeared shield with a conductive tape.



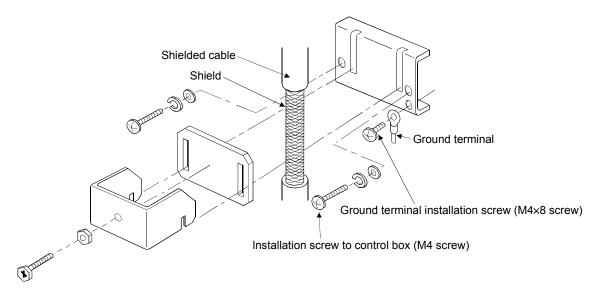
# Assembling of connector (A6CON1)



(6) To make this product conform to the EMC directive instruction and Low Voltage Directives, be sure to use an AD75CK type cable clamp (manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric) for grounding connected to the control box and the shielded cable.



# [How to ground shielded cable using AD75CK]



Using the AD75CK, you can tie four cables of about 7mm (0.28inch) outside diameter together for grounding.

(Refer to the "AD75CK-type Cable Clamping Instruction Manual" (IB-68682).)

# **▲**CAUTION

 Do not ground the cable clamp to the top of control panel. Doing so may lead to damage by damage of screws, etc. during installation or removing the cable clamp.

# [2] Precautions for SSCNETIII cable wiring

SSCNETII cable is made from optical fiber. If optical fiber is added a power such as a major shock, lateral pressure, haul, sudden bending or twist, its inside distorts or breaks, and optical transmission will not be available. Especially, as optical fiber for MR-J3BUS\_M, MR-J3BUS\_M-A is made of synthetic resin, it melts down if being left near the fire or high temperature. Therefore, do not make it touched the part which becomes high temperature, such as radiator or regenerative option of servo amplifier and servomotor. Be sure to use optical fiber within the range of operating temperature described in this manual. Read described item of this section carefully and handle it with caution.

## Minimum bend radius

Make sure to lay the cable with greater radius than the minimum bend radius.

Do not press the cable to edges of equipment or others. For SSCNETIII cable, the appropriate length should be selected with due consideration for the dimensions and arrangement of Simple Motion module or servo amplifier. When closing the door of control panel, pay careful attention for avoiding the case that SSCNETIII cable is hold down by the door and the cable bend becomes smaller than the minimum bend radius.

Model name of SSCNET Ⅲ cable	Minimum bend radius [mm] ([inch])
MR-J3BUS_M	25 (0.98)
MR-J3BUS_M-A	Enforced covering cord: 50 (1.97), Cord: 25 (0.98)
MR-J3BUS_M-B	Enforced covering cord: 50 (1.97), Cord: 30 (1.18)

## (2) Tension

If tension is added on the SSCNETIII cable, the increase of transmission loss occurs because of external force which concentrates on the fixing part of SSCNETIII cable or the connecting part of SSCNETIII connector. At worst, the breakage of SSCNETIII cable or damage of SSCNETIII connector may occur. For cable laying, handle without putting forced tension. (Refer to Section Appendix 2.1 "SSCNETIII cables" for the tension strength of SSCNETIII cable.)

#### (3) Lateral pressure

If lateral pressure is added on the SSCNET cable, the cable itself distorts, internal optical fiber gets stressed, and then transmission loss will increase. At worst, the breakage of SSCNET cable may occur. As the same condition also occurs at cable laying, do not tighten up SSCNET cable with a thing such as nylon band (TY-RAP).

Do not trample it down or tuck it down with the door of control box or others.

# (4) Twisting

If the SSCNETIII cable is twisted, it will become the same stress added condition as when local lateral pressure or bend is added. Consequently, transmission loss increases, and the breakage of SSCNETIII cable may occur at worst.

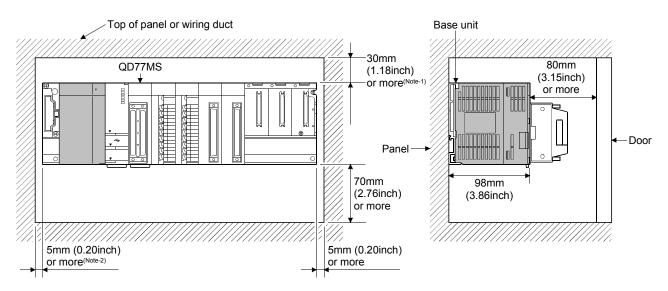
# (5) Disposal

When incinerating optical cable (cord) used for SSCNET cable, hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas which is corrosive and harmful may be generated. For disposal of SSCNET cable, request for specialized industrial waste disposal services that have incineration facility for disposing hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas.

# (6) Wiring process of SSCNETⅢ cable

Put the SSCNET cable in the duct or fix the cable at the closest part to the Simple Motion module with bundle material in order to prevent SSCNET cable from putting its own weight on SSCNET connector. Leave the following space for wiring.

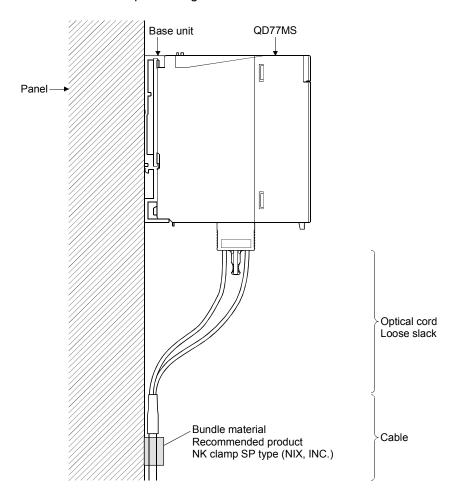
· Putting in the duct



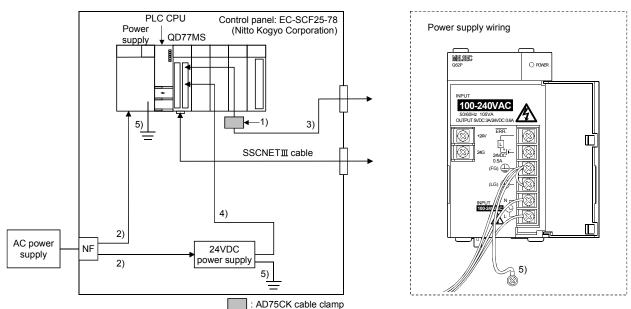
(Note-1): For wiring duct with 50mm (1.97inch) or less height. For other cases, 40mm (1.58inch) or more. (Note-2): 20mm (0.79inch) or more when the adjacent module is not removed and the extension cable is connected.

# • Bundle fixing

Optical cord should be given loose slack to avoid from becoming smaller than the minimum bend radius, and it should not be twisted. When laying cable, fix and hold it in position with using cushioning such as sponge or rubber which does not contain plasticizing material.



# [3] Example of measure against noise for compliance with the EMC directive.



- 1) Ground the cables at a position within 30cm (11.82inch) from the module with the cable clamp, etc.
- 2) Wire the power supply cable as short as possible using the twisted cable (2mm<sup>2</sup> or more). 3) Use the shielded twisted cable (cable length: 30m (98.43ft.) or less) for each I/O signal cable.
- 4) Wire the cable connected to secondary side of 24VDC power supply module as short as possible.
- 5) Wire the power supply and 24VDC power supply as short as possible using the cable of approx. 2mm<sup>2</sup>, and ground to the control panel.
  - (1) Refer to this chapter or "EMC and Low Voltage Directives" of "QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)" for basic wire. We examined QD77MS by the above example.
  - (2) In wiring inside the panel, the power line connected to the power or servo amplifier and the communication cable such as an expansion cable or a network cable must not be mixed. In the duct, leave 10cm (3.94inch) or more between the power line and the communication cable, and separate using a separator (made of metal), etc. It is required in the same control panel as well. Mixing the power line and communication cable may cause increase of noise or malfunction due to noise influence.

# 4.4 Confirming the installation and wiring

# 4.4.1 Items to confirm when installation and wiring are completed

Check the following points when completed with the installation of Simple Motion module and wiring.

· Is the module correctly wired?

The following four points are confirmed using the positioning test function of GX Works2.

With this function, "whether the direction that the Simple Motion module recognizes as forward run matches the address increment direction in the actual positioning work", and "whether the Simple Motion module recognizes the external input signals such as the manual pulse generator and forced stop", etc., can be checked.

- Are the Simple Motion module and servo amplifier correctly connected?
- Are the servo amplifier and servomotor correctly connected?
- Are the Simple Motion module and external devices (input signals) correctly connected?
- Are the servo amplifier and external wiring (FLS, RLS, and DOG) correctly connected?

Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details of "Positioning test function".

Note that the monitor data of the "[Md.30] External input signal" in the GX Works2 may also be used to "confirm the connection between the Simple Motion module and external devices (input signals)".

#### Important

If the Simple Motion module is faulty, or when the required signals such as the near-point dog signal and forced stop signal are not recognized, unexpected accidents such as "not decelerating at the near-point dog during machine OPR and colliding with the stopper", or "not being able to stop with the forced stop signal" may occur. Execute a checking wiring of external input signal. The connection confirmation by positioning test function must be carried out not only when structuring the positioning system, but also when the system has been changed with module replacement or rewiring, etc.

#### 4.5 Maintenance

#### 4.5.1 Precautions for maintenance

The precautions for servicing the Simple Motion module are given below. Refer to this section as well as Section 4.1.3 "Handling precautions" when carrying out the work.

# **⚠DANGER**

 Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before clearing or tightening the connector screws.
 Not doing so could result in electric shocks.

# **∆** CAUTION

- Never try to disassemble or modify the modules.
   It may cause product failure, operation failure, injury or fires.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or removing the module.
  - Not doing so could result in electric shock, damage to the module or operation failure.

# 4.5.2 Disposal instructions

When you discard a Simple Motion module, a servo amplifier, a battery (primary battery) and other option articles, please follow the law of each country (area).

# **▲**CAUTION

- This product is not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.
- When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to install safety devices to forestall serious accidents when it is used in facilities where a breakdown in the product is likely to cause a serious accident.

# Chapter 5 Data Used for Positioning Control

The parameters and data used to carry out positioning control with the Simple Motion module are explained in this chapter.

With the positioning system using the Simple Motion module, the various parameters and data explained in this chapter are used for control. The parameters and data include parameters set according to the device configuration, such as the system configuration, and parameters and data set according to each control. Read this section thoroughly and make settings according to each control or application.

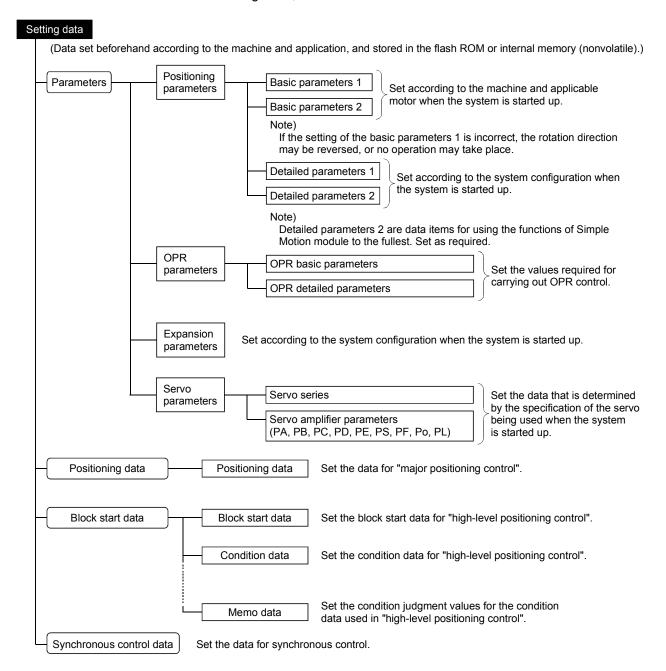
\*: Refer to "Section 2" for details on each control.

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# 5.1 Types of data

# 5.1.1 Parameters and data required for control

The parameters and data required to carry out control with the Simple Motion module include the "setting data", "monitor data" and "control data" shown below.



- ♦ The following methods are available for data setting:
  - Set using GX Works2.
  - Create the sequence program for data setting using GX Works2 and execute it. In this manual, the method using the GX Works2 will be explained. (Refer to "POINT" on the next page.)
- The basic parameters 1, detailed parameters 1, OPR parameters, "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis", "[Pr.89] Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection", "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode" and "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" become valid when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON.
- ♦ The basic parameters 2, detailed parameters 2 (Note that this excludes "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis", "[Pr.89] Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection", "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode" and "[Pr.95] External command signal selection".) become valid immediately when they are written to the buffer memory, regardless of the state of the PLC READY signal [Y0].
- ♦ The expansion parameter and servo parameter is transmitted from the Simple Motion module to the servo amplifier when the initialized communication carried out after the power supply is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset.

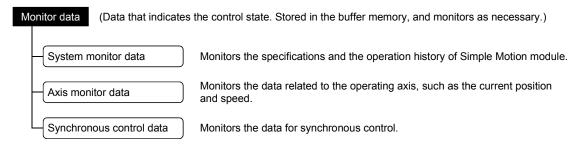
The power supply is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset after writing servo parameter in flash ROM of Simple Motion module if the servo parameter is transmitted to the servo amplifier.

The following servo parameter in the buffer memory is transmitted to the servo amplifier when the PLC READY [Y0] turns from OFF to ON.

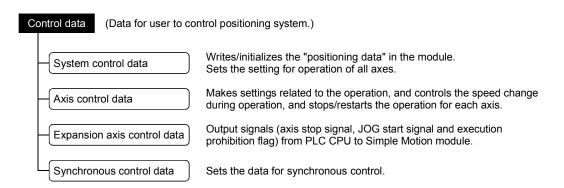
- "Auto tuning mode (PA08)"
- "Auto tuning response (PA09)"
- "Feed forward gain (PB04)"
- "Load to motor inertia ratio/load to motor mass ratio (PB06)"
- "Model loop gain (PB07)"
- "Position loop gain (PB08)"
- "Speed loop gain (PB09)"
- "Speed integral compensation (PB10)"
- "Speed differential compensation (PB11)"
- The only valid data assigned to basic parameter 2, detailed parameter 2, positioning data or block start data are the data read at the moment when a positioning or JOG operation is started. Once the operation has started, any modification to the data is ignored.

Exceptionally, however, modifications to the following are valid even when they are made during a positioning operation: acceleration time 0 to 3, deceleration time 0 to 3, and external command function.

- Acceleration time 0 to 3 and deceleration time 0 to 3:
  - Positioning data are pre-read and pre-analyzed. Modifications to the data four or more steps after the current step are valid.
- External command function selection: The value at the time of detection is valid.



- ♦ The following methods are available for data monitoring:
  - Set using GX Works2.
  - Create the sequence program for monitoring using GX Works2 and execute it. In this manual, the method using the GX Works2 will be explained.



Control using the control data is carried out with the sequence program.
"[Cd.41] Deceleration start flag valid" is valid for only the value at the time when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON.

#### **POINT**

- (1) The "setting data" is created for each axis.
- (2) The "setting data" parameters have determined default values, and are set to the default values before shipment from the factory. (Parameters related to axes that are not used are left at the default value.)
- (3) The "setting data" can be initialized with GX Works2 or the sequence program.
- (4) It is recommended to set the "setting data" with GX Works2. The sequence program for data setting is complicated and many devices must be used. This will increase the scan time.

# 5.1.2 Setting items for positioning parameters

The table below lists items set to the positioning parameters. The "positioning parameters" are set for each axis for all controls achieved by the Simple Motion

For details of controls, refer to "Section 2". For details of setting items, refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters".

		Control			N	lajor po	ositioni	ng cor	ntrol		Man	iual coi	ntrol	Expansion control	
				Posi	tion co	ntrol		ē	Other	control					
Positi	oning par	ameter	OPR control	1-axis linear control 2/3/4-axis linear interpolation control	1-axis fixed-feed control 2/3/4-axis fixed-feed control	2-axis circular interpolation control	1 to 4 axis speed control	Speed-position or position-speed control	Current value changing	JUMP instruction, NOP instruction, LOOP to LEND	Manual pulse generator operation	Inching operation	JOG operation	Speed-torque control	Related sub function
_	[Pr.1]	Unit setting	0	0	0	$\triangle$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_
Basic parameters	[Pr.2]	Number of pulses per rotation (AP) (Unit: PLS)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
para	[Pr.3]	Movement amount per rotation (AL)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13.3.2
asic	[Pr.4]	Unit magnification (AM)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
В	[Pr.7]	Bias speed at start	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	_	0	×	-
c ers 2	[Pr.8]	Speed limit value	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	0	0	0	13.4.1
Basic parameters	[Pr.9]	Acceleration time 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	13.7.6
park	[Pr.10]	Deceleration time 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	-	-	-	0	_	13.7.0
	[Pr.11]	Backlash compensation amount	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	-	13.3.1
	[Pr.12]	Software stroke limit upper limit value	_	0	0	0	0	0	-	_	0	0	0	0	
	[Pr.13]	Software stroke limit lower limit value	_	0	0	0	0	0	-	_	0	0	0	0	13.4.3
	[Pr.14]	Software stroke limit selection	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	13.4.3
	[Pr.15]	Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting	_	-	_	-	-	_	0	0	0	0	0	_	
<del>-</del>	[Pr.16]	Command in-position width	-	0	0	0	-	0	-	-	ı	_	-	-	13.7.5
Detailed parameters	[Pr.17]	Torque limit setting value	Δ	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	Δ	$\triangle$	Δ	0	13.4.2
ıram	[Pr.18]	M code ON signal output timing	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	_	-	-	13.7.3
ed ba	[Pr.19]	Speed switching mode	-	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	1	_	-	-	-
etaile	[Pr.20]	Interpolation speed designation method	_	Δ	$\triangle$	Δ	Δ	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
ă	[Pr.21]	Current feed value during speed control	-	-	-	-	0	0	_	_	-	-	-	-	_
	[Pr.22]	Input signal logic selection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	[Pr.24]	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection	-		-	-		-	-		0	-	-	-	
	[Pr.80]	External input signal selection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14.4
	[Pr.81]	Speed-position function selection	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	[Pr.82]	Forced stop valid/invalid selection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13.4.5

 $\odot$  : Always set

○ : Set as required ("-" when not required)

✓ : Setting not possible
 △ : Setting restricted
 - : Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. When the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)

		Control			N	lajor p	ositioni	ng con	ntrol		Mar	nual co	ntrol	Expansion control	
				Posi	tion co	ntrol		ō	Other	control					
Posit	ioning pal	OPR control	1-axis linear control 2/3/4-axis linear interpolation control	1-axis fixed-feed control 2/3/4-axis fixed-feed control	2-axis circular interpolation control	1 to 4 axis speed control	Speed-position or position-speed control	Current value changing	JUMP instruction, NOP instruction, LOOP to LEND	Manual pulse generator operation	Inching operation	JOG operation	Speed-torque control	Related sub function	
	[Pr.25]	Acceleration time 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	-	-	-	0	_	
	[Pr.26]	Acceleration time 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	0	-	
	[Pr.27]	Acceleration time 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	13.7.6
	[Pr.28]	Deceleration time 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	10.7.0
	[Pr.29]	Deceleration time 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	
	[Pr.30]	Deceleration time 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	-	-	-	0	-	
	[Pr.31]	JOG speed limit value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	-	13.4.1
	[Pr.32]	JOG operation acceleration time selection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	_
	[Pr.33]	JOG operation deceleration time selection	ı	-	1	ı	-	-	-	-	ı	ı	0	-	-
	[Pr.34]	Acceleration/deceleration process selection	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	0	_	
s 2	[Pr.35]	S-curve ratio	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	0	-	13.7. 6
eter	[Pr.36]	Sudden stop deceleration time	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	0	-	
ıram	[Pr.37]	Stop group 1 sudden stop selection	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	0	_	_
bg bg	[Pr.38]	Stop group 2 sudden stop selection	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	-	_	_	0	_	_
Detailed parameters	[Pr.39]	Stop group 3 sudden stop selection	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	_	ı	ı	0	_	_
۵	[Pr.40]	Positioning complete signal output time	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	ļ	-	_	-	_
	[Pr.41]	Allowable circular interpolation error width	-	_	-	0	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
	[Pr.42]	External command function selection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	0	_	13.5.1 13.7.2
	[Pr.83]	Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	13.7.10
	[Pr.84]	Restart allowable range when servo OFF to ON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	5.2.4
	[Pr.89]	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection	ı	-	1	-	_	-	_	-	0	-	-	-	5.2.4
	[Pr.90]	Operation setting for speed-torque control mode	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	0	12.1
	[Pr.95]	External command signal selection QD77MS16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	-	0	-	-

○: Always set

- O: Set as required ("-" when not required)
- -: Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. When the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)

#### Checking the positioning parameters

[Pr.1] to [Pr.90], [Pr.95] are checked with the following timing.

- When the "PLC READY signal [Y0]" output from the PLC CPU to the Simple Motion module changes from OFF to ON.
- When the positioning test of GX Works2 is executed.

# REMARK

"High-level positioning control" is carried out in combination with the "major positioning control".

Refer to the "major positioning control" parameter settings for details on the parameters required for "high-level positioning control".

#### 5.1.3 Setting items for OPR parameters

When carrying out "OPR control", the "OPR parameters" must be set. The setting items for the "OPR parameters" are shown below.

The "OPR parameters" are set for each axis.

Refer to Chapter 8 "OPR control" for details on the "OPR control", and refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for details on each setting item.

OPR	paramete	OPR control		Mach	ine OPR c	ontrol		Fast OPR control
OPR basic parameters	[Pr.43]	OPR method	Near-point dog method	Count method 1)	Count method 2)	Data set method	Scale origin signal detection method	
; paraı	[Pr.44]	OPR direction	0	0	0	0	0	
S basic	[Pr.45]	OP address	©	0	0	0	0	
OPR	[Pr.46]	OPR speed	0	0	0	ı	0	Preset parameters
	[Pr.47]	Creep speed	0	0	0	ı	0	are used for machine OPR
	[Pr.48] OPR retry		R	R	R	-	-	control.
	[Pr.50]	Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON	_	0	0	1	-	
(0	[Pr.51]	OPR acceleration time selection	0	0	0	ı	0	
meters	[Pr.52]	OPR deceleration time selection	0	0	0	-	0	
l para	[Pr.53]	OP shift amount	S	S	S	-	S	
etailec	[Pr.54]	OPR torque limit value	0	0	0	-	0	
OPR detailed parameters	[Pr.55]	Operation setting for incompletion of OPR	0	0	0	0	0	-
	[Pr.56]	Speed designation during OP shift	S	S	S	_	S	Preset parameters are used for
	[Pr.57]	Dwell time during OPR retry	R	R	R	-	-	machine OPR control.

O : Always set

Set as required

 Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. When the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)

R: Set when using the "13.2.1 OPR retry function" ("-" when not set)
S: Set when using the "13.2.2 OP shift function" ("-" when not set)

#### Checking the OPR parameters

[Pr.43] to [Pr.57] are checked with the following timing.

- When the "PLC READY signal [Y0]" output from the PLC CPU to the Simple Motion module changes from OFF to ON.
- When the positioning test of GX Works2 is executed.

## 5.1.4 Setting items for expansion parameters

The setting items for the "expansion parameters" are shown below. The "expansion parameters" are set for each axis.

Refer to "Section 2" for details on the each control, and refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for details on each setting item.

	Expansion parameter	Related sub function
[Pr.91]	Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1	
[Pr.92]	Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2	44.44
[Pr.93]	Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3	14.11
[Pr.94]	Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4	
[Pr.96]	Operation cycle setting	_
[Pr.97]	SSCNET setting	_
[Pr.114]	External command signal compensation valid/invalid setting	_

## 5.1.5 Setting items for servo parameters

The servo parameters are used to control the servo motor and the data that is determined by the specification of the servo amplifier being used.

The setting item is different depending on the servo amplifier being used. Refer to Section 5.2.8 "Servo parameters" for details.

	Servo parameter	Remark
[Pr.100]	Servo series	Set the servo series connected to Simple Motion module.
PA01 to PA32	PA group	
PB01 to PB64	PB group	
PC01 to PC64	PC group	
PD01 to PD48	PD group	
PE01 to PE64	PE group	Setting items are different according to the servo series.
PS01 to PS32	PS group	
PF01 to PF48	PF group	
Po01 to Po32	Po group	
PL01 to PL48	PL group	

## 5.1.6 Setting items for positioning data

Positioning data must be set for carrying out any "major positioning control". The table below lists the items to be set for producing the positioning data.

One to 600 positioning data items can be set for each axis.

For details of the major positioning controls, refer to Chapter 9 "Major Positioning Control". For details of the individual setting items, refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data".

	Major	positioning control	Pos	sition con	trol					0	ther control		
Positionir	og data		1-axis linear control 2/3/4-axis linear interpolation control	1-axis fixed-feed control 2/3/4-axis fixed-feed control	2-axis circular interpolation control	1 to 4 axis speed control	Speed-position switching control	Position-speed switching control	NOP instruction	Current value changing	JUMP instruction	ПООР	LEND
	Operation	Independent positioning control (Positioning complete)	0	0	0	©	0	0	-	©	-	-	-
[Da.1]	pattern	Continuous positioning control	0	©	0	×	0	×	-	0	-	-	-
		Continuous path control	0	×	0	×	×	×	-	×	-	-	_
[Da.2]	Control sys	stem	Linear 1 Linear 2 Linear 3 Linear 4 *	Fixed- feed 1 Fixed- feed 2 Fixed- feed 3 Fixed- feed 4	Circular sub Circular right Circular left *	Forward run speed 1 Reverse run speed 1 Forward run speed 2 Reverse run speed 2 Forward run speed 3 Reverse run speed 3 Reverse run speed 4 Reverse run speed 4	Forward run speed/ position Reverse run speed/ position	run position/ speed Reverse run position/ speed	NOP	Current value changing	JUMP instruction	LOOP	LEND
[Da.3]	Acceleration	on time No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	ı	-	-	-	-
[Da.4]		on time No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
[Da.5]	Axis to be QD77MS2	interpolated QD77MS4	⊚: 2 a	ixes –: 1	l axis, 3 a	xes, 4 axes	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
[Da.6]	Positioning movement	•	0	0	0	-	0	0	ı	New address	ı	ı	_
[Da.7]	Arc addres	SS	_	_	0	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
[Da.8]	Command	speed	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	_	-	_
[Da.9]	Dwell time	/JUMP destination g data No.	0	0	0	-	0	0	-	-	JUMP destination positioning data No.	-	-
[Da.10]		ondition data er of LOOP to etitions	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	JUMP condition data No.	Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	-

<sup>:</sup> Always set

<sup>○ :</sup> Set as required ("-" when not required)

<sup>× :</sup> Setting not possible (If set, the error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur at start.)

Setting not required

<sup>(</sup>The setting value is invalid. When the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)

<sup>\* :</sup>Two control systems are available: the absolute (ABS) system and incremental (INC) system.

	Major positioning control	Po	sition con	trol					0	ther control		
Positionin	ng data	1-axis linear control 2/3/4-axis linear interpolation control	1-axis fixed-feed control 2/3/4-axis fixed-feed control	2-axis circular interpolation control	1 to 4 axis speed control	Speed-position switching control	Position-speed switching control	NOP instruction	Current value changing	JUMP instruction	d007	LEND
[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated 1  QD77MS16	⊚:28	axes, 3 ax	es, 4 axe	s –: 1 axis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[Da.21] Axis to be interpolated 2 ©: 3 axes, 4 axes -: 1 a			axis, 2 axes	_	-	-	1	-	-	_		
[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated 3  QD77MS16	⊚:4 a	axes -: 1	1 axis, 2 a	xes, 3 axes	_	-	-	1	-	-	_

<sup>:</sup> Always set

## ■ Checking the positioning data

[Da.1] to [Da.10], [Da.20] to [Da.22] are checked at the following timings:

• Startup of a positioning operation

 $<sup>\ \</sup>bigcirc \$  : Set as required ("–" when not required)

<sup>× :</sup> Setting not possible (If set, the error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur at start.)

<sup>- :</sup> Setting not required

<sup>(</sup>The setting value is invalid. When the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)

<sup>\* :</sup>Two control systems are available: the absolute (ABS) system and incremental (INC) system.

## 5.1.7 Setting items for block start data

The "block start data" must be set when carrying out "high-level positioning control". The setting items for the "block start data" are shown below.

Up to 50 points of "block start data" can be set for each axis.

Refer to Chapter 10 "High-Level Positioning Control" for details on the "high-level positioning control", and to Section 5.4 "List of block start data" for details on each setting item.

Block sta	High-level positioning control art data		Condition start	Wait start	Simultaneous start	Repeated start (FOR loop)	Repeated start (FOR condition)
[Da.11]	Shape (end/continue)	0	0	0	0	0	0
[Da.12]	Start data No.	0	0	0	0	0	0
[Da.13]	Special start instruction	_	0	0	0	0	0
[Da.14]	Parameter	_	0	0	0	0	0

Checking the block start data [Da.11] to [Da.14] are checked with the following timing.

• When "Block start data" starts

<sup>Set as required ("-" when not required)
Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. When the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no</sup> problem.)

#### 5.1.8 Setting items for condition data

When carrying out "high-level positioning control" or using the JUMP instruction in the "major positioning control", the "condition data" must be set as required. The setting items for the "condition data" are shown below.

Up to 10 "condition data" items can be set for each axis.

Refer to Chapter 10 "High-Level Positioning Control" for details on the "high-level positioning control", and to Section 5.5 "List of condition data" for details on each setting item.

	Control		ositioning ntrol		Hiç	gh-level pos	itioning con	trol	
Condition	n data	Other than JUMP instruction	JUMP instruction	Block start (Normal start)	Condition start	Wait start	Simul- taneous start	Repeated start (FOR loop)	Repeated start (FOR condition)
[Da.15]	Condition target	-	0	-	0	0	0	-	0
[Da.16]	Condition operator	-	0	_	0	0	0	_	0
[Da.17]	Address	-	Δ	_	Δ	Δ	-	_	$\triangle$
[Da.18]	Parameter 1	_	0	_	0	0	Δ	_	0
[Da.19]	Parameter 2	_	Δ	_	Δ	Δ	Δ	_	Δ
[Da.23]	Number of simultaneously starting axes	-	_	-	-	-	0	-	-
[Da.24]	Simultaneously starting axis No.1	_	_	_	_	_	0	_	-
[Da.25]	Simultaneously starting axis No.2	_	_	_	-	_	0	_	-
[Da.26]	Simultaneously starting axis No.3	_	_	-	-	_	0	_	-

<sup>○:</sup> Set as required ("-" when not required)

#### Checking the condition data

[Da.15] to [Da.19], [Da.23] to [Da.26] are checked with the following timing.

- · When "Block start data" starts
- When "JUMP instruction" starts

 $<sup>\</sup>triangle$ : Setting limited

<sup>- :</sup> Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. When the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)

## 5.1.9 Types and roles of monitor data

The monitor data area in the buffer memory stores data relating to the operating state of the positioning system, which are monitored as required while the positioning system is operating.

The following data are available for monitoring.

#### · System monitoring:

Monitoring of the specification and operation history of Simple Motion module (system monitor data [Md.1] to [Md.19], [Md.50] to [Md.59], [Md.61], [Md.130] to [Md.135])

## • Axis operation monitoring:

Monitoring of the current position and speed, and other data related to the movements of axes (axis monitor data [Md.20] to [Md.48], [Md.100] to [Md.116], [Md.120] to [Md.125], [Md.500], [Md.502])

#### [1] Monitoring the system

#### ■ Monitoring the positioning system operation history

	Appitoring details			Corresponding item
	Monitoring details			Corresponding item
Whether the system is in t	he test mode or not		[Md.1]	In test mode flag
	Start information		[Md.3]	Start information
	Start No.		[Md.4]	Start No.
		Year: month	[Md.54]	Start Year: month
History of data that	Start	Day: hour	[Md.5]	Start Day: hour
started an operation		Minute: second	[Md.6]	Start Minute: second
	Error upon starting		[Md.7]	Error judgment
	Pointer No. next to the where the latest history	•	[Md.8]	Start history pointer
	Axis in which the erro	r occurred	[Md.9]	Axis in which the error occurred
	Axis error No.		[Md.10]	Axis error No.
	Servo alarm		[Md.57]	Servo alarm
	Driver operation alarn	n number	[Md.61]	Driver operation alarm number
History of all errors		Year: month	[Md.55]	Axis error occurrence (Year: month)
	Axis error occurrence	Day: hour	[Md.11]	Axis error occurrence (Day: hour)
	Coccinction	Minute: second	[Md.12]	Axis error occurrence (Minute: second)
	Pointer No. next to the where the latest history		[Md.13]	Error history pointer

	Monitoring details			Corresponding item
	Monitoring details		FN 4 1 4 43	Corresponding item
	Axis in which the warni	ng occurred	[Md.14]	Axis in which the warning occurred
	Axis warning No.		[Md.15]	Axis warning No.
	Servo warning		[Md.58]	Servo warning
History of all warnings		Year: month	[Md.56]	Axis warning occurrence (Year: month)
History of all warnings	Axis warning	Day: hour	[Md.16]	Axis warning occurrence (Day: hour)
	occurrence	Minute: second	[Md.17]	Axis warning occurrence (Minute: second)
	Pointer No. next to the the latest history is store	•	[Md.18]	Warning history pointer
Number of write accesses to the flash ROM after the power is switched ON	Number of write access	ses to flash ROM	[Md.19]	Number of write accesses to flash ROM
Forced stop input signal (EMI) turn ON/OFF	Forced stop input signal information	al (EMI)	[Md.50]	Forced stop input
Monitor whether the syste	m is in amplifier-less op	eration	[Md.51]	Amplifier-less operation mode status
Monitor the detection state amplifiers	us of axis that set comm	unication between	[Md.52]	Communication between amplifiers axes searching flag
Monitor the connect/disco	nnect status of SSCNET	Communication	[Md.53]	SSCNET control status
Monitor the first five digits	of product information		[Md.130]	OS version
Monitor the RUN status of	digital oscilloscope		[Md.131]	Digital oscilloscope executing
Monitor the current operat	ion cycle.	[Md.132]	Operation cycle setting	
Monitor whether the opera	ation cycle time exceeds	[Md.133]	Operation cycle over flag	
Monitor the time that took	for operation every oper	[Md.134]	Operation time	
Monitor the maximum valu power supply ON.	ue of operation time afte	r each module's	[Md.135]	Maximum operation time
Store the module informat	ion		[Md.59]	Module information

# [2] Monitoring the axis operation state

# ■ Monitoring the position

Monitor details	Corresponding item
Monitor the current machine feed value	[Md.21] Machine feed value
Monitor the current "current feed value"	[Md.20] Current feed value
Monitor the current target value	[Md.32] Target value

# ■ Monitoring the speed

	Moi	nitor details			Corresponding item
	During indepe	endent axis control	Indicates the speed of each axis		
	During	When "0: Composite speed" is set for "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method"	Indicates the composite speed	[Md.22]	Feedrate
Monitor the current speed	interpolation control	When "1: Reference axis speed" is set for "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method"	Indicates the reference axis speed		
	Monitor "[Da.8 executed.	B] Command speed" cur	rently being	[Md.27]	Current speed
	Constantly inc	dicates the speed of eac	h axis	[Md.28]	Axis feedrate
Monitor the curr	ent target spee	ed	[Md.33]	Target speed	
		t speed control mode or de in the speed-torque c		[Md.122]	Speed during command

# ■ Monitoring the status of servo amplifier

<u> </u>	
Monitor details	Corresponding item
Monitor the real current value (current feed value - deviation counter).	[Md.101] Real current value
Monitor the difference between current feed value and real current value.	[Md.102] Deviation counter value
Monitor the motor speed of servo motor.	[Md.103] Motor rotation speed
Monitor the current value of servo motor.	[Md.104] Motor current value
Monitor the software No. of servo amplifier.	[Md.106] Servo amplifier software No.
Monitor the parameter No. that an error occurred.	[Md.107] Parameter error No.
	[Md.108] Servo status
Monitor the status (servo status) of servo amplifier.	[Md.125] Servo status3
	[Md.500] Servo status7
Monitor the percentage of regenerative power to permissible regenerative value.	rMd 1001 Regenerative load ratio/Optional data
Monitor the content of "[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1" at optional data monitor data type setting.	[Md.109] Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1
<ul> <li>Monitor the continuous effective load torque.</li> <li>Monitor the content of "[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" at optional data monitor data type setting.</li> </ul>	[Md.110] Effective load torque/Optional data monitor output 2
<ul> <li>Monitor the maximum generated torque.</li> <li>Monitor the content of "[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3" at optional data monitor data type setting.</li> </ul>	[Md.111] Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3
Monitor the content of "[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4" at optional data monitor data type setting.	[Md.112] Optional data monitor output 4
Monitor the status of semi closed loop control/fully closed loop control.	[Md.113] Semi/Fully closed loop status
Monitor the alarm of servo amplifier.	[Md.114] Servo alarm
Monitor the option information of encoder.	[Md.116] Encoder option information
Monitor the driver operation alarm number.	[Md.502] Driver operation alarm number

# ■ Monitoring the state

Monitor details	Corresponding item
Monitor the axis operation state	[Md.26] Axis operation status
Monitor the latest error code that occurred with the axis	[Md.23] Axis error No.
Monitor the latest warning code that occurred with the axis	[Md.24] Axis warning No.
Monitor the external input/output signal and flag	[Md.30] External input signal
Monitor the external inpurodiput signal and mag	[Md.31] Status
Monitor the valid M codes	[Md.25] Valid M code
Monitor whether the speed is being limited	[Md.39] In speed limit flag
Monitor whether the speed is being changed	[Md.40] In speed change processing flag
Monitor the "start data" point currently being executed	[Md.43] Start data pointer being executed
Monitor the "positioning data No." currently being executed	[Md.44] Positioning data No. being executed
Monitor the remaining number of repetitions (special start)	[Md.41] Special start repetition counter
Monitor the remaining number of repetitions (control system)	[Md.42] Control system repetition counter

# Chapter 5 Data Used for Positioning Control

Monitor details	Corresponding item		
Monitor the block No.	[Md.45]	Block No. being executed	
Monitor the current torque limit value		Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value	
•	[Md.120]	Reverse torque limit stored value	
Monitor the command torque at torque control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode in the speed-torque control.	[Md.123]	Torque during command	
Monitor the switching status of control mode.	[Md.124]	Control mode switching status	
Monitor the "instruction code" of the special start data when using special start	[Md.36]	Special start data instruction code setting value	
Monitor the "instruction parameter" of the special start data when using special start	[Md.37]	Special start data instruction parameter setting value	
Monitor the "start data No." of the special start data when using special start	[Md.38]	Start positioning data No. setting value	
Monitor the "positioning data No." executed last	[Md.46]	Last executed positioning data No.	
Monitor the positioning data currently being executed	[Md.47]	Positioning data being executed	
Monitor the movement amount after the current position control switching when using "speed-position switching control".	[Md.29]	Speed-position switching control positioning amount	
Monitor switching from the constant speed status or acceleration status to the deceleration status during position control whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete"	[Md.48]	Deceleration start flag	
Monitor the movement amount from near-point dog ON to machine OPR completion.	[Md.34]	Movement amount after near-point dog ON	
Monitor the distance that travels to zero point after stop once at OPR.	[Md.100]	OPR re-travel value	

#### 5.1.10 Types and roles of control data

Operation of the positioning system is achieved through the execution of necessary controls. (Data required for controls are given through the default values when the power is switched ON, which can be modified as required by the sequence program.) Items that can be controlled are described below.

#### • Controlling the system data :

Setting and resetting "setting data" of Simple Motion module (system control data [Cd.1], [Cd.2], [Cd.47])

#### • Controlling the operation :

Setting operation parameters, changing speed during operation, interrupting or restarting operation, etc. (system control data [Cd.41], [Cd.42], [Cd.44], [Cd.102], [Cd.137], axis control data [Cd.3] to [Cd.40], [Cd.43], [Cd.45], [Cd.46], [Cd.100], [Cd.101], [Cd.108], [Cd.112], [Cd.113], [Cd.130] to [Cd.133], [Cd.136] to [Cd.154], expansion axis control data [Cd.180] to [Cd.183])

## [1] Controlling the system data

#### Setting and resetting the setting data

Control details	Controlled data item		
Write setting data from buffer memory to flash ROM.	[Cd.1]	Flash ROM write request	
Reset (initialize) parameters.	[Cd.2]	Parameter initialization request	
Set initial value of QD75MH in setting data.	[Cd.47]	QD75MH initial value setting request	

# [2] Controlling the operation

# ■ Controlling the operation

Control details	Corresponding item			
Set which positioning to execute (start No.).	[Cd.3]	Positioning start No.		
Clear (reset) the axis error ([Md.23]) and warning ([Md.24]).	[Cd.5]	Axis error reset		
Issue instruction to restart (When axis operation is stopped).	[Cd.6]	Restart command		
Stop axis in control.	[Cd.180]	Axis stop QD77MS16		
Execute start request of JOG operation or inching operation.	[Cd.181]	Forward run JOG start QD77MS16		
Execute start request of 300 operation of inching operation.	[Cd.182]	Reverse run JOG start QD77MS16		
Execute pre-reading at positioning start.	[Cd.183]	Execution prohibition flag QD77MS16		
Set start point No. for executing block start.	[Cd.4]	Positioning starting point No.		
Stop continuous control.	[Cd.18]	Interrupt request during continuous operation		
Set number of simultaneous starting axes and target axis.	[Cd.43]	Simultaneous starting axis QD77MS16		
Set axis 1 start data Nos. for axes that start up simultaneously.		Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.) QD77MS2 QD77MS4		
Set start data No. of own axis at multiple axes simultaneous starting.		Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. QD77MS16		
Set axis 2 start data Nos. for axes that start up simultaneously.		Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.) QD77MS2 QD77MS4		
Set start data No.1 for axes that start up simultaneously.		Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1 QD77MS16		
Set axis 3 start data Nos. for axes that start up simultaneously.		Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.)		
Set start data No.2 for axes that start up simultaneously.	[Cd.32]	Simultaneous starting axis start data No.2		
Set axis 4 start data Nos. for axes that start up simultaneously.		Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.) QD77MS4		
Set start data No.3 for axes that start up simultaneously.		Simultaneous starting axis start data No.3		
Specify write destination for teaching results.	[Cd.38]	Teaching data selection		
Specify data to be taught.	[Cd.39]	Teaching positioning data No.		
Set the status of the external input signal (upper/lower limit switch signal, near-point dog signal, stop signal).	[Cd.44]	External input signal operation device		

# ■ Controlling operation per step

Control details	Corresponding item
Stop positioning operation after each operation.	[Cd.35] Step valid flag
Set unit to carry out step.	[Cd.34] Step mode
Continuous operation from stopped step.	[Cd.36] Step start information

# ■ Controlling the speed

Control details	Corresponding item		
Set new speed when changing speed during operation.	[Cd.14]	New speed value	
Issue instruction to change speed in operation to [Cd.14] value. (Only during positioning operation and JOG operation).	[Cd.15]	Speed change request	
Change positioning operation speed between 1 and 300% range.	[Cd.13]	Positioning operation speed override	
Set inching movement amount.	[Cd.16]	Inching movement amount	
Set JOG speed.	[Cd.17]	JOG speed	
When changing acceleration time during speed change, set new acceleration time.	[Cd.10]	New acceleration time value	
When changing deceleration time during speed change, set new deceleration time.	[Cd.11]	New deceleration time value	
Set acceleration/deceleration time validity during speed change.	[Cd.12]	Acceleration/deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection	

# ■ Change operation mode

Control details	Corresponding item		
Change operation mode.	[Cd.137] Amplifier-less operation mode switching request		

# ■ Making settings related to operation

Control details		Corresponding item
Turn M code ON signal OFF.	[Cd.7]	M code OFF request
Set new value when changing current value.	[Cd.9]	New current value
Validate switching signal set in "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection".	[Cd.24]	Speed-position switching enable flag
Change movement amount for position control during speed- position switching control (INC mode).	[Cd.23]	Speed-position switching control movement amount change register
Validate switching signal set in "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection".	[Cd.26]	Position-speed switching enable flag
Change speed for speed control during position-speed switching control.	[Cd.25]	Position-speed switching control speed change register
Set up a flag when target position is changed during positioning.	[Cd.29]	Target position change request flag
Set new positioning address when changing target position during positioning.	[Cd.27]	Target position change value(New address)
Set new speed when changing target position during positioning.	[Cd.28]	Target position change value(New speed)
Set absolute (ABS) moving direction in degrees.	[Cd.40]	ABS direction in degrees
Set manual pulse generator operation validity.	[Cd.21]	Manual pulse generator enable flag
Set scale per pulse of number of input pulses from manual pulse generator.	[Cd.20]	Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification
Change OPR request flag from "ON to OFF".	[Cd.19]	OPR request flag OFF request
Validate external command signal.	[Cd.8]	External command valid

	Control details		Corresponding item
Set "same sett	ing/individual setting" of the forward torque limit value	[Cd 440]	-
	ue limit value in the torque change function.	[Ca.112]	Torque change function switching request
Change "[Md.3 stored value".	85] Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit	[Cd.22]	New torque value/forward new torque value
Change "[Md.1	20] Reverse torque limit stored value".	[Cd.113]	Reverse new torque value
Set whether "[	Md.48] Deceleration start flag" is valid or invalid	[Cd.41]	Deceleration start flag valid
•	ommand processing for deceleration stop function curve re-processing/deceleration curve continuation)	[Cd.42]	Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection
Set the device	used for speed-position switching.	[Cd.45]	Speed-position switching device selection
Switch speed-	position control.	[Cd.46]	Speed-position switching command
Turn the servo	OFF for each axis.	[Cd.100]	Servo OFF command
Set torque limi	t value	[Cd.101]	Torque output setting value
Set the connec	ct/disconnect of SSCNET communication.	[Cd.102]	SSCNET control command
Set whether ga	ain changing is execution or not.	[Cd.108]	Gain changing command
Set the semi c	osed loop control/fully closed loop control.	[Cd.133]	Semi/Fully closed loop switching request
Set the PI-PID	switching to servo amplifier.	[Cd.136]	PI-PID switching request
	Switch the control mode.	[Cd.138]	Control mode switching request
	Set the control mode to switch.	[Cd.139]	Control mode setting
	Set the command speed during speed control mode.	[Cd.140]	Command speed at speed control mode
	Set the acceleration time during speed control mode.	[Cd.141]	Acceleration time at speed control mode
	Set the deceleration time during speed control mode.		Deceleration time at speed control mode
	Set the command torque during torque control mode.		Command torque at torque control mode
	Set the time constant at driving of torque control mode.		Torque time constant at torque control mode (Forward direction)
	Set the time constant at regeneration of torque control mode.	[Cd.145]	Torque time constant at torque control mode (Negative direction)
	Set the speed limit value during torque control mode.	[Cd.146]	Speed limit value at torque control mode
	Set the command speed during continuous operation to torque control mode.	[Cd.147]	Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode
Speed-torque control	Set the acceleration time during continuous operation to torque control mode.	[Cd.148]	Acceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode
	Set the deceleration time during continuous operation to torque control mode.	[Cd.149]	Deceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode
	Set the target torque during continuous operation to torque control mode.	[Cd.150]	Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode
	Set the time constant at driving of continuous operation to torque control mode.	[Cd.151]	Torque time constant at continuous operation to torque control mode (Forward direction)
	Set the time constant at regeneration of continuous operation to torque control mode.	[Cd.152]	Torque time constant at continuous operation to torque control mode (Negative direction)
	Set the switching conditions for switching to continuous operation to torque control mode.	[Cd.153]	Control mode auto-shift selection
	Set the condition value when "[Cd.153] Control mode auto-shift selection" is set.	[Cd.154]	Control mode auto-shift parameter

## 5.2 List of parameters

The setting items of the positioning parameter, OPR parameter or servo parameter are explained in this section.

Guide to buffer memory address
 In the buffer memory address, "n" in "1+150n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n
1	0	5	4	9	8	13	12
2	1	6	5	10	9	14	13
3	2	7	6	11	10	15	14
4	3	8	7	12	11	16	15

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis. (Example) For axis No. 16

1+150n ([Pr.4] Unit magnification (AM))=1+150×15=2251

(Note-2): The range from axis No.1 to 2 (n=0 to 1) is valid in the QD77MS2.

(Note-3): The range from axis No.1 to 4 (n=0 to 3) is valid in the QD77MS4.

## 5.2.1 Basic parameters 1

		Setting value, setting range		Default	Buffer memory address		
Item		Value set with GX Works2 Value set with sequence program		value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
		0 : mm	0				
IDr 1	I] Unit setting	1 : inch	1	3	0.1450m		
ĮΡI.	rj Onit setting	2 : degree 2		3	0+150n		
		3 : PLS	3				
per pulse	[Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation (AP) (Unit : PLS)	1 1 to 20000000 1 1 to 2000000 1 20000 1				2+150n 3+150n	
amount	[Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation (AL)	The setting value range differs as setting".	The setting value range differs according to the "[Pr.1] Unit setting".		4+1 5+1		
Movement		1 : 1 times	1				
em	[Pr.4]	10 : 10 times	10	4	4.4	FO	
Ιó	Unit magnification (AM)	100 : 100 times	100	I	1+1	50n	
_		1000 : 1000 times	1000				
-	[Pr.7] The setting value range differs according to the "[Pr.1] Unit setting".		ccording to the "[Pr.1] Unit	0	6+1 7+1		

n: Axis No.-1

#### [Pr.1] Unit setting

Set the unit used for defining positioning operations. Choose from the following units depending on the type of the control target: mm, inch, degree, or PLS. Different units can be defined for different axes.

(Example) Different units (mm, inch, degree, and PLS) are applicable to different systems:

- mm or inch...... X-Y table, conveyor (Select mm or inch depending on the machine specifications.)
- degree ...... Rotating body (360 degrees/rotation)
- PLS..... X-Y table, conveyor
- \*: When you change the unit, note that the values of other parameters and data will not be changed automatically.

After changing the unit, check if the parameter and data values are within the allowable range.

Set "degree" to exercise speed-position switching control (ABS mode).

#### [Pr.2] to [Pr.4] Electronic gear (Movement amount per pulse)

Mechanical system value used when the Simple Motion module performs positioning control.

The settings are made using [Pr.2] to [Pr.4].

The electronic gear is expressed by the following equation.

\*: When positioning has been performed, an error (mechanical system error) may be produced between the specified movement amount and the actual movement amount. (Refer to Section 13.3.2 "Electronic gear function".)

#### **POINT**

(1) Set the electronic gear within the following range.

If the value outside the setting range is set, the error "Outside electronic gear setting range" (error code: 907) will occur.

• Product information is before 150410000000000.

$$0.001 \le \text{ Electronic gear } \left(\frac{AP}{AL \times AM}\right) \le 20000$$

• Product information is 15041000000000 or later.

$$0.001 \le \text{Electronic gear}\left(\frac{AP}{AL \times AM}\right) \le 320000$$

\*: For the movement amount per rotation (AL) which is used for the calculation of the electronic gear above, convert into the unit shown in the "Value set with sequence program" of the table in "[Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation (AL)" and "[Pr.4] Unit magnification (AM)".

(2) The result of below calculation (round up after decimal point) is a minimum pulse when the current feed value is updated at follow-up processing. (The movement amount for droop pulse is reflected as the current feed value when the droop pulse becomes more than above calculated value in pulse unit of motor end.)

Number of pulses per rotation (AP)  $\div$  (Movement amount per rotation (AL)  $\times$  Unit magnification (AM)  $\times$  3375)[PLS]

Refer to Section 13.8.2 for the follow-up processing.

(Example)

• When an error does not occur

In the case of AP = 4194304 [PLS], AL = 2000000 [ $\times$  10<sup>-5</sup> degree], and AM = 1, the value is within the range as follows.

Electronic gear = 
$$\frac{AP}{AL \times AM} = \frac{4194304}{2000000 \times 1} = 2.097152$$

· When an error occurs

In the case of AP = 4194304 [PLS], AL = 10 [ $\times$  10<sup>-1</sup> µm], and AM = 1, the value is out of the range as follows.

Electronic gear = 
$$\frac{AP}{AL \times AM} = \frac{4194304}{10 \times 1} = 419430.4$$

#### [Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation (AP)

Set the number of pulses required for a complete rotation of the motor shaft. If you are using the Mitsubishi servo amplifier MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-B, set the value given as the "resolution per servomotor rotation" in the speed/position detector specifications.

Number of pulses per rotation (AP) = Resolution per servomotor rotation

#### [Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation (AL), [Pr.4] Unit magnification (AM)

The amount how the workpiece moves with one motor rotation is determined by the mechanical structure.

If the worm gear lead ( $\mu m/rev$ ) is PB and the deceleration rate is 1/n, then

Movement amount per rotation (AL) = PB  $\times$  1/n

However, the maximum value that can be set for this "movement amount per rotation (AL)" parameter is  $20000000.0 \mu m$  (20m). Set the "movement amount per rotation (AL)" as shown below so that the "movement amount per rotation (AL)" does not exceed this maximum value.

Movement amount per rotation (AL)

- $= PB \times 1/n$
- = Movement amount per rotation (AL) × Unit magnification (AM)
- Note) The unit magnification (AM) is a value of 1, 10, 100 or 1000. If the "PB  $\times$  1/n" value exceeds 20000000.0µm (20m), adjust with the unit magnification so that the "movement amount per rotation (AL)" does not exceed 20000000.0µm (20m).
- \*1: Refer to Section 13.3.2 "Electronic gear function" information about electric gear.

[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	0.1 to 2000000.0 (μm)	1 to 200000000 (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)
1 : inch	0.00001 to 2000.00000 (inch)	1 to 200000000 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)
2 : degree	0.00001 to 2000.00000 (degree)	1 to 200000000 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)
3:PLS	1 to 200000000 (PLS)	1 to 200000000 (PLS)

#### [Pr.7] Bias speed at start

Set the bias speed (minimum speed) upon starting. When using a stepping motor, etc., set it to start the motor smoothly. (If the motor speed at start is low, the stepping motor does not start smoothly.)

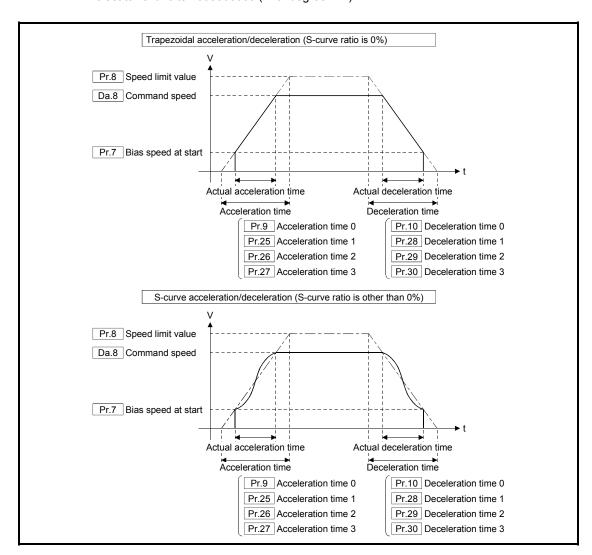
The specified "bias speed at start" will be valid during the following operations:

- Positioning operation
- OPR operation
- JOG operation

Set the value that the bias speed should not exceed "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".

[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	0.00 to 20000000.00 (mm/min)	0 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min)
1 : inch	0.000 to 2000000.000 (inch/min)	0 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> inch/min)
2 : degree	0.000 to 2000000.000 (degree/min) *1	0 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min) *2
3 : PLS	0 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)	0 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)

- \*1: Range of speed limit value when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to valid: 0.00 to 20000000.00 (degree/min)
- \*2: Range of speed limit value when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to valid: 0 to 2000000000 (×10<sup>-2</sup>degree/min)



#### **POINT**

For the 2-axis or more interpolation control, the bias speed at start is applied by the setting of "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method".

• "0: Composite speed" : Bias speed at start set to the reference axis is applied to the composite command speed.

• "1: Reference axis speed": Bias speed at start is applied to the reference axis.

#### (1) Precautionary notes

- (a) "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start" is valid regardless of motor type. Set "0" when using the motor other than the stepping motor. Otherwise, it may cause vibration or impact even though an error does not occur.
- (b) Set "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start" according to the specification of stepping motor driver. If the setting is outside the range, it may cause the following troubles by rapid speed change or overload.
  - · Stepping motor steps out.
  - An error occurs in the stepping motor driver.
- (c) In synchronous control, when "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start" is set to the servo input axis, the bias speed at start is applied to the servo input axis. Note that the unexpected operation might be generated to the output axis.
- (d) Set "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start" within the following range.

"[Pr.8] Speed limit value" >= "[Pr.46] OPR speed" >= "[Pr.47] Creep speed" >= "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start"

- (e) If following data are less than "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start", the warning "Below bias speed" (warning code: 114) will occur, and it will operate at "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start".
  - "[Da.8] Command speed" of positioning data
  - "[Da.8] Command speed" of next point for continuous path control
  - "[Cd.14] New speed value" for speed change function
- (f) When using S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing and bias speed at start together, S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing is carried out based on the acceleration/deceleration time set by user, "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" and "[Pr.35] S-curve ratio" (1 to 100%) in the section of acceleration/deceleration from bias speed at start to command speed.

#### 5.2.2 Basic parameters 2

	Setting value, setting range		Default	Buffer memory address	
Item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Pr.8] Speed limit value	The setting range differs depending on the "[Pr.1] Unit setting".		200000	10+150n 11+150n	
[Pr.9] Acceleration time 0	1 to 8388608 (ms) 1 to 8388608 (ms)		1000	12+150n 13+150n	
[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0	1 to 8388608 (ms)	1 to 8388608 (ms)	1000	14+150n 15+150n	

n: Axis No.-1

[Pr.8] Speed limit value

Set the maximum speed during positioning, OPR and speed-torque operations.

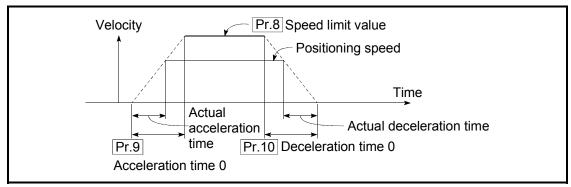
[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	0.01 to 20000000.00 (mm/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min)
1 : inch	0.001 to 2000000.000 (inch/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> inch/min)
2 : degree	0.001 to 2000000.000 (degree/min) *1	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min) *2
3:PLS	1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)	1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)

- \*1: Range of speed limit value when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to valid: 0.01 to 20000000.00 (degree/min).
- \*2: Range of speed limit value when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to valid: 1 to 2000000000 ( $\times 10^{-2}$  degree/min)

#### [Pr.9] Acceleration time 0, [Pr.10] Deceleration time 0

"[Pr.9] Acceleration time 0" specifies the time for the speed to increase from zero to the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" ("[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control).

"[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" specifies the time for the speed to decrease from the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" ("[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control) to zero.



- 1) If the positioning speed is set lower than the parameter-defined speed limit value, the actual acceleration/deceleration time will be relatively short. Thus, set the maximum positioning speed equal to or only a little lower than the parameter-defined speed limit value.
- 2) These settings are valid for OPR, positioning and JOG operations.
- 3) When the positioning involves interpolation, the acceleration/deceleration time defined for the reference axis is valid.

# 5.2.3 Detailed parameters 1

	Setting value, setting range			Buffer memory address		
Item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program	Default value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.11]  Backlash compensation amount			0	17+ <sup>-</sup>	150n	
[Pr.12] Software stroke limit upper limit value	The setting value range differs accordant setting.	The setting value range differs according to the "[Pr.1] Unit setting".				
[Pr.13] Software stroke limit lower limit value			-2147483648		150n 150n	
[Pr.14] Software stroke limit	Apply software stroke limit on current feed value	0	- O	22+	150n	
selection	Apply software stroke limit on machine feed value	1	Ů	221	13011	
[Pr.15] Software stroke limit	Software stroke limit valid during JOG operation, inching operation and manual pulse generator operation	0	- O	23+150n		
valid/invalid setting	Software stroke limit invalid during JOG operation, inching operation and manual pulse generator operation	1	0 23		13011	
[Pr.16] Command in-position width	The setting value range differs depe setting".	nding on the "[Pr.1] Unit	100		150n 150n	
[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value	1 to 1000 (%)	1 to 1000 (%)	300	26+	150n	
[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing	0: WITH mode 1: After mode	0 1	0	27+	27+150n	
[Pr.19] Speed switching mode	Standard speed switching mode     Front-loading speed switching     mode	<u>0</u>	0	28+	150n	
[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method	Composite speed     Reference axis speed	1	. 0	29+150n		
[Pr.21] Current feed value	Do not update current feed value     Update current feed value	0	O	0 30+150n		
during speed control	2: Clear current feed value to zero	2				

n: Axis No.-1

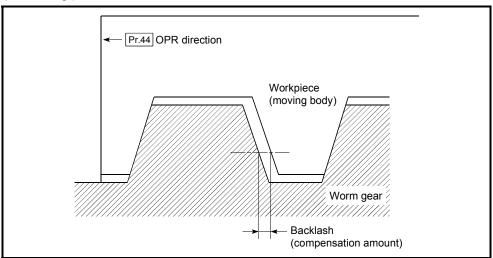
	Setting value, setting range			Buffer memory address	
Item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program	Default value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4 QD77MS16	
[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection	b0 Lower limit b1 Upper limit b2 Not used b3 Stop signal  External command/ switching signal b5 Not used b6 Near-point dog signal b7 Not used Manual pulse b8 generator input (Note-1) D1 (Note-1): Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.	1514131211109 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1b0  Always "0" is set to the part not used.	0	31+150n	
[Pr.80] External input signal selection	O: External input signal of QD77MS  QD77MS2  QD77MS4  1: External input signal of servo amplifier  2: Buffer memory of QD77MS  3: External input signal 1 of QD77MS  QD77MS  QD77MS16  4: External input signal 2 of QD77MS  QD77MS16  5: External input signal 3 of QD77MS  QD77MS16  6: External input signal 4 of QD77MS  QD77MS16	0 1 2 3 4 5 6	QD77MS2 : 0 QD77MS4 : 0 QD77MS16: 1	32+150n	
[Pr.24] Manual pulse generator/ Incremental synchronous encoder input selection	0: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 4 1: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 2 2: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 1 3: PLS/SIGN	0 1 2 3	0	33	
[Pr.81] Speed-position function selection	Speed-position switching control (INC mode)     Speed-position switching control (ABS mode)	2	0	34+150n	
[Pr.82] Forced stop valid/invalid selection	0: Valid 1: Invalid	0 1	0	35	

n: Axis No.-1

#### [Pr.11] Backlash compensation amount

The error that occurs due to backlash when moving the machine via gears can be compensated.

(When the backlash compensation amount is set, commands equivalent to the compensation amount will be output each time the direction changes during positioning.)



- The backlash compensation is valid after machine OPR. Thus, if the backlash compensation amount is set or changed, always carry out machine OPR once.
- 2) "[Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation", "[Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation", "[Pr.4] Unit magnification" and "[Pr.11] Backlash compensation amount" which satisfies the following (1) can be set up.
  - Product information is before 141220000000000.

$$0 \le \frac{\text{([Pr.11] Backlash compensation amount)} \times \text{([Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation)}}{\text{([Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation)}} (= A) \le 65535 (PLS) ....(1)$$

(round down after decimal point)

• Product information is 14122000000000 or later.

$$0 \le \frac{([Pr.11] \text{ Backlash compensation amount}) \times ([Pr.2] \text{ Number of pulses per rotation})}{([Pr.3] \text{ Movement amount per rotation}) \times ([Pr.4] \text{ Unit magnification})} (= A) \le 4194303 (PLS) ....(1)$$

(round down after decimal point)

The error "Backlash compensation amount error" (error code: 920) occurs when the setting is outside the range of the calculation result of (1). A servo alarm (error code: 2031, 2035, etc.) may occur by kinds of servo amplifier (servomotor), load inertia moment and the amount of command of a cycle time (Simple Motion module) even if the setting is within the calculation result of (1).

Reduce the setting value of "[Pr.11] Backlash compensation amount" or increase the operation cycle by "[Pr.96] Operation cycle setting" if a servo alarm occurs. Use the value of the following (2) as a measure that a servo alarm does not occur.

$$A \leq \frac{\text{(Maximum motor speed (r/min))} \times 1.2 \times \text{(Encoder resolution (PLS/r))} \times \text{(Operation cycle (ms))}}{60(s) \times 1000 \text{ (ms)}} \text{(PLS)} \dots \text{(2)}$$

[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit) *
0 : mm	0 to 6553.5 (μm)	0 to 65535 (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)
1 : inch	0 to 0.65535 (inch)	0 to 65535 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)
2 : degree	0 to 0.65535 (degree)	0 to 65535 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)
3 : PLS	0 to 65535 (PLS)	0 to 65535 (PLS)

\* 0 to 32767 : Set as a decimal

32768 to 65535: Convert into hexadecimal and set

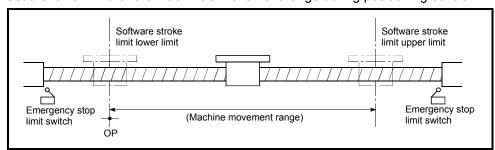
#### [Pr.12] Software stroke limit upper limit value

Set the upper limit for the machine's movement range during positioning control.

[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	-214748364.8 to 214748364.7 (μm)	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)
1 : inch	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647(inch)	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)
2 : degree	0 to 359.99999 (degree)	0 to 35999999 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)
3 : PLS	-2147483648 to 2147483647(PLS)	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (PLS)

#### [Pr.13] Software stroke limit lower limit value

Set the lower limit for the machine's movement range during positioning control.



- 1) Generally, the OP is set at the lower limit or upper limit of the stroke limit.
- 2) By setting the upper limit value or lower limit value of the software stroke limit, overrun can be prevented in the software. However, an emergency stop limit switch must be installed nearby outside the range.

To invalidate the software stroke limit, set the setting value to "upper limit value = lower limit value". (If it is within the setting range, the setting value can be anything.)

When the unit is "degree", the software stroke limit check is invalid during speed control (including the speed control in speed-position and position-speed switching control) or during manual control.

#### [Pr.14] Software stroke limit selection

Set whether to apply the software stroke limit on the "current feed value" or the "machine feed value". The software stroke limit will be validated according to the set value.

To invalidate the software stroke limit, set the setting value to "current feed value". When "2: degree" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting", set the setting value of software stroke limit to "current feed value".

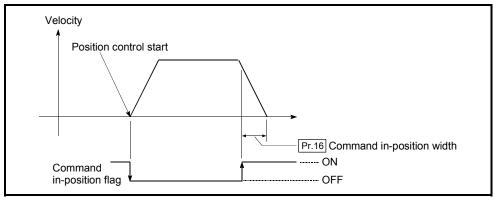
The error "Software stroke limit selection" (error code: 923) will occur if "machine feed value" is set.

#### [Pr.15] Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting

Set whether to validate the software stroke limit during JOG/Inching operation and manual pulse generator operation.

#### [Pr.16] Command in-position width

Set the remaining distance that turns the command in-position ON. The command in-position signal is used as a front-loading signal of the positioning complete signal. When positioning control is started, the "Command in-position flag ([Md.31] Status: b2)" turns OFF, and the "command in-position flag" turns ON at the set position of the command in-position signal.



[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	0.1 to 214748364.7 (µm)	1 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-1</sup> µm)
1 : inch	0.00001 to 21474.83647 (inch)	1 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)
2 : degree	0.00001 to 21474.83647 (degree)	1 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)
3 : PLS	1 to 2147483647 (PLS)	1 to 2147483647 (PLS)

## [Pr.17] Torque limit setting value

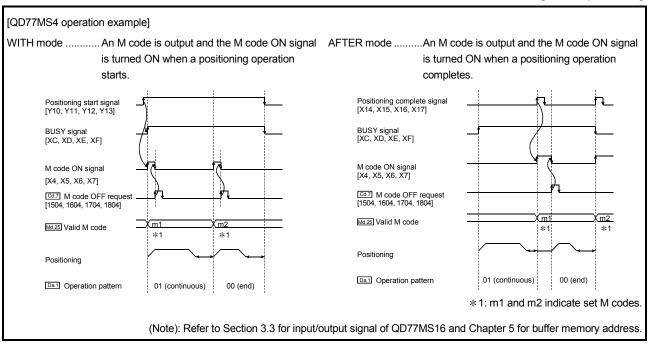
Set the maximum value of the torque generated by the servomotor as a percentage between 1 and 1000%.

\* The torque limit function limits the torque generated by the servomotor within the set range.

If the torque required for control exceeds the torque limit value, it is controlled with the set torque limit value.

(Refer to Section 13.4.2 "Torque limit function".)

# [Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing This parameter sets the M code ON signal output timing. Choose either WITH mode or AFTER mode as the M code ON signal output timing.



Note: If AFTER mode is used with speed control, an M code will not be output and the M code ON signal will not be turned ON.

An M code is a number between 0 and 65535 that can be assigned to each positioning data ([Da.10]).

The sequence program can be coded to read an M code from the buffer memory address specified by "[Md.25] Valid M code" whenever the M code ON signal turns ON so that a command for the sub work (e.g. clamping, drilling, or tool change) associated with the M code can be issued.

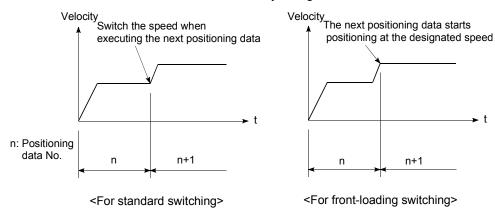
n+1

#### [Pr.19] Speed switching mode

Set whether to switch the speed switching mode with the standard switching or front-loading switching mode.

0 : Standard switching ...... Switch the speed when executing the next positioning data.

1: Front-loading switching....... The speed switches at the end of the positioning data currently being executed.



#### [Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method

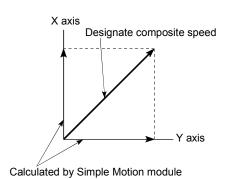
When carrying out linear interpolation/circular interpolation, set whether to designate the composite speed or reference axis speed.

0: Composite speed ...... The movement speed for the control target is designated, and the speed for each axis is

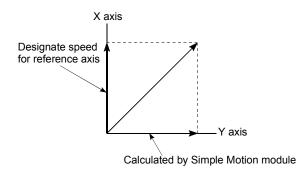
calculated by the Simple Motion module.

1: Reference axis speed ........... The axis speed set for the reference axis is designated, and the speed for the other axis carrying out interpolation is calculated by the

Simple Motion module.



<When composite speed is designated>



<When reference axis speed is designated>

Note: Always specify the reference axis speed if the 4-axis linear interpolation or 2 to 4 axis speed control has to be performed.

If you specify the composite speed for a positioning operation that involves the 4-axis linear interpolation or 2 to 4 axis speed control, the error "Interpolation mode error" (error code: 523) will occur when the positioning operation is attempted.

For a positioning operation that involves the circular interpolation, specify the composite speed always.

#### [Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control

Specify whether you wish to enable or disable the update of "[Md.20] Current feed value" while operations are performed under the speed control (including the speed control in speed-position and position-speed switching control).

0: The update of the current feed value is disabled

The current feed value will not change. (The value at the beginning of the speed control will be kept.)

1: The update of the current feed value is enabled

The current feed value will be updated. (The current feed value will change from the initial.)

2: The current feed value is cleared to zero

The current feed value will be set initially to zero and change from zero while the speed control is in effect.

Note1: When the speed control is performed over two to four axes, the choice between enabling and disabling the update of "[Md.20] Current feed value" depends on how the reference axis is set.

Note2: Set "1" to exercise speed-position switching control (ABS mode).

#### [Pr.22] Input signal logic selection

Set the input signal logic that matches the signaling specification of the connected external device, "[Cd.44] External input signal operation device" or external input signal of servo amplifier (upper/lower limit switch, near-point dog). Negative logic

- (1) The current is not flowed through the input signal contact.
  - (a) FLS, RLS ..... Limit signal ON
  - (b) DOG, DI, STOP .... Invalid
- (2) The current is flowed through the input signal contact.
  - (a) FLS, RLS ..... Limit signal OFF
  - (b) DOG, DI, STOP .... Valid

#### Positive logic

Opposite the concept of negative logic.

- Note1: A mismatch in the signal logic will disable normal operation. Be careful of this when you change from the default value.
- Note2: Set the manual pulse generator input logic selection (b8) to axis 1. (Setting of any of axes 2 to 4 is invalid.)
- Note3: If the same external input signal is set to use to "[Pr.80] External input signal selection" or "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" for the multiple axes in the QD77MS16, the error "Input signal logic selection" of those axes should be the same. Otherwise, "Input signal logic selection setting error" (error code: 938) will occur when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON, and the READY signal [X0] will not be turned ON.

#### [Pr.80] External input signal selection

Set whether to use "external input signal of QD77MS", "external input signal of servo amplifier", or "buffer memory of QD77MS" as an external input signal (upper/lower limit signal, near-point dog signal, or stop signal).

- 0: External input signal of QD77MS QD77MS2 QD77MS4
- 1: External input signal of servo amplifier
- 2: Buffer memory of QD77MS
- 3: External input signal 1 of QD77MS QD77MS16
- 4: External input signal 2 of QD77MS QD77MS16
- 5: External input signal 3 of QD77MS QD77MS16
- 6: External input signal 4 of QD77MS QD77MS16
- \*1: When setting at MR-JE-B use, any errors or warnings do not occur. However, the external input signal (upper/lower limit signal, near-point dog signal) cannot be operated.

#### **POINT**

- (1) When "2: Buffer memory of QD77MS" is set, operation is affected by the PLC scan time.
- (2) When "3" to "6" is set in the QD77MS2/QD77MS4, the error "External signal selection error" (error code: 936) occurs at turning the PLC READY signal [Y0] ON, and the READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. Set "0" to use the external input signal of QD77MS2/QD77MS4.
- (3) When "0" is set in the QD77MS16, the error "External signal selection error" (error code: 936) occurs at turning the PLC READY signal [Y0] ON, and the READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. Set "3" to "6" to use the external input signal of QD77MS16.

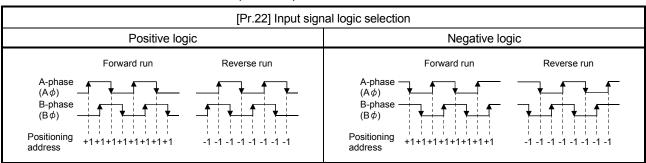
# [Pr.24] Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection

Set the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder input pulse mode. (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)

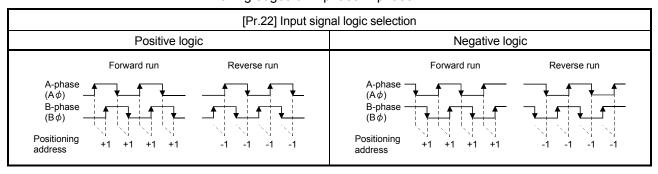
- 0: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 4
- 1: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 2
- 2: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 1
- 3: PLS/SIGN

Set the positive logic or negative logic in "[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection".

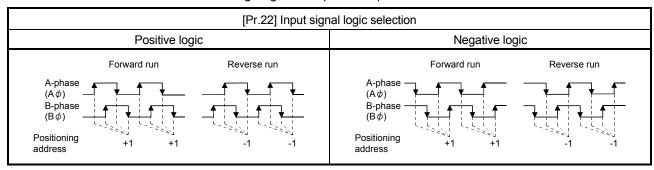
- (1) A-phase/B-phase mode
  - When the A-phase is 90° ahead of the B-phase, the motor will forward run.
  - When the B-phase is 90° ahead of the A-phase, the motor will reverse run.
  - (a) A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 4 The positioning address increases or decreases at rising or falling edges of A-phase/B-phase.



(b) A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 2 The positioning address increases or decreases at twice rising or twice falling edges of A-phase/B-phase.



(c) A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 1 The positioning address increases or decreases at twice rising or twice falling edges of A-phase/B-phase.



#### (2) PLS/SIGN

[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection					
Positive logic	Negative logic				
Forward run and reverse run are controlled with the ON/OFF of the direction sign (SIGN).	Forward run and reverse run are controlled with the ON/OFF of the direction sign (SIGN).				
<ul><li>The motor will forward run when the direction sign is HIGH.</li><li>The motor will reverse run when the direction sign is LOW.</li></ul>	<ul><li>The motor will forward run when the direction sign is LOW.</li><li>The motor will reverse run when the direction sign is HIGH.</li></ul>				
PLS	PLS TITLE				
Forward Reverse run  Move in + direction Move in - direction	Forward run  Move in + direction  Reverse run  Move in - direction				

#### [Pr.81] Speed-position function selection

Select the mode of speed-position switching control.

- 0: INC mode
- 2: ABS mode

Note1: If the setting is other than 0 and 2, operation is performed in the INC mode with the setting regarded as 0.

#### [Pr.82] Forced stop valid/invalid selection

Set the forced stop valid/invalid. (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)

All axes of the servo amplifier are made to batch forced stop when the forced stop input signal is turned on.

The error "Servo READY signal OFF during operation" (error code: 102) does not occur if the forced input signal is turned on during operation.

0: Valid (Forced stop is used)

1: Invalid (Forced stop is not used)

Note1: If the setting is other than 0 and 1, the error "Forced stop valid/invalid setting error" (error code: 937) occurs.

Note2: The "[Md.50] Forced stop input" is stored "1" by setting "Forced stop valid/invalid selection" to invalid.

# 5.2.4 Detailed parameters 2

	Setting value	, setting range	Default	Buffer mem	Buffer memory address	
Item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1				37+	150n 150n	
[Pr.26] Acceleration time 2				38+150n 39+150n		
[Pr.27] Acceleration time 3	44 0000000 ( )	44 0000000 ( )	4000	40+150n 41+150n		
[Pr.28] Deceleration time 1	1 to 8388608 (ms)	1 to 8388608 (ms)	1000	42+ <sup>-</sup> 43+ <sup>-</sup>	150n 150n	
[Pr.29] Deceleration time 2				44+ <sup>-</sup> 45+ <sup>-</sup>		
[Pr.30] Deceleration time 3					150n	
[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value	The setting range differs depen	nding on the "[Pr.1] Unit setting".	20000		150n	
[Pr.32] JOG operation acceleration time selection	0: [Pr.9] Acceleration time 0 1: [Pr.25] Acceleration time 1 2: [Pr.26] Acceleration time 2 3: [Pr.27] Acceleration time 3	0 1 2 3	0	50+150n		
[Pr.33] JOG operation deceleration time selection	0: [Pr.10] Deceleration time 0 1: [Pr.28] Deceleration time 1 2: [Pr.29] Deceleration time 2 3: [Pr.30] Deceleration time 3	0 1 2 3	0	51+150n		
[Pr.34] Acceleration/deceleration process selection	Trapezoid acceleration/     deceleration process     S-curve acceleration/     deceleration process	0	0	52+150n		
[Pr.35] S-curve ratio	1 to 100 (%)	1 to 100 (%)	100	53+150n		
[Pr.36] Sudden stop deceleration time	1 to 8388608 (ms)	1 to 8388608 (ms)	1000	_	150n 150n	
[Pr.37] Stop group 1 sudden stop selection	0 : Normal deceleration stop	0		56+	150n	
[Pr.38] Stop group 2 sudden stop selection			0	0 57+150n		
[Pr.39] Stop group 3 sudden stop selection	1 : Sudden stop	1		58+150n		
[Pr.40] Positioning complete signal output time	0 to 65535 (ms)	0 to 65535 (ms) 0 to 32767 : Set as a decimal 32768 to 65535 : Convert into hexadecimal and set	300	59+150n		

n: Axis No.-1

	Setting value, setting range		setting range	Default	Buffer memory address		
Item	Value set with GX Works2		Value set with sequence program	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.41] Allowable circular interpolation error width	The setting value range differs depending on the "[Pr.1] Unit setting".		100	60+150n 61+150n			
	0: Extern	al positioning start	0				
[Pr.42]	reque		1				
External command function selection		-position, position- I switching request	2	0	62+	150n	
	3: Skip re		3				
	4: High s	peed input request	4				
[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier	0: Invalid		0	0	63+	150n	
setting for degree axis	1: Valid		1	· ·			
[Pr.84] Restart allowable range when servo OFF to ON	0, 1 to 327680 [PLS] 0: restart not allowed			0	_	150n 150n	
[Pr.89] Manual pulse generator/	0: Differe	ntial output type	0	4			
Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection	Voltage output/open collector type		1	1	67		
[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode	b0 to b3 b4 to b7 b8 to b11 b12 to b15	Not used Torque initial value selection 0: Command torque 1: Feedback torque Speed initial value selection 0: Command speed 1: Feedback speed 2: Automatic selection Condition selection at mode switching 0: Switching conditions valid (for switching control mode) 1: Zero speed ON condition invalid (for switching control mode)	b15 to b12b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0  Always "0" is set to the part not used.	0000Н	68+150n		
[Pr.95] External command signal selection	0: Not us 1: DI1 2: DI2 3: DI3	ed	0 1 2 3	0		69+150n	
	4: DI4		4		/		

n: Axis No.-1

#### [Pr.25] Acceleration time 1 to [Pr.27] Acceleration time 3

These parameters set the time for the speed to increase from zero to the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" ("[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control) during a positioning operation.

#### [Pr.28] Deceleration time 1 to [Pr.30] Deceleration time 3

These parameters set the time for the speed to decrease from the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" ("[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control) to zero during a positioning operation.

#### [Pr.31] JOG speed limit value

Set the maximum speed for JOG operation.

Note) Set the "JOG speed limit value" to a value less than "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".

If the "speed limit value" is exceeded, the error "JOG speed limit value error" (error code: 956) will occur.

[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	0.01 to 20000000.00 (mm/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min)
1 : inch	0.001 to 2000000.000 (inch/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> inch/min)
2 : degree	0.001 to 2000000.000 (degree/min) *1	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min) *2
3 : PLS	1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)	1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)

<sup>\*1:</sup> The range of JOG speed limit value when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: 0.01 to 20000000.00 (degree/min)

#### [Pr.32] JOG operation acceleration time selection

Set which of "acceleration time 0 to 3" to use for the acceleration time during JOG operation.

- 0: Use value set in "[Pr.9] Acceleration time 0".
- 1: Use value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1".
- 2: Use value set in "[Pr.26] Acceleration time 2".
- 3: Use value set in "[Pr.27] Acceleration time 3".

#### [Pr.33] JOG operation deceleration time selection

Set which of "deceleration time 0 to 3" to use for the deceleration time during JOG operation.

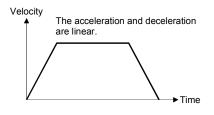
- 0: Use value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0".
- 1: Use value set in "[Pr.28] Deceleration time 1".
- 2: Use value set in "[Pr.29] Deceleration time 2".
- 3: Use value set in "[Pr.30] Deceleration time 3".

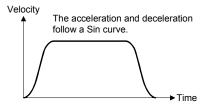
<sup>\*2:</sup> The range of JOG speed limit value when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: 1 to 2000000000 (×10<sup>-2</sup>degree/min)

#### [Pr.34] Acceleration/deceleration process selection

Set whether to use trapezoid acceleration/deceleration or S-curve acceleration/deceleration for the acceleration/deceleration process.

Note) Refer to Section 13.7.6 "Acceleration/deceleration processing function" for details.





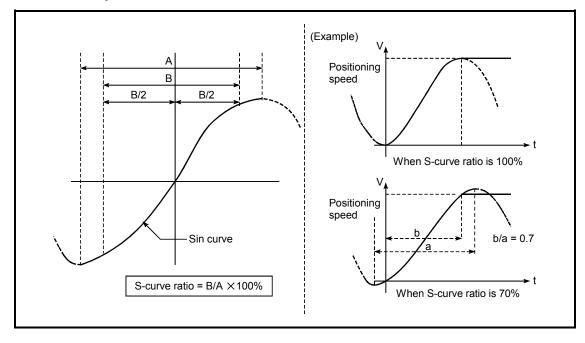
<Trapezoid acceleration/deceleration>

<S-curve acceleration/deceleration>

#### [Pr.35] S-curve ratio

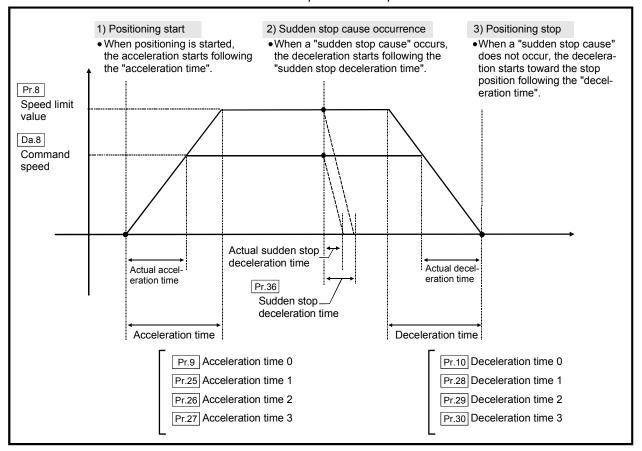
Set the S-curve ratio (1 to 100%) for carrying out the S-curve acceleration/deceleration process.

The S-curve ratio indicates where to draw the acceleration/deceleration curve using the Sin curve as shown below.



#### [Pr.36] Sudden stop deceleration time

Set the time to reach speed 0 from "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" ("[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control) during the sudden stop. The illustration below shows the relationships with other parameters.



# [Pr.37] Stop group 1 sudden stop selection to

#### [Pr.39] Stop group 3 sudden stop selection

Set the method to stop when the stop causes in the following stop groups occur.

- Stop group 1 ...... Stop with hardware stroke limit
- Stop group 2 ...... Error occurrence of the PLC CPU, PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF, Fault in test mode
- Stop group 3 ..... Axis stop signal from PLC CPU

Stop signal from test function of GX Works2

Error occurrence (excludes errors in stop groups 1 and 2: includes only the software stroke limit errors during JOG operation, speed control, speed-position switching control, and position-speed switching control)

The methods of stopping include "0: Normal deceleration stop" and "1: Sudden stop".

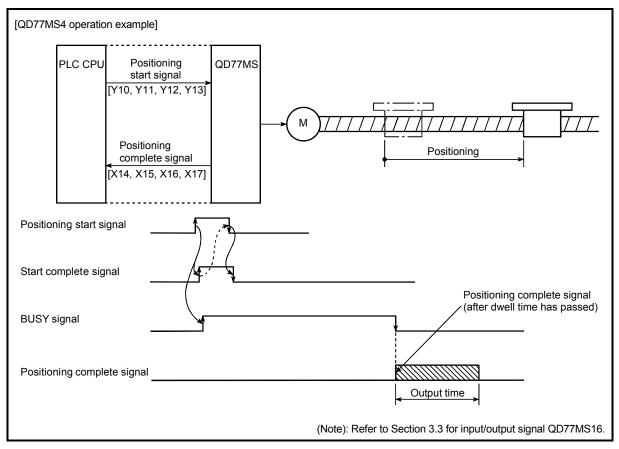
If "1: Sudden stop" is selected, the axis will suddenly decelerate to a stop when the stop cause occurs.

#### [Pr.40] Positioning complete signal output time

Set the output time of the positioning complete signal output from the Simple Motion module.

A positioning completes when the specified dwell time has passed after the Simple Motion module had terminated the command output.

For the interpolation control, the positioning completed signal of interpolation axis is output only during the time set to the reference axis.



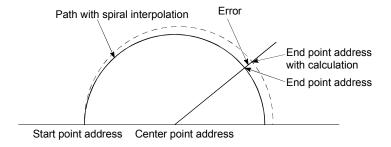
Positioning complete signal output time

#### [Pr.41] Allowable circular interpolation error width

The allowable error range of the calculated arc path and end point address is set.  $^{*1}$  If the error of the calculated arc path and end point address is within the set range, circular interpolation will be carried out to the set end point address while compensating the error with spiral interpolation.

The allowable circular interpolation error width is set in the following axis buffer memory addresses.

- (Example) If axis 1 is the reference axis, set in the axis 1 buffer memory addresses [60, 61].
  - If axis 4 is the reference axis, set in the axis 4 buffer memory addresses [510, 511].



\*1: With circular interpolation control using the center point designation, the arc path calculated with the start point address and center point address and the end point address may deviate.

[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	0 to 10000.0 (μm)	0 to 100000 (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)
1 : inch	0 to 1.00000 (inch)	0 to 100000 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)
2 : degree	0 to 1.00000 (degree)	0 to 100000 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)
3 : PLS	0 to 100000 (PLS)	0 to 100000 (PLS)

#### [Pr.42] External command function selection

Select a command with which the external command signal should be associated.

0: External positioning start

The external command signal input is used to start a positioning operation.

1: External speed change request

The external command signal input is used to change the speed in the current positioning operation. The new speed should be set in the "[Cd.14] New speed value"

2: Speed-position, position-speed switching request

The external command signal input is used to switch from the speed control to the position control while in the speed-position switching control mode, or from the position control to the speed control while in the position-speed switching control mode. To enable the speed-position switching control, set the "[Cd.24] Speed-position switching enable flag" to "1".

To enable the position-speed switching control, set the "[Cd.26] Position-speed switching enable flag" to "1".

3: Skip request

The external command signal input is used skip the current positioning operation.

4: High speed input request

The external command signal input is used to execute the mark detection. And, also set to use the external command signal in the synchronous control.

#### **POINT**

To enable the external command signal, set the "[Cd.8] External command valid" to "1"

#### [Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis

Set the speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis when you use command speed and speed limit value set by the positioning data and the parameter at "[Pr.1] Unit setting" setup degree by ten times at the speed.

0: Invalid

1: Valid

Normally, the speed specification range is 0.001 to 2000000.000[degree/min], but it will be decupled and become 0.01 to 20000000.00[degree/min] by setting "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.

Note) The speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis is included in detailed parameters 2, but it will be valid at the rising edge (OFF to ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

\*1: Refer to Section 13.7.10 "Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function" about speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis.

[Pr.83] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : Invalid	0.001 to 2000000.000 (degree/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min)
1 : Valid	0.01 to 20000000.00 (degree/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-2</sup> degree/min)

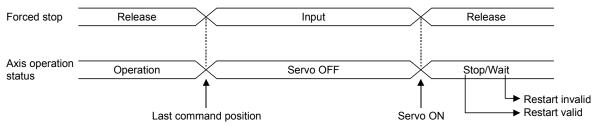
#### [Pr.84] Restart allowable range when servo OFF to ON

(1) Restart function at switching servo OFF to ON

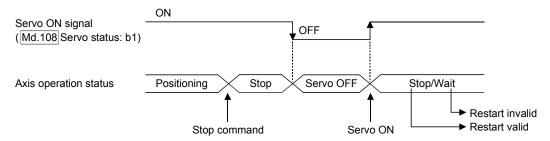
The restart function at switching servo OFF to ON performs continuous positioning operation (positioning start, restart) when switching servo OFF to ON while the Simple Motion module is stopped (including forced stop, servo forced stop).

Restart at switching servo OFF to ON can be performed when the difference between the last command position of Simple Motion module at stop and the present value at switching servo OFF to ON is equal to or less than the value set in the buffer memory for the restart allowable range setting.

- (a) Servo emergency stop processing
  - When the difference between the last command position of Simple Motion module at the forced stop input or the servo forced stop input and the present value at the forced stop release or the servo forced stop release is equal to or less than the value set in the buffer memory for the restart allowable range setting, the positioning operation is judged as stopped and can be restarted.
  - When the difference between the last command position of Simple Motion module at the forced stop input or the servo forced stop input and the present value at the forced stop release or the servo forced stop release is greater than the value set in the buffer memory for the restart allowable range setting, the positioning operation is judged as on-standby and cannot be restarted.



- (b) Processing at switching the servo ON signal from OFF to ON
  - 1) When the difference between the last command position of Simple Motion module at switching the servo ON signal from ON to OFF and the present value at switching the servo ON signal from OFF to ON is equal to or less than the value set in the buffer memory for the restart allowable range setting, the positioning operation is judged as stopped and can be restarted.
  - When the difference between the last command position of Simple Motion module at switching the servo ON signal from ON to OFF and the present value at switching the servo ON signal from OFF to ON is greater than the value set in the buffer memory for the restart allowable range setting, the positioning operation is judged as onstandby and cannot be restarted.



#### (2) Setting method

For performing restart at switching servo OFF to ON, set the restart allowable range in the following buffer memory.

	ory address			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Item	Setting range	Default value
	150n 150n	[Pr.84] Restart allowable range when servo OFF to ON	0, 1 to 327680 (PLS) 0: restart not allowed	0

#### [Setting example]

A program to set the restart allowable range for axis 1 to 10000 PLS is shown below.

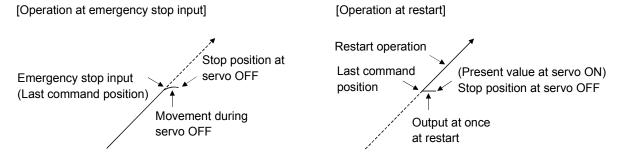
```
Restart allowable range (10000 PLS) is stored in D0, D1.

Data for D0, D1 is stored in buffer memory 64, 65 of the Simple Motion module.
```

#### (3) Precautionary notes

- (a) The difference between the last command position at servo OFF and the present value at servo ON is output at once at the first restart. If the restart allowable range is large at this time, an overload may occur on the servo side.
  - Set a value which does not affect the mechanical system by output once to the restart allowable range when switching servo OFF to ON.
- (b) The restart at switching servo OFF to ON is valid only at switching servo OFF to ON at the first time. At the second time or later, the setting for restart allowable range when switching servo OFF to ON is disregarded.
- (c) Execute servo OFF when the mechanical system is in complete stop state. The restart at switching servo OFF to ON cannot be applied to a system in which the mechanical system is operated by external pressure or other force during servo OFF.
- (d) Restart can be executed only while the axis operation status is "stop". Restart cannot be executed when the axis operation status is other than "stop".
- (e) When the PLC READY signal is switched from OFF to ON during servo OFF, restart cannot be executed. If restart is requested, the warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) occurs.
- (f) Do not restart while a stop command is ON. When restart is executed during a stop, the error "Stop signal ON at start" (error code: 106) occurs and the axis operation status becomes "ERR". Therefore, restart cannot be performed even if the error is reset.

- (g) Restart can also be executed while the positioning start signal is ON. However, do not set the positioning start signal from OFF to ON during a stop.
  - If the positioning start signal is switched from OFF to ON, positioning is performed from the positioning data number set in "[Cd.3] Positioning start No." or from the positioning data number of the specified point.
- (h) When positioning is terminated by a continuous-operation interrupt request, restart cannot be performed.
   If a restart request is executed, the warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) occurs.



[Pr.89] Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection

Set the input type from the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder. (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)

- 0: Differential output type
- 1: Voltage output/open collector type
- Note) The "Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection" is included in detailed parameters 2, but it will be valid at the rising edge (OFF to ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

Refer to Section 3.4 "Specifications of interfaces with external devices" for details.

#### [Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode

Operation setting of the speed control mode, torque control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode at the speed-torque control is executed.

(1) Torque initial value selection

Set the torque initial value at switching to torque control mode or to continuous operation to torque control mode.

0: Command torque ........Command torque value at switching. (following axis control data)

Switching to torque control mode:

"[Cd.143] Command torque at torque control mode" Switching to continuous operation to torque control mode:

"[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode"

1: Feedback torque.......Motor torque value at switching.

#### (2) Speed initial value selection

Set the initial speed at switching from position control mode to speed control mode or the initial speed at switching from position control mode or from speed control mode to continuous operation to torque control mode.

- 0: Command speed .......Speed that position command at switching is converted into the motor speed.
- 1: Feedback speed .......Motor speed received from servo amplifier at switching
- 2: Automatic selection......The lower speed between speed that position command at switching is converted into the motor speed and motor speed received from servo amplifier at switching. (This setting is valid only when continuous operation to torque control mode is used. At switching from position control mode to speed control mode, operation is the same as "0: Command speed".)
- (3) Condition selection at mode switching

Set the valid/invalid of switching conditions for switching control mode.

- 0: Switching conditions valid (for switching control mode)
- 1: Zero speed ON condition invalid (for switching control mode)

Note) The "Operation setting for speed-torque control mode" is included in detailed parameters 2, but it will be valid at the rising edge (OFF to ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

#### **POINT**

Set normally "0". Set "1" to shift to torque control without waiting for stop of servo motor immediately after positioning completion.

#### [Pr.95] External command signal selection QD77MS16

Set the external command signal.

0: Not used Externa	al command signal is not used.
1: DI1 DI1 is u	used as external command signal.
2: DI2DI2 is u	used as external command signal.
3: DI3DI3 is u	used as external command signal.
4: DI4 DI4 is u	used as external command signal.

Note) The "External command signal selection" is included in detailed parameters 2, but it will be valid at the rising edge (OFF to ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

#### POINT

Same external command signal can be used in the multiple axes.

## 5.2.5 OPR basic parameters

	Setting value,	setting range	Default	Buffer memory address		
Item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program	1 0D77MS2 I		QD77MS16	
	0 : Near-point dog method	0				
	4 : Count method 1)	4				
[Pr.43]	5 : Count method 2)	5	0	70+	70+150n	
OPR method	6 : Data set method	6	U	70+	13011	
	7 : Scale origin signal detection method	7				
[Pr.44]	0 : Positive direction (address increment direction)	0	0 71+150n		1505	
OPR direction	1 : Negative direction (address decrement direction)	1			15011	
[Pr.45] OP address			0		150n 150n	
[Pr.46] OPR speed	The setting value range differs de setting".	pending on the "[Pr.1] Unit	1		150n 150n	
[Pr.47] Creep speed			1	_	150n 150n	
[Pr.48] OPR retry	0 : Do not retry OPR with limit switch	0	0	78+	150n	
OFRICITY	1 : Retry OPR with limit switch	1				

#### [Pr.43] OPR method

O: Near-point dog method ....... After decelerating at the near-point dog ON, stop at the zero signal and complete the machine OPR.

4: Count method 1) ....... After decelerating at the near-point dog ON, move the designated distance, and complete the machine OPR with the zero signal.

5: Count method 2) ...... After decelerating at the near-point dog ON, move the designated distance, and complete the machine OPR.

6: Data set method ...... The position where the machine OPR has been

Set the "OPR method" for carrying out machine OPR.

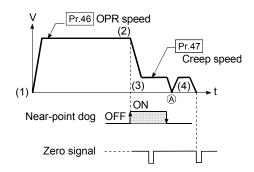
made will be the OP.
7: Scale origin signal

Note) Refer to Section 8.2 "Machine OPR" for details on the OPR methods.

#### 0 : Near-point dog method

- Start machine OPR. (Start movement at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" in the "[Pr.44] OPR direction".)
- (2) Detect the near-point dog ON, and start deceleration.
- (3) Decelerate to "[Pr.47] Creep speed", and move with the creep speed. (At this time, the near-point dog must be ON. If the near
  - point dog is OFF, the axis will decelerate to a stop.)
- (4) At the first zero signal after the near-point dog turned OFF, machine OPR is completed.
  - Note) After the home position return (OPR) has been started, the zero point of the encoder must be passed at least once before point A is reached.

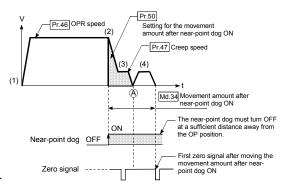
    However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" with "Function selection C-4 (PC17)", it is possible to carry out the home position return (OPR) without passing the zero point.



#### 4 : Count method 1)

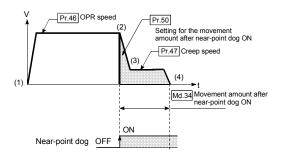
- Start machine OPR. (Start movement at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" in the "[Pr.44] OPR direction".)
- (2) Detect the near-point dog ON, and start deceleration.
- (3) Decelerate to "[Pr.47] Creep speed", and move with the creep speed.
- (4) After the near-point dog turns ON and the movement amount set in "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" has passed, the Simple Motion module stops with the first zero signal, and the machine OPR is completed.
- Note) After the home position return (OPR) has been started, the zero point of the encoder must be passed at least once before point A is reached.

  However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" with "Function selection C-4 (PC17)", it is possible to carry out the home position return (OPR) without passing the zero point.



#### 5: Count method 2)

- (1) Start machine OPR. (Start movement at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" in the "[Pr.44] OPR direction".)
- (2) Detect the near-point dog ON, and start deceleration.
- (3) Decelerate to "[Pr.47] Creep speed", and move with the creep speed.
- (4) After the near-point dog turns ON and the movement amount set in "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" has passed, machine OPR is completed.

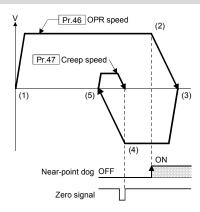


#### 6: Data set method

The position where the machine OPR has been made will be the OP. (Perform after the servo amplifier has been turned ON and the servomotor has been rotated at least once using the JOG or similar operation. However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" with "Function selection C-4 (PC17)", it is possible to carry out the home position return (OPR) without passing the zero point.)

#### 7 : Scale origin signal detection method

- Start machine OPR. (Start movement at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" in the "[Pr.44] OPR direction".)
- (2) Detect the near-point dog ON, and start deceleration.
- (3) After deceleration stop, it moves in the opposite direction against of OPR at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed".
- (4) During movement, the machine begins decelerating when the first zero signal is detected.
- (5) After deceleration stop, it moves in direction of OPR at the speed set in "[Pr.47] Creep speed", and stops at the detected nearest zero signal to complete the machine OPR.



#### [Pr.44] OPR direction

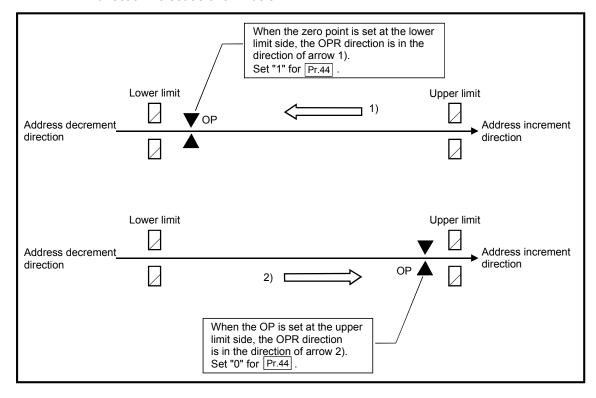
Set the direction to start movement when starting machine OPR.

- 0: Positive direction (address increment direction)

  Moves in the direction that the address increments. (Arrow 2))
- 1: Negative direction (address decrement direction)

  Moves in the direction that the address decrements. (Arrow 1))

Normally, the OP is set near the lower limit or the upper limit, so "[Pr.44] OPR direction" is set as shown below.



#### [Pr.45] OP address

Set the address used as the reference point for positioning control (ABS system). (When the machine OPR is completed, the stop position address is changed to the address set in "[Pr.45] OP address". At the same time, the "[Pr.45] OP address" is stored in "[Md.20] Current feed value" and "[Md.21] Machine feed value".)

[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	-214748364.8 to 214748364.7 (μm)	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)
1 : inch	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647 (inch)	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)
2 : degree	0 to 359.99999 (degree)	0 to 35999999 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)
3 : PLS	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (PLS)	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (PLS)

#### [Pr.46] OPR speed

Set the speed for OPR.

Note) Set the "OPR speed" to less than "[Pr.8] Speed limit value". If the "speed limit value" is exceeded, the error "Outside speed limit value range" (error code: 910) will occur, and OPR will not be executed.

The "OPR speed" should be equal to or faster than the "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start" and "[Pr.47] Creep speed".

[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	0.01 to 20000000.00 (mm/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min)
1 : inch	0.001 to 2000000.000 (inch/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> inch/min)
2 : degree	0.001 to 2000000.000 (degree/min)`*1	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min) * 2
3 : PLS	1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)	1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)

<sup>\*1:</sup> The range of home position return speed when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: 0.01 to 20000000.00 (degree/min)

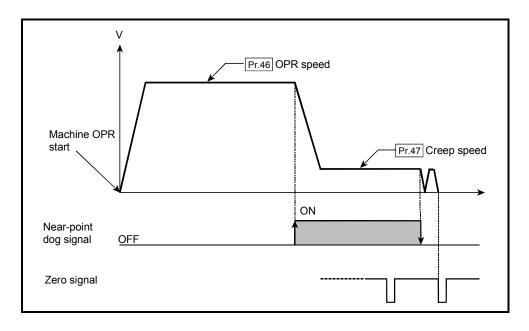
<sup>\*2:</sup> The range of home position return speed when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: 1 to 2000000000 (×10<sup>-2</sup>degree/min)

#### [Pr.47] Creep speed

Set the creep speed after near-point dog ON (the low speed just before stopping after decelerating from the OPR speed).

The creep speed is set within the following range.

([Pr.46] OPR speed) ≥ ([Pr.47] Creep speed) ≥ ([Pr.7] Bias speed at start)



[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	0.01 to 20000000.00 (mm/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min)
1 : inch	0.001 to 2000000.000 (inch/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> inch/min)
2 : degree	0.001 to 2000000.000 (degree/min) *1	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min) *2
3 : PLS	1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)	1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)

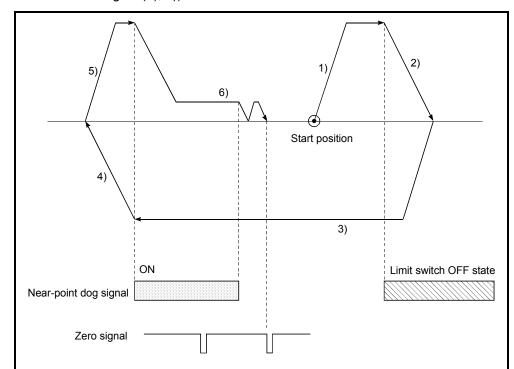
<sup>\*1:</sup> The range of home position return speed when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: 0.01 to 20000000.00 (degree/min)

<sup>\*2</sup>: The range of home position return speed when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: 1 to 2000000000 ( $\times 10^{-2}$ degree/min)

#### [Pr.48] OPR retry

Set whether to carry out OPR retry.

When the OPR retry function is validated and the machine OPR is started, first the axis will move in the OPR direction (1)). If the upper/lower limit signal turns OFF before the near-point dog signal ON is detected (2)), the axis will decelerate to a stop, and then will move in the direction opposite the OPR direction (3)). If the following edge of the near-point dog signal is detected during movement in the opposite direction, the axis will decelerate to a stop (4)), and then will carry out machine OPR again (5), 6)).



[Operation for OPR retry function]

- 1) Movement in the OPR direction starts with the machine OPR start.
- 2) The axis decelerates when the limit signal OFF is detected.
- 3) After stopping at detection the limit signal OFF, the axis moves at the OPR speed in the direction opposite to the specified OPR direction.
- 4) The axis decelerates when the near-point dog signal turns OFF.
- 5) After stopping with the near-point dog signal OFF, start machine OPR in the OPR direction.
- 6) The machine begins decelerating when the near-point dog ON is detected and completes machine OPR.

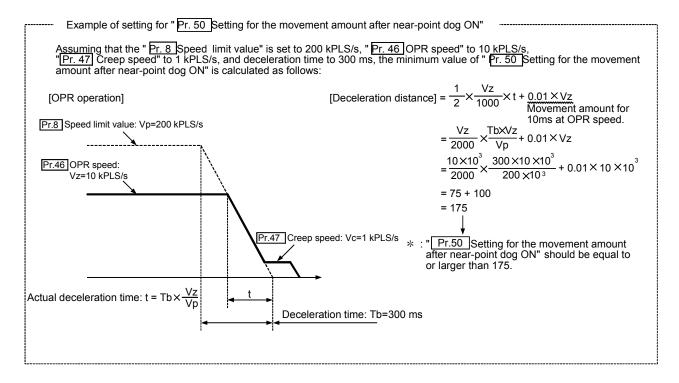
## 5.2.6 OPR detailed parameters

	Setting value, setting range		Default	Buffer memory address	
Item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON	The setting value range differs d setting".	lepending on the "[Pr.1] Unit	0		150n 150n
[Pr.51] OPR acceleration time selection	0 : [Pr.9] Acceleration time 0 1 : [Pr.25] Acceleration time 1 2 : [Pr.26] Acceleration time 2 3 : [Pr.27] Acceleration time 3	0 1 2 3	0	82+	150n
[Pr.52] OPR deceleration time selection	0 : [Pr.10] Deceleration time 0 1 : [Pr.28] Deceleration time 1 2 : [Pr.29] Deceleration time 2 3 : [Pr.30] Deceleration time 3	0 1 2 3	0	83+	150n
[Pr.53] OP shift amount	The setting value range differs depending on the "[Pr.1] Unit setting".		0	84+150n 85+150n	
[Pr.54] OPR torque limit value	1 to 1000 (%)	1 to 1000 (%)	300	86+	150n
[Pr.55] Operation setting for incompletion of OPR	Positioning control is not executed.     Positioning control is executed.	0	0	87+	150n
[Pr.56] Speed designation during OP shift	0 : OPR speed 1 : Creep speed	0	0	88+	150n
[Pr.57] Dwell time during OPR retry	0 to 65535 (ms)	0 to 65535 (ms) 0 to 32767 : Set as a decimal 32768 to 65535 : Convert into hexadecimal and set	0	89+	150n

#### [Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON

When using the count method 1) or 2), set the movement amount to the OP after the near-point dog signal turns ON.

(The movement amount after near-point dog ON should be equal to or greater than the sum of the "distance covered by the deceleration from the OPR speed to the creep speed" and "distance of movement in 10 ms at the OPR speed".)



[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	0 to 214748364.7 (μm)	0 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)
1 : inch	0 to 21474.83647 (inch)	0 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)
2 : degree	0 to 21474.83647 (degree)	0 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)
3 : PLS	0 to 2147483647 (PLS)	0 to 2147483647 (PLS)

#### [Pr.51] OPR acceleration time selection

Set which of "acceleration time 0 to 3" to use for the acceleration time during OPR.

- 0 : Use the value set in "[Pr.9] Acceleration time 0".
- 1: Use the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1".
- 2: Use the value set in "[Pr.26] Acceleration time 2".
- 3: Use the value set in "[Pr.27] Acceleration time 3".

#### [Pr.52] OPR deceleration time selection

Set which of "deceleration time 0 to 3" to use for the deceleration time during OPR.

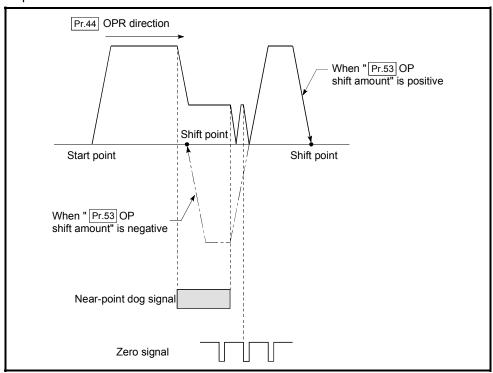
- 0 : Use the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0".
- 1: Use the value set in "[Pr.28] Deceleration time 1".
- 2: Use the value set in "[Pr.29] Deceleration time 2".
- 3: Use the value set in "[Pr.30] Deceleration time 3".

#### [Pr.53] OP shift amount

Set the amount to shift (move) from the position stopped at with machine OPR.

\* The OP shift function is used to compensate the OP position stopped at with machine OPR.

If there is a physical limit to the OP position, due to the relation of the near-point dog installation position, use this function to compensate the OP to an optimum position.



[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	-214748364.8 to 214748364.7 (μm)	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)
1 : inch	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647 (inch)	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)
2 : degree	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647 (degree)	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)
3 : PLS	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (PLS)	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (PLS)

#### [Pr.54] OPR torque limit value

Set the value to limit the servomotor torque after reaching the creep speed during machine OPR.

Refer to Section 13.4.2 "Torque limit function" for details on the torque limits.

#### [Pr.55] Operation setting for incompletion of OPR

Set whether the positioning control is executed or not (When the OPR request flag is ON.).

- 0: Positioning control is not executed.
- 1: Positioning control is executed.
- (1) When OPR request flag is ON, selecting "0: Positioning control is not executed" will result in the error "Start at OPR incomplete" (error code: 547), and positioning control will not be performed. At this time, operation with the manual control (JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation) is available.
  - The positioning control can be executed even if the OPR request flag is ON when selecting "1: Positioning control is executed".
- (2) The following shows whether the positioning control is possible to start/restart or not when selecting "0: Positioning control is not executed".
  - (a) Start possible
     Machine OPR, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation, and current value changing using current value changing start No. (9003)
  - (b) Start/restart impossible control When the following cases at block start, condition start, wait start, repeated start, multiple axes simultaneous start and pre-reading start: 1-axis linear control, 2/3/4-axis linear interpolation control, 1/2/3/4-axis fixed-feed control, 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation, 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation, 1/2/3/4-axis speed control, speed-position switching control (INC mode/ ABS mode), position-speed switching control, and current value changing using current value changing (No.1 to 600)
- (3) When OPR request flag is ON, starting Fast OPR will result in the error "OPR request ON" (error code: 207) despite the setting value of "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR", and Fast OPR will not be executed.

## **∴** CAUTION

- Do not execute the positioning control in home position return request signal ON for the axis
  which uses in the positioning control.
  - Failure to observe this could lead to an accident such as a collision.

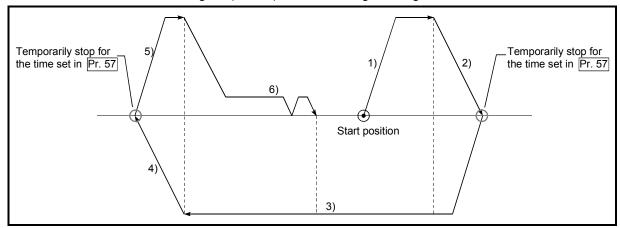
#### [Pr.56] Speed designation during OP shift

Set the operation speed for when a value other than "0" is set for "[Pr.53] OP shift amount". Select the setting from "[Pr.46] OPR speed" or "[Pr.47] Creep speed".

- 0 : Designate "[Pr.46] OPR speed" as the setting value.
- 1 : Designate "[Pr.47] Creep speed" as the setting value.

#### [Pr.57] Dwell time during OPR retry

When OPR retry is validated (when "1" is set for [Pr.48]), set the stop time after decelerating in 2) and 4) in the following drawing.



## 5.2.7 Expansion parameters

	Setting value, setting range			Buffer memory address	
Item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program	Default value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1	0 : No setting 1 : Effective load ratio 2 : Regenerative load ratio 3 : Peak load factor 4 : Load inertia moment ratio 5 : Model loop gain Position loop gain (Note-2) 6 : Bus voltage 7 : Servo motor rotation speed	0 1	0	100+	150n
[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2	8 : Encoder multiple revolution counter 9 : Module power consumption 10 : Instantaneous torque 12 : Servomotor thermistor temperature 13 : Equivalent disturbance torque  14 : Overload alarm margin	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0	101+	150n
[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3	15 : Error excessive alarm margin 16 : Settling time 17 : Overshoot amount 20 : Position feedback (Note-1) 21 : Encoder single revolution position (Note-1) 22 : Selection droop pulse (Note-1)	12 13 14 15 16 17 20 21	0	102+	150n
[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4	23 : Module integral power consumption (Note-1) 24 : Load side encoder information 1 (Note-1) 25 : Load side encoder information 2 (Note-1) 26 : Z-phase counter (Note-1) 27 : Servomotor-side/load-side position deviation (Note-1) 28 : Servomotor-side/load-side speed deviation (Note-1) 29 : Encoder counter (Note-1)	23 24 25 26 27 28	0	103+	150n
[Pr.96] Operation cycle setting	0: 0.88ms 1: 1.77ms	0 1	QD77MS2 : 0 QD77MS4 : 0 QD77MS16: 1	147 <sup>(Note-3)</sup>	105 <sup>(Note-3)</sup>
[Pr.97] SSCNET setting	0: SSCNETⅢ 1: SSCNETⅢ/H	0 1	1	106 <sup>(l</sup>	Note-3)
[Pr.114] External command signal compensation valid/invalid setting	0: Invalid 1: Valid	0 1	0	114 <sup>()</sup>	Note-3)

n: Axis No. -1

(Note-1): Used point: 2 words

(Note-2): The name differs by MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-B or VCII series/FR-A700 series.
(Note-3): Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.

# [Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1 to [Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4

Set the data type monitored in optional data monitor function.

Setting value	Data type	Used point
0	No setting (Note-1)	
1	Effective load ratio	
2	Regenerative load factor	
3	Peak load ratio	
4	Load inertia moment ratio	
5	Model loop gain Position loop gain (Note-2)	
6	Bus voltage	
7	Servo motor rotation speed	1 word
8	Encoder multiple revolution counter	i word
9	Module power consumption	
10	Instantaneous torque	
12	Servomotor thermistor temperature	
13	Equivalent disturbance torque	
14	Overload alarm margin	
15	Error excessive alarm margin	
16	Settling time	
17	Overshoot amount	
20	Position feedback	
21	Encoder single revolution position	
22	Selection droop pulse	
23	Module integral power consumption	
24	Load side encoder information 1	2 words
25	Load side encoder information 2	
26	Z-phase counter	
27	Servomotor-side/load-side position deviation	
28	Servomotor-side/load-side speed deviation	
29	Encoder counter	

(Note-1): The stored value of "[Md.109] Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1" to "[Md.112] Optional data monitor output 4" is different every data type setting 1 to 4. (Refer to Section 5.6.2)

(Note-2): The name differs by MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-B or VCII series/FR-A700 series.

#### **POINT**

- (1) The monitor address of optional data monitor is registered to servo amplifier with initialized communication after power supply ON or PLC CPU reset.
- (2) Set the data type of "used point: 2 words" in "[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1" or "[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3". If it is set in "[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" or "[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4", the warning "Optional data monitor data type setting error" (warning code: 116) will occur with initialized communication to servo amplifier and "0" will be stored in [Md.109] to [Md.112].
- (3) Set "0" in "[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" when the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set in "[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1", and set "0" in "[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4" when the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set in "[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3". When setting other than "0", the warning "Optional data monitor data type setting error" (warning code: 116) will occur with initialized communication to servo amplifier and "0" will be stored in [Md.109] to [Md.112].
- (4) When the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set, the monitor data of low-order is "[Md.109] Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1" or "[Md.111] Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3".
- (5) Refer to Section 14.11 for the data type that can be monitored on each servo amplifier. When the data type that cannot be monitored is set, "0" is stored to the monitor output.

#### [Pr.96] Operation cycle setting

Set the operation cycle. (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)

0: 0.88ms

1: 1.77ms

#### **POINT**

- (1) In this parameter, the value set in flash ROM of Simple Motion module is valid at power supply ON or PLC CPU reset. Fetch by PLC READY signal OFF to ON is not executed. Execute flash ROM writing to change after setting a value to buffer memory. Confirm the current operation cycle in "[Md.132] Operation cycle setting".
- (2) When "0: 0.88ms" is set, confirm that "[Md.133] Operation cycle over flag" does not turn ON. If the flag is ON, the operation cycle over has been generated. Correct the positioning content or set "1: 1.77ms".

#### [Pr.97] SSCNET setting

Set the servo network. (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)

0: SSCNETⅢ

1: SSCNETI/H

The connectable servo amplifier differs by this parameter. When unconnectable servo amplifier is set in "[Pr.100] Servo series", the error "SSCNET setting error" (error code: 1003) occurs, and communication with the servo amplifier is not executed.

The following shows about this parameter and connectable servo amplifier (setting value of "[Pr.100] Servo series").

Setting value of "[Pr.97] SSCNET setting"	Servo amplifier	Setting value of "[Pr.100] Servo series"
MR-J3(W)-B		1: MR-J3B MR-J3WB (2-axis type) 3: MR-J3B-RJ006 (For fully closed loop control) MR-J3BS (For safety servo) 4: MR-J3B-RJ004 (For linear servo) 6: MR-J3B-RJ080W (For direct drive motor)
	FR-A700	64: FR-A700 series (Inverter)
	VCII (NIKKI)	96: VCII series (manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.)
	Virtual servo amplifier	4097: Virtual servo amplifier (MR-J3)
	MR-J4(W)-B	32: MR-J4B MR-J4WB (2-axis type, 3-axis type)
	MR-JE-B	48: MR-JEB
1: SSCNETⅢ/H	VCII (NIKKI)	96: VCII series (manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.)
	Virtual servo amplifier	4128: Virtual servo amplifier (MR-J4)

#### **POINT**

In this parameter, the value set in flash ROM of Simple Motion module is valid at power supply ON or PLC CPU reset. Fetch by PLC READY signal OFF to ON is not executed. Execute flash ROM writing to change after setting a value to buffer memory.

#### [Pr.114] External command signal compensation valid/invalid setting

Set the input compensation of external command input signal valid/invalid. (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)

- 0: Invalid
- 1: Valid (The response time from the external command signal is compensated and the latch accuracy will be enhanced.)

Note) If the setting is other than "0" and "1", operation is performed with the setting regarded as "0: Invalid".

#### **POINT**

In this parameter, the value set in flash ROM of Simple Motion module is valid at power supply ON or PLC CPU reset. Fetch by PLC READY signal OFF to ON is not executed. Execute flash ROM writing to change the value after setting a value to buffer memory.

#### 5.2.8 Servo parameters

### (1) Servo series

				Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Iter	m	Setting details	Setting range	value	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
				value	QD77MS4	QD/7IVIS10
[Pr.100]	Servo	Used to select the servo amplifier series to connect to the Simple Motion module.  [POINT]  • Be sure to set up servo series.  Communication with servo amplifier isn't started by the initial value "0" in default value.  (The LED indication of servo amplifier indicates "Ab".)  • The connectable servo amplifier differs by the setting of "[Pr.97] SSCNET setting".	0: Servo series is not set 1: MR-J3B MR-J3WB (2-axis type) 3: MR-J3B-RJ006 (For fully closed loop control) MR-J3BS (For safety servo) 4: MR-J3B-RJ004 (For linear servo) 6: MR-J3B-RJ080W (For direct drive motor) 32: MR-J4B MR-J4WB (2-axis type and 3-axis type) 48: MR-JEB 64: FR-A700 series (Inverter) 96: VCII series (manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.) 4097: Virtual servo amplifier (MR-J3) 4128: Virtual servo amplifier (MR-J4)	0	QD77MS4 30100+200n	28400+100n

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#### (2) Parameters of MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B

The parameter list for MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B is shown below. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details of setting items. Do not change other than the buffer memory addresses of the parameters described in each servo amplifier instruction manual.

#### **POINT**

Set the parameter value and switch power off once (The parameter is transferred to servo amplifier from Simple Motion module), and then switch it on again to make that parameter setting valid.

## (a) Basic setting parameters

Conto amplifior	Buffer mem	ory address
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PA01	30101+200n	28401+100n
PA02	30102+200n	28402+100n
PA03	30103+200n	28403+100n
PA04	30104+200n	28404+100n
PA05	30105+200n	28405+100n
PA06	30106+200n	28406+100n
PA07	30107+200n	28407+100n
PA08	30108+200n	28408+100n
PA09	30109+200n	28409+100n
PA10	30110+200n	28410+100n
PA11	30111+200n	28411+100n
PA12	30112+200n	28412+100n
PA13	30113+200n	28413+100n
PA14	30114+200n	28414+100n
PA15	30115+200n	28415+100n
PA16	30116+200n	28416+100n
PA17	30117+200n	28417+100n

Convo amplifior	Buffer memory address		
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	OD77MC46	
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
PA18	30118+200n	28418+100n	
PA19	30932+50n	Set with	
PAT9	30932+3011	GX Works2	
PA20	64400+250n	64400+70n	
PA21	64401+250n	64401+70n	
PA22	64402+250n	64402+70n	
PA23	64403+250n	64403+70n	
PA24	64404+250n	64404+70n	
PA25	64405+250n	64405+70n	
PA26	64406+250n	64406+70n	
PA27	64407+250n	64407+70n	
PA28	64408+250n	64408+70n	
PA29	64409+250n	64409+70n	
PA30	64410+250n	64410+70n	
PA31	64411+250n	64411+70n	
PA32	64412+250n	64412+70n	

## (b) Gain/filter setting parameters

0	Buffer memory address		
Servo amplifier	QD77MS2	007714040	
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
PB01	30119+200n	28419+100n	
PB02	30120+200n	28420+100n	
PB03	30121+200n	28421+100n	
PB04	30122+200n	28422+100n	
PB05	30123+200n	28423+100n	
PB06	30124+200n	28424+100n	
PB07	30125+200n	28425+100n	
PB08	30126+200n	28426+100n	
PB09	30127+200n	28427+100n	
PB10	30128+200n	28428+100n	
PB11	30129+200n	28429+100n	
PB12	30130+200n	28430+100n	
PB13	30131+200n	28431+100n	
PB14	30132+200n	28432+100n	
PB15	30133+200n	28433+100n	
PB16	30134+200n	28434+100n	
PB17	30135+200n	28435+100n	
PB18	30136+200n	28436+100n	
PB19	30137+200n	28437+100n	
PB20	30138+200n	28438+100n	
PB21	30139+200n	28439+100n	
PB22	30140+200n	28440+100n	
PB23	30141+200n	28441+100n	
PB24	30142+200n	28442+100n	
PB25	30143+200n	28443+100n	
PB26	30144+200n	28444+100n	
PB27	30145+200n	28445+100n	
PB28	30146+200n	28446+100n	
PB29	30147+200n	28447+100n	
PB30	30148+200n	28448+100n	
PB31	30149+200n	28449+100n	
PB32	30150+200n	28450+100n	

Servo amplifier	Buffer memory address	
Parameter No.	QD77MS2	007714040
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PB33	30151+200n	28451+100n
PB34	30152+200n	28452+100n
PB35	30153+200n	28453+100n
PB36	30154+200n	28454+100n
PB37	30155+200n	28455+100n
PB38	30156+200n	28456+100n
PB39	30157+200n	28457+100n
PB40	30158+200n	28458+100n
PB41	30159+200n	28459+100n
PB42	30160+200n	28460+100n
PB43	30161+200n	28461+100n
PB44	30162+200n	28462+100n
PB45	30163+200n	28463+100n
PB46	64413+250n	64413+70n
PB47	64414+250n	64414+70n
PB48	64415+250n	64415+70n
PB49	64416+250n	64416+70n
PB50	64417+250n	64417+70n
PB51	64418+250n	64418+70n
PB52	64419+250n	64419+70n
PB53	64420+250n	64420+70n
PB54	64421+250n	64421+70n
PB55	64422+250n	64422+70n
PB56	64423+250n	64423+70n
PB57	64424+250n	64424+70n
PB58	64425+250n	64425+70n
PB59	64426+250n	64426+70n
PB60	64427+250n	64427+70n
PB61	64428+250n	64428+70n
PB62	64429+250n	64429+70n
PB63	64430+250n	64430+70n
PB64	64431+250n	64431+70n

## (c) Extension setting parameters

Comio omenlifica	Buffer memory address		
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16	
r drameter 140.	QD77MS4	QD//WOTO	
PC01	30164+200n	28464+100n	
PC02	30165+200n	28465+100n	
PC03	30166+200n	28466+100n	
PC04	30167+200n	28467+100n	
PC05	30168+200n	28468+100n	
PC06	30169+200n	28469+100n	
PC07	30170+200n	28470+100n	
PC08	30171+200n	28471+100n	
PC09	30172+200n	28472+100n	
PC10	30173+200n	28473+100n	
PC11	30174+200n	28474+100n	
PC12	30175+200n	28475+100n	
PC13	30176+200n	28476+100n	
PC14	30177+200n	28477+100n	
PC15	30178+200n	28478+100n	
PC16	30179+200n	28479+100n	
PC17	30180+200n	28480+100n	
PC18	30181+200n	28481+100n	
PC19	30182+200n	28482+100n	
PC20	30183+200n	28483+100n	
PC21	30184+200n	28484+100n	
PC22	30185+200n	28485+100n	
PC23	30186+200n	28486+100n	
PC24	30187+200n	28487+100n	
PC25	30188+200n	28488+100n	
PC26	30189+200n	28489+100n	
PC27	30190+200n	28490+100n	
PC28	30191+200n	28491+100n	
PC29	30192+200n	28492+100n	
PC30	30193+200n	28493+100n	
PC31	30194+200n	28494+100n	
PC32	30195+200n	28495+100n	

Servo amplifier	Buffer memory address	
Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
r didifictor 140.	QD77MS4	QD//WOTO
PC33	64432+250n	64432+70n
PC34	64433+250n	64433+70n
PC35	64434+250n	64434+70n
PC36	64435+250n	64435+70n
PC37	64436+250n	64436+70n
PC38	64437+250n	64437+70n
PC39	64438+250n	64438+70n
PC40	64439+250n	64439+70n
PC41	64440+250n	64440+70n
PC42	64441+250n	64441+70n
PC43	64442+250n	64442+70n
PC44	64443+250n	64443+70n
PC45	64444+250n	64444+70n
PC46	64445+250n	64445+70n
PC47	64446+250n	64446+70n
PC48	64447+250n	64447+70n
PC49	64448+250n	64448+70n
PC50	64449+250n	64449+70n
PC51	64450+250n	64450+70n
PC52	64451+250n	64451+70n
PC53	64452+250n	64452+70n
PC54	64453+250n	64453+70n
PC55	64454+250n	64454+70n
PC56	64455+250n	64455+70n
PC57	64456+250n	64456+70n
PC58	64457+250n	64457+70n
PC59	64458+250n	64458+70n
PC60	64459+250n	64459+70n
PC61	64460+250n	64460+70n
PC62	64461+250n	64461+70n
PC63	64462+250n	64462+70n
PC64	64463+250n	64463+70n
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## (d) I/O setting parameters

Buffer memory address			
Servo amplifier	QD77MS2	•	
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
PD01	30196+200n		
PD02	30197+200n		
PD03	30198+200n		
PD04	30199+200n		
PD05	30200+200n		
PD06	30201+200n		
PD07	30202+200n		
PD08	30203+200n		
PD09	30204+200n		
PD10	30205+200n		
PD11	30206+200n		
PD12	30207+200n	Set with	
PD13	30208+200n	GX Works2	
PD14	30209+200n		
PD15	30210+200n		
PD16	30211+200n		
PD17	30212+200n		
PD18	30213+200n		
PD19	30214+200n		
PD20	30215+200n		
PD21	30216+200n		
PD22	30217+200n		
PD23	30218+200n		
PD24	30219+200n		

	Buffer memory address		
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
PD25	30220+200n		
PD26	30221+200n		
PD27	30222+200n		
PD28	30223+200n		
PD29	30224+200n		
PD30	30225+200n		
PD31	30226+200n		
PD32	30227+200n		
PD33	64464+250n		
PD34	64465+250n		
PD35	64466+250n		
PD36	64467+250n	Set with	
PD37	64468+250n	GX Works2	
PD38	64469+250n		
PD39	64470+250n		
PD40	64471+250n		
PD41	64472+250n		
PD42	64473+250n		
PD43	64474+250n		
PD44	64475+250n		
PD45	64476+250n		
PD46	64477+250n		
PD47	64478+250n		
PD48	64479+250n		

## (e) Extension setting 2 parameters

Convo amplifica	Buffer mem	ory address
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	OD77M646
raiainetei NO.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PE01	30228+200n	
PE02	30229+200n	
PE03	30230+200n	
PE04	30231+200n	
PE05	30232+200n	
PE06	30233+200n	
PE07	30234+200n	
PE08	30235+200n	
PE09	30236+200n	
PE10	30237+200n	
PE11	30238+200n	
PE12	30239+200n	
PE13	30240+200n	
PE14	30241+200n	
PE15	30242+200n	
PE16	30243+200n	Set with
PE17	30244+200n	GX Works2
PE18	30245+200n	
PE19	30246+200n	
PE20	30247+200n	
PE21	30248+200n	
PE22	30249+200n	
PE23	30250+200n	
PE24	30251+200n	
PE25	30252+200n	
PE26	30253+200n	
PE27	30254+200n	
PE28	30255+200n	
PE29	30256+200n	
PE30	30257+200n	
PE31	30258+200n	
PE32	30259+200n	

	D#a	
Servo amplifier	Buffer mem	ory address
Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
	QD77MS4	-
PE33	30260+200n	
PE34	30261+200n	
PE35	30262+200n	
PE36	30263+200n	
PE37	30264+200n	
PE38	30265+200n	
PE39	30266+200n	
PE40	30267+200n	
PE41	64480+250n	
PE42	64481+250n	
PE43	64482+250n	
PE44	64483+250n	
PE45	64484+250n	
PE46	64485+250n	
PE47	64486+250n	
PE48	64487+250n	Set with
PE49	64488+250n	GX Works2
PE50	64489+250n	
PE51	64490+250n	
PE52	64491+250n	
PE53	64492+250n	
PE54	64493+250n	
PE55	64494+250n	
PE56	64495+250n	
PE57	64496+250n	
PE58	64497+250n	
PE59	64498+250n	
PE60	64499+250n	
PE61	64500+250n	
PE62	64501+250n	
PE63	64502+250n	
PE64	64503+250n	

## (f) Special setting parameters

Canta amulifian	Buffer mem	ory address
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
i arameter No.	QD77MS4	QDTTIVISTO
PS01	30268+200n	
PS02	30269+200n	
PS03	30270+200n	
PS04	30271+200n	
PS05	30272+200n	
PS06	30273+200n	
PS07	30274+200n	
PS08	30275+200n	Set with
PS09	30276+200n	GX Works2
PS10	30277+200n	
PS11	30278+200n	
PS12	30279+200n	
PS13	30280+200n	
PS14	30281+200n	
PS15	30282+200n	
PS16	30283+200n	

	Buffer mem	ory address
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PS17	30284+200n	
PS18	30285+200n	
PS19	30286+200n	
PS20	30287+200n	
PS21	30288+200n	
PS22	30289+200n	
PS23	30290+200n	
PS24	30291+200n	Set with
PS25	30292+200n	GX Works2
PS26	30293+200n	
PS27	30294+200n	
PS28	30295+200n	
PS29	30296+200n	
PS30	30297+200n	
PS31	30298+200n	
PS32	30299+200n	

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## (g) Extension setting 3 parameters

Convo amplifior	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier	QD77MS2	007714040
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PF01	30900+50n	
PF02	30901+50n	
PF03	30902+50n	
PF04	30903+50n	
PF05	30904+50n	
PF06	30905+50n	
PF07	30906+50n	
PF08	30907+50n	
PF09	30908+50n	
PF10	30909+50n	
PF11	30910+50n	
PF12	30911+50n	Set with
PF13	30912+50n	GX Works2
PF14	30913+50n	
PF15	30914+50n	
PF16	30915+50n	
PF17	64504+250n	
PF18	64505+250n	
PF19	64506+250n	
PF20	64507+250n	
PF21	64508+250n	
PF22	64509+250n	
PF23	64510+250n	
PF24	64511+250n	

	Dufform	on, oddrooo	
Servo amplifier		emory address	
Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16	
	QD77MS4		
PF25	64512+250n		
PF26	64513+250n		
PF27	64514+250n		
PF28	64515+250n		
PF29	64516+250n		
PF30	64517+250n		
PF31	64518+250n		
PF32	64519+250n		
PF33	64520+250n		
PF34	64521+250n		
PF35	64522+250n		
PF36	64523+250n	Set with	
PF37	64524+250n	GX Works2	
PF38	64525+250n		
PF39	64526+250n		
PF40	64527+250n		
PF41	64528+250n		
PF42	64529+250n		
PF43	64530+250n		
PF44	64531+250n		
PF45	64532+250n		
PF46	64533+250n		
PF47	64534+250n		
PF48	64535+250n		

## (h) Option setting parameters

Comin amenifian	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD//NIS16
Po01	30916+50n	
Po02	30917+50n	
Po03	30918+50n	
Po04	30919+50n	
Po05	30920+50n	
Po06	30921+50n	
Po07	30922+50n	
Po08	30923+50n	Set with
Po09	30924+50n	GX Works2
Po10	30925+50n	
Po11	30926+50n	
Po12	30927+50n	
Po13	30928+50n	
Po14	30929+50n	
Po15	30930+50n	
Po16	30931+50n	

0	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Po17	64536+250n	
Po18	64537+250n	
Po19	64538+250n	
Po20	64539+250n	
Po21	64540+250n	
Po22	64541+250n	
Po23	64542+250n	
Po24	64543+250n	Set with
Po25	64544+250n	GX Works2
Po26	64545+250n	
Po27	64546+250n	
Po28	64547+250n	
Po29	64548+250n	
Po30	64549+250n	
Po31	64550+250n	
Po32	64551+250n	

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## (i) Linear servo motor/DD motor setting parameters

	Buffer mem	ory address
Servo amplifier	QD77MS2	
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PL01	64552+250n	
PL02	64553+250n	
PL03	64554+250n	
PL04	64555+250n	
PL05	64556+250n	
PL06	64557+250n	
PL07	64558+250n	
PL08	64559+250n	
PL09	64560+250n	
PL10	64561+250n	
PL11	64562+250n	
PL12	64563+250n	Set with
PL13	64564+250n	GX Works2
PL14	64565+250n	
PL15	64566+250n	
PL16	64567+250n	
PL17	64568+250n	
PL18	64569+250n	
PL19	64570+250n	
PL20	64571+250n	
PL21	64572+250n	
PL22	64573+250n	
PL23	64574+250n	
PL24	64575+250n	

Servo amplifier	Buffer memory address	
Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
r arameter No.	QD77MS4	QDITIVISTO
PL25	64576+250n	
PL26	64577+250n	
PL27	64578+250n	
PL28	64579+250n	
PL29	64580+250n	
PL30	64581+250n	
PL31	64582+250n	
PL32	64583+250n	
PL33	64584+250n	
PL34	64585+250n	Set with
PL35	64586+250n	
PL36	64587+250n	
PL37	64588+250n	GX Works2
PL38	64589+250n	
PL39	64590+250n	
PL40	64591+250n	
PL41	64592+250n	
PL42	64593+250n	
PL43	64594+250n	
PL44	64595+250n	
PL45	64596+250n	
PL46	64597+250n	
PL47	64598+250n	
PL48	64599+250n	

# (3) Parameters of MR-J3(W)-\_B

The parameter list for MR-J3(W)-\_B is shown below. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details of setting items. Do not change other than the buffer memory addresses of the parameters described in each servo amplifier instruction manual.

#### **POINT**

Set the parameter value and switch power off once (The parameter is transferred to servo amplifier from Simple Motion module), and then switch it on again to make that parameter setting valid.

# (a) Basic setting parameters

Canta amplifica	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD//NS16
PA01	30101+200n	28401+100n
PA02	30102+200n	28402+100n
PA03	30103+200n	28403+100n
PA04	30104+200n	28404+100n
PA05	30105+200n	28405+100n
PA06	30106+200n	28406+100n
PA07	30107+200n	28407+100n
PA08	30108+200n	28408+100n
PA09	30109+200n	28409+100n
PA10	30110+200n	28410+100n

Camia amanifian	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	OD77M040
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PA11	30111+200n	28411+100n
PA12	30112+200n	28412+100n
PA13	30113+200n	28413+100n
PA14	30114+200n	28414+100n
PA15	30115+200n	28415+100n
PA16	30116+200n	28416+100n
PA17	30117+200n	28417+100n
PA18	30118+200n	28418+100n
PA19	00000 : 50-	Set with
	30932+50n	GX Works2

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# (b) Gain/filter parameters

Camia amanifian	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier	QD77MS2	OD77MC46
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PB01	30119+200n	28419+100n
PB02	30120+200n	28420+100n
PB03	30121+200n	28421+100n
PB04	30122+200n	28422+100n
PB05	30123+200n	28423+100n
PB06	30124+200n	28424+100n
PB07	30125+200n	28425+100n
PB08	30126+200n	28426+100n
PB09	30127+200n	28427+100n
PB10	30128+200n	28428+100n
PB11	30129+200n	28429+100n
PB12	30130+200n	28430+100n
PB13	30131+200n	28431+100n
PB14	30132+200n	28432+100n
PB15	30133+200n	28433+100n
PB16	30134+200n	28434+100n
PB17	30135+200n	28435+100n
PB18	30136+200n	28436+100n
PB19	30137+200n	28437+100n
PB20	30138+200n	28438+100n
PB21	30139+200n	28439+100n
PB22	30140+200n	28440+100n
PB23	30141+200n	28441+100n

	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier	QD77MS2	
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PB24	30142+200n	28442+100n
PB25	30143+200n	28443+100n
PB26	30144+200n	28444+100n
PB27	30145+200n	28445+100n
PB28	30146+200n	28446+100n
PB29	30147+200n	28447+100n
PB30	30148+200n	28448+100n
PB31	30149+200n	28449+100n
PB32	30150+200n	28450+100n
PB33	30151+200n	28451+100n
PB34	30152+200n	28452+100n
PB35	30153+200n	28453+100n
PB36	30154+200n	28454+100n
PB37	30155+200n	28455+100n
PB38	30156+200n	28456+100n
PB39	30157+200n	28457+100n
PB40	30158+200n	28458+100n
PB41	30159+200n	28459+100n
PB42	30160+200n	28460+100n
PB43	30161+200n	28461+100n
PB44	30162+200n	28462+100n
PB45	30163+200n	28463+100n

# (c) Expansion setting parameters

Comin amenifian	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PC01	30164+200n	28464+100n
PC02	30165+200n	28465+100n
PC03	30166+200n	28466+100n
PC04	30167+200n	28467+100n
PC05	30168+200n	28468+100n
PC06	30169+200n	28469+100n
PC07	30170+200n	28470+100n
PC08	30171+200n	28471+100n
PC09	30172+200n	28472+100n
PC10	30173+200n	28473+100n
PC11	30174+200n	28474+100n
PC12	30175+200n	28475+100n
PC13	30176+200n	28476+100n
PC14	30177+200n	28477+100n
PC15	30178+200n	28478+100n
PC16	30179+200n	28479+100n

	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PC17	30180+200n	28480+100n
PC18	30181+200n	28481+100n
PC19	30182+200n	28482+100n
PC20	30183+200n	28483+100n
PC21	30184+200n	28484+100n
PC22	30185+200n	28485+100n
PC23	30186+200n	28486+100n
PC24	30187+200n	28487+100n
PC25	30188+200n	28488+100n
PC26	30189+200n	28489+100n
PC27	30190+200n	28490+100n
PC28	30191+200n	28491+100n
PC29	30192+200n	28492+100n
PC30	30193+200n	28493+100n
PC31	30194+200n	28494+100n
PC32	30195+200n	28495+100n

n: Axis No.-1

# (d) Input/output setting parameters

Conto amplifias	Buffer mem	ory address
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
r dramotor rvo.	QD77MS4	QD77W010
PD01	30196+200n	
PD02	30197+200n	
PD03	30198+200n	
PD04	30199+200n	
PD 05	30200+200n	
PD06	30201+200n	
PD07	30202+200n	
PD08	30203+200n	Set with
PD09	30204+200n	GX Works2
PD10	30205+200n	
PD11	30206+200n	
PD12	30207+200n	
PD13	30208+200n	
PD14	30209+200n	
PD15	30210+200n	
PD16	30211+200n	

Comio omeniifian	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PD17	30212+200n	
PD18	30213+200n	
PD19	30214+200n	
PD20	30215+200n	
PD21	30216+200n	
PD22	30217+200n	
PD23	30218+200n	
PD24	30219+200n	Set with
PD25	30220+200n	GX Works2
PD26	30221+200n	
PD27	30222+200n	
PD28	30223+200n	
PD29	30224+200n	
PD30	30225+200n	
PD31	30226+200n	
PD32	30227+200n	

# (e) Extension control parameters

Conto amplifior	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
Talameter 140.	QD77MS4	QDTTIVISTO
PE01	30228+200n	
PE02	30229+200n	
PE03	30230+200n	
PE04	30231+200n	
PE05	30232+200n	
PE06	30233+200n	
PE07	30234+200n	
PE08	30235+200n	
PE09	30236+200n	
PE10	30237+200n	Set with
PE11	30238+200n	GX Works2
PE12	30239+200n	
PE13	30240+200n	
PE14	30241+200n	
PE15	30242+200n	
PE16	30243+200n	
PE17	30244+200n	
PE18	30245+200n	
PE19	30246+200n	
PE20	30247+200n	

Servo amplifier	Buffer mem	ory address
Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QUTTNISTO
PE21	30248+200n	
PE22	30249+200n	
PE23	30250+200n	
PE24	30251+200n	
PE25	30252+200n	
PE26	30253+200n	
PE27	30254+200n	
PE28	30255+200n	
PE29	30256+200n	
PE30	30257+200n	Set with
PE31	30258+200n	GX Works2
PE32	30259+200n	
PE33	30260+200n	
PE34	30261+200n	
PE35	30262+200n	
PE36	30263+200n	
PE37	30264+200n	
PE38	30265+200n	
PE39	30266+200n	
PE40	30267+200n	

n: Axis No.-1

# (f) Special setting parameters

Canta amplifica	Buffer mem	ory address
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
	QD77MS4	
PS01	30268+200n	
PS02	30269+200n	
PS03	30270+200n	
PS04	30271+200n	
PS05	30272+200n	
PS06	30273+200n	
PS07	30274+200n	
PS08	30275+200n	Set with
PS09	30276+200n	GX Works2
PS10	30277+200n	
PS11	30278+200n	
PS12	30279+200n	
PS13	30280+200n	
PS14	30281+200n	
PS15	30282+200n	
PS16	30283+200n	

Conto amplifica	Buffer memory address	
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD//NS16
PS17	30284+200n	
PS18	30285+200n	
PS19	30286+200n	
PS20	30287+200n	
PS21	30288+200n	
PS22	30289+200n	
PS23	30290+200n	
PS24	30291+200n	Set with
PS25	30292+200n	GX Works2
PS26	30293+200n	
PS27	30294+200n	
PS28	30295+200n	
PS29	30296+200n	
PS30	30297+200n	
PS31	30298+200n	
PS32	30299+200n	

# (g) Other setting parameters

Conto amplifior	Buffer mem	ory address
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	007714040
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PF01	30900+50n	
PF02	30901+50n	
PF03	30902+50n	
PF04	30903+50n	Set with
PF05	30904+50n	GX Works2
PF06	30905+50n	
PF07	30906+50n	
PF08	30907+50n	

Camia amalifian	Buffer memory address			
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	OD77M040		
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD77MS16		
PF09	30908+50n			
PF10	30909+50n			
PF11	30910+50n			
PF12	30911+50n	Set with		
PF13	30912+50n	GX Works2		
PF14	30913+50n			
PF15	30914+50n			
PF16	30915+50n			

n: Axis No.-1

# (h) Option unit parameters

Conto amplifios	Buffer mem	ory address
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
raiailletei No.	QD77MS4	QUITINISTO
Po01	30916+50n	
Po02	30917+50n	
Po03	30918+50n	
Po04	30919+50n	Set with
Po05	30920+50n	GX Works2
Po06	30921+50n	
Po07	30922+50n	
Po08	30923+50n	

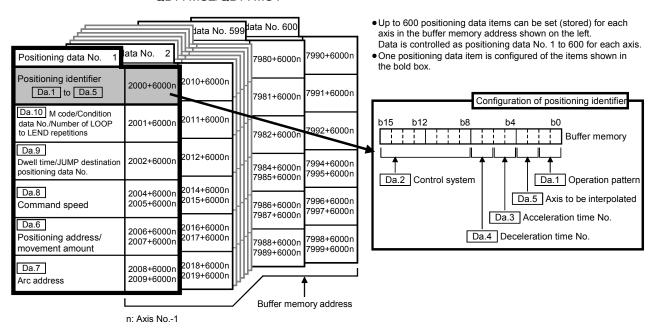
Came amountifican	Buffer memory address			
Servo amplifier Parameter No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS16		
Parameter No.	QD77MS4	QD//NIS16		
Po09	30924+50n			
Po10	30925+50n			
Po11	30926+50n			
Po12	30927+50n	Set with		
Po13	30928+50n	GX Works2		
Po14	30929+50n			
Po15	30930+50n			
Po16	30931+50n			

#### 5.3 List of positioning data

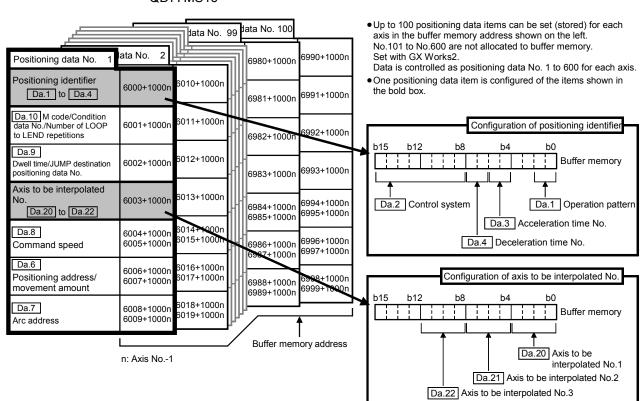
Before explaining the positioning data setting items [Da.1] to [Da.10], [Da.20] to [Da.22] the configuration of the positioning data will be shown below.

The positioning data stored in the buffer memory of Simple Motion module has the following type of configuration.

#### QD77MS2/QD77MS4



#### • QD77MS16



The descriptions that follow relate to the positioning data set items [Da.1] to [Da.10], [Da.20] to [Da.22].

(The buffer memory addresses shown are those of the "positioning data No. 1".)

Guide to buffer memory address
 In the buffer memory address, "n" in "6001+1000n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

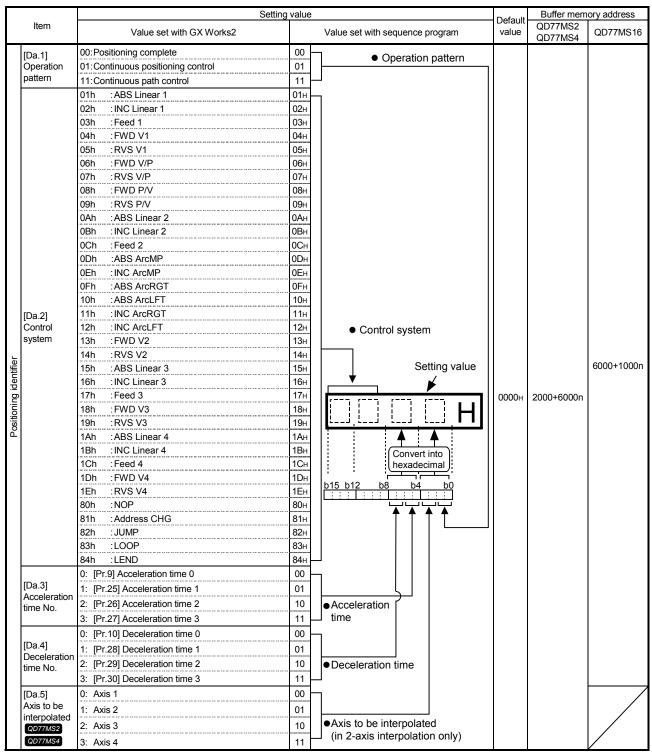
Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n
1	0	5	4	9	8	13	12
2	1	6	5	10	9	14	13
3	2	7	6	11	10	15	14
4	3	8	7	12	11	16	15

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis. (Example) For axis No. 16

6001+1000n ([Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions)=6001+1000 $\times$ 15=21001

(Note-2): The range from axis No.1 to 2 (n=0 to 1) is valid in the QD77MS2.

(Note-3): The range from axis No.1 to 4 (n=0 to 3) is valid in the QD77MS4

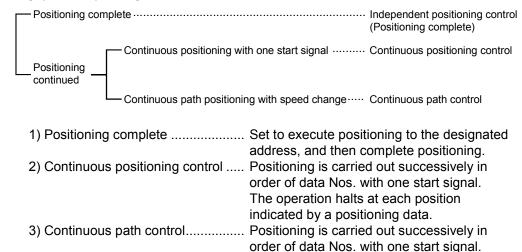


			Setting	g value,	, setting range	Defeult	Buffer memory address	
	Item		Value set with GX Works2 Value set with sequence program			Default value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
P	[Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount		The setting value range differs according to the "[Da.2] Control			0	2006+6000n 2007+6000n	6006+1000n 6007+1000n
[Da	ı.7] ırc address		system".			0	2008+6000n 2009+6000n	6008+1000n 6009+1000n
[Da	ı.8] command spee	d	The setting value range di setting".  -1: Current speed (Speed set for previous positioning data No.)	ffers de	epending on the "[Pr.1] Unit	0	2004+6000n 2005+6000n	6004+1000n 6005+1000n
J d p	n.9]  Well time/ UMP estination ositioning data lo.	Dwell time  JUMP destination positioning data No.	The setting value range di	0	2002+6000n	6002+1000n		
M C N L	a.10] I code/ condition data lo./Number of OOP to LEND epetitions	M code Condition data No. Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	system".	0	2001+6000n	6001+1000n		
lated	[Da.20] Axis to be in No.1 QD77M		0: Axis 1 selected 1: Axis 2 selected 2: Axis 3 selected 3: Axis 4 selected 4: Axis 5 selected 5: Axis 6 selected	0H 1H 2H 3H 4H 5H	o15 b12 b8 b4 b0			
Axis to be interpolated	[Da.21] 6: A 7: A 8: A 9: A 6: A		6: Axis 7 selected 7: Axis 8 selected 8: Axis 9 selected 9: Axis 10 selected A: Axis 11 selected	6H   L   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	Not used Da.22 Da.21 Da.20 (Note): Always "0" is set to the part	0000Н		6003+1000n
Axi	[Da.22] Axis to be in No.3 QD77M		B: Axis 12 selected C: Axis 13 selected D: Axis 14 selected E: Axis 15 selected F: Axis 16 selected	BH CH DH EH FH	not used.			

#### [Da.1] Operation pattern

The operation pattern designates whether positioning of a certain data No. is to be ended with just that data, or whether the positioning for the next data No. is to be carried out in succession.

#### [Operation pattern]



#### [Da.2] Control system

Set the "control system" for carrying out positioning control.

Note)

 When "JUMP instruction" is set for the control system, the "[Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No. " and "[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions" setting details will differ.

positioning data.

The operation does not stop at each

- In case you selected "LOOP" as the control system, the "[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions" should be set differently from other cases.
- Refer to Chapter 9 "Major Positioning Control" for details on the control systems.
- If "degree" is set for "[Pr.1] Unit setting", circular interpolation control cannot be carried out. (The error "Circular interpolation not possible" (error code: 535) will occur when executed.)

#### [Da.3] Acceleration time No.

Set which of "acceleration time 0 to 3" to use for the acceleration time during positioning.

- 0: Use the value set in "[Pr.9] Acceleration time 0".
- 1: Use the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1".
- 2: Use the value set in "[Pr.26] Acceleration time 2".
- 3: Use the value set in "[Pr.27] Acceleration time 3".

#### [Da.4] Deceleration time No.

Set which of "deceleration time 0 to 3" to use for the deceleration time during positioning.

- 0: Use the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0".
- 1: Use the value set in "[Pr.28] Deceleration time 1".
- 2: Use the value set in "[Pr.29] Deceleration time 2".
- 3: Use the value set in "[Pr.30] Deceleration time 3".

### [Da.5] Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4

Set the target axis (partner axis) for operations under the 2-axis interpolation control.

- 0: Selects the axis 1 as the target axis (partner axis).
- 1: Selects the axis 2 as the target axis (partner axis).
- 2: Selects the axis 3 as the target axis (partner axis).
- 3: Selects the axis 4 as the target axis (partner axis).
- Note)
   Do not specify the own axis number or any number except the above.

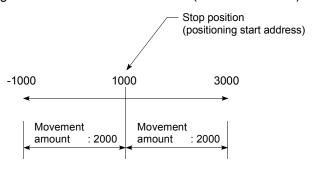
  (If you do, the "Illegal interpolation description command error" will occur during the program execution (error code: 521).)
  - This item does not need to be set in case 3 or 4-axis interpolation is selected.

#### [Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount

Set the address to be used as the target value for positioning control. The setting value range differs according to the "[Da.2] Control system". ((1) to (4))

# (1) Absolute (ABS) system, current value changing

 The setting value (positioning address) for the ABS system and current value changing is set with an absolute address (address from OP).

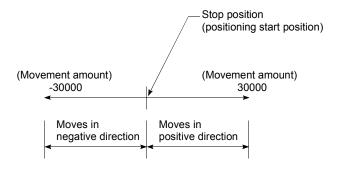


# (2) Incremental (INC) system, fixed-feed 1, fixed-feed 2, fixed-feed 3, fixed-feed 4

 The setting value (movement amount) for the INC system is set as a movement amount with sign.

When movement amount is positive: Moves in the positive direction (address increment direction)

When movement amount is negative: Moves in the negative direction (address decrement direction)



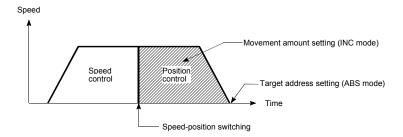
# (3) Speed-position switching control

· INC mode:

Set the amount of movement after the switching from speed control to position control.

· ABS mode:

Set the absolute address which will be the target value after speed control is switched to position control. (The unit is "degree" only)



# (4) Position-speed switching control

• Set the amount of movement before the switching from position control to speed control.

#### ■ When "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is "mm"

The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the positioning address or movement amount and the associated setting ranges. (With any control system excluded from the table below, neither the positioning address nor the movement amount needs to be set.)

[Da.2] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (μm)	Value set with sequence program  *1 (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)
ABS Linear 1 : 01H ABS Linear 2 : 0AH ABS Linear 3 : 15H ABS Linear 4 : 1AH Current value changing : 81H	Set the address -214748364.8 to 214748364.7	♦ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647
INC Linear 1 : 02H INC Linear 2 : 0BH INC Linear 3 : 16H INC Linear 4 : 1BH Fixed-feed 1 : 03H Fixed-feed 2 : 0CH Fixed-feed 3 : 17H Fixed-feed 4 : 1CH	Set the movement amount -214748364.8 to 214748364.7	<ul> <li>♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647</li> </ul>
Forward run speed/position: 06H Reverse run speed/position: 07H Forward run position/speed: 08H Reverse run position/speed: 09H	<ul> <li>♦ Set the movement amount</li> <li>0 to 214748364.7</li> </ul>	♦ Set the movement amount 0 to 2147483647
ABS circular sub : 0DH ABS circular right : 0FH ABS circular left : 10H	♦ Set the address	♦ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647
INC circular sub : 0EH INC circular right : 11H INC circular left : 12H	Set the movement amount	♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647

<sup>\*1:</sup> Set an integer because the sequence program cannot handle fractions. (The value will be converted properly within the system.)

# ■ When "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is "degree"

The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the positioning address or movement amount and the associated setting ranges. (With any control system excluded from the table below, neither the positioning address nor the movement amount needs to be set.)

[Da.2] setting valu	е	Value set with GX Works2 (degree)	Value set with sequence program *1 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)
ABS Linear 1 ABS Linear 2 ABS Linear 3 ABS Linear 4 Current value changing	: 01H : 0AH : 15H : 1AH : 81H	<ul> <li>♦ Set the address</li> <li>0 to 359.99999</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>♦ Set the address</li> <li>0 to 35999999</li> </ul>
INC Linear 1 INC Linear 2 INC Linear 3 INC Linear 4 Fixed-feed 1 Fixed-feed 2 Fixed-feed 3 Fixed-feed 4	: 02H : 0BH : 16H : 1BH : 03H : 0CH : 17H : 1CH	<ul> <li>♦ Set the movement amount         -21474.83648 to 21474.83647</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>♦ Set the movement amount         -2147483648 to 2147483647 *2</li> </ul>
Forward run speed/position: 06H Reverse run speed/position: 07H		In INC mode  ♦ Set the movement amount 0 to 21474.83647  In ABS mode  ♦ Set the address 0 to 359.99999	In INC mode  ♦ Set the movement amount 0 to 2147483647  In ABS mode  ♦ Set the address 0 to 35999999
Forward run position/speed: 08H Reverse run position/speed: 09H		Set the movement amount 0 to 21474.83647	Set the movement amount 0 to 2147483647

<sup>\*1:</sup> Set an integer because the sequence program cannot handle fractions. (The value will be converted properly within the system.)

<sup>\*2:</sup> When the software stroke limit is valid, -35999999 to 35999999 is set.

# ■ When "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is "PLS"

The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the positioning address or movement amount and the associated setting ranges. (With any control system excluded from the table below, neither the positioning address nor the movement amount needs to be set.)

[Da.2] setting value		Value set with GX Works2 (PLS)	Value set with sequence program *1 (PLS)
ABS Linear 1 : 01 ABS Linear 2 : 0A ABS Linear 3 : 15 ABS Linear 4 : 1A Current value changing : 81	H H H	♦ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647	♦ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647
INC Linear 1       : 02         INC Linear 2       : 08         INC Linear 3       : 16         INC Linear 4       : 18         Fixed-feed 1       : 03         Fixed-feed 2       : 00         Fixed-feed 3       : 17         Fixed-feed 4       : 10	H H H H H	<ul><li>♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647</li></ul>	<ul> <li>♦ Set the movement amount</li> <li>-2147483648 to 2147483647</li> </ul>
Forward run speed/position: 06 Reverse run speed/position: 07 Forward run position/speed: 08 Reverse run position/speed: 09	H H	Set the movement amount 0 to 2147483647	♦ Set the movement amount 0 to 2147483647
ABS circular sub : 0D ABS circular right : 0F ABS circular left : 10	Н	♦ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647	♦ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647
INC circular sub : 0E INC circular right : 11 INC circular left : 12	Н	♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647	♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647

#### ■ When "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is "inch"

The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the positioning address or movement amount and the associated setting ranges. (With any control system excluded from the table below, neither the positioning address nor the movement amount needs to be set.)

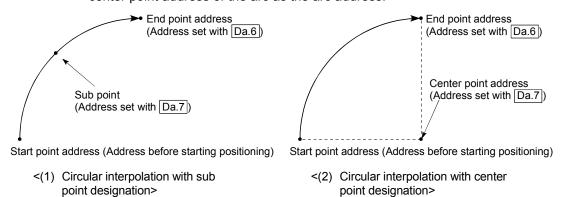
[Da.2] setting value		Value set with GX Works2 (inch)	Value set with sequence program *1 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)
ABS Linear 2 : ABS Linear 3 : ABS Linear 4 :	01H 0AH 15H 1AH 81H	♦ Set the address -21474.83648 to 21474.83647	<ul> <li>♦ Set the address         -2147483648 to 2147483647</li> </ul>
INC Linear 2 : INC Linear 3 : INC Linear 4 : Fixed-feed 1 : Fixed-feed 2 : Fixed-feed 3 : :	02H 0BH 16H 1BH 03H 0CH 17H 1CH	<ul><li>♦ Set the movement amount -21474.83648 to 21474.83647</li></ul>	<ul> <li>♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647</li> </ul>
Forward run speed/position: Reverse run speed/position: Forward run position/speed: Reverse run position/speed:	07H 08H	♦ Set the movement amount 0 to 21474.83647	♦ Set the movement amount 0 to 2147483647
ABS circular right :	0DH 0FH 10H	♦ Set the address -21474.83648 to 21474.83647	♦ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647
INC circular right :	0EH 11H 12H	♦ Set the movement amount -21474.83648 to 21474.83647	♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647

<sup>\*1:</sup> Set an integer because the sequence program cannot handle fractions. (The value will be converted properly within the system.)

#### [Da.7] Arc address

The arc address is data required only when carrying out circular interpolation control.

- (1) When carrying out circular interpolation with sub point designation, set the sub point (passing point) address as the arc address.
- (2) When carrying out circular interpolation with center point designation, set the center point address of the arc as the arc address.



When not carrying out circular interpolation control, the value set in "[Da.7] Arc address" will be invalid.

#### ■ When "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is "mm"

The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the arc address and shows the setting range.

(With any control system excluded from the table below, the arc address does not need to be set.)

[Da.2] setting value		Value set with GX Works2 (μm)	Value set with sequence program *1 (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)
ABS circular sub ABS circular right ABS circular left	: 0DH : 0FH : 10H	♦ Set the address -214748364.8 to 214748364.7 *2	♦ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647
INC circular sub INC circular right INC circular left	: 0EH : 11H : 12H	♦ Set the movement amount -214748364.8 to 214748364.7 *2	♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647 *2

<sup>\*1:</sup> Set an integer because the sequence program cannot handle fractions. (The value will be converted properly within the system.)

- \*2: Note that the maximum radius that circular interpolation control is possible is 536870912 ( $\times 10^{-1} \mu m$ ), although the setting value can be input within the range shown in the above table, as an arc address.
  - When "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is "degree"

    No control system requires the setting of the arc address by "degree".
  - When "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is "PLS"

The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the arc address and shows the setting range.

(With any control system excluded from the table below, the arc address does not need to be set.)

[Da.2] setting value		Value set with GX Works2 (PLS)	Value set with sequence program (PLS)
ABS circular sub ABS circular right ABS circular left	: 0DH : 0FH : 10H	<ul> <li>♦ Set the address</li> <li>-2147483648 to 2147483647 *1</li> </ul>	♦ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647
INC circular sub INC circular right INC circular left	: 0EH : 11H : 12H	♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647 *1	♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647 *1

<sup>\*1:</sup> Note that the maximum radius that circular interpolation control is possible is 536870912 (PLS), although the setting value can be input within the range shown in the above table, as an arc address.

■ When "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is "inch"

The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the arc address and shows the setting range.

(With any control system excluded from the table below, the arc address does not need to be set.)

[Da.2] setting value		Value set with GX Works2 (inch)	Value set with sequence program *1 (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)
ABS circular sub ABS circular right ABS circular left	: 0DH : 0FH : 10H	♦ Set the address -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 *2	♦ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647
INC circular sub INC circular right INC circular left	: 0EH : 11H : 12H	♦ Set the movement amount -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 *2	♦ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647 *2

<sup>\*1:</sup> Set an integer because the sequence program cannot handle fractions. (The value will be converted properly within the system.)

#### [Da.8] Command speed

Set the command speed for positioning.

- (1) If the set command speed exceeds "[Pr.8] Speed limit value", positioning will be carried out at the speed limit value.
- (2) If "-1" is set for the command speed, the current speed (speed set for previous positioning data No.) will be used for positioning control. Use the current speed for uniform speed control, etc. If "-1" is set for continuing positioning data, and the speed is changed, the following speed will also change.

(Note that when starting positioning, if the "-1" speed is set for the positioning data that carries out positioning control first, the error "No Command speed" (error code: 503) will occur, and the positioning will not start. Refer to Section 16.4 "List of errors" for details on the errors.)

[Pr.1] setting value	Value set with GX Works2 (unit)	Value set with sequence program (unit)
0 : mm	0.01 to 20000000.00 (mm/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min)
1 : inch	0.001 to 2000000.000 (inch/min)	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> inch/min)
2 : degree	0.001 to 2000000.000 (degree/min) *1	1 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min) *2
3 : PLS	1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)	1 to 1000000000 (PLS/s)

<sup>\*1:</sup> The range of command speed when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: 0.01 to 20000000.00 (degree/min)

<sup>\*2:</sup> Note that the maximum radius that circular interpolation control is possible is 536870912 (×10<sup>-5</sup> inch), although the setting value can be input within the range shown in the above table, as an arc address.

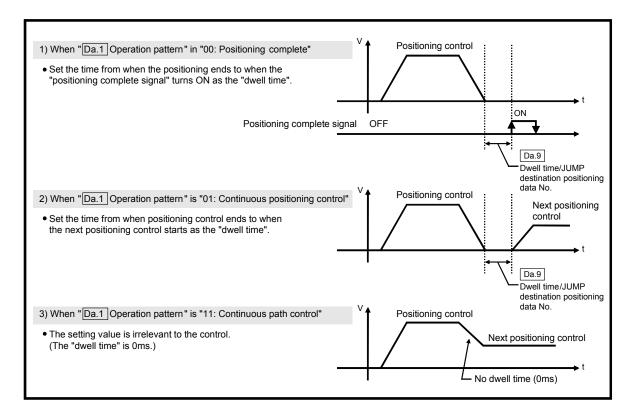
<sup>\*2:</sup> The range of command speed when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: 1 to 2000000000 (×10<sup>-2</sup>degree/min)

[Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP designation positioning data No.

Set the "dwell time" or "positioning data No." corresponding to the "[Da.2] Control system".

- When a method other than "JUMP instruction" is set for "[Da.2] Control system"
   ..... Set the "dwell time".
- When "JUMP instruction" is set for "[Da.2] Control system" ..... Set the "positioning data No." for the JUMP destination.

When the "dwell time" is set, the setting details of the "dwell time" will be as follows according to "[Da.1] Operation pattern".



[Da.2] setting value	Setting item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program
JUMP instruction: 82H	Positioning data No.	1 to 600	1 to 600
Other than JUMP instruction	Dwell time	0 to 65535 (ms)	0 to 65535 (ms)

#### [Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions

Set an "M code", a "condition data No.", or the "Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions" depending on how the "[Da.2] Control system" is set.  $^{*1}$ 

 If a method other than "JUMP instruction" and "LOOP" is selected as the "[Da.2] Control system"
 Set an "M code".

If no "M code" needs to be output, set "0" (default value).

• If "JUMP instruction" or "LOOP" is selected as the "[Da.2] Control system" ...... Set the "condition data No." for JUMP.

0 : Unconditional JUMP to the positioning data specified by [Da.9].

1 to 10 : JUMP performed according to the condition data No. specified (a number between 1 and 10).

Make sure that you specify the number of LOOP to LEND repetitions by a number other than "0". The error "Control system LOOP setting error" (error code: 545) will occur if you specify "0".

\*1: The condition data specifies the condition for the JUMP instruction to be executed.

(A JUMP will take place when the condition is satisfied.)

[Da.2] setting value	Setting item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program
JUMP instruction: 82H	Condition data No.	0 to 10	0 to 10
Other than JUMP instruction	M code	0 to 65535	0 to 65535
LOOP: 83H	Repetition count	1 to 65535	1 to 65535

# [Da.20] Axis to be interpolated No.1 to [Da.22] Axis to be interpolated No.3

Set the axis to be interpolated to execute the 2 to 4-axis interpolation operation.

- 2-axis interpolation....... Set the target axis number in "[Da.20] Axis to be interpolated No.1".
- 3-axis interpolation....... Set the target axis number in "[Da.20] Axis to be interpolated No.1" and "[Da.21] Axis to be interpolated
- No.2".
   4-axis interpolation....... Set the target axis number in "[Da.20] Axis to be

interpolated No.1" to "[Da.22] Axis to be interpolated No.3".

Set the axis set as axis to be interpolated.

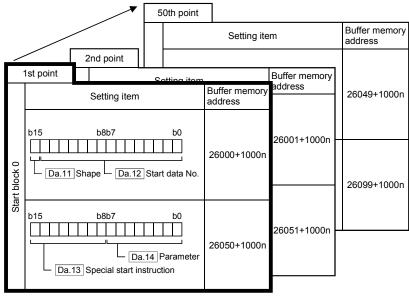
0: Axis 1	8: Axis 9
1: Axis 2	9: Axis 10
2: Axis 3	A: Axis 11
3: Axis 4	B: Axis 12
4: Axis 5	C: Axis 13
5: Axis 6	D: Axis 14
6: Axis 7	E: Axis 15
7: Axis 8	F: Axis 16

- Note) Do not specify the own axis number. (If you do, the error "Illegal interpolation description command" (error code: 521) will occur during the program execution.)
  - When the same axis number or axis number of own axis is set to multiple axis to be interpolated number, the error "Illegal interpolation description command" (error code: 521) will occur during the program execution.
  - Do not specify the axis to be interpolated No.2 and axis to be interpolated No.3 for 2-axis interpolation, and do not specify the axis to be interpolated No.3 for 3-axis interpolation.
     The setting value is ignored.

#### 5.4 List of block start data

The illustrations below show the organization of the block start data stored in the buffer memory of Simple Motion module. The block start data setting items [Da.11] to [Da.14] are explained in the pages that follow.

#### QD77MS2/QD77MS4

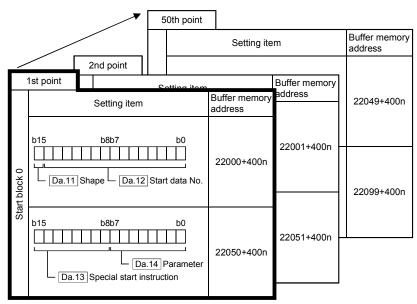


- Up to 50 block start data points can be set (stored) for each axis in the buffer memory addresses shown on the left.
- Items in a single unit of block start data are shown included in a bold frame.
- Each axis has five start blocks (block Nos. 0 to 4).

(Note): For information on the organization of the buffer memory addresses assigned to the start blocks 1 to 4, refer to Appendix 1 "List of buffer memory addresses".

n: Axis No.-1

#### • QD77MS16



- Up to 50 block start data points can be set (stored) for each axis in the buffer memory addresses shown on the left.
- Items in a single unit of block start data are shown included in a bold frame.
- Each axis has five start blocks (block Nos. 0 to 4).
   Start block 2 to 4 are not allocated to buffer memory.
   Set with GX Works2.

(Note): For information on the organization of the buffer memory addresses assigned to the start block 1, refer to Appendix 1 "List of buffer memory addresses".

n: Axis No.-1

The following pages explain the block start data setting items [Da.11] to [Da.14]. (The buffer memory addresses shown are those of the "1st point block start data (block No. 7000)".)

Guide to buffer memory address
 In the buffer memory address, "n" in "22000+400n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n
1	0	5	4	9	8	13	12
2	1	6	5	10	9	14	13
3	2	7	6	11	10	15	14
4	3	8	7	12	11	16	15

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis. (Example) For axis No. 16

22000+400n ([Da.11] Shape)=22000+400×15=28000

(Note-2): The range from axis No.1 to 2 (n=0 to 1) is valid in the QD77MS2.

(Note-3): The range from axis No.1 to 4 (n=0 to 3) is valid in the QD77MS4.

# REMARK

To perform a high-level positioning control using block start data, set a number between 7000 and 7004 to the "[Cd.3] Positioning start No." and use the "[Cd.4] Positioning starting point No." to specify a point number between 1 and 50, a position counted from the beginning of the block.

The number between 7000 and 7004 specified here is called the "block No.". With the Simple Motion module, up to 50 "block start data" points and up to 10 "condition data" items can be assigned to each "block No.".

#### QD77MS2

Block No. *1	Axis	Block start data	Condition	Buffer memory	GX Works2
7000	Axis 1	Start block 0	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7000	Axis 2	Start block 0	Condition data (1 to 10)		Supports the
7001	Axis 1	Start block 1	Condition data (1 to 10)	Supports the	
7001	Axis 2	Start block i	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7002	Axis 1	Start block 2	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7002	Axis 2	Start block 2	Condition data (1 to 10)	settings	settings
7003	Axis 1	Start block 3	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7003	Axis 2	Start block 3	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7004	Axis 1	Start block 4	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7004	Axis 2	Start block 4	Condition data (1 to 10)		

<sup>\*1:</sup> Setting cannot be made when the "Pre-reading start function" is used. If you set any of Nos. 7000 to 7004 and perform the Pre-reading start function, the error "Outside start No. range" (error code: 543) will occur.

(For details, refer to Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function".)

#### • QD77MS4

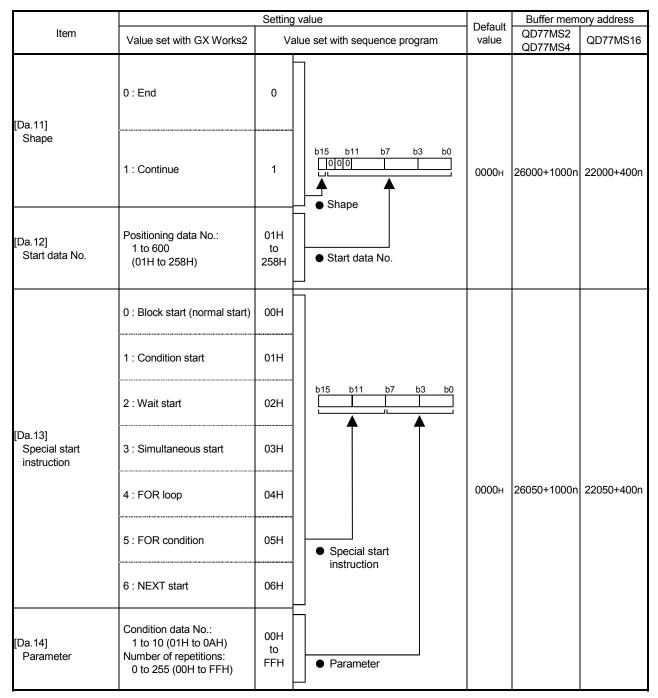
Block No. *1	Axis	Block start data	Condition	Buffer memory	GX Works2
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7000	Axis 2	Start block 0	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7000	Axis 3	Start block 0	Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 4		Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7001	Axis 2	Start block 1	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7001	Axis 3	Start block i	Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 4		Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7002	Axis 2	Start block 2	Condition data (1 to 10)	Supports the	Supports the
7002	Axis 3		Condition data (1 to 10)	settings	settings
	Axis 4		Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7003	Axis 2	Start block 3	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7003	Axis 3	Start block 3	Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 4		Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7004	Axis 2	Start block 4	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7004	Axis 3	Start block 4	Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 4		Condition data (1 to 10)		

#### • QD77MS16

Block No. *1	Axis	Block start data	Condition	Buffer memory	GX Works2
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7000	to	Start block 0	to		
	Axis 16		Condition data (1 to 10)	Supports the	
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)	settings	
7001	to	Start block 1	to		
	Axis 16		Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)	/	
7002	to	Start block 2	to		Supports the
	Axis 16		Condition data (1 to 10)		settings
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7003	to	Start block 3	to		
	Axis 16		Condition data (1 to 10)	/	
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7004	to	Start block 4	to		
	Axis 16		Condition data (1 to 10)		

<sup>\*1:</sup> Setting cannot be made when the "Pre-reading start function" is used. If you set any of Nos. 7000 to 7004 and perform the Pre-reading start function, the error "Outside start No. range" (error code: 543) will occur.

(For details, refer to Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function".)



#### [Da.11] Shape

Set whether to carry out only the local "block start data" and then end control, or to execute the "block start data" set in the next point.

Setting value	Setting details
0 : End	Execute the designated point's "block start data", and then complete the control.
	Execute the designated point's "block start data", and after completing control, execute the next point's "block start data".

#### [Da.12] Start data No.

Set the "positioning data No." designated with the "block start data".

#### [Da.13] Special start instruction

Set the "special start instruction" for using "high-level positioning control". (Set how to start the positioning data set in "[Da.12] Start data No.".)

Setting value	Setting details
00H: Block start (Normal start)	Execute the random block positioning data in the set order with one start.
01H: Condition start	Carry out the condition judgment set in "condition data" for the designated positioning data, and when the conditions are established, execute the "block start data". If not established, ignore that "block start data", and then execute the next point's "block start data".
02H: Wait start	Carry out the condition judgment set in "condition data" for the designated positioning data, and when the conditions are established, execute the "block start data". If not established, stop the control (wait) until the conditions are established.
03H: Simultaneous start	Simultaneous execute (output command at same timing) the positioning data with the No. designated for the axis designated in the "condition data". Up to four axes can start simultaneously.
04H: Repeated start (FOR loop)	Repeat the program from the block start data with the "FOR loop" to the block start data with "NEXT" for the designated number of times.
05H: Repeated start (FOR condition)	Repeat the program from the block start data with the "FOR condition" to the block start data with "NEXT" until the conditions set in the "condition data" are established.
06H: NEXT start	Set the end of the repetition when "04H: Repetition start (FOR loop)" or "05H: Repetition start (FOR condition)" is set.

Refer to Chapter 10 "High-Level Positioning Control" for details on the control.

#### [Da.14] Parameter

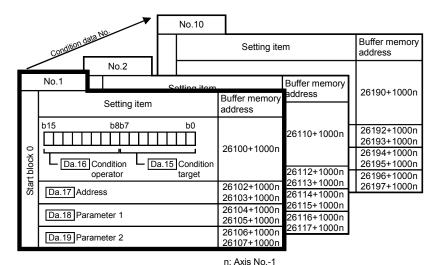
Set the value as required for "[Da.13] Special start instruction".

[Da.13] Special start instruction	Setting value	Setting details
Block start (Normal start)	_	Not used. (There is no need to set.)
Condition start		Set the condition data No. (Data No. of
Wait start	1 to 10	"condition data" is set up for the
Simultaneous start		condition judgment.)
Repeated start (FOR loop)	0 to 255	Set the number of repetitions.
Repeated start (FOR condition)	1 to 10	Set the condition data No. (Data No. of "condition data" is set up for the condition judgment.)

#### 5.5 List of condition data

The illustrations below show the organization of the condition data stored in the buffer memory of Simple Motion module. The condition data setting items [Da.15] to [Da.19] and [Da.23] to [Da.26] are explained in the pages that follow.

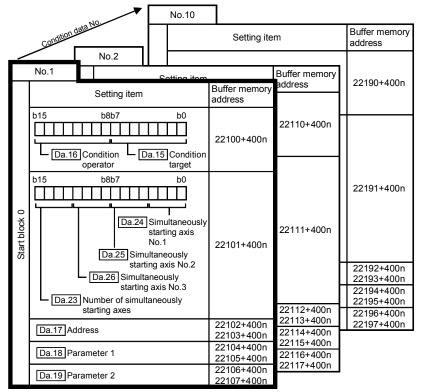
#### QD77MS2/QD77MS4



- Up to 10 condition data points can be set (stored) for each block No. in the buffer memory addresses shown on the left.
- Items in a single unit of condition data are shown included in a bold frame.
- Each axis has five start blocks (block Nos. 0 to 4).

(Note): For information on the organization of the buffer memory addresses assigned to the start blocks 1 to 4, refer to Appendix 1 "List of buffer memory addresses".

#### QD77MS16



n: Axis No.-1

- Up to 10 condition data points can be set (stored) for each block No. in the buffer memory addresses shown on the left.
- Items in a single unit of condition data are shown included in a bold frame.
- Each axis has five start blocks (block Nos. 0 to 4).
   Start block 2 to 4 are not allocated to buffer memory.
   Set with GX Works2.

(Note): For information on the organization of the buffer memory addresses assigned to the start block 1, refer to Appendix 1 "List of buffer memory addresses".

The following pages explain the condition data setting items [Da.15] to [Da.19] and [Da.23] to [Da.26].

(The buffer memory addresses shown are those of the "condition data No. 1 (block No. 7000)".)

# Guide to buffer memory address In the buffer memory address, "n" in "22100+400n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n
1	0	5	4	9	8	13	12
2	1	6	5	10	9	14	13
3	2	7	6	11	10	15	14
4	3	8	7	12	11	16	15

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis. (Example) For axis No. 16

22100+400n ([Da.16] Condition operator)=22100+400×15=28100

(Note-2): The range from axis No.1 to 2 (n=0 to 1) is valid in the QD77MS2.

(Note-3): The range from axis No.1 to 4 (n=0 to 3) is valid in the QD77MS4.

# REMARK

To perform a high-level positioning control using block start data, set a number between 7000 and 7004 to the "[Cd.3] Positioning start No." and use the "[Cd.4] Positioning starting point No." to specify a point number between 1 and 50, a position counted from the beginning of the block.

The number between 7000 and 7004 specified here is called the "block No.". With the Simple Motion module, up to 50 "block start data" points and up to 10 "condition data" items can be assigned to each "block No.".

#### QD77MS2

Block No. *1	Axis	Block start data	Condition	Buffer memory	GX Works2
7000	Axis 1	Start block 0	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7000	Axis 2	Start block 0	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7001	Axis 1	Start block 1	Condition data (1 to 10)		Supports the
7001	Axis 2	Start block i	Condition data (1 to 10)	Supports the	
7002	Axis 1	Start block 2	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7002	Axis 2	Start block 2	Condition data (1 to 10)	settings	settings
7003	Axis 1	Start block 3	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7003	Axis 2	Start block 3	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7004	Axis 1	Start block 4	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7004	Axis 2	Start block 4	Condition data (1 to 10)		

<sup>\*1:</sup> Setting cannot be made when the "Pre-reading start function" is used. If you set any of Nos. 7000 to 7004 and perform the Pre-reading start function, the error "Outside start No. range" (error code: 543) will occur.

(For details, refer to Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function".)

#### • QD77MS4

Block No. *1	Axis	Block start data	Condition	Buffer memory	GX Works2
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7000	Axis 2	Chart black 0	Condition data (1 to 10)	)	
7000	Axis 3	Start block 0	Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 4		Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7001	Axis 2	Start block 1	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7001	Axis 3	Start block i	Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 4		Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7002	Axis 2	Start block 2 F	Condition data (1 to 10)	Supports the	Supports the
7002	Axis 3		Condition data (1 to 10)	settings	settings
	Axis 4		Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7003	Axis 2	Start block 3	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7003	Axis 3	Start block 3	Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 4		Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7004	Axis 2	Start block 4	Condition data (1 to 10)		
7004	Axis 3	Start block 4	Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 4		Condition data (1 to 10)		

#### • QD77MS16

Block No. *1	Axis	Block start data	Condition	Buffer memory	GX Works2
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7000	to	Start block 0	to		
	Axis 16		Condition data (1 to 10)	Supports the	
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)	settings	
7001	to	Start block 1	to		
	Axis 16		Condition data (1 to 10)		
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)	/	
7002	to	Start block 2	to		Supports the
	Axis 16		Condition data (1 to 10)		settings
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7003	to	Start block 3	to	/	
	Axis 16		Condition data (1 to 10)	/	
	Axis 1		Condition data (1 to 10)		
7004	to	Start block 4	to		
	Axis 16		Condition data (1 to 10)		

<sup>\*1:</sup> Setting cannot be made when the "Pre-reading start function" is used. If you set any of Nos. 7000 to 7004 and perform the Pre-reading start function, the error "Outside start No. range" (error code: 543) will occur.

(For details, refer to Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function".)

			Setting value		Buffer memory address	
	Item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program	Default value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
	[Da.15] Condition target	01: Device X 02: Device Y 03: Buffer memory (1-word) 04: Buffer memory (2-word) 05: Positioning data No.	01H 02H 03H 04H 05H			
Condition identifier	[Da.16] Condition operator	01: **=P1 02: **≠P1 03: **≠P1 04: **≠P1 04: ***≥P1 05: P1≤**≤ P2 06: **≤P1, P2≤** 07: DEV=ON 08: DEV=OFF 10: Axis 1 selected 20: Axis 2 selected 30: Axis 1 and 2 selected 40: Axis 3 selected 50: Axis 1 and 3 selected 60: Axis 2 and 3 selected 70: Axis 1, 2, and 3 selected 80: Axis 4 selected 90: Axis 1 and 4 selected A0: Axis 2 and 4 selected B0: Axis 1, 2, and 4 selected C0: Axis 3 and 4 selected D0: Axis 1, 3, and 4 selected E0: Axis 2, 3, and 4 selected	01H 02H 03H 04H 05H 06H 07H 08H 10H 20H 30H 40H 50H 60H 70H 80H 90H A0H B0H COH D0H E0H	0000Н	26100+1000n	22100+400n
[Da.17] Address Buffer memory address		Buffer memory address	26103 26102  b31 (High-order) b16b15 (Low-order) b0  Buffer memory address	0000H	26102+1000n 26103+1000n	
[Da.18] Parameter 1  Value		Value	Example)  26105  26104  531 (High-order) 516515 (Low-order) 50  Value	0000Н	26104+1000n 26105+1000n	
[Da.19] Parameter 2		Value	Example)  26107  26106  b31 (High-order) b16 b15 (Low-order) b0  Value	0000H	26106+1000n 26107+1000n	

# Chapter 5 Data Used for Positioning Control

		Setting value			Default	Buffer mem	ory address
	Item	Value set with GX Works2	Value set with sequence program		value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
	[Da.23] Number of	2: 2 axes	2H			/	
	simultaneously	3: 3 axes	ЗН			/	
	starting axes  QD77MS16	4: 4 axes	4H			/	
	[Da.24]	0: Axis 1 selected	0H			/	
axis	Simultaneously	1: Axis 2 selected	1H			/	
	starting axis No.1	2: Axis 3 selected	2H			l /	
starting	QD77MS16	3: Axis 4 selected	3H	b15 b12 b8 b4 b0		/	
	[Da.25]	4: Axis 5 selected	4H			/	
lsh)	Simultaneously	5: Axis 6 selected	5H		0000H	/	22101+400n
Simultaneously	starting axis No.2		6H	Da.23 Da.26 Da.25 Da.24		/	
Ha.	QD77MS16	7: Axis 8 selected	7H			/	
ΪË		8: Axis 9 selected	8H			/	
S		9: Axis 10 selected	9H			/	
	[Da.26]	A: Axis 11 selected	AH			/	
	Simultaneously	B: Axis 12 selected	BH			/	
	starting axis No.3		CH			/	
1	QD77MS16	D: Axis 14 selected	DH			1/	
1		E: Axis 15 selected	EH			l/	
		F: Axis 16 selected	FH			V	

# [Da.15] Condition target

Set the condition target as required for each control.

Setting value	Setting details		
01H : Device X	Sat the input/output signal ON/OFF as the conditions		
02H : Device Y	Set the input/output signal ON/OFF as the conditions.		
03H : Buffer memory (1-word)	Set the value stored in the buffer memory as the condition.		
OALL: Duffer memory (2 word)	03H: The target buffer memory is "1-word (16 bits)"		
04H : Buffer memory (2-word)	04H: The target buffer memory is "2-word (32 bits)"		
05H : Positioning data No.	Select only for "simultaneous start".		

# [Da.16] Condition operator

Set the condition operator as required for the "[Da.15] Condition target".

[[	Da.15] Condition target	Setting value	Setting details		
01H: 02H:	Device X Device Y	07H : DEV=ON 08H : DEV=OFF	The state (ON/OFF) of an I/O signal is defined as the condition. Select ON or OFF as the trigger.		
	201.00	01H: **=P1			
		02H : **≠P1			
03H:	Buffer memory (1-word)	03H : **≤P1	Select how to use the value (**) in the buffer memory		
04H:	Buffer memory (2-word)	04H : **≥P1	as a part of the condition.		
		05H : P1≤**≤P2			
		06H : **≤P1, P2≤**			
		10H : Axis 1 selected			
		20H : Axis 2 selected			
		30H : Axis 1 and 2 selected			
		40H : Axis 3 selected			
		50H : Axis 1 and 3 selected			
		60H : Axis 2 and 3 selected	If "aimultaneous start" is appoified, select the avia		
05H·	Positioning data No.	70H : Axis 1, 2, and 3 selected	If "simultaneous start" is specified, select the axis (or axes) that should start simultaneously.		
0011.	1 Ositioning data No.	80H : Axis 4 selected	QD77MS2 QD77MS4		
		90H : Axis 1 and 4 selected			
		A0H : Axis 2 and 4 selected			
		B0H : Axis 1, 2, and 4 selected			
		C0H : Axis 3 and 4 selected			
		D0H: Axis 1, 3, and 4 selected			
		E0H: Axis 2, 3, and 4 selected			

# [Da.17] Address

Set the address as required for the "[Da.15] Condition target".

	[Da.15] Condition target	Setting value	Setting details	
01H:	Device X		Not used (There is no need to set )	
02H:	Device Y	_	Not used. (There is no need to set.)	
03H:	Buffer memory (1-word)		Set the target "buffer memory address".	
04H :	Buffer memory (2-word)	(Ruffer memory address)	(For 2 words, set the low-order buffer memory address.)	
05H :	Positioning data No.	-	Not used. (There is no need to set.)	

# [Da.18] Parameter 1

#### • QD77MS2/QD77MS4

Set the parameters as required for the "[Da.16] Condition operator".

[Da.16] Condition operator	Setting value	Setting details		
01H : **=P1				
02H : **≠P1		The value of P1 should be equal to or smaller than the value of		
03H: **≤P1	Value	P2. (P1≤P2)		
04H : **≥P1	value	If P1 is greater than P2 (P1>P2), the error "Condition data error" (error code: 533) will occur.		
05H : P1≤**≤P2				
06H : **≤P1, P2≤**				
07H : DEV=ON	Value	Set the device bit No.		
08H : DEV=OFF	(bit No.)	X: 0H, 1H, 4H to 17H Y: 0H, 1H, 4H to 17H		
10H : Axis 1 selected		Set the positioning data No. for starting axis 1 and/or axis 2.  Low-order 16-bit: Axis 1 positioning data No. 1 to 600 (01H)		
$\downarrow$	Value (positioning data No.)	to 258H)		
E0H: Axis 2, 3, and 4 selected		High-order 16-bit: Axis 2 positioning data No. 1 to 600 (01H to 258H)		

#### • QD77MS16

Set the parameters as required for the "[Da.16] Condition operator" and "[Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes".

[Da.16] Condition operator	[Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes	Setting value	Setting details
01H:**=P1 02H:**≠P1 03H:**≤P1 04H:**≥P1 05H:P1≤**≤P2 06H:**≤P1, P2≤**		Value	The value of P1 should be equal to or smaller than the value of P2. (P1≤P2) If P1 is greater than P2 (P1>P2), the error "Condition data error" (error code: 533) will occur.
07H : DEV=ON 08H : DEV=OFF		Value (bit No.)	Set the device bit No. X: 0H to 1H, 10H to 1FH Y: 0H, 1H, 10H to 1FH
	2 to 4	Value (positioning data No.)	Set the positioning data No. for starting axis set in "[Da.24] Simultaneously starting axis No.1" and/or "[Da.25] Simultaneously starting axis No.2".  Low-order 16-bit: Simultaneously starting axis No.1 positioning data No.1 to 600 (01H to 258H)  High-order 16-bit: Simultaneously starting axis No.2 positioning data No.1 to 600 (01H to 258H)

# [Da.19] Parameter 2

#### • QD77MS2/QD77MS4

Set the parameters as required for the "[Da.16] Condition operator".

[Da.16] Condition operator	Setting value	Setting details		
01H:**=P1				
02H : ∗∗≠P1		Not wood (No wood to be not)		
03H : **≤P1	_	Not used. (No need to be set.)		
04H : **≥P1				
05H : P1≤**≤P2		The value of P2 should be equal to or greater than the value of		
06H:**≤P1, P2≤**	Value	P1. (P1≤P2) If P1 is greater than P2 (P1>P2), the error "Condition data error" (error code: 533) will occur.		
07H : DEV=ON				
08H : DEV=OFF				
10H : Axis 1 selected	_	Not used. (No need to be set.)		
20H : Axis 2 selected				
30H : Axis 1 and 2 selected				
40H : Axis 3 selected				
50H : Axis 1 and 3 selected				
60H : Axis 2 and 3 selected				
70H: Axis 1, 2, and 3 selected		Set the positioning data No. for starting axis 3 and/or axis 4.		
80H : Axis 4 selected	Value	Low-order 16-bit: Axis 3 positioning data No. 1 to 600 (01H		
90H : Axis 1 and 4 selected	(positioning data No.)	to 258H)		
A0H : Axis 2 and 4 selected	(positioning data No.)	High-order 16-bit: Axis 4 positioning data No. 1 to 600 (01H		
B0H: Axis 1, 2, and 4 selected		to 258H)		
C0H: Axis 3 and 4 selected				
D0H: Axis 1, 3, and 4 selected				
E0H: Axis 2, 3, and 4 selected				

### • QD77MS16

Set the parameters as required for the "[Da.16] Condition operator" and "[Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes".

			ı
[Da.16] Condition operator	[Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes	Setting value	Setting details
01H : **=P1	/		
02H : **≠P1			Nistronal (Nis record to be net.)
03H : **≤P1		_	Not used. (No need to be set.)
04H : **≥P1			
05H : P1≤**≤P2	/ [		The value of P2 should be equal to or greater than the
06H : **≤P1, P2≤**		Value	value of P1. (P1≤P2) If P1 is greater than P2 (P1>P2), the error "Condition data error" (error code: 533) will occur.
07H : DEV=ON			
08H: DEV=OFF	2 to 3		Not used. (No need to be set.)
	4	Value (positioning data No.)	Set the positioning data No. for starting axis set in "[Da.26] Simultaneously starting axis No.3"  Low-order 16-bit: Simultaneously starting axis No.3 positioning data No. 1 to 600 (01H to 258H)  High-order 16-bit: Not used (Set "0")

#### [Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes QD77MS16

Set the number of simultaneously starting axes to execute the simultaneous start.

- 2: Simultaneous start by 2 axes of the starting axis and axis set in "[Da.24] Simultaneously starting axis No.1".
- 3: Simultaneous start by 3 axes of the starting axis and axis set in "[Da.24] Simultaneously starting axis No.1" and "[Da.25] Simultaneously starting axis No.2".
- 4: Simultaneous start by 4 axes of the starting axis and axis set in "[Da.24] Simultaneously starting axis No.1" to "[Da.26] Simultaneously starting axis No.3".

# [Da.24] Simultaneously starting axis No.1 to [Da.26] Simultaneously starting axis No.3 QD77MS16

Set the simultaneously starting axis to execute the 2 to 4-axis simultaneous start.

- 2-axis interpolation....... Set the target axis number in "[Da.24] Simultaneously starting axis No.1".
- 3-axis interpolation....... Set the target axis number in "[Da.24] Simultaneously starting axis No.1" and "[Da.25] Simultaneously starting axis No.2".
- 4-axis interpolation....... Set the target axis number in "[Da.24] Simultaneously starting axis No.1" to "[Da.26] Simultaneously starting axis No.3".

Set the axis set as simultaneously starting axis.

0: Axis 1	8: Axis 9
U. AXIS I	
1: Axis 2	9: Axis 10
2: Axis 3	A: Axis 11
3: Axis 4	B: Axis 12
4: Axis 5	C: Axis 13
5: Axis 6	D: Axis 14
6: Axis 7	E: Axis 15
7: Axis 8	F: Axis 16

- Note) Do not specify the own axis number. (If you do, the error "Condition data error" (error code: 533) will occur during the program execution.)
  - When the same axis number or axis number of own axis is set to multiple simultaneously starting axis number, the error "Condition data error" (error code: 533) will occur during the program execution.
  - Do not specify the simultaneously starting axis No.2 and simultaneously starting axis No.3 for 2-axis simultaneously start, and not specify the simultaneously starting axis No.3 for 3-axis simultaneously start. The setting value is ignored.

MEMO			

#### 5.6 List of monitor data

The setting items of the monitor data are explained in this section.

Guide to buffer memory address
 In the buffer memory address, "n" in "2406+100n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n
1	0	5	4	9	8	13	12
2	1	6	5	10	9	14	13
3	2	7	6	11	10	15	14
4	3	8	7	12	11	16	15

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis. (Example) For axis No. 16

2406+100n ([Md.23] Axis error No.)=2406+100×15=3906

(Note-2): The range from axis No.1 to 2 (n=0 to 1) is valid in the QD77MS2.

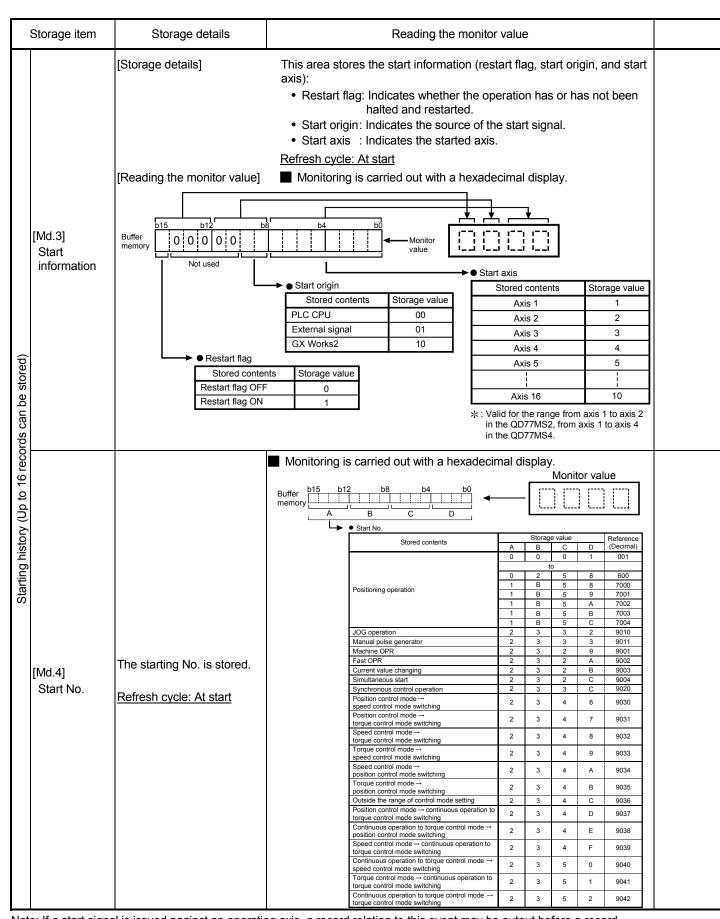
(Note-3): The range from axis No.1 to 4 (n=0 to 3) is valid in the QD77MS4.

## 5.6.1 System monitor data

Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.1] In test mode flag	Whether the mode is the test mode from the GX Works2 or not is stored.  • When not in test mode : OFF  • When in test mode : ON  Refresh cycle: Immediate	

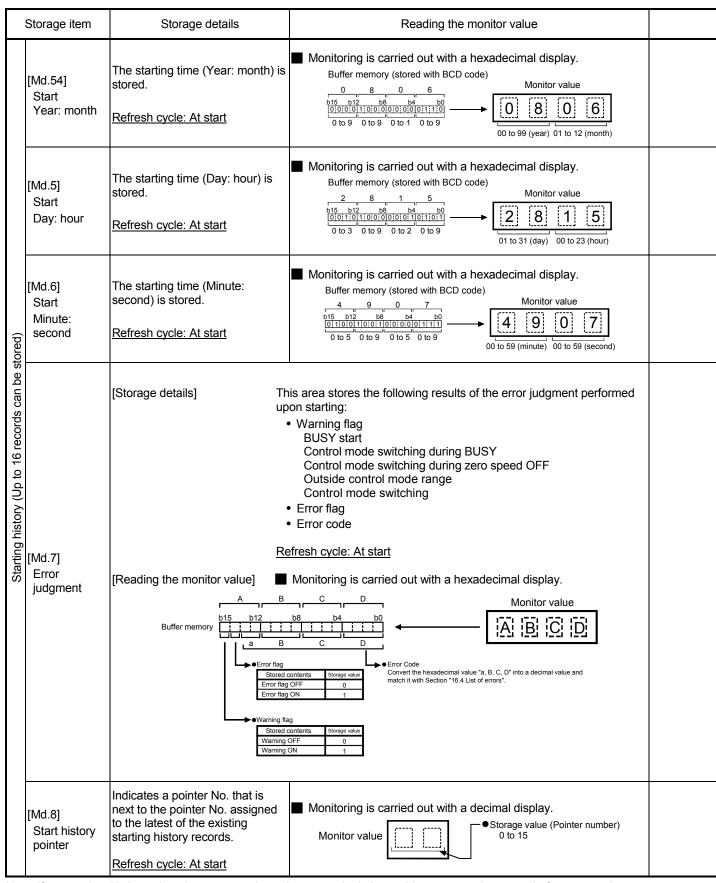
Reading the monitor value	Default value	Buffer mem (common f	ory address or all axes)
Trocaing the memor raids	Boladit Value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal.  Monitor value  Storage value  0: Not in test mode  1: In test mode	0	1200	4000

(Unless noted in particular, the monitor value is saved as binary data.)



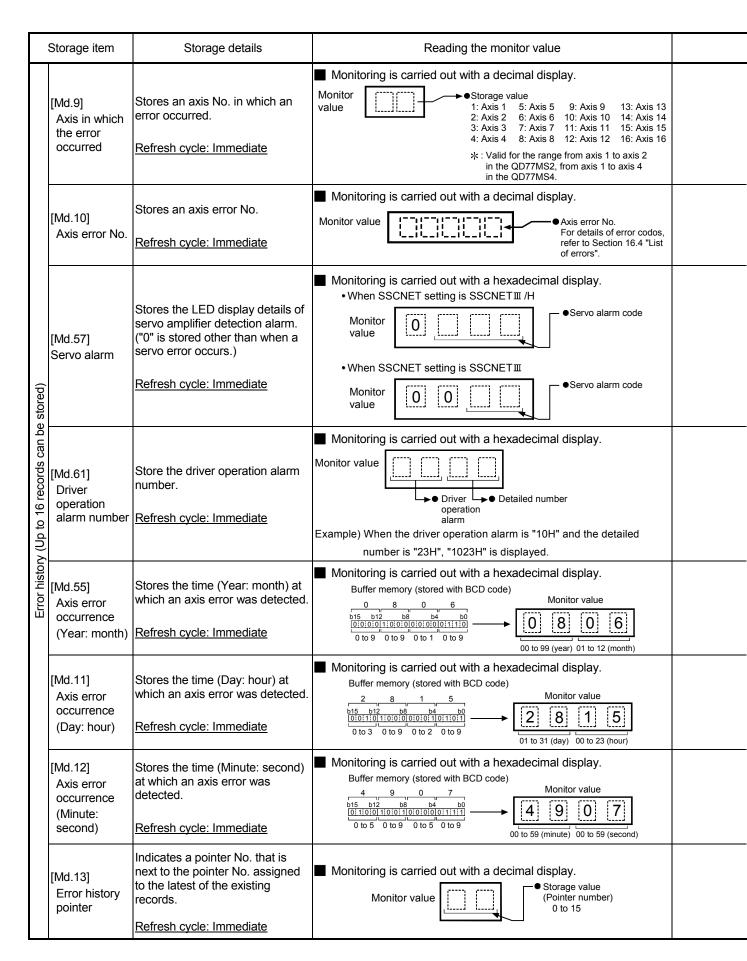
Note: If a start signal is issued against an operating axis, a record relating to this event may be output before a record relating to an earlier start signal is output.

efault value -	Indicat	Start history pointer  tes a pointer No. that is  Pointer No.  Md.3  Start information  Md.4  Start No.  Md.54  Start Year: month  Md.5  Start Day: hour  Md.6  Start Minute: second  Md.7  Error judgment  Each group of buffer me Example: Pointer No. 0  Pointer No. 1  Pointer No. 1  Pointer No. 1  Fointer No. 15  A new record replaces  77MS16	292  next to  0  1212  1213  1440  1214  1215  1216  emory a = Buffi =	the p  1 1217 1218 1441 1219 1220 1221 address fer me fer me fer me fer me	2 1222 1223 1442 1224 1225 1226 ssess simony a mory a	1227 1228 1443 1229 1230 1231 100ring address address address address a new	4 1232 1233 1444 1234 1235 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236	5 1237 1238 1445 1239 1240 1241 1241 1221 to 222 to 1287 to ge be go be	6 1242 1243 1446 1244 1245 1246 startinger 1216, 1221, 1226, 0 129° tween next re-	7 1247 1248 1447 1250 1251 1440 1441 1442 1, 1452 0 andecord	8 1252 1253 1448 1254 1255 1256 15. will be	9 1257 1258 1449 1259 1260 1261 pord is a	10 1262 1263 1450 1264 1265 1266 assigr	histor 11 1267 1268 1451 1269 1270 1271 ed a p	y reco 12 1272 1273 1452 1274 1275 1276 pointe	13 1277 1278 1453 1279 1280 1281 r No.	1283 1454 1284 1285 1286	1288 1455 1289 1290
0000Н	Indicat	Md.8 Start history pointer  tes a pointer No. that is  Pointer No.  Md.3 Start information  Md.4 Start No.  Md.54 Start Year: month  Md.5 Start Day: hour  Md.6 Start Minute: second  Md.7 Error judgment  Each group of buffer me Example: Pointer No. 0 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 1 Each history record is as if the pointer No. 15 has (A new record replaces)  77MS16  Md.8	1212 1213 1440 1214 1215 1216 1216 emory a = Buff =	1 1217 1218 1441 1219 1220 1221 address fer me fer me fer me d a po assigr	2 1222 1223 1442 1224 1225 1226 ssess simony a mory a	1227 1228 1443 1229 1230 1231 100ring address address address address a new	4 1232 1233 1444 1234 1235 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236	5 1237 1238 1445 1239 1240 1241 1241 1221 to 222 to 1287 to ge be go be	6 1242 1243 1446 1244 1245 1246 startinger 1216, 1221, 1226, 0 129° tween next re-	7 1247 1248 1447 1250 1251 1440 1441 1442 1, 1452 0 andecord	8 1252 1253 1448 1254 1255 1256 15. will be	9 1257 1258 1449 1259 1260 1261	10 1262 1263 1450 1264 1265 1266 assigr	11 1267 1268 1451 1269 1270 1271 ned a	12 1272 1273 1452 1274 1275 1276	13 1277 1278 1453 1279 1280 1281 r No.	1282 1283 1454 1284 1285 1286	1287 1288 1455 1289 1290
0000H	• QD	Pointer No.  Md.3 Start information  Md.4 Start No.  Md.54 Start Year: month  Md.5 Start Day: hour  Md.6 Start Minute: second  Md.7 Error judgment  Each group of buffer me Example: Pointer No. 0 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 2  Pointer No. 15 has (A new record replaces  77MS16  Md.8	1212 1213 1440 1214 1215 1216 emory a = Buffi	1 1217 1218 1441 1219 1220 1221 address fer me fer me fer me d a po assigr	2 1222 1223 1442 1224 1225 1226 ssess simony a mory a	1227 1228 1443 1229 1230 1231 100ring address address address address a new	4 1232 1233 1444 1234 1235 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236	5 1237 1238 1445 1239 1240 1241 1241 1221 to 222 to 1287 to ge be go be	6 1242 1243 1446 1244 1245 1246 startinger 1216, 1221, 1226, 0 129° tween next re-	7 1247 1248 1447 1250 1251 1440 1441 1442 1, 1452 0 andecord	8 1252 1253 1448 1254 1255 1256 15. will be	9 1257 1258 1449 1259 1260 1261	10 1262 1263 1450 1264 1265 1266 assigr	11 1267 1268 1451 1269 1270 1271 ned a	12 1272 1273 1452 1274 1275 1276	13 1277 1278 1453 1279 1280 1281 r No.	1282 1283 1454 1284 1285 1286	1287 1288 1455 1289 1290
0000Н	• QD	Md.3 Start information  Md.4 Start No.  Md.54 Start Year: month  Md.5 Start Day: hour  Md.6 Start Minute: second  Md.7 Error judgment  Each group of buffer me Example: Pointer No. 0 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 15 Each history record is a: If the pointer No. 15 has (A new record replaces  77MS16	1212 1213 1440 1214 1215 1216 Emory a = Buffi = Buffi = Buffi = Buffi ssigned s been an olde	1217 1218 1441 1219 1220 1221 address fer me fer me fer me d a po assigr	1222 1223 1442 1224 1225 1226 ssess simory amory amory a	1227 1228 1443 1229 1230 1231 1231 addressad	1232 1233 1444 1234 1235 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236 1236	1237 1238 1445 1239 1240 1241 125 to 127 to 222 to 1287 tr ge be ge be	1242 1243 1446 1244 1245 1246 1216, 1221, 1226,	1247 1248 1447 1250 1251 1251 1440 1441 1442 1, 1453 0 and	1252 1253 1448 1254 1255 1256 15, will be	1257 1258 1449 1259 1260 1261	1262 1263 1450 1264 1265 1266 assign	1267 1268 1451 1269 1270 1271 ed a	1272 1273 1452 1274 1275 1276 pointe	1277 1278 1453 1279 1280 1281 r No.	1282 1283 1454 1284 1285 1286	1287 1288 1455 1289 1290
0000H	• QD	Start information  Md.4 Start No.  Md.54 Start Year: month  Md.5 Start Day: hour  Md.6 Start Minute: second  Md.7 Error judgment  Each group of buffer me Example: Pointer No. 0 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 2  Pointer No. 15 has (A new record replaces  77MS16  Md.8	1213 1440 1214 1215 1216 emory a = Buffi = Buffi = Buffi s been a an olde	1218 1441 1219 1220 1221 addresser me fer me fer me d a po assign	1223 1442 1224 1225 1226 1226 emory a mory a emory a mory	1228 1443 1229 1230 1231 1231 address	1233 1444 1234 1235 1236 a commisses 12 sisses 12 sisses 12	1238 1445 1239 1240 1241 1241 1222 to 1287 to ge be ge be li, the	1243 1446 1244 1245 1246 starting 1216, 1221, 1226, 0 129° tween next or	1248 1447 1249 1250 1251 1440 1441 1442 0 and	1253 1448 1254 1255 1256 15. will be	1258 1449 1259 1260 1261	1263 1450 1264 1265 1266	1268 1451 1269 1270 1271 ed a p	1273 1452 1274 1275 1276 pointe	1278 1453 1279 1280 1281 r No.	1283 1454 1284 1285 1286	1288 1455 1289 1290
0000H	• QD	Md.54 Start Year: month Md.5 Start Day: hour Md.6 Start Minute: second Md.7 Error judgment  Each group of buffer me Example: Pointer No. 0 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 1 Each history record is a: If the pointer No. 15 has (A new record replaces	1440 1214 1215 1216 emory a = Buff = Buff = Buff = Buff ssigned s been a an olde	1219 1220 1221 addresfer me fer me fer me d a po assigr	1224 1225 1226 sses simory amory amo	1230 1231 toring addres addres addres addres a new	1234 1235 1236 a composes 12 sees 12 sees 12 esses 12	1239 1240 1241 1241 1241 1287 to ge be be did, the	1244 1245 1246 starting 1216, 1221, 1226, 0 129° tween next re	1249 1250 1251 9 histor 1440 1441 1442 1, 1450 0 and	1448 1254 1255 1256 15. will be	1449 1259 1260 1261 ord is a	1450 1264 1265 1266 assign	1451 1269 1270 1271 ed a p	1452 1274 1275 1276 oointe	1453 1279 1280 1281 r No.	1454 1284 1285 1286	1455 1289 1290
	• QD	Md.5 Start Day: hour Md.6 Start Minute: second Md.7 Error judgment  Each group of buffer me Example: Pointer No. 0 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 1 Each history record is a: If the pointer No. 15 has (A new record replaces	1215 1216 emory a = Buffi = Bu	1220 1221 addres fer me fer me fer me d a po assign	1225 1226 sses simory amory am	1230 1231 toring address address address address address address a address a	1235 1236 a compleses 12 esses 12 esses 12 esses 12 esses 12	1240 1241 plete s 212 to 217 to 222 to 1287 to ge be d, the	1245 1246 starting 1216, 1221, 1226, 0 1292 tween next re	1250 1251 3 histo 1440 1441 1442 1, 1450 0 and	1255 1256 ry rec	1260 1261 ord is a	1265 1266 assign	1270 1271 red a <sub>l</sub>	1275 1276 pointe	1280 1281 r No.	1285	1290
	• QD	Md.6 Start Minute: second Md.7 Error judgment  Each group of buffer me Example: Pointer No. 0 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 1 Each history record is a: If the pointer No. 15 has (A new record replaces	1216 emory a = Buffi =	addres fer me fer me fer me fer me	1226 sses simory amory a	1231 foring address address address address address address address	1236 a compleses 12 ases 12 ases 12 ases 12 ases 12	1241 plete s 212 to 217 to 222 to 1287 to ge be d, the	1246 starting 1216, 1221, 1226, o 1292 tween next re	1251 g histo 1440 1441 1442 I, 1450 0 and	1256 ry rec 5 15. will be	1261 ord is a	1266 assigr	1271 led a <sub>l</sub>	1276 pointe	1281 r No.	1286	
	• QD	Error judgment  Each group of buffer me Example: Pointer No. 0 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 2  Pointer No. 1 Each history record is a: If the pointer No. 15 has (A new record replaces	emory a = Buffi = Buffi = Buffi = Buffi = Signed s been a an older	addres fer me fer me fer me offer me d a po assign	sses si mory a mory a mory a emory inter N	doring address address address address lo. in tanew	a compases 12 sees 12	plete s 212 to 217 to 222 to 1287 to ge be	starting 1216, 1221, 1226, 0 129° tween next re	histo 1440 1441 1442 1, 1450 0 and	ry reco	ord is a	assign	ed a <sub>l</sub>	pointe	r No.		1291
	• QD	Example: Pointer No. 0 Pointer No. 1 Pointer No. 2 Pointer No. 1 Each history record is a: If the pointer No. 15 has (A new record replaces) 77MS16	= Bufff = Bufff = Bufff 5 = Buff ssigned s been an olde	fer me fer me fer me offer m d a po assigr	mory a mory a mory a emory inter N	addres addres addres addres lo. in t a new	ses 12 ses 12 ses 12 esses 12 he ran	212 to 217 to 222 to 1287 to ge be d, the	1216, 1221, 1226, 0 129 <sup>2</sup> tween next re	1440 1441 1442 I, 145 0 and	5 15. will be						0.	
	Indicat	tes a pointer No. that is	next to	the p	ointer	No. as	ssigne	d to th	e late	st of th	e exis	ting st	arting	histo	y reco	ords.		
		Pointer No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Start information  Md.4							4042									
		Start No. Md.54							4043 4246									
000011	1	Start Year: month  Md.5  Start Day: hour							4044									
H0000		Md.6 Start Minute: second	4015	4020	4025	4030	4035	4040	4045	4050	4055	4060	4065	4070	4075	4080	4085	4090
		Md.7 Error judgment	4016	4021	4026	4031	4036	4041	4046	4051	4056	4061	4066	4071	4076	4081	4086	4091
	• 1	Each group of buffer memory addresses storing a complete starting history record is assigned a pointer No. Example: Pointer No. 0 = Buffer memory addresses 4012 to 4016, 4240 Pointer No. 1 = Buffer memory addresses 4017 to 4021, 4241 Pointer No. 2 = Buffer memory addresses 4022 to 4026, 4242  Pointer No. 15 = Buffer memory addresses 4087 to 4091, 4255  Pointer No. 15 = Buffer memory addresses 4087 to 4091, 4255  Each history record is assigned a pointer No. in the range between 0 and 15. If the pointer No. 15 has been assigned to a new record, the next record will be assigned the pointer number 0. (A new record replaces an older record when a pointer No. is reassigned.)																

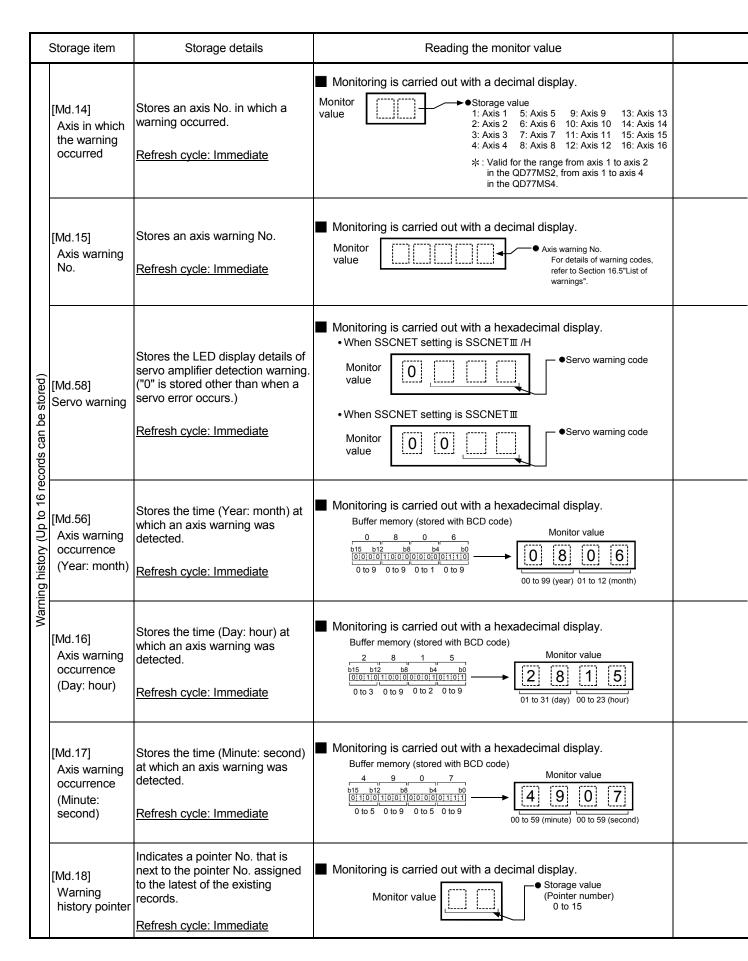


Note: If a start signal is issued against an operating axis, a record relating to this event may be output before a record relating to an earlier start signal is output.

			QD77MS2/C			пеп	ory a	aare	SS (C	omm	on to	or all		<u>)</u> QD77	MS1	16			
			QD171110270	<u> </u>									`	<u>,,,,</u>	1110				
0000Н	<b>⊕</b> QI		MS2/QD77MS4	292															
		Sta	art history pointer	292															
	Indic	ates	a pointer No. that is	next to	the p	ointer	No. as	ssigne	d to th	e late:	st of th	ne exis	sting s	arting	histo	ry reco	rds.		
	i		Pointer No. Md.3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0000H			Start information	1212	1217	1222	1227	1232	1237	1242	1247	1252	1257	1262	1267	1272	1277	1282	1287
			Md.4 Start No.	1213	1218	1223	1228	1233	1238	1243	1248	1253	1258	1263	1268	1273	1278	1283	1288
		٦	Md.54 Start Year: month	1440	1441	1442	1443	1444	1445	1446	1447	1448	1449	1450	1451	1452	1453	1454	1455
		Item	Md.5 Start Day: hour	1214	1219	1224	1229	1234	1239	1244	1249	1254	1259	1264	1269	1274	1279	1284	1289
0000Н			Md.6 Start Minute: second	1215	1220	1225	1230	1235	1240	1245	1250	1255	1260	1265	1270	1275	1280	1285	1290
000011			Md.7 Error judgment	1216	1221	1226	1231	1236	1241	1246	1251	1256	1261	1266	1271	1276	1281	1286	1291
							a new	recor	d, the	next re	ecord		assig	ned th	ne poir	nter nu	ımber	0.	
	● QI	(A ) D77	mew record replaces a				a new	recor	d, the	next re	ecord	will be	assig	ned th	ne poir	nter nu	ımber	0.	
	•	(A D77	MS16  Id.8 art history pointer  a pointer No. that is	092 next to	o the p	ord wh	a new en a p	record	d, the No. is	next re reass	ecord signed	will be .) ne exis	sting s	arting	histo	ry reco	ords.		
	•	(A D77	MS16  id.8 art history pointer  a pointer No. that is Pointer No.	092	o the po	ointer	a new en a p	record pointer ssigne	d, the No. is	next reass	ecord signed st of th	will be .) ne exis	sting si	arting	histo	ry reco	ords.	14	15
0000Н	•	(A D77	MS16  Id.8 art history pointer a pointer No. that is Pointer No.  Md.3 Start information	092 next to	o the pour	ointer 2 4022	No. as	record pointer ssigne 4 4032	d, the No. is d to th	next reass reass e lates 6 4042	ecord signed st of th 7 4047	will be .) ne exis 8 4052	sting si 9 4057	arting 10 4062	histor 11 4067	ry reco 12 4072	ords. 13 4077	14 4082	4087
0000Н	•	(A D77	MS16 Id.8 art history pointer a pointer No. that is Pointer No. Md.3	092 next to 0 4012 4013	the point 1 4017 4018	ointer 2 4022 4023	No. as 3 4027 4028	record pointer ssigne 4 4032 4033	d, the No. is d to th 5 4037 4038	e late: 6 4042 4043	ecord signed st of th 7 4047 4048	will be .) ne exis 8 4052 4053	sting si 9 4057 4058	arting 10 4062 4063	histor 11 4067 4068	12 4072 4073	ords. 13 4077 4078	14 4082 4083	4087 4088
0000Н	•	(A D77	MS16  Id.8 art history pointer a pointer No. that is Pointer No.  Md.3 Start information  Md.4 Start No.	092 next to 0 4012 4013	the point of the p	ointer 2 4022 4023 4242	No. as 3 4027 4028 4243	ssigne 4 4032 4033	d, the No. is d to th 5 4037 4038 4245	e late: 6 4042 4043	ecord signed signed 4047 4048 4247	will be .)  ne exis  4052  4053  4248	sting si 9 4057 4058 4249	10 4062 4063 4250	histor 11 4067 4068 4251	12 4072 4073 4252	13 4077 4078 4253	14 4082 4083 4254	4087 4088 4255
0000Н	•	(A D777 M States	MS16  Id.8  art history pointer  a pointer No. that is  Pointer No.  Md.3  Start information  Md.4  Start No.  Md.54  Start Year: month  Md.5  Start Day: hour  Md.6	092 next to 0 4012 4013 4240 4014	the point of the p	binter 2 4022 4023 4242 4024	No. as 3 4027 4028 4243	recorriointer sssigne 4 4032 4033 4244 4034	d to th 5 4037 4038 4245 4039	e latee 6 4042 4043 4246 4044	ecord digned st of the 7 st of the 4047 st of 4048 st of the 4247 st of 4049 st of the 4049 st o	will be exist 8 4052 4053 4248 4054	9 4057 4058 4249 4059	10 4062 4063 4250 4064	histor 11 4067 4068 4251 4069	12 4072 4073 4252 4074	ords. 13 4077 4078 4253 4079	14 4082 4083 4254 4084	4087 4088 4255 4089
0000Н	•	(A D777 M States	MS16  Id.8  art history pointer  a pointer No. that is  Pointer No.  Md.3  Start information  Md.4  Start No.  Md.54  Start Year: month  Md.5  Start Day: hour  Md.6  Start Minute: second  Md.7	092 092 092 092 092 093 093 093 093 093 093 093 093 093 093	o the price of the	binter 2 4022 4023 4242 4024 4025	No. as 3 4027 4028 4243 4029	recomointer  ssigne  4  4032  4033  4244  4034  4035	d to the 5 4037 4038 4245 4039	e late: 6 4042 4043 4246 4044	ecord digned set of the 7 4047 4048 4247 4049 4050	will be exis 8 4052 4053 4248 4054 4055	9 4057 4058 4249 4059	10 4062 4063 4250 4064 4065	histor 11 4067 4068 4251 4069	12 4072 4073 4252 4074 4075	13 4077 4078 4253 4079	14 4082 4083 4254 4084 4085	4087 4088 4255 4089 4090
0000Н	Indic	D777  M States  • Eac	new record replaces MS16 Id.8 art history pointer a pointer No. that is Pointer No. Md.3 Start information Md.4 Start No. Md.54 Start Year: month Md.5 Start Day: hour Md.6 Start Minute: second	092 next to 0 4012 4013 4240 4014 4015 = Buffer	b the point of the	binter 2 4022 4023 4242 4024 4025 sees stanory among a	No. as 3 4027 4028 4243 4029 4030 oring address address and a reference of the control of the co	recompointer  ssigne 4 4032 4033 4244 4034 4036 4036 a commisses 44 sses 46	d to th  5  4037  4038  4245  4040  4041  4041  4051  4051  4051	e late: 6 4042 4043 4246 4044 4045 4046 4016,4021,	ecord digned set of the set of th	will be exis 8 4052 4053 4248 4054 4055 4056 ry rec	9 4057 4058 4249 4059 4060	10 4062 4063 4250 4064 4065 4066	histor 11 4067 4068 4251 4069 4070	12 4072 4073 4252 4074 4075	13 4077 4078 4253 4079 4080 4081	14 4082 4083 4254 4084 4085	4087 4088 4255 4089 4090



Default value					Buffe	r mer	nory	addre	ess (d	comm	on fo	r all a												
Boladit Valde			QD77MS2	/QD7	77MS	4							Q	D77N	/IS16									
	•	If th	ch history record is ass ne pointer No. 15 has b new record replaces ar	een a	ssigne	d to a r	new re	cord, tl	ne nex	t recor	d will b	e assi	gned t	he poir	nter nu	mber (	).							
0	• QE	)77	MS2/QD77MS4	_																				
U			135	57																				
	[		or history pointer																					
	Indica	ates	a pointer No. that is no			,											40	4.4	45					
	-		Pointer No. Md.9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15					
0			Axis in which the error occurred	1293	1297	1301	1305	1309	1313	1317	1321	1325	1329	1333	1337	1341	1345	1349	1353					
			Md.10 Axis error No.	1294	1298	1302	1306	1310	1314	1318	1322	1326	1330	1334	1338	1342	1346	1350	1354					
			Md.57 Servo alarm	31300	31301	31302	31303	31304	31305	31306	31307	31308	31309	31310	31311	31312	31313	31314	31315					
		Item	Md.61																					
		Ite	Driver operation alarm number	31333	31334	31335	31336	31337	31338	31339	31340	31341	31342	31343	31344	31345	31346	31347	31348					
0000Н			Axis error occurrence (Year: month)	1456	1457	1458	1459	1460	1461 313		1463	1464	1465	1466	1467	1468	1469	1470	1471					
			Md.11 Axis error occurrence (Day: hour)	1295	1299	1303	1307	1311	1315	1319	1323	1327	1331	1335	1339	1343	1347	1351	1355					
			Md.12 Axis error occurrence (Minute: second)	1296	1300	1304	1308	1312	1316	1320	1324	1328	1332	1336	1340	1344	1348	1352	1356					
0000Н	● QE	D77	Pointer No. 0 = Pointer No. 1 = Pointer No. 15 =  MS16  d.13 or history pointer  Pointer No. 15 =	Buffe	r memo	ory add	lresse	s 1297	to 130	00, 145	57, 313	01												
	Indica	ates	a pointer No. that is no	ext to t	he poi	nter No	. assig	ned to	the la	test of	the ex	isting	error h	istory r	ecords	3.								
	·[		Pointer No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15					
0000H	Indicates		Md.9 Axis in which the error occurred	4093	4097	4101	4105	4109	4113	4117	4121	4125	4129	4133	4137	4141	4145	4149	4153					
			Axis error No.	4094	4098	4102	4106	4110	4114	4118	4122	4126	4130	4134	4138	4142	4146	4150	4154					
			Md.57 Servo alarm	31300	31301	31302	31303	31304	31305	31306	31307	31308	31309	31310	31311	31312	31313	31314	31315					
0000H							Item	Md.61 Driver operation alarm number	31333	31334	31335	31336	31337	31338	31339	31340	31341	31342	31343	31344	31345	31346	31347	31348
			Md.55 Axis error occurrence (Year: month)	4256	4257	4258	4259	4260	4261	4262	4263	4264	4265	4266	4267	4268	4269	4270	4271					
0000H			Md.11 Axis error occurrence (Day: hour)	4095	4099	4103	4107	4111	4115	4119	4123	4127	4131	4135	4139	4143	4147	4151	4155					
			Md.12 Axis error occurrence (Minute: second)	4096	4100	4104	4108	4112	4116	4120	4124	4128	4132	4136	4140	4144	4148	4152	4156					
0	•		ch group of buffer mem ample: Pointer No. 0 = Pointer No. 1 = Pointer No. 15	Buffe Buffe	r memo	ory add ory add	lresse: Iresse:	s 4093 s 4097	to 409 to 410	96, 425 90, 425	56, 313 57, 313	00 01	ssigne	d a poi	nter No	0.								
			Fulliter No. 15	יווטם –	ei iiien	nory ac	iui 655(	53 <del>4</del> 10	J (U 41	100, 42	., 1, 31	J 10												



Default value						mem	ory a	ddres	ss (co	ommo	n for	all a								
20.00.0.10.00			QD77MS2/0	QD77	MS4								QI	)77N	IS16					
0	•	Md Wa	MS2/QD77MS4  .18  rning history pointer a pointer No. that is next Pointer No. Md.14	422 to the	pointe	r No. a	ssigne 3	ed to th	e lates	et of the	e existi 7	ng wai	rning h	istory	records	s.	13	14	15	
0	, i	Item	Axis in which the warning occurred  Md.15  Axis warning No.  Md.58  Servo warning  Md.56  Axis warning occurrence Year: month)	1359 31316		31318	1371 31319		1379 31321	1383 31322	31323	1391 31324	1395 31325	31326	1403	1407 31328	1411 31329		1419 31331	
0000Н		( ( ( Eac	Md.16 Axis warning occurrence Day: hour)  Md.17 Axis warning occurrence Minute: second) h group of buffer memory mple: Pointer No. 0 = Bu Pointer No. 1 = Bu Pointer No. 2 = Bu  •	1361 y addr uffer m	1365 esses s nemory nemory	1369 storing addre	1373 a com sses 1 sses 1	plete v 358 to 362 to	1381 varning 1361, 1365,	g histor 1472, 1473,	1389 ry reco 31316 31317	1393 rd is a	1397	1401	1404 1405 inter N	1409				
	(	If th (A n	Pointer No. 15 = E h history record is assign e pointer No. 15 has bee ew record replaces an ol	ed a p n assi	ointer gned to	No. in a nev	the rai	nge bet d, the i	tween next re	0 and cord w	15. ill be a		ed the	pointe	r numb	er 0.				
0000Н		Md Wa	18	222 to the	pointe	r No. a	issigne	ed to the	e lates 5	t of the	e existi 7	ng war 8	ning h	istory 10	records	s. 12	13	14	15	
		[	Axis in which the warning occurred  Md.15  Axis warning No.			4166		4174											4218 4219	
0000H	=	ltem	Item	Md.56 Axis warning occurrence Year: month)			31318 4274		31320 4276											
0000Н		[ / / Eac	Md.16 Axis warning occurrence (Day: hour)  Md.17 Axis warning occurrence (Minute: second) h group of buffer memor	4161 y addr	4165 esses :	4169	4173 a com	plete v	4181 varning	4185 g histor	4189 ry reco	4193 rd is a	4197	4201	4205	4209				
			mple: Pointer No. 0 = Bu Pointer No. 1 = Bu Pointer No. 2 = Bu • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	uffer m uffer m Buffer i	nemory nemory memor	addre addre y addr	sses 4 sses 4 esses	162 to 166 to 4218 to	4165, 4169, 0 4221	4273, 4274, , 4287	31317 31318 , 3133									
0	I	If th	h history record is assign e pointer No. 15 has bee ew record replaces an ol	n assi	gned to	a nev	v recor	d, the i	next re	cord w	ill be a	assigne	ed the	pointe	r numb	er 0.				

Storage item	Storage details	Reading the monitor value	
[Md.19] Number of write accesses to flash ROM	Stores the number of write accesses to the flash ROM after the power is switched ON. The count is cleared to "0" when the number of write accesses reaches 26 and an error reset operation is performed.	■ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  O to 25	
	Refresh cycle: Immediate		
[Md.50] Forced stop input	This area stores the states (ON/OFF) of forced stop input.	Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor  → Storage value	
T oroda otop impat	Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	value  0: Forced stop input ON (Forced stop) 1: Forced stop input OFF (Forced stop release)	
[Md.51] Amplifier-less	Indicates a current operation mode.	■ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor  Storage value	
operation mode status	Refresh cycle: Immediate	value 0: Normal operation mode 1: Amplifier-less operation mode	
[Md.52] Communication between amplifiers axes	Stores the detection status of axis that set communication between amplifiers.	■ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  O: Search end 1: Searching	
searching flag	Refresh cycle: Immediate		
[Md.53] SSCNET control status	Stores the connect/disconnect status of SSCNET communication.  Refresh cycle: Immediate	Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Storage value  1: Disconnected axis existing 0: Command accept waiting -1: Execute waiting -2: Executing	
[Md.59] Module information	Stores the module information.  Refresh cycle: At power supply ON	Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display.  Monitor value  Storage value  1: QD77MS  0: 2 axes  1: 4 axes  2: 16 axes	
[Md.130] OS version	Stores the first five digits of the module product information.  Refresh cycle: At power supply ON	Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display.  Buffer memory (stored with BCD code)  Monitor value  Monitor value  Monitor value  Monitor value	
[Md.131] Digital oscilloscope executing	Stores the RUN status of digital oscilloscope.  Refresh cycle: Main cycle	Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor Storage value 0: Stop 1: Run -1: Stop by error	

Defectly value	Buffer memory address	s (common for all axes)
Default value	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
0	1424 1425	4224 4225
0	1431	4231
0	1432	4232
0	1434	4234
0	1433	4233
QD77MS2: 1000H QD77MS4: 1001H QD77MS16: 1002H		332 077MS2/QD77MS4: 1435, QD77MS16: 4235)
Factory-set product information	1206 1207	4006 4007
0	1211	4011

# Chapter 5 Data Used for Positioning Control

Storage item	Storage details	Reading the monitor value	
[Md.132] Operation cycle setting	Stores the current operation cycle.  Refresh cycle: At power supply ON	Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor Storage value 0: 0.88ms 1: 1.77ms	
[Md.133] Operation cycle over flag	This flag turns ON when the operation cycle time exceeds operation cycle.  Refresh cycle: Immediate	Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Storage value 0: OFF 1: ON (Operation cycle over occurred.)  [POINT] Latch status of operation cycle over is indicated. When this flag turns ON, correct the positioning detail or change the operation cycle longer than current setting.	
[Md.134] Operation time	Stores the time that took for operation every operation cycle.  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value Storage value Unit: μs	
[Md.135] Maximum operation time	Stores the maximum value of operation time after each module's power supply ON.  Refresh cycle: Immediate	■ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor Storage value Unit: μs	

Default value	Buffer memory address	s (common for all axes)
Default value	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
0	1438	4238
0	1439	4239
0	1208	4008
0	1209	4009

## 5.6.2 Axis monitor data

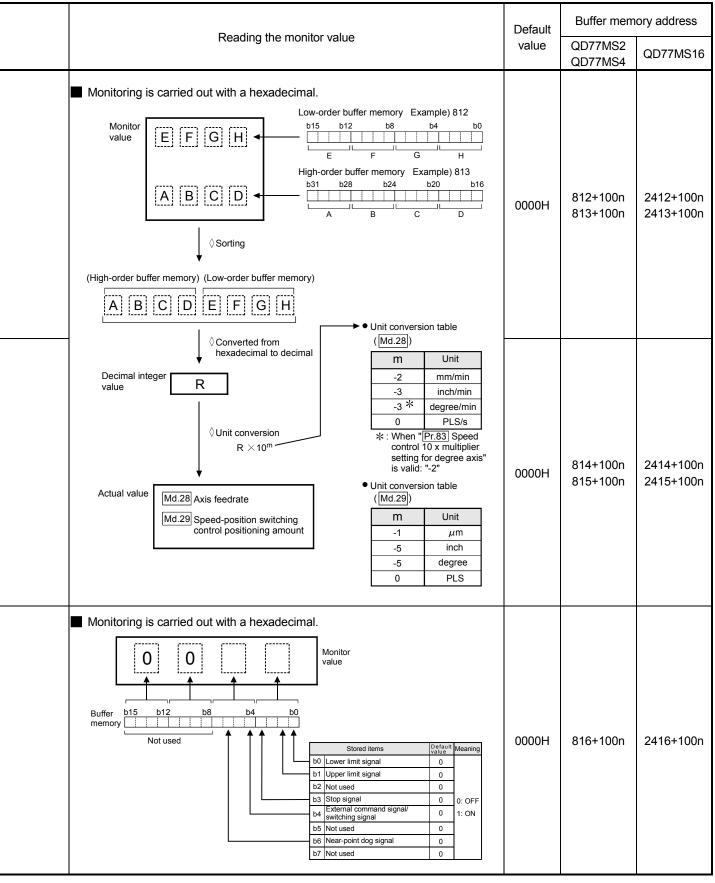
Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.20] Current feed value	The currently commanded address is stored. (Different from the actual motor position during operation) The current position address is stored.  If "degree" is selected as the unit, the addresses will have a ring structure for values between 0 and 359.99999 degrees.  • The OP address is stored when the machine OPR is completed.  • When the current value is changed with the current value changing function, the changed value is stored.  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.21] Machine feed value	The address of the current position according to the machine coordinates will be stored. (Different from the actual motor position during operation)  Note that the current value changing function will not change the machine feed value.  Under the speed control mode, the machine feed value is constantly updated always, irrespective of the parameter setting.  The value will not be cleared to "0" at the beginning of fixed-feed control.  Even if "degree" is selected as the unit, the addresses will become a cumulative value. (They will not have a ring structure for values between 0 and 359.99999 degrees).  However, the machine feed value is restored within the range of 0 to 359.99999 degrees at the communication start with servo amplifier after the power supply ON or PLC CPU reset.  • Machine coordinates: Characteristic coordinates determined with machine Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.22] Feedrate	The speed of the operating workpiece is stored. (May be different from the actual motor speed during operation)  • During interpolation operation, the speed is stored in the following manner. Reference axis : Composite speed or reference axis speed (Set with [Pr.20]) Interpolation axis : 0  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle  [POINT]  In case of the single axis operation, "[Md.22] Feedrate" and "[Md.28] Axis feedrate" are identical.  In the composite mode of the interpolation operation, "[Md.22] Feedrate" is a speed in a composite direction and "[Md.28] Axis feedrate" is that in each axial direction.	
[Md.23] Axis error No.	When an axis error is detected, the error code corresponding to the error details is stored.  • The latest error code is always stored. (When a new axis error occurs, the error code is overwritten.)  • When "[Cd.5] Axis error reset" (axis control data) turns ON, the axis error No. is cleared (set to 0).  Refresh cycle: Immediate	

Day the state of the	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Reading the monitor value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal.  Low-order buffer memory Example) 800  Monitor value  E F G H High-order buffer memory Example) 801	0000Н	800+100n 801+100n	2400+100n 2401+100n
(High-order buffer memory)  (A B C D E F G H  Converted from hexadecimal to decimal value R  (Md.20 Md.21)  Decimal integer R  b31 b28 b24 b20 b16  A B C D  Unit conversion table (Md.20 Md.21)  m Unit  -1   µm  -5 inch  -5 degree  0 PLS	0000Н	802+100n 803+100n	2402+100n 2403+100n
Actual value  Md.20 Current feed value Md.21 Machine feed value Md.22 Feedrate  • Unit conversion table (Md.22)  m Unit -2 mm/min -3 inch/min -3 * degree/min 0 PLS/s  * : When "Pr.83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: "-2"	0000Н	804+100n 805+100n	2404+100n 2405+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal.  Monitor value  Axis error For details of error codes, refer to Section 16.4 "List of errors".	0	806+100n	2406+100n

Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.24] Axis warning No.	Whenever an axis warning is reported, a related warning code is stored.  This area stores the latest warning code always. (Whenever an axis warning is reported, a new warning code replaces the stored warning code.)  When the "[Cd.5] Axis error reset" (axis control data) is set to ON, the axis warning No. is cleared to "0".  Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.25] Valid M code	This area stores an M code that is currently active (i.e. set to the positioning data relating to the current operation).  When the PLC READY signal [Y0] goes OFF, the value is set to "0".  Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.26] Axis operation status	This area stores the axis operation status.  Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.27] Current speed	<ul> <li>The "[Da.8] Command speed" used by the positioning data currently being executed is stored.</li> <li>If "[Da.8] Command speed" is set to "-1", this area stores the command speed set by the positioning data used one step earlier.</li> <li>If "[Da.8] Command speed" is set to a value other than "-1", this area stores the command speed set by the current positioning data.</li> <li>When speed change function is executed, this area stores "[Cd.14] New speed value". (For details of change speed function, refer to Section 13.5.1.)</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Immediate</li> </ul>	

Reading the monitor value	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
reduing the memory value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Axis warning For details of warning codes, refer to Section 16.5 "List of warnings".	0	807+100n	2407+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  M code No. (0 to 65535)	0	808+100n	2408+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Axis operation status -2: Step standby -1: Error 0: Standby 1: Stopped 2: Interpolation 3: JOG operation 4: Manual pulse generator operation 5: Analyzing 6: Special start standby 7: OPR 8: Position control 9: Speed control 10: Speed control 11: Position control in speed-position switching control 11: Position control in position-speed switching control 12: Position control in position-speed switching control 13: Speed control 10: Servo amplifier has not been connected/ servo amplifier power OFF 21: Servo Control mode switch 31: Speed control 32: Torque control 33: Continuous operation to torque control mode	0	809+100n	2409+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor R Decimal integer value  Unit conversion table (Md.27)  m Unit -2 mm/min -3 inch/min -3* degree/min 0 PLS/s  **: When "Pr.83" Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: "-2"	0	810+100n 811+100n	2410+100n 2411+100n

		1
Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.28] Axis feedrate	The speed which is actually output as a command at that time in each axis is stored. (May be different from the actual motor speed) "0" is stored when the axis is at a stop.  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle  [POINT] Refer to "[Md.22] Feedrate"	
[Md.29] Speed-position switching control positioning amount	The movement amount for the position control to end after changing to position control with the speed-position switching control is stored. When the control method is "Reverse run: position/speed", the negative value is stored.  Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.30] External input signal	The ON/OFF state of the external input signal is stored.  The following items are stored.  Lower limit signal *  Upper limit signal *  Stop signal **  External command signal/switching signal  Near-point dog signal *  This area stores the states of the external input signal (QD77MS), external input signal (servo amplifier) or buffer memory of QD77MS set by "[Pr.80] External input signal selection".  **: This area stores the states of the external input signal (QD77MS) or buffer memory of QD77MS set by "[Pr.80] External input signal selection".  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	

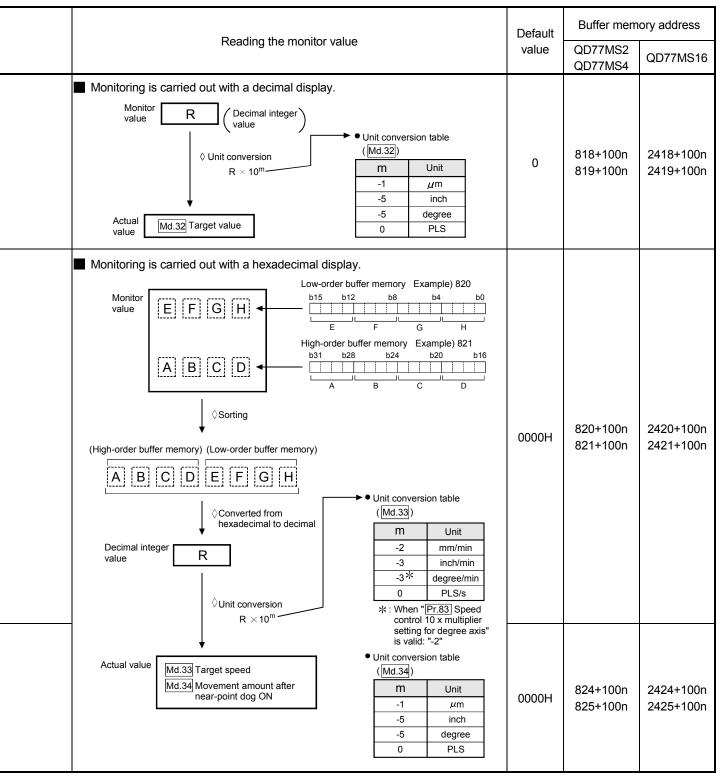


n: Axis No.-1

Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.31] Status	This area stores the states (ON/OFF) of various flags.  Information on the following flags is stored.  In speed control flag This signal that comes ON under the speed control can be used to judge whether the operation is performed under the speed control or position control. The signal goes OFF when the power is switched ON, under the position control, and during JOG operation or manual pulse generator operation. During the speed-position or position-speed switching control, this signal goes OFF when the speed control is in effect. During the speed-position switching control, this signal goes OFF when the speed control is in effect. During the speed-position switching control, this signal comes on the speed position switching control, this signal comes on the speed position switching spiral executes a switching over from position control to control to when the position-speed switching signal executes a switching over from position control to control to the signal comes ON when the property of the signal comes ON when position control takes over. This signal goes OFF when the next position gontrol this signal comes ON when position control takes over. This signal goes OFF in the next positioning data is processed, and during JOG operation or manual pulse generator operation.  Command in position flag This signal is ON when the remaining distance is equal to or less than the command in-position range (set by a detailed parameter). This signal agriculture is signal is monitored every operation cycle except when the monitoring is canceled under the speed control or while the speed control is in effect during the speed-position or position-speed switching control. While operations are performed with interpolation, this signal comes ON only in respect of the starting axis. (This signal goes OFF in respect of all axes upon starting)  OPR request flag This signal comes ON when the power is switched ON, when the absolute system has not been set, when the machine OPR operation start. This signal tomes OPR when a machine	

	Reading the monitor value  Default value		Buffer mem	ory address
			QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
	Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display.    D	0008H	817+100n	2417+100n

	<del>,</del>	
Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.32] Target value	This area stores the target value ([Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount) for a positioning operation.  • At the beginning of positioning control and current value changing: Stores the value of "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount".  • At the OP shift operation of OPR control: Stores the value of OP shift amount.  • At other times: Stores "0".  Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.33] Target speed	<ul> <li>During operation with positioning data         <ul> <li>The actual target speed, considering the override and speed limit value, etc., is stored. "0" is stored when positioning is completed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>During interpolation of position control         <ul> <li>The composite speed or reference axis speed is stored in the reference axis address, and "0" is stored in the interpolation axis address.</li> </ul> </li> <li>During interpolation of speed control         <ul> <li>The target speeds of each axis are stored in the monitor of the reference axis and interpolation axis.</li> <li>The actual target speed, considering the JOG speed limit value for the JOG speed, is stored.</li> </ul> </li> <li>During manual pulse generator operation: "0" is stored.</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Immediate</li> <li>[POINT]         <ul> <li>The target speed is when an override is made to the command speed. When the speed limit value is overridden, the target speed is restricted to the speed limit value. The target speed changes every time data is switched, but does not change in an acceleration/deceleration state inside each piece of data (changes with the speed change because the target speed changes.)</li> </ul> </li></ul>	
[Md.34] Movement amount after near-point dog ON	"0" is stored when machine OPR starts.     After machine OPR starts, the movement amount from the near-point dog ON to the machine OPR completion is stored.     (Movement amount: Movement amount to machine OPR completion using near-point dog ON as "0".)  Refresh cycle: Immediate	



n: Axis No.-1

	·	1
Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.35] Torque limit stored value/ forward torque limit stored value	<ul> <li>"[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value", "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value", "[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value" or "[Pr.54] OPR torque limit value" is stored.</li> <li>During positioning start, JOG operation start, manual pulse generator operation : "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value" is stored.</li> <li>When a value is set in "[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value" during operation : "[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value" is stored.</li> <li>When OPR : "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value" is stored. However, "[Pr.54] OPR torque limit value" is stored after the speed reaches "[Pr.47] Creep speed".</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Immediate</li> </ul>	
[Md.36] Special start data instruction code setting value	The "instruction code" used with special start and indicated by the start data pointer currently being executed is stored.      Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.37] Special start data instruction parameter setting value	The "instruction parameter" used with special start and indicated by the start data pointer currently being executed is stored. The stored value differs according to the value set for [Md.36].  Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.38] Start positioning data No. setting value	The "positioning data No." indicated by the start data pointer currently being executed is stored.      Refresh cycle: Immediate	

	Default	Buffer memory address	
Reading the monitor value		QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Storage value 1 to 1000 (%)	0	826+100n	2426+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  O0: Block start (Normal start) O1: Condition start O2: Wait start O3: Simultaneous start O4: FOR loop O5: FOR condition O6: NEXT	0	827+100n	2427+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Storage value  Md.36 setting value Stored contents Storage value  00 None None  01 02 Condition data No.  05 Number of repetitions  0 to 255	0	828+100n	2428+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Storage value 1 to 600, 9001 to 9003	0	829+100n	2429+100n

n: Axis No.-1

Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.39] In speed limit flag	<ul> <li>If the speed exceeds the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" ("[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control) due to a speed change or override, the speed limit functions, and the in speed limit flag turns ON.</li> <li>When the speed drops to less than "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" ("[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control), or when the axis stops, the in speed limit flag turns OFF.</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Immediate</li> </ul>	
[Md.40] In speed change processing flag	<ul> <li>The speed change process flag turns ON when the speed is changed during positioning control.</li> <li>After the speed change process is completed or when deceleration starts with the stop signal during the speed change process, the in speed change process flag turns OFF.</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Immediate</li> </ul>	
[Md.41] Special start repetition counter	<ul> <li>This area stores the remaining number of repetitions during "repetitions" specific to special starting.</li> <li>The count is decremented by one (-1) at the loop end.</li> <li>The control comes out of the loop when the count reaches "0".</li> <li>This area stores "0" within an infinite loop.</li> </ul> Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.42] Control system repetition counter	This area stores the remaining number of repetitions during "repetitions" specific to control system.  The count is decremented by one (-1) at the loop start.  The loop is terminated with the positioning data of the control method "LEND", after the counter becomes "0".  Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.43] Start data pointer being executed	<ul> <li>This area stores a point No. (1 to 50) attached to the start data currently being executed.</li> <li>This area stores "0" after completion of a positioning operation.</li> </ul> Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.44] Positioning data No. being executed	<ul> <li>This area stores a positioning data No. attached to the positioning data currently being executed.</li> <li>This area stores "0" when the JOG/inching operation is executed.</li> </ul> Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.45] Block No. being executed	When the operation is controlled by "block start data", this area stores a block number (7000 to 7004) attached to the block currently being executed.  At other times, this area stores "0".  Refresh cycle: At start	

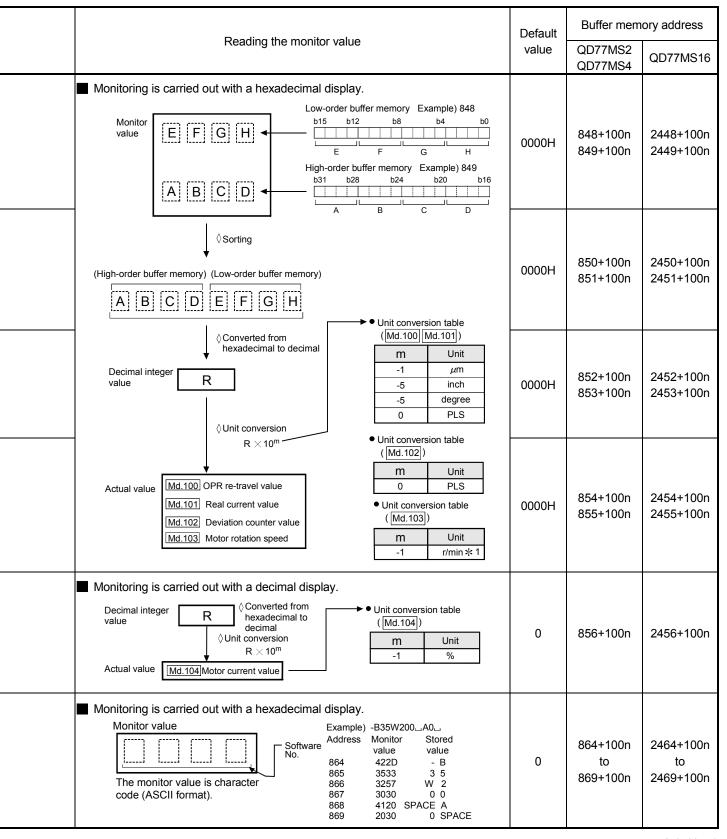
	Default	Buffer memory address	
Reading the monitor value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  O: Not in speed limit (OFF)  1: In speed limit (ON)	0	830+100n	2430+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value   Storage value 0: Not in speed change (OFF) 1: In speed change (ON)	0	831+100n	2431+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  O to 255	0	832+100n	2432+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display.  Monitor value  O to FFFF	0000Н	833+100n	2433+100n
■ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  1 to 50	0	834+100n	2434+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Storage value 1 to 600, 9001 to 9003	0	835+100n	2435+100n
■ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Monitor value  Monitor value	0	836+100n	2436+100n

n: Axis No.-1

Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.46] Last executed positioning data No.	<ul> <li>This area stores the positioning data No. attached to the positioning data that was executed last time.</li> <li>The value is retained until a new positioning operation is executed.</li> <li>This area stores "0" when the JOG/inching operation is executed.</li> </ul> Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.47] Positioning data being executed	The addresses shown to the right store details of the positioning data currently being executed (positioning data No. given by [Md.44]).  Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.48] Deceleration start flag	"1" is stored when the constant speed status or acceleration status switches to the deceleration status during position control whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete".      "0" is stored at the next operation start or manual pulse generator operation enable.  Refresh cycle: Immediate  [POINT]  This parameter is possible to monitor when "[Cd.41] Deceleration start flag valid" is valid.	

		Decedies with a sec			Default		ory address
		Reading the m	ionitor value		value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
	is carried out	with a decimal	● Storage	value 9001 to 9003	0	837+100n	2437+100n
Information is	stored in the f	ollowing addres	sses:				
	address or value)		Refe	rence		838+100n to 847+100n	2438+100n to 2447+100n
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Stored item	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16			
838+100n	2438+100n	Positioning identifier	[Da.1] to [Da.5]	[Da.1] to [Da.4]			
839+100n	2439+100n	M code /Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	[Da.10]	[Da.10]	0		
840+100n	2440+100n	Dwell time /JUMP destination positioning data No.	[Da.9]	[Da.9]			
_	2441+100n	Axis to be interpolated	_	[Da.20] to [Da.22]			
842+100n 843+100n	2442+100n 2443+100n	Command speed	[Da.8]	[Da.8]			
844+100n 845+100n	2444+100n 2445+100n	Positioning address	[Da.6]	[Da.6]			
846+100n 847+100n	2446+100n 2447+100n	Arc address	[Da.7]	[Da.7]			
	is carried out	with a decimal	display. Storage value 0: Status other than 1: Status from decel start to next opera start or manual pu generator operatio	eration ution ulse	0	899+100n	2499+100n

Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.100] OPR re-travel value	This area stores the travel distance during the OPR travel to the zero point that was executed last time. "0" is stored at machine OPR start. For setting units  Example) mm (Buffer memory × 0.1) μm  Refresh cycle: Immediate	
[Md.101] Real current value	<ul> <li>This area stores the current value (feed current value – deviation counter droop pulses).</li> <li>Example) mm         (Buffer memory × 0.1) μm</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Operation cycle</li> </ul>	
[Md.102] Deviation counter value	This area stores the difference between the feed current and the real current value.     (Buffer memory details) PLS  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.103] Motor rotation speed	This area stores the motor speed updated in real time.  (Buffer memory × 0.1) r/min *1  *1: The unit is mm/s at linear servo use.  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.104] Motor current value	This area stores the present motor current value of the motor.  (Buffer memory × 0.1) %  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.106] Servo amplifier software No.	<ul> <li>This area stores the software No. of the servo amplifier used.</li> <li>This area is update when the control power of the servo amplifier is turned ON.</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Servo amplifier's power supply ON</li> </ul>	



n: Axis No.-1

Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.107] Parameter error No.	<ul> <li>When a servo parameter error occurs, the area that corresponds to the parameter number affected by the error comes ON.</li> <li>When the "[Cd.5] Axis error reset" (axis control data) is set to ON after remove the error factor of servo amplifier side, the servo alarm is cleared (set to 0).</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Immediate</li> </ul>	
[Md.108] Servo status	This area stores the servo status.  2 Zero point pass Turns ON if the zero point of the encoder has been passed even once.  2 Zero speed Turns ON when the motor speed is lower than the servo parameter "zero speed."  Speed limit Turns ON during the speed limit in torque control mode.  PID control Turns ON when the servo amplifier is PID control.  READY ON Indicates the ready ON/OFF.  Servo ON Indicates the servo ON/OFF.  Control mode Indicates the control mode of the servo amplifier.  Servo alarm Turns ON during the servo alarm.  In-position The dwell pulse turns ON within the servo parameter "in-position".  Torque limit Turns ON when the servo amplifier is having the torque restricted.  Absolute position lost Turns ON when the servo amplifier is lost the absolute position.  Servo warning Turns ON during the servo warning.  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	

Pending the monitor value	Default	Buffer memory address	
Reading the monitor value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Monitor value  Storage value  When SSCNET setting is SSCNET III /H  Storage value   Parameter No.	0	870+100n	2470+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display.  b15 b12 b8 b4 b0  Stored items Meaning b0 Zero point pass b3 Zero speed 0: OFF b4 Speed limit 1: ON b8 PID control	0000Н	876+100n	2476+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display.  b15 b12 b8 b4 b0  Stored items Meaning b0 READY ON b1 Servo ON b1 Servo ON b12 In-position b13 Torque limit b14 Absolute position lost b15 Servo warning  *: Control mode  b2 b3 Control mode  b15 Servo warning  *: Control mode  0 0 Position control mode  1 0 Speed control mode  0 1 Torque control mode  0 1 Torque control mode  (POINT]  (1) When the forced stop of controller and servo amplifier occurs, the servo warning is turned ON. When the forced stop is reset, the servo warning is turned OFF.  (2) Confirm the status during continuous operation to torque control mode with "[Md.125] Servo status3".	0000Н	877+100n	2477+100n

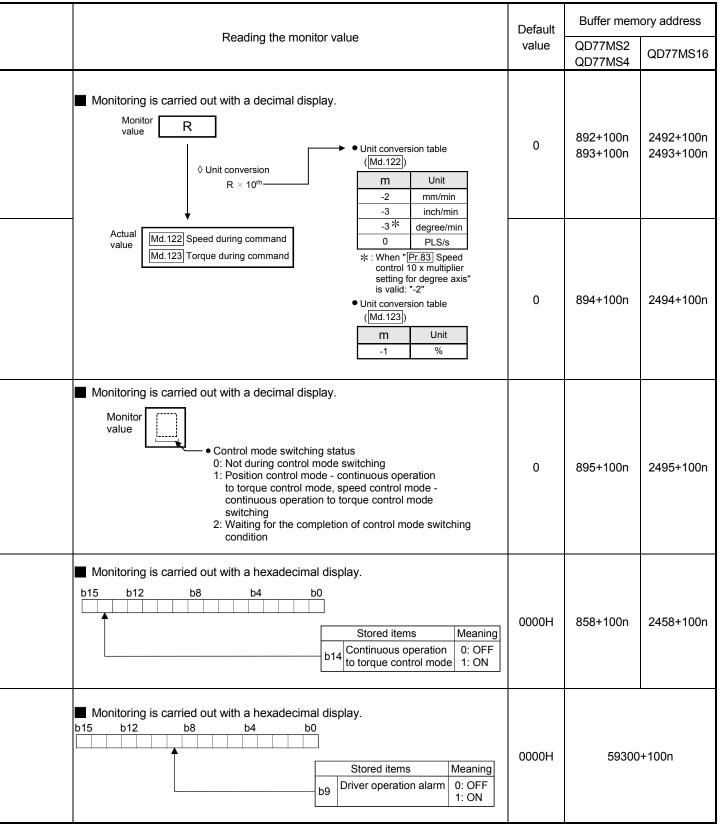
Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.109] Regenerative load ratio/ Optional data monitor output 1	<ul> <li>The rate of regenerative power to the allowable regenerative power is indicated as a percentage.</li> <li>When the regenerative option is used, the rate to the allowable regenerative power of the option is indicated. (Buffer memory) %</li> <li>This area stores the content set in "[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1" at optional data monitor data type setting.</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Operation cycle</li> </ul>	
[Md.110] Effective load torque/ Optional data monitor output 2	<ul> <li>The continuous effective load torque is indicated.</li> <li>The average value of the load rates for the past 15 seconds to the rated torque is stored as a percentage, rated torque being 100%. (Buffer memory) %</li> <li>This area stores the content set in "[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" at optional data monitor data type setting.</li> </ul> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.111] Peak torque ratio/ Optional data monitor output 3	<ul> <li>The maximum torque is indicated. (Holding value)</li> <li>The peak values for the past 15 seconds are indicated, rated torque being 100%. (Buffer memory) %</li> <li>This area stores the content set in "[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3" at optional data monitor data type setting.</li> </ul> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.112] Optional data monitor output 4	This area stores the content set in "[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4" at optional data monitor data type setting. ("0" is stored when the optional data monitor data type is not set.)  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.113] Semi/Fully closed loop status	The switching status of semi closed loop control/fully closed loop control is indicated.      Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.114] Servo alarm	<ul> <li>This area stores the servo alarm code and servo warning code displayed in LED of servo amplifier.</li> <li>When the "[Cd.5] Axis error reset" (axis control data) is set to ON after remove the error factor of servo amplifier side, the servo alarm is cleared (set to 0).</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Immediate</li> </ul>	

	Default	Buffer memory address	
Reading the monitor value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Regenerative load ratio/ Optional data monitor output 1	0	878+100n	2478+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Effective load torque ratio/ Optional data monitor output 2	0	879+100n	2479+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor Value  Peek torque ratio/ Optional data monitor output 3	0	880+100n	2480+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Optional data monitor output 4	0	881+100n	2481+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Semi/Fully closed loop status 0: In semi closed loop control 1: In fully closed loop control	0	887+100n	2487+100n
Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display.  • When SSCNET setting is SSCNET II /H  LED display of MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B  Monitor value  Monitor value  Monitor value  Monitor value	0000Н	888+100n	2488+100n

Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.116] Encoder option information	The option information of encoder is indicated.  Refresh cycle: Servo amplifier's power supply ON	
[Md.120] Reverse torque limit stored value	<ul> <li>"[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value", "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value", "[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value", or "[Pr.54] OPR torque limit value" is stored.</li> <li>At the positioning start/JOG operation start/ manual pulse generator operation: "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value" is stored.</li> <li>When a value is set in "[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value" or "[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value" during operation.</li> <li>: "[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value" is stored when "0" is set in "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request".</li> <li>"[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value" is stored when "1" is set in "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request".</li> <li>At the OPR</li> <li>: "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value" is stored. However, "[Pr.54] OPR torque limit value" is stored after the speed reaches "[Pr.47] Creep speed".</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Immediate</li> </ul>	

Deading the magnitum value		Buffer memory address	
Reading the monitor value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display.    Stored items	0000Н	890+100n	2490+100n
■ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display.  Monitor value  Storage value 1 to 1000 (%)	0	891+100n	2491+100n

Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.122] Speed during command	This area stores the command speed during speed control mode.  This area stores the command speed during continuous operation to torque control mode.  "O" is stored other than during speed control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode.  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle (Speed control mode and continuous operation to torque control mode only)	
[Md.123] Torque during command	<ul> <li>This area stores the command torque during torque control mode.     (Buffer memory × 0.1)%</li> <li>This area stores the command torque during continuous operation to torque control mode.</li> <li>"0" is stored other than during torque control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode.</li> <li>Refresh cycle: Operation cycle (Torque control mode and continuous operation to torque control mode only)</li> </ul>	
[Md.124] Control mode switching status	This area stores the switching status of control mode.  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.125] Servo status3	This area stores the servo status. Continuous operation to torque control mode Turn ON when the continuous operation to torque control mode.  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	
[Md.500] Servo status7	This area stores the servo status 7.  Refresh cycle: Operation cycle	



Storage item	Storage details	
[Md.502] Driver operation alarm	This area stores the driver operation alarm number.  Refresh cycle: Immediate	

Deading the generator value		Buffer memory address	
Reading the monitor value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4 QD77MS16	
Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display.  Monitor value			
Driver → Detailed number operation alarm	0000H	59302+100n	
Example) When the driver operation alarm is "10H" and the detailed			
number is "23H", "1023H" is displayed.			

#### 5.7 List of control data

The setting items of the control data are explained in this section.

Guide to buffer memory address
 In the buffer memory address, "n" in "4303+100n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n
1	0	5	4	9	8	13	12
2	1	6	5	10	9	14	13
3	2	7	6	11	10	15	14
4	3	8	7	12	11	16	15

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis. (Example) For axis No. 16

4303+100n ([Cd.6] Restart command)=4303+100×15=5803

(Note-2): The range from axis No.1 to 2 (n=0 to 1) is valid in the QD77MS2.

(Note-3): The range from axis No.1 to 4 (n=0 to 3) is valid in the QD77MS4.

#### 5.7.1 System control data

Setting item	Setting details	
Cd.1] Flash ROM write request	• Writes not only "positioning data (No.1 to 600)" and "block start data (No.7000 to 7004)" stored in the buffer memory/internal memory area, but also "parameters" and "servo parameters" to the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile).  Fetch cycle: 103[ms]  [POINT]  (1) Do not turn the power OFF or reset the PLC CPU while writing to the flash ROM. If the power is turned OFF or the PLC CPU is reset to forcibly end the process, the data backed up in the flash ROM will be lost.  (2) Do not write the data to the buffer memory before writing to the flash ROM is completed.  (3) The number of writes to the flash ROM with the sequence program is 25 max. while the power is turned ON.  Writing to the flash ROM beyond 25 times will cause the error "Flash ROM write number error" (error code: 805).  Refer to Section 16.4 "List of errors" for details.  (4) Monitoring is the number of writes to the flash ROM after the power is switched ON by the "[Md.19] Number of write accesses to flash ROM".	
[Cd.2] Parameter initialization request	Requests initialization of setting data.     Refer to Section 14.2 for initialized setting data.     Initialization: Resetting of setting data to default values	

Setting value	Default	Buffer memory address (common for all axes)	
	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Flash ROM write request  1: Requests write access to flash ROM.  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically when the write access completes.  (This indicates the completion of write operation.)	0	1900	5900
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Parameter initialization request  1: Requests parameter initialization.  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically when the initialization completes.  (This indicates the completion of parameter initialization.)	0	1901	5901

Setting item	Setting details	
[Cd.41] Deceleration start flag valid	Set whether "[Md.48] Deceleration start flag" is made valid or invalid.      Fetch cycle: At PLC READY ON  [POINT]      The "[Cd.41] Deceleration start flag valid" become valid when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON.	
[Cd.42] Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection	Set the stop command processing for deceleration stop function (deceleration curve re-processing/deceleration curve continuation).      Fetch cycle: At deceleration stop causes occurrence	

Setting value		Buffer memory address (common for all axes)	
·	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Deceleration start flag valid 0: Deceleration start flag invalid 1: Deceleration start flag valid	0	1905	5905
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection 0: Deceleration curve re-processing 1: Deceleration curve continuation	0	1907	5907

Setting item	Setting details	
[Cd.44] External input signal operation device	Operate the external input signal status (Upper/lower limit signal, near-point dog signal, stop signal) of QD77MS when "2" is set in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection".  Fetch cycle: Operation cycle	

			Setting	ı va	lue			Default	Buffer mem (common f	
Setting value							value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS	
Settin value  ■ QD77/  Buffer memory	Buffer memory  MS2/QD77MS4  Setting items  Axis 1 Upper limit signal (FLS)  Axis 1 Lower limit signal (RLS)  Axis 1 Near-point dog signal (DOG)  Axis 2 Upper limit signal (FLS)  Axis 2 Lower limit signal (FLS)  Axis 2 Near-point dog signal (DOG)  Axis 2 Near-point dog signal (DOG)  Axis 3 Upper limit signal (FLS)  Axis 3 Upper limit signal (FLS)  Axis 3 Upper limit signal (FLS)	Default value 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Meaning  "Pr.22 Input signal logic selection" is negative logic 0: OFF 1: OFF 1: OFF 1: OFF	500						
5928 b3 b4 b5 b6 b6 b7 b8 b9 b10 b11 b12 b13 b14 b15 b6 b6 b7 b8 b9 b10 b11 b2 b3 b4 b5 b6 b6 b7 b7 b8 b9 b10 b11 b12 b13 b14 b15 b5 b6 b6 b7 b8 b9 b10 b11 b12 b13	Setting items  Axis 1 Upper limit signal (FLS)  Axis 1 Lower limit signal (RLS)  Axis 1 Near-point dog signal (DOG)  Axis 1 STOP signal (STOP)  Axis 2 Upper limit signal (FLS)  Axis 2 Lower limit signal (RLS)  Axis 2 Near-point dog signal (DOG)  Axis 2 STOP signal (STOP)  Axis 3 Upper limit signal (FLS)  Axis 3 Lower limit signal (FLS)  Axis 3 Lower limit signal (FLS)	Default value	"Pr.22 Input signal logic selection" is negative logic 0: OFF 1: ON "Pr.22 Input signal logic selection" is positive logic 0: ON 1: OFF	5930 5931	DO	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	"Pr.22 Input signal logic selection" is negative logic 0: OFF 1: ON "Pr.22 Input signal logic selection" is positive logic 0: ON 1: OFF	0000H	1928	5928 to 5931

Setting item	Setting details	
[Cd.47] QD75MH initial value setting request	Request to set the initial value of QD75MH in setting data.  Refer to Section 14.14 for initialized setting data.  Fetch cycle: 103[ms]  Note: After completing the initialization of setting data, switch the power ON or reset the PLC CPU.	
[Cd.102] SSCNET control command	Set the connect/disconnect command of SSCNET communication.      Fetch cycle: 3.5[ms]	
[Cd.137] Amplifier-less operation mode switching request	Set the switching request of the normal operation mode and amplifier-less operation mode.      Fetch cycle: 3.5[ms]	

Setting value		Buffer mem (common f	emory address n for all axes)	
	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  QD75MH initial value setting request  1: Requests QD75MH initial value setting.  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically after the initial value setting is completed. (Indicates that the initial value setting is completed.)	0	1909	5909	
Setting value  SSCNET control command  0 : No command Axis No. (Note-1) : Disconnect command of SSCNET communication Except above setting : Invalid  (Note-1): QD77MS2 : 1 to 2 QD77MS4 : 1 to 4 QD77MS16: 1 to 16	0	1932	5932	
Set with a hexadecimal.  Setting value  Amplifier-less operation mode switching request ABCDh: Change from normal operation mode to amplifier-less operation mode  0000h: Change from amplifier-less operation mode  node to normal operation mode	0000Н	1926	5926	

#### 5.7.2 Axis control data

		I
Setting item	Setting details	
[Cd.3] Positioning start No.	Set the positioning start No.     (Only 1 to 600 for the Pre-reading start function. For details, refer to Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function".)      Fetch cycle: At start	
[Cd.4] Positioning starting point No.	Set a "starting point No." (1 to 50) if block start data is used for positioning. (Handled as "1" if the value of other than 1 to 50 is set.)      Fetch cycle: At start	
[Cd.5] Axis error reset	<ul> <li>Clears the axis error detection, axis error No., axis warning detection and axis warning No.</li> <li>When the axis operation state of Simple Motion module is "in error occurrence", the error is cleared and the Simple Motion module is returned to the "waiting" state.</li> <li>Clears the both of Simple Motion module errors and servo amplifier errors by axis error reset. (Some servo amplifier errors cannot be reset even if error reset is requested. At the time, "0" is not stored in [Cd.5] by the Simple Motion module. It remains "1". Set "0" in [Cd.5] and then set "1" to execute the error reset again by user side. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details.)</li> <li>Fetch cycle: 14.2[ms]</li> </ul>	
[Cd.6] Restart command	When positioning is stopped for any reason (when axis operation state is "stopped"), set "1" in [Cd.6]. Positioning will be carried out again from the stopped position to the end point of the stopped positioning data.  Fetch cycle: 14.2[ms]	

Setting value		Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Setting value  Positioning data No.  1 to 600 : Positioning data No.  1 to 600 : Block start designation  9001 : Machine OPR  9002 : Fast-OPR  9003 : Current value changing  9004 : Simultaneous starting of multiple axes	0	1500+100n	4300+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  K Positioning starting point No. 1 to 50  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically when the continuous operation is interrupted.	0	1501+100n	4301+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Error reset request  1: Axis error is reset.  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically after the axis error reset is completed. (Indicates that the axis error reset is completed.)	0	1502+100n	4302+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Restart command 1: Restarts  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically after restart acceptance is completed. (Indicates that the restart acceptance is completed.)	0	1503+100n	4303+100n

n: Axis No.-1

Setting item	Setting details								
[Cd.7] M code OFF request		• The M code ON signal turns OFF.  Fetch cycle: Operation cycle							
[Cd.8] External command valid	Validates or invalidates external command signals.  Fetch cycle: At request by external command signal								
	<ul> <li>When changing the "current feed value" using the start No. "9003", use this data item to specify a new feed value.</li> <li>Set a value within the following range:</li> </ul>								
[Cd.9] New current value	[Pr.1] Unit setting	mm (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)	inch (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)	degree (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)	PLS (PLS)				
	Setting range	-2147483648 to 2147483647	-2147483648 to 2147483647	0 to 35999999	-2147483648 to 2147483647				
	Fetch cycle: At change request								
	When changing to specify a new			speed change, ι	use this data item				
[Cd.10] New acceleration time value	[Cd.10] s	setting range (ur	nit)						
	0 to 8388608 (ms)								
	Fetch cycle: At ch								
	When changing the deceleration time during a speed change, use this data item to specify a new deceleration time.								
[Cd.11] New deceleration time value		setting range (ur	nit)						
	0 to 8	8388608 (ms)							
	Fetch cycle: At ch	ange request							

Sotting value		Default	Buffer memory address		
Setting value		value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  M code OFF request  1: M code ON signal turns  After the M code ON signal turns OFF, "0" is stored by the Simple module automatically. (Indicates that the OFF request is complete	Motion	0	1504+100n	4304+100n	
Set with a decimal.  Setting value    K		0	1505+100n	4305+100n	
Set with a decimal.  Actual value Cd.9 New current value  Conversion into an integer value  Unit conversion to a setting value  R  Setting value R  5  5  0	able ([Cd.9])  Unit  µm  inch  degree  PLS	0	1506+100n 1507+100n	4306+100n 4307+100n	
Set with a decimal.  Setting value   Cd.10 New acceleration time value  Cd.11 New deceleration time value		0	1508+100n 1509+100n	4308+100n 4309+100n	
Example: When the " Cd. 10 New acceleration time value" is set as "60000 ms", the buffer memory stores "60000".		0	1510+100n 1511+100n	4310+100n 4311+100n	

Setting item	Setting details							
[Cd.12] Acceleration/deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection	Enables or disables modifications to the acceleration/deceleration time during a speed change.  etch cycle: At change request							
[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override	To use the positioning operation speed override function, use this data item to specify an "override" value.  *: For details of the override function, refer to Section 13.5.2 "Override function".  If the command speed is set to less than the minimum unit using the override function, the speed is raised to the minimum unit and the warning "Less than minimum speed" (warning code: 110) occurs.  etch cycle: Operation cycle							
[Cd.14] New speed value	When changing the speed, use this data item to specify a new speed.  The operation halts if you specify "0".  Set a value within the following range:  [Pr.1] Unit setting (×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min) inch (×10 <sup>-3</sup> inch/min) (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min) (PLS/s)  Setting range 0 to 0 to 0 to 0 to 0 to 1000000000  *: When "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid, this will be the setting range 0 to 2000000000 (×10 <sup>-2</sup> degree/min).  Fetch cycle: At change request							
• After setting the "[Cd.14] New speed value", set this data item to "1" to execute the speed change (through validating the new speed value).    Fetch cycle: Operation cycle   Fetch cycle   Operation cycl								

Setting value	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Setting value  Acceleration/deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection  1 : Enables modifications to acceleration/deceleration time  Other than 1: Disables modifications to acceleration/deceleration time	0	1512+100n	4312+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value    Override value (%)  1 to 300	100	1513+100n	4313+100n
Actual value Cd.14 New speed value  Conversion into an integer value  V10m  M Unit conversion table (Cd.14)  M Unit 2 mm/min 3 inch/min 3 inch/min 3 where elements 4 when "Pr.83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: "2"  *When "Pr.83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: "2"	0	1514+100n 1515+100n	4314+100n 4315+100n
Setting value  Speed change request 1: Executes speed change.  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically when the speed change request has been processed.  (This indicates the completion of speed change request.)	0	1516+100n	4316+100n

Setting item	Setting details						
<ul> <li>Use this data item to set the amount of movement by inching.</li> <li>The machine performs a JOG operation if "0" is set.</li> <li>Set a value within the following range:</li> </ul>							
	[Pr.1] Unit setting	mm (×10 <sup>-1</sup> μm)	(×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)	(×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)	PLS (PLS)		
[Cd.16] Inching movement amount	Setting range	0 to 65535	0 to 65535	0 to 65535	0 to 65535		
	Fetch cycle: At sta	<u>art</u>					
	Use this data ite Set a value withi  [Pr.1] Unit setting		range:	degree * (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min)	PLS (PLS/s)		
[Cd.17] JOG speed	Setting range	1 to 200000000	1 to 200000000	1 to 2000000000	1 to 1000000000		
	*: When "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid, this will be the setting range 1 to 200000000 (×10 <sup>-2</sup> degree/min).  Fetch cycle: At start						
[Cd.18] Interrupt request during continuous operation	To interrupt a co After processing automatically res  Fetch cycle: Opera	the interruption sets the value to	n request ("1"), th		module		

Setting value	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Actual value Cd.16 Inching movement amount  Conversion into an integer value  Unit conversion table (Cd.16)  m Unit 1	0	1517+100n	4317+100n
Actual value Cd.17 JOG speed  Conversion into an integer value  Value R  Setting value R  Example: When the "Cd. 17 JOG speed" is set as "20000.00mm /min", the buffer memory stores "2000000".  Setting value R  Unit conversion table (Cd.17)  M Unit  2 mm/min  3 inch/min  0 PLSs  *: When "Pr.83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: "2"	0	1518+100n 1519+100n	4318+100n 4319+100n
Setting value  Interruption request continuous operation 1: Interrupts continuous operation or continuous path control.  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically when the continuous control interruption request is processed.  (This indicates the completion of continuous operation interruption request.)	0	1520+100n	4320+100n

Setting item	Setting details	
[Cd.19] OPR request flag OFF request	The sequence program can use this data item to forcibly turn the OPR request flag from ON to OFF.  Fetch cycle: 14.2[ms]  [POINT]  This parameter is made valid when the increment system is valid.	
[Cd.20] Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification	<ul> <li>This data item determines the factor by which the number of pulses from the manual pulse generator is magnified.</li> <li>Value "0" : read as "1".</li> <li>Value "10001 or more" or negative value : read as "10000".</li> <li>Fetch cycle: Operation cycle (At manual pulse generator enabled)</li> </ul>	
[Cd.21] Manual pulse generator enable flag	This data item enables or disables operations using a manual pulse generator.      Fetch cycle: Operation cycle	
[Cd.22] New torque value/ forward new torque value	<ul> <li>When "0" is set to "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request", a new torque limit value is set. (This value is set to the forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value.)</li> <li>When "1" is set to "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request", a new forward torque limit value is set.</li> <li>Set a value within "0" to "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value". Set a ratio against the rated torque in percentage unit.</li> <li>(The new torque value is invalid when "0" is set, and "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value" becomes valid. The range of torque change is 1 to "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value".)</li> <li>Fetch cycle: Operation cycle</li> </ul>	

	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  OPR request flag OFF request 1: Turns the "OPR request flag" from ON to OFF.  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically when the OPR request flag is turned OFF.  (This indicates the completion of OPR request flag OFF request.)	0	1521+100n	4321+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value   Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification 1 to 10000	1	1522+100n 1523+100n	4322+100n 4323+100n
Setting value  Manual pulse generator enable flag 0: Disable manual pulse generator operation. 1: Enable manual pulse generator operation.	0	1524+100n	4324+100n
Setting value K  New torque value/forward new torque value  0 to Pr.17 Torque limit setting value (%)	0	1525+100n	4325+100n

Setting item	Setting details			
[Cd.23] Speed-position switching control movement amount change register	<ul> <li>During the speed control stage of the speed-position switching control (INC mode), it is possible to change the specification of the movement amount during the position control stage. For that, use this data item to specify a new movement amount.</li> <li>The new movement amount has to be set during the speed control stage of the speed-position switching control (INC mode).</li> <li>The value is reset to "0" when the next operation starts.</li> <li>Set a value within the following range:</li> <li>[Pr.1] Unit mm inch degree (×10<sup>-5</sup> inch) (×10<sup>-5</sup> degree) (PLS)</li> <li>Setting range 0 to 0 to 0 to 0 to 2147483647</li> <li>Eetch cycle: At switching request</li> </ul>			
[Cd.24] Speed-position switching enable flag	Set whether the switching signal set in "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection" is enabled or not.      Fetch cycle: At switching request			
[Cd.25] Position-speed switching control speed change register	During the position control stage of the position-speed switching control, it is possible to change the specification of the speed during the speed control stage. For that, use this data item to specify a new speed.  The new speed has to be set during the position control stage of the position-speed switching control.  The value is reset to "0" when the next operation starts.  Set a value within the following range:    Pr.1] Unit			

	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Actual value Cd.23 Speed-position switching control movement amount change register  Conversion into an integer value  Whit conversion table (Cd.23)  M Unit  1   1   1   1   5   5   6 degree  0   PLS  Example: If "Cd. 23 Speed-position switching control movement amount change register" is set as "20000.0   mmunit manual change register" is set as "20000.0   mm, the buffer memory stores "200000".	0	1526+100n 1527+100n	4326+100n 4327+100n
Setting value  Speed-position switching enable flag  O: Speed control will not be taken over by position control even when the signal set in "Cd.45 Speed-position switching device selection" comes ON.  1: Speed control will be taken over by position control even when the signal set in "Cd.45 Speed-position switching device selection" comes ON.	0	1528+100n	4328+100n
Set with a decimal.  Actual value Cd.25 Position-speed switching control speed change register  Conversion into an integer value  Unit conversion table (Cd.25)  M Unit  2 mm/min  3 inch/min  3 * degree/min  0 PLS/s  **: When "Pr.83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: "2"  **: When "Pr.83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: "2"	0	1530+100n 1531+100n	4330+100n 4331+100n

Setting item	Setting details				
[Cd.26] Position-speed switching enable flag	Set whether the switching signal set in "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection" is enabled or not.  Fetch cycle: At switching request				
[Cd.27] Target position change value (New address)	When changing the target position during a positioning operation, use this data item to specify a new positioning address.      Set a value within the following range:    Pr.1] Unit   mm   inch   degree   PLS   (×10 <sup>-1</sup> µm)   (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch)   (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)   (PLS)    -2147483648   -2147483648   -2147483648   ABS   to to 0 to 35999999   to 2147483647   2147483648   2147483647   2147483647   2147483648   2147483647   2147483648   2147483				
(New address)	C				
[Cd.28] Target position change value (New speed)	When changing the target position during a positioning operation, use this data item to specify a new speed.      The speed will not change if "0" is set.     Set a value within the following range:    Pr.1] Unit   mm   inch   degree * PLS   (×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min)   (×10 <sup>-3</sup> inch/min)   (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min)   (PLS/s)				
[Cd.29] Target position change request flag	Requests a change in the target position during a positioning operation.      Fetch cycle: Operation cycle				

Setting value		Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Position-speed switching enable flag  0: Position control will not be taken over by speed control even when the signal set in "Cd.45 Speed-position switching device selection" comes ON.  1: Position control will be taken over by speed control when the signal set in "Cd.45 Speed-position switching device selection" comes ON.	0	1532+100n	4332+100n
Set with a decimal.  Actual value   Cd. 27 Target position change value (New address)  Cd. 28 Target position change value (New speed)  Conversion into an integer value  Unit conversion table (Cd.27)  m Unit  1   µm  5   inch  5   degree  0  PLS	0	1534+100n 1535+100n	4334+100n 4335+100n
Example: If "Cd. 28 Target position change value (New speed)" is set as "10000.00 mm/min", the buffer memory stores "1000000".  ### Unit conversion table (Cd.28)  ### Unit conversion table (C	0	1536+100n 1537+100n	4336+100n 4337+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Target position change request flag 1: Requests a change in the target position  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically when the new target position value has been written.  (This indicates the completion of target position change request.)	0	1538+100n	4338+100n

Setting item	Setting details		
Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.)  QD77MS2  QD77MS4	<ul> <li>Use these data items to specify an axis 1 start data No. for each axis that has to start simultaneously.</li> <li>Set "0" to any axis that should not start simultaneously.</li> </ul>	Fetch cycle:	
Simultaneous starting own axis start data No.	Use these data items to specify a start data No. of own axis at multiple axes simultaneous starting.	<u>At start</u>	
Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.)  QD77MS2 QD77MS4	<ul> <li>Use these data items to specify an axis 2 start data No. for each axis that has to start simultaneously.</li> <li>Set "0" to any axis that should not start simultaneously.</li> </ul>	Fetch cycle:	
Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1	Use these data items to specify a start data No.1 for each axis that has to start simultaneously.	<u>At start</u>	
Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.)	<ul> <li>Use these data items to specify an axis 3 start data No. for each axis that has to start simultaneously.</li> <li>Set "0" to any axis that should not start simultaneously.</li> </ul>		
Simultaneous starting axis start data No.2	<ul> <li>Use these data items to specify a start data No.2 for each axis that has to start simultaneously.</li> <li>Note) For 2 axis simultaneous starting, the axis setting is not required.         <ul> <li>(Setting value is ignored.)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<u>Fetch cycle:</u> <u>At start</u>	
Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)  QD77MS4	<ul> <li>Use these data items to specify an axis 4 start data No. for each axis that has to start simultaneously.</li> <li>Set "0" to any axis that should not start simultaneously.</li> </ul>		
Simultaneous starting axis start data No.3	Use these data items to specify a start data No.3 for each axis that has to start simultaneously.  Note) For 2 axis simultaneous starting and 3 axis simultaneous starting, the axis setting is not required.  (Setting value is ignored.)	Fetch cycle: At start	
To perform a step operation, use this data item to specify the units by which the stepping should be performed.  Fetch cycle: At start		nits by which the	
	Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.)  QD77MS2 QD77MS4  Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.)  QD77MS2 QD77MS4  Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1  QD77MS16  Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1  QD77MS4  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.)  QD77MS4  Simultaneous starting axis start data No.)  QD77MS16  Simultaneous starting axis start data No.2  QD77MS16  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)  QD77MS16  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)  QD77MS16	Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.)  GO77MS2 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.)  GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.)  GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.)  GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.)  GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1  GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.)  GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.)  GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.)  GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.)  GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)  GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)  GO77MS3 GO77MS3 GO77MS3  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)  GO77MS3 G	Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No. (axis 2 start data No. (axis 3 start data No. 1 approximate)  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No. (axis 4 start d

Setting value	Default value	Buffer mem QD77MS2 QD77MS4	ory address  QD77MS16
	0	1540+100n	4340+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  K  OD77MS2 use  Cd.30 , Cd.31	0	1541+100n	4341+100n
Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1 to 600  QD77MS4 use  Cd.30 to Cd.33 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1 to 600  QD77MS16 use  Cd.30 Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. Cd.31 to Cd.33 Simultaneous starting axis	0	1542+100n	4342+100n
start data No. 1 to 600	0	1543+100n	4343+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Step mode 0: Stepping by deceleration units 1: Stepping by data No. units	0	1544+100n	4344+100n

Setting item	Setting details	
[Cd.35] Step valid flag	This data item validates or invalidates step operations.      Fetch cycle: At start	
[Cd.36] Step start information	To continue the step operation when the step function is used, set "1" in the data item.      Fetch cycle: 14.2[ms]	
[Cd.37] Skip command	To skip the current positioning operation, set "1" in this data item.  Fetch cycle: Operation cycle (During positioning operation)	
[Cd.38] Teaching data selection	<ul> <li>This data item specifies the teaching result write destination.</li> <li>Data are cleared to zero when the teaching ends.</li> <li>Fetch cycle: At operation request</li> </ul>	
[Cd.39] Teaching positioning data No.	<ul> <li>This data item specifies data to be produced by teaching.</li> <li>If a value between 1 and 600 is set, a teaching operation is done.</li> <li>The value is cleared to "0" when the Simple Motion module is initialized, when a teaching operation completes, and when an illegal value (601 or higher) is entered.</li> <li>Fetch cycle: 103[ms]</li> </ul>	

		T	
Setting value	Default		ory address
country radio	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Step valid flag 0: Invalidates step operation: 1: Validates step operation:	ns s	1545+100n	4345+100n
Setting value  Step start information 1: Continues step operation  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automa when processing of the step start request completes.	0 tically	1546+100n	4346+100n
Setting value  Skip request  1: Issues a skip request to have the machine decelerate, stop, and then start the next position operation.  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" autom when processing of the skip request completes.		1547+100n	4347+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Teaching data selection  0: Takes the current feed value as address.  1: Takes the current feed value as a		1548+100n	4348+100n
p.	Teaching oositioning lata No. 1 to 600	1549+100n	4349+100n

n: Axis No.-1

Setting item	Setting details	
[Cd.40] ABS direction in degrees	This data item specifies the ABS moving direction carrying out the position control when "degree" is selected as the unit.      Fetch cycle: At start	
[Cd.43] Simultaneous starting axis	<ul> <li>Set the number of simultaneous starting axes and target axis. When "2" is set to the number of simultaneous starting axes, set the target axis No. to the simultaneous starting axis No. 1. When "3" is set to the number of simultaneous starting axes, set the target axis No. to the simultaneous starting axis No.1 and 2. When "4" is set to the number of simultaneous starting axes, set the target axis No. to the simultaneous starting axis No.1 to 3.</li> <li>When the same axis No. or axis No. of own axis is set to the multiple simultaneous starting axis No, or the value outside the range is set to the number of simultaneous starting axes, the error "Error before simultaneous start" (error code: 501) occurs and the operation is not executed.</li> <li>Note) Do not set the simultaneous starting axis No.2 and 3 for 2-axis interpolation, and do not set the simultaneous starting axis No.3 for 3-axis interpolation. The setting value is ignored.</li> </ul>	
[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection	Select the device used for speed-position switching.  Note) If the setting is outside the range at start, operation is performed with the setting regarded as "0".  Fetch cycle: At positioning start for speed-position switching control/position-speed switching control	
[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command	<ul> <li>Speed-position control switching is performed when "2" is set in "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection". Other than setting value is ignored.</li> <li>Note) This parameter is made valid only when "2" is set in "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection" at start.</li> <li>Fetch cycle: 0.88[ms]</li> </ul>	

Catting value	Default	Buffer memory address	
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  ABS direction in degrees 0: Takes a shortcut. (Specified direction ignored.) 1: ABS circular right 2: ABS circular left	0	1550+100n	4350+100n
Setting value  Simultaneous starting axis No.1 0 to F: Axis 1 to Axis 16 Simultaneous starting axis No.2 0 to F: Axis 1 to Axis 16 Simultaneous starting axis No.3 0 to F: Axis 1 to Axis 16 Simultaneous starting axis No.3 0 to F: Axis 1 to Axis 16	0000Н		4339+100n
Setting value  Speed-position switching device selection  Speed-position switching control> 0: Use the external command signal for switching from speed control to position control 1: Use the near-point dog signal for switching from speed control to position control 2: Use "Cd.46" Speed-position switching command" for switching from speed control to position control  Position-speed switching control> 0: Use the external command signal for switching from position control to speed control 1: Use the near-point dog signal for switching from position control to speed control 2: Use "Cd.46" Speed-position switching command" for switching from position control to speed control 2: Use "Cd.46" Speed-position switching command" for switching from position control to speed control	0	1566+100n	4366+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Speed-position switching command  Speed-position switching control> 0: Not switch from speed control to position control 1: Switch from position control to speed control 0: Not switch from position control to speed control 1: Switch from position control to speed control	0	1567+100n	4367+100n

Setting item	Setting details	
	Executes servo OFF for each axis.	
	Fetch cycle: Operation cycle	
[Cd.100] Servo OFF command	[POINT]  To execute servo ON for axes other than axis 1 being servo OFF, write "1" to storage buffer memory address of axis 1 and then turn ON all axis servo ON [Y1] signal.	
	Sets the torque output value. Set a ratio against the rated torque in percentage unit.	
	Fetch cycle: At start	
	<ul> <li>[POINT]</li> <li>If the "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value" is "0", the "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" will be its value.</li> </ul>	
[Cd.101] Torque output setting value	<ul> <li>If a value beside "0" is set in the "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value", the torque generated by the servomotor will be limited by that value.</li> <li>The "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" of the detailed parameter becomes effective at the PLC ready signal rising edge.</li> <li>The "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value" (refer to the start) axis control data can be changed at all times. Therefore in the "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value" is used when you must change. (Refer to Section 13.5.4 "Torque change function".)</li> </ul>	
	The command required to carry out "gain changing" of the servo amplifier from the Simple Motion module.	
	Fetch cycle: Operation cycle	
[Cd.108] Gain changing command	[POINT]	
	If the setting is other than "0" and "1", operation is performed in the "gain changing" with the setting regard as "0".  (Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual.)	
	Sets "same setting/individual setting" of the forward torque limit value or reverse torque limit value in the torque change function.	
[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request	Fetch cycle: Operation cycle	
	[POINT]	
	Set "0" normally. (when the forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value are not divided.)	
	When a value except "1" is set, it operates as "forward/reverse torque limit value same setting".	

	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Servo OFF command  0: Servo ON  1: Servo OFF  Valid only during servo ON for all axes.	0	1551+100n	4351+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  K  Torque output setting 0 to 1000 (%)	0	1552+100n	4352+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Gain changing command  0: Gain changing command OFF  1: Gain changing command ON	0	1559+100n	4359+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Torque change function switching request  0: Forward/reverse torque limit value same setting  1: Forward/reverse torque limit value individual setting	0	1563+100n	4363+100n

Setting item	Setting details	
[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value	<ul> <li>"1" is set in "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request", a new reverse torque limit value is set. (when "0" is set in "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request", the setting value is invalid.)</li> <li>Set a value within "0" to "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value". Set a ratio against the rated torque in percentage unit.  (The new torque value is invalid when "0" is set, and "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value" becomes valid. The range of torque change is 1 to "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value".</li> <li>Fetch cycle: Operation cycle</li> </ul>	
[Cd.130] Parameter write request	Set the write request of servo parameter.     Set "1" or "2" after setting "[Cd.131] Parameter No." and "[Cd.132] Change data".      Fetch cycle: Main cycle (Note-1)  (Note-1): Cycle of processing executed at free time except for the positioning control.  It changes by status of axis start.	
[Cd.131] Parameter No.	Set the servo parameter to be changed.  Fetch cycle: At change request	

Sotting value	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  K  Reverse new torque value  0 to Pr.17 Torque limit setting value (%)	0	1564+100n	4364+100n
Set with a decimal.  Set "1" for MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-B, and set "2" for VCII series.  Writing failure occurs when a value except "1" or "2" is set.  Setting value  Parameter write request  1 : 1 word write request  2 : 2 words write request  Other than 1 and 2: Not request  The Simple Motion module resets the value to "0" automatically when the parameter write access completes.  (The Simple Motion module resets the value to "3" at writing failure.)	0	1554+100n	4354+100n
Set with a hexadecimal.  • MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B  Setting value  H	0000Н	1555+100n	4355+100n

# Chapter 5 Data Used for Positioning Control

Setting item	Setting details	
[Cd.132] Change data	Set the change value of servo parameter set in "[Cd.131] Parameter No.".      Fetch cycle: At change request	
[Cd.133] Semi/Fully closed loop switching request	Set the switching of semi closed control and fully closed control.      Fetch cycle: Operation cycle (Fully closed loop control servo amplifier only)	

	0.111	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
	Setting value value		QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
low-order buffer memory. [2 words write request] When "2" is set in "[Cd.130	Parameter write request", set the change value to he value set to high-order buffer memory is invalid.  Parameter write request", set the change value to nd low-order buffer memory.  Low-order buffer memory Example) 1556  b15 b12 b8 b4 b0  E F G H  High-order buffer memory Example) 1557  b15 b12 b8 b4 b0  A B C D	0	1556+100n 1557+100n	4356+100n 4357+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value	Semi/Fully closed loop switching request     Semi closed loop control     Fully closed loop control	0	1558+100n	4358+100n

Setting item	Setting details		
[Cd.136] PI-PID switching request	Set the PI-PID switching to servo amplifier.      Fetch cycle: Operation cycle		
[Cd.138] Control mode switching request	<ul> <li>Request the control mode switching.         Set "1" after setting "[Cd.139] Control mode setting".</li> <li>The Simple Motion module sets "0" at completion of control mode switching.</li> <li>Fetch cycle: Operation cycle</li> </ul>		
[Cd.139] Control mode setting	Set the control mode to be changed in the speed-torque control.  Fetch cycle: At control mode switching		
[Cd.140] Command speed at speed control mode	• Set the command speed at speed control mode. • Set a value within the following range:  [Pr.1] Unit setting		
[Cd.141] Acceleration time at speed control mode	Set the acceleration time at speed control mode.     (Set the time for the speed to increase from "0" to "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".)     0 to 65535 (ms)  Fetch cycle: At control mode switching		

	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  PI-PID switching request  1 : PID control switching request Other than 1: Not request	0	1565+100n	4365+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Control mode switching request  1 : Switching request  Other than 1: Not request	0	1574+100n	4374+100n
Setting value  Control mode setting 0: Position control mode 10: Speed control mode 20: Torque control mode 30: Continuous operation to torque control mode	0	1575+100n	4375+100n
Set with a decimal.  Actual value Cd.140 Command speed at speed control mode  Conversion into an integer value  Value R  Unit conversion table (Cd.140)  M Unit 2 mm/min 3 inch/min 3 inch/min 0 PLS/s  *: When Pr.83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: "2"	0	1576+100n 1577+100n	4376+100n 4377+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value K  Acceleration time at speed control mode (ms) 0 to 65535	1000	1578+100n	4378+100n

Setting item	Setting details		
[Cd.142] Deceleration time at speed control mode	Set the deceleration time at speed control mode. (Set the time for the speed to decrease from "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" to "0".) 0 to 65535 (ms) etch cycle: At control mode switching		
[Cd.143] Command torque at torque control mode	Set the command torque at torque control mode. Set a ratio against the rated orque in 0.1% unit.  10000 to 10000 (×0.1%)  tch cycle: Operation cycle (At torque control mode)		
[Cd.144] Torque time constant at torque control mode (Forward direction)	Set the time constant at driving during torque control mode.  (Set the time for the torque to increase from "0" to "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value".)  0 to 65535 (ms)  Fetch cycle: At control mode switching		
[Cd.145] Torque time constant at torque control mode (Negative direction)	Set the time constant at regeneration during torque control mode.  (Set the time for the torque to decrease from "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" to "0".)  0 to 65535 (ms)  Fetch cycle: At control mode switching		
[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode	Set the speed limit value at torque control mode.     Set a value within the following range:    Pr.1] Unit   mm   inch   degree * (×10 <sup>-3</sup> degree/min)   (PLS/s)		

Cotting value	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value   Deceleration time at speed control mode (ms) 0 to 65535	1000	1579+100n	4379+100n
Setting value K Command torque at torque control mode(×0.1%) -10000 to 10000	0	1580+100n	4380+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value   Torque time constant at torque control mode (Forward direction) (ms) 0 to 65535	1000	1581+100n	4381+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  K  Torque time constant at torque control mode (Negative direction) (ms) 0 to 65535	1000	1582+100n	4382+100n
Set with a decimal.  Actual value  Cd.146 Speed limit value at torque control mode  Conversion into an integer value  Unit conversion table (Cd.146)  M Unit 2 mm/min 3 inch/min 3 inch/min 0 PLS/s  *: When " Pr.83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: "2"	1	1584+100n 1585+100n	4384+100n 4385+100n

n: Axis No.-1

Setting item	Setting details			
[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode	Set the speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode.     Set a value within the following range:    Pr.1  Unit setting			
[Cd.148] Acceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode	Set the acceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode. (Set the time for the speed to increase from "0" to "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".) 0 to 65535 (ms)  Setch cycle: At control mode switching			
[Cd.149] Deceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode	Set the deceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode.  (Set the time for the speed to decrease from "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" to "0".)  0 to 65535 (ms)  Fetch cycle: At control mode switching			
[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode	Set the target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode. Set a ratio against the rated torque in 0.1% unit.     -10000 to 10000 (×0.1%)  Fetch cycle: Operation cycle (At continuous operation to torque control mode)			
[Cd.151] Torque time constant at continuous operation to torque control mode (Forward direction)	Set the time constant at driving during continuous operation to torque control mode.     (Set the time for the torque to increase from "0" to "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value".)     0 to 65535 (ms)  Fetch cycle: At control mode switching			

	Setting value	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
	ocaling value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
	th a decimal.  If value Cd.147 Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode			
Set	Unit conversion table (Cd.147)  M Unit  2 mm/min  3 inch/min  3* degree/min  0 PLS/s  *: When " Pr.83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid: "2"	0	1586+100n 1587+100n	4386+100n 4387+100n
■ Set wi Setting value	Acceleration time at	1000	1588+100n	4388+100n
	continuous operation to torque control mode (ms) 0 to 65535			
Set wi	Deceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode (ms) 0 to 65535	1000	1589+100n	4389+100n
■ Set wi	th a decimal.			
Setting value	• Target torque at continuous operation to torque control	0	1590+100n	4390+100n
	mode (×0.1%) -10000 to 10000			
Set wing Setting value	• Torque time constant at continuous operation	1000	1591+100n	4391+100n
	continuous operation torque control mode (Forward direction) (ms) 0 to 65535			

Setting item	Setting details						
[Cd.152] Torque time constant at continuous operation to torque control mode (Negative direction)	<ul> <li>Set the time constant at regeneration during continuous operation to torque control mode.</li> <li>(Set the time for the torque to decrease from "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" to "0".)</li> <li>0 to 65535 (ms)</li> </ul> Fetch cycle: At control mode switching						
[Cd.153] Control mode auto-shift selection	Set the switching condition when switching to continuous operation to torque control mode.  O: No switching condition Switching is executed at switching request to continuous operation to torque control mode.  1: Current feed value pass Switching is executed when "[Md.20] Current feed value" passes the address set in "[Cd.154] Control mode auto-shift parameter" after switching request to continuous operation to torque control mode.  2: Real current value pass Switching is executed when "[Md.101] Real current value" passes the address set in "[Cd.154] Control mode auto-shift parameter" after switching request to continuous operation to torque control mode.  Fetch cycle: At control mode switching						
[Cd.154] Control mode auto-shift parameter	Set the condition value when setting the control mode switching condition.  The setting value differs depending on the value set in "[Cd.153] Control mode auto-shift selection".  When "1" or "2" is set in "[Cd.153] Control mode auto-shift selection": Set the switching address.  Set a value within the following range:  [Pr.1] Unit mm inch degree (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)  [Pr.1] Unit setting (×10 <sup>-1</sup> mm) (×10 <sup>-5</sup> inch) (×10 <sup>-5</sup> degree)  Setting range -2147483648 to 2147483648 to 2147483647  Fetch cycle: At control mode switching						

Cotting value	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value   Torque time constant at continuous operation torque control mode (Negative direction) (ms) 0 to 65535	1000	1592+100n	4392+100n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Control mode auto-shift selection  No switching condition Current feed value pass Real current value pass	0	1593+100n	4393+100n
Set with a decimal.  Actual value  Cd.154 Control mode auto-shift parameter  Conversion into an integer value  ×10 <sup>m</sup> Unit conversion table (Cd.154)  m Unit 1	0	1594+100n 1595+100n	4394+100n 4395+100n

n: Axis No.-1

# 5.7.3 Expansion axis control data

Setting item	Setting details	
[Cd.180] Axis stop QD77MS18	<ul> <li>When the axis stop signal turns ON, the OPR control, positioning control, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation, speed-torque control, etc. will stop.</li> <li>By turning the axis stop signal ON during positioning operation, the positioning operation will be "stopped".</li> <li>Whether to decelerate stop or suddenly stop can be selected with "[Pr.39] Stop group 3 sudden stop selection".</li> <li>During interpolation control of the positioning operation, if the axis stop signal of any axis turns ON, all axes in the interpolation control will decelerate and stop.</li> </ul>	
[Cd.181] Forward run JOG start	<ul> <li>When the JOG start signal is ON, JOG operation will be carried out at the "[Cd.17] JOG speed". When the JOG start signal turns OFF, the operation will decelerate and stop.</li> <li>When inching movement amount is set, the designated movement amount is output for one operation cycle and then the operation stops.</li> </ul> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle	
[Cd.182] Reverse run JOG start		
[Cd.183] Execution prohibition flag	If the execution prohibition flag is ON when the positioning start signal turns ON, positioning control does not start until the execution prohibition flag turns OFF. Used with the "Pre-reading start function". (Refer to Section 13.7.7)      Fetch cycle: At start	

Cottion value	Default	Buffer mem	ory address
Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  Axis stop  1 : Axis stop requested Other than 1: Axis stop not requested	0		30100+10n
■ Set with a decimal.  Setting  value   K	0		30101+10n
Forward run JOG start/Reverse run JOG start  1 : JOG started  Other than 1: JOG not started	0		30102+10n
Set with a decimal.  Setting value  • Execution prohibition flag  1 : During execution prohibition  Other than 1: Not during execution prohibition	0		30103+10n

MEMO			

# Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control

The programs required to carry out positioning control with the Simple Motion module are explained in this chapter.

The sequence program required for control is created allowing for the "start conditions", "start time chart", "device settings" and general control configuration. (The parameters, positioning data, block start data and condition data, etc., must be set in the Simple Motion module according to the control to be executed, and program for setting the control data or a program for starting the various controls must be created.)

The first half of this chapter explains the program configuration of general control, and the latter half explains the program details. Create the required program while referring to the various control details explained in "Section 2", and to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control".

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		Positioning control operation program	
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	6.5.6	Stop program	

### 6.1 Precautions for creating program

The common precautions to be taken when writing data from the PLC CPU to the buffer memory of Simple Motion module are described below.

When diverting any of the program examples introduced in this manual to the actual system, fully verify that there are no problems in the controllability of the target system.

#### (1) Reading/writing the data

Setting the data explained in this chapter (various parameters, positioning data, block start data) should be set using GX Works2.

When set with the sequence program, many sequence programs and devices must be used. This will not only complicate the program, but will also increase the scan time.

When rewriting the positioning data during continuous path control or continuous positioning control, rewrite the data four positioning data items before the actual execution. If the positioning data is not rewritten before the positioning data four items earlier is executed, the process will be carried out as if the data was not rewritten.

#### (2) Restrictions to speed change execution interval

Provide an interval of 100ms or more when changing the speed or performing override function with the Simple Motion module.

# (3) Process during overrun

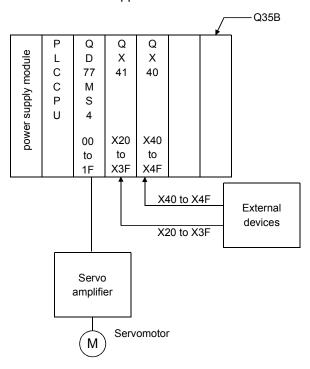
Overrun is prevented by the setting of the upper and lower stroke limits with the detailed parameter 1.

However, this applies only when the Simple Motion module is operating correctly. It is recommended to create an external circuit including a boundary limit switch to ensure the whole system safety as follows: the external circuit that turns OFF the main circuit power of the servo amplifier when the boundary limit switch operates.

#### (4) System configuration

Unless particularly designated, the sequence program for the following system using QD77MS4 is shown in this chapter and subsequent.

Refer to Section 6.2 for the application of the devices to be used.



#### (5) Control unit

In the program, the unit of "0: mm, 2: degree" is set for the basic parameter 1.

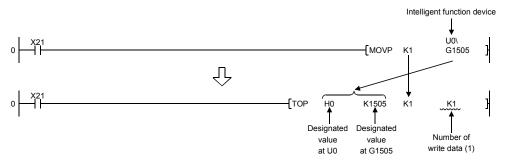
#### (6) Communication with the Simple Motion module

There are two methods for communication with the Simple Motion module using the sequence program: a method using an "intelligent function device" and a method using a FROM/TO command.

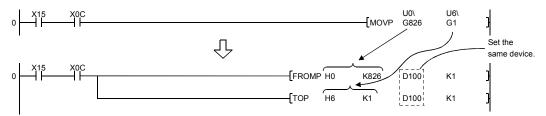
In the sequence program in this chapter and subsequent, the program example using the "intelligent function device" is shown without using a FROM/TO command for communication with the Simple Motion module.

When using the FROM/TO command for communication with the Simple Motion module, change the circuit incorporating the "intelligent function device" as follows.

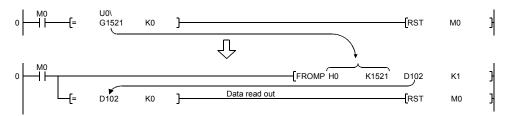
(a) When the circuit uses the "intelligent function device" on the destination (D) side of a MOV command, change the command to a TO command.



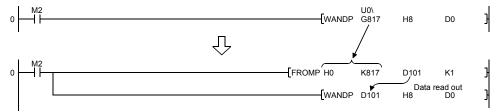
(b) When the circuit uses the "intelligent function device" on the source(s) side and the destination (D) side of a MOV command, change the command to a FROM command and a TO command.



(c) When the circuit uses the "intelligent function device" for a COMPARISON command, change the command to a FROM command and a COMPARISON command.



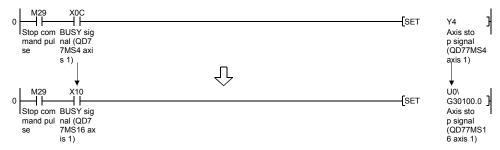
(d) When the circuit uses the "intelligent function device" for a WAND command, change the command to a FROM command and a WAND command.



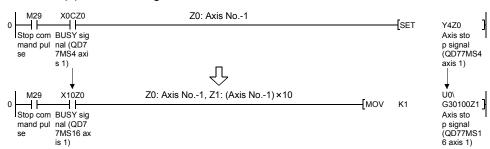
## (7) Conversion of sequence program from QD77MS2/QD77MS4 to QD77MS16

When the sequence program is changed from QD77MS2/QD77MS4 to QD77MS16, change the I/O signals with different arrangement as follows.

(a) When not using index modification



#### (b) When using index modification



# REMARK

Refer to the "QnUCPU User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)" for the intelligent function devices.

Refer to the "MELSEC-Q/L Programming Manual (Common Instructions)" for detail commands used in those programs shown in this chapter and subsequent.

#### 6.2 List of devices used

In the sequence programs using QD77MS4 shown in this chapter and subsequent, the application of the devices used are as follows.

The I/O numbers for Simple Motion module indicate those when the head I/O number is set to "0H".

If it is set to other than "0H", change the I/O number according to setting of head I/O number.

In addition, change the external inputs, external outputs, internal relays, data resisters, and timers according to the system used.

### Inputs/outputs, external inputs/external outputs, and internal relays of QD77MS4

			Dev	/ice				
Device name		Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Application	Details when ON	
			Х	0		READY signal	QD77MS preparation completed	
			Х	1		Synchronization flag	QD77MS buffer memory accessible	
		X4	X5	X6	X7	M code ON signal	M code outputting	
	Input	X8	X9	XA	XB	Error detection signal	Error detected	
		XC	XD	XE	XF	BUSY signal	BUSY (operating)	
Inputs/		X10	X11	X12	X13	Start complete signal	Start completed	
outputs		X14	X15	X16	X17	Positioning complete signal	Positioning completed	
of			Y	0		PLC READY signal	PLC CPU preparation completed	
QD77MS4			Y	1		All axis servo ON signal	All axis servo ON signal	
		Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7	Axis stop signal	Requesting stop	
	Out- put	Y8	YA	YC	YE	Forward run JOG start signal	Starting forward run JOG	
	•	Y9	YB	YD	YF	Reverse run JOG start signal	Starting reverse run JOG	
		Y10	Y11	Y12	Y13	Positioning start signal	Requesting start	
		Y14	Y15	Y16	Y17	Execution prohibition request	Execution prohibition	
		X20				OPR request OFF command	Commanding OPR request OFF	
		X21				External command valid command	Commanding external command valid setting	
		X22				External command invalid command	Commanding external command invalid	
		X23				Machine OPR command	Commanding machine OPR	
		X24				Fast OPR command	Commanding fast OPR	
		X25				Positioning start command	Commanding positioning start	
External		X26				Speed-position switching operation command	Commanding speed-position switching operation	
(comma	and)	X27				Speed-position switching enable command	Commanding speed-position switching enable	
		X28				Speed-position switching prohibit command	Commanding speed-position switching prohibit	
		X29				Movement amount change command	Commanding movement amount change	
						High-level positioning control start command	Commanding high-level positioning control start	
						Positioning start command (dedicated instruction)	Commanding positioning start	

Device		De	vice		Analization	Deteile where ON
name	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Application	Details when ON
	X2C				M code OFF command	Commanding M code OFF
	X2D				JOG operation speed setting command	Commanding JOG operation speed setting
	X2E				Forward run JOG/inching command	Commanding forward run JOG/inching operation
	X2F				Reverse run JOG/inching command	Commanding reverse run JOG/inching operation
	X30				Manual pulse generator operation enable command	Commanding manual pulse generator operation enable
	X31				Manual pulse generator operation disable command	Commanding manual pulse generator operation disable
	X32				Speed change command	Commanding speed change
	X33		_		Override command	Commanding override
	X34				command	Commanding acceleration/deceleration time change
	X35				Acceleration/deceleration time change disable command	Commanding acceleration/deceleration time change disable
	X36				Torque change command	Commanding torque change
	X37				Step operation command	Commanding step operation
	X38				Skip command	Commanding skip
	X39				Teaching command	Commanding teaching
	ХЗА			Continuous operation interrupt command	Commanding continuous operation interrupt	
External	X3B				Restart command	Commanding restart
input		X	3C		Parameter initialization command	Commanding parameter initialization
(command)		Х	3D		Flash ROM write command	Commanding flash ROM write
	X3E				Error reset command	Commanding error reset
	X3F				Stop command	Commanding stop
	X40			Position-speed switching operation command	Position-speed switching operation command	
	X41			Position-speed switching enable command	Position-speed switching enable command	
	X42				Position-speed switching prohibit command	Position-speed switching prohibit command
	X43				Speed change command	Speed change command
	X44				Inching movement amount setting command	Inching movement amount setting command
	X45		_		Target position change command	Target position change command
	X46				Step start information command	Step start information command
	X47				Positioning start command k10	Positioning start command k10
	X48			Override initialization value command	Override initialization value command	
	X4A			Current value changing command	<u> </u>	
	X4B			PLC READY ON	PLC READY ON	
	X4C			Error reset clear command	Error reset clear command	
	X4D			For unit (degree)	For unit (degree)	
	X4E				Positioning start signal command (Y start)	Positioning start command being given
	X4F				All axis servo ON command	All axis servo ON command

<u>Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control</u>

Device		De	vice		Application	Deteils where ON			
name	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Application	Details when ON			
	M0				OPR request OFF command	Commanding OPR request OFF			
	M1				OPR request OFF command pulse	OPR request OFF commanded			
	M2				OPR request OFF command storage	OPR request OFF command held			
	МЗ				Fast OPR command	Commanding fast OPR			
	M4				Fast OPR command storage	Fast OPR command held			
	M5				Positioning start command pulse	Positioning start commanded			
	M6				Positioning start command storage	Positioning start command held			
	M7				In-JOG/Inching operation flag	In-JOG/Inching operation flag			
	M8				Manual pulse generator operation enable command	Commanding manual pulse generator operation enable			
	М9				Manual pulse generator operating flag	Manual pulse generator operating flag			
	M10				Manual pulse generator operation disable command	Commanding manual pulse generator operation disable			
	M11				Speed change command pulse	Speed change commanded			
	M12		_		Speed change command storage	Speed change command held			
	M13				Override command	Requesting override			
	M14							Acceleration/deceleration time change command	Requesting acceleration/deceleration time change
	M15				Torque change command	Requesting torque change			
	M16				Step operation command pulse	Step operation commanded			
	M17				Skip command pulse	Skip commanded			
Internal relay	M18				Skip command storage	Skip command held			
	M19				Teaching command pulse	Teaching commanded			
	M20		Teaching command storage	Teaching command held					
	M21				Continuous operation interrupt command	Requesting continuous operation interrupt			
	M22				Restart command	Requesting restart			
	M23				Restart command storage	Restart command held			
		M	24		Parameter initialization command pulse	Parameter initialization commanded			
		M	25		Parameter initialization command storage	Parameter initialization command held			
		M	26		Flash ROM write command pulse	Flash ROM write commanded			
		M	27		Flash ROM write command storage	Flash ROM write command held			
	M28	M28			Error reset	Error reset completed			
	M29	VI29			Stop command pulse	Stop commanded			
	M30 M31 —			Target position change command pulse	Target position change commanded				
				Target position change command storage	Target position change command held				
	M32	M32			ZP.PSTRT1 instruction complete device	ZP.PSTRT1 instruction completed			
	M33				ZP.PSTRT1 instruction error complete device	ZP.PSTRT1 instruction error completed			

Device		Device			Amplication	Dataile when ON		
name	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Application	Details when ON		
	M34				ZP.TEACH1 instruction complete device	ZP.TEACH1 instruction completed		
	M35				ZP.TEACH1 instruction error complete device	ZP.TEACH1 instruction error completed		
	M36				ZP.PINIT instruction complete device	ZP.PINIT instruction completed		
Internal relay	M37		_		_		ZP.PINIT instruction error complete device	ZP.PINIT instruction error completed
	M38				ZP.PFWRT instruction complete device	ZP.PFWRT instruction completed		
	M39				ZP.PFWRT instruction error complete device	ZP.PFWRT instruction error completed		
	M40				Override initialization value command	Override initialization value		
	M50				Parameter setting complete device	Parameter setting completed		

# (2) Data resisters and timers

Device		Dev	/ice		Amplication	Details of storess
name	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Application	Details of storage
	D0				OPR request flag	[Md.31] Status: b3
	D1				Speed (low-order 16 bits)	[Cd.25] Position-speed switching
	D2				Speed (high-order 16 bits)	control speed change register
	D3				Movement amount (low-order 16 bits)	[Cd.23] Speed-position switching control movement amount
	D4				Movement amount (high-order 16 bits)	change register
	D5				Inching movement amount	[Cd.16] Inching movement amount
	D6				JOG operation speed (low-order 16 bits)	
Data register	D7	_		JOG operation speed (high-order 16 bits)	[Cd.17] JOG speed	
	D8			Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification (low-order)	[Cd.20] Manual pulse generator 1	
	D9			Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification (high-order)	pulse input magnification	
	D10			Manual pulse generator operation enable	[Cd.21] Manual pulse generator enable flag	
	D11				Speed change value (low-order 16 bits)	[Cd.14] New speed value
	D12			Speed change value (high-order 16 bits)	[Cd. 14] New Speed Value	
	D13				Speed change request	[Cd.15] Speed change request
	D14				Override value	[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override

# Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control

Device		Dev	/ice			D ( ) ( )
name	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Application	Details of storage
	D15				Acceleration time setting (low-order 16 bits)	[Od 40] New analysis for the surface
	D16				Acceleration time setting (high-order 16 bits)	[Cd.10] New acceleration time value
	D17				Deceleration time setting (low-order 16 bits)	[Cd 44] Nove deceleration times value
	D18				Deceleration time setting (high-order 16 bits)	[Cd.11] New deceleration time value
	D19				Acceleration/deceleration time change enable	[Cd.12] Acceleration/deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection
	D20				Step mode	[Cd.34] Step mode
	D21				Step valid flag	[Cd.35] Step valid flag
	D22		_		Step start information	_
	D23				Target position (low-order 16 bits)	[Cd.27] Target position change value
	D24				Target position (high-order 16 bits)	(New address)
Data register	D25				Target speed (low-order 16 bits)	[Cd.28] Target position change value
	D26			Target speed (high-order 16 bits)	(New speed)	
	D27			Target position change request	[Cd.29] Target position change request flag	
	D30				ZP.PSTRT1 instruction control data	_
	D31				Completion status	_
	D32				Start number	_
	D33				ZP.TEACH1 instruction control data	_
	D34				Completion status	_
	D35				Teaching data	_
	D36	]			Positioning data No.	_
	D37				ZP.PINIT instruction control data	_
	D38				Completion status	<u> </u>
	D39				ZP.PFWRT instruction control data	_
	D40				Completion status	_
	D50				Unit setting	[Pr.1] Unit setting
	D51				Unit magnification	[Pr.4] Unit magnification (AM)

Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control

Device		Device					
name	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4		Application	Details of storage
	D52	•			mber of pulses per rotation w-order 16 bits)	[Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation	
	D53					mber of pulses per rotation gh-order 16 bits)	(AP)
	D54				vement amount per rotation w-order 16 bits)	[Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation	
	D55				ovement amount per rotation gh-order 16 bits)	(AL)	
	D56			Bia	as speed at start (low-order 16 bits)	[Dr 7] Pigg appeal at start	
	D57				Bia	as speed at start (high-order 16 bits)	[Pr.7] Bias speed at start
	D68					Point 1 (shape, start No.)	
	D69				6	Point 2 (shape, start No.)	
	D70				충	Point 3 (shape, start No.)	
	D71				(Block	Point 4 (shape, start No.)	[Da.11] Shape
	D72					Point 5 (shape, start No.)	[Da.12] Start data No.
	D73				start data	Point 1 (special start instruction)	[Da.13] Special start instruction
	D74		_		sta	Point 2 (special start instruction)	[Da.14] Parameter
	D75				Block	Point 3 (special start instruction)	
	D76				B	Point 4 (special start instruction)	
Data register	D77				Р	Point 5 (special start instruction)	
	D78				То	rque change value	_
	D79				Err	or code	[Md.23] Axis error No.
	D80				Se	rvo series	[Pr.100] Servo series
	D81				Ab	solute position system valid/invalid	Absolute position detection system (PA03)
	D85			Re	turn home position method	[Pr.43] OPR method	
	D100			Positioning identifier		Data No.1 [Da.1] Operation pattern	
	D101			M code			
	D102			Dν	vell time	[Da.2] Control system   [Da.3] Acceleration time No.   [Da.4] Deceleration time No.   [Da.5] Axis to be interpolated   [Da.6] Positioning address/   movement amount	
	D103			Du	mmy		
	D104				Со		mmand speed (low-order 16 bits)
	D105	]		Со	mmand speed (high-order 16 bits)		
	D106			Ро	sitioning address (low-order 16 bits)	[Da.7] Arc address	
	D107	]			Ро	sitioning address (high-order 16 bits)	[Da.8] Command speed [Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination
	D108			caddress	positioning data No. [Da.10] M code/Condition data		
	5100			w-order 16 bits)			
	D109				c address gh-order 16 bits)	No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	

Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control

Device	Device				Application	Deteile of starrage	
name	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Application	Details of storage	
	D110			Positioning identifier	Data No.2 [Da.1] Operation pattern [Da.2] Control system [Da.3] Acceleration time No. [Da.4] Deceleration time No. [Da.5] Axis to be interpolated [Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount		
	D111			M code			
	D112			Dwell time			
	D113			Dummy			
	D114			Command speed (low-order 16 bits)			
	D115				Command speed (high-order 16 bits)	[Da.7] Arc address [Da.8] Command speed [Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination	
	D116				Positioning address (low-order 16 bits)		
	D117				Positioning address (high-order 16 bits)	positioning data No. [Da.10] M code/Condition data	
	D118				Arc address (low-order 16 bits)	No./Number of LOOP to	
	D119				Arc address (high-order 16 bits)	LEND repetitions	
	D120				Positioning identifier	Data No.3	
	D121				M code	[Da.1] Operation pattern [Da.2] Control system	
	D122			Dwell time	[Da.3] Acceleration time No.		
	D123				Dummy	[Da.4] Deceleration time No. [Da.5] Axis to be interpolated	
Data register	D124			Command speed (low-order 16 bits)	[Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount [Da.7] Arc address [Da.8] Command speed [Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No. [Da.10] M code/Condition data		
Data register	D125			Command speed (high-order 16 bits)			
	D126			Positioning address (low-order 16 bits)			
	D127			Positioning address (high-order 16 bits)			
	D128			Arc address (low-order 16 bits)	No./Number of LOOP to		
	D129			Arc address (high-order 16 bits)	LEND repetitions		
	D130			Positioning identifier	Data No.4		
	D131			M code	[Da.1] Operation pattern [Da.2] Control system		
	D132			Dwell time	[Da.3] Acceleration time No.		
	D133			Dummy	[Da.4] Deceleration time No. [Da.5] Axis to be interpolated		
	D134	_		Command speed (low-order 16 bits)	[Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount		
	D135			Command speed (high-order 16 bits)	[Da.7] Arc address		
	D136			Positioning address (low-order 16 bits)	[Da.8] Command speed [Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination		
	D137			Positioning address (high-order 16 bits)	positioning data No. [Da.10] M code/Condition data		
	D138			Arc address (low-order 16 bits)	No./Number of LOOP to		
	D139			Arc address (high-order 16 bits)	LEND repetitions		

Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control

Device		De	vice		Application	Details of storage
name	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Application	Details of storage
	D140			Positioning identifier	Data No.5 [Da.1] Operation pattern [Da.2] Control system [Da.3] Acceleration time No. [Da.4] Deceleration time No. [Da.5] Axis to be interpolated [Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount [Da.7] Arc address	
	D141			M code		
	D142			Dwell time		
	D143			Dummy		
	D144			Command speed (low-order 16 bits)		
	D145				Command speed (high-order 16 bits)	[Da.8] Command speed [Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.
	D146				Positioning address (low-order 16 bits)	
	D147				Positioning address (high-order 16 bits)	[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to
	D148				Arc address (low-order 16 bits)	LEND repetitions
	D149	1		Arc address (high-order 16 bits)		
	D150				Positioning identifier	Data No.6
	D151				M code	[Da.1] Operation pattern [Da.2] Control system
	D152			Dwell time	[Da.2] Control system [Da.3] Acceleration time No. [Da.4] Deceleration time No. [Da.5] Axis to be interpolated [Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount [Da.7] Arc address [Da.8] Command speed [Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No. [Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	
	D153			Dummy		
Data register	D154			Command speed (low-order 16 bits)		
Data register	D155			Command speed (high-order 16 bits)		
	D156			Positioning address (low-order 16 bits)		
	D157			Positioning address (high-order 16 bits)		
	D158			Arc address (low-order 16 bits)		
	D159			Arc address (high-order 16 bits)		
	D190			Positioning identifier		
	D191			M code	[Da.1] Operation pattern [Da.2] Control system	
	D192			Dwell time	[Da.3] Acceleration time No.	
	D193			Dummy	[Da.4] Deceleration time No. [Da.5] Axis to be interpolated	
	D194			Command speed (low-order 16 bits)	[Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount	
	D195				Command speed (high-order 16 bits)	[Da.7] Arc address
	D196				Positioning address (low-order 16 bits)	[Da.8] Command speed [Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination
	D197				Positioning address (high-order 16 bits)	positioning data No. [Da.10] M code/Condition data
	D198				Arc address (low-order 16 bits)	No./Number of LOOP to
	D199				Arc address (high-order 16 bits)	LEND repetitions

Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control

Device		Dev	/ice		Application	5.1.1.5.1
name	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Application	Details of storage
	D200			Positioning identifier	Data No.11	
	D201				M code	[Da.1] Operation pattern [Da.2] Control system [Da.3] Acceleration time No. [Da.4] Deceleration time No. [Da.5] Axis to be interpolated [Da.6] Positioning address/
	D202				Dwell time	
	D203				Dummy	
	D204				Command speed (low-order 16 bits)	
	D205				Command speed (high-order 16 bits)	movement amount [Da.7] Arc address
	D206	†			Positioning address (low-order 16 bits)	[Da.8] Command speed [Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination
	D207				Positioning address (high-order 16 bits)	positioning data No. [Da.10] M code/Condition data
	D208				Arc address (low-order 16 bits)	No./Number of LOOP to
Data sa sista s	D209	_		Arc address (high-order 16 bits)	LEND repetition	
Data register	D240			Positioning identifier	Data No.15 [Da.1] Operation pattern [Da.2] Control system [Da.3] Acceleration time No. [Da.4] Deceleration time No. [Da.5] Axis to be interpolated [Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount	
	D241			M code		
	D242			Dwell time		
	D243			Dummy		
	D244			Command speed (low-order 16 bits)		
	D245			Command speed (high-order 16 bits)	[Da.7] Arc address	
	D246			Positioning address (low-order 16 bits)	[Da.8] Command speed [Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination	
	D247				Positioning address (high-order 16 bits)	positioning data No. [Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to
	D248				Arc address (low-order 16 bits)	
	D249				Arc address (high-order 16 bits)	LEND repetitions
Timer	T0	_			PLC READY signal OFF confirmation	PLC READY signal OFF
rimer	T1				PLC READY signal OFF confirmation	I LO NEAD E SIGNAL OFF

# Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control

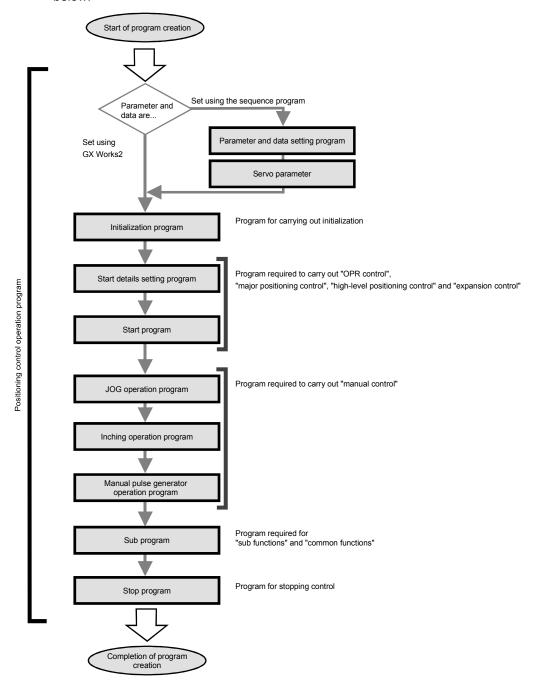
Device name	Device	Application	Details of storage
	U0\G806	Error code	[Md.23] Axis error No.
	U0\G809	Axis operation status	[Md.26] Axis operation status
	U0\G817	Status	[Md.31] Status
	U0\G1500	Positioning start No.	[Cd.3] Positioning start No.
	U0\G1501	Positioning starting point No.	[Cd.4] Positioning starting point No.
	U0\G1502	Error reset	[Cd.5] Axis error reset
	U0\G1503	Restart command	[Cd.6] Restart command
	U0\G1504	M code OFF request (Buffer memory)	[Cd.7] M code OFF request
	U0\G1505	External command valid	[Cd.8] External command valid
	U0\G1513	Override request	[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override
	U0\G1516	Speed change request	[Cd.15] Speed change request
	U0\G1517	Inching movement amount	[Cd.16] Inching movement amount
	U0\G1520	Interrupt request during continuous operation	[Cd.18] Interrupt request during continuous operation
Code	U0\G1521	OPR request flag OFF request	[Cd.19] OPR request flag OFF request
	U0\G1524	Manual pulse generator enable flag	[Cd.21] Manual pulse generator enable flag
	U0\G1526	Speed-position switching control movement amount	[Cd.23] Speed-position switching control movement amount change register
	U0\G1528	Speed-position switching enable flag	[Cd.24] Speed-position switching enable flag
	U0\G1530	Position-speed switching control speed change	[Cd.25] Position-speed switching control speed change register
	U0\G1532	Position-speed switching enable flag	[Cd.26] Position-speed switching enable flag
	U0\G1538	Target position change request flag	[Cd.29] Target position change request flag
	U0\G1544	Step mode	[Cd.34] Step mode
	U0\G1547	Skip command	[Cd.37] Skip command

#### 6.3 Creating a program

The "positioning control operation program" actually used is explained in this chapter. The functions and programs explained in "Section 2" are assembled into the "positioning control operation program" explained here. (To monitor the control, add the required monitor program that matches the system. Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" for details on the monitor items.)

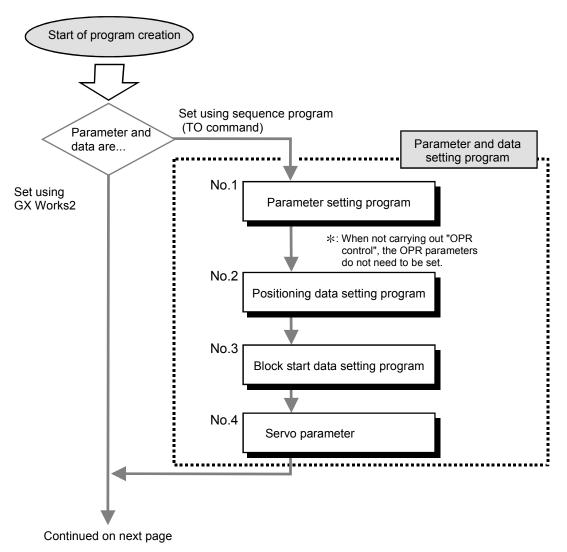
# 6.3.1 General configuration of program

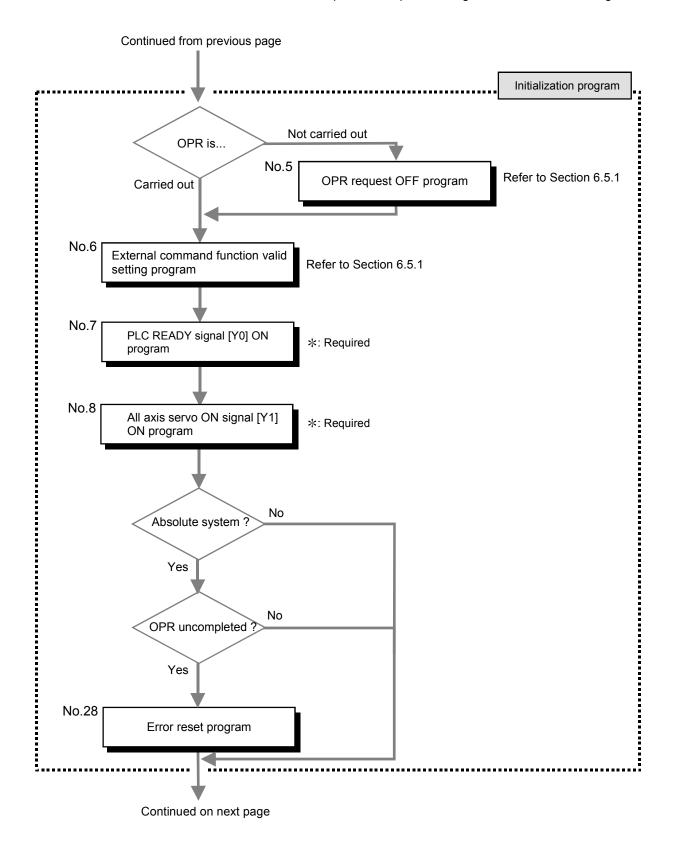
The general configuration of the "positioning control operation program" is shown below.

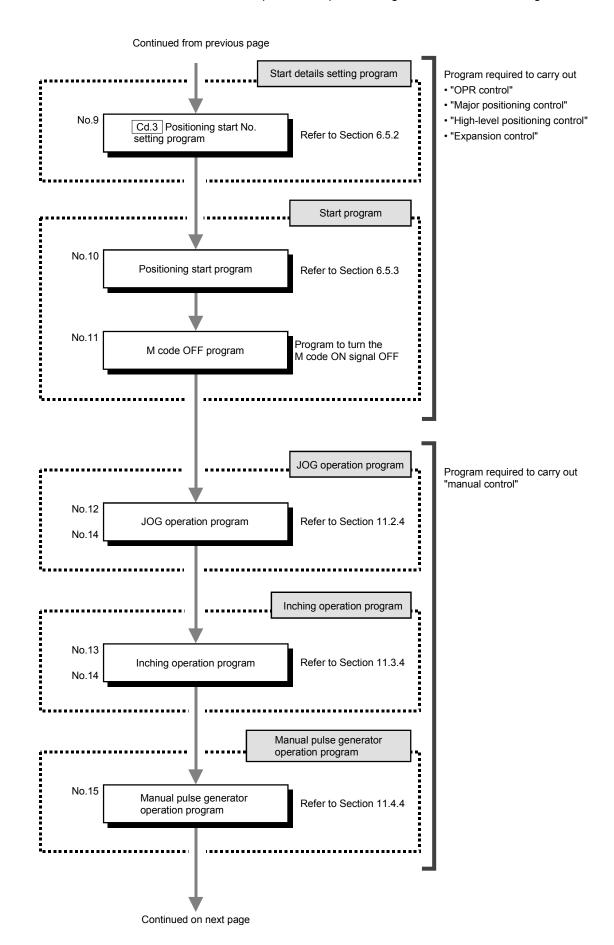


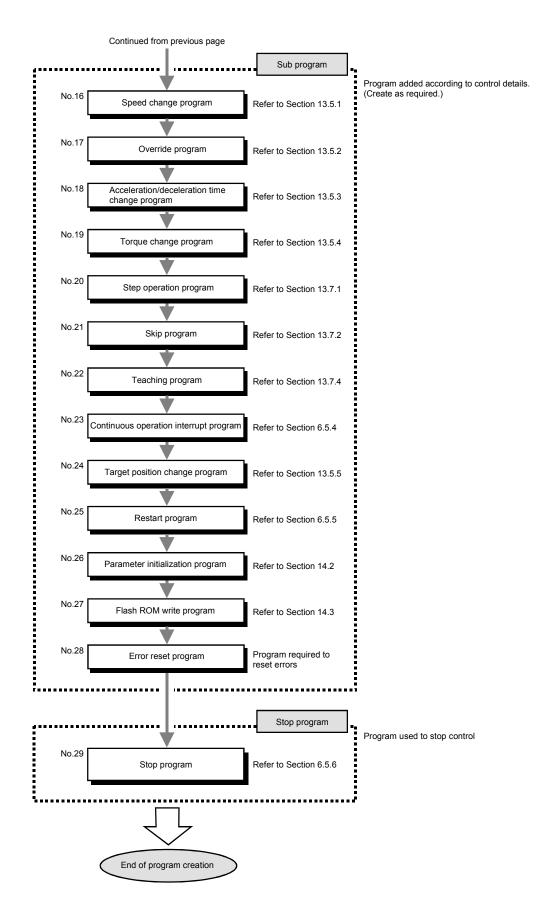
### 6.3.2 Positioning control operation program

The various programs that configure the "positioning control operation program" are shown below. When creating the program, refer to the explanation of each program and Section 6.4 "Positioning program examples", and create an operation program that matches the positioning system. (Numbers are assigned to the following programs. Configuring the program in the order of these numbers is recommended.)









# 6.4 Positioning program examples

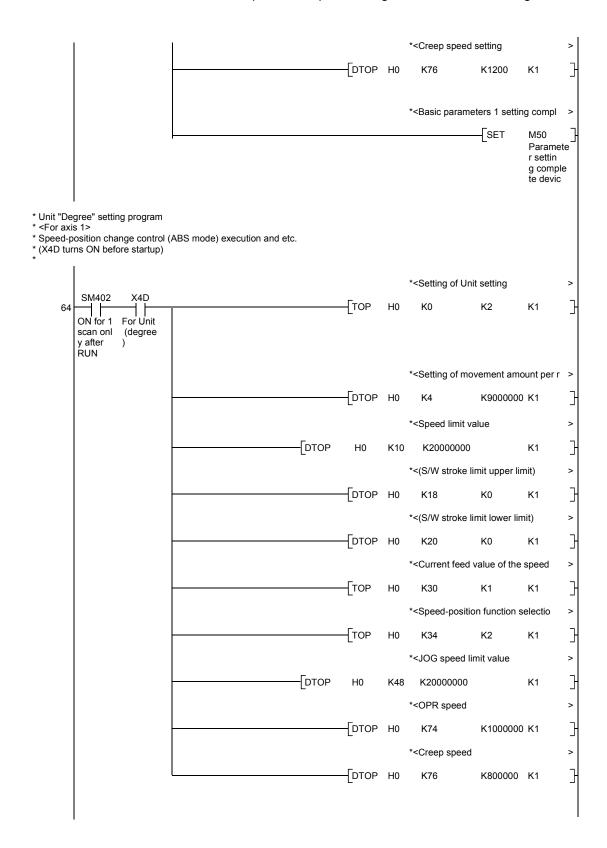
An example of the "Axis 1" positioning program using QD77MS4 is given in this section.

```
*When setting the parameter and data setting program -----

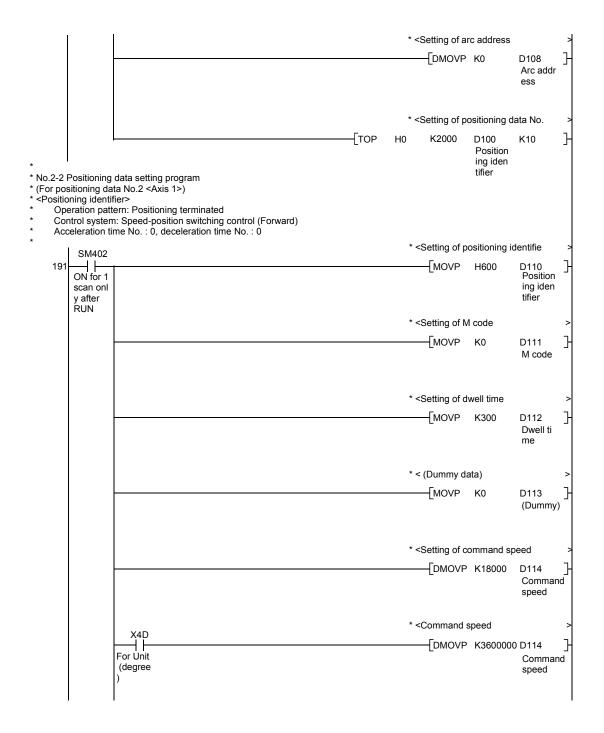
*When setting the parameters or data with the sequence program, set them in the Simple Motion module using the TO command from the PLC CPU. (Carry out the settings while the PLC READY signal [Y0] is OFF.)

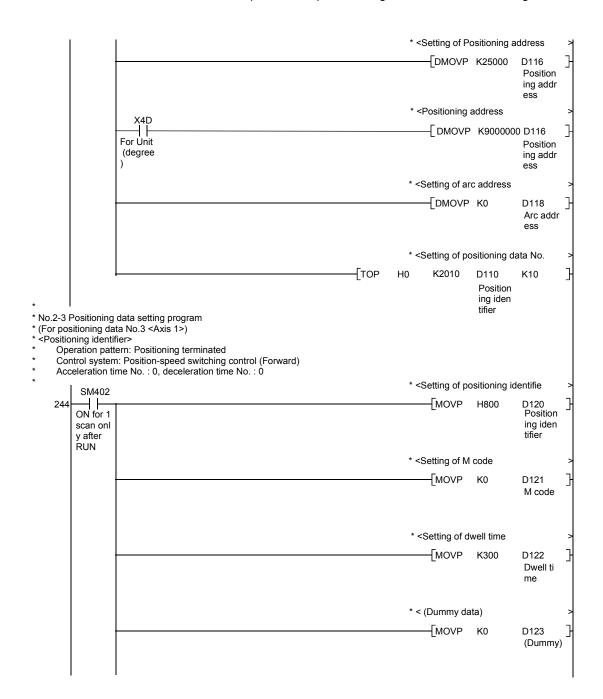
*When setting the parameters or data with GX Works2, the [No. 1] to [No. 4] program is not necessary.
```

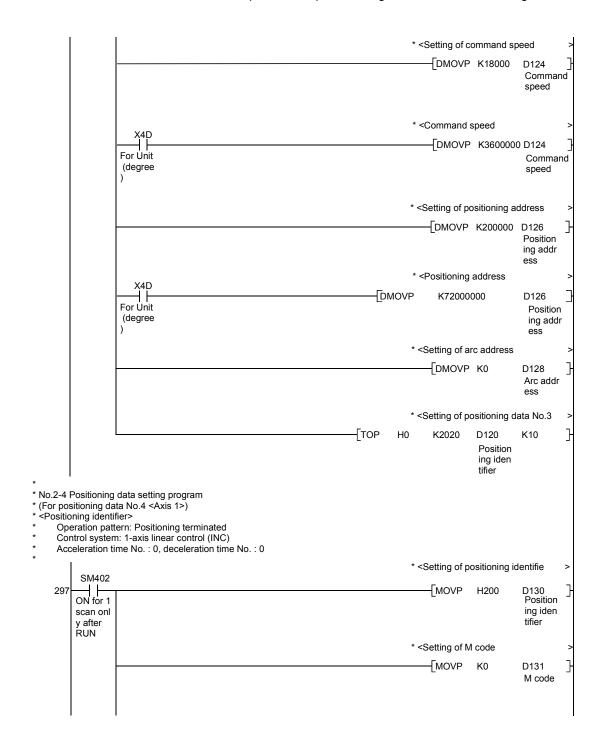
```
* No.1 Parameter setting program
* (For basic parameters <Axis 1>)
* OPR parameter
                                                                                        * < Changing of speed setting
            SM402
                                                                                            DMOVP K9000
           ON for 1
                                                                                                                 Speed (
           scan onl
                                                                                                                 low-orde
          y after
RUN
                                                                                                                 r 16 bit
                                                                                                                 s)
                                                                                        * < Changing of movement amount
                                                                                            DMOVP K50000
                                                                                                                 D3
                                                                                                                 Movement
                                                                                                                  amount
                                                                                                                 (low-ord
                                                                                                                 er 16 bi
                                                                                        * <Setting of unit
                                                                                            MOVP
                                                                                                                D50
                                                                                                                 Unit set
                                                                                                                 ting
                                                                                       * <Setting of unit magnification
                                                                                            MOVP
                                                                                                                 Unit mag
                                                                                                                 nificati
                                                                                                                 on: AM
                                                                                       * <Setting of No. of pulses per ro
                                                                                            DMOVP K4194304 D52
                                                                                                                 No. of pu
                                                                                                                 lses per
                                                                                                                 rotatio
                                                                                                                 n:AP
                                                                                       * <Setting of No. of movement amoun>
                                                                                            DMOVP K25000
                                                                                                                 D54
                                                                                                                 No. of m
                                                                                                                 ovement
                                                                                                                  amount:
                                                                                        * <Setting of basic parameters 1 to
                                                                       -[TOP
                                                                                  H0
                                                                                            K0
                                                                                                      D50
                                                                                                                 K8
                                                                                                       Unit set
                                                                                                       ting
                                                                                        * <External command function selecti >
                                                                       -[ТОР
                                                                                            K62
                                                                                  H0
                                                                                                                 K1
                                                                                        * <OPR method (Data set method)
                                                                                                                           }
                                                                       TOP
                                                                                            K70
                                                                                  HO
                                                                                                      K6
                                                                                                                 K1
                                                                                        * <OPR speed
                                                                       [DTOP
                                                                                  H0
                                                                                            K74
                                                                                                      K1500
                                                                                                                 K1
```

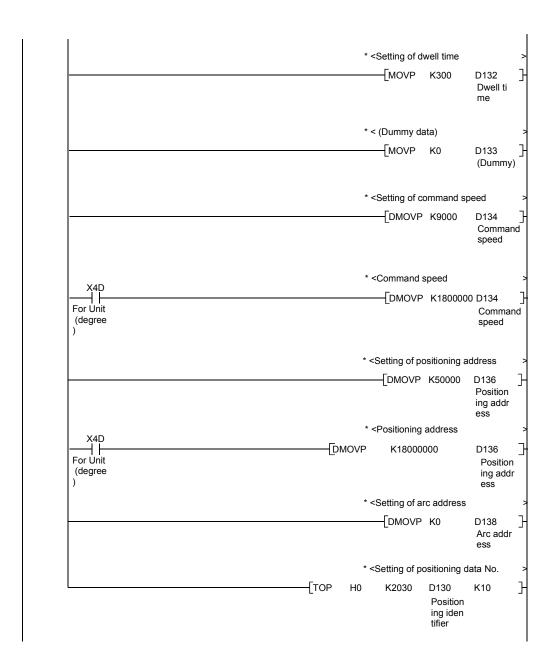


```
* No.2-1 Positioning data setting program
* (For positioning data No.1 <Axis 1>)
* <Positioning identifier>
* Operation pattern: Positioning terminated
Control system: 1 axis linear control (ABS)
        Acceleration time No.: 1, deceleration time No.:2
                                                                                                      * <Setting of positioning indetifie
             ON for 1 scan onl
                                                                                                           MOVP
                                                                                                                       H190
      138
                                                                                                                                    D100
                                                                                                                                    Position
                                                                                                                                    ing iden
             y after
RUN
                                                                                                                                    tefier
                                                                                                       * <Setting of M code
                                                                                                           MOVP
                                                                                                                       K9843
                                                                                                                                    D101
                                                                                                                                    M code
                                                                                                       * <Setting of dwell time
                                                                                                            MOVP
                                                                                                                       K300
                                                                                                                                    D102
                                                                                                                                    Dwell ti
                                                                                                                                    me
                                                                                                       * < (Dummy data)
                                                                                                           MOVP
                                                                                                                                    D103
                                                                                                                       K0
                                                                                                                                    (Dummy)
                                                                                                       * <Setting of command speed
                                                                                                           DMOVP K2000
                                                                                                                                    D104
                                                                                                                                    Command
                                                                                                                                     speed
                                                                                                      * < Command speed
                             X4D
                                                                                                            -[DMOVP K1200000 D104
                         For Unit
                                                                                                                                    Command
                          (degree
                                                                                                                                     speed
                                                                                                       * < Positioning address
                                                                                                            -[DMOVP K-100000 D106
                                                                                                                                     Position
                                                                                                                                     ing addr
                                                                                                                                     ess
                                                                                                      * < Positioning address
                             X4D
                                                                                              -DMOVP K27000000
                                                                                                                                    D106
                         For Unit
                                                                                                                                    Position
                         (degree
                                                                                                                                    ing addr
                                                                                                                                    ess
```

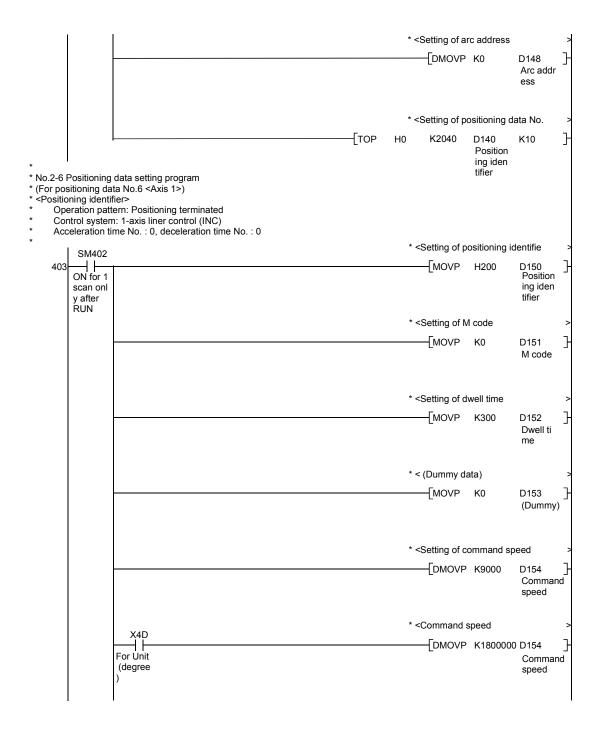


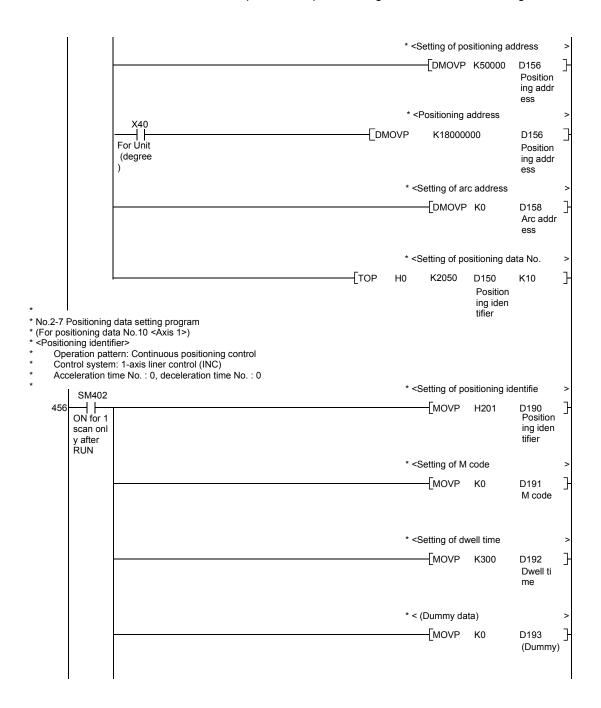




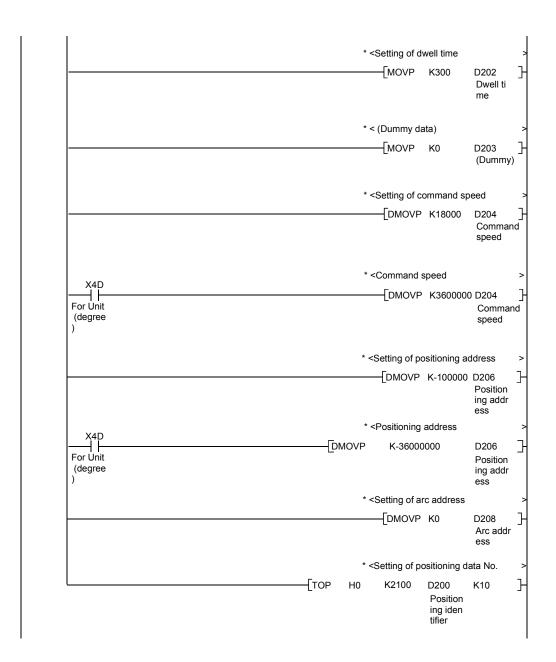


```
* No.2-5 Positioning data setting program * (For positioning data No.5 <Axis 1>)
* < Positioning identifier>
      Operation pattern: Positioning terminated
      Control system: 1-axis liner control (INC)
Acceleration time No.: 0, deceleration time No.: 0
                                                                                               * <Setting of positioning identifie
            SM402
                                                                                                                           D140
Position
     350
           ON for 1
                                                                                                    MOVP
                                                                                                               H201
                                                                                                                           ing iden
           scan onl
          y after
RUN
                                                                                                                           tifier
                                                                                               * <Setting of M code
                                                                                                    MOVP
                                                                                                               K0
                                                                                                                           D141
                                                                                                                           M code
                                                                                               * <Setting of dwell time
                                                                                                    MOVP K300
                                                                                                                           D142
                                                                                                                           Dwell ti
                                                                                                                           me
                                                                                               * < (Dummy)
                                                                                                   MOVP
                                                                                                               K0
                                                                                                                           D143
                                                                                                                           (Dummy)
                                                                                               * <Setting of command speed
                                                                                                    -TDMOVP K36000
                                                                                                                           D144
                                                                                                                           Command speed
                                                                                               * <Command speed
                                                                                                    -DMOVP K6000000 D144
                      For Unit
                                                                                                                            Command
                      (degree
                                                                                                                            speed
                                                                                               * <Setting of positioning address
                                                                                                   -[DMOVP K100000 D146
                                                                                                                           Position
                                                                                                                           ing addr
                                                                                               * < Positioning address
                      X4D
For Unit
                                                                                      DMOVP
                                                                                                     K36000000
                                                                                                                           D146
                                                                                                                           Position
                      (degree
                                                                                                                           ing addr
```

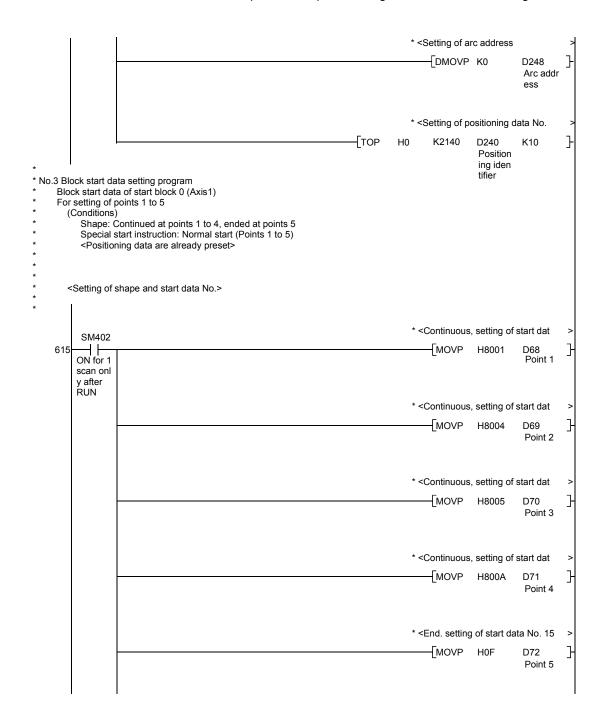


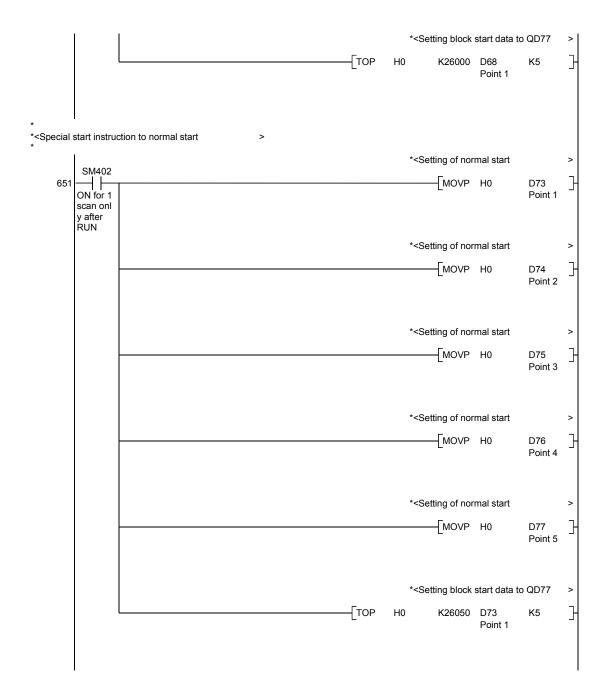


```
* <Setting of command speed
                                                                                                                - DMOVP K18000
                                                                                                                                          Command
                                                                                                                                          speed
                                                                                                           * < Command speed
                                                                                                                DMOVP K3600000 D194
                                                                                                                                          Command speed
                         (degree
                                                                                                          * <Setting of positioning address
                                                                                                               - DMOVP K10000
                                                                                                                                          Position
                                                                                                                                         ing addr
                                                                                                           * <Positioning address
                            X4D
                                                                                                -[DMOVP
                                                                                                                  K36000000
                                                                                                                                          D196
                        For Unit
                                                                                                                                          Position
                         (degree
                                                                                                                                          ing addr
                                                                                                          * <Setting of arc address
                                                                                                                -[DMOVP K0
                                                                                                                                         D198
                                                                                                                                          Arc addr
                                                                                                          * <Setting of positioning data No.
                                                                                           -[ТОР
                                                                                                      H0
                                                                                                                K2090
                                                                                                                             D190
                                                                                                                                         K10
                                                                                                                             Position
                                                                                                                             ing iden
tifier
* No.2-8 Positioning data setting program
* (For positioning data No.11 <Axis 1>)
* <Positioning identifier>
      Operation pattern: Positioning terminated Control system: 1-axis liner control (INC) Acceleration time No.: 0, deceleration time No.: 0
                                                                                                          * <Setting of positioning identifie
             SM402
            ON for 1
                                                                                                               - MOVP
                                                                                                                            H200
                                                                                                                                          D200
                                                                                                                                          Position
                                                                                                                                          ing iden
tifier
            scan onl
           y after
RUN
                                                                                                          * <Setting of M code
                                                                                                                MOVP
                                                                                                                                         D201
                                                                                                                                          M code
```

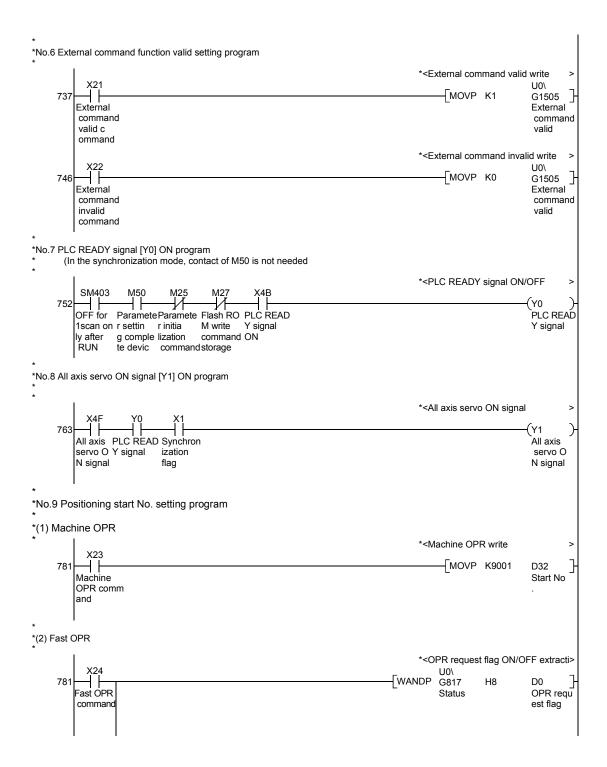


```
* No.2-9 Positioning data setting program
* (For positioning data No.15 <Axis 1>)
* <Positioning identifier>
      Operation pattern: Positioning terminated Control system: 1-axis liner control (INC)
      Acceleration time No.: 0, deceleration time No.: 0
                                                                                                  * <Setting of positioning identifie
            SM402
           ON for 1
                                                                                                      MOVP H200
                                                                                                                              D240
Position
           scan onl
                                                                                                                               ing iden
           y after
RUN
                                                                                                                               tifier
                                                                                                  * <Setting of M code
                                                                                                       MOVP
                                                                                                                   K0
                                                                                                                               D241
                                                                                                                                M code
                                                                                                  * <Setting of dwell time
                                                                                                       MOVP
                                                                                                                               D242
                                                                                                                               Dwell ti
                                                                                                                               me
                                                                                                  * < (Dummy data)
                                                                                                       MOVP
                                                                                                                               D243
                                                                                                                               (Dummy)
                                                                                                  * <Setting of command speed
                                                                                                       DMOVP K9000
                                                                                                                               D244
                                                                                                                               Command
                                                                                                                               speed
                                                                                                  * < Command speed
                       X4D
H
For Unit
                                                                                                       -DMOVP K1800000 D244
                                                                                                                                Command
                       (degree
                                                                                                                                speed
                                                                                                  * <Setting of positioning address
                                                                                                       - DMOVP K50000
                                                                                                                              D246
                                                                                                                               Position
                                                                                                                               ing addr
                                                                                                  * < Positioning address
                      X4D
For Unit
                                                                                         - DMOVP
                                                                                                         K18000000
                                                                                                                               D246
                                                                                                                               Position
                       (degree
                                                                                                                               ing addr
                                                                                                                               ess
```





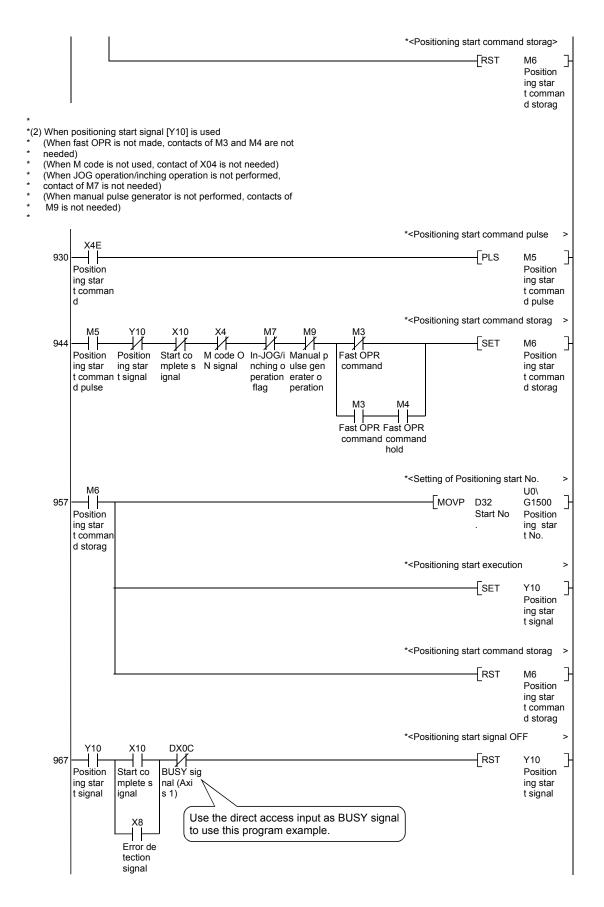
```
*No.4 Servo parameter
                                                                                     *<Absolute position system valid
          ON for 1
    682
                                                                        TOP
                                                                                           K30103 H1
                                                                                                             K1
         scan onl
         y after
RUN
                                                                                     *<Servo series(MR-J3-B)
                                                                        -[TOP
                                                                                           K30100 H1
                                                                                                             K1
*No.5 OPR request OFF program
                                                                                    *<OPR request OFF command pulse>
                                                                                                   PLS
          OPR requ
                                                                                                             OPR requ
          est OFF
                                                                                                             est OFF
          command
                                                                                                             command
                                                                                                             pulse
                                                                                    *<OPR request OFF command hold >
                                                                                                   SET
     705
                                                                                                             M2
          OPR requ Position
                            Start co
                                                                                                             OPR requ
                                                                                                             est OFF
         est OFF
                  ing star
                            mplete s
         command t signal
                                                                                                             command
                            ignal
         pulse
                                                                                                             storage
                                                                               WANDP
     710
                                                                                         G817
                                                                                                   Н8
                                                                                                             D0
         OPR request OFF
                                                                                                             OPR requ
                                                                                         Status
                                                                                                             est flag
         command
storage
                                                                                    *<OPR request OFF command ON >
                   -[<>
                                                                                                   SET
                             D0
                                      K0
                                                                                                             MΩ
                            OPR requ
                                                                                                             OPR requ
                                                                                                             est OFF
                            est flag
                                                                                                             command
                                                                                    *<OPR request flag OFF command OFF:
                                                                                                   RST
                                                                                                             OPR requ
                                                                                                             est OFF
                                                                                                             command
                                                                                                             storage
                                                                                     *<OPR request OFF write
                                                                                                             U0\
                                                                                                             G1521 ]
OPR requ
     725
                                                                                          MOVP K1
         OPR requ
                                                                                                             est flag
OFF req
         est OFF
         command
                                                                                     *<OPR request flag OFF command OFF>
                             U0\
                                                                                                             OPR request OF
                             G1521
                                      K0
                            OPR requ
                             est flag
                                                                                                             est OFF
                             OFF req
                                                                                                             command
                             uest
```



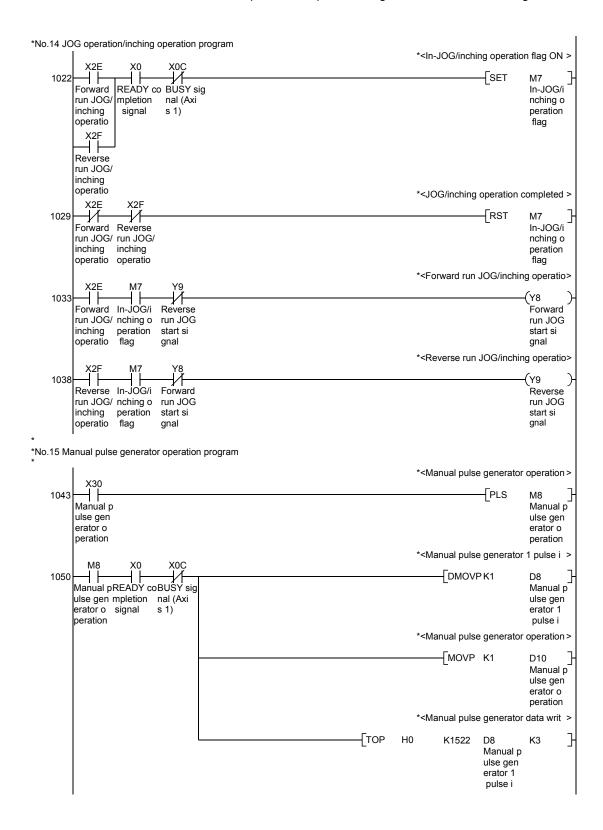
```
*<Fast OPR start enable
                                                                                                                   МЗ
                             D0
                                          K0
                              OPR requ
                                                                                                                   Fast OPR
                              est flag
                                                                                                                    signal
                                                                                        *<Fast OPR write
                                                                                              MOVP K9002
                                                                                                                   D32
                                                                                                                   Start No.
                                                                                        *<Fast OPR command hold
                                                                                                          SET
                                                                                                                   Fast OPR
                                                                                                                    command
                                                                                                                    hold
(3) Positioning with positioning data No.1
                                                                                       *<Setting of positioning data No.1
           X25
                                                                                              MOVP K1
                                                                                                                   D32
         Position
                                                                                                                   Start No
         ing star
         t comman
(4) Speed-position switching operation (Positioning data No.2) (In the ABS mode, new movement amount write is not needed)
                                                                                       *<Setting of positioning data No.2
                                                                                              MOVP K2
    810
                                                                                                                   D32
         Speed-po
                                                                                                                    Start No
         sition s
         witching
         operati
                                                                                        *<Setting of speed-position switch
           X27
                                                                                                                   U0\
                                                                                              -MOVP K1
                                                                                                                   G1528
                                                                                                                    Speed-po
sition s
         Speed-po
sition s
                                                                                                                    witching
         witching
         enable
                                                                                                                     enable
                                                                                        *<Setting of speed-position switch
            X28
                                                                                                                   U0\
                                                                                              MOVP K0
    824
                                                                                                                   G1528
                                                                                                                    Speed-po
         Speed-po
         sition s
                                                                                                                    sition s
         witching
                                                                                                                    witching
         disable
                                                                                                                     enable
                                                                                        *<New movement amount writing
            X29
                                                                                                                   U0\
                                                                                              - DMOVP D3
    830
                                                                                                                   G1526
                                                                                                         Movement Speed-po
         Movement
         amount
                                                                                                         amount
                                                                                                                    sition s
         changing
                                                                                                         (low-ord
                                                                                                                    witching
         command
                                                                                                         er 16 bi
```

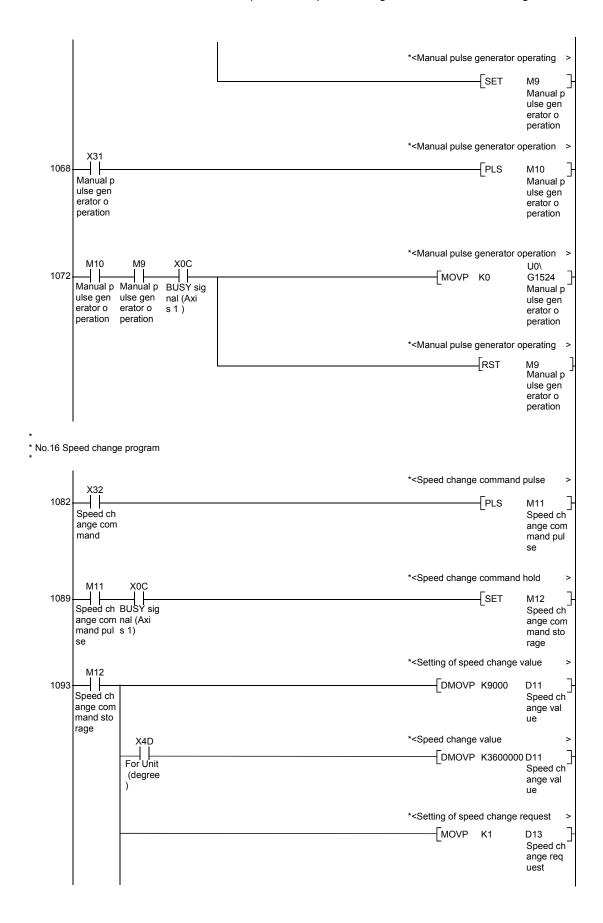
```
(5) Position-speed switching operation (Positioning data No.3)
                                                                                       *<Setting of positioning data No.3
           X40
                                                                                             MOVP K3
                                                                                                                  D32
         Position
                                                                                                                  Start No
         -speed s
        witching
         operati
                                                                                       *<Setting of position-speed switch
                              X42
           X41
                                                                                             -MOVP K1
                                                                                                                  G1532
                                                                                                                   Position
                               Position
         Position
        -speed s
witching
                              -speed s
witching
                                                                                                                   -speed s
witching
         enable
                               disable
                                                                                                                   control
                                                                                       *<Setting of position-speed switch
                                                                                                                 U0\
G1532
                                                                                             -MOVP K0
    850
                                                                                                                   Positon
         Position
                               Position
        -speed s
witching
                               -speed s
                                                                                                                   -speed s
                               witching
                                                                                                                   witching
         disable
                               enable
                                                                                                                   control
                                                                                       *<New speed writing
           X43
                                                                                                                 U0\
                                                                                             - DMOVP D1
                                                                                                                  G1530
                                                                                                        Speed (
low-orde
                                                                                                                   Position
         Speed ch
         anging c
                                                                                                                   -speed s
                                                                                                                   witching
         ommand
                                                                                                        r 16 bit
                                                                                                        s)
                                                                                                                   control
(6) High-level positioning control
                                                                                       *<Block positioning (7000) write
                                                                                             MOVP K7000
   863
                                                                                                                  D32
         High-lev
                                                                                                                  Start No
        el posit
        ioning c
        ontrol c
                                                                                       *<Positioning start point No.(1)
                                                                                                                  U0\
                                                                                             MOVP
                                                                                                                  G1501
(7) Fast OPR command and fast OPR command storage OFF
   (Not required when fast OPR is not used)
                                                                                       *<Fast OPR command OFF
                                                                                                      RST
   875
                                                                                                                  М3
         Machine
                                                                                                                  Fast OPR
        OPR comm
                                                                                                                   signal
        and
                                                                                       *<Fast OPR command storage OFF
                                                                                                      -[RST
                                                                                                                  M4
                                                                                                                  Fast OPR
        Position
        ing star
                                                                                                                   command
        t comman
                                                                                                                   hold
```

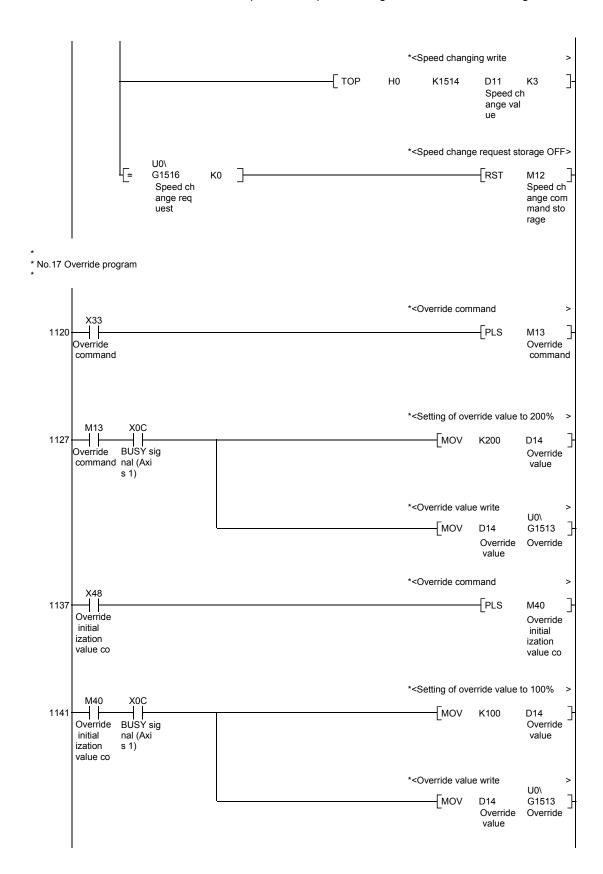
```
sition s
          witching
          operati
          Position
          -speed s
          witching
           operati
            X2A
          High-lev
          el posit
          ioning c
          ontrol c
          Position
          ing star
          t comman
          d storag
* No.10 Positioning start program
  (1) When dedicated instruction (ZP.PSTRT1) is used
      (When fast OPR is not made, contacts of M3 and M4 are not
      (When M code is not used, contact of X04 is not needed)
      (When JOG operation/inching operation is not performed,
      contact of M7 is not needed)
      (When manual pulse generator is not performed, contacts of
      M9 is not needed)
                                                                                          *<Positioning start command pulse >
            X2B
                                                                                                          PLS
     889
                                                                                                                     M5
          Position
                                                                                                                     Position
          ing star
                                                                                                                     ing star
                                                                                                                     t comman
          t comman
                                                                                                                     d pulse
                                                                                           *<Positioning start command storag >
                                                                                                          SET
                   M code O BUSY sig In-JOG/i Manual p Fast OPR
                                                                                                                     M6
                                                                                                                     Position
          Position
          ing star N
t comman d
                   N comman nal (Axi
                                        nching o ulse gen
                                                                                                                     ing star
t comman
                                                            command
                                        peration erater o
                              s 1)
          d pulse
                                                                                                                     d storag
                                         flag
                                                 peration
                                                           Fast OPR Fast OPR
                                                           command command
                                                                      hold
                                                                                           *<Positioning start execution
                                                                             -[ZP.PSTRT1
                                                                                                 "U0"
                                                                                                          D30
                                                                                                                     M32
          Position
                                                                                                          PSTRT1i PSTRT1i
          ing star
                                                                                                          nstructi
                                                                                                                     nstructi
          t comma
                                                                                                          on cnontr
                                                                                                                     on compl
          d storag
                                                                                                          ol data
                                                                                                                     ete devi
```

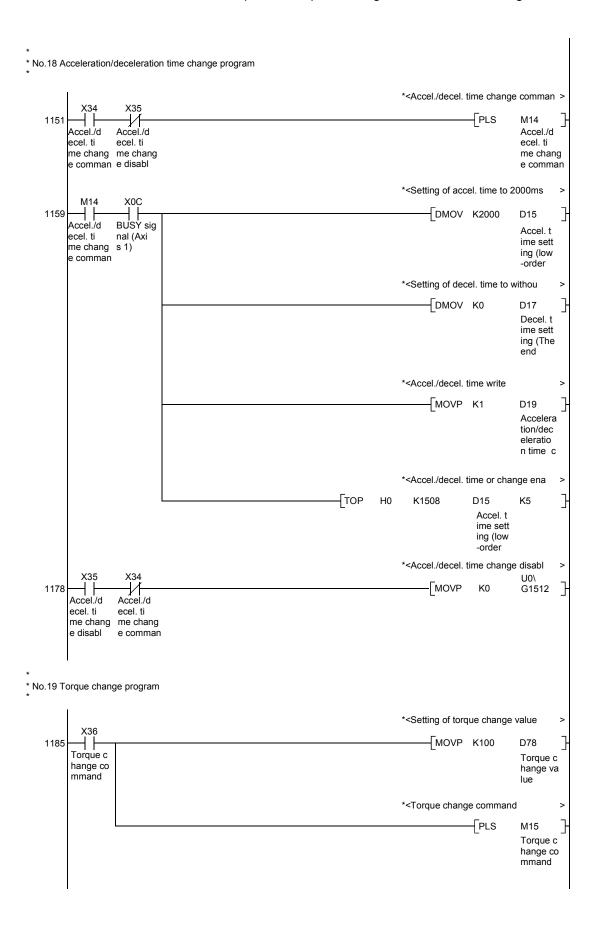


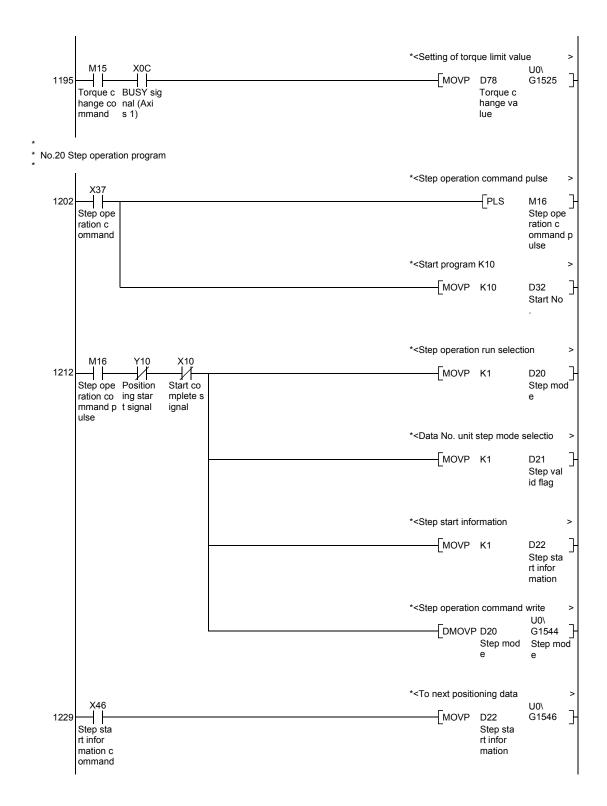
```
No.11 M code OFF program (Not required when M code is not used)
                                                                                    *<M code OFF request
                                                                                                              U0\
                                                                                          -MOVP K1
                                                                                                             G1504
         M code O M code O
                                                                                                               M code O
        FF comma N comman
                                                                                                               FF reque
                                                                                                               st
No.12 JOG operation/inching operation setting program
                                                                                    *<Setting of JOG operation speed
                                                                                          - DMOVP K10000
    985
                                                                                                              D6
         JOG oper
                                                                                                               JOG oper
        ation sp
                                                                                                               ation sp
        eed sett
ing comm
                                                                                                               eed
                                                                                    *<Setting of JOG operation
                     X4D
                                                                                          DMOVP K1200000 D6
                    For Unit
                                                                                                               JOG oper
                    (degree
                                                                                                               ation sp
                                                                                                               eed
                                                                                    *<Setting of 0 for inching movemen
                                                                                          -MOVP K0
                                                                                                              D5
                                                                                                               Inching
                                                                                                               movement
                                                                                                               amount
                                                                                    *<Setting of JOG operation speed
                                                                   ТОР
                                                                               H0
                                                                                         K1517
                                                                                                   D5
                                                                                                               K3
                                                                                                    Inching
                                                                                                   movement
                                                                                                    amount
No.13 Inching operation setting program
                                                                                    *<Setting of inching movement amou >
                                                                                         MOVP
                                                                                                   K100
   1009
                                                                                                              D5
                                                                                                               Inching
                   JOG oper
         Inching
                                                                                                               movement
         movement ation sp
                                                                                                                amount
         amount
                   eed sett
         setting
                   ing comm
                                                                                    *<Inching movement amount write
                                                                                                              U0\
                                                                                          -[MOVP
                                                                                                              G1517
                                                                                                    Inching
                                                                                                               Inching
                                                                                                   movement movement amount amount
```

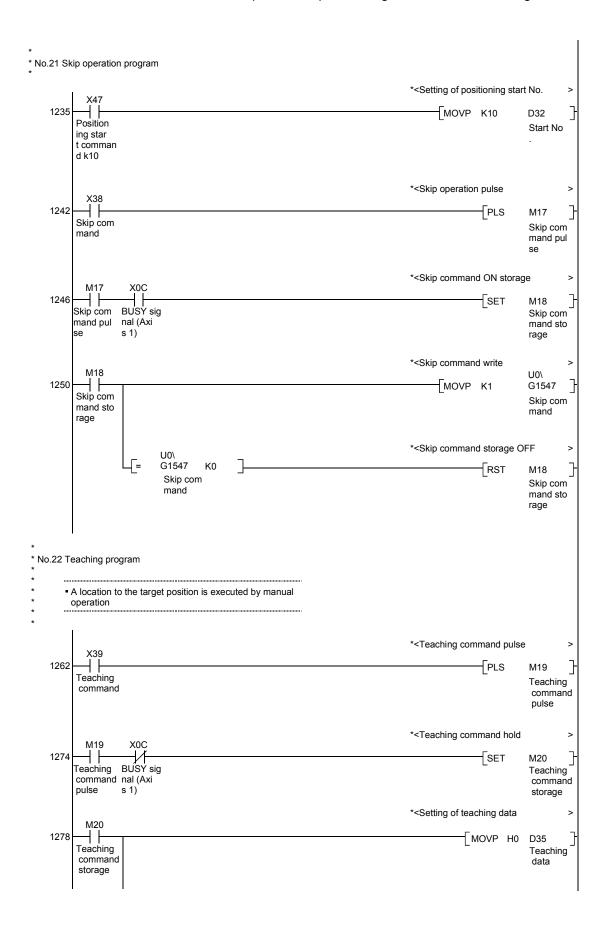


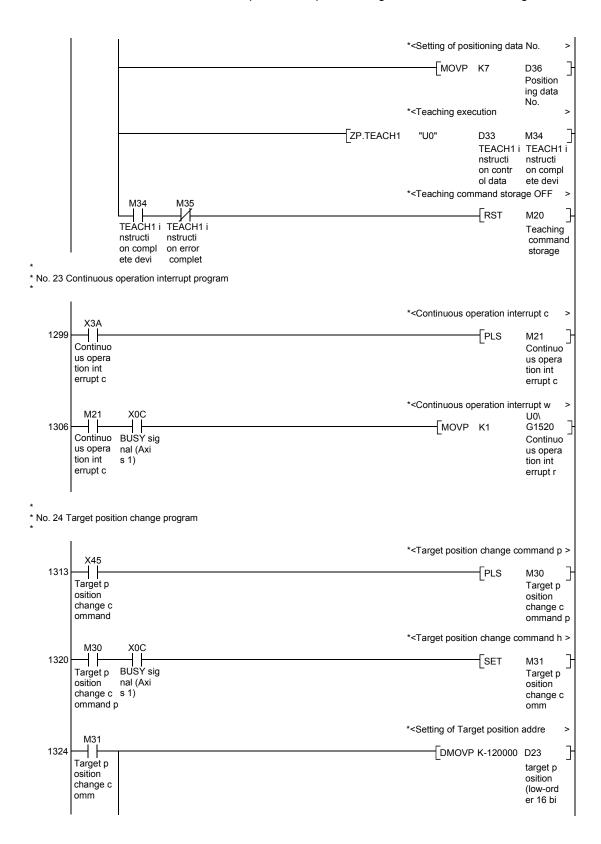




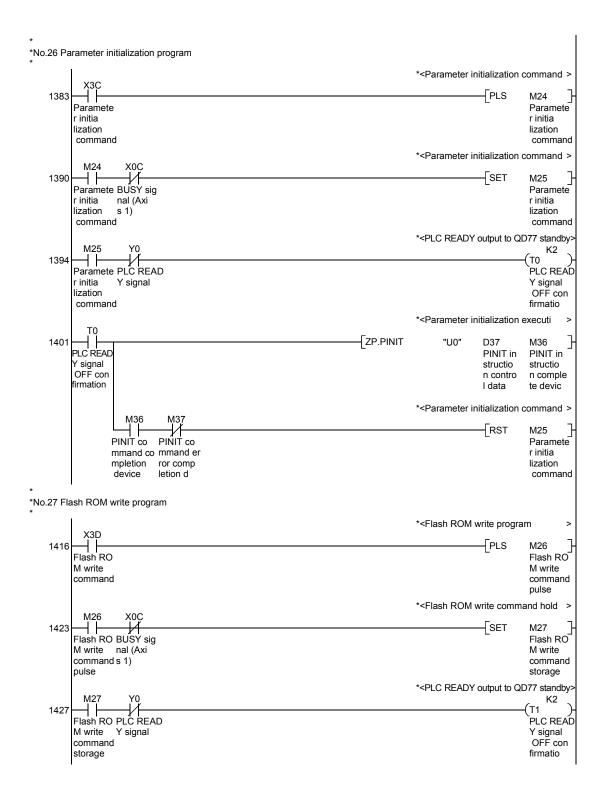


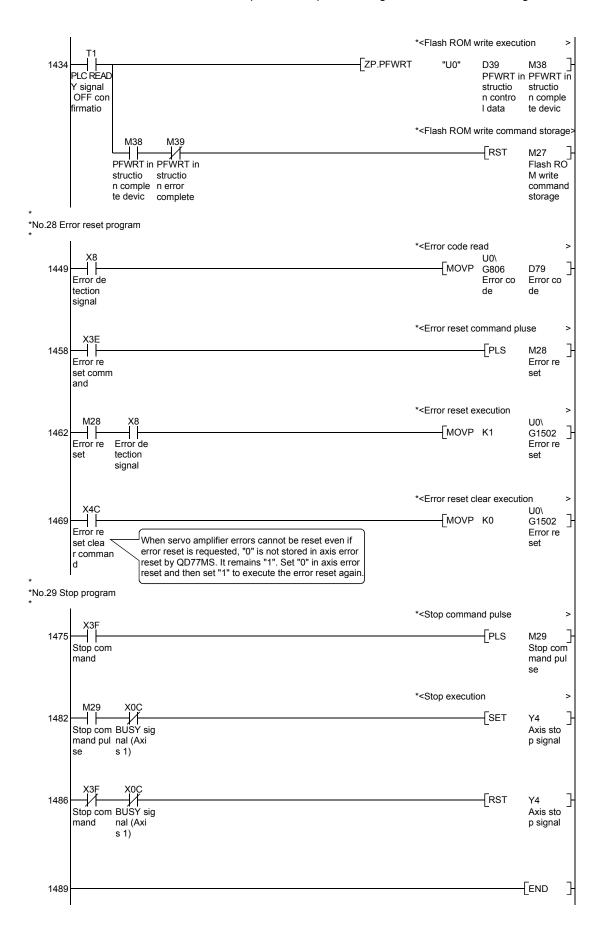






```
*<Setting of Target position addre
                     X4D
                   For Unit
                                                                                 - DMOVP K30000000
                                                                                                              D23
                                                                                                              target p
                   (degree
                                                                                                              osition
                                                                                                              (low-ord
                                                                                                              er 16bi
                                                                                     *<New speed value
                                                                                          -[DMOVPK0
                                                                                                              D25
                                                                                                              Target s
                                                                                                              peed (lo
w-order
                                                                                                              16bits)
                                                                                     *<Setting of Target position chang
                                                                                          MOVP K1
                                                                                                              D27
                                                                                                              Target p
                                                                                                              osition
                                                                                                              change r
                                                                                                              equest
                                                                                     *<Target position change write
                                                                         -[ТОР
                                                                                 H0
                                                                                           K1534
                                                                                                   D23
                                                                                                              K5
                                                                                                    target p osition
                                                                                                    (low-ord
                                                                                                    er 16bi
                                                                                     *<Target position change command s>
                            U0\
G1538
                                      K0
                                                                                                              M31
                            Target p
                                                                                                              Target p
                             change r
                                                                                                              change c
                             equest f
                                                                                                              omm
*No.25 Restart program
                                                                                     *<Restart command pulse
                                                                                                    PLS
    1355
                                                                                                              M22
                                                                                                              Restart
          Restart
          command
                                                                                                              command
                                                                                     *<Restart command ON at the stoppi>
                             U0\
          Restart
                                                                                                    SET
    1362
                             G809
                                                                                                              M23
                             Axis ope
                                                                                                              Restart
          command
                             ration s
                                                                                                              command
                             tatus
                                                                                                              storage
                                                                                     *<Restart request write
                              X10
                                                                                                              U0\
                                                                                           -MOVP K1
    1369
            ┨┠
                                                                                                              G1503
          Restart
                   Position
                            Start co
                                                                                                              Restart
          command ing comp mplete s
                                                                                                              command
         storage
                   lete sig
                            ignal
                   nal
                                                                                     *<Restart command storage OFF
                                               U0\
                                     4=
                                                                                                    RST
                                                        K0
                                                                                                              M23
                                               G1503
                                               Restart
                                                                                                              Restart
                                                                                                              command
                                               command
                                                                                                              storage
```





### 6.5 Program details

#### 6.5.1 Initialization program

# [1] OPR request OFF program

This program forcibly turns OFF the "OPR request flag" ([Md.31] Status: b3) which is ON.

When using a system that does not require OPR, assemble the program to cancel the "OPR request" made by the Simple Motion module when the power is turned ON, etc.

### Data requiring setting

Set the following data to use the OPR request flag OFF request.

		0 - 44:		Buffer mem	nemory address	
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
11Ca. 191	OPR request flag OFF request	1	Set to "1: Turn OPR request flag OFF".	1521+100n	4321+100n	

n: Axis No.-1

\*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

### ■ Time chart for OPR OFF request

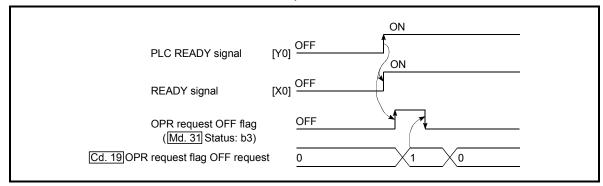


Fig. 6.1 Time chart for OPR OFF request

# [2] External command function valid setting program

This program is used to validate the "external command signal" beforehand when using the external command functions (external start, speed change, speed-position switching, position-speed switching, skip). Set which function to use beforehand in "[Pr.42] External command function selection".

(Set the external command signal (DI) in "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" at QD77MS16 use.)

Set the following data to validate the "external command signal".

	0.4	0 . 11:		Buffer memory address	
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
				QD77MS4	
[Cd.8]	External command valid	1	Set to "1: Validate external command".	1505+100n	4305+100n

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

# 6.5.2 Start details setting program

This program sets which control, out of "OPR", "major positioning control", "high-level positioning control" or "expansion control" to execute. For "high-level positioning control", "fast OPR", "speed-position switching control" and "position-speed switching control", add the respectively required sequence program.

(Refer to "Chapter 10" for details of "high-level positioning control" and "Chapter 12" for details on the "expansion control".)

# Procedures for setting the starting details

(1) Set the "positioning start No." corresponding to the control to be started in "[Cd.3] Positioning start No.".

	0-4:	0 "			Buffer memory address	
Setting item		Setting value Setting details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16		
				QD77MS4	QUITIVISTO	
[Cd.3]	Positioning start No.		1 to 600 9001 9002 9003 9004 7000 to 7004	<ul> <li>: Positioning data No.</li> <li>: Machine OPR</li> <li>: Fast OPR</li> <li>: Current value changing</li> <li>: Simultaneous start</li> <li>: Block No.</li> <li>(For "high-level positioning control")</li> </ul>	1500+100n	4300+100n

n: Axis No.-1

(2) For "high-level positioning control", set the "positioning start point No." of the block to be started in "[Cd.4] Positioning starting point No.".

		0-4:		Buffer memo	ory address
Setting item		Setting value	Selling details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
10.0141	Positioning starting point No.	$\rightarrow$	1 to 50 : Point No. of block start data	1501+100n	4301+100n

n: Axis No.-1

(3) Set the following control data for "speed-position switching control (INC mode)".

(Set "[Cd.23] Speed-position switching control movement amount change register" as required. Setting is not required in the ABS mode.)

		0-44:		Buffer mem	ory address
Setting item		Setting value	Softing details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
		value		QD77MS4	QD//IVIS10
[Cd.23]	Speed-position switching control movement amount change register	$\rightarrow$	Set the new value when the position control's movement amount is to be changed during speed control.	1526+100n 1527+100n	4326+100n 4327+100n
[Cd.24]	Speed-position switching enable flag	1	When "1" is set, the speed-position switching signal will be validated.	1528+100n	4328+100n

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

<sup>\*</sup>: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

(4) For "position-speed switching control", set the control data shown below. (As required, set the "[Cd.25] Position-speed switching control speed change register".)

		0.41		Buffer mem	ory address
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
	Position-speed switching control speed change register	$\rightarrow$	Used to set a new value when speed is changed during positioning control.	1530+100n 1531+100n	4330+100n 4331+100n
	Position-speed switching enable flag	1	To validate position-speed switching signal, this is set to 1.	1532+100n	4332+100n

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

### 6.5.3 Start program

This program is used to start the control with start commands.

The control can be started with the following two methods.

- [1] Starting by inputting positioning start signal
- [2] Starting by inputting external command signal

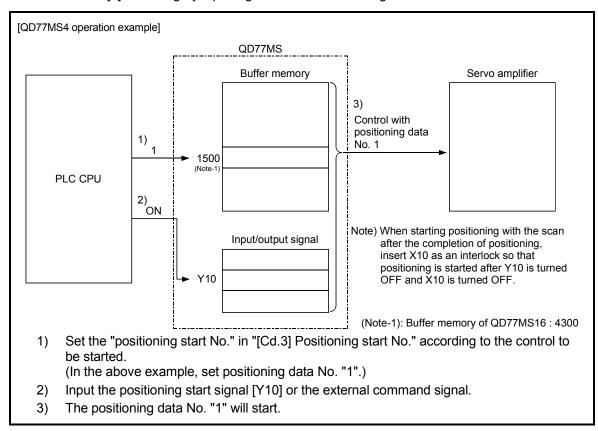


Fig. 6.2 Procedures for starting control (for axis 1)

#### Servo ON conditions

Setting of servo parameter

PLC READY signal [Y0] ON

All axis servo ON [Y1] ON

### Starting conditions

To start the control, the following conditions must be satisfied.

The necessary start conditions must be incorporated in the sequence program so that the control is not started when the conditions are not satisfied.

### (1) Operation state

			Buffer memory address				
	Monitor item	Operation state	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16			
[Md.26]	Axis operation status	"0: Standby" or "1: Stopped"	809+100n	2409+100n			

n: Axis No.-1

#### (2) Signal state

					Device		
	Signal name		Signal state	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16		
	PLC READY signal	ON	PLC CPU preparation completed	Y0			
	READY signal	ON	QD77MS preparation completed		X0		
	All axis servo ON	ON	All axis servo ON		Y1		
Interface	Synchronization flag *	ON	QD77MS buffer memory Accessible		X1		
signal	Axis stop signal	OFF	Axis stop signal is OFF	Y4 to Y7	[Cd.180] Axis stop		
	M code ON signal	OFF	M code ON signal is OFF	X4 to X7	[Md.31] Status: b12		
	Error detection signal	OFF	There is no error	X8 to XB	[Md.31] Status: b13		
	BUSY signal	OFF	BUSY signal is OFF	XC to XF	X10 to X1F		
	Start complete signal	OFF	Start complete signal is OFF	X10 to X13	[Md.31] Status: b14		
	Forced stop input signal	ON	There is no forced stop input		_		
External	Stop signal	OFF	Stop signal is OFF		_		
signal	Upper limit (FLS)	ON	Within limit range		-		
	Lower limit (RLS)	ON	Within limit range		_		

<sup>\*:</sup> When the synchronous setting of the PLC CPU is made in the nonsynchronous mode, this must be provided as an interlock.

When it is made in the synchronous mode, no interlock must be provided in the program because the flag is turned ON when calculation is run on the PLC CPU.

### [1] Starting by inputting positioning start signal

start complete signal will remain ON.

### Operation when starting

- (1) When the positioning start signal turns ON, the start complete signal and BUSY signal turn ON, and the positioning operation starts. It can be seen that the axis is operating when the BUSY signal is ON.
- (2) When the positioning start signal turns OFF, the start complete signal also turns OFF.
  If the positioning start signal is ON even after positioning is completed, the
- (3) If the positioning start signal turns ON again while the BUSY signal is ON, the warning "Operating start" (warning code: 100) will occur.
- (4) The process taken when positioning is completed will differ according to case (a) and (b) below.
  - (a) When next positioning is not to be carried out
    - If a dwell time is set, the system will wait for the set time to pass, and then
      positioning will be completed.
    - When positioning is completed, the BUSY signal will turn OFF and the
      positioning complete signal will turn ON. However, when using speed
      control or when the positioning complete signal ON time is "0", the signal
      will not turn ON.
    - When the positioning complete signal ON time is passed, the positioning complete signal will turn OFF.
  - (b) When next positioning is to be carried out
    - · If a dwell time is set, the system will wait for the set time to pass.
    - · When the set dwell time is passed, the next positioning will start.

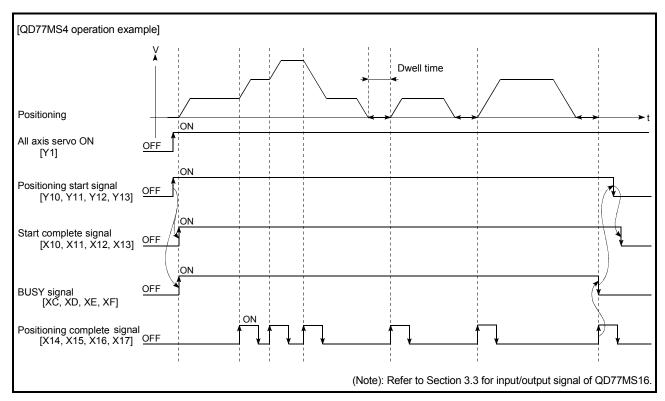


Fig. 6.3 ON/OFF timing of each signal at start of positioning

### **POINT**

The BUSY signal turns ON even when position control of movement amount 0 is executed. However, since the ON time is short, the ON status may not be detected in the sequence program.

(The ON status of the start complete signal, positioning complete signal and M code ON signal can be detected in the sequence program.)

### Starting time chart

The time chart for starting each control is shown below.

### (1) Time chart for starting "machine OPR"

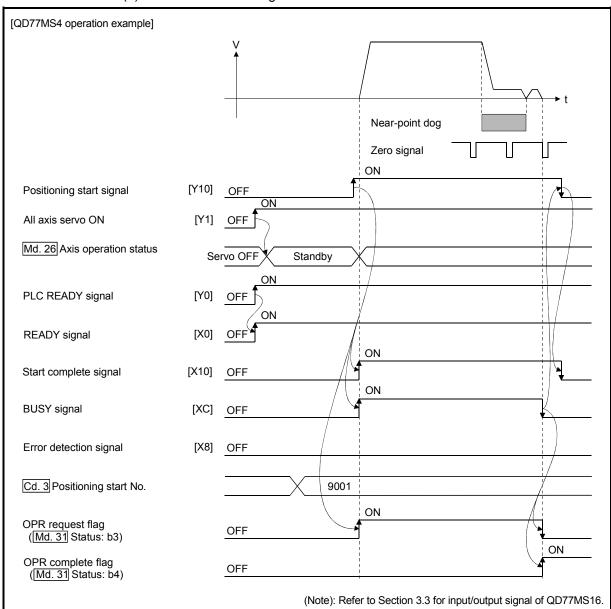


Fig. 6.4 Time chart for starting "machine OPR"

### (2) Time chart for starting "fast OPR"

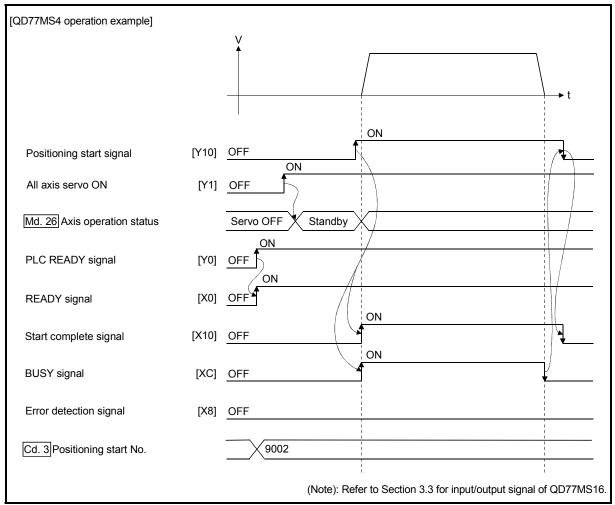


Fig. 6.5 Time chart for starting "fast OPR"

### (3) Time chart for starting "major positioning control"

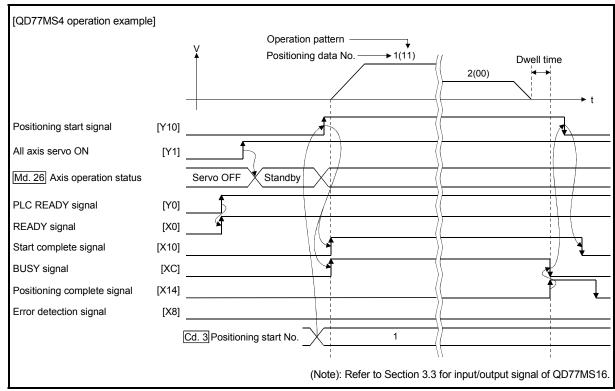


Fig. 6.6 Time chart for starting "major positioning control"

# (4) Time chart for starting "speed-position switching control"

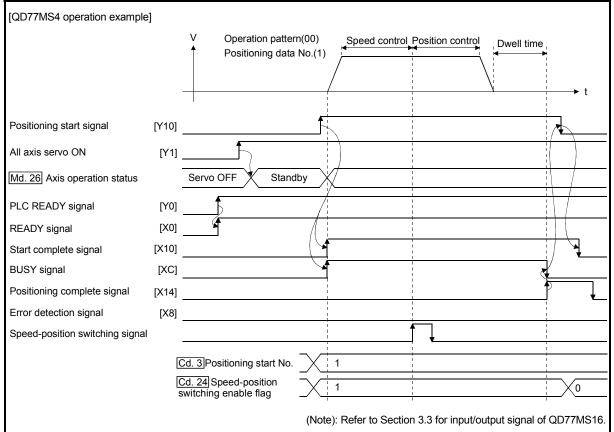


Fig. 6.7 Time chart for starting "speed-position switching control"

(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of QD77MS16.

### [QD77MS4 operation example] Operation pattern (00) Position control Speed control Positioning data No. (1) Positioning start signal [Y10] All axis servo ON [Y1] Md. 26 Axis operation status Servo OFF Standby PLC READY signal [Y0] **READY** signal [X0] Start complete signal [X10] **BUSY** signal [XC] Positioning complete signal [X14] Error detection signal [X8] Position-speed switching signal Stop command Cd. 3 Positioning start No. Cd. 26 Position-speed switching enable flag

### (5) Time chart for starting "position-speed switching control"

Fig. 6.8 Time chart for starting "position-speed switching control"

### ■ Machine OPR operation timing and process time

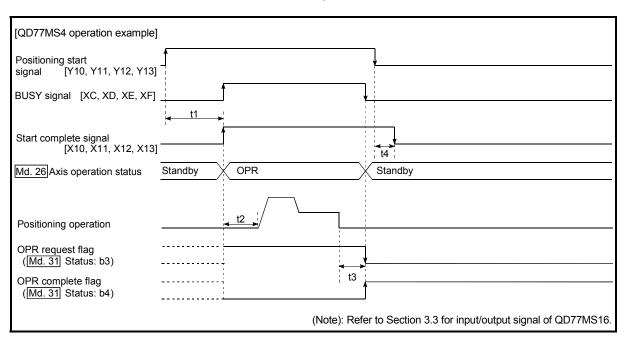


Fig. 6.9 Machine OPR operation timing and process time

### Normal timing time

Unit: [ms]

	Operation cycle	t1	t2	t3	t4
OD 771 400	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9
QD77MS2	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	2.7 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	0 to 0.9
OD771404	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9
QD77MS4	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	2.7 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	0 to 0.9
QD77MS16	0.88	0.3 to 1.4	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9
QU//IVIS 16	1.77	0.3 to 1.4	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8

• The t1 timing time could be delayed depending on the operating conditions of the other axis.

### [QD77MS4 operation example] Positioning start signal [Y10, Y11, Y12, Y13] BUSY signal [XC, XD, XE, XF] M code ON signal (WITH mode) [X4, X5, X6, X7] t2 Cd. 7 M code OFF request Start complete signal [X10, X11, X12, X13] Md. 26 Axis operation status Standby Position control Standby Positioning operation t5 Positioning complete signal [X14, X15, X16, X17] t6 M code ON signal (AFTER mode) [X4, X5, X6, X7] t2 Cd. 7 M code OFF request OPR complete flag (Md. 31 Status: b4) (Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of QD77MS16.

### ■ Position control operation timing and process time

Fig. 6.10 Position control operation timing and process time

When the positioning start signal turns ON, if the "positioning complete signal" or "OPR complete flag" are already ON, the "positioning complete signal" or "OPR complete flag" will turn OFF when the positioning start signal turns ON.

Normal timing time Unit: [ms]

	Operation cycle	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
QD77MS2	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	Follows parameters
QD//IVIS2	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	2.5 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	Follows parameters
QD77MS4	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	Follows parameters
QD//IVIS4	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	2.5 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	Follows parameters
QD77MS16	0.88	0.3 to 1.4	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	Follows parameters
QD//IVIS 16	1.77	0.3 to 1.4	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	Follows parameters

 The t1 timing time could be delayed depending on the operating conditions of the other axis.

### [2] Starting by inputting external command signal

When starting positioning control by inputting the external command signal, the start command can be directly input into the Simple Motion module. This allows the variation time equivalent to one scan time of the PLC CPU to be eliminated. This is an effective procedure when operation is to be started as quickly as possible with the start command or when the starting variation time is to be suppressed. To start positioning control by inputting the external command signal, set the "data required to be set" and then turn ON the external command signal.

#### Restrictions

When starting by inputting the external command signal, the start complete signal will not turn ON.

### Data required to be set

To execute positioning start with the external command signal, set parameter ([Pr.42]) beforehand, and validate the "external command signal" with the "external command signal validity setting program (program No.5).

		0.411		Buffer memory address			
	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16		
[Pr.42]	External command function selection	0	Set to "0: External positioning start".	62+	150n		
[Cd.8]	External command valid	1	Set to "1: Validate external command".	1505+100n	4305+100n		

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Set the external command signal (DI) in "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" at QD77MS16 use. Refer to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control" for details on the setting details.

### Starting time chart

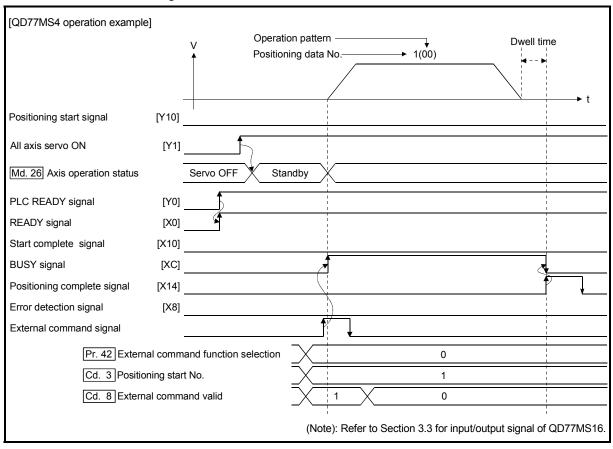


Fig. 6.11 Time chart for starting with external start signal

### 6.5.4 Continuous operation interrupt program

During positioning control, the control can be interrupted during continuous positioning control and continuous path control (continuous operation interrupt function). When "continuous operation interruption" is execution, the control will stop when the operation of the positioning data being executed ends. To execute continuous operation interruption, set "1: Continuous operation interrupt request" for "[Cd.18] Interrupt request during continuous operation".

### [1] Operation during continuous operation interruption

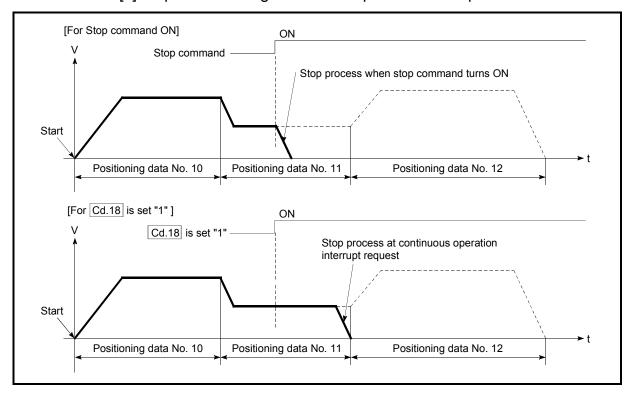


Fig. 6.12 Operation during continuous operation interruption

#### [2] Restrictions

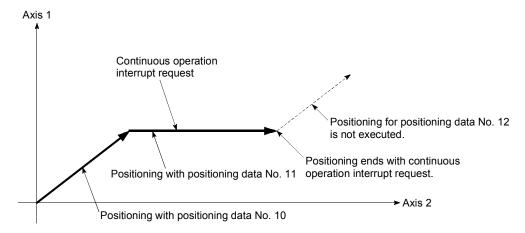
(1) When the "continuous operation interrupt request" is executed, the positioning will end.

Thus, after stopping, the operation cannot be "restarted".

When "[Cd.6] Restart command" is issued, the warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur.

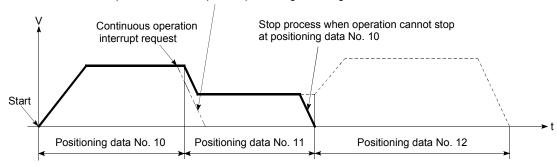
(2) Even if the stop command is turned ON after executing the "continuous operation interrupt request", the "continuous operation interrupt request" cannot be canceled.

Thus, if "restart" is executed after stopping by turning the stop command ON, the operation will stop when the positioning data No. where "continuous operation interrupt request" was executed is completed.



- (3) If the operation cannot be decelerated to a stop because the remaining distance is insufficient when "continuous operation interrupt request" is executed with continuous path control, the interruption of the continuous operation will be postponed until the positioning data shown below.
  - Positioning data No. have sufficient remaining distance
  - Positioning data No. for positioning complete (pattern: 00)
  - Positioning data No. for continuous positioning control (pattern: 01)

Even when the continuous operation interrupt is requested, the remaining distance is insufficient, and thus, the operation cannot stop at the positioning No. being executed.



(4) When operation is not performed (BUSY signal is OFF), the interrupt request during continuous operation is not accepted. It is cleared to 0 at a start or restart.

# [3] Control data requiring settingsSet the following data to interrupt continuous operation.

		o		Buffer memory address			
	Setting item Setting value		Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16		
[0	Cd.18] Interrupt request during continuous operation		Set "1: Interrupt request during continuous operation".	1520+100n	4320+100n		

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

### 6.5.5 Restart program

When a stop factor occurs during position control and the operation stops, the positioning can be restarted from the stopped position to the position control end point by using the "restart command" ([Cd.6] Restart command).

("Restarting" is not possible when "continuous operation is interrupted.")

This instruction is efficient when performing the remaining positioning from the stopped position in the positioning control of incremental method such as INC linear 1. (Calculation of remaining distance is not required.)

### [1] Restart operation

After a deceleration stop by the stop command is completed, write "1: Restarts" to the "[Cd.6] Restart command" with "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is "stopped" and the positioning restarts.

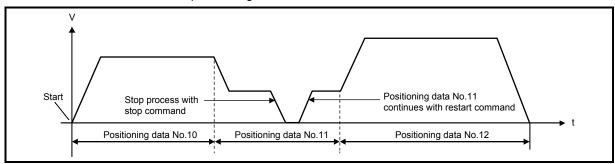


Fig. 6.13 Restart operation

### [2] Restrictions

- (1) Restarting can be executed only when the "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is "stopped (the deceleration stop by stop command is completed)". If the axis operation is not "stopped", restarting is not possible. In this case, the warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur, and the process at that time will be continued.
- (2) Do not execute restart while the stop command is ON. If restart is executed while stopped, the error "Stop signal ON at start" (error code: 106) will occur, and the "[Md.26] Axis operation status" will change to "Error".
  - Thus, even if the error is reset, the operation cannot be restarted.
- (3) Restarting can be executed even while the positioning start signal is ON. However, make sure that the positioning start signal does not change from OFF to ON while stopped.
- (4) If the positioning start signal is changed from OFF to ON while "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is "stopped", the normal positioning (the positioning data set in "[Cd.3] Positioning start No.") is started.
- (5) If positioning is ended with the continuous operation interrupt request, the operation cannot be restarted. If restart is requested, the warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur.

- (6) When stopped with interpolation operation, write "1: Restarts" into "[Cd.6] Restart command" for the reference axis, and then restart.
- (7) If the PLC READY signal is changed from OFF to ON while stopped, restarting is not possible.
  - If restart is requested, the warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur.
- (8) When the machine OPR and fast OPR is stopped, the error "OPR restart not possible" (error code: 209) will occur and the positioning cannot restarts.
- (9) If any of reference partner axes executes the positioning operation once after interpolation operation stop, the warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur, and the positioning cannot restarts.

### [3] Control data requiring setting

Set the following data to execute restart.

		o		Buffer memory address			
	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16		
				QD77MS4	QD171VIS10		
[Cd.6]	Restart command	1	Set "1: Restarts".	1503+100n	4303+100n		

n: Axis No.-1

### [4] Starting conditions

The following conditions must be satisfied when restarting. (Assemble the required conditions into the sequence program as an interlock.)

- (1) Operation state
  - "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is "1: Stopped".

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

### (2) Signal state

					Device			
	Signal name		Signal state	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16			
	PLC READY signal	ON	PLC CPU preparation completed	Y0				
	READY signal	ON	QD77MS preparation completed		X0			
	All axis servo ON	ON	All axis servo ON		Y1			
Interface	Synchronization flag *	ON	QD77MS buffer memory Accessible	X1				
signal	Axis stop signal	OFF	Axis stop signal is OFF	Y4 to Y7	[Cd.180] Axis stop			
	M code ON signal	OFF	M code ON signal is OFF	X4 to X7	[Md.31] Status: b12			
	Error detection signal	OFF	There is no error	X8 to XB	[Md.31] Status: b13			
	BUSY signal	OFF	BUSY signal is OFF	XC to XF	X10 to X1F			
	Start complete signal	OFF	Start complete signal is OFF	X10 to X13	[Md.31] Status: b14			
	Forced stop input signal	ON	There is no forced stop input		_			
External	Stop signal	OFF	Stop signal is OFF		-			
signal	Upper limit (FLS)	ON	Within limit range		_			
	Lower limit (RLS)	ON	Within limit range					

<sup>\*:</sup> When the synchronous setting of the PLC CPU is made in the nonsynchronous mode, this must be provided as an interlock.

When it is made in the synchronous mode, no interlock must be provided in the program because the flag is turned ON when calculation is run on the PLC CPU.

### [5] Time chart for restarting

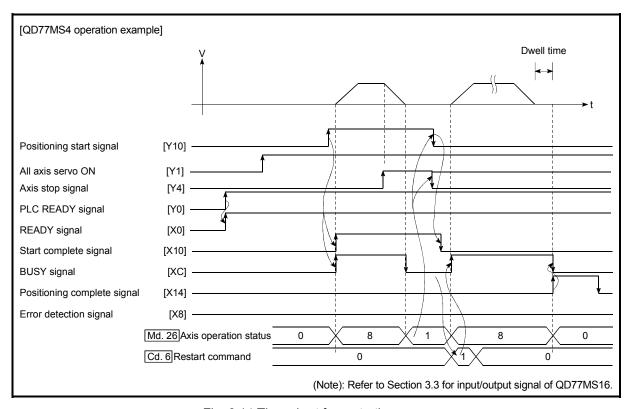


Fig. 6.14 Time chart for restarting

### 6.5.6 Stop program

The axis stop signal or stop signal from external input signal is used to stop the control. Create a program to turn ON the axis stop signal as the stop program.

Signal	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Axis stop signal	Y4, Y5	Y4, Y5, Y6, Y7	[Cd.180] Axis stop

Each control is stopped in the following cases.

- (1) When each control is completed normally
- (2) When the Servo READY signal is turned OFF
- (3) When a PLC CPU error occurs
- (4) When the PLC READY signal is turned OFF
- (5) When an error occurs in Simple Motion module
- (6) When control is intentionally stopped (Stop signal from PLC CPU turned ON, "Stop signal" of external input signal turned ON, etc.)

The stop process for the above cases is shown below. (Excluding "(1) When each control is completed normally" above.)

### [1] Stop process

				Axis operation			Stop p	rocess					
		Stop	M code	status after	OPR c	ontrol	Major	High-level	Manı	ual control			
Stop	cause	axis	ON signal after stop	stopping ([Md.26])	Machine OPR control	Fast OPR control	positioning control	positioning control	JOG/ Inching operation	Manual pulse generator operation			
	"Forced stop input signal" OFF from an external device	All axes	No change	Servo OFF									
Forced stop	Servo READY OFF • Servo amplifier power supply OFF	Each		Servo amplifier has not been connected	Servo OFF or free run (The operation stops with dynamic brake)								
	Servo alarm	axis	No change	Error									
	Forced stop input to servo amplifier			Servo OFF									
Fatal stop (Stop group 1)	Hardware stroke limit upper/lower limit error occurrence	Each axis	No change	Error	Deceleration (Select with "[	Deceleration stop							
_	Error occurs in PLC CPU		No change										
Emergency stop (Stop group 2)	PLC READY signal OFF	All axes	Turns OFF	Error	Delegation sto (Select with "[	Deceleration stop							
	Error in test mode		No change										
Relatively safe stop	Axis error detection (Error other than stop group 1 or 2)	Each	No change	Error									
(Stop group 3)	"Stop" input from GX Works2	axis			Deceleration s		Deceleration						
Intentional star	"Axis stop signal" ON from PLC CPU	- Cook		Ctonnod	(Select with "[	stop							
Intentional stop (Stop group 3)	"Stop signal" of external input signal ON	Each axis	No change	Stopped (Standby)									

### [2] Types of stop processes

The operation can be stopped with deceleration stop, sudden stop or immediate stop.

(1) Deceleration stop \*1

The operation stops with "deceleration time 0 to 3" ([Pr.10], [Pr.28], [Pr.29], [Pr.30]).

Which time from "deceleration time 0 to 3" to use for control is set in positioning data ([Da.40]).

(2) Sudden stop

The operation stops with "[Pr.36] Sudden stop deceleration time".

(3) Servo OFF or free run (The operation stops with dynamic brake or electromagnetic brake.)

The operation does not decelerate.

The Simple Motion module immediately stops the command, but the operation will coast for the droop pulses accumulated in the servo amplifier deviation counter.

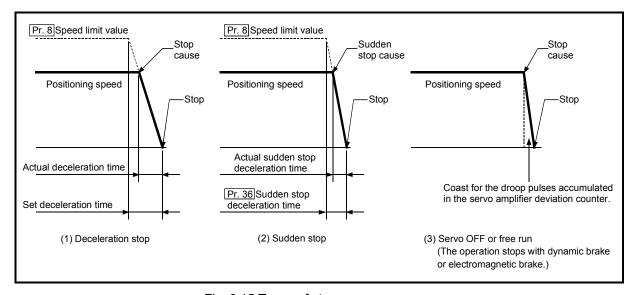


Fig. 6.15 Types of stop processes

### REMARK

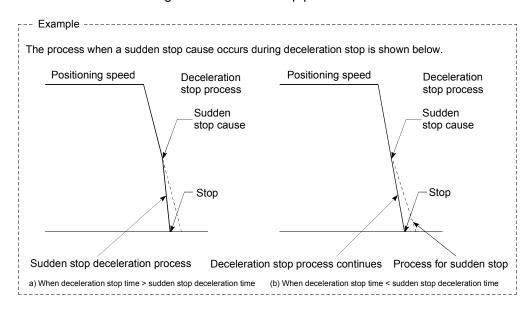
\*1 "Deceleration stop" and "sudden stop" are selected with the detailed parameter 2 "stop group 1 to 3 sudden stop selection". (The default setting is "deceleration stop".)

### [3] Order of priority for stop process

The order of priority for the Simple Motion module stop process is as follows.

Deceleration stop < Sudden stop < Servo OFF

- (1) If the deceleration stop command ON (stop signal ON) or deceleration stop cause occurs during deceleration to speed 0 (including automatic deceleration), operation changes depending on the setting of "[Cd.42] Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection".
  - (a) Manual control Independently of the [Cd.42] setting, a deceleration curve is re-processed from the speed at stop cause occurrence.
  - (b) OPR control, positioning control
    - When [Cd.42] = 0 (deceleration curve re-processing):
       A deceleration curve is re-processed from the speed at stop cause occurrence.
    - When [Cd.42] = 1 (deceleration curve continuation):
       The current deceleration curve is continued after stop cause occurrence.
       (For details, refer to Section 13.7.9 "Stop command processing for deceleration stop function".)
- (2) If the stop signal designated for sudden stop turns ON or a stop cause occurs during deceleration, the sudden stop process will start from that point. However, if the sudden stop deceleration time is longer than the deceleration time, the deceleration stop process will be continued even if a sudden stop cause occurs during the deceleration stop process.



### [4] Inputting the stop signal during deceleration

- (1) Even if stop is input during deceleration (including automatic deceleration), the operation will stop at that deceleration speed.
- (2) If stop is input during deceleration for OPR, the operation will stop at that deceleration speed. If input at the creep speed, the operation will stop immediately.
- (3) If a stop cause, designated for sudden stop, occurs during deceleration, the sudden stop process will start from that point.

  The sudden stop process during deceleration is carried out only when the sudden stop time is shorter than the deceleration stop time.

# Chapter 7 Memory Configuration and Data Process

The memory configuration and data transmission of Simple Motion module are explained in this chapter.

The Simple Motion module is configured of four memories. By understanding the configuration and roles of two memories, the internal data transmission process of Simple Motion module, such as "when the power is turned ON" or "when the PLC READY signal changes from OFF to ON", can be easily understood. This also allows the transmission process to be carried out correctly when saving or changing the data.

7.1	Configu	ration and roles of QD77MS memory	.7-	2
	_	Configuration and roles of QD77MS memory		
		Buffer memory area configuration		
7.2	Data tra	ansmission process	.7-	7

### 7.1 Configuration and roles of QD77MS memory

### 7.1.1 Configuration and roles of QD77MS memory

The Simple Motion module is configured of the following four memories.

							Area	a con	figura	ation							
Model	Memory	Dele						- Positioning data area		, to to you a			Servo parameter area				Backup
	configuration	n Role		Monitor data area	Control data area	(No. 1 to 100)	(No. 101 to 600)	(No.7000 to 7001)	(No.7002 to 7004)	PLC CPU memo area	([Pr.100], PA, PB, PC)	(PA19, PD, PE, PS, PF, Po, PL)	Synchronous control area	Cam area	Bac		
	Buffer memory	Area that can be directly accessed with sequence program with PLC CPU.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ī	Not possible		
	Internal	Area that can be set only with GX Works2.	_	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	Not possible		
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	memory	Area that can be set only using buffer memory.	_	1	ı	ı	İ	ı	ı	1	1	ı	İ	0	Not possible		
	Flash ROM	Area for backing up data required for positioning.	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	-	1	1	* 0	ı	Possible		
	Internal memory (nonvolatile)	Area for backing up servo parameter or cam data.	_	-	_	_	1	_	_	-	0	0	1	0	Possible		
	Buffer memory	Area that can be directly accessed with sequence program with PLC CPU.	0	0	0	0	1	0	-	0	0	-	0	-	Not possible		
	Internal	Area that can be set only with GX Works2.	_	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	ı	ı	Not possible		
QD77MS16	memory	Area that can be set only using buffer memory.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	Not possible		
	Flash ROM	Area for backing up data required for positioning.	0		1	0	0	0	0		_	_	O *	ı	Possible		
	Internal memory (nonvolatile)	Area for backing up servo parameter or cam data.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	_	0	Possible		

<sup>:</sup> Setting and storage area provided

Possible : Data is held even when power is turned OFF. Not possible: Data is lost when power is turned OFF.

<sup>-:</sup> Setting and storage area not provided

<sup>\*:</sup> Parameter only

#### Details of areas

#### · Parameter area

Area where parameters, such as positioning parameters and OPR parameters, required for positioning control are set and stored.

#### · Monitor data area

Area where the operation status of positioning system is stored.

#### · Control data area

Area where data for operating and controlling positioning system is set and stored.

### Positioning data area (No.1 to 600)

Area where positioning data No.1 to 600 is set and stored.

#### • Block start data area (No.7000 to 7004)

Area where information required only when carrying out block No. 7000 to 7004 high-level positioning is set and stored.

#### · PLC CPU memo area

Area where condition judgment values required for special positioning, etc., are set and stored.

#### · Servo parameter area

Area where parameters, such as servo parameters, required for positioning control on servo amplifier are set and stored.

### • Synchronous control area (Note-1)

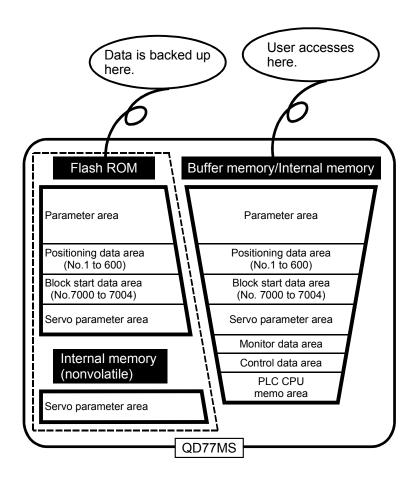
Area where parameters and control data required for synchronous control are set and stored. Also, the operation status of synchronous control is stored.

### • Cam area (Note-1)

Area where cam data, etc., are set and stored. There are cam storage area and cam open area.

(Note-1): Refer to "MELSEC-Q/L QD77MS/QD77GF/LD77MS/LD77MH Simple Motion Module User's Manual (Synchronous Control)" for details of synchronous control area and cam area.

Chapter 7 Memory Configuration and Data Process



### 7.1.2 Buffer memory area configuration

The buffer memory of Simple Motion module is configured of the following types of areas.

Buffer memory area configuration		Buffer memory address		Writing	
		QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16	possibility	
Parameter area	Basic parameter area	0+150n to 15+150n		Possible	
	Detailed parameter area				
	OPR basic parameter area	70+150n to 78+150n			
	OPR detailed parameter area	79+150n to 91+150n			
	Expansion parameter area	100+150n to 149+150n			
	Mark detection setting parameter area	54000+20k to 54019+20k			
	System monitor area	1200 to 1499 31300 to 31549	4000 to 4299 31300 to 31549	Not possible	
Monitor data area	Axis monitor area	800+100n to 899+100n	2400+100n to 2499+100n		
	Mark detection monitor data area	54960+80k to 55039+80k		1	
	System control data area	1900 to 1999	5900 to 5999		
	Axis control data area	1500+100n to 1599+100n	4300+100n to 4399+100n		
Control data area	Expansion axis control data area		30100+10n to 30109+10n		
	Mark detection control data area	54640+10k to 54649+10k		1	
Positioning data area (No.1 to 100)		2000+6000n to 2999+6000n	6000+1000n to 6999+1000n		
Positioning data area (No.101 to 600)	Positioning data area	3000+6000n to 7999+6000n	Set with GX Works2		
	Block start data area	26000+1000n to 26049+1000n	22000+400n to 22049+400n		
Block start data area (No.7000)		26050+1000n to 26099+1000n	22050+400n to 22099+400n		
	Condition data area	26100+1000n to 26199+1000n	22100+400n to 22199+400n		
Block start data area (No.7001)	Block start data area	26200+1000n to 26249+1000n	22200+400n to 22249+400n	Possible	
		26250+1000n to 26299+1000n	22250+400n to 22299+400n		
	Condition data area	26300+1000n to 26399+1000n	22300+400n to 22399+400n	1	
Block start data area (No.7002)	Block start data area	26400+1000n to 26449+1000n			
		26450+1000n to 26499+1000n			
	Condition data area	26500+1000n to 26599+1000n			
Block start data area (No.7003)	Block start data area	26600+1000n to 26649+1000n			
		26650+1000n to 26699+1000n	Set with GX Works2		
	Condition data area	26700+1000n to 26799+1000n	9+1000n		
Block start data area (No.7004)	Block start data area	26800+1000n to 26849+1000n			
	BIOON Start data alea	26850+1000n to 26899+1000n			
	Condition data area	26900+1000n to 26999+1000n	•		
PLC CPU memo area	PLC CPU memo area 30000 to 30099				

Buffer memory area configuration			Buffer memory address		Writing
			QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16	possibility
Servo parameter area	Servo series		30100+200n	28400+100n	
	PA group	PA01 to PA18	30101+200n to 30118+200n	28401+100n to 28418+100n	-
		PA19	30932+50n	Set with GX Works2	
		PA20 to PA32	64400+250n to 64412+250n	64400+70n to 64412+70n	
	DD		30119+200n to 30163+200n	28419+100n to 28463+100n	
	PB group		64413+250n to 64431+250n	64413+70n to 64431+70n	Possible
	PC group		30164+200n to 30195+200n	28464+100n to 28495+100n	
			64432+250n to 64463+250n	64432+70n to 64463+70n	
	PD group		30196+200n to 30227+200n	Set with GX Works2	
			64464+250n to 64479+250n		
	PE group PS group		30228+200n to 30267+200n		
			64480+250n to 64503+250n		
			30268+200n to 30299+200n		
	DE group	30900+50n to 30915+50n			
	PF group		64504+250n to 64535+250n		
	Po group		30916+50n to 30931+50n		
			64536+250n to 64551+250n		
	PL group		64552+250n to 64599+250n		
Synchronous control area	Servo input axis parameter		32800+10n to 32805+10n		Possible
	Servo input ax	is monitor data	33120+10n to 33127+10n		Not possible
	Synchronous encoder axis parameter		34720+20j to 34735+20j		Possible
	data				. 0001010
	Synchronous monitor data	encoder axis	35200+20j to 35212+20j		Not possible
		control system			<u> </u>
	control data		36320, 36322		Possible
	Synchronous	parameter	36400+200n to 36513+200n		Possible
	Synchronous	control monitor data	42800+40n to 42835+40n		Not possible
	Control data for	or synchronous	44080+20n to 44090+20n		Possible
	control				
	Cam operation	n control data	45000 to 53791		Possible
	Cam operation	n monitor data	53800 to 53801		Not possible

n: Axis No.-1

### **POINT**

When the parameter of the servo amplifier side is changed by the following method, the Simple Motion module reads parameters automatically, and the data is transmitted to the servo parameter area in the buffer memory/internal memory and internal memory (nonvolatile).

- (1) When changing the servo parameters by the auto tuning.
- (2) When the servo parameter is changing after the MR Configurator2 is connected directly with the servo amplifier.

k: Mark detection setting No.-1

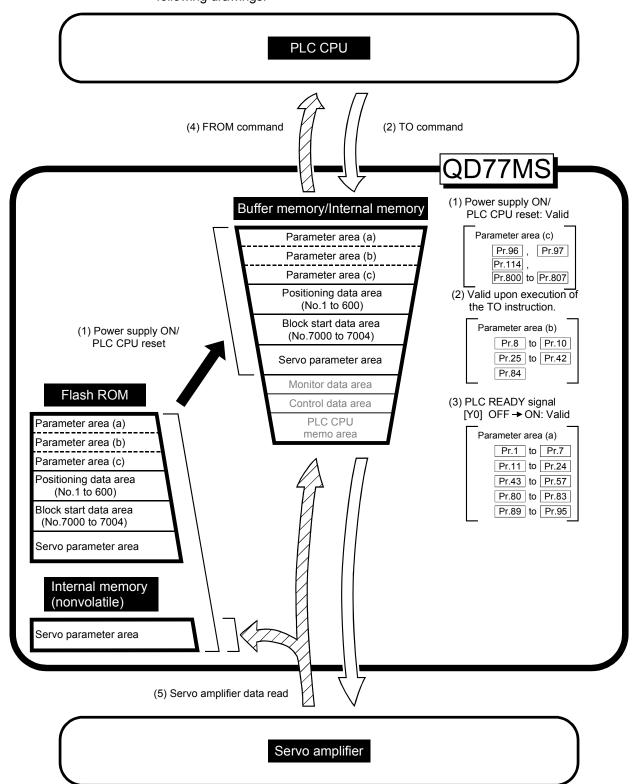
j: Synchronous encoder axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Use of address Nos. skipped above is prohibited. If used, the system may not operate correctly.

### 7.2 Data transmission process

The data is transmitted between the memories of Simple Motion module with steps (1) to (10) shown below.

\*: The data transmission patterns correspond to the numbers (1) to (10) in the following drawings.



# (1) Transmitting data when power is turned ON or PLC CPU is reset

When the power is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset, the "parameters area (c)\*1", "positioning data", "block start data" and "servo parameter" stored (backed up) in the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) are transmitted to the buffer memory and internal memory.

The value stored in the flash ROM is valid for "[Pr.96] Operation cycle setting".

\*1: Parameter area (c)..... Parameters validated with power supply ON/ PLC CPU reset.

([Pr.96], [Pr.97], [Pr.114], [Pr.800] to [Pr.807])

### (2) Transmitting data with TO command from PLC CPU ( )

The parameters or data is written from the PLC CPU to the buffer memory using the TO command  $^{*2}$ . At this time, when the "parameter area (b)  $^{*3}$ ", "positioning data", "block start data", "control data" and "PLC CPU memo area" are written into the buffer memory with the TO command, it is simultaneously valid.

- \*2: "Servo parameter (PA19, PD, PE, PS, PF, Po, PL)", "Positioning data (No.101 to 600)" and "Block start data (No.7002 to 7004)" can be set with only GX Works2 in QD77MS16.
- \*3: Parameter area (b) ..... Parameters validated with next each positioning control is started.

([Pr.8] to [Pr.10], [Pr.25] to [Pr.42], [Pr.84])

#### **POINT**

When a value other than "0" has been set to the servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series" inside the internal memory (nonvolatile), the power is turned ON or PLC CPU is reset to transmit the servo parameter inside the internal memory (nonvolatile) to the servo amplifier (servo amplifier LED indicates "b\(\mathbb{\Pm}\)"). After that, the TO instruction writes the servo parameter from the PLC CPU to the buffer memory so that the servo parameter in the buffer memory is not transmitted to the servo amplifier even if the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF then ON. Change the servo parameter with the above method, after setting the servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series" inside the internal memory (nonvolatile), to "0".

# (3) Validate parameters when PLC READY signal [Y0] changes from OFF to ON

When the PLC READY signal [Y0] changes from OFF to ON, the data stored in the buffer memory's "parameter area (a)  $^{*4}$ " is validated.

\*4: Parameter area (a) .... Parameters validated when PLC READY signal [Y0] changes from OFF to ON.

([Pr.1] to [Pr.7], [Pr.11] to [Pr.24], [Pr.43] to [Pr.57], [Pr.80] to [Pr.83], [Pr.89] to [Pr.95])

### **POINT**

The setting values of the parameters that correspond to parameter area (b) are valid when written into the buffer memory with the TO command.

However, the setting values of the parameters that correspond to parameter area (a) are not validated until the PLC READY signal [Y0] changes from OFF to ON.

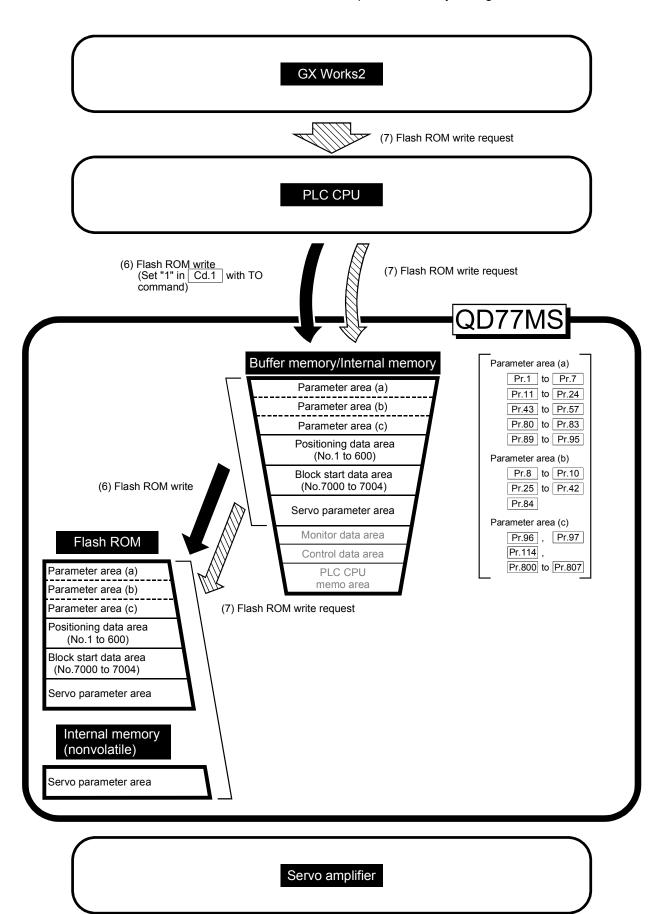
### (4) Accessing with FROM command from PLC CPU ( )

The data is read from the buffer memory to the PLC CPU using the FROM command  $^{*5}$ .

\*5: "Servo parameter (PA19, PD, PE, PS, PF, Po, PL)", "Positioning data (No.101 to 600)" and "Block start data (No.7002 to 7004)" can be read with only GX Works2 in QD77MS16.

### (5) Reading the servo parameter from the servo amplifier (

When the parameter of the servo amplifier is changed, the servo parameter is read automatically from the servo amplifier to the buffer memory/internal memory and internal memory (nonvolatile).



### (6) Writing the flash ROM by a PLC CPU request (



The following transmission process is carried out by setting "1" in "[Cd.1] Flash ROM write request".

1) The "parameters", "positioning data (No. 1 to 600)", "block start data (No. 7000 to 7004)" and "servo parameter" in the buffer memory/internal memory area are transmitted to the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile). The writing to the flash ROM may also be carried out using a dedicated instruction "ZP.PFWRT". (Refer to Chapter 15 "Dedicated Instructions" for details.)

### (7) Writing the flash ROM by a GX Works2 request ( )



The following transmission processes are carried out with the [flash ROM write request] from the GX Works2.

1) The "parameters", "positioning data (No. 1 to 600)", "block start data (No. 7000 to 7004)" and "servo parameter" in the buffer memory/internal memory area are transmitted to the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile).

Note) This transmission process is the same as (6) above.

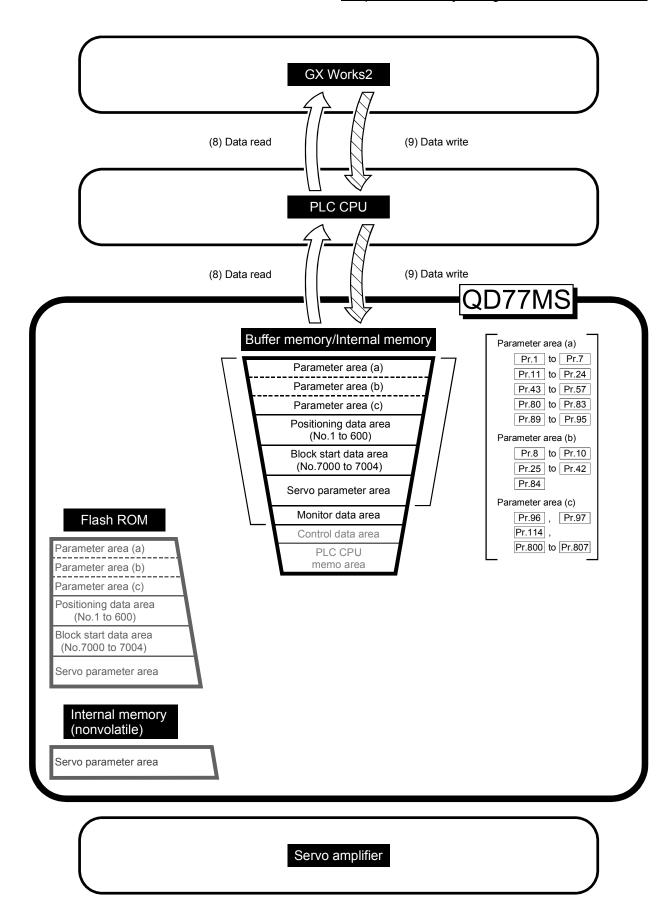
### **IMPORTANT**

- (1) Do not turn the power OFF or reset the PLC CPU while writing to the flash ROM. If the power is turned OFF or the PLC CPU is reset to forcibly end the process, the data backed up in the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) will
- (2) Do not write the data to the buffer memory/internal memory before writing to the flash ROM is completed.
- (3) The number of writes to the flash ROM with the sequence program is 25 max. while the power is turned ON.

Writing to the flash ROM beyond 25 times will cause the error "Flash ROM write number error" (error code: 805).

Refer to Section 16.4 "List of errors" for details.

(4) Monitoring is the number of writes to the flash ROM after power supply ON by the "[Md.19] Number of write accesses to flash ROM".



(8) Reading data from buffer memory/internal memory to GX Works2 ( )

The following transmission processes are carried out with the [Read from module (Read from QD77MS)] from the GX Works2.

1) The "parameters", "positioning data (No. 1 to 600)", "block start data (No. 7000 to 7004)" and "servo parameter" in the buffer memory/internal memory area are transmitted to the GX Works2 via the PLC CPU.

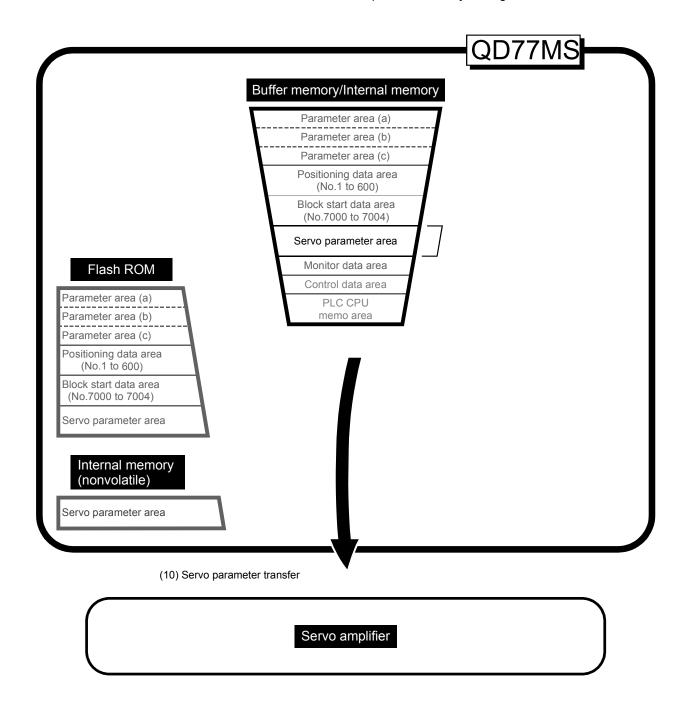
The following transmission processes are carried out with the [monitor] from the GX Works2.

- 2) The "monitor data" in the buffer memory area is transmitted to the GX Works2 via the PLC CPU.
- (9) Writing data from GX Works2 to buffer memory/internal memory (

The following transmission processes are carried out with the [Write to module (Write to QD77MS)] from the GX Works2.

1) The "parameters", "positioning data (No. 1 to 600)", "block start data (No. 7000 to 7004)" and "servo parameter" in the GX Works2 are transmitted to the buffer memory/internal memory via the PLC CPU.

At this time, when [Flash ROM automatic write] is set with the GX Works2, the transmission processes indicated with "(7) Flash ROM write" are carried out.



# (10) Transmitting servo parameter from the buffer memory/internal memory area to servo amplifier (

The servo parameter in the buffer memory/internal memory area is transmitted to the servo amplifier by the following timing.

- The servo parameter is transmitted to the servo amplifier when communications with servo amplifier start.
   The "expansion parameter" and "servo parameter" in the buffer memory area is transmitted to the servo amplifier.
- 2) The following servo parameter in the buffer memory area are transmitted to the internal memory (nonvolatile) and servo amplifier when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON.
  - "Auto tuning mode (PA08)"
  - "Auto tuning response (PA09)"
  - "Feed forward gain (PB04)"
  - "Load to motor inertia ratio/load to motor mass ratio (PB06)"
  - "Model loop gain (PB07)"
  - "Position loop gain (PB08)"
  - "Speed loop gain (PB09)"
  - "Speed integral compensation (PB10)"
  - "Speed differential compensation (PB11)"

### **POINT**

When the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON, the error "SSCNET communication error" (error code: 1205) occurs, "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" is changed by sequence program or the GX Works2 after the servo parameter is transmitted to servo amplifier (LED of the servo amplifier is indicated  $b\Box$ ,  $C\Box$ , or  $d\Box$ ).

When "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" is changed, transmit the servo parameter to servo amplifier.

#### ■ About the communication start with servo amplifier

Communication with servo amplifier is valid when following condition is realized together.

- 1) The power of Simple Motion module and servo amplifier is turned ON.
- 2) When the servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series" inside the buffer memory area is set to the value other than "0" in Simple Motion module.

When the power is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset, the data stored in the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) is transmitted to the buffer memory/internal memory.

Therefore the servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series" inside the internal memory (nonvolatile) is stored to the value other than "0", and communication with servo amplifier is started when the power is turn ON in order of the servo amplifier, Simple Motion module.

After the servo parameter stored in the internal memory (nonvolatile) is transmitted to the servo amplifier.

■ How to transfer the servo parameter setup from sequence program/GX Works2 to the servo amplifier

The servo series of servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series" inside the internal memory (nonvolatile) set to "0". (Initial value: "0")

The setting value of the parameters that correspond to the servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series" inside the internal memory (nonvolatile) becomes valid when the power is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset, after the communication with servo amplifier is not started.

However, the PLC READY signal [Y0] is changed from OFF to ON after setting the servo parameters ("[Pr.100] Servo series": except for 0) with sequence program/GX Woroks2 the communication with servo amplifier starts.

■ How to transfer the servo parameter which wrote it in the internal memory (nonvolatile) to servo amplifier

Flash ROM writing carried out after the servo parameter is set up in the buffer memory/internal memory.

After that, when the power is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset, the servo parameters stored in the internal memory (nonvolatile) is transmitted to the buffer memory/internal memory.

When the servo parameter is written in the internal memory (nonvolatile), it is unnecessary to use a setup from the sequence program/GX Works2.

Servo parameter of the buffer memory/internal memory

The followings show details about the operation timing and details at transmitting the servo parameter of the buffer memory/internal memory.

### **POINT**

- (1) When the servo parameter is written in the internal memory (nonvolatile), it is unnecessary to use a setup from the sequence program/GX Works2.
- (2) Axis connection time varies depending on the number of axes and the servo amplifier's power supply ON timing. And, time when "20: Servo amplifier has not been connected/servo amplifier power OFF" is set in "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is also varies.

- (1) When the servo amplifier's power supply is turned ON before the system's power supply ON.
  - (a) When the servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series" ≠ "0" is stored in the internal memory (nonvolatile).

Communication start timing to the servo amplifier: Initialization completion

(Fig. 7.1 (A))

Transfer the servo parameter : The data stored (backed

up) in the internal memory (nonvolatile).

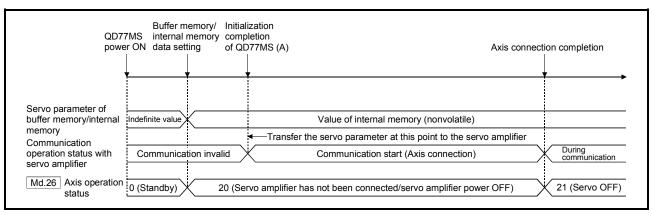


Fig. 7.1 When the servo amplifier had started before the system's power supply ON (The servo series of internal memory (nonvolatile) is set.)

(b) When the servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series" = "0" is stored in the internal memory (nonvolatile).

Communication start timing to the servo amplifier: The data written from

sequence program before the PLC READY signal [Y0] ON (Fig. 7.2

(B)).

Transfer the servo parameter : The data written from

sequence program/ GX Works2 before the PLC READY signal [Y0]

ON (Fig. 7.2 (A)).

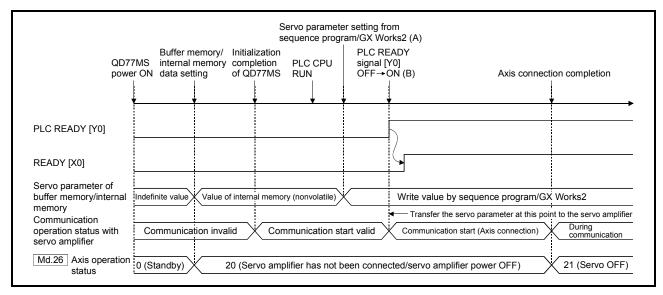


Fig. 7.2 When the servo amplifier had started before the system's power supply ON (The servo series of internal memory (nonvolatile) is not set.)

(2) When the servo amplifier's power supply is turned ON after the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF to ON (Fig. 7.3 (C)).

Communication start timing to the servo amplifier: When the servo amplifier had started (Fig. 7.3 (B)).

Transfer the servo parameter

nad started (Fig. 7.3 (B)): The data written from sequence program/
GX Works2 before the PLC READY signal [Y0]
ON (Fig. 7.3 (A)).

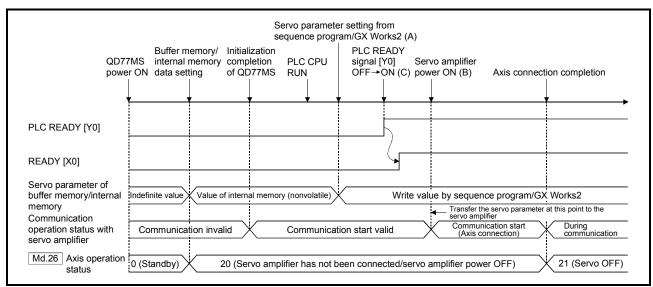


Fig. 7.3 When the servo amplifier had started after the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF to ON

### ■ How to change individually the servo parameter after transfer of servo parameter

The servo parameters can be individually changed from Simple Motion module with the following axis control data.

_				
Setting item			Buffer memory address	
		Setting details	QD77MS2	OD77M040
			QD77MS4	QD77MS16
		Set the write request of servo parameter.		
	Parameter write request	Set "1" or "2" after setting "[Cd.131]		
		Parameter No." and "[Cd.132] Change		
[Cd.130]		data".	1554+100n	4354+100n
		1 : 1 word write request		
		2 : 2 words write request		
		Other than 1 and 2 : Not request		
[Cd.131]	Parameter No.	Set the servo parameter to be changed.	1555+100n	4355+100n
[04 122]	01 11	Set the change value of servo parameter	1556+100n	4356+100n
[Cd.132]	Change data	set in "[Cd.131] Parameter No.".	1557+100n	4357+100n

n: Axis No.-1

### **POINT**

- (1) Both of the servo parameter area (internal memory (nonvolatile) and buffer memory/internal memory) of Simple Motion module and the parameter of servo amplifier are changed.
- (2) When the servo parameters that become valid by turning ON the servo amplifier's power supply are changed, be sure to turn ON (Note) twice the servo amplifier's power supply after change.

(Note): The servo amplifier's RAM data are changed by parameter setting, but the servo amplifier's EEPROM data are not changed. The EEPROM data before the change are overwritten to RAM by the servo amplifier's power supply ON again, and then the servo amplifier starts.

After that, the changed data are written to the servo amplifier's EEPROM in an initial communication with Simple Motion module.

Therefore, the changed data are overwritten to the RAM data by turning the servo amplifier's power supply ON again.

MEMO			

# Section 2 Control Details and Setting

Section 2 is configured for the following purposes shown in (1) to (3).

- (1) Understanding of the operation and restrictions of each control.
- (2) Carrying out the required settings in each control
- (3) Dealing with errors

The required settings in each control include parameter setting, positioning data setting, control data setting by a sequence program, etc.

Carry out these settings while referring to "Chapter 5 Data Used for Positioning Control". Also refer to "Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control" when creating the sequence programs required in each control, and consider the entire control program configuration when creating each program.

Chapter 8	OPR Control	8- 1 to 8- 20
Chapter 9	Major Positioning Control	9- 1 to 9-134
Chapter 10	High-Level Positioning Control	10-1 to 10- 30
Chapter 11	Manual Control	11-1 to 11- 32
Chapter 12	Expansion Control	12-1 to 12- 34
Chapter 13	Control Sub Functions	13-1 to 13-108
Chapter 14	Common Functions	14-1 to 14- 66
Chapter 15	Dedicated Instructions	15-1 to 15- 18
Chapter 16	Troubleshooting	16-1 to 16- 66

# **MEMO**

# Chapter 8 OPR Control

The details and usage of "OPR control" are explained in this chapter.

OPR control includes "machine OPR" that establish a machine OP without using address data, and "fast OPR" that store the coordinates established by the machine OPR, and carry out positioning to that position.

OPR carried out by sequence programs from the PLC CPU are explained in this chapter. Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details on OPR using the GX Works2.

8.1	Outline	of OPR control	8- 2
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8.2	Machin	e OPR	8- 5
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### 8.1 Outline of OPR control

### 8.1.1 Two types of OPR control

In "OPR control", a position is established as the starting point (or "OP") when carrying out positioning control, and positioning is carried out toward that starting point. It is used to return a machine system at any position other than the OP to the OP when the Simple Motion module issues an "OPR request" (Note-1) with the power turned ON or others, or after a positioning stop.

In the Simple Motion module, the following two control types are defined as "OPR control", following the flow of the OPR work.

These two types of OPR control can be executed by setting the "OPR parameters", setting "Positioning start No. 9001" and "positioning start No. 9002" prepared beforehand in the Simple Motion module to "[Cd.3] Positioning start No.", and turning ON the positioning start signal.

The ZP.PSTRT start numbers of the dedicated instruction can also be set to 9001 or 9002 to execute the OPR control. (For details, refer to Chapter 15 "Dedicated Instructions".)

- (1) Establish a positioning control OP
  - "Machine OPR" (positioning start No. 9001)
- (2) Carry out positioning toward the OP
  - "Fast OPR" (positioning start No. 9002).

The "machine OPR" above must be carried out in advance to execute the "fast OPR".

# **⚠**CAUTION

- When using the absolute position system function, on starting up, and when the controller or absolute value motor has been replaced, always perform an OPR.
  - In the case of the absolute position system, use the sequence program to check the OPR request before performing the positioning control.
  - Failure to observe this could lead to an accident such as a collision.

# REMARK

OPR request (Note-1)

The "OPR request flag" ([Md.31] Status: b3) must be turned ON in the Simple Motion module, and a machine OPR must be executed in the following cases.

- (1) When not using an absolute position system
  - (a) This flag turns on in the following cases:
    - · System's power supply on or reset
    - · Servo amplifier power supply on
    - Machine OPR start
       (Unless a machine OPR is completed normally, the OPR request flag does not turn off.)
  - (b) This flag turns off by the completion of machine OPR.
- (2) When using an absolute position system
  - (a) This flag turns on in the following cases:
    - When not executing a machine OPR even once after the system starts.
    - Machine OPR start (Unless a machine OPR is completed normally, the OPR request flag does not turn off.)
    - Erase of an absolute position data in the Simple Motion module according to causes, such as battery error (the error "OPR data incorrect" (error code: 1201) occurrence)
    - The servo alarm "Absolute position erased" (alarm No.: 25) occurs.
       ([Md.108] Servo status (high-order buffer memory address) b14 ON)
    - The servo warning "Absolute position counter warning" (warning No.: E3) occurs.

([Md.108] Servo status (high-order buffer memory address) b14 ON)

	Buffer memory address (high-order)		
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Md.108] Servo status: b14	877+100n	2477+100n	

n: Axis No.-1

- When the "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" of servo parameter is changed.
- (b) This flag turns off by the completion of the machine OPR.

The address information stored in the Simple Motion module cannot be guaranteed while the "OPR request flag" is ON.

The "OPR request flag" turns OFF and the "OPR complete flag" ([Md.31] Status: b4) turns ON if the machine OPR is executed and is completed normally.

### ■ Wiring the near-point dog

The "external input signal of QD77MS", "external input signal of the servo amplifier" or "buffer memory of QD77MS" can be selected by "[Pr.80] External input signal selection" as the near-point dog.

When the "buffer memory of QD77MS" is selected, the wiring differs according to the Input module used. As for the 24VDC power supply, the direction of current can be switched.

\*: When "external input signal of the servo amplifier" is set in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection" at MR-JE-B use, any errors or warnings do not occur. However, the external input signal (upper/lower limit signal, near-point dog signal) cannot be operated.

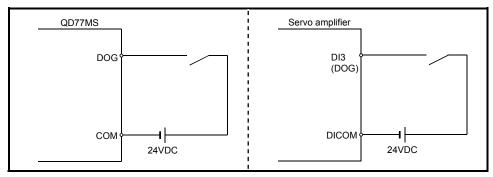


Fig. 8.1 Wiring when using the near-point dog

### OPR sub functions

Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of QD77MS main functions and sub functions" for details on "sub functions" that can be combined with OPR control. Also refer to Chapter 13 "Control Sub Functions" for details on each sub function.

### [Remarks]

The following two sub functions are only related to machine OPR.

Sub function name	Machine OPR	Fast OPR	Reference
OPR retry function	Δ	×	Section 13.2.1
OP shift function	0	×	Section 13.2.2

○ : Combination possible, △: Restricted, ×: Combination not possible

### ■ When an OPR is not required

Control can be carried out ignoring the "OPR request flag" ([Md.31] Status: b3) in systems that do not require an OPR.

In this case, the "OPR parameters ([Pr.43] to [Pr.57])" must all be set to their initial values or a value at which an error does not occur.

### OPR from GX Works2

"Machine OPR" and "fast OPR" can be executed from the test function of the GX Works2.

Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details on OPR from the GX Works2.

### 8.2 Machine OPR

### 8.2.1 Outline of the machine OPR operation

### Important

Use the OPR retry function when the OP position is not always in the same direction from the workpiece operation area (when the OP is not set near the upper or lower limit of the machine).

The machine OPR may not complete unless the OPR retry function is used.

### ■ Machine OPR operation

In a machine OPR, OP is established.

None of the address information stored in the Simple Motion module, PLC CPU, or servo amplifier is used at this time. The position mechanically established after the machine OPR is regarded as the "OP" to be the starting point for positioning control.

The method for establishing an "OP" by a machine OPR differs according to the method set in "[Pr.43] OPR method".

The following shows the operation when starting a machine OPR.

1)	The "machine OPR" is started.
2)	The operation starts according to the speed and direction set in the OPR parameters ([Pr.43] to [Pr.57]).
3)	The "OP" is established by the method set in "[Pr.43] OPR method", and the machine stops. (Refer to Sections 8.2.2 to 8.2.7)
4)	If "a" is set as "[Pr.45] OP address", "a" will be stored as the current position in the "[Md.20] Current feed value" and "[Md.21] Machine feed value" which are monitoring the position.
5)	The machine OPR is completed.

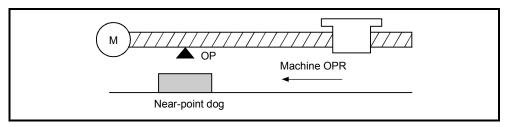


Fig. 8.2 Example of a machine OPR

### 8.2.2 Machine OPR method

The method by which the machine OP is established (method for judging the OP position and machine OPR completion) is designated in the machine OPR according to the configuration and application of the positioning method.

The following table shows the methods that can be used for this OPR method. (The OPR method is one of the items set in the OPR parameters. It is set in "[Pr.43] OPR method" of the basic parameters for OPR.)

[Pr.43] OPR method	Operation details
	Deceleration starts by the OFF $\rightarrow$ ON of the near-point dog. (Speed is reduced to "[Pr.47] Creep speed".)
Near-point dog method	The operation stops once after the near-point dog turns ON and then OFF. Later the operation restarts and then stops at the first zero signal to complete the OPR.
	The deceleration starts by the OFF $\rightarrow$ ON of the near-point dog, and the machine moves at the "[Pr.47] Creep speed".
Count method 1)	The machine stops once after moving the distance set in the "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" from the OFF → ON position. Later the operation restarts and then stops at the first zero point to complete the machine OPR.
Count method 2)	The deceleration starts by the OFF $\rightarrow$ ON of the near-point dog, and the machine moves at the "[Pr.47] Creep speed.  The machine moves the distance set in the "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" from the near-point dog OFF $\rightarrow$ ON position, and stops at that position. The machine OPR is then regarded as completed.
Data set method	The position where the machine OPR has been performed becomes an OP.  The current feed value and feed machine value are overwritten to the OP address.
Scale origin signal detection method	The machine moves in the opposite direction against of "[Pr.44] OPR direction" at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" by the OFF $\rightarrow$ ON of the near-point dog, and a deceleration stop is carried out once at the first zero signal. Later the operation moves in direction of "[Pr.44] OPR direction" at the "[Pr.47] Creep speed", and then stops at the detected nearest zero point to complete the machine OPR.

# REMARK

### Creep speed

The stopping accuracy is poor when the machine suddenly stops from fast speeds. To improve the machine's stopping accuracy, it is required to slow down the speed before it stops. This speed is set in the "[Pr.47] Creep speed".

The following shows the signals as required for machine OPR.

ID- 401 ODD weatherd	Signals required for control			
[Pr.43] OPR method	Near-point dog	Zero signal	Upper/lower limit	
Near-point dog method	©	©	0	
Count method 1)	0	0	0	
Count method 2)	0	_	0	
Data set method	_	_	_	
Scale origin signal detection method	©	©	_	

<sup>○:</sup> Necessary, ○: Necessary as required, -: Unnecessary

### 8.2.3 OPR method (1): Near-point dog method

The following shows an operation outline of the OPR method "near-point dog method".

### Operation chart

	The machine OPR is started.
1)	(The machine begins the acceleration designated in "[Pr.51] OPR acceleration time selection", in the direction
	designated in "[Pr.44] OPR direction". It then moves at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" when the acceleration is completed.)
2)	The machine begins decelerating when the near-point dog ON is detected.
3)	The machine decelerates to the "[Pr.47] Creep speed", and subsequently moves at that speed.  (At this time, the near-point dog must be ON. The workpiece will continue decelerating and stop if the near-point dog is OFF.)
4)	After the near-point dog turns OFF, the machine stops. It then restarts and stops at the first zero point.
5)	The OPR complete flag ([Md.31] Status: b4) turns from OFF to ON and the OPR request flag ([Md.31] Status: b3) turns from ON to OFF.

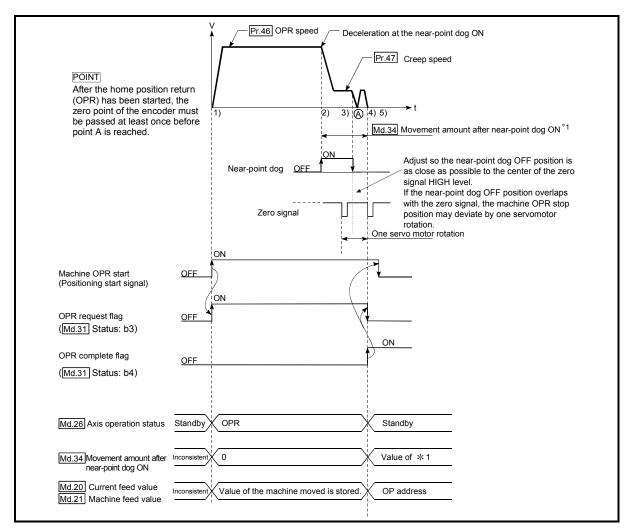


Fig. 8.3 Near-point dog method machine OPR

### Precautions during operation

- (1) The error "Start at OP" (error code: 201) will occur if another machine OPR is attempted after a machine OPR completion when the OPR retry function is not set ("0" is set in "[Pr.48] OPR retry").
- (2) Machine OPR carried out from the near-point dog ON position will start at the "[Pr.47] Creep speed".
- (3) The near-point dog must be ON during deceleration from the OPR speed "[Pr.47] Creep speed".
- (4) When the stop signal stops the machine OPR, carry out the machine OPR again. When restart command is turned ON after the stop signal stops the OPR, the error "OPR restart not possible" (error code: 209) will occur.
- (5) After the home position return (OPR) has been started, the zero point of the encoder must be passed at least once before point A is reached. However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" with "Function selection C-4 (PC17)", it is possible to carry out the home position return (OPR) without passing the zero point. The workpiece will continue decelerating and stop if the near-point dog is turned OFF before it has decelerated to the creep speed, thus causing the error "Dog detection timing fault" (error code: 203).

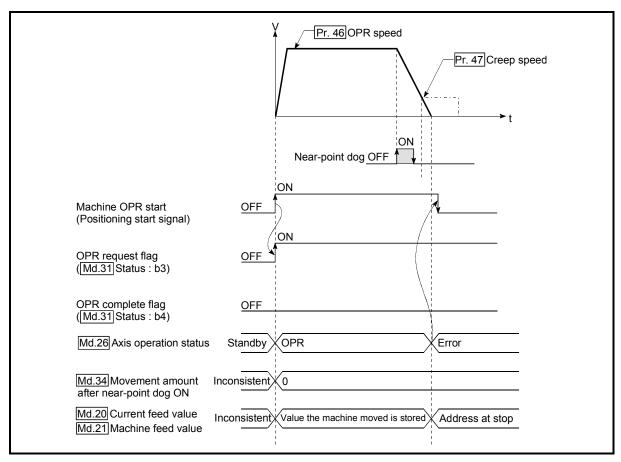


Fig. 8.4 Operation when the near-point dog is turned OFF before the creep speed is reached

### 8.2.4 OPR method (2): Count method 1)

The following shows an operation outline of the OPR method "count method 1)". In the "count method 1)", the machine OPR can be performed in the following cases:

- · Where the near-point dog is on
- · After the machine OPR is completed

### Operation chart

	The machine OPR is started.
1)	(The machine begins the acceleration designated in "[Pr.51] OPR acceleration time selection", in the direction
	designated in "[Pr.44] OPR direction". It then moves at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" when the acceleration is completed.)
2)	The machine begins decelerating when the near-point dog ON is detected.
3)	The machine decelerates to the "[Pr.47] Creep speed", and subsequently moves at that speed.
4)	The machine stops after the workpiece has been moved the amount set in the "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount
4)	after near-point dog ON" after the near-point dog turned ON. It then restarts and stops at the first zero point.
5)	The OPR complete flag ([Md.31] Status: b4) turns from OFF to ON, and the OPR request flag ([Md.31] Status: b3) turns
	from ON to OFF.

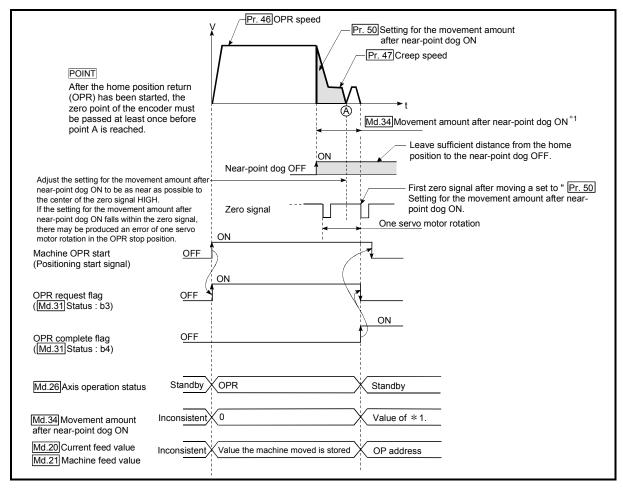
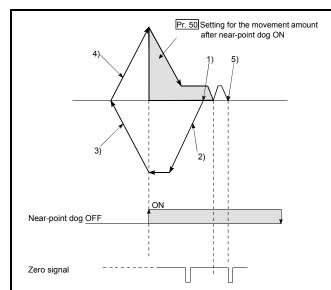


Fig. 8.5 Count method1) machine OPR

### Precautions during operation

- (1) The error "Count method movement amount fault "(error code: 206) will occur if the "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" is smaller than the deceleration distance from the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" to "[Pr.47] Creep speed".
- (2) If the speed is changed to a speed faster than "[Pr.46] OPR speed" by the speed change function (refer to "13.5.1 Speed change function".) during a machine OPR, the distance to decelerate to "[Pr.47] Creep speed" may not be ensured, depending on the setting value of "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON". In this case, the error "Count method movement amount fault" (error code: 206) occurs and the machine OPR is stopped.
- (3) The following shows the operation when a machine OPR is started while the near-point dog is ON.
- (4) Turn OFF the near-point dog at a sufficient distance from the OP. Although there is no harm in operation if the near-point dog is turned OFF during a machine OPR, it is recommended to leave a sufficient distance from the OP when the near-point dog is turned OFF for the following reason. If machine OPRs are performed consecutively after the near-point dog is turned OFF at the time of machine OPR completion, operation will be performed at the OPR speed until the hardware stroke limit (upper/lower limit) is reached.
  - If a sufficient distance cannot be kept, consider the use of the OPR retry function.
- (5) When the stop signal stops the machine OPR, carry out the machine OPR again. When restart command is turned ON after the stop signal stops the OPR, the error "OPR restart not possible" (error code: 209) will occur.
- (6) After the home position return (OPR) has been started, the zero point of the encoder must be passed at least once before point A is reached. However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" with "Function selection C-4 (PC17)", it is possible to carry out the home position return (OPR) without passing the zero point.



[Operation when a machine OPR is started at the near-point dog ON position]

- 1) A machine OPR is started.
- 2) The machine moves at the OPR speed in the opposite direction of an OPR.
- 3) Deceleration processing is carried out when the near-point dog OFF is detected.
- 4) After the machine stops, a machine OPR is carried out in the OPR direction.
- 5) The machine OPR is completed on detection of the first zero signal after the travel of the movement amount set to "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" on detection of the near-point dog signal ON.

Fig. 8.6 Count method 1) machine OPR on the near-point dog ON position

### 8.2.5 OPR method (3): Count method 2)

The following shows an operation outline of the OPR method "count method 2)". The "count method 2)" method is effective when a "zero signal" cannot be received. (Note that compared to the "count method 1)" method, using this method will result in more deviation in the stop position during machine OPR.)

### Operation chart

1)	The machine OPR is started.  (The machine begins the acceleration designated in "[Pr.51] OPR acceleration time selection", in the direction designated in "[Pr.44] OPR direction". It then moves at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" when the acceleration is completed.)
2)	The machine begins decelerating when the near-point dog ON is detected.
3)	The machine decelerates to the "[Pr.47] Creep speed", and subsequently moves at that speed.
4)	The command from the Simple Motion module will stop and the machine OPR will be completed when the machine moves the movement amount set in "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" from the near-point dog ON position.

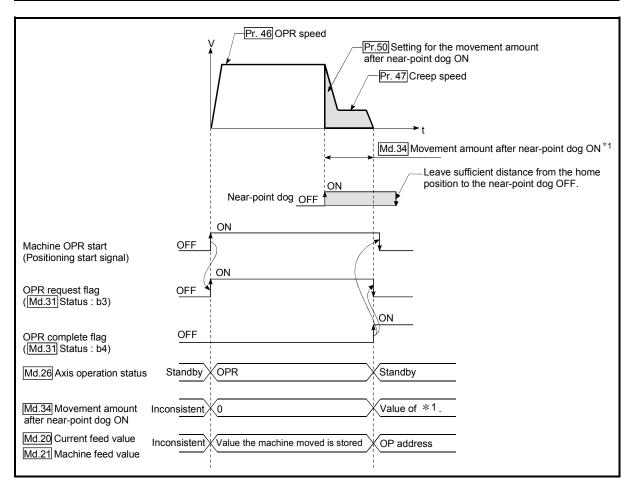


Fig. 8.7 Count method 2) machine OPR

### Restrictions

When this method is used, a deviation will occur in the stop position (OP) compared to other OPR methods because an error of about 1 ms occurs in taking in the near-point dog ON.

### Precautions during operation

- (1) The error "Count method movement amount fault" (error code: 206) will occur and the operation will not start if the "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" is smaller than the deceleration distance from the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" to "[Pr.47] Creep speed".
- (2) If the speed is changed to a speed faster than "[Pr.46] OPR speed" by the speed change function (refer to "13.5.1 Speed change function".) during a machine OPR, the distance to decelerate to "[Pr.47] Creep speed" may not be ensured, depending on the setting value of "[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON". In this case, the error "Count method movement amount fault" (error code: 206) occurs and the machine OPR is stopped.
- (3) The following shows the operation when a machine OPR is started while the near-point dog is ON.
- (4) Turn OFF the near-point dog at a sufficient distance from the OP. Although there is no harm in operation if the near-point dog is turned OFF during a machine OPR, it is recommended to leave a sufficient distance from the OP when the near-point dog is turned OFF for the following reason. If machine OPRs are performed consecutively after the near-point dog is turned OFF at the time of machine OPR completion, operation will be performed at the OPR speed until the hardware stroke limit (upper/lower limit) is reached.
  - If a sufficient distance cannot be kept, consider the use of the OPR retry function.
- (5) When the stop signal stops the machine OPR, carry out the machine OPR again. When restart command is turned ON after the stop signal stops the OPR, the error "OPR restart not possible" (error code: 209) will occur.

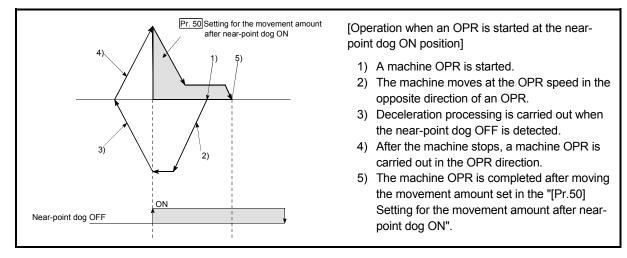


Fig. 8.8 Count method 2) machine OPR on the near-point dog ON position

### 8.2.6 OPR method (4): Data set method

The following shows an operation outline of the OPR method "data set method".

The "Data set method" method is effective when a "Near-point dog" is not used. It can be used with absolute position system.

With the data set method OPR, the position where the machine OPR has been carried out, is registered into the Simple Motion module as the OP, and the current feed value and feed machine value is overwritten to an OP address.

Use the JOG or manual pulse generator operation to move the OP.

### Operation chart

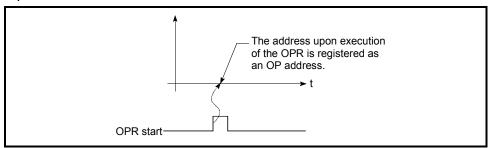


Fig. 8.9 Data set method OPR

### Precautions during operation

- (1) The zero point must have been passed before the OPR is carried out after the power supply is turned ON. If the OPR is carried out without passing the zero point even once, the error "OPR zero point not passed" (error code: 210) will occur. When the error "OPR zero point not passed" (error code: 210) occurs, perform the JOG or similar operation so that the servomotor makes more than one revolution after an error reset, before carrying out the machine OPR again. However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" with "Function selection C-4 (PC17)", it is possible to carry out the home position return (OPR) without passing the zero point.
- (2) The OPR data used for the data set method is the "OPR direction" and "OP address".

The OPR data other than that for the OPR direction and OP address is not used for the data set method OPR method, but if a value is set the outside the setting range, an error will occur when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON so that the READY signal [X0] is not turned OFF.

With the OPR data other than that for the OPR direction and OP address, set an arbitrary value (default value can be allowed) within each data setting range so that an error will not occur upon receiving the PLC READY signal [Y0] ON.

### 8.2.7 OPR method (5): Scale origin signal detection method

The following shows an operation outline of the OPR method "scale origin signal detection method".

### **POINT**

Set "0: Need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" in "Function selection C-4 (PC17)". If "1: Not need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" is set, the error "Z-phase passing parameter invalid" (error code: 231) will occur at the start of scale origin signal detection method OPR.

### Operation chart

1)	The machine OPR is started.  (The machine begins the acceleration designated in "[Pr.51] OPR acceleration time selection", in the direction designated in "[Pr.44] OPR direction". It then moves at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" when the acceleration is completed.)
2)	The machine begins decelerating when the near-point dog ON is detected.
3)	After deceleration stop, the machine moves in the opposite direction against of OPR at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed".
4)	During movement, the machine begins decelerating when the first zero signal is detected.
5)	After deceleration stop, the operation moves in direction of OPR at the "[Pr.47] Creep speed", and then stops at the detected nearest zero signal.
6)	The OPR complete flag ([Md.31] Status: b4) turns from OFF to ON, and the OPR request flag ([Md.31] Status: b3) turns from ON to OFF.

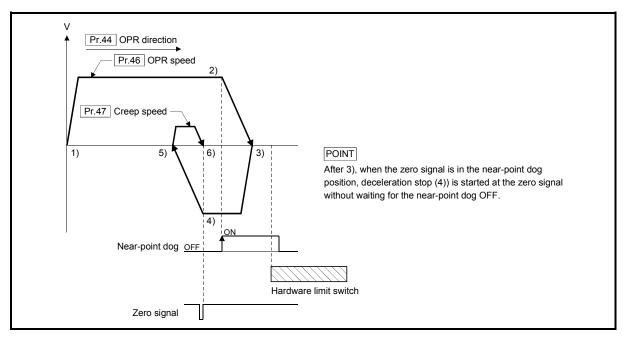
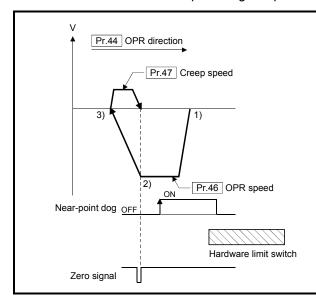


Fig. 8.10 Scale origin signal detection method machine OPR

### Precautions during operation

- (1) The error "Start at OP" (error code: 201) will occur if another machine OPR is attempted immediately after a machine OPR completion when the OP is in the near-point dog ON position.
- (2) The following shows the operation when a machine OPR is started from the near-point dog ON position.



[Operation when a machine OPR is started from the near-point dog ON position]

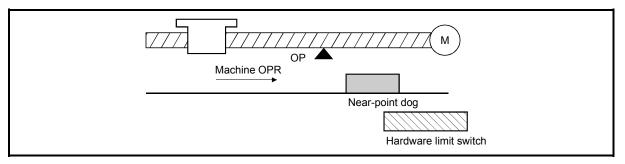
- 1) The machine moves in the opposite direction against of OPR at the OPR speed.
- 2) The machine begins decelerating when the first zero signal is detected.
- After deceleration stop, the operation moves in direction of OPR at the creep speed, and then stops at the zero signal to complete the machine OPR.

### [POINT]

After 1), when the zero signal is in the near-point dog ON position, deceleration stop (2)) is started at the zero signal without waiting for the near-point dog OFF.

Fig. 8.11 Operation when a machine OPR is started from the near-point dog ON position

- (3) When the stop signal stops the machine OPR, carry out the machine OPR again. When restart command is turned ON after the stop signal stops the OPR, the error "OPR restart not possible" (error code: 209) will occur.
- (4) The OPR retry will not be performed regardless of setting set in "[Pr.48] OPR retry" in the scale origin signal detection method. When a hardware limit switch is detected during machine OPR, the error "Hardware stroke limit (+)" (error code: 104) or "Hardware stroke limit (-)" (error code: 105) will occur.
- (5) Position the near-point dog forward to overlaps with the hardware limit switch in direction of OPR. When the near-point dog is in the opposite direction against of OPR from the machine OPR start position, the error "Hardware stroke limit (+)" (error code: 104) or "Hardware stroke limit (-)" (error code: 105) will occur.



(6) When the zero signal is detected again during deceleration (4) of Fig. 8.12) with detection of zero signal, the operation stops at the zero signal detected lastly to complete the OPR.

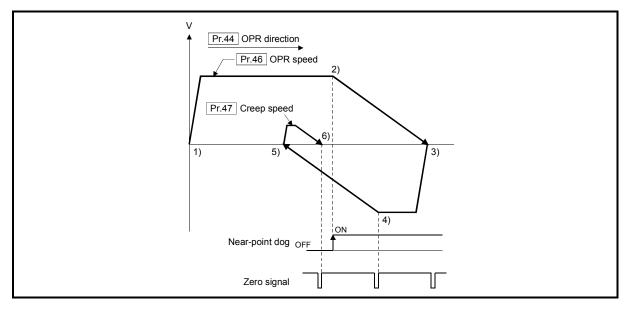


Fig. 8.12 Operation when the zero signal is detected again during deceleration with detection of zero signal

- (7) Do not use the scale origin signal detection method OPR for the machine with the backlash.
- (8) When using the direct drive motor, make it passed the Z phase once before reaching 3) of Fig. 8.10.

### 8.3 Fast OPR

### 8.3.1 Outline of the fast OPR operation

### ■ Fast OPR operation

After establishing OP position by a machine OPR, positioning control to the OP position is executed without using a near-point dog or a zero signal. The following shows the operation during a basic fast OPR start.

- 1) The fast OPR is started.
- 2) Positioning control to the OP position established by a machine OPR begins at speed set in the OPR parameters ([Pr.43] to [Pr.57]).
- 3) The fast OPR is completed.

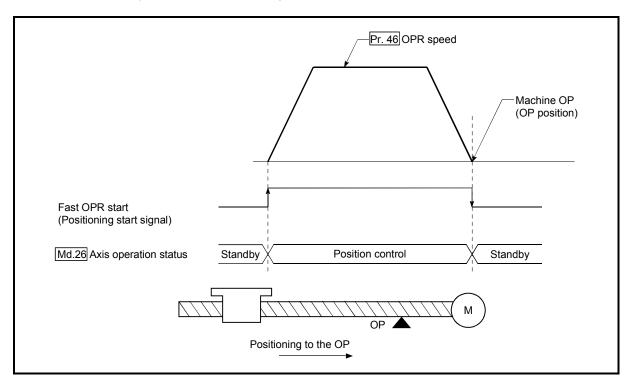


Fig. 8.13 Fast OPR

### Operation timing and processing time of fast OPR

The following shows details about the operation timing and time during fast OPR.

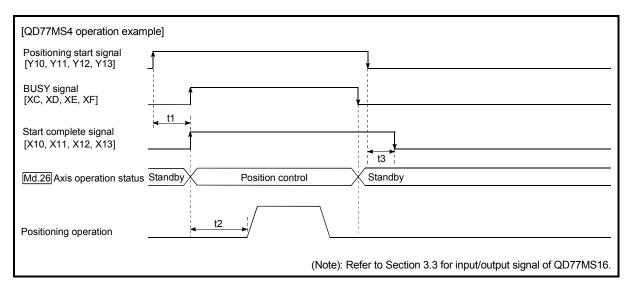


Fig. 8.14 Operation timing and processing time of fast OPR

### Normal timing time

Unit: [ms]

	Operation cycle	t1	t2	t3
ODZZMCO	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9
QD77MS2	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	2.5 to 3.9	0 to 1.8
QD77MS4	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9
QD//IVIS4	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	2.5 to 3.9	0 to 1.8
OD77M016	0.88	0.3 to 1.4	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9
QD77MS16	1.77	0.3 to 1.4	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8

<sup>•</sup>The t1 timing time could be delayed by the operation state of other axes.

### Operating restrictions

- (1) The fast OPR can only be executed after the OP position is established by executing the Machine OPR.
  - If not, the error "OPR request ON" (error code: 207) will occur.
  - (OPR request flag ([Md.31] Status: b3) must be turned OFF).
- (2) If the fraction pulse is cleared to zero using current value changing or fixed-feed control, execute the fast OPR and an error will occur by a cleared amount.
- (3) When unlimited length feed is executed by speed control and the machine feed value overflows or underflows once, the fast OPR cannot be executed normally.
- (4) The OPR complete flag ([Md.31] Status: b4) is not turned ON.
- (5) The axis operation status during fast OPR is "in position control".

### 8.4 Selection of the OPR setting condition

### 8.4.1 Outline of the OPR setting condition

If executing the home position return (OPR) when selecting "0: Need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" with "Function selection C-4 (PC17)", it is necessary that the servomotor has been rotated more than one revolution and passed the Z phase (Motor reference position signal) and that the zero point pass signal ([Md.108] Servo status (low-order buffer memory address): b0) has turned ON.

When selecting "1: Not need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" with "Function selection C-4 (PC17)", it is possible to turn the zero point pass signal ([Md.108] Servo status (low-order buffer memory address): b0) ON without passing the zero point.

	Buffer memory address (low-order)		
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Md.108] Servo status: b0	876+100n	2476+100n	

n: Axis No.-1

### Data setting

To select the "OPR setting condition", set the "servo amplifier" shown in the following table.

Servo parameters are set for each axis.

The "OPR setting condition" is stored into the following buffer memory addresses.

	Setting value		Buffer memory address	
Setting item		Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Function selection C-4 (PC17)		Need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on     Not need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on	30180+200n	28480+100n

n: Axis No.-1

### Precautions during operation

(1) Set "Function selection C-4 (PC17)" (transferred the parameter to the servo amplifier from the Simple Motion module), and then turn off the power supply of the servo amplifier once and switch it on again to make that parameter setting valid.

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2.8 "Servo parameters" for information on the storage details.

MEMO			

# **Chapter 9 Major Positioning Control**

The details and usage of the major positioning controls (control functions using the "positioning data") are explained in this chapter.

The major positioning controls include such controls as "positioning control" in which positioning is carried out to a designated position using the address information, "speed control" in which a rotating object is controlled at a constant speed, "speed-position switching control" in which the operation is shifted from "speed control" to "position control" and "position-speed switching control" in which the operation is shifted from "position control" to "speed control".

Execute the required settings to match each control.

9.1	Outline	of major positioning controls	9	- 2
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	9.1.6	Interpolation control	9-	- 21
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	9.2.1	Relation between each control and positioning data		
	9.2.2	1-axis linear control	9-	- 28
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	9.2.6	1-axis fixed-feed control	9	- 49
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	9.2.8	3-axis fixed-feed control (interpolation)	9-	- 54
	9.2.9	4-axis fixed-feed control (interpolation)		
	9.2.10	2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation	9-	- 62
	9.2.11	2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation	9-	- 68
	9.2.12	1-axis speed control	9	- 76
	9.2.13	2-axis speed control	9	- 79
	9.2.14	3-axis speed control	9	- 83
	9.2.15	4-axis speed control		
	9.2.16	Speed-position switching control (INC mode)	9-	- 92
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	9.2.18	Position-speed switching control	9-	112
	9.2.19	Current value changing	9-	122
	9.2.20	NOP instruction		
	9.2.21	JUMP instruction	9-	128
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	9.2.23	LEND	9-	132

### 9.1 Outline of major positioning controls

"Major positioning controls" are carried out using the "positioning data" stored in the Simple Motion module.

The basic controls such as position control and speed control are executed by setting the required items in this "positioning data", and then starting that positioning data. The control system for the "major positioning controls" is set in setting item "[Da.2] Control system" of the positioning data.

Control defined as a "major positioning control" carries out the following types of control according to the "[Da.2] Control system" setting.

However, the position loop is included for commanding to servo amplifier in the speed control set in "[Da.2] Control system".

Use the "speed-torque control" (Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control") to execute the speed control not including position loop.

_	except the speed control not including position loop.						
	Major position	ing control	[Da.2] Control system	Details			
		1-axis linear control	ABS Linear 1 INC Linear 1	Positioning of the designated 1 axis is carried out from the start address (current stop position) to the designated position.			
		2-axis linear interpolation control	ABS Linear 2 INC Linear 2	Using the designated 2 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out from the start address (current stop position) to the designated position.			
	Linear control	3-axis linear interpolation control (Note-1)	ABS Linear 3 INC Linear 3	Using the designated 3 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out from the start address (current stop position) to the designated position.			
		4-axis linear interpolation control	ABS Linear 4 INC Linear 4	Using the designated 4 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out from the start address (current stop position) to the designated position.			
Position control	Fixed-feed control	1-axis fixed- feed control	Fixed-feed 1	Positioning of the designated 1 axis is carried out for a designated movement amount from the start address (current stop position).  (The "[Md.20] Current feed value" is set to "0" at the start.)			
		2-axis fixed- feed control (Note-1)	Fixed-feed 2	Using the designated 2 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out for a designated movement amount from the start address (current stop position).  (The "[Md.20] Current feed value" is set to "0" at the start.)			
		control	3-axis fixed- feed control (Note-1)	Fixed-feed 3	Using the designated 3 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out for a designated movement amount from the start address (current stop position).  (The "[Md.20] Current feed value" is set to "0" at the start.)		
		4-axis fixed- feed control (Note-1)	Fixed-feed 4	Using the designated 4 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out for a designated movement amount from the start address (current stop position).  (The "[Md.20] Current feed value" is set to "0" at the start.)			
	2-axis circular interpolation control (Note-1)	Sub point designation	ABS Circular sub INC Circular sub				
		Center point designation	ABS Circular right ABS Circular left INC Circular right INC Circular left	Using the designated 2 axes, positioning is carried out in an arc path to a position designated from the start point address (current stop position).			

			D. U.T.	
Major positioning control		[Da.2] Control system	Details	
	1-axis speed control	Forward run speed 1 Reverse run speed 1	The speed control of the designated 1 axis is carried out.	
Speed control	2-axis speed control (Note-1)	Forward run speed 2 Reverse run speed 2	The speed control of the designated 2 axes is carried out.	
ореец солио	3-axis speed control (Note-1)	Forward run speed 3 Reverse run speed 3	The speed control of the designated 3 axes is carried out.	
	4-axis speed control (Note-1)	Forward run speed 4 Reverse run speed 4	The speed control of the designated 4 axes is carried out.	
Speed-position	switching control	Forward run speed/position Reverse run speed/position	The control is continued as position control (positioning for the designated address or movement amount) by turning ON the "speed-position switching signal" after first carrying out speed control.	
Position-speed switching control		Forward run position/speed Reverse run position/speed	The control is continued as speed control by turning ON the "position-speed switching signal" after first carrying out position control.	
	NOP instruction	NOP	A nonexecutable control system. When this instruction is set, the operation is transferred to the next data operation, and the instruction is not executed.	
Other control	Current value changing	Current value changing	"[Md.20] Current feed value" is changed to an address set in the positioning data.  This can be carried out by either of the following 2 methods.  ("[Md.21] Machine feed value" cannot be changed.)  • Current value changing using the control system  • Current value changing using the current value changing start No. (No. 9003).	
	JUMP instruction	JUMP instruction	An unconditional or conditional JUMP is carried out to a designated positioning data No.	
	LOOP	LOOP	A repeat control is carried out by repeat LOOP to LEND.	
	LEND	LEND	Control is returned to the top of the repeat control by repeat LOOP to LEND. After the repeat operation is completed specified times, the next positioning data is run.	

<sup>(</sup>Note-1): Control is carried out so that linear and arc paths are drawn using a motor set in two or more axes directions. This kind of control is called "interpolation control". (Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details.)

<sup>(</sup>Note-2): In the QD77MS2, when 3- or 4-axis interpolation is carried out, or axis 3 or axis 4 is designated to the axis to be interpolated for 2-axis interpolation, an error "Illegal interpolation description command" (error code: 521) will occur and the positioning control does not start.

### 9.1.1 Data required for major positioning control

The following table shows an outline of the "positioning data" configuration and setting details required to carry out the "major positioning controls".

Setting item		Setting item	Setting details
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Set the method by which the continuous positioning data (Ex: positioning data No.1, No.2, No.3) will be controlled. (Refer to Section 9.1.2.)
	[Da.2]	Control system	Set the control system defined as a "major positioning control". (Refer to Section 9.1.)
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	Select and set the acceleration time at control start. (Select one of the four values set in [Pr.9], [Pr.25], [Pr.26], and [Pr.27] for the acceleration time.)
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	Select and set the deceleration time at control stop. (Select one of the four values set in [Pr.10], [Pr.28], [Pr.29], and [Pr.30] for the deceleration time.)
	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	Set an axis to be interpolated (partner axis) during the 2-axis interpolation operation (Refer to Section 9.1.6.).
No. 1	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	Set the target value during position control. (Refer to Section 9.1.3.)
	[Da.7]	Arc address	Set the sub point or center point address during circular interpolation control.
g de	[Da.8]	Command speed	Set the speed during the control execution.
Positioning data		Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	The time between the command pulse output is completed to the positioning completed signal is turned ON. Set it for absorbing the delay of the mechanical system to the instruction, such as the delay of the servo system (deviation).
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	Set this item when carrying out sub work (clamp and drill stops, tool replacement, etc.) corresponding to the code No. related to the positioning data execution.
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16	
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16	Set an axis to be interpolated during the 2- to 4-axis interpolation operation. (Refer to Section 9.1.6.)
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16	

(Note): The settings and setting requirement for the setting details of [Da.1] to [Da.10] and [Da.20] to [Da.22] differ according to the "[Da.2] Control system". (Refer to Section 9.2 "Setting the positioning data".)

### Major positioning control sub functions

Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of QD77MS main functions and sub functions" for details on "sub functions" that can be combined with the major positioning control.

Also refer to Chapter 13 "Control Sub Functions" for details on each sub function.

### ■ Major positioning control from GX Works2

"Major positioning control" can be executed by test function of GX Works2. Refer to "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details on carrying out major positioning control from the GX Works2.

# REMARK

600 positioning data (positioning data No. 1 to 600) items can be set per axis.

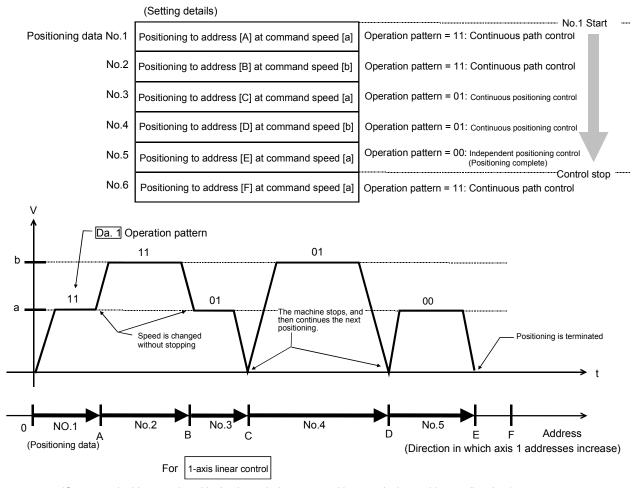
### 9.1.2 Operation patterns of major positioning controls

In "major positioning control" (high-level positioning control), "[Da.1] Operation pattern" can be set to designate whether to continue executing positioning data after the started positioning data. The "operation pattern" includes the following 3 types.

Positioning complete (operation pattern: 00)
 Positioning continue (operation pattern: 01)
 (2) Continuous positioning control (operation pattern: 01)
 (3) Continuous path control (operation pattern: 11)

The following shows examples of operation patterns when "1-axis linear control (ABS linear 1)" is set in positioning data No. 1 to No. 6 of axis 1. Details of each operation pattern are shown on the following pages.

< Operation example when "1-axis linear positioning" is set in the positioning data of axis 1 >



(One motor is driven, and positioning is carried out to an addresses designated in one direction.)

### **POINT**

- (1) When the operation pattern is continuous positioning control or continuous path control, the same address as the last value is specified in absolute system or the movement amount 0 is specified in incremental system, positioning control of movement amount 0 is executed.
- (2) The BUSY signal turns ON even when position control of movement amount 0 is executed. However, since the ON time is short, the ON status may not be detected in the PLC program.
- (3) The positioning complete signal turns ON even when position control of movement amount 0 is executed. ON time is determined by "[Pr.40] Positioning complete signal output time".

### [1] Independent positioning control (Positioning complete)

This control is set when executing only one designated data item of positioning. If a dwell time is designated, the positioning completes after the designated time elapses.

This data (operation pattern [00] data) becomes the end of block data when carrying out block positioning. (The positioning stops after this data is executed.)

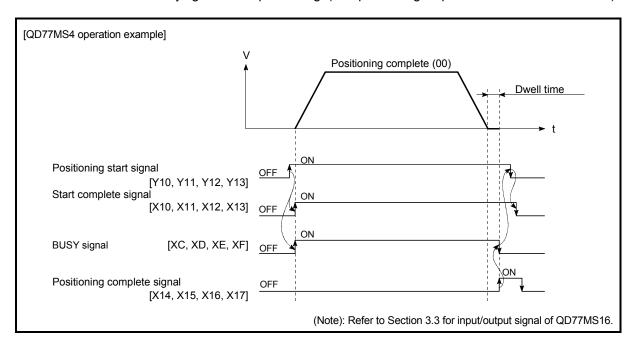


Fig. 9.1 Operation during independent positioning control

### [2] Continuous positioning control

- (1) The machine always automatically decelerates each time the positioning is completed. Acceleration is then carried out after the Simple Motion module command speed reaches 0 to carry out the next positioning data operation. If a dwell time is designated, the acceleration is carried out after the designated time elapses.
- (2) In operation by continuous positioning control (operation pattern "01"), the next positioning No. is automatically executed. Always set operation pattern "00" in the last positioning data to complete the positioning. If the operation pattern is set to positioning continue ("01" or "11"), the operation will continue until operation pattern "00" is found. If the operation pattern "00" cannot be found, the operation may be carried out until the positioning data No. 600. If the operation pattern of the positioning data No. 600 is not completed, the operation will be started again from the positioning data No. 1.

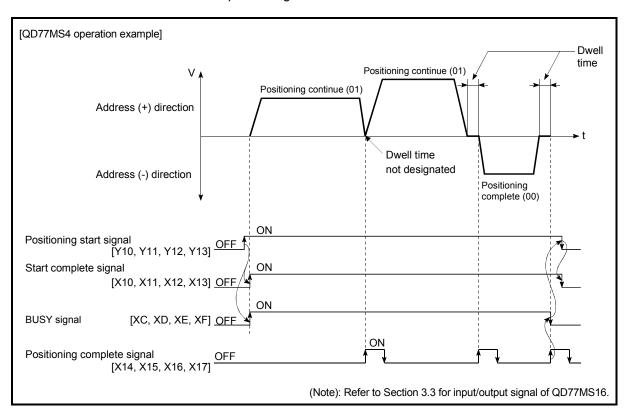


Fig. 9.2 Operation during continuous positioning control

### [3] Continuous path control

- (1) Continuous path control
  - (a) The speed is changed without deceleration stop between the command speed of the "positioning data No. currently being executed" and the speed of the "positioning data No. to carry out the next operation".
    - The speed is not changed if the current speed and the next speed are equal.
  - (b) The speed used in the previous positioning operation is continued when the command speed is set to "-1".
  - (c) Dwell time is ignored, even if it is set.
  - (d) The next positioning No. is executed automatically in operations by continuous path control (operation pattern "11"). Always complete the positioning by setting operation pattern "00" in the last positioning data. If the operation pattern is set to positioning continue ("01" or "11"), the operation will continue until operation pattern "00" is found. If the operation pattern "00" cannot be found, the operation may be carried out until the positioning data No. 600. If the operation pattern of the positioning data No. 600 is not complete, the operation will be started again from the positioning data No. 1.
  - (e) The speed switching includes the "front-loading speed switching mode" in which the speed is changed at the end of the current positioning side, and the "standard speed switching mode" in which the speed is at the start of the next positioning side. (Refer to "[Pr.19] Speed switching mode".)
    - (f) In the continuous path control, the positioning may be completed before the set address/movement amount and the current data may be switched to the "positioning data that will be run next". This is because a preference is given to the positioning at a command speed. In actuality, the positioning is completed before the set address/movement amount by an amount of remaining distance at speeds less than the command speed. The remaining distance ( $\triangle \ell$ ) at speeds less than the command speed is  $0 \le \triangle \ell \le (\text{distance moved in operation cycle at a speed at the time of completion of the positioning).$

The remaining distance ( $\triangle \ell$ ) is output at the next positioning data No.

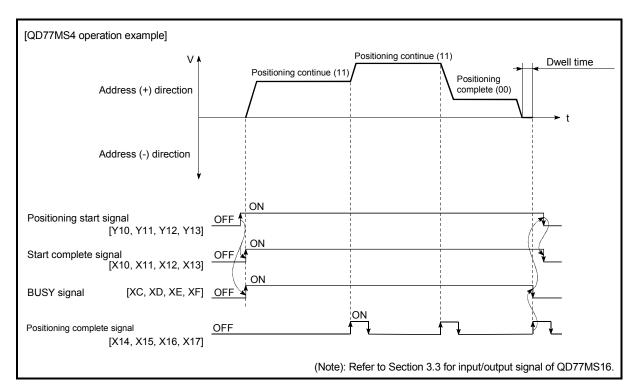
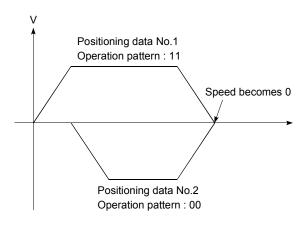


Fig. 9.3 Operation during continuous path control (Standard speed switching mode)

### **POINT**

In the continuous path control, a speed variation will not occur using the near-pass function when the positioning data No. is switched (Refer to Section 13.3.3 "Near pass function").

- (2) Deceleration stop conditions during continuous path control Deceleration stops are not carried out in continuous path control, but the machine will carry out a deceleration stop to speed "0" in the following cases (a) to (c).
  - (a) When the operation pattern of the positioning data currently being executed is "continuous path control: 11", and the movement direction of the positioning data currently being executed differs from that of the next positioning data. (Only for 1-axis positioning control (Refer to the "POINTS" in the next page.))



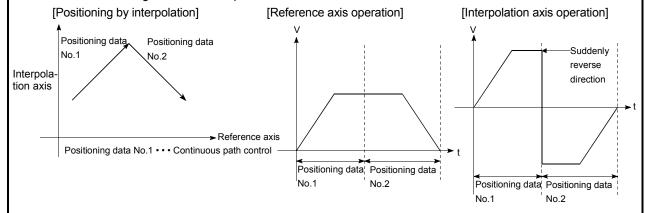
- (b) During operation by step operation. (Refer to Section 13.7.1 "Step function".)
- (c) When there is an error in the positioning data to carry out the next operation.

#### **POINTS**

(1) The movement direction is not checked during interpolation operations. Thus, automatic deceleration to a stop will not be carried out even if the movement direction is changed (See the figures below).

Because of this, the interpolation axis may suddenly reverse direction.

To avoid this sudden direction reversal in the interpolation axis, set the pass point to continuous positioning control "01" instead of setting it to continuous path control "11".

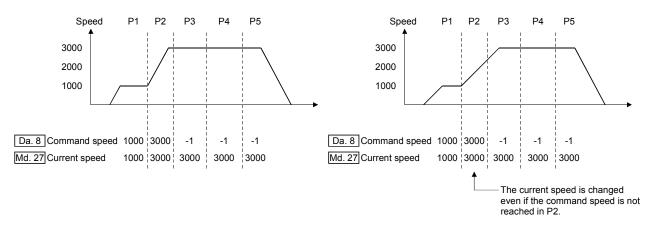


- (2) When a "0" is set in the "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" of the continuous path control positioning data, the command speed is reduced to 0 about 2 ms later.
  - When a "0" is set in the "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" to increase the number of speed change points in the future, change the "[Da.2] Control system" to the "NOP" to make the control nonexecutable. (Refer to Section 9.2.20 "NOP instruction".)
- (3) In the continuous path control positioning data, assure a movement distance so that the execution time with that data is 100 ms or longer, or lower the command speed.

# (3) Speed handling

- (a) Continuous path control command speeds are set with each positioning data.
  - The Simple Motion module carries out the positioning at the speed designated with each positioning data.
- (b) The command speed can be set to "-1" in continuous path control. The control will be carried out at the speed used in the previous positioning data No. if the command speed is set to "-1". (The "current speed" will be displayed in the command speed when the positioning data is set with a GX Works2. The current speed is the speed of the positioning control being executed currently.)
  - The speed does not need to be set in each positioning data when carrying out uniform speed control if "-1" is set beforehand in the command speed.
  - 2) If the speed is changed or the override function is executed, in the previous positioning data when "-1" is set in the command speed, the operation can be continued at the new speed.
  - 3) The error "No command speed" (error code: 503) occurs and positioning cannot be started if "-1" is set in the command speed of the first positioning data at start.

#### [Relation between the command speed and current speed]



#### **POINTS**

- (1) In the continuous path control, a speed variation will not occur using the near-pass function when the positioning data is switched (Refer to Section 13.3.3 "Near pass function").
- (2) The Simple Motion module holds the command speed set with the positioning data, and the latest value of the speed set with the speed change request as the "[Md.27] Current speed". It controls the operation at the "current speed" when "-1" is set in the command speed.

  (Depending on the relation between the movement amount and the speed, the feedrate may not reach
- (3) When the address for speed change is identified beforehand, generate and execute the positioning data for speed change by the continuous path control to carry out the speed change without requesting the speed change with a sequence program.

the command speed value, but even then the current speed will be updated.)

# (4) Speed switching (Refer to "[Pr.19] Speed switching mode".)

The two modes for changing the speed are shown below.

- Standard speed switching.......Switch the speed when executing the next positioning data.
- Front-loading speed switching....The speed switches at the end of the positioning data currently being executed.

#### (a) Standard speed switching mode

- If the respective command speeds differ in the "positioning data currently being executed" and the "positioning data to carry out the next operation", the machine will accelerate or decelerate after reaching the positioning point set in the "positioning data currently being executed" and the speed will change over to the speed set in the "positioning data to carry out the next operation".
- 2) The parameters used in acceleration/deceleration to the command speed set in the "positioning data to carry out the next operation" are those of the positioning data to carry out acceleration/deceleration.

Speed switching will not be carried out if the command speeds are the same.

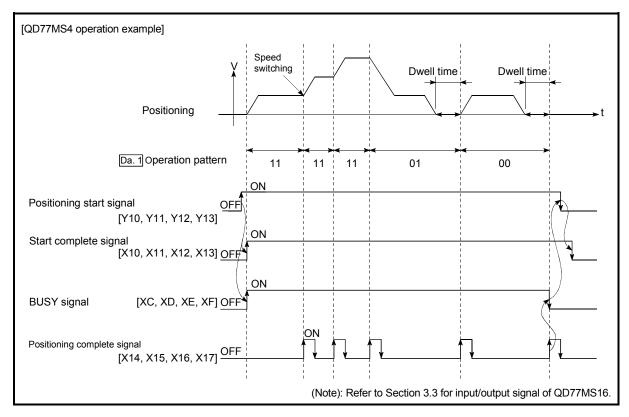


Fig. 9.4 Operation for the standard speed switching mode

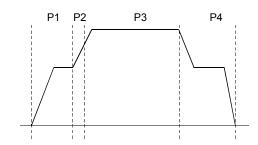
Speed switching condition
 If the movement amount is small in regard to the target speed, the current speed may not reach the target speed even if acceleration/deceleration is carried out. In this case, the machine

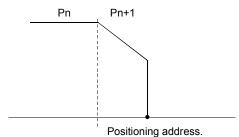
acceleration/deceleration is carried out. In this case, the machine is accelerated/decelerated so that it nears the target speed. If the movement amount will be exceeded when automatic deceleration is required (Ex. Operation patterns "00", "01", etc.), the machine will immediately stop at the designated positioning address, and the warning "Insufficient movement amount" (warning code: 513) will occur.

[When the speed cannot change over in P2]
For the following relation of the speed
P1 = P4, P2 = P3, P1 < P2

[When the movement amount is small during automatic deceleration]

The movement amount required to carry out the automatic deceleration cannot be secured, so the machine immediately stops in a speed  $\neq 0$  status.





- (b) Front-loading speed switching mode
  - 1) If the respective command speeds differ in the "positioning data currently being executed" and the "positioning data to carry out the next operation", the speed will change over to the speed set in the "positioning data to carry out the next operation" at the end of the "positioning data currently being executed".
  - 2) The parameters used in acceleration/deceleration to the command speed set in the "positioning data to carry out the next operation" are those of the positioning data to carry out acceleration/deceleration.
    - Speed switching will not be carried out if the command speeds are the same.

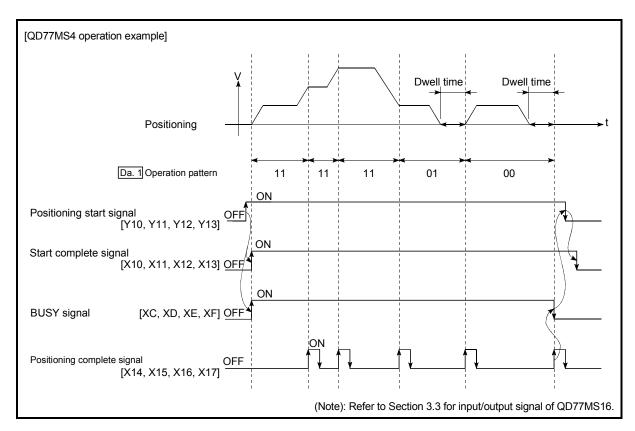


Fig. 9.5 Operation for the front-loading speed switching mode

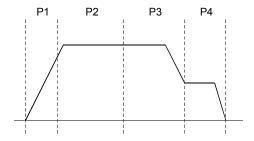
# 3) Speed switching condition

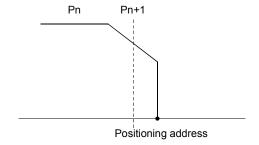
If the movement amount is small in regard to the target speed, the current speed may not reach the target speed even if acceleration/deceleration is carried out. In this case, the machine is accelerated/decelerated so that it nears the target speed. If the movement amount will be exceeded when automatic deceleration is required (Ex. Operation patterns "00", "01", etc.), the machine will immediately stop at the designated positioning address, and the warning "Insufficient movement amount" (warning code: 513) will occur.

[When the speed cannot change over to the P2 speed in P1]

For the following relation of the speed P1 = P4, P2 = P3, P1 < P2 [When the movement amount is small during automatic deceleration]

The movement amount required to carry out the automatic deceleration cannot be secured, so the machine immediately stops in a speed  $\neq 0$  status.





# 9.1.3 Designating the positioning address

The following shows the two methods for commanding the position in control using positioning data.

#### Absolute system

Positioning is carried out to a designated position (absolute address) having the OP as a reference. This address is regarded as the positioning address. (The start point can be anywhere.)

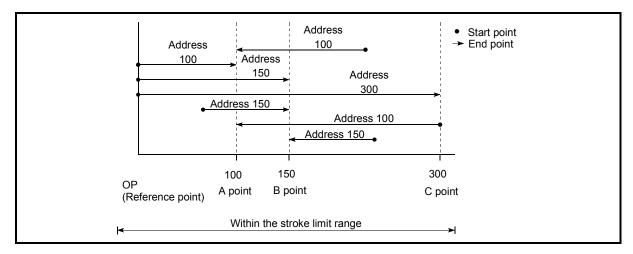


Fig. 9.6 Absolute system positioning

#### Incremental system

The position where the machine is currently stopped is regarded as the start point, and positioning is carried out for a designated movement amount in a designated movement direction.

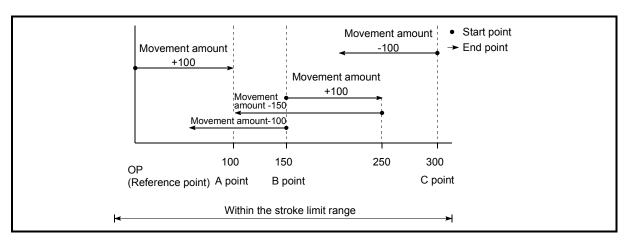


Fig. 9.7 Incremental system positioning

# 9.1.4 Confirming the current value

# Values showing the current value

The following two types of addresses are used as values to show the position in the Simple Motion module.

These addresses ("current feed value" and "machine feed value") are stored in the monitor data area, and used in monitoring the current value display, etc.

Current feed value	<ul> <li>This is the value stored in "[Md.20] Current feed value".</li> <li>This value has an address established with a "machine OPR" as a reference, but the address can be changed by changing the current value to a new value.</li> </ul>
Machine feed value	<ul> <li>This is the value stored in "[Md.21] Machine feed value".</li> <li>This value always has an address established with a "machine OPR" as a reference. The address cannot be changed, even if the current value is changed to a new value.</li> </ul>

The "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are used in monitoring the current value display, etc.

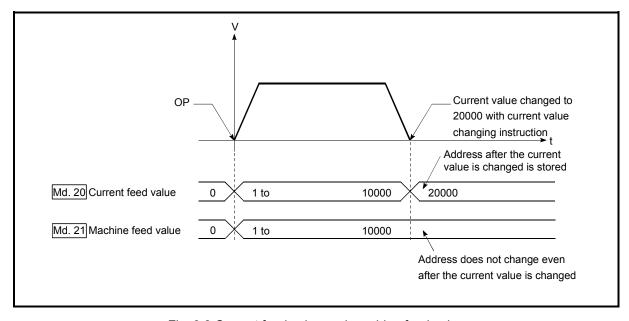


Fig. 9.8 Current feed value and machine feed value

#### Restrictions

(1) Operation cycle error will occur in the current value refresh cycle when the stored "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are used in the control.

# ■ Monitoring the current value

The "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are stored in the following buffer memory addresses, and can be read using a "DFRO(P) instruction" or "DMOV(P) instruction" from the PLC CPU.

	Buffer memory addresses				
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16			
[Md 20] Current food value	800+100n	2400+100n			
[Md.20] Current feed value	801+100n	2401+100n			
INId 241 Machine food value	802+100n	2402+100n			
[Md.21] Machine feed value	803+100n	2403+100n			

- (1) The following shows the examples of programs to read out the current feed value of the QD77MS4 [axis 1] to D104 and D105 when X40 is turned ON.
  - (a) For the DFRO(P) instruction

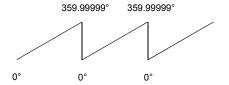


# 9.1.5 Control unit "degree" handling

When the control unit is set to "degree", the following items differ from when other control units are set.

# [1] Current feed value and machine feed value addresses

The address of "[Md.20] Current feed value" becomes a ring address from 0 to 359.99999°. The address of "[Md.21] Machine feed value" will become a cumulative value. (They will not have a ring structure for values between 0 and 359.99999 degrees.) However, "[Md.21] Machine feed value" is restored within the range of 0 to 359.99999 degrees at the communication start with servo amplifier after the power supply ON or PLC CPU reset.

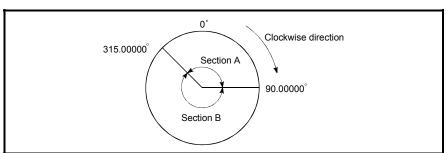


## [2] Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting

With the control unit set to "degree", the software stroke limit upper and lower limit values are 0 to 359.99999.

## (a) Setting to validate software stroke limit

To validate the software stroke limit, set the software stroke limit lower limit value and the upper limit value in a clockwise direction.



- 1) To set the movement range A, set as follows.
  - Software stroke limit lower limit value......315.00000°
  - Software stroke limit upper limit value ......90.00000°
- 2) To set the movement range B, set as follows.
  - Software stroke limit lower limit value.....90.00000°
  - Software stroke limit upper limit value ......315.00000°

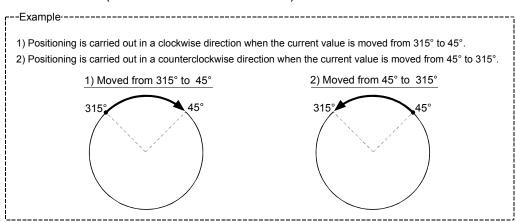
#### (b) Setting to invalidate software stroke limit

To invalidate the software stroke limit, set the software stroke limit lower limit value equal to the software stroke limit upper limit value.

The control can be carried out irrespective of the setting of the software stroke limit.

#### **POINT**

- (1) When the upper/lower limit value of the axis which set the software stroke limit as valid are changed, perform the machine OPR after that.
- (2) When the software stroke limit is set as valid in the incremental data system, perform the machine OPR after power supply on.
- [3] Positioning control method when the control unit is set to "degree"
  - 1) Absolute system
    - (a) When the software stroke limit is invalid Positioning is carried out in the nearest direction to the designated address, using the current value as a reference. (This is called "shortcut control".)



To designate the positioning direction (not carrying out the shortcut control), the shortcut control is invalidated and positioning in a designated direction is carried out by the "[Cd.40] ABS direction in degrees".

This function can perform only when the software stroke limit is invalid. When the software stroke limit is valid, the error "Illegal setting of ABS direction in unit of degree" (error code: 546) occurs and positioning is not started.

To designate the movement direction in the ABS control, a "1" or "2" is written to the "[Cd.40] ABS direction in degrees" of the buffer memory (initial value: 0).

The value written to the "[Cd.40] ABS direction in degrees" becomes valid only when the positioning control is started.

In the continuous positioning control and continuous path control, the operation is continued with the setting set at the time of start even if the setting is changed during the operation.

		Buffer mem	le:tiel	
Name	Function	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Initial value
[Cd.40] ABS direction in degrees	The ABS movement direction in the unit of degree is designated. 0: Shortcut (direction setting invalid) 1: ABS clockwise 2: ABS counterclockwise	1550+100n	4350+100n	0

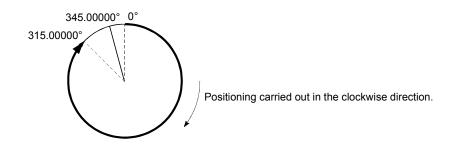
#### (b) When the software stroke limit is valid

The positioning is carried out in a clockwise/counterclockwise direction depending on the software stroke limit range setting method.

Because of this, positioning with "shortcut control" may not be possible.

ample-----

When the current value is moved from 0° to 315°, positioning is carried out in the clockwise direction if the software stroke limit lower limit value is 0° and the upper limit value is 345°.



#### **POINT**

Positioning addresses are within a range of 0° to 359.99999°.

Use the incremental system to carry out positioning of one rotation or more.

# 2) Incremental system

Positioning is carried out for a designated movement amount in a designated movement direction when in the incremental system of positioning.

The movement direction is determined by the sign (+, -) of the movement amount.

- For a positive (+) movement direction ...... Clockwise
- For a negative (-) movement direction.....Counterclockwise

#### **POINT**

Positioning of 360° or more can be carried out with the incremental system. At this time, set as shown below to invalidate the software stroke limit.

[Software stroke limit upper limit value = Software stroke limit lower limit value] Set the value within the setting range ( $0^{\circ}$  to 359.99999°).

# 9.1.6 Interpolation control

# Meaning of interpolation control

In "2-axis linear interpolation control", "3-axis linear interpolation control", "4-axis linear interpolation control", "2-axis fixed-feed control", "3-axis fixed-feed control", "4-axis fixed-feed control", "2-axis speed control", "3-axis speed control", "4-axis speed control", and "2-axis circular interpolation control", control is carried out so that linear and arc paths are drawn using a motor set in two to four axis directions. This kind of control is called "interpolation control".

In interpolation control, the axis in which the control system is set is defined as the "reference axis", and the other axis is defined as the "interpolation axis".

The Simple Motion module controls the "reference axis" following the positioning data set in the "reference axis", and controls the "interpolation axis" corresponding to the reference axis control so that a linear or arc path is drawn.

The following table shows the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.

Axis definition	Q	D77MS2	Q	D77MS4	QD	77MS16
Interpolation of "[Da.2] Control system"	Reference axis	Interpolation axis	Reference axis	Interpolation axis	Reference axis	Interpolation axis
2-axis linear interpolation control 2-axis fixed-feed control 2-axis circular interpolation control 2-axis speed control	Any of axes 1 to 2	"Axis to be interpolated" set in reference axis	Any of axes 1 to 4	"Axis to be interpolated" set in reference axis		"Axis to be interpolated No.1" set in reference axis
		_	Axis 1	Axis 2, Axis 3		"Axis to be
3-axis linear interpolation control		_		Axis 3, Axis 4		interpolated No.1" and "Axis to be
3-axis fixed-feed control	_		Axis 3	Axis 4, Axis 1		
3-axis speed control	-		Axis 4	Axis 1, Axis 2	Any of axes	interpolated No.2" set in reference axis
	_		Axis 1	Axis 2, Axis 3, Axis 4	1 10 10	"Axis to be interpolated
4-axis linear interpolation control 4-axis fixed-feed control	-		Axis 2	Axis 3, Axis 4, Axis 1		No.1", "Axis to be interpolated No.2" and "Axis
4-axis speed control		-		Axis 4, Axis 1, Axis 2		to be interpolated
	-		Axis 4	Axis 1, Axis 2, Axis 3		No.3" set in reference axis

## Setting the positioning data during interpolation control

When carrying out interpolation control, the same positioning data Nos. are set for the "reference axis" and the "interpolation axis".

The following table shows the "positioning data" setting items for the reference axis and interpolation axis.

		Axis	Reference axis setting item	Interpolation axis setting item
Sett	ing item		Reference axis setting item	interpolation axis setting item
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	©	_
	[Da.2]	Control system	Linear 2, 3, 4, Fixed-feed 2, 3, 4, Circular sub, Circular right, Circular left Forward run speed 2, 3, 4 Reverse run speed 2, 3, 4	-
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	©	_
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	©	_
	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	O *1	-
Nos	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	$\hfill \triangle$ (Forward run speed 2, 3, and 4. Reverse run speed 2, 3, and 4 not required.)	$\hfill \triangle$ (Forward run speed 2, 3, and 4. Reverse run speed 2, 3, and 4 not required.)
ning data	[Da.7] Arc address		$\triangle$ (Only during circular sub, circular right, and circular left).	$\triangle$ (Only during circular sub, circular right, and circular left).
Same positioning data Nos	[Da.8]	Command speed	<b>(</b>	$\triangle$ (Only during forward run speed 2, 3, 4 and reverse run speed 2, 3, 4).
S	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	0	-
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	0	-
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16	○ *2	-
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16	O *2	-
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16	○ *2	_

Setting always required

○ : Set according to requirements (Set to "-" when not used.)

 $\triangle$ : Setting restrictions exist

- Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. Use the initial value or a value within the setting range.)
- \*1: For 2-axis interpolation, the partner axis is set. If the self-axis is set, the error "Illegal interpolation description command" (error code: 521) will occur. For 3- and 4-axis interpolation, the axis setting is not required.
- \*2: The axis No. is set to axis to be interpolated No.1 for 2-axis linear interpolation, to axis to be interpolated No.1 and No.2 for 3-axis linear interpolation, and to axis to be interpolated No.1 to No.3 for 4-axis linear interpolation.

If the self-axis is set, an error "Illegal interpolation description command (error code: 521)" will occur. The axes that are not used are not required.

## ■ Starting the interpolation control

The positioning data Nos. of the reference axis (axis in which interpolation control was set in "[Da.2] Control system") are started when starting the interpolation control. (Starting of the interpolation axis is not required.)

The following errors or warnings will occur and the positioning will not start if both reference axis and the interpolation axis are started.

• Reference axis : Interpolation while interpolation axis BUSY (error code: 519)

• Interpolation axis: Control system setting error (error code: 524), start during operation (warning code: 100).

#### Interpolation control continuous positioning

When carrying out interpolation control in which "continuous positioning control" and "continuous path control" are designated in the operation pattern, the positioning method for all positioning data from the started positioning data to the positioning data in which "positioning complete" is set must be set to interpolation control.

The number of the interpolation axes and axes to be interpolated cannot be changed from the intermediate positioning data. When the number of the interpolation axes and axes to be interpolated are changed, the error "Control system setting error" (error code: 524) will occur and the positioning will stop.

## Speed during interpolation control

Either the "composite speed" or "reference axis speed" can be designated as the speed during interpolation control.

([Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method)

Only the "Reference axis speed" can be designated in the following interpolation control.

When a "composite speed" is set and positioning is started, the error "Interpolation mode error" (error code: 523) occurs, and the system will not start.

- 4-axis linear interpolation
- 2-axis speed control
- · 3-axis speed control
- 4-axis speed control

#### Cautions in interpolation control

(1) If either of the axes exceeds the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" in the 2- to 4-axes speed control, the axis which exceeded the speed limit value is controlled by the speed limit value.

For the other axes which perform interpolation, the speed can be suppressed by the ratio of a command speed.

If the reference axis exceeds "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" during 2- to 4-axis linear interpolation control, 2- to 4-axis fixed-feed control or 2-axis circular interpolation control, the reference axis is controlled at the speed limit value. (The speed limit does not function on the interpolation axis side.)

(2) In 2- to 4-axis interpolation, you cannot change the combination of interpolated axes midway through operation.

#### **POINT**

When the "reference axis speed" is set during interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".

#### Limits to interpolation control

There are limits to the interpolation control that can be executed and speed ([Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method) that can be set, depending on the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" of the reference axis and interpolation axis. (For example, circular interpolation control cannot be executed if the reference axis and interpolation axis units differ.)

The following table shows the interpolation control and speed designation limits.

		[Pr.1] Unit settir	ng *1
"[Da.2] Control system" interpolation control	[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method	combination of "mm" and "inch"	Reference axis and interpolation axis units differ *3
Linear 2 (ABS, INC)	Composite speed	0	×
Fixed-feed 2	Reference axis speed	0	0
Circular sub (ABS, INC)	Composite speed	○ *2	×
Circular right (ABS, INC) Circular left (ABS, INC)	Reference axis speed	×	×
Linear 3 (ABS, INC)	Composite speed	0	×
Fixed-feed 3	Reference axis speed	0	0
Linear 4 (ABS, INC)	Composite speed	×	×
Fixed-feed 4	Reference axis speed	0	0

- $\bigcirc$  : Setting possible,  $\times$  : Setting not possible.
- \*1: "mm" and "inch" unit mix possible.
  - When "mm" and "inch" are mixed, convert as follows for the positioning.
  - If interpolation control units are "mm", positioning is controlled by calculating position commands from the address, travel value, positioning speed and electronic gear, which have been converted to "mm" using the formula: inch setting value × 25.4 = mm setting value.
  - If interpolation control units are "inch", positioning is controlled by calculating position commands from the address, travel value, positioning speed and electronic gear, which have been converted to "inch" using the formula: mm setting value ÷ 25.4 = inch setting value.
- \*2: "degree" setting not possible. The error "Circular interpolation not possible" (error code: 535) will occur and the positioning control does not start if circular interpolation control is set when the unit is "degree". The machine will immediately stop if "degree" is set during positioning control.
- \*3: The unit set in the reference axis will be used for the speed unit during control if the units differ or if "mm" and "inch" are combined.

#### Axis operation status during interpolation control

"Interpolation" will be stored in the "[Md.26] Axis operation status" during interpolation control. "Standby" will be stored when the interpolation operation is terminated. Both the reference axis and interpolation axis will carry out a deceleration stop if an error occurs during control, and "Error" will be stored in the operation status.

MEMO		

# 9.2 Setting the positioning data

# 9.2.1 Relation between each control and positioning data

The setting requirements and details for the setting items of the positioning data to be set differ according to the "[Da.2] Control system".

The following table shows the positioning data setting items corresponding to the different types of control. Details and settings for the operation of each control are shown in Section 9.2.2 and subsequent sections.

(In this section, it is assumed that the positioning data setting is carried out using GX Works2.)

		Major positioning control		Desition control		Coard control		
Major positioning control				Position control		Speed control	ł	
Position	Positioning data setting items		1-axis linear control 2-axis linear interpolation control 3-axis linear interpolation control 4-axis linear interpolation control	1-axis fixed-feed control 2-axis fixed-feed control 3-axis fixed-feed control 4-axis fixed-feed control	2-axis circular interpolation control	1-axis, 2-axis, 3-axis, 4-axis Speed control		
	mig data oot	Independent	COTILIO					
[Da.1]	Operation	positioning control (Positioning complete)	©	©	©	©		
[50.1]	pattern	Continuous positioning control	©	©	©	×		
		Continuous path control	0	×	0	×		
[Da.2]			Linear 1 Linear 2 Linear 3 Linear 4 *	Fixed-feed 1 Fixed-feed 2 Fixed-feed 3 Fixed-feed 4	Circular sub Circular right Circular left *	Forward run speed 1 Reverse run speed 1 Forward run speed 2 Reverse run speed 2 Forward run speed 3 Reverse run speed 3 Forward run speed 4 Reverse run speed 4		
[Da.3]	Acceleration	n time No.	0	0	0	©		
[Da.4]	Deceleration	n time No.	0	0	0	0		
[Da.5]	Axis to be in		⊚: 2-axis –: 1, 3, 4-axis					
[Da.6]	Positioning amount	address/movement	©	©	©	-		
[Da.7]	Arc address	3	-	_	0	_		
[Da.8]	Command s	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0		
[Da.9]	positioning		0	0	0	-		
[Da.10]	Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions		0	0	0	0		
[Da.20]		nterpolated No.1	◎: 2, 3, 4-axis —: 1-axis					
[Da.21]	a.21] Axis to be interpolated No.2 ©: 3, 4-axis —: 1, 2-axis							
[Da.22]	Axis to be in QD77MS16	nterpolated No.3	⊚: 4-axis —: 1, 2,3 -axis					

				Other control		
	Position- speed switching control	NOP instruction	Current value changing	JUMP instruction	LOOP	LEND
0	0	-	0	-	-	-
0	×	-	0	-	-	-
×	×	_	×	-	-	_
Reverse run speed/position *	Forward run position/speed Reverse run position/speed	NOP	Current value changing	JUMP instruction	LOOP	LEND
0	0	_	-	_	-	_
0	0	_	_	_	_	_
-	-	-	_	_	_	_
0	©	-	New address	_	-	-
_	_	_	_	_	_	_
0	0	_	_	-	_	-
0	0	_	-	JUMP destination positioning data No.	_	-
0	0	_	0	JUMP Condition data No.	Number of LOOP to LEND repetition	_
ı	-	-	-	_	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	_	_	-	-	-	_

<sup>© :</sup> Always set

# REMARK

• It is recommended that the "positioning data" be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

<sup>○ :</sup> Set according to requirements ("-" when not set)

 $<sup>\</sup>times$ : Setting not possible (If set, the error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur at start.)

<sup>- :</sup> Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. Use the initial value or a value within the setting range.)

<sup>\* :</sup> The "ABS (absolute) system" or "INC (incremental) system" can be used for the control system.

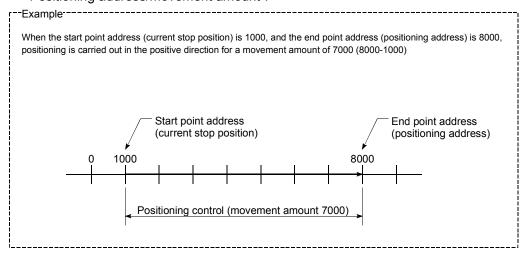
#### 9.2.2 1-axis linear control

In "1-axis linear control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = ABS linear 1, INC linear 1), one motor is used to carry out position control in a set axis direction.

# [1] 1-axis linear control (ABS linear 1)

## Operation chart

In absolute system 1-axis linear control, positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount".



# ■ Positioning data setting example

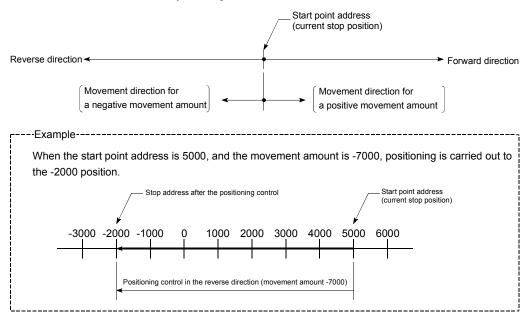
[When "1-axis linear control (ABS linear 1)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1.]

	Setting item		Setting example  QD77MS2 QD77MS4  QD77MS16				
					Setting details		
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning	g complete	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.		
	[Da.2]	Control system	ABS Ii	inear 1	Set absolute system 1-axis linear control.		
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.		1	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.		
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	(	0	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.		
<u>-</u>	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	I		Setting not required (setting value is ignored).		
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	8000.0µm		Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr. 1] Unit setting".)		
β	[Da.7]	Arc address	-	_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).		
l ji	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00	mm/min	Set the speed during movement to the positioning address.		
_	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500	Oms	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.		
Axis	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	1	0	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No.1 positioning data.		
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		_			
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16		-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).		
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		_			

# [2] 1-axis linear control (INC linear 1)

# Operation chart

In incremental system 1-axis linear control, positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.



# ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "1-axis linear control (INC linear 1)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

			Setting	example			
	Setting item		QD77MS2 QD77MS4 QD77MS16		Setting details		
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positionin	g complete	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.		
	[Da.2]	Control system	INC li	near 1	Set incremental system 1-axis linear control.		
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.		1	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.		
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	•	0	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.		
0. 1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	-		Setting not required (setting value is ignored).		
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	-/000 0um		-/000 0um		Set the movement amount. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)
ing	[Da.7]	Arc address	_		Setting not required (setting value is ignored).		
ition	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00	mm/min	Set the speed during movement.		
_	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500	Oms	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.		
Axis	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	1	0	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No.1 positioning data.		
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		-			
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16		-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).		
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		-			

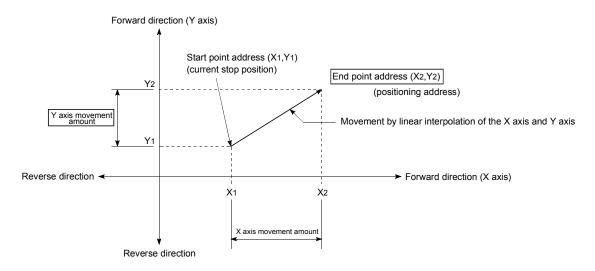
# 9.2.3 2-axis linear interpolation control

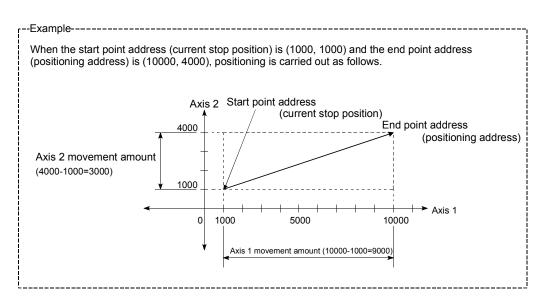
In "2-axis linear interpolation control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = ABS linear 2, INC linear 2), two motors are used to carry out position control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis. (Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

# [1] 2-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 2)

# Operation chart

In absolute system 2-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 2 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount".





#### Restrictions

An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning control.

• If the movement amount of each axis exceeds "1073741824 (=2<sup>30</sup>)" when "0: Composite speed" is set in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method" The error "Outside linear movement amount range" (error code: 504) occurs at a positioning start.

(The maximum movement amount that can be set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824  $(=2^{30})$ ".)

# Positioning data setting example

[When "2-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 2)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis........ Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

		Axis		7MS2/QD77MS4 QD77MS16 setting example setting example			
Set	Setting item		Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Setting details
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	_	Positioning complete	_	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.
	[Da.2]	Control system	ABS linear 2	-	ABS linear 2	-	Set absolute system 2-axis linear interpolation control.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	-	1	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	0	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
10.1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	Axis 2	_			Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis).  If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	10000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	10000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	Set the end point address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)
ning	[Da.7]	Arc address	_	_	_	_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
Positio	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	-	6000.00 mm/min	_	Set the speed during movement to the end point address.
Axis 1	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms	-	500ms	-	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	10	-	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No.1 positioning data.
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16			Axis 2	_	Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16			-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16			-	_	Setting not required (Setting value is ignored).

# **POINT**

• When the "reference axis speed" is set during 2-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".

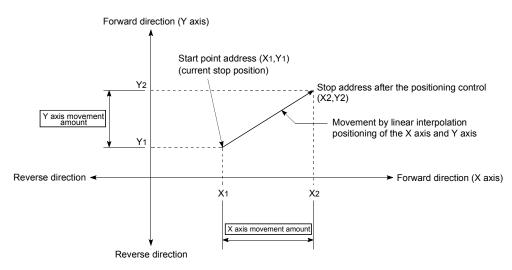
# [2] 2-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 2)

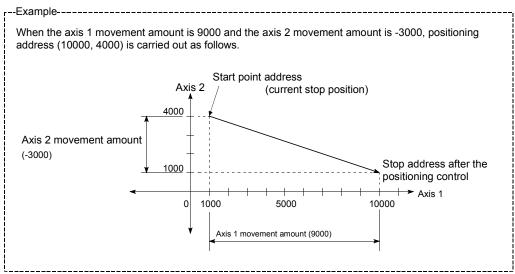
## Operation chart

In incremental system 2-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 2 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.

• Positive movement amount ......Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)

• Negative movement amount.......Positioning control to reverse direction (Address decrease direction)





#### Restrictions

An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning operation.

• If the movement amount of each axis exceeds "1073741824 (=2<sup>30</sup>)" when "0: Composite speed" is set in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method" The error "Outside linear movement amount range" (error code: 504) occurs at a positioning start.

(The maximum movement amount that can be set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824  $(=2^{30})$ ".)

# Positioning data setting example

[When "2-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 2)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis........ Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

_			QD77MS2/	QD77MS4	QD77	MS16				
		Axis	setting example		setting e	example				
			Axis 1 Axis 2		Axis 1 Axis 2		Setting details			
Set	ting item		(reference	(interpolation	ation (reference (interpolation					
			axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)				
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning		Positioning		Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next			
	[54.1]	Operation pattern	complete	_	complete	_	positioning data will not be executed.			
	[Da.2]	Control system	INC linear 2	-	INC linear 2	-	Set incremental system 2-axis linear interpolation control.			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						Designate the value set in "[Pr.25]			
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	_	1	_	Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.			
				_			Designate the value set in "[Pr.10]			
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0		0	-	Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time			
							at deceleration.			
_	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated	Axis 2	_			Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis).			
Š		QD77MS2 QD77MS4	_				If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.			
g data	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	9000.0 μm	-3000.0 μm	9000.0 μm	-3000.0 μm	Set the movement amount. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)			
ning	[Da.7]	Arc address	-	-	-	_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).			
Positioning data No.	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	-	6000.00 mm/min	_	Set the speed during movement.			
_		Dwell time/JUMP					Set the time the machine dwells after the			
Axis	[Da.9]	destination positioning data No.	500ms	-	500ms	-	positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.			
		M code/Condition								
		data No./Number of		_			Set this when other sub operation commands			
	[Da.10]	LOOP to LEND	10		10	_	are issued in combination with the No.1			
		repetitions					positioning data.			
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated	_		Axis 2		Set the axis to be interpolated.			
	[50.20]	No.1 QD77MS16			AXI5 2		If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.			
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16				_				
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16			_	_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).			

# POINT

• When the "reference axis speed" is set during 2-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".

# 9.2.4 3-axis linear interpolation control

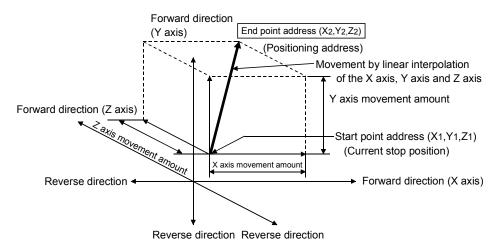
In "3-axis linear interpolation control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = ABS linear 3, INC linear 3), three motors are used to carry out position control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.

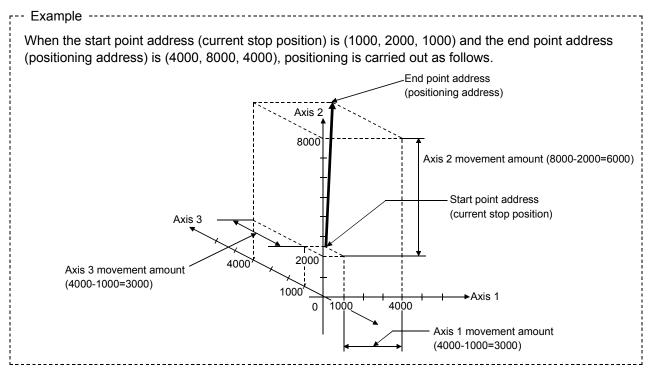
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

# [1] 3-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 3)

#### Operation chart

In the absolute system 3-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 3 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in the "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount".





#### Restrictions

An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning control.

• If the movement amount of each axis exceeds "1073741824 (=2<sup>30</sup>)" when "0: Composite speed" is set in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method" The error "Outside linear movement amount range" (error code: 504) occurs at a positioning start.

(The maximum movement amount that can be set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (= $2^{30}$ )".)

## ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "3-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 3)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis....... Axis 2, Axis3 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 and axis 3.)

Axis Setting item			QD77	MS4 setting ex	cample	QD77N	//S16 setting e	xample	
			(reference (interpolation (interp		Axis 3	Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Axis 3	Setting details
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	-	_	Positioning complete	_	-	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.
	[Da.2]	Control system	ABS linear 3	-	-	ABS linear 3	-	-	Set absolute system 3-axis linear interpolation control.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	-	-	1 – –		-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	-	0		-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
No. 1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS4	-	-	-				Setting not required (setting value is ignored). When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2 and 3.
Positioning data No. 1	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	4000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	4000.0 8000.0 μm μm		4000.0 μm	Set the end point address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)
Positi	[Da.7]	Arc address	-	-	_			1	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
Axis 1	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	-	-	6000.00 mm/min		-	Set the speed during movement to the end point address.
	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms	-	-	500ms	-	-	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	-	10	-	Ι	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data.
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16				Axis 2	-	-	Set the axis to be interpolated.
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16				Axis 3		_	If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16					-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).

# POINTS

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 3-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.

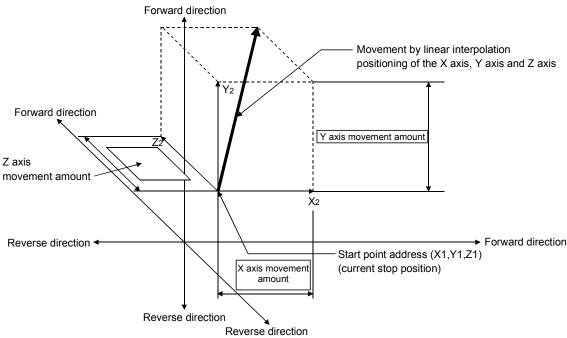
## [2] 3-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 3)

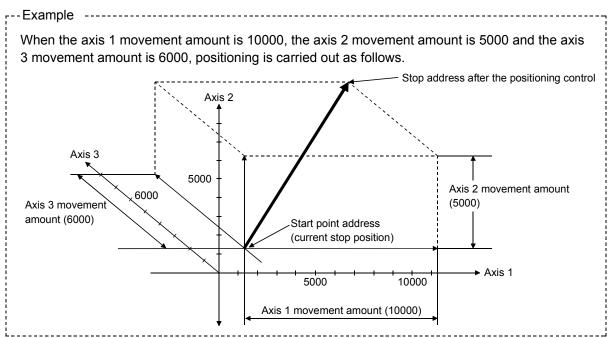
#### Operation chart

In the incremental system 3-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 3 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in the "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined the sign of the movement amount.

• Positive movement amount ......Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)

• Negative movement amount.............Positioning control to reverse direction (Address decrease direction)





#### Restrictions

An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning operation.

• If the movement amount of each axis exceeds "1073741824 (=2<sup>30</sup>)" when "0: Composite speed" is set in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method" The error "Outside linear movement amount range" (error code: 504) occurs at a positioning start.

(The maximum movement amount that can be set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (=2<sup>30</sup>)".)

# ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "3-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 3)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis....... Axis 2, Axis3 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 and axis 3.)

$\overline{}$			OD77	MS4 setting ex	· ·	OD771	AC16 potting o	vampla	,	
		Axis				QD77MS16 setting example			-	
			Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Setting details	
Sett	ng item		(reference			` '				
			axis)	axis) axis) axis) axis) axis) axis)		axis)				
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning	-	_	Positioning complete	-		Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be	
			complete					_	· •	
			<u> </u>						executed.	
	[Da.2]	Control system	INC linear 3		-	INC linear 3	_	_	Set incremental system 3-axis linear	
									interpolation control.	
	[Do 2]	Acceleration time No.		-	-				Designate the value set in "[Pr.25]	
	[Da.3]		1			1	_	_	Acceleration time 1" as the	
									acceleration time at start.  Designate the value set in "[Pr.10]	
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No	0	-	-	0			Deceleration time 0" as the	
	[[0a.4]	Deceleration time No.	U			O	_	_	deceleration time of as the deceleration time at deceleration.	
		Axis to be interpolated QD77MS4							Setting not required (setting value is	
				-	-		_		ignored).	
	[Da.5]		-						When axis 1 is used as a reference	
Ψ.									axis, the interpolation axes are axes	
Š									2 and 3.	
Positioning data No. 1	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	10000.0 μm		6000.0 μm	10000.0 μm	5000.0 μm		Set the movement amount.	
ρg				5000.0 μm				6000.0 μm	(Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit	
oni:							,		setting".)	
Siti	[D - 7]	A I							Setting not required (setting value is	
Ğ	[Da.7]	Arc address	1	-	_	-	-	-	ignored).	
S 1	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00		_	6000.00		_	Set the speed during movement to	
Axis	[Da.o]		mm/min	-	_	mm/min	_	_	the end point address.	
		Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms		_	500ms	-	-	Set the time the machine dwells	
	[Da.9]								after the positioning stop (command	
				_					stop) to the output of the positioning	
									complete signal.	
		M code/Condition							Set this when other sub operation	
	[Da.10]	data No./Number of	10	-	_	10	_	_	commands are issued in	
	. ,	LOOP to LEND							combination with the No. 1	
		repetitions							positioning data.	
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated				Axis 2	_	_	Set the axis to be interpolated.	
	_	No.1 QD77MS16							If the self-axis is set, an error will	
	[Da.21]	Da.21] Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16				Axis 3	3 –		occur.	
									Setting not required (setting value is	
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16				_	-	-	Setting not required (setting value is	
		INU.S QUITMISTO							ignored).	

# POINTS

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 3-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.

# 9.2.5 4-axis linear interpolation control

In "4-axis linear interpolation control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = ABS linear 4, INC linear 4), four motors are used to carry out position control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis. (Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

[1] 4-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 4)
In the absolute system 4-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 4 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in the "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount".

# ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "4-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 4)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis........ Axis 2, Axis3, Axis4 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2, axis 3 and axis 4.)

Auda			G	D77MS4 se	tting exampl	е	QD77MS16 setting example				
Axis		Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	0	
		(reference		(interpolation		(reference		(interpolation		Setting details	
Sett	ng item		axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	— —	— —	- axis)	Positioning complete	— —	- axis)	- axis)	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will
			complete				Complete				not be executed.
	[Da.2]	Control system	ABS linear 4	-	-	-	ABS linear 4	-	-	-	Set absolute system 4- axis linear interpolation control.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS4	-	-	-	-					Setting not required (setting value is ignored). When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2, 3 and 4.
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	4000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	Set the end point address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)
Position	[Da.7]	Arc address	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
Axis 1	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	-	-	-	6000.00 mm/min	-	-	-	Set the speed during movement to the end point address.
	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms	-	-	-	500ms	-	-	-	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data.
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1					Axis 2	_	_	-	
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2					Axis 3	_	-	-	Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3					Axis 4	-	-	-	enoi wiii occul.

## **POINTS**

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 4-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.

# [2] 4-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 4)

In the incremental system 4-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 4 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in the "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.

#### Restrictions

An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning operation.

- When the movement amount for each axis exceeds "1073741824 (=2<sup>30</sup>)"
   The error "Outside linear movement amount range" (error code: 504) will occur at the positioning start.
  - (The maximum movement amount that can be set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (=2<sup>30</sup>)".)

# ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "4-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 4)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis........ Axis 2, Axis3, Axis4 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2, axis 3 and axis 4.)

/	_		C	D77MS4 se	tting exampl	e	Q	D77MS16 se	etting examp	le	
		Axis	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Setting details
Sett	ing item		(reference	(interpolation	(interpolation	(interpolation	(reference	(interpolation	(interpolation	(interpolation	Jetting details
	g		axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	-	-	-	Positioning complete	-	-	-	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.
	[Da.2]	Control system	INC linear 4	-	-	-	INC linear 4	-	-	-	Set incremental system 4-axis linear interpolation control.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	ı	-	I	1	_	I	l	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	-	l	0	_	-	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
40. 1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS4	Γ	Γ	-	ŀ				Setting not required (setting value is ignored). When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2, 3 and 4.	
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	4000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	Set the movement amount. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)
1 Pos	[Da.7]	Arc address	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
Axis	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	-	-	-	6000.00 mm/min	_	-	-	Set the speed during movement.
	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms	Γ	-	ŀ	500ms	-	T	Γ	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data.
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1					Axis 2	_	-	-	
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2					Axis 3	_	-	-	Set the axis to be interpolated.  If the self-axis is set, an
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3					Axis 4	_	-	-	error will occur.

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

# POINT

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 4-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.

#### 9.2.6 1-axis fixed-feed control

In "1-axis fixed-feed control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = fixed-feed 1), one motor is used to carry out fixed-feed control in a set axis direction.

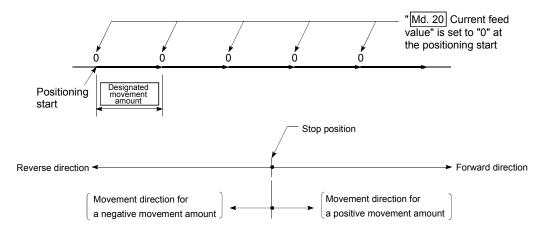
In fixed-feed control, any remainder of below control accuracy is rounded down to convert the movement amount designated in the positioning data into the command value to servo amplifier.

#### Operation chart

In 1-axis fixed-feed control, the address ([Md.20] Current feed value) of the current stop position (start point address) is set to "0". Positioning is then carried out to a position at the end of the movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount".

The movement direction is determined by the movement amount sign.

- Positive movement amount .......Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)
- Negative movement amount.............Positioning control to reverse direction (Address decrease direction)



- (1) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous path control" is set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern". ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in fixed-feed control.)
- (2) "Fixed-feed" cannot be set in "[Da.2] Control system" in the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", fixed-feed control cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.

## **POINT**

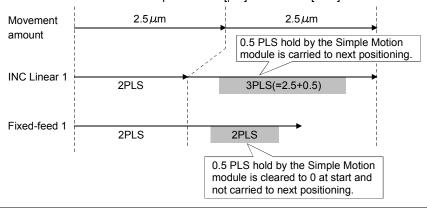
 When the movement amount is converted to the actual number of command pulses, a fraction appears after the decimal point, according to the movement amount per pulse. This fraction is normally retained in the Simple Motion module and reflected at the next positioning.

For the fixed-feed control, since the movement distance is maintained constant (= the command number of pulses is maintained constant), the control is carried out after the fraction pulse is cleared to zero at start.

[Accumulation/cutoff for fractional pulses]

When movement amount per pulse is 1.0 [ $\mu$ m] and movement for 2.5 [ $\mu$ m] is executed two times.

 $\rightarrow$  Conversion to command pulses: 2.5 [ $\mu$ m] ÷ 1.0 = 2.5 [PLS]



# ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "1-axis fixed-feed control (fixed-feed 1)" is set in positioning data No.1 of axis 1]

			Setting	example	
	\$	Setting item	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Setting details
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positionin	g complete	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.
	[Da.2]	Control system	Fixed-	-feed 1	Set 1-axis fixed-feed control.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1		Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	(	0	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
1.	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	ı		Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	8000.0μm		Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)
ing (	[Da.7]	Arc address	-	_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
ition	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00	)mm/min	Set the speed during movement to the positioning address.
Axis 1 Pos		Dwell time /JUMP destination positioning data No.	500	Oms	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.
Ŷ	[Da.10]	M code /Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10		Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data.
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		_	
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16		_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		_	

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## 9.2.7 2-axis fixed-feed control (interpolation)

In "2-axis fixed-feed control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = fixed-feed 2), two motors are used to carry out fixed-feed control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.

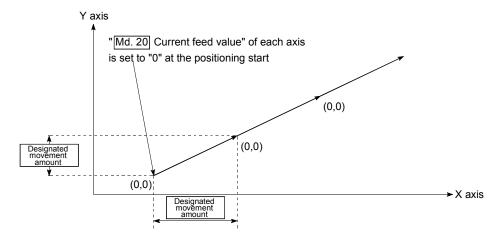
In fixed-feed control, any remainder of below control accuracy is rounded down to convert the movement amount designated in the positioning data into the command value to servo amplifier.

(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

# Operation chart

In incremental system 2-axis fixed-feed control, the addresses ([Md.20] Current feed value) of the current stop position (start addresses) of both axes are set to "0". Linear interpolation positioning is then carried out from that position to a position at the end of the movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.

- Positive movement amount ......Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)
- Negative movement amount......Positioning control to reverse direction
   (Address decrease direction)



- (1) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous path control" is set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern". ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in fixed-feed control.)
- (2) "Fixed-feed" cannot be set in "[Da.2] Control system" in the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", fixed-feed control cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.

# ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "2-axis fixed-feed control (fixed-feed 2)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis....... Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

		Axis	QD77MS2		QD77 setting 6			
		7000	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 1	Axis 2	Setting details	
Set	ting item		(reference	(interpolation	(reference	(interpolation	Ç	
			axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)		
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	-	Positioning complete	-	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.	
	[Da.2]	Control system	Fixed-feed 2	_	Fixed-feed 2	_	Set 2-axis fixed-feed control.	
		Acceleration time No.	1	-	1	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.	
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	0	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.	
	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	Axis 2	_			Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis).  If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.	
No. 1	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	8000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)	
data	[Da.7]	Arc address	ı	_	ı	ı	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).	
Positioning data No.	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	-	6000.00 mm/min	ı	Set the speed during movement. (Designate the composite speed of reference axis speed in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method".)	
Axis 1	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms	-	500ms	1	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.	
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	10	-	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data.	
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16				_	Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.	
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16			-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).	
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16			-	-	Setting not required (Setting value is ignored).	

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

#### **POINTS**

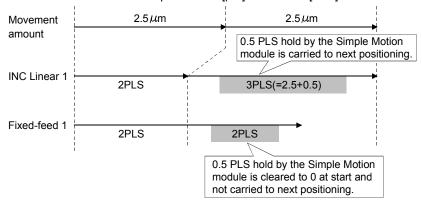
 When the movement amount is converted to the actual number of command pulses, a fraction appears after the decimal point, according to the movement amount per pulse. This fraction is normally retained in the Simple Motion module and reflected at the next positioning.

For the fixed-feed control, since the movement distance is maintained constant (= the command number of pulses is maintained constant), the control is carried out after the fraction pulse is cleared to zero at start.

[Accumulation/cutoff for fractional pulses]

When movement amount per pulse is 1.0 [µm] and movement for 2.5 [µm] is executed two times.

 $\rightarrow$  Conversion to command pulses: 2.5 [µm] ÷ 1.0 = 2.5 [PLS]



When the "reference axis speed" is set during 2-axis fixed-feed control, set so the
major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the
reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit
value".

## 9.2.8 3-axis fixed-feed control (interpolation)

In "3-axis fixed-feed control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = fixed-feed 3), three motors are used to carry out fixed-feed control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.

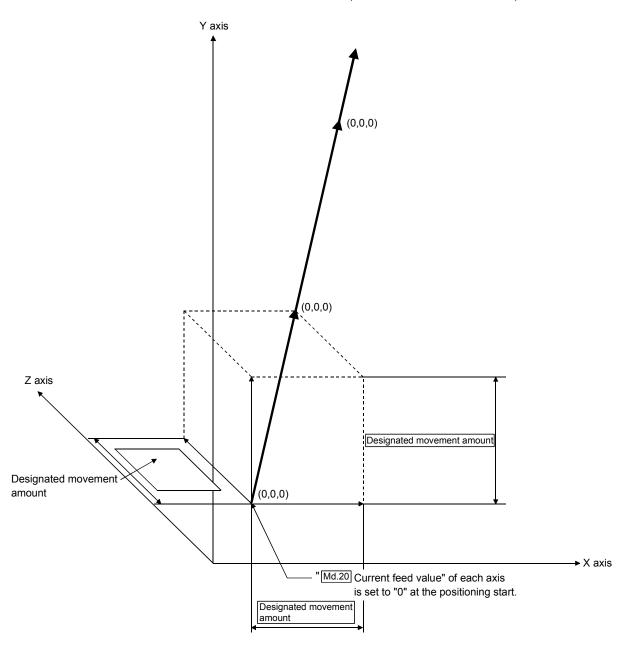
In fixed-feed control, any remainder of below control accuracy is rounded down to convert the movement amount designated in the positioning data into the command value to servo amplifier.

(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

# Operation chart

In incremental system 3-axis fixed-feed control, the addresses ([Md.20] Current feed value) of the current stop position (start addresses) of every axes are set to "0". Linear interpolation positioning is then carried out from that position to a position at the end of the movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.

- Positive movement amount ......Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)
- Negative movement amount......Positioning control to reverse direction (Address decrease direction)



- (1) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous path control" is set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern". ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in fixed-feed control.)
- (2) If the movement amount of each axis exceeds "1073741824 (=2<sup>30</sup>)" when "0: Composite speed" is set in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method", the "Outside linear movement amount range" (error code: 504) occurs at a positioning start and positioning cannot be started. (The maximum movement amount that can be set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (= 2<sup>30</sup>)".
- (3) "Fixed-feed" cannot be set in "[Da.2] Control system" in the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", fixed-feed control cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.

# ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "3-axis fixed-feed control (fixed-feed 3)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis....... Axis 2, Axis3 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 and axis 3.)

	_	Avia	QD77I	MS4 setting ex	ample	QD77N	/IS16 setting e	xample	
Sett	ing item	Axis	Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Axis 3 (interpolation axis)	Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Axis 3 (interpolation axis)	Setting details
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	-	-	Positioning complete	-	-	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.
	[Da.2]	Control system	Fixed-feed 3	_	_	Fixed-feed 3	_	_	Set 3-axis fixed-feed control.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	-	-	1	_	_	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	ı	ı	0	1	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
No. 1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS4	ı	ı	ı				Setting not required (setting value is ignored). When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2 and 3.
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	10000.0 μm	5000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	10000.0 μm	5000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)
Positio	[Da.7]	Arc address	1	1	1	1	1	1	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
Axis 1	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	1	1	6000.00 mm/min	1	-	Set the speed during movement.
A	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms	-	-	500ms	-	_	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	I	-	10	Ι	-	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data.
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16				Axis 2	-	_	Set the axis to be interpolated.
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16				Axis 3	_	-	If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16				-	-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

# **POINTS**

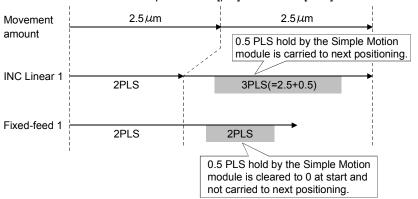
 When the movement amount is converted to the actual number of command pulses, a fraction appears after the decimal point, according to the movement amount per pulse. This fraction is normally retained in the Simple Motion module and reflected at the next positioning.

For the fixed-feed control, since the movement distance is maintained constant (= the command number of pulses is maintained constant), the control is carried out after the fraction pulse is cleared to zero at start.

[Accumulation/cutoff for fractional pulses]

When movement amount per pulse is 1.0 [ $\mu$ m] and movement for 2.5 [ $\mu$ m] is executed two times.

 $\rightarrow$  Conversion to command pulses: 2.5 [ $\mu$ m]  $\div$  1.0 = 2.5 [PLS]



- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 3-axis fixed-feed control, set so the
  major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the
  reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit
  value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.

## 9.2.9 4-axis fixed-feed control (interpolation)

In "4-axis fixed-feed control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = fixed-feed 4), four motors are used to carry out fixed-feed control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.

In fixed-feed control, any remainder of below control accuracy is rounded down to convert the movement amount designated in the positioning data into the command value to servo amplifier.

(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

## Operation chart

In incremental system 4-axis fixed-feed control, the addresses ([Md.20] Current feed value) of the current stop position (start addresses) of every axes are set to "0". Linear interpolation positioning is then carried out from that position to a position at the end of the movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.

Positive movement amount	Positioning control to forward direction
	(Address increase direction)
Negative movement amount	Positioning control to reverse direction
	(Address decrease direction)

- (1) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous path control" is set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern". ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in fixed-feed control.)
- (2) "Fixed-feed" cannot be set in "[Da.2] Control system" in the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", fixed-feed control cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.

# ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "4-axis fixed-feed control (fixed-feed 4)" is set in positioning data No.1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis........ Axis 2, Axis3, Axis4 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2, axis 3 and axis 4.)

Axis			C	D77MS4 se	tting exampl	е	Q	D77MS16 se	etting examp	ole	
		Axis	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Catting dataila
0.11			(reference	(interpolation	(interpolation	(interpolation	(reference	(interpolation	(interpolation	(interpolation	Setting details
Sett	ing item		axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	-	-	-	Positioning complete	-	-	-	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will
	[Da.2]	Control system	Fixed-feed 4	_	_	-	Fixed-feed 4	_	_	_	not be executed.  Set 4-axis fixed-feed control.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
. 1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS4	-	-	-	-				Setting not required (setting value is ignored). When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2, 3 and 4.	
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	4000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting ".)
Positic	[Da.7]	Arc address	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
Axis 1	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	1	İ	1	6000.00 mm/min	-	1	-	Set the speed during movement.
	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms	-	-	-	500ms	-	-	-	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data.
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1					Axis 2	_	_	_	
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2					Axis 3	_	-	-	Set the axis to be interpolated.  If the self-axis is set, an
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3					Axis 4	_	-	_	error will occur.

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

# **POINTS**

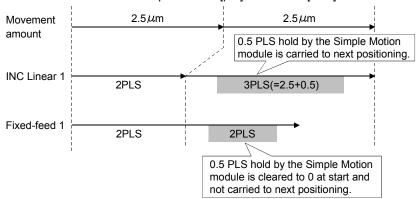
 When the movement amount is converted to the actual number of command pulses, a fraction appears after the decimal point, according to the movement amount per pulse. This fraction is normally retained in the Simple Motion module and reflected at the next positioning.

For the fixed-feed control, since the movement distance is maintained constant (= the command number of pulses is maintained constant), the control is carried out after the fraction pulse is cleared to zero at start.

[Accumulation/cutoff for fractional pulses]

When movement amount per pulse is 1.0 [ $\mu$ m] and movement for 2.5 [ $\mu$ m] is executed two times.

 $\rightarrow$  Conversion to command pulses: 2.5 [ $\mu$ m] ÷ 1.0 = 2.5 [PLS]



- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 4-axis fixed-feed control, set so the
  major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the
  reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit
  value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.

# 9.2.10 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation

In "2-axis circular interpolation control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = ABS circular sub, INC circular sub), two motors are used to carry out position control in an arc path passing through designated sub points, while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.

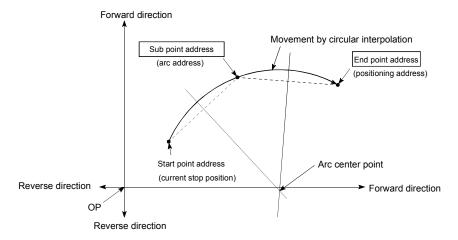
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

# [1] 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation (ABS circular sub)

#### Operation chart

In the absolute system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation, positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount", in an arc path that passes through the sub point address set in "[Da.7] Arc address".

The resulting control path is an arc having as its center the intersection point of perpendicular bisectors of a straight line between the start point address (current stop position) and sub point address (arc address), and a straight line between the sub point address (arc address) and end point address (positioning address).



- (1) 2-axis circular interpolation control cannot be set in the following cases.
  - When "degree" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting"
  - When the units set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting" are different for the reference axis and interpolation axis. ("mm" and "inch" combinations are possible.)
  - When "reference axis speed" is set in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method"
- (2) An error will occur and the positioning start will not be possible in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during positioning control.
  - When the radius exceeds "536870912 (=2<sup>29</sup>)". (The maximum radius for which circular interpolation control is possible is "536870912 (=2<sup>29</sup>)"
    - ... The error "Outside radius range" (error code: 544) will occur at positioning start.
  - When the center point address is outside the range of " $-2147483648 (-2^{31})$  to  $2147483647 (2^{31}-1)$ "
    - ... The error "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur at positioning start.
  - When the start point address is the same as the end point address ... The error "End point setting error" (error code: 526) will occur.
  - When the start point address is the same as the sub point address
    - ... The error "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.
  - When the end point address is the same as the sub point address ... The error "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.
  - When the start point address, sub point address, and end point address are in a straight line
    - ... The error "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.

# ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation (ABS circular sub)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis........ Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

				/QD77MS4		MS16	
		Axis		example	setting e		Catting dataila
Set	ting item		Axis 1 (reference	Axis 2 (interpolation	Axis 1 (reference	Axis 2 (interpolation	Setting details
CCI	ung itom		axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	-	Positioning complete	-	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.
	[Da.2]	Control system	ABS circular sub	_	ABS circular sub	-	Set absolute system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	-	1	1	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	0	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated  QD77MS2 QD77MS4	Axis 2	_			Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis).  If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
No. 1	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	8000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)
ing data	[Da.7]	Arc address	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	Set the sub point address. (Assuming that the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is set to "mm".)
Axis 1 Positioning data No.	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	-	6000.00 mm/min	-	Set the speed when moving to the end point address. (Designate the composite speed in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method".)
Ax	[Da.9]	Dwell time /JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms	-	500ms	-	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.
	[Da.10]	M code /Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	10	-	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data.
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16			Axis 2	_	Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16			-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16			-	-	Setting not required (Setting Value is ignored).

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

# **POINT**

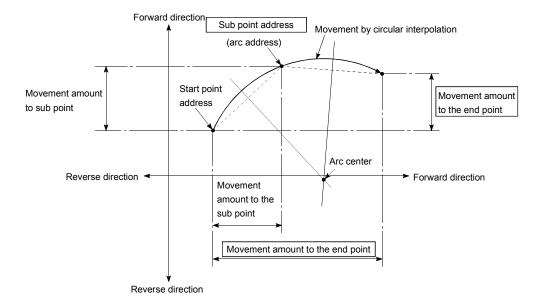
Set a value in "[Da.8] Command speed" so that the speed of each axis does not exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value". (The speed limit does not function for the speed calculated by the Simple Motion module during interpolation control.)

# [2] 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation (INC circular sub)

## Operation chart

In the incremental system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation, positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" in an arc path that passes through the sub point address set in "[Da.7] Arc address". The movement direction depends on the sign (+ or -) of the movement amount.

The resulting control path is an arc having as its center the intersection point of perpendicular bisectors of the straight line between the start point address (current stop position) and sub point address (arc address) calculated from the movement amount to the sub point, and a straight line between the sub point address (arc address) and end point address (positioning address) calculated from the movement amount to the end point.



- (1) 2-axis circular interpolation control cannot be set in the following cases.
  - When "degree" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting"
  - When the units set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting" are different for the reference axis and interpolation axis. ("mm" and "inch" combinations are possible.)
  - When "reference axis speed" is set in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method"
- (2) An error will occur and the positioning start will not be possible in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during positioning control.
  - When the radius exceeds "536870912 (=2<sup>29</sup>)". (The maximum radius for which circular interpolation control is possible is "536870912 (=2<sup>29</sup>)"
    - ... The error "Outside radius range" (error code: 544) will occur at positioning start.
  - When the sub point address is outside the range of " $-2147483648 (-2^{31})$  to  $2147483647 (2^{31}-1)$ "
    - ... The error "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.
  - When the end point address is outside the range of " $-2147483648 (-2^{31})$  to  $2147483647 (2^{31}-1)$ "
    - ... The error "End point setting error" (error code: 526) will occur.
  - When the center point address is outside the range of "-2147483648 (-2<sup>31</sup>) to 2147483647 (2<sup>31</sup>-1)"
    - ... The error "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur at positioning start.
  - When the start point address is the same as the end point address
    - ... The error "End point setting error" (error code: 526) will occur.
  - When the start point address is the same as the sub point address ... The error "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.
  - When the end point address is the same as the sub point address
     ... The error "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.
  - When the start point address, sub point address, and end point address are in a straight line
    - ... The error "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.

# ■ Positioning data setting example

[When "2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation (INC circular sub)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis........ Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

		Axis		/QD77MS4 example	QD77	MS16 example	
			Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 1	Axis 2	Setting details
Set	ting item		(reference	(interpolation	(reference	(interpolation	
			axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	_	Positioning complete	-	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.
	[Da.2]	Control system	INC circular	_	INC circular	_	Set incremental system, 2-axis circular
		•	sub		sub		interpolation control with sub point designation.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	_	1	1	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25]  Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	0	ı	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
_	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	Axis 2	-			Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis).  If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	8000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	Set the movement amount. (Assuming that the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is set to "mm".)
ning da	[Da.7]	Arc address	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	Set the sub point address. (Assuming that the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is set to "mm".)
1 Positioning	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	-	6000.00 mm/min	1	Set the speed during movement. (Designate the composite speed in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method".)
Axis	[Da.9]	Dwell time /JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms	-	500ms	ı	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.
	[Da.10]	M code /Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	10	-	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data.
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16			Axis 2	_	Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16			-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16			-	-	Setting not required (Setting value is ignored).

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINT

Set a value in "[Da.8] Command speed" so that the speed of each axis does not exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value". (The speed limit does not function for the speed calculated by the Simple Motion module during interpolation control.)

# 9.2.11 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation

In "2-axis circular interpolation control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = ABS circular right, INC circular right, ABS circular left, INC circular left), two motors are used to carry out position control in an arc path having an arc address as a center point, while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.

(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

The following table shows the rotation directions, arc center angles that can be controlled, and positioning paths for the different control systems.

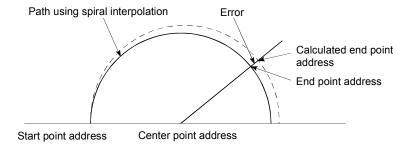
Control system	Rotation direction	Arc center angle that can be controlled	Positioning path		
ABS circular right			Positioning path  Start point		
INC circular right	Clockwise	o°	Start point (current stop position) $0^{\circ} < \theta \le 360^{\circ}$ (positioning address) Center point		
ABS circular left	Countaralankuisa	$0^{\circ} < \theta \le 360^{\circ}$	Center point  0° < θ ≤ 360°		
INC circular left	Counterclockwise		Start point (current stop position)  Positioning path  End point (positioning address)		

#### Circular interpolation error compensation

In circular interpolation control with center point designation, the arc path calculated from the start point address and center point address may deviate from the position of the end point address set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount".

(Refer to "[Pr.41] Allowable circular interpolation error width".)

(1) Calculated error ≤ "[Pr.41] Allowable circular interpolation error width" Circular interpolation control to the set end point address is carried out while the error compensation is carried out. (This is called "spiral interpolation".)



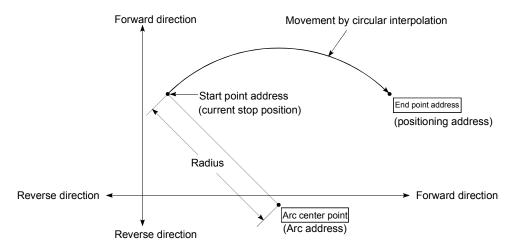
In circular interpolation control with center point designation, an angular velocity is calculated on the assumption that operation is carried out at a command speed on the arc using the radius calculated from the start point address and center point address, and the radius is compensated in proportion to the angular velocity deviated from that at the start point. Thus, when there is a difference (error) between a radius calculated from the start point address and center point address (start point radius) and a radius calculated from the end point address and center point address (end point radius), the composite speed differs from the command speed as follows.

- \* Start point radius > End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes slower as end point address is reached.
- \* Start point radius < End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes faster as end point address is reached.
- (2) Calculated error > "[Pr.41] Allowable circular interpolation error width" At the positioning start, the error "Large arc error deviation" (error code: 506) will occur and the control will not start. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during positioning control.

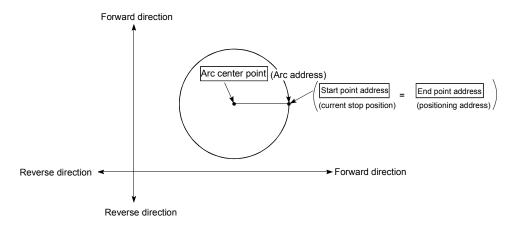
[1] 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation (ABS circular right, ABS circular left)

# Operation chart

In the absolute system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount", in an arc path having as its center the address (arc address) of the center point set in "[Da.7] Arc address".



Positioning of a complete round with a radius from the start point address to the arc center point can be carried out by setting the end point address (positioning address) to the same address as the start point address.



In circular interpolation control with center point designation, an angular velocity is calculated on the assumption that operation is carried out at a command speed on the arc using the radius calculated from the start point address and center point address, and the radius is compensated in proportion to the angular velocity deviated from that at the start point.

Thus, when there is a difference (error) between a radius calculated from the start point address and center point address (start point radius) and a radius calculated from the end point address and center point address (end point radius), the composite speed differs from the command speed as follows.

- \* Start point radius > End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes slower as end point address is reached.
- \* Start point radius < End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes faster as end point address is reached.

- (1) 2-axis circular interpolation control cannot be set in the following cases.
  - When "degree" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting"
  - When the units set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting" are different for the reference axis and interpolation axis. ("mm" and "inch" combinations are possible.)
  - When "reference axis speed" is set in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method"
- (2) An error will occur and the positioning start will not be possible in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during positioning control.
  - When the radius exceeds "536870912 (=2<sup>29</sup>)". (The maximum radius for which circular interpolation control is possible is "536870912 (=2<sup>29</sup>)"
    - ... The error "Outside radius range" (error code: 544) will occur at positioning start.
  - When the start point address is the same as the center point address
     ... The error "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.
  - When the end point address is the same as the center point address ... The error "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.
  - When the center point address is outside the range of –2147483648 (-2<sup>31</sup>) to 2147483647 (2<sup>31</sup>-1)
    - ... The error "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.

# Positioning data setting examples

[When "2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation (ABS circular right, ABS circular left)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis........ Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

						-	
			QD77MS2	/QD77MS4	QD77	MS16	
		Axis	setting 6	example	setting e	example	
<u>.</u>			Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 1	Axis 2	Setting details
Set	ting item		(reference	(interpolation	(reference	(interpolation	
			axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	0.180.11
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning	_	Positioning	_	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next
			complete		complete		positioning data will not be executed.
			ABS circular		ABS circular		Set absolute system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point
	[Da.2]	Control system	right ABS circular	_	right ABS circular	_	designation. (Select clockwise or
			left		left		counterclockwise according to the control.)
			ICIL		icit		Designate the value set in "[Pr.25]
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	_	1	_	Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time
	[= 00]	Acceleration time 140.					at start.
							Designate the value set in "[Pr.10]
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	_	0	_	Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time
		Deceleration time No.					at deceleration.
	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated	Audia O				Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis).
_	[Da.5]	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	Axis 2 –				If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
ė	[Da.6]	Positioning address/	9000 0m	6000 0m	9000 0m	6000 0	Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm"
ata I	[Da.0]	movement amount	8000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting".)
ğ							Set the arc address (center point address).
ninc	[Da.7]	Arc address	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	(Assuming that the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is set to
Positioning data No.							"mm".)
P							Set the speed when moving to the end point
s 1	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00	_	6000.00	_	address. (Designate the composite speed in
Axis			mm/min		mm/min		"[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation
		Description of ALIMAD					method".) Set the time the machine dwells after the
	[Da 0]	Dwell time /JUMP destination positioning	500ms		500ms		positioning stop (command stop) to the output
	[Da.5]	data No.	5001115	_	5001118	_	of the positioning complete signal.
		M code /Condition					or the positioning complete signal.
		data No./Number of					Set this when other sub operation commands
	[Da.10]	LOOP to LEND	10	_	10	_	are issued in combination with the No.1
		repetitions					positioning data.
	[Do 20]	Axis to be interpolated			And O		Set the axis to be interpolated.
	[Da.20]	No.1 QD77MS16		-	Axis 2	-	If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated					
	[۵۰۲۱]	No.2 QD77MS16			-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated			_	_	county from required (setting value is ignored).
	[= 4]	No.3 QD77MS16				_	

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

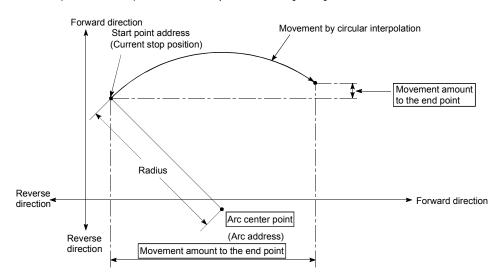
## POINT

Set a value in "[Da.8] Command speed" so that the speed of each axis does not exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value". (The speed limit does not function for the speed calculated by the Simple Motion module during interpolation control.)

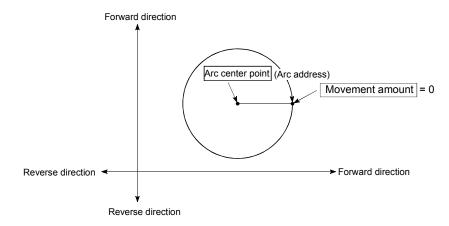
[2] 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation (INC circular right, INC circular left)

# Operation chart

In the incremental system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation, positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount", in an arc path having as its center the address (arc address) of the center point set in "[Da.7] Arc address".



Positioning of a complete round with a radius of the distance from the start point address to the arc center point can be carried out by setting the movement amount to "0".



In circular interpolation control with center point designation, an angular velocity is calculated on the assumption that operation is carried out at a command speed on the arc using the radius calculated from the start point address and center point address, and the radius is compensated in proportion to the angular velocity deviated from that at the start point.

Thus, when there is a difference (error) between a radius calculated from the start point address and center point address (start point radius) and a radius calculated from the end point address and center point address (end point radius), the composite speed differs from the command speed as follows.

- \* Start point radius > End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes slower as end point address is reached.
- \* Start point radius < End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes faster as end point address is reached.

- (1) 2-axis circular interpolation control cannot be set in the following cases.
  - When "degree" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting"
  - When the units set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting" are different for the reference axis and interpolation axis. ("mm" and "inch" combinations are possible.)
  - When "reference axis speed" is set in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method"
- (2) An error will occur and the positioning start will not be possible in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during positioning control.
  - When the radius exceeds "536870912 (=2<sup>29</sup>)". (The maximum radius for which circular interpolation control is possible is "536870912 (=2<sup>29</sup>)"
    - ... The "Outside radius range" (error code: 544) will occur at positioning start.
  - When the end point address is outside the range of  $-2147483648 (-2^{31})$  to  $2147483647 (2^{31}-1)$ 
    - ... The error "End point setting error" (error code: 526) will occur.
  - When the start point address is the same as the center point address ... The error "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.
  - When the end point address is the same as the center point address ... The error "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.
  - When the center point address is outside the range of –2147483648 (-2<sup>31</sup>) to 2147483647 (2<sup>31</sup>-1)
    - ... The error "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.

# Positioning data setting examples

[When "2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation (INC circular right, INC circular left)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis........ Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

		Axis		/QD77MS4 example		MS16 example		
Set	ting item		Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Setting details	
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	_	Positioning complete	-	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed.	
	[Da.2]	Control system	INC circular right INC circular left	-	INC circular right INC circular left	-	Set incremental system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation. (Select clockwise or counterclockwise according to the control.)	
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	-	1	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.	
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	0	_	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10]  Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.	
	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	Axis 2	-			Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis).  If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.	
ta No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	8000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	8000.0 μm	6000.0 μm	Set the movement amount. (Assuming that the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is set to "mm".)	
Positioning data No.	[Da.7]	Arc address	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	4000.0 μm	3000.0 μm	Set the center point address (center point address). (Assuming that the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is set to "mm".)	
Axis 1 Pos	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	_	6000.00 mm/min	-	Set the speed when moving to the end point address. (Designate the composite speed in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method".)	
	[Da.9]	Dwell time /JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms	-	500ms	-	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal.	
	[Da.10]	M code /Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	10	_	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No.1 positioning data.	
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16			Axis 2	-	Set the axis to be interpolated.  If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.	
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16			-	_		
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16			_	_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).	

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINT

Set a value in "[Da.8] Command speed" so that the speed of each axis does not exceed the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value". (The speed limit does not function for the speed calculated by the Simple Motion module during interpolation control.)

## 9.2.12 1-axis speed control

In "1-axis speed control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = Forward run: speed 1, Reverse run: speed 1), control is carried out in the axis direction in which the positioning data has been set by continuously outputting pulses for the speed set in "[Da.8] Command speed" until the input of a stop command.

The two types of 1-axis speed control are "Forward run: speed 1" in which the control starts in the forward run direction, and "Reverse run: speed 1" in which control starts in the reverse run direction.

## Operation chart

The following chart shows the operation timing for 1-axis speed control with axis 1 as the reference axis.

The "in speed control" flag ([Md.31] Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control. The "Positioning complete signal" is not turned ON.

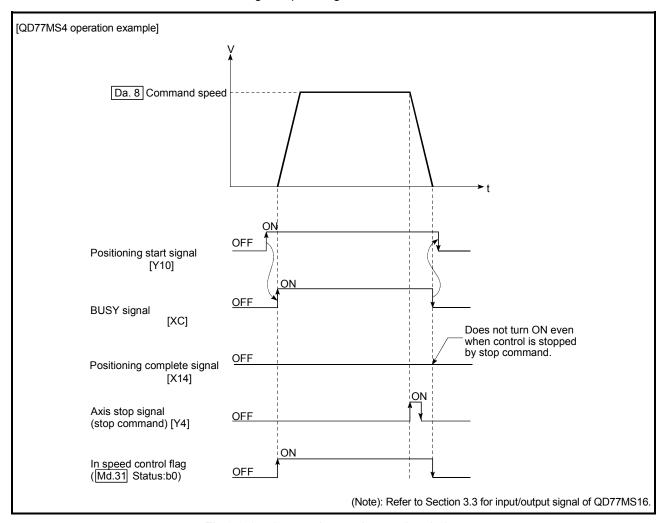
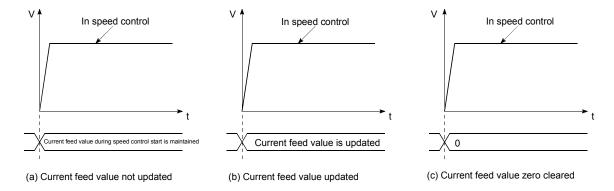


Fig.9.9 1-axis speed control operation timing

# ■ Current feed value during 1-axis speed control

The following table shows the "[Md.20] Current feed value" during 1-axis speed control corresponding to the "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" settings.

"[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting	[Md.20] Current feed value
0: Do not update current feed value	The current feed value at speed control start is maintained.
1: Update current feed value	The current feed value is updated.
2: Zero clear current feed value	The current feed value is fixed at 0.



- (1) Set "Positioning complete" in "[Da.1] Operation pattern". The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern". ("Continuous positioning control" and "continuous path control" cannot be set in speed control.)
- (2) Set the WITH mode in "[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing" when using an M code. The M code will not be output, and the M code ON signal will not turn ON if the AFTER mode is set.
- (3) The error "No command speed" (error code: 503) will occur if the current speed (-1) is set in "[Da.8] Command speed".
- (4) The software stroke limit check is not carried out if the control unit is set to "degree".

# ■ Positioning data setting examples

[When "1-axis speed control (forward run: speed 1)" is set in the positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

			Setting	example		
Setting item			QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Setting details	
Axis 1 Positioning data No. 1	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positionina complete		Setting other than "Positioning complete" is not possible in speed control.	
	[Da.2]	Control system	Forward run speed 1		Set 1-axis speed control.	
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.		1	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.	
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	(	0	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.	
	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	-			
	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	_		Setting not required (setting value is ignored).	
	[Da.7]	Arc address	_			
	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00mm/min		Set the speed to be commanded.	
	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	-		Setting not required (setting value is ignored).	
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10		Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. ("[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing" setting only possible in the WITH mode.)	
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		_		
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16		_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).	
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		_		

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

# 9.2.13 2-axis speed control

In "2-axis speed control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = Forward run: speed 2, Reverse run: speed 2), control is carried out in the 2-axis direction in which the positioning data has been set by continuously outputting pulses for the speed set in "[Da.8] Command speed" until the input of a stop command.

The two types of 2-axis speed control are "Forward run: speed 2" in which the control starts in the forward run direction, and "Reverse run: speed 2" in which control starts in the reverse run direction.

(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the combination of the reference axis with the interpolation axis.)

# Operation chart

The following chart shows the operation timing for 2-axis (axes 1 and 2) speed control with axis 1 as the reference axis. The "in speed control" flag ([Md.31] Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control.

The "positioning complete signal" is not turned ON.

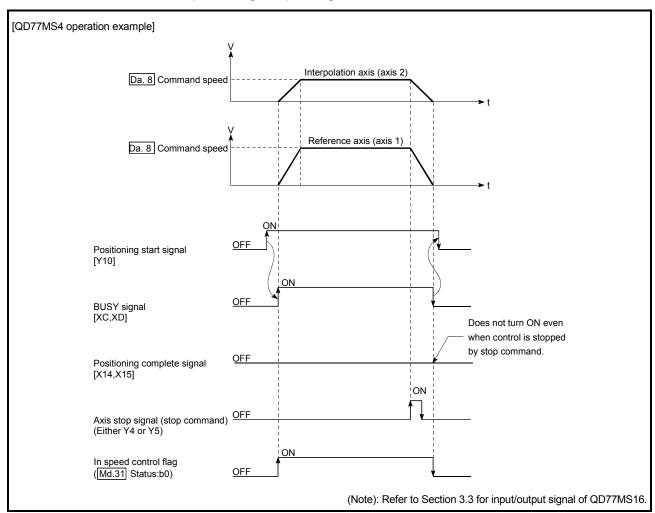
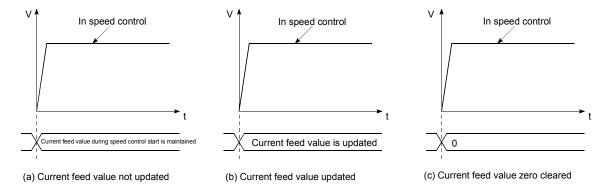


Fig. 9.10 2-axis speed control operation timing

# ■ Current feed value during 2-axis speed control

The following table shows the "[Md.20] Current feed value" during 2-axis speed control corresponding to the "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" settings. (Note that the reference axis setting values are used for parameters.)

"[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting	[Md.20] Current feed value	
0: Do not update current feed value	The current feed value at speed control start is maintained.	
1: Update current feed value	The current feed value is updated.	
2: Zero clear current feed value	The current feed value is fixed at 0.	



- (1) Set "Positioning complete" in "[Da.1] Operation pattern". The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set. ("Continuous positioning control" and "continuous path control" cannot be set in speed control.)
- (2) Set the WITH mode in "[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing" when using an M code. The M code will not be output, and the M code ON signal will not turn ON if the AFTER mode is set.
- (3) Set the "reference axis speed" in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method". The error "Interpolation mode error" (error code: 523) will occur and the operation cannot start if a composite speed is set.

(4) When either of two axes exceeds the speed limit, that axis is controlled with the speed limit value. The speeds of the other axes are limited at the ratios of "[Da.8] Command speed". (Examples)

	Axis	Axis 1 setting	Axis 2 setting
Setting item		Axis i setting	Axis 2 setting
[Pr.8]	Speed limit value	4000.00mm/min	5000.00mm/min
[Da.8]	Command speed	8000.00mm/min	6000.00mm/min

With the settings shown above, the operation speed in speed control is as follows.

- Axis 1: 4000.00 mm/min (Speed is limited by [Pr.8]).
- Axis 2: 3000.00 mm/min (Speed is limited at a ratio of an axis 1 command speed to an axis 2 command speed).
- (Note): Operation runs at speed 1 when a reference axis speed is less than 1 as a result of speed limit.

  In addition, when "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start" is set, the set value will
- be the minimum speed.

  (5) An error "No command speed (error code: 503)" occurs if a current speed (-1) is set in "[Da.8] Command speed".
- (6) The software stroke limit check is not carried out when the control unit is set to "degree".

# ■ Positioning data setting examples

[When "2-axis speed control (forward run: speed 2)" is set in the positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis....... Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No.1 of axis 2.)

		Axis		/QD77MS4 example		MS16 example	
Set	ting item		Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Setting details
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	ı	Positioning complete	ı	Setting other than "Positioning complete" is not possible in speed control.
	[Da.2]	Control system	Forward run speed 2	ı	Forward run speed 2	1	Set 2-axis speed control.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	ı	1	1	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	0	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
-	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	Axis 2	-			Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis).  If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	-	_	-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
ing	[Da.7]	Arc address	ı	ı	_	I	
Positioning	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	3000.00 mm/min	6000.00 mm/min	3000.00 mm/min	Set the speed to be commanded.
Axis 1 F	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	ı	ı	_	_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	1	10	-	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. ("[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing" setting only possible in the WITH mode.)
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16			Axis 2	_	Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16			-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16			-	-	Setting not required (Setting Value is ignored).

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## 9.2.14 3-axis speed control

In "3-axis speed control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = Forward run: speed 3, Reverse run: speed 3), control is carried out in the 3-axis direction in which the positioning data has been set by continuously outputting pulses for the speed set in "[Da.8] Command speed" until the input of a stop command.

The two types of 3-axis speed control are "Forward run: speed 3" in which the control starts in the forward run direction, and "Reverse run: speed 3" in which control starts in the reverse run direction.

(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the combination of the reference axis with the interpolation axes.)

## Operation chart

The following chart shows the operation timing for 3-axis (axes 1, 2, and 3) speed control with axis 1 as the reference axis.

The "in speed control" flag ([Md.31] Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control. The "positioning complete signal" is not turned ON.

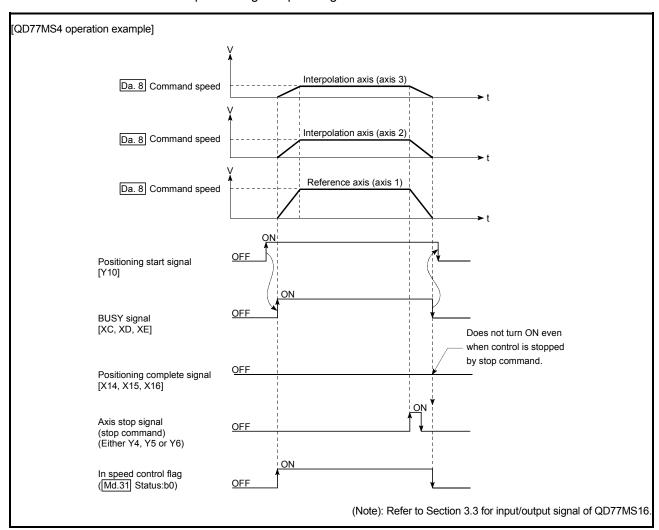
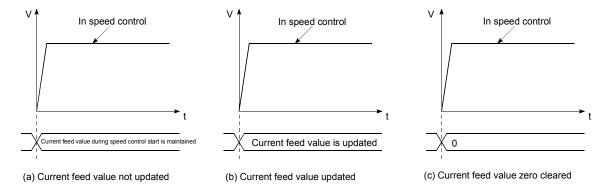


Fig. 9.11 3-axis speed control operation timing

## Current feed value during 3-axis speed control

The following table shows the "[Md.20] Current feed value" during 3-axis speed control corresponding to the "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" settings. (Note that the reference axis setting values are used for parameters.)

"[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting	[Md.20] Current feed value
0: Do not update current feed value	The current feed value at speed control start is maintained.
1: Update current feed value	The current feed value is updated.
2: Zero clear current feed value	The current feed value is fixed at 0.



#### Restrictions

- (1) Set "Positioning complete" in "[Da.1] Operation pattern". The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set. ("Continuous positioning control" and "continuous path control" cannot be set in speed control.)
- (2) Set the WITH mode in "[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing" when using an M code. The M code will not be output, and the M code ON signal will not turn ON if the AFTER mode is set.
- (3) Set the "reference axis speed" in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method". The error "Interpolation mode error" (error code: 523) will occur and the operation cannot start if a composite speed is set.

(4) When either of three axes exceeds the speed limit, that axis is controlled with the speed limit value. The speeds of the other axes are limited at the ratios of "[Da.8] Command speed". (Examples)

	Axis			
Setting item		Axis 1 setting	Axis 2 setting	Axis 3 setting
[Pr.8]	Speed limit value	4000.00mm/min	5000.00mm/min	6000.00mm/min
[Da.8]	Command speed	8000.00mm/min	6000.00mm/min	4000.00mm/min

With the settings shown above, the operation speed in speed control is as follows.

Axis 1: 4000.00 mm/min (Speed is limited by [Pr.8].)

Axis 2: 3000.00 mm/min (Speed is limited at ratios in axes 1, 2, and 3 command speeds.)

Axis 3: 2000.00 mm/min (Speed is limited at ratios in axes 1, 2, and 3 command speeds.)

(Note): Operation runs at speed 1 when a reference axis speed is less than 1 as a result of speed limit.

In addition, when "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start" is set, the set value will be the minimum speed.

- (5) An error "No command speed (error code: 503)" will occur if a current speed (-1) is set in "[Da.8] Command speed".
- (6) The software stroke limit check is not carried out when the control unit is set to "degree".

## ■ Positioning data setting examples

[When "3-axis speed control (forward run: speed 3)" is set in the positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

• Reference axis..... Axis 1

• Interpolation axis........ Axis 2, Axis 3 (The required values are also set in positioning data No.1 of axis 2 and axis 3.)

		Aia	QD77I	MS4 setting ex	ample	QD77N	/IS16 setting e	xample	
Setti	ng item	Axis	Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Axis 3 (interpolation axis)	Axis 1 (reference axis)	Axis 2 (interpolation axis)	Axis 3 (interpolation axis)	Setting details
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	-	-	Positioning complete	-	-	Setting other than "Positioning complete" is not possible in speed control.
	[Da.2]	Control system	Forward run speed 3	1	-	Forward run speed 3	-	1	Set 3-axis speed control.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	ı	-	1	_	ı	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	-	-	0	_	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
data No. 1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS4	I	ı	-				Setting not required (setting value is ignored). When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2 and 3.
Positioning da	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	-	-	-	-	-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
sitio	[Da.7]	Arc address	-	-	-	-	-	-	is ignored).
_	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	3000.00 mm/min	2000.00 mm/min	6000.00 mm/min	3000.00 mm/min	2000.00 mm/min	Set the speed to be commanded.
Axis	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	-	10	-	-	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. ("[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing" setting only possible in the WITH mode.)
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16				Axis 2	_	-	Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16				Axis 3	_	_	occur.
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16				_	_	_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## 9.2.15 4-axis speed control

In "4-axis speed control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = Forward run: speed 4, Reverse run: speed 4), control is carried out in the 4-axis direction in which the positioning data has been set by continuously outputting pulses for the speed set in "[Da.8] Command speed" until the input of a stop command.

The two types of 4-axis speed control are "Forward run: speed 4" in which the control starts in the forward run direction, and "Reverse run: speed 4" in which control starts in the reverse run direction.

(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the combination of the reference axis with the interpolation axes.)

# Operation chart

The following chart shows the operation timing for 4-axis speed control with axis 1 as the reference axis.

The "in speed control" flag ([Md.31] Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control. The "positioning complete signal" is not turned ON.

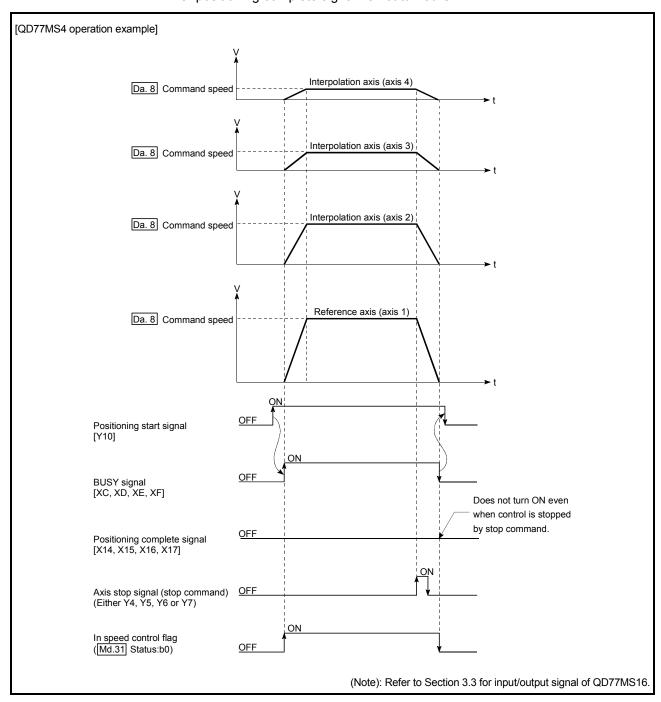
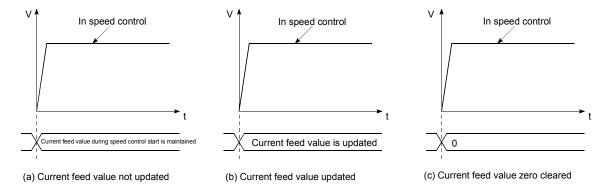


Fig. 9.12 4-axis speed control operation timing

## Current feed value during 4-axis speed control

The following table shows the "[Md.20] Current feed value" during 4-axis speed control corresponding to the "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" settings. (Note that the reference axis setting values are used for parameters.)

"[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting	[Md.20] Current feed value
0: Do not update current feed value	The current feed value at speed control start is maintained.
1: Update current feed value	The current feed value is updated.
2: Zero clear current feed value	The current feed value is fixed at 0.



#### Restrictions

- (1) Set "Positioning complete" in "[Da.1] Operation pattern". The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set. ("Continuous positioning control" and "continuous path control" cannot be set in speed control.)
- (2) Set the WITH mode in "[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing" when using an M code. The M code will not be output, and the M code ON signal will not turn ON if the AFTER mode is set.
- (3) Set the "reference axis speed" in "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method". The error "Interpolation mode error" (error code: 523) will occur and the operation cannot start if a composite speed is set.

(4) When either of four axes exceeds the speed limit, that axis is controlled with the speed limit value. The speeds of the other axes are limited at the ratios of "[Da.8] Command speed". (Examples)

Setting item	Axis	Axis 1 setting	Axis 2 setting	Axis 3 setting	Axis 4 setting
[Pr.8]	Speed limit value	4000.00mm/ min	5000.00mm/ min	6000.00mm/ min	8000.00mm/ min
[Da.8]	Command speed	8000.00mm/ min	6000.00mm/ min	4000.00mm/ min	1500.00mm/ min

With the settings shown above, the operation speed in speed control is as follows.

- Axis 1: 4000.00 mm/min (Speed is limited by [Pr.8].)
- Axis 2: 3000.00 mm/min (Speed is limited at ratios in axes 1, 2, 3 and 4 command speeds.)
- Axis 3: 2000.00 mm/min (Speed is limited at ratios in axes 1, 2, 3 and 4 command speeds.)
- Axis 4: 750.00 mm/min (Speed is limited at ratios in axes 1, 2, 3 and 4 command speeds.)
- (Note): Operation runs at speed 1 when a reference axis speed is less than 1 as a result of speed limit.
  - In addition, when "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start" is set, the set value will be the minimum speed.
- (5) An error "No command speed (error code: 503)" will occur if a current speed (-1) is set in "[Da.8] Command speed".
- (6) The software stroke limit check is not carried out when the control unit is set to "degree".

## ■ Positioning data setting examples

[When "4-axis speed control (forward run: speed 4)" is set in the positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis..... Axis 1
- Interpolation axis....... Axis 2 to Axis 4 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 to axis 4.)

	_		QD77MS4 setting example				QD77MS16 setting example				
		Axis	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	0
			(reference	(interpolation	(interpolation		(reference				Setting details
Sett	ing item		axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	axis)	
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete	-	-	-	Positioning complete	-	-	-	Setting other than "Positioning complete" is not possible in speed control.
	[Da.2]	Control system	Forward run speed 4	ı	-	ı	Forward run speed 4	ı	ı	-	Set 4-axis speed control.
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	1	I	-	I	1	I	I	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	0	Т	-	l	0	I	ŀ	-	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.
Positioning data No. 1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS4	-	-	-	-	-			Setting not required (setting value is ignored). When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2, 3 and 4.	
sitioning	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	Setting not required (setting value is
Pos	[Da.7]	Arc address	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	ignored).
Axis 1	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00 mm/min	3000.00 mm/min	2000.00 mm/min	1000.00 mm/min	6000.00 mm/min	3000.00 mm/min	2000.00 mm/min	1000.00 mm/min	Set the speed to be commanded.
∢ `	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	1	-	_	-	_	ı	-	_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10	-	_	-	10	-	-		Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. ("[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing" setting only possible in the WITH mode.)
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1					Axis 2	ı	ı	-	,
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2					Axis 3	-	-	-	Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur.
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3					Axis 4	-	-	-	enoi wiii occui.

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

# 9.2.16 Speed-position switching control (INC mode)

In "speed-position switching control (INC mode)" ("[Da.2] Control system" = Forward run: speed/position, Reverse run: speed/position), the pulses of the speed set in "[Da.8] Command speed" are kept output on the axial direction set to the positioning data. When the "speed-position switching signal" is input, position control of the movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is exercised.

"Speed-position switching control (INC mode)" is available in two different types: "forward run: speed/position" which starts the axis in the forward run direction and "reverse run: speed/position" which starts the axis in the reverse run direction.

Use the detailed parameter 1 "[Pr.81] Speed-position function selection" with regard to the choice for "speed-position switching control (INC mode)".

				Buffer memory address		
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.81]	Speed- position function selection	0	Speed-position switching control (INC mode)	<b>34+</b> 1	150n	

(Note): If the set value is other than 0 and 2, it is regarded as 0 and operation is performed in the INC mode. For details of the setting, refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters".

### Switching over from speed control to position control

(1) The control is selected the switching method from speed control to position control by the setting value of "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection".

		Cotting		Buffer mem	ory address
Settin	Setting item Setting value		Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.45]	Speed- position switching device selection	$\rightarrow$	The device used for speed- position switching is selected. 0: Use the external command signal for switching from speed control to position control 1: Use the near-point signal for switching from speed control to position control 2: Use the "[Cd.46] Speed- position switching command" for switching from speed control to position control	1566+100n	4366+100n

The switching is performed by using the following device when "2" is set.

	Setting item Setting value Setting details			Buffer memory address		
Settir			QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16		
[Cd.46]	Speed- position switching command	$\rightarrow$	The speed-position control switching is performed when "2" is set in "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection".	1567+100n	4367+100n	

(2) "[Cd.24] Speed-position switching enable flag" must be turned ON to switch over from speed control to position control. (If the "[Cd.24] Speed-position switching enable flag" turns ON after the speed-position switching signal turns ON, the control will continue as speed control without switching over to position control. The control will be switched over from position control to speed control when the speed-position switching signal turns from OFF to ON again. Only position control will be carried out when the "[Cd.24] Speedposition switching enable flag" and speed-position switching signal are ON at the operation start.)

	Setting			Buffer memory address		
Setting item Setting value		_	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Cd.24]	Speed- position switching enable flag	1	Speed control will be taken over by position control when the external command signal [DI] comes ON.	1528+100n	4328+100n	

## Operation chart

The following chart (Fig.9.13) shows the operation timing for speed-position switching control (INC mode). The "in speed control flag" ([Md.31] Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control of speed-position switching control (INC mode).

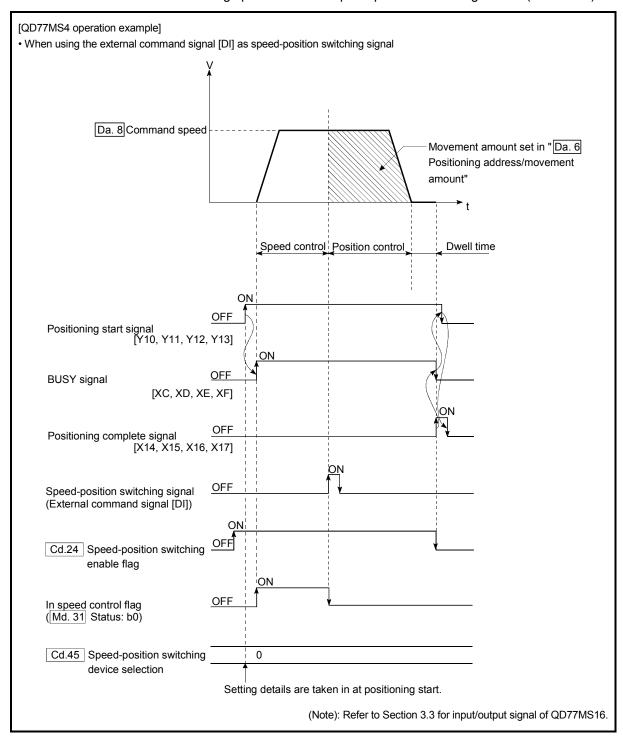


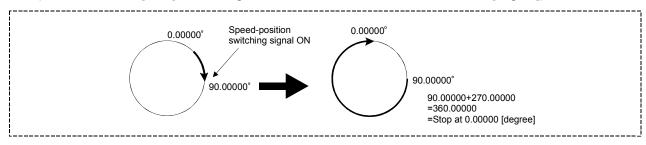
Fig. 9.13 Speed-position switching control (INC mode) operation timing

# [Operation example]

The following operation assumes that the speed-position switching signal is input at the position of the current feed value of 90.00000 [degree] during execution of "[Da.2] Control system" "Forward run: speed/

position" at "[Pr.1] Unit setting" of "2: degree" and "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting of "1: Update current feed value".

(The value set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is 270.00000 [degree])



# Operation timing and processing time during speed-position switching control (INC mode)

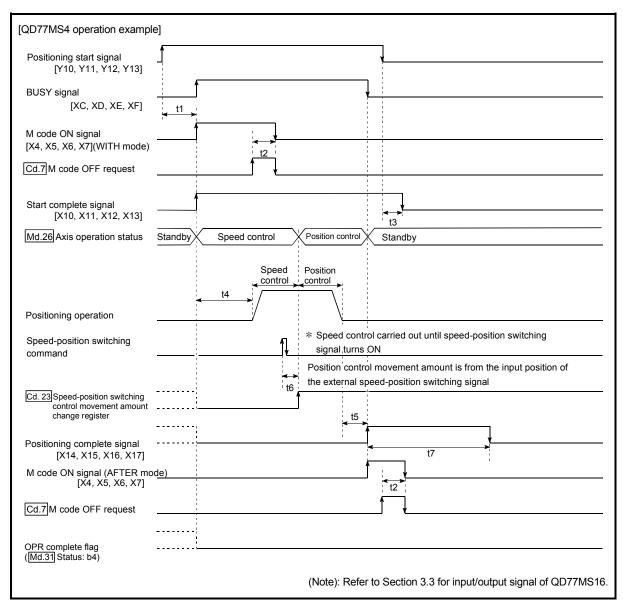


Fig. 9.14 Operation timing and processing time during speed-position switching control (INC mode)

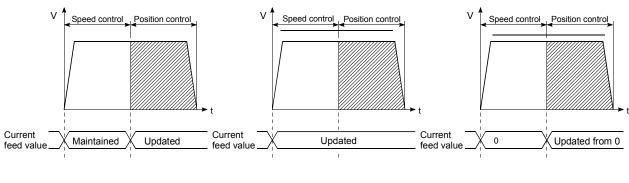
Normal timing time Unit: [ms]

	Operation cycle	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	t7
00771400	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	0.2	Follows parameters
QD77MS2	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	2.5 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	0.2	Follows parameters
QD77MS4	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	0.2	Follows parameters
QD//IVIS4	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	2.5 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	0.2	Follows parameters
QD77MS16	0.88	0.3 to 1.4	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	0.2	Follows parameters
	1.77	0.3 to 1.4	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	0.2	Follows parameters

- The t1 timing time could be delayed by the operation state of other axes.
  When using the near-point dog signal or "[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command", the t6 timing time could be delayed or vary influenced by the PLC scan time or communication with servo amplifier.

■ Current feed value during speed-position switching control (INC mode) The following table shows the "[Md.20] Current feed value" during speed-position switching control (INC mode) corresponding to the "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" settings.

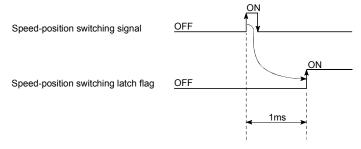
"[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting	[Md.20] Current feed value		
0: Do not update current feed value	The current feed value at control start is maintained during speed control, and updated from the switching to position control.		
1: Update current feed value	The current feed value is updated during speed control and position control.		
2: Zero clear current feed value	The current feed value is cleared (set to "0") at control start, and updated from the switching to position control.		



- (a) Current feed value not updated
- (b) Current feed value updated
- (c) Current feed value zero cleared

# Switching time from speed control to position control

There is 1ms from the time the speed-position switching signal is turned ON to the time the speed-position switching latch flag ([Md.31] Status: b1) turns ON.



## Speed-position switching signal setting

(1) The following table shows the items that must be set to use the external command signals [DI] as speed-position switching signals.

Setting item		Cotting		Buffer memory address		
		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.42]	External command function selection	2	Speed-position, position-speed switching request.	62+	150n	
[Cd.8]	External command valid	1	Validates an external command.	1505+100n	4305+100n	
[Cd.45]	Speed-position switching device selection	0	Use the external command signal for switching from speed control to position control.	1566+100n	4366+100n	

(Note): Set the external command signal [DI] in "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" at QD77MS16 use. Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" and Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

(2) The following table shows the items that must be set to use the near-point dog signal (DOG) as speed-position switching signals.

Setting item Setting value		Cotting		Buffer memory address		
		Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16		
[Cd.45]	Speed-position switching device selection	1	Use the near-point dog signal for switching from speed control to position control	1566+100n	4366+100n	

(Note): The setting is not required for "[Pr.42] External command function selection" and "[Cd.8] External command valid".

Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

(3) The following table shows the items that must be set to use "[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command" as speed-position switching signals.

			Cotting		Buffer memory address		
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16		
[Cd.45]	Speed-position switching device selection	2	Use the "[Cd.46] Speed- position switching command" for switching from speed control to position control	1566+100n	4366+100n		

(Note): The setting is not required for "[Pr.42] External command function selection" and "[Cd.8] External command valid".

Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

## Changing the position control movement amount

In "speed-position switching control (INC mode)", the position control movement amount can be changed during the speed control section.

- (1) The position control movement amount can be changed during the speed control section of speed-position switching control (INC mode).
  - A movement amount change request will be ignored unless issued during the speed control section of the speed-position switching control (INC mode).
- (2) The "new movement amount" is stored in "[Cd.23] Speed-position switching control movement amount change register" by the sequence program during speed control.
  - When the speed-position switching signal is turned ON, the movement amount for position control is stored in "[Cd.23] Speed-position switching control movement amount change register".
- (3) The movement amount is stored in the "[Md.29] Speed-position switching control positioning amount" of the axis monitor area from the point where the control changes to position control by the input of a speed-position switching signal from an external device.

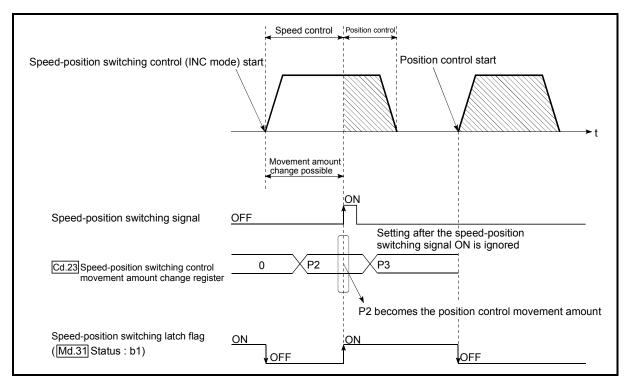


Fig. 9.15 Position control movement amount change timing

## **POINT**

- The machine recognizes the presence of a movement amount change request when the data is written to "[Cd.23] Speed-position switching control movement amount change register" with the sequence program.
- The new movement amount is validated after execution of the speed-position switching control (INC mode), before the input of the speed-position switching signal.
- The movement amount change can be enable/disable with the interlock function in position control using the "speed-position switching latch flag" ([Md.31] Status: b1) of the axis monitor area.

#### Restrictions

- (1) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern".
- (2) "Speed-position switching control" cannot be set in "[Da.2] Control system" of the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", "speed-position switching control" cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.
- (3) The error "No command speed" (error code: 503) will occur if "current speed (-1)" is set in "[Da.8] Command speed".
- (4) The software stroke limit range check during speed control is made only when the following (a) and (b) are satisfied:
  - (a) "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" is "1: Update current feed value".
    - If the movement amount exceeds the software stroke limit range during speed control in case of the setting of other than "1: Update current feed value", the error "Software stroke limit +" (error code: 507) or "Software stroke limit -" (error code: 508) will occur as soon as speed control is changed to position control and the axis will decelerate to a stop.
  - (b) When "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is other than "2: degree"

    If the unit is "degree", the software stroke limit range check is not performed.
- (5) If the value set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is negative, the error "Outside address range" (error code: 530) will occur.
- (6) Deceleration processing is carried out from the point where the speed-position switching signal is input if the position control movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is smaller than the deceleration distance from the "[Da.8] Command speed".
- (7) Turn ON the speed-position switching signal in the speed stabilization region (constant speed status). The warning "Speed-position switching (during acceleration) signal ON" (warning code: 508) will occur because of large deviation in the droop pulse amount if the signal is turned ON during acceleration.
  - During use of the servo motor, the movement amount is "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" from the assumed motor position based on "[Md.101] Real current value" at switching of speed control to position control. Therefore, if the signal is turned ON during acceleration/deceleration, the stop position will vary due to large variation of the droop pulse amount. Even though "[Md.29] Speed-position switching control positioning amount" is the same, the stop position will change due to a change in droop pulse amount when "[Da.8] Command speed" is different.

# ■ Positioning data setting examples

[When "speed-position switching control (INC mode) by forward run" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

	Setting item OD77MS2		Setting example			
			QD77MS16	Setting details		
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern			Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in "speed-position switching control (INC mode)".)	
	[Da.2]	Control system		ord run: position	Set speed-position switching control by forward run.	
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.		1	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.	
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	(	0	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.	
-	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	-		Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)	
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	10000.0µm		INC mode ([Pr.81] = 0) Set the movement amount after the switching to position control. (Assuming that the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is set to "mm".)	
ionir	[Da.7]	Arc address	_		Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)	
osit	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00	mm/min	Set the speed to be controlled.	
Axis 1 F	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms		Set a time from the positioning stop (command stop) by position control until the positioning complete signal is output. When the system is stopped by speed control, ignore the setting value.	
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10		Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No.1 positioning data.	
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		_		
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16		_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).	
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		_		

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

# 9.2.17 Speed-position switching control (ABS mode)

In case of "speed-position switching control (ABS mode)" ("[Da.2] Control system" = Forward run: speed/position, Reverse run: speed/position), the pulses of the speed set in "[Da.8] Command speed" are kept output in the axial direction set to the positioning data. When the "speed-position switching signal" is input, position control to the address set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is exercised.

"Speed-position switching control (ABS mode)" is available in two different types: "forward run: speed/position" which starts the axis in the forward run direction and "reverse run: speed/position" which starts the axis in the reverse run direction.

"Speed-position switching control (ABS mode)" is valid only when "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is "2: degree".

[Pr.1] Unit setting Speed-position function selection	mm	inch	degree	PLS
INC mode	0	0	0	0
ABS mode	×	×	0	×

O: Setting allowed,

Use the detailed parameter 1 "[Pr.81] Speed-position function selection" to choose "speed-position switching control (ABS mode)".

	Setting			Buffer memory address		
Settin	g item	value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.81]	Speed- position function selection	2	Speed-position switching control (ABS mode)	34+	150n	

(Note): If the set value is other than 0 and 2, it is regarded as 0 and operation is performed in the INC mode.

For details of the setting, refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters".

<sup>×:</sup> Setting disallowed (If setting is made, the error "Speed-position function selection error" (error code: 935) will occur when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns ON.)

- Switching over from speed control to position control
  - (1) The control is selected the switching method from speed control to position control by the setting value of "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection".

		Cotting		Buffer mem	ory address
Settin	g item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.45]	Speed- position switching device selection	$\rightarrow$	The device used for speed- position switching is selected. 0: Use the external command signal for switching from position control to speed control 1: Use the near-point signal for switching from position control to speed control 2: Use the "[Cd.46] Speed- position switching command" for switching from position control to speed control	1566+100n	4366+100n

The switching is performed by using the following device when "2" is set.

		Setting		Buffer memory address		
Sett	ing item	value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Cd.46]	Speed- position switching command	$\rightarrow$	The speed-position control switching is performed when "2" is set in "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection".	1567+100n	4367+100n	

(2) "[Cd.24] Speed-position switching enable flag" must be turned ON to switch over from speed control to position control. (If the "[Cd.24] Speed-position switching enable flag" turns ON after the speed-position switching signal turns ON, the control will continue as speed control without switching over to position control. The control will be switched over from speed control to position control when the speed-position switching signal turns from OFF to ON again. Only position control will be carried out when the "[Cd.24] Speedposition switching enable flag" and speed-position switching signal are ON at the operation start.)

		Cotting		Buffer memory address		
Set	ting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Cd.24]	Speed- position switching enable flag	1	Speed control will be taken over by position control when the external command signal [DI] comes ON.	1528+100n	4328+100n	

## Operation chart

The following chart (Fig.9.16) shows the operation timing for speed-position switching control (ABS mode). The "in speed control flag" ([Md.31] Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control of speed-position switching control (ABS mode).

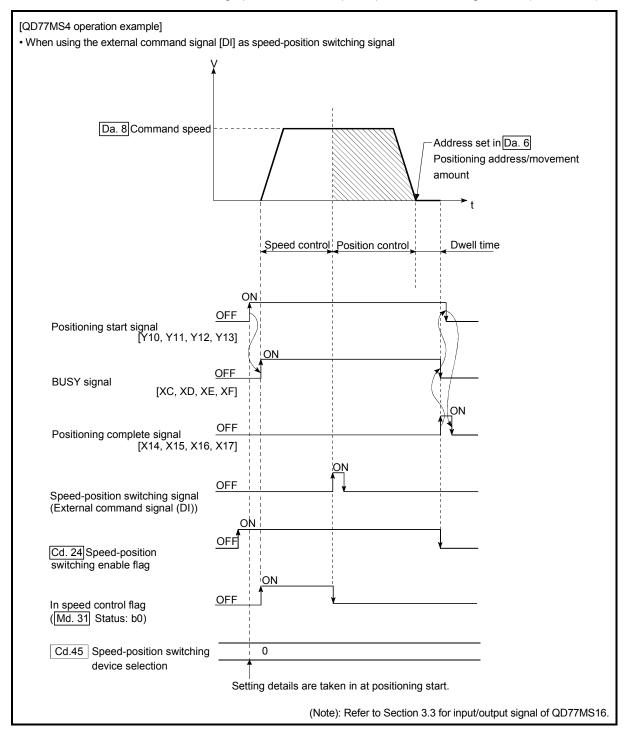
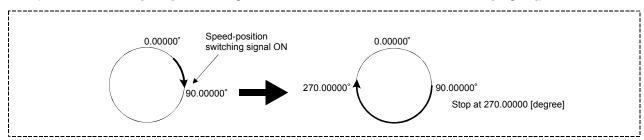


Fig. 9.16 Speed-position switching control (ABS mode) operation timing

## [Operation example]

The following operation assumes that the speed-position switching signal is input at the position of the current feed value of 90.00000 [degree] during execution of "[Da.2] Control system" "Forward run: speed/position" at "[Pr.1] Unit setting" of "2: degree" and "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting of "1: Update current feed value".

(The value set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is 270.00000 [degree])



# Operation timing and processing time during speed-position switching control (ABS mode)

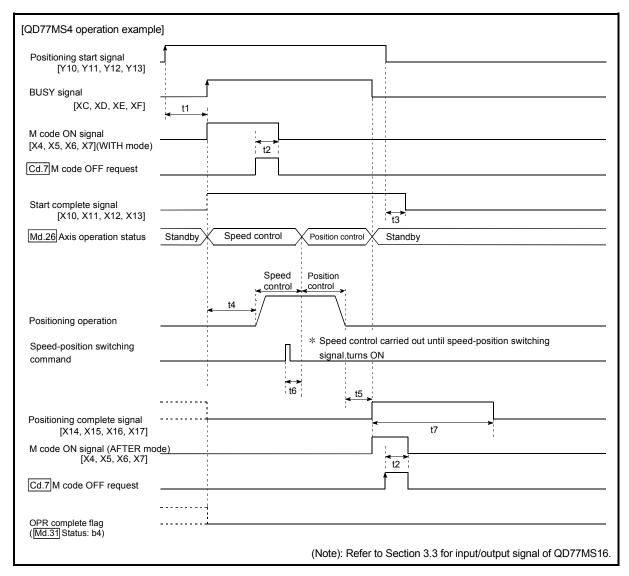


Fig. 9.17 Operation timing and processing time during speed-position switching control (ABS mode)

Normal timing time Unit: [ms]

	Operation cycle	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	t7
00==1400	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	0.2	Follows parameters
QD77MS2	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	2.5 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	0.2	Follows parameters
QD77MS4	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	0.2	Follows parameters
QD77W54	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	2.5 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	0.2	Follows parameters
QD77MS16	0.88	0.3 to 1.4	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	0.2	Follows parameters
	1.77	0.3 to 1.4	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	0.2	Follows parameters

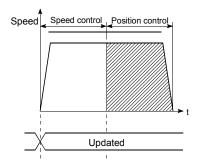
- The t1 timing time could be delayed by the operation state of other axes.
- When using the near-point dog signal and "[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command", the t6 timing time could be delayed or vary influenced by the PLC scan time or communication with servo amplifier.

# ■ Current feed value during speed-position switching control (ABS mode)

The following table shows the "[Md.20] Current feed value" during speed-position switching control (ABS mode) corresponding to the "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" settings.

"[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting	[Md.20] Current feed value
11. I ludate clittent teed value	The current feed value is updated during speed control and position control.

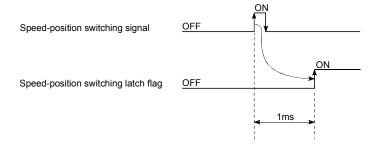
Only "1: Update current value" is valid for the setting of "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" in speed-position switching control (ABS mode). The error "Speed-position function selection error" (error code: 935) will occur if the "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting is other than 1.



Current feed value updated

#### Switching time from speed control to position control

There is 1ms from the time the speed-position switching signal is turned ON to the time the speed-position switching latch flag ([Md.31] Status: b1) turns ON.



## ■ Speed-position switching signal setting

(1) The following table shows the items that must be set to use the external command signals [DI] as speed-position switching signals.

				Buffer memory address		
Setting item		Setting value Setting details		QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.42]	External command function selection	2	Speed-position, position-speed switching request.	62+	150n	
[Cd.8]	External command valid	1	Validates an external command.	1505+100n	4305+100n	
[Cd.45]	Speed-position switching device selection	0	Use the external command signal for switching from speed control to position control.	1566+100n	4366+100n	

(Note): Set the external command signal [DI] in "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" at QD77MS16 use.

Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" and Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

(2) The following table shows the items that must be set to use the near-point dog signal (DOG) as speed-position switching signals.

				Buffer memory address		
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Cd.45]	Speed-position switching device selection	1	Use the near-point dog signal for switching from speed control to position control.	1566+100n	4366+100n	

(Note): The setting is not required for "[Pr.42] External command function selection" and "[Cd.8] External command valid".

Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

(3) The following table shows the items that must be set to use "[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command" as speed-position switching signals.

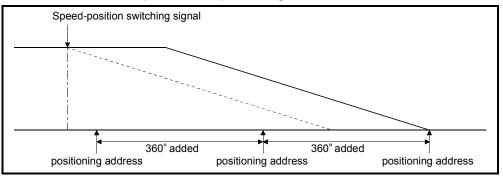
	Setting item Setting value		Cotting		ory address
			Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.45]	Speed-position switching device selection	2	Use the "[Cd.46] Speed- position switching command" for switching from speed control to position control.	1566+100n	4366+100n

(Note): The setting is not required for "[Pr.42] External command function selection" and "[Cd.8] External command valid".

Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

#### Restrictions

- (1) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern".
- (2) "Speed-position switching control" cannot be set in "[Da.2] Control system" of the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", "speed-position switching control" cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.
- (3) The error "No command speed" (error code: 503) will occur if "current speed (-1)" is set in "[Da.8] Command speed".
- (4) If the value set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is negative, the error "Outside address range" (error code: 530) will occur.
- (5) Even though the axis control data "[Cd.23] Speed-position switching control movement amount change register" was set in speed-position switching control (ABS mode), it would not function. The set value is ignored.
- (6) To exercise speed-position switching control (ABS mode), the following conditions must be satisfied:
  - (a) "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is "2: degree"
  - (b) The software stroke limit function is invalid (upper limit value = lower limit value)
  - (c) "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" is "1: Update current feed value"
  - (d) The "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" setting range is 0 to 359.99999 (degree) If the value is outside of the range 0 to 359.99999 (degree), the error "Outside address range" (error code: 530) will occur at a start.
  - (e) The "[Pr.81] Speed-position function selection" setting is "2: Speed-position switching control (ABS mode)".
- (7) If any of the conditions in (6) (a) to (6) (c) is not satisfied in the case of (6) (e), the error "Speed-position function selection error" (error code: 935) will occur when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON.
- (8) If the axis reaches the positioning address midway through deceleration after automatic deceleration started at the input of the speed-position switching signal, the axis will not stop immediately at the positioning address. The axis will stop at the positioning address after N revolutions so that automatic deceleration can always be made. (N: Natural number) In the following example, since making deceleration in the path of dotted line will cause the axis to exceed the positioning addresses twice, the axis will decelerate to a stop at the third positioning address.



# ■ Positioning data setting examples

[When "speed-position switching control (ABS mode) by forward run" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

				example	2				
	\$	Setting item	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Setting details				
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning complete		Positioning complete				Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in "speed-position switching control (ABS mode)".)
	[Da.2]	Control system		rd run: position	Set speed-position switching control by forward run.				
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.		1	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.				
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	(	0	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.				
<u>-</u>	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	_		Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)				
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	270.00000degree		ABS mode ([Pr.81] = 2) Set the address after the switching to position control. (Assuming that the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is set to "degree".)				
ü	[Da.7]	Arc address	_		Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)				
sitic	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.000degree/min		Set the speed to be controlled.				
Axis 1 Po	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500ms		Set a time from the positioning stop (command stop) by position control until the positioning complete signal is output. When the system is stopped by speed control, ignore the setting value.				
	[Da.10]	repetitions	-1(1)		Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data.				
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16	_						
	[Da.21]			-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).				
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		-					

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## 9.2.18 Position-speed switching control

In "position-speed switching control" ("[Da.2] Control system" = Forward run: position/speed, Reverse run: position/speed), before the position-speed switching signal is input, position control is carried out for the movement amount set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" in the axis direction in which the positioning data has been set. When the position-speed switching signal is input, the position control is carried out by continuously outputting the pulses for the speed set in "[Da.8] Command speed" until the input of a stop command.

The two types of position-speed switching control are "Forward run: position/speed" in which the control starts in the forward run direction, and "Reverse run: position/speed" in which control starts in the reverse run direction.

## Switching over from position control to speed control

(1) The control is selected the switching method from position control to speed control by the setting value of "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection".

	Setting item Setting value		Satting			Buffer memory address		
Settin			Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16			
[Cd.45]	Speed- position switching device selection	$\rightarrow$	The device used for speed- position switching is selected. 0: Use the external command signal for switching from position control to speed control 1: Use the near-point signal for switching from position control to speed control 2: Use the "[Cd.46] Speed- position switching command" for switching from position control to speed control	1566+100n	4366+100n			

The switching is performed by using the following device when "2" is set.

Setting		Cotting		Buffer mem	ory address
Settin	ng item	value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.46]	Speed- position switching command	$\rightarrow$	The speed-position control switching is performed when "2" is set in "[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection".	1567+100n	4367+100n

(2) "[Cd.26] Position-speed switching enable flag" must be turned ON to switch over from position control to speed control. (If the "[Cd.26] Position-speed switching enable flag" turns ON after the position-speed switching signal turns ON, the control will continue as position control without switching over to speed control. The control will be switched over from position control to speed control when the position-speed switching signal turns from OFF to ON again. Only speed control will be carried out when the "[Cd.26] Position-speed switching enable flag" and position-speed switching signal are ON at the operation start.)

I	Cotting		Cotting		Buffer memory address		
	Settin	g item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
	[Cd.26]	Position- speed switching enable flag	1	Position control will be taken over by speed control when the external command signal [DI] comes ON.	1532+100n	4332+100n	

## Operation chart

The following chart shows the operation timing for position-speed switching control. The "in speed control" flag ([Md.31] Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control of position-speed switching control.

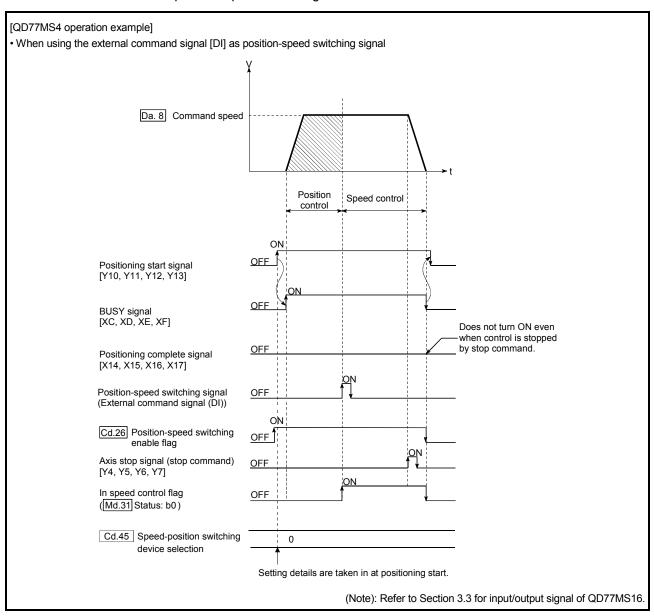


Fig. 9.18 Position-speed switching control operation timing

# Operation timing and processing time during position-speed switching control

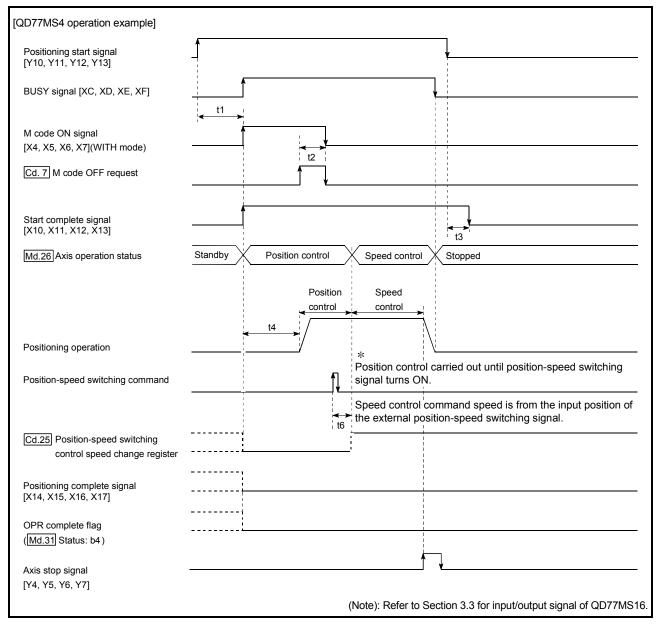


Fig. 9.19 Operation timing and processing time during position-speed switching control

## Normal timing time

Unit: [ms]

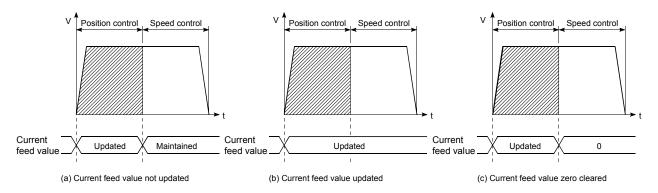
	Operation cycle	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
00771400	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	-	0.2
QD77MS2	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	2.5 to 3.5	_	0.2
00771404	0.88	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	-	0.2
QD77MS4	1.77	0.2 to 0.3	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	2.5 to 3.5	-	0.2
OD77M916	0.88	0.3 to 1.4	0 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	-	0.2
QD77MS16	1.77	0.3 to 1.4	0 to 1.8	0 to 1.8	3.2 to 3.9	-	0.2

- The t1 timing time could be delayed by the operation state of other axes.
- When using the near-point dog signal and "[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command", the t6 timing time could be delayed or vary influenced by the PLC scan time or communication with servo amplifier.

# ■ Current feed value during position-speed switching control

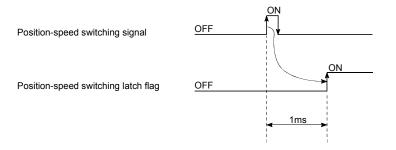
The following table shows the "[Md.20] Current feed value" during position-speed switching control corresponding to the "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" settings.

"[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting	[Md.20] Current feed value
0: Do not update current feed value	The current feed value is updated during position control, and the current feed value at the time of switching is maintained as soon as position control is switched to speed control.
1: Update current feed value	The current feed value is updated during position control and speed control.
2: Zero clear current feed value	The current feed value is updated during position control, and the current feed value is cleared (to "0") as soon as position control is switched to speed control.



## Switching time from position control to speed control

There is 1ms from the time the position-speed switching signal is turned ON to the time the position-speed switching latch flag ([Md.31] Status: b5) turns ON.



# ■ Position-speed switching signal setting

(1) The following table shows the items that must be set to use the external command signals [DI] as position-speed switching signals.

	Setting item			Buffer memory address		
5			Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.42]	External command function selection	2	Speed-position, position-speed switching request.	62+150n		
[Cd.8]	External command valid	1	Validates an external command.	1505+100n	4305+100n	
[Cd.45]	Speed-position switching device selection	0	Use the external command signal for switching from position control to speed control.	1566+100n	4366+100n	

(Note): Set the external command signal [DI] in "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" at QD77MS16 use

Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" and Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

(2) The following table shows the items that must be set to use the near-point dog signal (DOG) as position-speed switching signals.

		Setting		Buffer memory address		
Setting item		value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Cd.45]	Speed-position switching device selection	1	Use the near-point dog signal for switching from position control to speed control.	1566+100n	4366+100n	

(Note): The setting is not required for "[Pr.42] External command function selection" and "[Cd.8] External command valid".

Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

(3) The following table shows the items that must be set to use "[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command" as position-speed switching signals.

Setting item Setting value		Cotting		Buffer memory address		
		value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Cd.45]	Speed-position switching device selection	2	Use the "[Cd.46] Speed- position switching command" for switching from position control to speed control.	1566+100n	4366+100n	

(Note): The setting is not required for "[Pr.42] External command function selection" and "[Cd.8] External command valid".

Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

#### Changing the speed control command speed

In "position-speed switching control", the speed control command speed can be changed during the position control.

- (1) The speed control command speed can be changed during the position control of position-speed switching control.
  - A command speed change request will be ignored unless issued during the position control of the position-speed switching control.
- (2) The "new command speed" is stored in "[Cd.25] Position-speed switching control speed change register" by the sequence program during position control.

This value then becomes the speed control command speed when the position-speed switching signal turns ON.

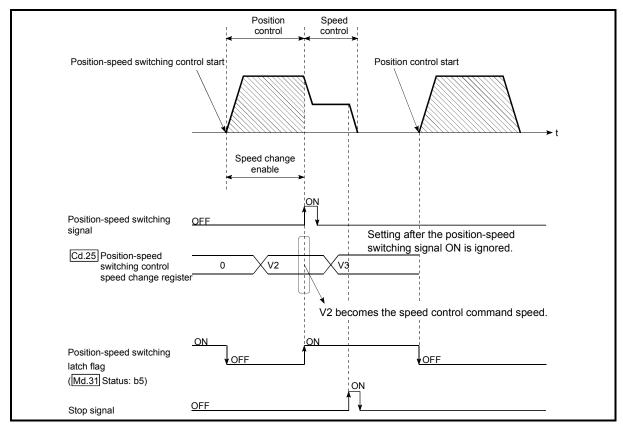


Fig. 9.20 Speed control speed change timing

#### **POINTS**

- The machine recognizes the presence of a command speed change request when the data is written to "[Cd.25] Position-speed switching control speed change register" with the sequence program.
- The new command speed is validated after execution of the position-speed switching control before the input of the position-speed switching signal.
- The command speed change can be enabled/disabled with the interlock function in speed control using the "position-speed switching latch flag" ([Md.31] Status: b5) of the axis monitor area.

#### Restrictions

- (1) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern".
- (2) "Position-speed switching control" cannot be set in "[Da.2] Control system" of the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", "position-speed switching control" cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) The error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.
- (3) The software stroke limit range is only checked during speed control if the "1: Update current feed value" is set in "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control".
  - The software stroke limit range is not checked when the control unit is set to "degree".
- (4) The error "Software stroke limit +" (error code: 507) or "Software stroke limit -" (error code: 508) will occur and the operation cannot start if the start point address or end point address for position control exceeds the software stroke limit range.
- (5) Deceleration stop will be carried out if the position-speed switching signal is not input before the machine is moved by a specified movement amount. When the position-speed switching signal is input during automatic deceleration by positioning control, acceleration is carried out again to the command speed to continue speed control. When the position-speed switching signal is input during deceleration to a stop with the stop signal, the control is switched to the speed control to stop the
  - Restart is carried out by speed control using the restart command.
- (6) The warning "Speed limit value over" (warning code: 501) will occur and control is continued by "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" if a new speed exceeds "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" at the time of change of the command speed.
- (7) If the value set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is negative, the error "Outside address range" (error code: 530) will occur.
- (8) Set WITH mode in "[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing" at M code use. The M code will not be output, and the M code ON signal will not turn ON if the AFTER mode is set.

# ■ Positioning data setting examples

[When "position-speed switching control (forward run: position/speed)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

0.45		Setting	example			
	Setting item		QD77MS2 QD77MS4 QD77MS16		Setting details	
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positioning	g complete	Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. ("Continuous positioning control" and "Continuous path control" cannot be set in "position/speed changeover control".)	
	[Da.2]	Control system		ird run: n/speed	Set position-speed switching control.	
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.		1	Designate the value set in "[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start.	
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.		0	Designate the value set in "[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration.	
₹ 10. 1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	_		Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)	
Positioning data No.	[Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount	10000.0μm		Set the movement amount at the time of position control before the switching to speed control. (Assuming that the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is set to "mm".)		
ioni	[Da.7]	Arc address	•	-	Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)	
osit	[Da.8]	Command speed	6000.00	mm/min	Set the speed to be controlled.	
Axis 1 P	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	500	Oms	Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) by position control to the output of the positioning complete signal. If the machine is stopped by speed control, the setting value is ignored.	
	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	1	0	Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No.1 positioning data.	
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		_		
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16		_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).	
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		_		

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

#### 9.2.19 Current value changing

When the current value is changed to a new value, control is carried out in which the "[Md.20] Current feed value" of the stopped axis is changed to a random address set by the user. (The "[Md.21] Machine feed value" is not changed when the current value is changed.)

The two methods for changing the current value are shown below.

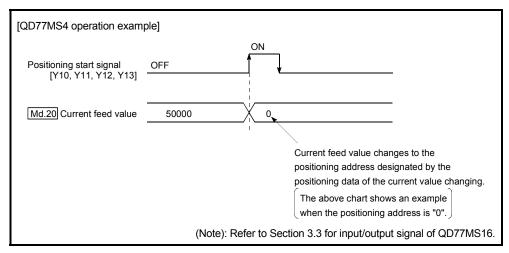
- [1] Changing to a new current value using the positioning data
- [2] Changing to a new current value using the start No. (No. 9003) for a current value changing

The current value changing using method [1] is used during continuous positioning of multiple blocks, etc.

[1] Changing to a new current value using the positioning data
In "current value changing" ("[Da.2] Control system" = current value changing),
"[Md.20] Current feed value" is changed to the address set in "[Da.6]
Positioning address/movement amount".

#### Operation chart

The following chart shows the operation timing for a current value changing. The "[Md.20] Current feed value" is changed to the value set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" when the positioning start signal turns ON.



#### Restrictions

- (1) The error "New current value not possible" (error code: 515) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous path control" is set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern". ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in current value changing.)
- (2) "Current value changing" cannot be set in "[Da.2] Control system" of the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in "[Da.1] Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", "current value changing" cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) The error "New current value not possible" (error code: 515) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.

- (3) The error "Outside new current value range" (error code: 514) will occur and the operation cannot start if "degree" is set in "[Pr.1] Unit setting" and the value set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount (0 to 359.99999 [degree])" is outside the setting range.
- (4) If the value set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" is outside the software stroke limit ([Pr.12], [Pr.13]) setting range, the error "Software stroke limit +" (error code: 507) or "Software stroke limit -" (error code: 508) will occur at the positioning start, and the operation will not start.
- (5) The error "Software stroke limit +" (error code: 507) or "Software stroke limit -" (error code: 508) will occur if the new current value is outside the software stroke limit range.
- (6) The new current value using the positioning data (No.1 to 600) cannot be changed, if "0: Positioning control is not executed" is set in "[Pr.55] Operation setting for incompletion of OPR" and "OPR request flag" ON. The error "Start at OPR incomplete" (error code: 547) will occur.

# ■ Positioning data setting examples [When "current value changing" is set in the positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

	Setting item		Setting	example		
			QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Setting details	
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	Positionin	g complete	Set "Positioning complete" assuming that the next positioning data will be executed. ("Continuous path control" cannot be set by current value change.)	
	[Da.2]	Control system	Current val	ue changing	Set the current value changing.	
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	-	_		
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	-	_	Setting not required (Setting value is ignored.)	
lo. 1	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	_			
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	10000.0μm	Set the address to which address change is desired. (Assuming that the "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is set to "mm".)		
Jing	[Da.7]	Arc address	-	_		
itio	[Da.8]	Command speed	-	_		
_	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.		_	Setting not required (Setting value is ignored.)	
Axis		M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	10		Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No.1 positioning data.	
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		_		
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16		-	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).	
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		_		

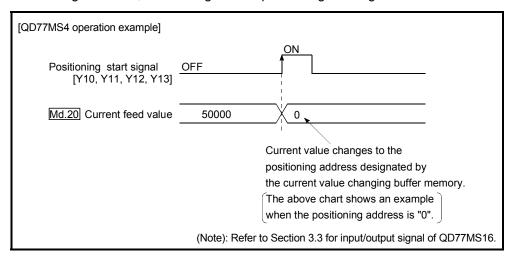
(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

[2] Changing to a new current value using the current value changing start No. (No. 9003)

In "current value changing" ("[Cd.3] Positioning start No." = 9003), "[Md.20] Current feed value" is changed to the address set in "[Cd.9] New current value".

#### Operation chart

The current value is changed by setting the new current value in the current value changing buffer memory "[Cd.9] New current value", setting "9003" in the "[Cd.3] Positioning start No.", and turning ON the positioning start signal.



#### Restrictions

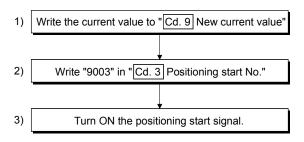
- (1) The error "Outside new current value range" (error code: 514) will occur if the designated value is outside the setting range when "degree" is set in "Unit setting".
- (2) The error "Software stroke limit +" (error code: 507) or "Software stroke limit -" (error code: 508) will occur if the designated value is outside the software stroke limit range.
- (3) The current value cannot be changed during stop commands and while the M code ON signal is ON.
- (4) The M code output function is made invalid.

#### **POINTS**

The current value can be changed using the current value changing start No. (No. 9003) if "0: Positioning control is not executed" is set in "[Pr.55] Operation setting for incompletion of OPR" and OPR request flag is ON.

#### Current value changing procedure

The following shows the procedure for changing the current value to a new value.



# ■ Setting method for the current value changing function

The following shows an example of a sequence program and data setting to change the current value to a new value with the positioning start signal. (The "[Md.20] Current feed value" value is changed to "5000.0 $\mu$ m" in the example shown.)

# (1) Set the following data.

(Set with the sequence program shown in (3), while referring to the start time chart shown in (2).)

Setting item		Cattina		Buffer memory address		
		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16	
				QD77MS4	QD//IVIS 16	
[Cd.3]	Positioning start No.	9003	Set the start No. "9003" for the new current value.	1500+100n	4300+100n	
[Cd.9]	New current value	50000	Set the new "[Md.20] Current feed value".	1506+100n	4306+100n	
[Cd.9]	inew current value	50000	Set the new [ivid.20] Current leed value .	1507+100n	4307+100n	

(Note): Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

# (2) The following shows a start time chart.

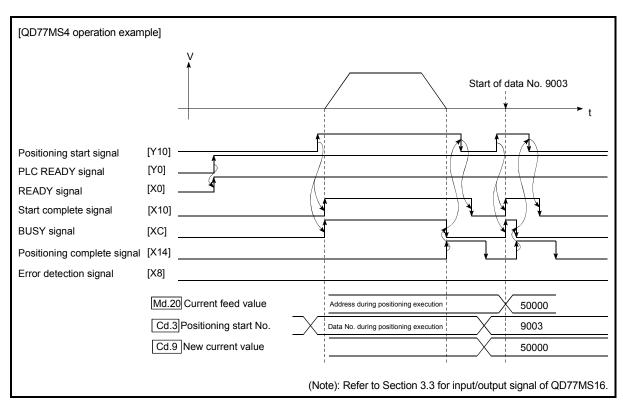
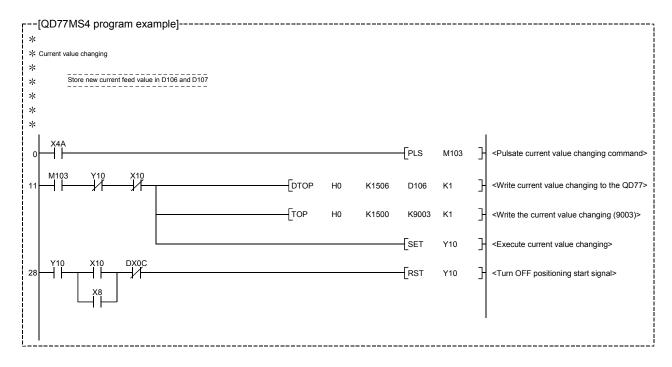


Fig. 9.21 Changing to a new current value using the current value changing start No. (No. 9003)

(3) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.



#### 9.2.20 NOP instruction

The NOP instruction is used for the nonexecutable control system.

#### Operation

The positioning data No. to which the NOP instruction is set transfers, without any processing, to the operation for the next positioning data No.

#### Positioning data setting examples

[When "NOP instruction" is set in positioning data No.1 of axis 1]

			Setting	example		
	Setting item		QD77MS2 QD77MS4 QD77MS16		Setting details	
			_	Setting not required (Setting value is ignored.)		
	[Da.2]	Control system	N	OP	Set the NOP instruction	
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	-	_		
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	-	_		
_	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	_			
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	-	_		
ğ	[Da.7]	Arc address	_			
nin	[Da.8]	Command speed	-	_		
	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	-	_	Setting not required (Setting value is ignored.)	
Axis 1	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	-			
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		-		
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16		-		
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		-		

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

#### Restrictions

The error "Control system setting error" (error code: 524) will occur if the "NOP instruction" is set for the control system of the positioning data No. 600.

# **POINT**

<Use example of NOP instruction>

If there is a possibility of speed switching or temporary stop (automatic deceleration) at a point between two points during positioning, that data can be reserved with the NOP instruction to change the data merely by the replacement of the identifier.

#### 9.2.21 JUMP instruction

The JUMP instruction is used to control the operation so it jumps to a positioning data No. set in the positioning data during "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control".

JUMP instruction includes the following two types of JUMP.

(1) Unconditional JUMP

When execution conditions are not set for the JUMP instruction (When "0" is set to the condition data No.)

(2) Conditional JUMP

When execution conditions are set for the JUMP instruction (The conditions are set to the "condition data" used with "high-level positioning control".)

Using the JUMP instruction enables repeating of the same positioning control, or selection of positioning data by the execution conditions during "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control".

#### Operation

(1) Unconditional JUMP

The JUMP instruction is unconditionally executed. The operation jumps to the positioning data No. set in "[Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.".

(2) Conditional JUMP

The block start condition data is used as the JUMP instruction execution conditions.

- When block positioning data No. 7000 to 7004 is started:
   Each block condition data is used.
- When positioning data No. 1 to 600 is started: Start block 0 condition data is used.
- When the execution conditions set in "[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions" of the JUMP instruction have been established:

the JUMP instruction is executed to jump the operation to the positioning data No. set in "[Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.".

 When the execution conditions set in "[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions" of the JUMP instruction have not been established:

the JUMP instruction is ignored, and the next positioning data No. is executed.

#### Restrictions

(1) When using a conditional JUMP instruction, establish the JUMP instruction execution conditions by the 4th positioning data No. before the JUMP instruction positioning data No..

If the JUMP instruction execution conditions are not established by the time the 4th positioning control is carried out before the JUMP instruction positioning data No., the operation will be processed as an operation without established JUMP instruction execution conditions.

(During execution of continuous path control/continuous positioning control, the Simple Motion module calculates the positioning data of the positioning data No. four items ahead of the current positioning data.)

- (2) Set JUMP instruction to positioning data No. that "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in operation pattern. It cannot set to positioning data No. that "positioning complete" is set in operation pattern.
- (3) Positioning control such as loops cannot be executed by conditional JUMP instructions alone until the conditions have been established. When loop control is executed using JUMP instruction, an axis operation status is "analyzing" during loop control, and the positioning data analysis (start) for other axes are not executed. As the target of the JUMP instruction, specify a positioning data that is controlled by other than JUMP and NOP instructions.

# Positioning data setting example

[When "JUMP instruction" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

	Setting item		Setting	example	Setting details	
			QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16		
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern			Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)	
	[Da.2]	Control system	JUMP ir	struction	Set the JUMP instruction.	
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	-	_		
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.		_		
	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	-		Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)	
0.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	-			
Z Z	[Da.7]	Arc address	_			
dat	[Da.8]	Command speed		_		
Positioning data No.	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	50	00	Set the positioning data No. 1 to 600 for the JUMP destination. (The positioning data No. of the JUMP instruction cannot be set. Setting its own positioning data No. will result in the error "Illegal data No." (error code: 502).)	
Axis 1		M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	1		Set the JUMP instruction execution conditions with the condition data No.  0 : Unconditional JUMP  1 to 10 : Condition data No.  ("Simultaneous start" condition data cannot be set.)	
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		_		
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16		_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).	
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		_		

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

#### 9.2.22 LOOP

The LOOP is used for loop control by the repetition of LOOP to LEND.

#### Operation

The LOOP to LEND loop is repeated by set repeat cycles.

#### Positioning data setting examples

[When "LOOP" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

	Setting item		Setting	example			
			QD77MS2 QD77MS4 QD77MS16		Setting details		
			_	Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)			
	[Da.2]	Control system	LO	OP	Set the LOOP.		
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	-	_			
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	-	-			
-	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	_				
Positioning data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	_		Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)		
g	[Da.7]	Arc address	_				
Jin.	[Da.8]	Command speed	_				
Positie	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	-	-			
Axis 1		M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	ţ	5	Set the LOOP to LEND repeat cycles.		
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		-			
	[Da.21]	Axis to be interpolated No.2 QD77MS16		_	Setting not required (setting value is ignored).		
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		_			

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

#### Restrictions

- (1) The error "Control system LOOP setting error" (error code: 545) will occur if a "0" is set for the repeat cycles.
- (2) Even if LEND is absent after LOOP, no error will occur, but repeat processing will not be carried out.
- (3) Nesting is not allowed between LOOP-LEND's. If such setting is made, only the inner LOOP-LEND is processed repeatedly.

# **POINT**

The setting by this control system is easier than that by the special start "FOR loop" of "High-level Positioning Control" (refer to Chapter 10).

- For special start: Positioning start data, special start data, condition data, and positioning data
- For control system: Positioning data

For the special start FOR to NEXT, the positioning data is required for each of FOR and NEXT points. For the control system, loop can be executed even only by one data.

Also, nesting is enabled by using the control system LOOP to LEND in combination with the special start FOR to NEXT.

However LOOP to LEND cannot be set across block. Always set LOOP to LEND so that the processing ends within one block.

(For details of the "block", refer to Section 10.1 "Outline of high-level positioning control".)

#### 9.2.23 LEND

The LEND is used to return the operation to the top of the repeat (LOOP to LEND) loop.

# Operation

When the repeat cycle designated by the LOOP becomes 0, the loop is terminated, and the next positioning data No. processing is started. (The operation pattern, if set to "Positioning complete", will be ignored.)

When the operation is stopped after the repeat operation is executed by designated cycles, the dummy positioning data (for example, incremental positioning without movement amount) is set next to LEND.

Positioning data No.	Operation pattern	Control system	Conditions	Operation	
1	Continuous control	ABS2		Executed in the order of	
2	Positioning complete	LOOP	Number of loop cycles: 2	the positioning data No. 1 $\rightarrow$ 2 $\rightarrow$ 3 $\rightarrow$ 4 $\rightarrow$ 5 $\rightarrow$	
3	Continuous path control	ABS2		$2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6.$	
4	Continuous control	ABS2		(The operation patterns of	
5	Positioning complete	LEND		the positioning data Nos.	
6	Positioning complete	ABS2		2 and 5 are ignored.)	

# Positioning data setting examples

[When "LEND" is set in positioning data No. 8 of axis 1]

			Setting	example		
	Setting item		QD77MS2 QD77MS4 QD77MS16		Setting details	
	[Da.1]	Operation pattern	-	_	Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)	
	[Da.2]	Control system	LE	ND	Set the LEND.	
	[Da.3]	Acceleration time No.	-	_		
	[Da.4]	Deceleration time No.	-			
1-	[Da.5]	Axis to be interpolated QD77MS2 QD77MS4	-			
data No.	[Da.6]	Positioning address/ movement amount	-			
b g	[Da.7]	Arc address	_			
onir	[Da.8]	Command speed		_		
Positioning	[Da.9]	Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning data No.	-	_	Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.)	
Axis 1	[Da.10]	M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions	-	-		
	[Da.20]	Axis to be interpolated No.1 QD77MS16		-		
	[Da.21]	140.2 (327776376)		-		
	[Da.22]	Axis to be interpolated No.3 QD77MS16		-		

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

# Restrictions

- (1) Ignore the "LEND" before the "LOOP" is executed.
- (2) When the operation pattern "Positioning complete" has been set between LOOP and LEND, the positioning control is completed after the positioning data is executed, and the LOOP control is not executed.

MEMO		

# Chapter 10 High-Level Positioning Control

The details and usage of high-level positioning control (control functions using the "block start data") are explained in this chapter.

High-level positioning control is used to carry out applied control using the "positioning data". Examples of applied control are using conditional judgment to control "positioning data" set with the major positioning control, or simultaneously starting "positioning data" for several different axes.

Read the execution procedures and settings for each control, and set as required.

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# 10.1 Outline of high-level positioning control

In "high-level positioning control" the execution order and execution conditions of the "positioning data" are set to carry out more applied positioning. (The execution order and execution conditions are set in the "block start data" and "condition data".) The following applied positioning controls can be carried out with "high-level positioning control".

High-level positioning control	Details
Block (Note-1) start (Normal start)	With one start, executes the positioning data in a random block with the set order.
Condition start	Carries out condition judgment set in the "condition data" for the designated positioning data, and then executes the "block start data".  • When the condition is established, the "block start data" is executed.  • When not established, that "block start data" is ignored, and the next point's "block start data" is executed.
Wait start	Carries out condition judgment set in the "condition data" for the designated positioning data, and then executes the "block start data".  • When the condition is established, the "block start data" is executed.  • When not established, stops the control until the condition is established. (Waits.)
Simultaneous start (Note-2)	Simultaneously executes the positioning data having the No. for the axis designated with the "condition data". (Outputs command at the same timing.)
Repeated start (FOR loop)	Repeats the program from the "block start data" set with the "FOR loop" to the "block start data" set in "NEXT" for the designated number of times.
Repeated start (FOR condition)	Repeats the program from the "block start data" set with the "FOR condition" to the "block start data" set in "NEXT" until the conditions set in the "condition data" are established.

#### ■ High-level positioning control sub functions

"High-level positioning control" uses the "positioning data" set with the "major positioning control". Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of QD77MS main functions and sub functions" for details on sub functions that can be combined with the major positioning control.

Note that the sub function Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function" cannot be used together with "high-level positioning control".

#### ■ High-level positioning control from GX Works2

"High-level positioning control" (start of the "block start data") can be executed using the test function of GX Works2.

Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details on starting of the "block start data" using GX Works2.

# REMARK

#### (Note-1): Block

"1 block" is defined as all the data continuing from the positioning data in which "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in the "[Da.1] Operation pattern" to the positioning data in which "independent positioning control (Positioning complete)" is set.

#### (Note-2): Simultaneous start

Besides the simultaneous start of "block start data" system, the "simultaneous starts" include the "multiple axes simultaneous start control" of control system.

Refer to Section 10.5 "Multiple axes simultaneous start control" for details.

# 10.1.1 Data required for high-level positioning control

"High-level positioning control" is executed by setting the required items in the "block start data" and "condition data", then starting that "block start data". Judgment about whether execution is possible, etc., is carried out at execution using the "condition data" designated in the "block start data".

"Block start data" can be set for each No. from 7000 to 7004 (called "block Nos."), and up to 50 points can be set for each axis. (This data is controlled with Nos. called "points" to distinguish it from the positioning data. For example, the 1st block start data item is called the "1st point block start data" or "point No. 1 block start data".)
"Condition data" can be set for each No. from 7000 to 7004 (called "block Nos."), and up to 10 data items can be set for each axis.

The "block start data" and "condition data" are set as 1 set for each block No.

The following table shows an outline of the "block start data" and "condition data" stored in the Simple Motion module.

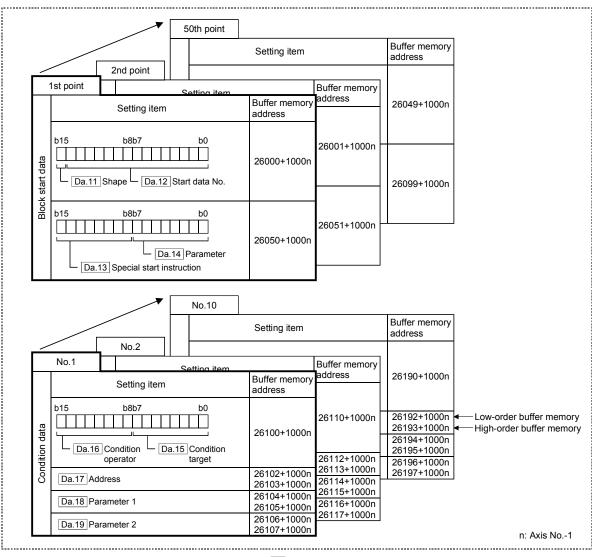
		Setting item	Setting details		
g	[Da.11] Shape		Set whether to end the control after executing only the "block start data" of the shape itself, or continue executing the "block start data" set in the next point.		
t data	[Da.12]	Start data No.	Set the "positioning data No." to be executed.		
ck start	[Da.13]	Special start instruction	Set the method by which the positioning data set in [Da.12] will be started.		
Block	[Da.14]	Parameter	Set the conditions by which the start will be executed according to the commands set in [Da.13]. (Designate the "condition data No." and "Number of repetitions".)		

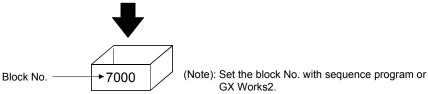
	Setting item			Setting details		
	[Da.15]	Condition target		Designate the "device", "buffer memory storage details", and "positioning data No." elements for which the conditions are set.		
	[Da.16]	Condition operator	•	Set the judgment method carried out for the target set in [Da.15].		
	[Da.17]	Address		Set the buffer memory address in which condition judgment is carried out (only when the details set in [Da.15] are "buffer memory storage details").		
data	[Da.18]	Parameter 1		Set the required conditions according to the details set in [Da.15], [Da.16] and [Da.23] QD77MS16.		
	[Da.19]	Parameter 2				
Condition	[Da.23]	Number of simultaneously starting axes		Set the number of axes to be started simultaneously in the simultaneously start.		
	[Da.24]	Simultaneously starting axis No.1	QD77MS16			
	[Da.25]	Simultaneously starting axis No.2		Set the simultaneously starting axis in the simultaneously start on 2 to 4 axes.		
	[Da.26]	Simultaneously starting axis No.3				

# 10.1.2 "Block start data" and "condition data" configuration

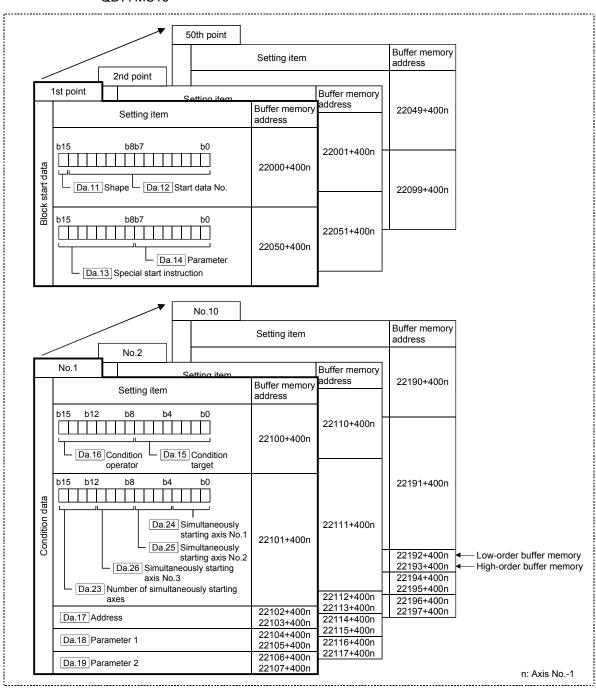
The "block start data" and "condition data" corresponding to "block No. 7000" can be stored in the buffer memory.

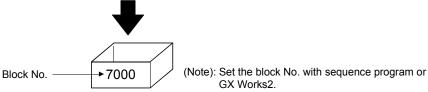
#### QD77MS2/QD77MS4





#### QD77MS16

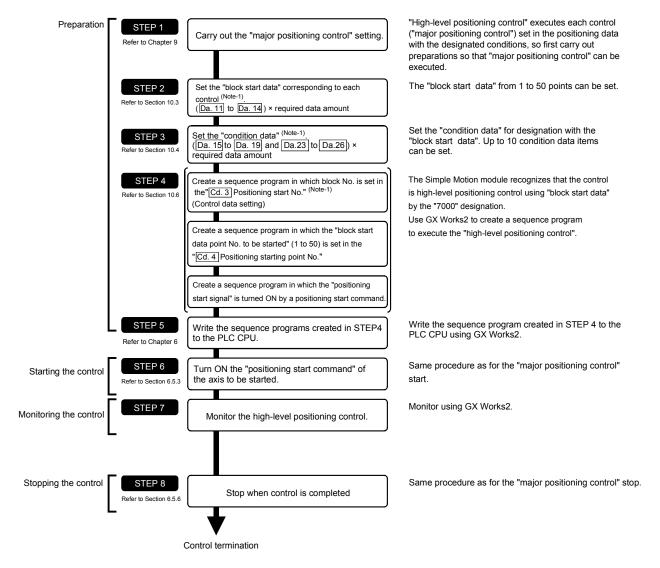




Set the "block start data" and "condition data" corresponding to the following "block Nos. 7001 to 7004" using sequence program or GX Works2 to Simple Motion module. For QD77MS16, the "block start data" and "condition data" corresponding to "block No. 7002 to 7004" are not allocated. Set the data with GX Works2.

# 10.2 High-level positioning control execution procedure





# REMARK

(Note-1): Five sets of "block start data (50 points)" and "condition data (10 items)" corresponding to "block No. 7000 to 7004" are set with GX Works2 or sequence program.

"7000 to 7004" can be set in "[Cd.3] Positioning start No." on STEP4 when the above is set.

# 10.3 Setting the block start data

#### 10.3.1 Relation between various controls and block start data

The "block start data" must be set to carry out "high-level positioning control". The setting requirements and details of each "block start data" item to be set differ according to the "[Da.13] Special start instruction" setting.

The following shows the "block start data" setting items corresponding to various control systems. The operation details of each control type are explained starting in Section 10.3.2. Also refer to Section 10.4 "Setting the condition data" for details on "condition data" with which control execution is judged.

(The "block start data" settings in this chapter are assumed to be carried out using GX Works2.)

High-level positioning control Block start data setting items		Block start (Normal start)	Condition start	Wait start	Simulta- neous start	Repeated start (FOR loop)	Repeated start (FOR condition)	NEXT start *	
[Do 11]		0 : End	0	0	<b></b>	<b></b>	×	×	©
[Da.11]	Shape	1 : Continue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
[Da.12] Start data No.			1 to 600						
[Da.13]	[Da.13] Special start instruction		0	1	2	3	4	5	6
[Da.14] Parameter		_	Со	ndition data	No.	Number of repetitions	Condition data No.	_	

- One of the two setting items must be set.
- : Set as required (Set to "-" when not used.)
- × : Setting not possible
- : Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. Set the initial value or a value within the setting range.)
  - \* The "NEXT start" instruction is used in combination with "repeated start (FOR loop)" and "repeated start (FOR condition)". Control using only the "NEXT start" will not be carried out.

# REMARK

It is recommended that the "block start data" be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

# 10.3.2 Block start (normal start)

In a "block start (normal start)", the positioning data groups of a block starting from the positioning data set in "[Da.12]Start data No." are continuously executed with the set order by starting once..

Section [2] shows a control example where the "block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

# [1] Setting examples

# (1) Block start data setting example

Axis 1 block start data	[Da.11] Shape	[Da.12] Start data No.	[Da.13] Special start instruction	[Da.14] Parameter
1st point	1: Continue	1	0: Block start	_
2nd point	1: Continue	2	0: Block start	_
3rd point	1: Continue	5	0: Block start	_
4th point	1: Continue	10	0: Block start	_
5th point	0: End	15	0: Block start	_
•				
•				

# (2) Positioning data setting example

Axis 1 positioning data No.	[Da.1] Operation pattern	
1	00: Positioning complete	
2	11: Continuous path control	)
3	01: Continuous positioning control	→ 1 block (Note-1)
4	00: Positioning complete	J
5	11: Continuous path control	} 1 block
6	00: Positioning complete	) I Block
•		
10	00: Positioning complete	
•		
15	00: Positioning complete	
•		

# REMARK

(Note-1): Block

"1 block" is defined as all the data continuing from the positioning data in which "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in the "[Da.1] Operation pattern" to the positioning data in which "independent positioning control (Positioning complete)" is set.

# [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the "block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.

<1> The positioning data is executed in the following order before stopping. Axis 1 positioning data No. 1  $\rightarrow$  2  $\rightarrow$  3  $\rightarrow$  4  $\rightarrow$  5  $\rightarrow$  6  $\rightarrow$  10  $\rightarrow$  15.

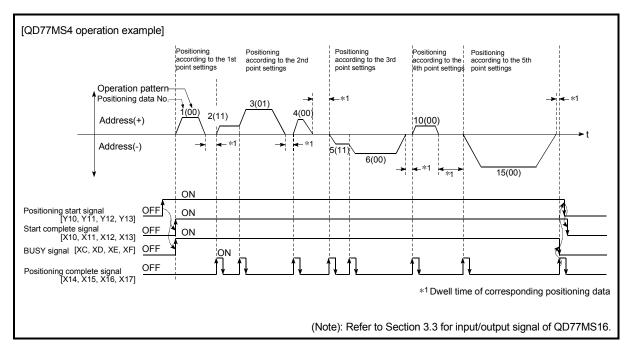


Fig. 10.1 Block start control example

#### 10.3.3 Condition start

In a "condition start", the "condition data" conditional judgment designated in "[Da.14] Parameter" is carried out for the positioning data set in "[Da.12] Start data No.". If the conditions have been established, the "block start data" set in "1: condition start" is executed. If the conditions have not been established, that "block start data" will be ignored, and the "block start data" of the next point will be executed.

Section [2] shows a control example where the "block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

# [1] Setting examples

# (1) Block start data setting example

Axis 1 block start data	[Da.11] Shape	[Da.12] Start data No.	[Da.13] Special start instruction	[Da.14] Parameter
1st point	1: Continue	1	1: Condition start	1
2nd point	1: Continue	10	1: Condition start	2
3rd point	0: End	50	0: Block start	-
•				
•				

(Note): The "condition data Nos." have been set in "[Da.14] Parameter".

# (2) Positioning data setting example

Axis 1 positioning data No.	[Da.1] Operation pattern	
1	01: Continuous positioning control	
2	01: Continuous positioning control	
3	00: Positioning complete	
•		
10	11: Continuous path control	
11	11: Continuous path control	
12	00: Positioning complete	
•		
50	00: Positioning complete	
•		

#### [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the "block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.

- <1> The conditional judgment set in "condition data No. 1" is carried out before execution of the axis 1 "positioning data No.1".
  - $\rightarrow$  Conditions established  $\rightarrow$  Execute positioning data No. 1, 2, and 3  $\rightarrow$  Go to <2>.
  - $\rightarrow$  Conditions not established  $\rightarrow$  Go to <2>.
- <2> The conditional judgment set in "condition data No.2" is carried out before execution of the axis 1 "positioning data No. 10".
  - $\rightarrow$  Conditions established  $\rightarrow$  Execute positioning data No.10, 11, and 12  $\rightarrow$  Go to <3>.
  - $\rightarrow$  Conditions not established  $\rightarrow$  Go to <3>.
- <3> Execute axis 1 "positioning data No.50" and stop the control.

#### 10.3.4 Wait start

In a "wait start", the "condition data" conditional judgment designated in "[Da.14] Parameter" is carried out for the positioning data set in "[Da.12] Start data No.". If the conditions have been established, the "block start data" is executed. If the conditions have not been established, the control stops (waits) until the conditions are established.

Section [2] shows a control example where the "block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

#### [1] Setting examples

# (1) Block start data setting example

Axis 1 block start data	[Da.11] Shape	[Da.12] Start data No.	[Da.13] Special start instruction	[Da.14] Parameter
1st point	1: Continue	1	2: Wait start	3
2nd point	1: Continue	10	0: Block start	ı
3rd point	0: End	50	0: Block start	Ī
•				
•				

(Note): The "condition data Nos." have been set in "[Da.14] Parameter".

# Positioning data setting example

Axis 1 positioning data No.	[Da.1] Operation pattern
1	01: Continuous positioning control
2	01: Continuous positioning control
3	00: Positioning complete
•	
10	11: Continuous path control
11	11: Continuous path control
12	00: Positioning complete
•	
50	00: Positioning complete
•	

# [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the "block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.

- <1> The conditional judgment set in "condition data No. 3" is carried out before execution of the axis 1 "positioning data No. 1".
  - $\rightarrow$  Conditions established  $\rightarrow$  Execute positioning data No. 1, 2, and 3  $\rightarrow$  Go to <2>.
  - $\rightarrow$  Conditions not established  $\rightarrow$  Control stops (waits) until conditions are established  $\rightarrow$  Go to <1>.
- <2> Execute the axis 1 "positioning data No. 10, 11, 12, and 50" and stop the control.

# 10.3.5 Simultaneous start

In a "simultaneous start", the positioning data set in the "[Da.12] Start data No." and positioning data of other axes set in the "condition data" are simultaneously executed (commands are output with the same timing).

(The "condition data" is designated with "[Da.14] Parameter".)

Section [2] shows a control example where the "block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

# [1] Setting examples

# (1) Block start data setting example

Axis 1 block start data	[Da.11] Shape	[Da.12] Start data No.	[Da.13] Special start instruction	[Da.14] Parameter
1st point	0: End	1	3: Simultaneous start	4
•				
•				
•				
•				

(Note): It is assumed that the "axis 2 positioning data" for simultaneous starting is set in the "condition data" designated with "[Da.14] Parameter".

#### (2) Positioning data setting example

Axis 1 positioning data No.	[Da.1] Operation pattern
1	01: Continuous positioning control
2	01: Continuous positioning control
3	00: Positioning complete
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	

#### [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the "block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.

- <1> Check the axis operation status of axis 2 which is regarded as the simultaneously started axis.
  - $\rightarrow$  Axis 2 is standing by  $\rightarrow$  Go to <2>.
  - ightarrow Axis 2 is carrying out positioning. ightarrow An error occurs and simultaneous start will not be carried out.
- <2> Simultaneously start the axis 1 "positioning data No. 1" and axis 2 positioning data set in "condition data No. 4.

#### [3] Precautions

Positioning data No. executed by simultaneously started axes is set to condition data ("[Da.18] Parameter 1", "[Da.19] Parameter 2"), but the setting value of start axis (the axis which carries out positioning start) should be "0". If the setting value is set to other than "0", the positioning data set in "[Da.18] Parameter 1", "[Da.19] Parameter 2" is given priority to be executed rather than "[Da.12] Start data No.".

(For details, refer to Section 5.5 "List of condition data".)

# 10.3.6 Repeated start (FOR loop)

In a "repeated start (FOR loop)", the data between the "block start data" in which "4: FOR loop" is set in "[Da.13] Special start instruction" and the "block start data" in which "6: NEXT start" is set in "[Da.13] Special start instruction" is repeatedly executed for the number of times set in "[Da.14] Parameter". An endless loop will result if the number of repetitions is set to "0".

(The number of repetitions is set in "[Da.14] Parameter" of the "block start data" in which "4: FOR loop" is set in "[Da.13] Special start instruction".)

Section [2] shows a control example where the "block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

### [1] Setting examples

# (1) Block start data setting example

Axis 1 block start data	[Da.11] Shape	[Da.12] Start data No.	[Da.13] Special start instruction	[Da.14] Parameter
1st point	1: Continue	1	4: FOR loop	2
2nd point	1: Continue	10	0: Block start	_
3rd point	0: End	50	6: NEXT start	_
•				
•				

(Note): The "condition data Nos." have been set in "[Da.14] Parameter".

# (2) Positioning data setting example

Axis 1 positioning data No.	[Da.1] Operation pattern
1	01: Continuous positioning control
2	01: Continuous positioning control
3	00: Positioning complete
•	
10	11: Continuous path control
11	00: Positioning complete
•	
50	01: Continuous positioning control
51	00: Positioning complete
•	

#### [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the "block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.

- <1> Execute the axis 1 "positioning data No.1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 50, and 51".
- <2> Return to the axis 1 "1st point block start data". Again execute the axis 1 "positioning data No.1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 50 and 51", and then stop the control. (Repeat for the number of times (2 times) set in [Da.14].)

# 10.3.7 Repeated start (FOR condition)

In a "repeated start (FOR condition)", the data between the "block start data" in which "5: FOR condition" is set in "[Da.13] Special start instruction" and the "block start data" in which "6: NEXT start" is set in "[Da.13] Special start instruction" is repeatedly executed until the establishment of the conditions set in the "condition data".

Conditional judgment is carried out as soon as switching to the point of "6: NEXT start" (before positioning of NEXT start point).

(The "condition data" designation is set in "[Da.14] Parameter" of the "block start data" in which "5: FOR condition" is set in "[Da.13] Special start instruction".)

Section [2] shows a control example where the "block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

# [1] Setting examples

#### Block start data setting example

Axis 1 block start data	[Da.11] Shape	[Da.12] Start data No.	[Da.13] Special start instruction	[Da.14] Parameter
1st point	1: Continue	1	5: FOR condition	5
2nd point	1: Continue	10	0: Block start	ı
3rd point	0: End	50	6: NEXT start	ı
•				
•				

(Note): The "condition data Nos." have been set in "[Da.14] Parameter".

# (2) Positioning data setting example

Axis 1 positioning data No.	[Da.1] Operation pattern
1	01: Continuous positioning control
2	01: Continuous positioning control
3	00: Positioning complete
•	
10	11: Continuous path control
11	00: Positioning complete
•	
50	01: Continuous positioning control
51	00: Positioning complete
•	

# [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the "block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.

- <1> Execute the axis 1 "positioning data No.1, 2, 3, 10, and 11".
- <2> Carry out the conditional judgment set in axis 1 "condition data No.5" (Note-1).
  - ightarrow Conditions not established ightarrow Execute "Positioning data No.50, 51". Go to <1>.
  - $\rightarrow$  Conditions established  $\rightarrow$  Execute "Positioning data No.50, 51" and complete the positioning.

(Note-1): Conditional judgment is carried out as soon as switching to NEXT start point (before positioning of NEXT start point).

# 10.3.8 Restrictions when using the NEXT start

The "NEXT start" is an instruction indicating the end of the repetitions when executing Section 10.3.6 "Repeated start (FOR loop)" and Section 10.3.7 "Repeated start (FOR condition)".

The following shows the restrictions when setting "6: NEXT start" in the "block start data".

- (1) The processing when "6: NEXT start" is set before execution of "4: FOR loop" or "5: FOR condition" is the same as that for a "0: block start".
- (2) Repeated processing will not be carried out if there is no "6: NEXT start" instruction after the "4: FOR loop" or "5: FOR condition" instruction. (Note that an "error" will not occur.)
- (3) Nesting is not possible between "4: FOR loop" and "6: NEXT start", or between "5: FOR condition" and "6: NEXT start". The warning "FOR to NEXT nest construction" (warning code: 506) will occur if nesting is attempted.

[Operating examples without nesting structure]

Start block data	[Da.13] Special start instruction		
1st point	Normal start		
2nd point	FOR ◆		
3rd point	Normal start		
4th point	NEXT		
5th point	Normal start		
6th point	Normal start		
7th point	FOR ◆		
8th point	Normal start		
9th point	NEXT -		
•			
•			

[Operating examples with nesting structure]

Start block data	[Da.13] Special start instruction	
1st point	Normal start	
2nd point	FOR	
3rd point	Normal start	
4th point	FOR ←	
5th point	Normal start	
6th point	Normal start	
7th point	NEXT	
8th point	Normal start	
9th point	NEXT	
•		
•		

A warning will occur when starting the 4th point "FOR". The JUMP destination of the 7th point "NEXT" is the 4th point. The 9th point "NEXT" is processed as normal start.

#### 10.4 Setting the condition data

#### 10.4.1 Relation between various controls and the condition data

"Condition data" is set in the following cases.

- (1) When setting conditions during execution of Section 9.2.21 "JUMP instruction" (major positioning control)
- (2) WHEN SETTING conditions during execution of "high-level positioning control"

The "condition data" to be set includes the setting items from [Da.15] to [Da.19] and [Da.23] to [Da.26], but the setting requirements and details differ according to the control system and setting conditions.

The following shows the "condition data" "[Da.15] Condition target" corresponding to the different types of control.

(The "condition data" settings in this chapter are assumed to be carried out using GX Works2.)

Control type		High-lev	Major positioning control		
[Da.15] Setting item	Block start	Wait start	JUMP instruction		
01: Device X (Note-1)	0	0	×	0	0
02: Device Y (Note-1)	0	0	×	0	0
03: Buffer memory (1 word)	0	0	×	0	©
04: Buffer memory (2 words)	0	0	×	0	©
05: Positioning data No.	×	×	0	×	×

One of the setting items must be set.

(Note-1): Refer to devices X/Y which belongs to Simple Motion module.

# REMARK

It is recommended that the "condition data" be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

 $<sup>\,^{</sup> imes}$  : Setting not possible

The setting requirements and details of the following "condition data" [Da.16] to [Da.19] and [Da.23] setting items differ according to the "[Da.15] Condition target" setting. The following shows the [Da.16] to [Da.19] and [Da.23] setting items corresponding to the "[Da.15] Condition target".

#### QD77MS2/QD77MS4

Other setting item [Da.15] Condition target		[Da.17] Address	[Da.18] Parameter 1	[Da.19] Parameter 2
01H: Device X 02H: Device Y	07H: DEV=ON 08H: DEV=OFF	_	0 to 1FH (bit No.) 0 to 1FH (bit No.)	_
03H: Buffer memory (1 word) (Note-1) 04H: Buffer memory (2 words) (Note-1)	01H: **=P1 02H: **≠P1 03H: **≤P1 04H: **≥P1 05H: P1≤**≤P2	Buffer memory address	P1 (numeric value)	P2 (numeric value) (Set only when "[Da.16]" is [05H] or [06H].)
05H: Positioning data No.	06H: **≤P1, P2≤**  10H: Axis 1 selected  20H: Axis 2 selected  30H: Axis 1 and 2 selected  40H: Axis 3 selected  50H: Axis 1 and 3 selected  60H: Axis 2 and 3 selected  70H: Axis 1, 2, and 3 selected  80H: Axis 4 selected  90H: Axis 1 and 4 selected  A0H: Axis 2 and 4 selected  B0H: Axis 1, 2, and 4 selected  C0H: Axis 3 and 4 selected  C0H: Axis 3, and 4 selected  E0H: Axis 2, 3, and 4 selected	_	Low-order 16 bits: Axis 1 positioning data No. (Note-2)  High-order 16 bits: Axis 2 positioning data No. (Note-2)	Low-order 16 bits: Axis 3 positioning data No. (Note-2) High-order 16 bits: Axis 4 positioning data No. (Note-2)

- Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. Set the initial value or a value within the setting range.)
- \*\*: Value stored in buffer memory designated in [Da.17]
- (Note-1): Comparison of  $\leq$  and  $\geq$  is judged as signed values. Refer to Section 5.5 "List of condition data" for the setting contents.
- (Note-2): The setting value of start axis (the axis which executes positioning start) should be "0". If the setting value is set to other than "0", the positioning data set in "[Da.18] Parameter 1", "[Da.19] Parameter 2" is given priority to be executed rather than "[Da.12] Start data No.".

#### QD77MS16

Other setting item [Da.15] Condition target		[Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes	[Da.17] Address	[Da.18] Parameter 1	[Da.19] Parameter 2
01H: Device X	07H: DEV=ON			0 to 1FH (bit No.)	
02H: Device Y	08H: DEV=OFF		_	0 to 1FH (bit No.)	_
03H: Buffer memory (1 word) (Note-1)	01H: **=P1 02H: **≠P1				
04H: Buffer memory (2 words) <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	03H: **≤P1 04H: **≥P1 05H: P1≤**≤P2 06H: **≤P1, P2≤**	_	Buffer memory address	P1 (numeric value)	P2 (numeric value) (Set only when "[Da.16]" is [05H] or [06H].)
		2 3		Low-order 16 bits: "[Da.24] Simultaneously	_
05H: Positioning data No.		4	ı	starting axis No.1" positioning data No. High-order 16 bits: "[Da.25] Simultaneously starting axis No.2" positioning data No.	Low-order 16 bits:  "[Da.26] Simultaneously starting axis No.3" positioning data No. High-order 16 bits: Unusable (Set "0".)

Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. Set the initial value or a value within the setting range.)

\*\* : Value stored in buffer memory designated in [Da.17]

(Note-1): Comparison of  $\leq$  and  $\geq$  is judged as signed values.

Refer to Section 5.5 "List of condition data" for the setting contents.

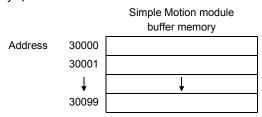
Judgment whether the condition operator is "=" or "≠" at the start of wait.

Judgment on data is carried out for each operation cycle of the Simple Motion module.

Thus, in the judgment on the data such as current feed value which varies continuously, the operator "=" may not be detected. If this occurs, use a range operator.

# REMARK

The "PLC CPU memo area" can be designated as the buffer memory address to be designated in [Da.17]. (Refer to Section 7.1.1 "Configuration and roles of QD77MS memory".)



# 10.4.2 Condition data setting examples

The following shows the setting examples for "condition data".

# (1) QD77MS2/QD77MS4

(a) Setting the device ON/OFF as a condition

#### [Condition]

Device "XC" (Axis 1 BUSY signal) is OFF.

[Da.15] Condition target	[Da.16] Condition operator	[Da.17] Address	[Da.18] Parameter 1	[Da.19] Parameter 2
01H: Device X	08H: DEV=OFF		0CH	_

(b) Setting the numeric value stored in the "buffer memory" as a condition

#### [Condition]

The value stored in buffer memory addresses "800, 801" ("[Md.20] Current feed value") is "1000" or larger.

[Da.15] Condition target	[Da.16] Condition operator	[Da.17] Address	[Da.18] Parameter 1	[Da.19] Parameter 2
04H: Buffer memory (2 words)	04H: ** ≥ P1	800	1000	_

(c) Designating the axis and positioning data No. to be simultaneously started in "simultaneous start"

#### [Condition]

Simultaneously starting "axis 2 positioning data No.3"

[Da.15] Condition target	[Da.16] Condition operator	[Da.17] Address	[Da.18] Parameter 1	[Da.19] Parameter 2
05H: Positioning data No.	20H: Axis 2 selected	_	High-order 16 bits "0003H" (Note-1)	(Note-1)

(Note-1): The setting value of start axis (the axis which executes positioning start) should be "0000H".

#### (2) QD77MS16

(a) Setting the device ON/OFF as a condition

[Condition]

Device "X10" (Axis 1 BUSY signal) is OFF.

[Da.15] Condition target	[Da.16] Condition operator	[Da.17] Address	[Da.18] Parameter 1	[Da.19] Parameter 2	[Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes	,	[Da.25] Simultaneously starting axis No.2	[Da.26] Simultaneously starting axis No.3
01H: Device X	08H: DEV=OFF		10H	_	_	_	_	_

(b) Setting the numeric value stored in the "buffer memory" as a condition

[Condition]

The value stored in buffer memory addresses "2400, 2401" ([Md.20] Current feed value) is "1000" or larger.

[Da.15] Condition target	[Da.16] Condition operator	[Da.17] Address	[Da.18] Parameter 1	[Da.19] Parameter 2	[Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes	,	[Da.25] Simultaneously starting axis No.2	[Da.26] Simultaneously starting axis No.3
04H: Buffer memory (2 words)	04H: ** ≥P1	2400	1000	_	_	_	_	_

(c) Designating the axis and positioning data No. to be simultaneously started in "simultaneous start"

[Condition]

Simultaneously starting "axis 2 positioning data No.3"

[Da.15] Condition target	[Da.16] Condition operator	[Da.17] Address	[Da.18] Parameter 1	[Da.19] Parameter 2	[Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes	,	[Da.25] Simultaneously starting axis No.2	[Da.26] Simultaneously starting axis No.3
05H: Positioning data No.	_	_	Low-order 16 bits "0003H"	_	2H: 2 axes	1H: Axis 2	0H	ОН

#### 10.5 Multiple axes simultaneous start control

The "multiple axes simultaneous start" starts outputting the command to the specified simultaneous starting axis at the same timing as the started axis.

The maximum of four axes can be started simultaneously.

#### [1] Control details

The multiple axes simultaneous start control is carried out by setting the simultaneous start setting data to the multiple axes simultaneous start control buffer memory of the axis control data, "9004" to "[Cd.3] Positioning start No." of the start axis, and then turning ON the positioning start signal.

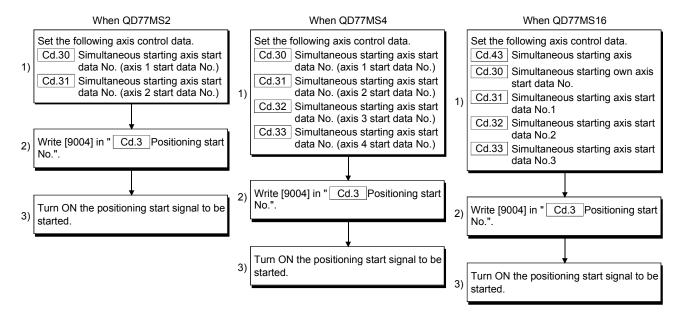
- QD77MS2.....Set the start data No. of simultaneous starting axis
   (positioning data No. to be started simultaneously for each
   axis) in "[Cd.30] Simultaneous starting axis start data No.
   (axis 1 start data No.)" and "[Cd.31] Simultaneous starting
   axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.)".
- QD77MS4 ......Set the start data No. of simultaneous starting axis
   (positioning data No. to be started simultaneously for each
   axis) in "[Cd.30] Simultaneous starting axis start data No.
   (axis 1 start data No.)" to "[Cd.33] Simultaneous starting axis
   start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)".
- QD77MS16.......Set the number of axes to be started simultaneously and axis
   No. in "[Cd.43] Simultaneous starting axis", and the start data
   No. of simultaneous starting axis (positioning data No. to be
   started simultaneously for each axis) in "[Cd.30]
   Simultaneous starting own axis start data No." and "[Cd.31]
   Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1" to "[Cd.33]
   Simultaneous starting axis start data No.3".

#### [2] Restrictions

- (1) The error "Error before simultaneous start" (error code: 501) will occur and all simultaneously started axes will not start if the simultaneously started axis start data No. is not set to the axis control data on the start axis or set outside the setting range.
- (2) The error "Error before simultaneous start" (error code: 501) will occur and all simultaneously started axes will not start if either of the simultaneously started axes is BUSY.
- (3) The error "Error before simultaneous start" (error code: 501) will occur and all simultaneously started axes will not start if an error occurs during the analysis of the positioning data on the simultaneously started axes.
- (4) No error or warning will occur if only the start axis is the simultaneously started axis.
- (5) This function cannot be used with the sub function Section 13.7.7 "Prereading start function".

#### [3] Multiple axes simultaneous start control procedure

The procedure for multiple axes simultaneous start control is as follows.



# [4] Multiple axes simultaneous start control function setting method The following shows the setting of the data used to execute the multiple axes simultaneous start control with positioning start signals (The axis control data on the start axis is set).

	Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.) QD77MS16  Simultaneous starting axis start data No.) QD77MS2 QD77MS4  Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.) QD77MS2 QD77MS4  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.) QD77MS2 QD77MS4  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. QD77MS4  Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1 QD77MS16  Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1 QD77MS16  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. Set a "0" for the axis other than the simultaneously started axes		Buffer mem	ory address	
			Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.3]	Positioning start No.	9004	I COOM I		4300+100n
[Cd.43]					4339+100n
[Cd.30]	start data No. (axis 1 start			1540+100n	
					4340+100n
[Cd.31]	start data No. (axis 2 start			1541+100n	
			•		4341+100n
[Cd.32]	Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.) QD77MS4			1542+100n	
	Simultaneous starting axis start data No.2 QD77MS16				4342+100n
[Cd.33]	Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.) QD77MS4				
-	Simultaneous starting axis start data No.3 QD77MS16				4343+100n

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>(</sup>Note-1): Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on setting details.

<sup>(</sup>Note-2): The signal of axis 3 and 4 cannot be used in the QD77MS2.

### [5] Setting examples

(1) The following shows the setting examples in which the QD77MS4 [axis 1] is used as the start axis and the simultaneously started axes are used as the axes 2 and 4.

Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	Buffer memory address (Axis 1)
[Cd.3]	Positioning start No.	9004	Set the multiple axes simultaneous start control start No. "9004".	1500
[Cd.30]	Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.)	100	The axis 1 starts the positioning data No. 100.	1540
[Cd.31]	Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.)	200	Immediately after the start of the axis 1, the axis 2 starts the axis 2 positioning data No. 200.	1541
[Cd.32]	Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.)	0	Will not start simultaneously.	1542
[Cd.33]	Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)	300	Immediately after the start of the axis 1, the axis 4 starts the axis 4 positioning data No. 300.	1543

(2) The following shows the setting examples in which the QD77MS16 [axis 10] is used as the start axis and the simultaneously started axes are used as the axes 12 and 14.

Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	Buffer memory address (Axis 10)
[Cd.3]	Positioning start No.	9004	Set the multiple axes simultaneous start control start No. "9004".	5200
[Cd.43]	Simultaneous starting axis	30DBH	Set the axis 12 (0BH) to the simultaneously starting axis No.1, and the axis 14 (0DH) to the simultaneously starting axis No.2.	5239
[Cd.30]	Simultaneous starting own axis start data No.	100	The axis 10 starts the positioning data No. 100.	5240
[Cd.31]	Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1	200	Immediately after the start of the axis 10, the axis 12 starts the axis 12 positioning data No. 200.	5241
[Cd.32]	Simultaneous starting axis start data No.2	300	Immediately after the start of the axis 10, the axis 14 starts the axis 14 positioning data No. 300.	5242
[Cd.33]	Simultaneous starting axis start data No.3	0	Will not start simultaneously.	5243

#### POINTS

- (1) The "multiple axes simultaneous start control" carries out an operation equivalent to the "simultaneous start" using the "block start data".
- (2) The setting of the "multiple axes simultaneous start control" is easier than that of the "simultaneous start" using the "block start data".
  - Setting items for "simultaneous start" using "block start data"

    Positioning start data, block start data, condition data, and positioning data
  - Setting items for "multiple axes simultaneous start control"
     Positioning data and axis control data

#### 10.6 Start program for high-level positioning control

#### 10.6.1 Starting high-level positioning control

To execute high-level positioning control, a sequence program must be created to start the control in the same method as for major positioning control.

The following shows the procedure for starting the "1st point block start data" (regarded as block No. 7000) set in axis 1.

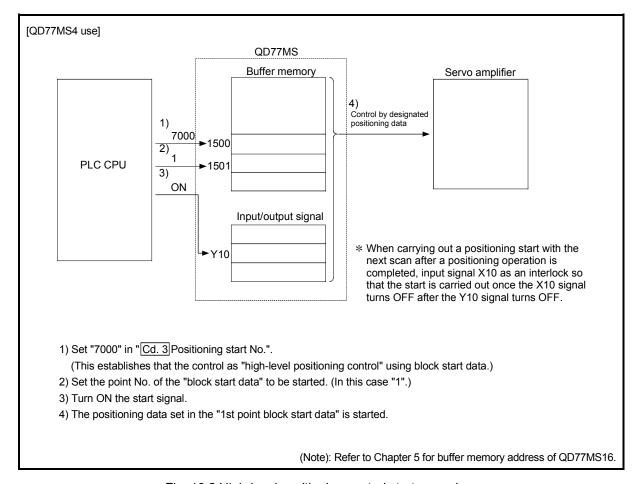


Fig. 10.2 High-level positioning control start procedure

#### 10.6.2 Example of a start program for high-level positioning control

The following shows an example of a start program for high-level positioning control in which the 1st point "block start data" of axis 1 is started. (The block No. is regarded as "7000".)

#### Control data that require setting

The following control data must be set to execute high-level positioning control. The setting is carried out using a sequence program.

	0.45		Buffer memory address		
	Setting item		Setting setting details		OD77M016
				QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.3]	Positioning start No.	7000	Set "7000" to indicate control using "block start data".	1500+100n	4300+100n
[Cd.4]	Positioning starting point No.	1	Set the point No. of the "block start data" to be started.	1501+100n	4301+100n

n: Axis No.-1

(Note): Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

#### Start conditions

The following conditions must be fulfilled when starting the control. The required conditions must also be integrated into the sequence program, and configured so the control does not start unless the conditions are fulfilled.

					Device
	Signal name		Signal state	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
	PLC READY signal	ON	PLC CPU preparation completed		Y0
	READY signal	ON	QD77MS preparation completed		X0
	All axis servo ON	ON	All axis servo ON		Y1
Interface	Synchronization flag ON		QD77MS buffer memory The access is possible.	X1	
signal	Axis stop signal		Axis stop signal is OFF	Y4 to Y7	[Cd.180] Axis stop
	Start complete signal	OFF	Start complete signal is OFF	X10 to X13	[Md.31] Status: b14
	BUSY signal	OFF BUSY signal is OFF		XC to XF	X10 to X1F
	Error detection signal	OFF	There is no error	X8 to XB	[Md.31] Status: b13
	M code ON signal	OFF	M code ON signal is OFF	X4 to X7	[Md.31] Status: b12
	Forced stop input signal	ON	There is no forced stop input	_	
External	Stop signal	OFF	Stop signal is OFF	_	
signal	Upper limit (FLS)	ON	Within limit range	_	
	Lower limit (RLS)	ON	Within limit range	_	

#### Start time chart

The following chart shows a time chart in which the positioning data No. 1, 2, 10, 11, and 12 of QD77MS4 [axis 1] are continuously executed as an example.

#### (1) Block start data setting example

Axis 1 block start data	[Da.11] Shape	[Da.12] Start data No.	[Da.13] Special start instruction	[Da.14] Parameter
1st point	1: Continue	1	0: Block start	_
2nd point	0: End	10	0: Block start	_
•				
•				

#### (2) Positioning data setting example

Axis 1 positioning data No.	[Da.1] Operation pattern
1	11: Continuous path control
2	00: Positioning complete
•	
10	11: Continuous path control
11	11: Continuous path control
12	00: Positioning complete
•	

#### (3) Start time chart

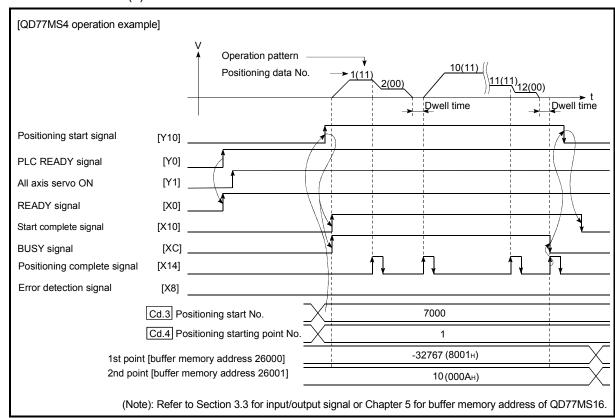
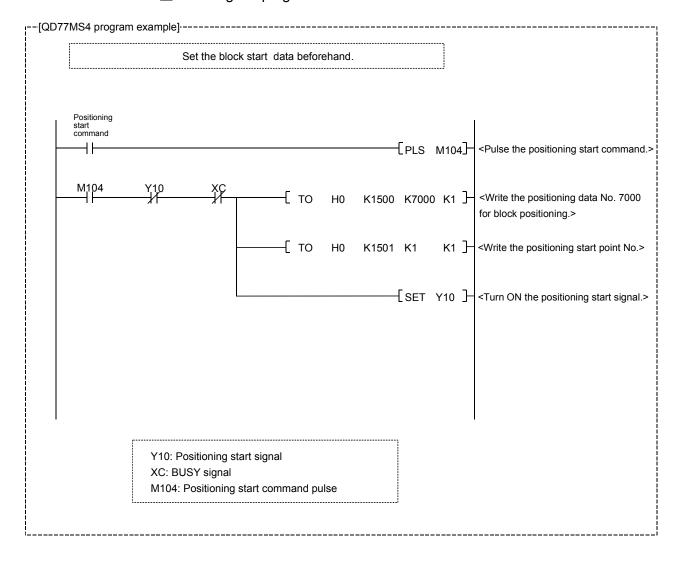


Fig. 10.3 Start time chart for high-level positioning control (block start)

#### ■ Creating the program



MEMO			

## **Chapter 11 Manual Control**

The details and usage of manual control are explained in this chapter.

In manual control, commands are issued during a JOG operation and an inching operation executed by the turning ON of the JOG START signal, or from a manual pulse generator connected to the Simple Motion module.

Manual control using a sequence program from the PLC CPU is explained in this chapter. Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for an explanation of manual control (JOG operation, inching operation and manual pulse generator operation) using the GX Works2.

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#### 11.1 Outline of manual control

#### 11.1.1 Three manual control methods

"Manual control" refers to control in which positioning data is not used, and a positioning operation is carried out in response to signal input from an external device. The three types of this "manual control" are explained below.

#### [1] JOG operation

"JOG operation" is a control method in which the machine is moved by only a movement amount (commands are continuously output while the JOG START signal is ON). This operation is used to move the workpiece in the direction in which the limit signal is ON, when the operation is stopped by turning the limit signal OFF to confirm the positioning system connection and obtain the positioning data address (refer to Section 13.7.4 "Teaching function").

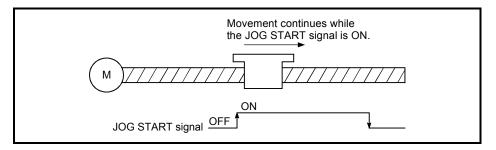


Fig. 11.1 JOG operation

#### [2] Inching operation

"Inching operation" is a control method in which a minute movement amount of command is output manually in operation cycle.

When the "inching movement amount" of the axis control data is set by JOG operation, the workpiece is moved by a set movement amount. (When the "inching movement amount" is set to "0", the machine operates as JOG operation.)

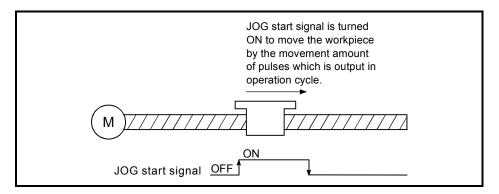


Fig. 11.2 Inching operation

#### [3] Manual pulse generator operation

"Manual pulse generator operation" is a control method in which positioning is carried out in response to the number of pulses input from a manual pulse generator (the number of input command is output). This operation is used for manual fine adjustment, etc., when carrying out accurate positioning to obtain the positioning address.

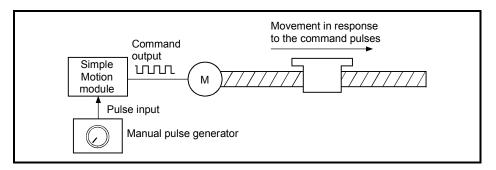


Fig. 11.3 Manual pulse generator control

#### Manual control sub functions

Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of QD77MS main functions and sub functions" for details on "sub functions" that can be combined with manual control. Also refer to Chapter 13 "Control Sub Functions" for details on each sub function.

#### Carrying out manual control from GX Works2

"JOG operation", "Inching operation" and enabling/disabling of the "manual pulse generator operation" can be executed from GX Works2 test function.

Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details on manual control from GX Works2.

#### Monitoring manual control

Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" when directly monitoring the buffer memory using GX Works2.

Also refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 when monitoring with the monitor functions of GX Works2.

#### 11.2 JOG operation

#### 11.2.1 Outline of JOG operation

#### JOG operation

In JOG operation, the forward run JOG start signal or reverse run JOG start signal turns ON, causing pulses to be output to the servo amplifier from the Simple Motion module while the signal is ON. The workpiece is then moved in the designated direction.

Signal	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Forward run JOG start signal	Y8, YA	Y8, YA, YC, YE	[Cd.181] Forward run JOG start
Reverse run JOG start signal	Y9, YB	Y9, YB, YD, YF	[Cd.182] Reverse run JOG start

The following shows examples of JOG operation.

1)	When the START signal turns ON, acceleration begins in the direction designated by the START signal, and continues for the acceleration time designated in "[Pr.32] JOG operation acceleration time selection". At this time, the BUSY signal changes from OFF to ON.
2)	When the workpiece being accelerated reaches the speed set in "[Cd.17] JOG speed", the movement continues at this speed. The constant speed movement takes place at 2) and 3).
3)	When the START signal is turned OFF, deceleration begins from the speed set in "[Cd.17] JOG speed", and continues for the deceleration time designated in "[Pr.33] JOG operation deceleration time selection".
4)	The operation stops when the speed becomes "0". At this time, the BUSY signal changes from ON to OFF.

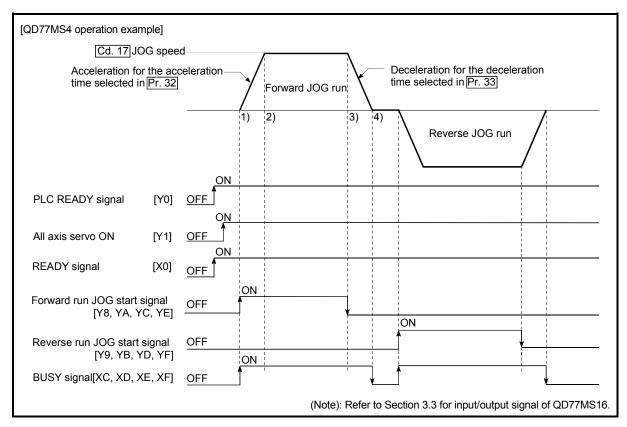


Fig. 11.4 JOG operation

#### Important

Use the hardware stroke limit function when carrying out JOG operation near the upper or lower limits. (Refer to Section "13.4.4".)

If the hardware stroke limit function is not used, the workpiece may exceed the moving range, causing an accident.

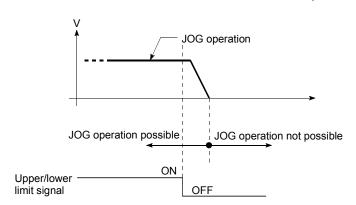
#### Precautions during operation

The following details must be understood before carrying out JOG operation.

- (1) For safety, set a small value to "[Cd.17] JOG speed" at first and check the movement. Then gradually increase the value.
- (2) The error "Outside JOG speed range" (error code: 300) will occur and the operation will not start if the "JOG speed" is outside the setting range at the JOG start.
- (3) The error "JOG speed limit value error" (error code: 956) will occur and the operation will not start if "[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value" is set to a value larger than "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".
- (4) If "[Cd.17] JOG speed" exceeds the speed set in "[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value", the workpiece will move at the "[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value" and the warning "JOG speed limit value" (warning code: 301) will occur in the Simple Motion module.
- (5) The JOG operation can be continued even if an "Axis warning" has occurred.
- (6) Set a "0" in "[Cd.16] Inching movement amount". If a value other than "0" is set, the operation will become an inching operation (Refer to Section 11.3 "Inching operation").

#### Operations when stroke limit error occurs

When the operation is stopped by hardware stroke limit error or software stroke limit error, the JOG operation can execute in an opposite way (direction within normal limits) after an error reset. (An error will occur again if JOG start signal is turned ON in a direction to outside the stroke limit.)



#### ■ JOG operation timing and processing time

The following drawing shows details of the JOG operation timing and processing time.

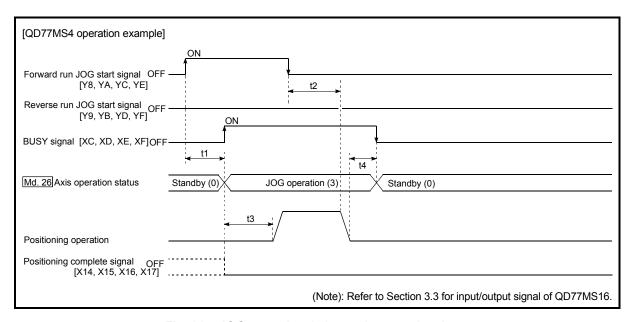


Fig. 11.5 JOG operation timing and processing times

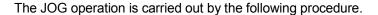
Normal	timing	times

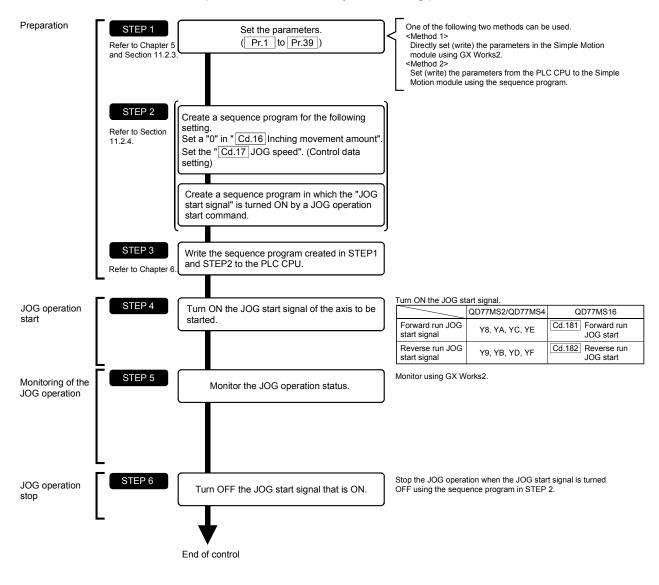
Unit:	[ms]

	Operation cycle	t1	t2	t3	t4
QD77MS2	0.88	0.4 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9
QD//IVIS2	1.77	0.4 to 1.4	0 to 1.8	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8
00771404	0.88	0.4 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9
QD77MS4	1.77	0.4 to 1.4	0 to 1.8	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8
QD77MS16	0.88	0.4 to 0.9	0 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9
QD171VIS10	1.77	0.8 to 1.4	0 to 1.8	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8

• Delays may occur in the t1 timing time due to the operation status of other axes.

#### 11.2.2 JOG operation execution procedure





## REMARK

- Mechanical elements such as limit switches are considered as already installed.
- Parameter settings work in common for all control using the Simple Motion module.

#### 11.2.3 Setting the required parameters for JOG operation

The "Positioning parameters" must be set to carry out JOG operation. The following table shows the setting items of the required parameters for carrying out JOG operation. Parameters not shown below are not required to be set for carrying out only JOG operation. (Set the initial value or a value within the setting range.)

		Setting item	Setting requirement	Factory-set initial value (setting details)
	[Pr.1]	Unit setting	0	3 (PLS)
	[Pr.2]	Number of pulses per rotation (AP) (Unit: PLS)	0	20000
	[Pr.3]	Movement amount per rotation (AL) (Unit: PLS)	0	20000
	[Pr.4]	Unit magnification (AM)	0	1 (1 times)
	[Pr.7]	Bias speed at start (Unit: PLS/s)	0	0
	[Pr.8]	Speed limit value (Unit: PLS/s)	0	200000
	[Pr.9]	Acceleration time 0 (Unit: ms)	0	1000
	[Pr.10]	Deceleration time 0 (Unit: ms)	0	1000
	[Pr.11]	Backlash compensation amount (Unit: PLS)	0	0
	[Pr.12]	Software stroke limit upper limit value (Unit: PLS)	0	2147483647
	[Pr.13]	Software stroke limit lower limit value (Unit: PLS)	0	-2147483648
SIS	[Pr.14]	Software stroke limit selection	0	0 (current feed value)
Jete	[Pr.15]	Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting	0	0 (valid)
ащ	[Pr.17]	Torque limit setting value (Unit: %)	0	300
pal	[Pr.25]	Acceleration time 1 (Unit: ms)	0	1000
Positioning parameters	[Pr.26]	Acceleration time 2 (Unit: ms)	0	1000
io	[Pr.27]	Acceleration time 3 (Unit: ms)	0	1000
osit	[Pr.28]	Deceleration time 1 (Unit: ms)	0	1000
ď	[Pr.29]	Deceleration time 2 (Unit: ms)	0	1000
	[Pr.30]	Deceleration time 3 (Unit: ms)	0	1000
	[Pr.31]	JOG speed limit value (Unit: PLS/s)	0	20000
	[Pr.32]	JOG operation acceleration time selection	©	0 (acceleration time 0)
	[Pr.33]	JOG operation deceleration time selection	©	0 (deceleration time 0)
	[Pr.34]	Acceleration/deceleration process selection	0	0 (trapezoidal acceleration/ deceleration processing)
	[Pr.35]	S-curve ratio (Unit: %)	0	100
	[Pr.36]	Sudden stop deceleration time (Unit: ms)	0	1000
	[Pr.37]	Stop group 1 sudden stop selection	0	0 (deceleration stop)
	[Pr.38]	Stop group 2 sudden stop selection	0	0 (deceleration stop)
	[Pr.39]	Stop group 3 sudden stop selection	0	0 (deceleration stop)

 <sup>:</sup> Setting always required.
 : Set according to requirements (Set the initial value or a value within the setting range when not used.)

## REMARK

- Parameter settings work in common for all controls using the Simple Motion module. When carrying out other controls ("major positioning control", "high-level positioning control", "OPR positioning control"), set the respective setting items as well.
- Parameters are set for each axis.
- Refer to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control" for the setting details.

#### 11.2.4 Creating start programs for JOG operation

A sequence program must be created to execute a JOG operation. Consider the "required control data setting", "start conditions" and "start time chart" when creating the program.

The following shows an example when a JOG operation is started for axis 1. ("[Cd.17] JOG speed" is set to "100.00mm/min" in the example shown.)

#### Required control data setting

The control data shown below must be set to execute a JOG operation. The setting is carried out with the sequence program.

		0-44:		Buffer memory address		
	Setting item Setting value Setting details		QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16		
HCAG. FOI	Inching movement amount	0	Set "0".	1517+100n	4317+100n	
[Cd.17]	JOG speed	10000	Set a value equal to or below the "[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value".	1518+100n 1519+100n	4318+100n 4319+100n	

n: Axis No.-1

#### Start conditions

The following conditions must be fulfilled when starting. The required conditions must also be assembled in the sequence program, and the sequence program must be configured so the operation will not start if the conditions are not fulfilled.

					Device
Signal name			Signal state	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
	PLC READY signal	ON	PLC CPU preparation completed		Y0
	READY signal	ON	QD77MS preparation completed		X0
	All axis servo ON	ON	All axis servo ON		Y1
Interface	Synchronization flag *	ON	QD77MS buffer memory The access is possible.	X1	
signal	Axis stop signal	OFF	Axis stop signal is OFF	Y4 to Y7	[Cd.180] Axis stop
	Start complete signal	OFF	Start complete signal is OFF	X10 to X13	[Md.31] Status: b14
	BUSY signal	OFF	QD77MS is not operating	XC to XF	X10 to X1F
	Error detection signal	OFF	There is no error	X8 to XB	[Md.31] Status: b13
	M code ON signal	OFF	M code ON signal is OFF	X4 to X7	[Md.31] Status: b12
	Forced stop input signal	ON	There is no forced stop input		_
External	Stop signal	OFF	Stop signal is OFF	_	
signal	Upper limit (FLS)	ON	Within limit range		_
	Lower limit (RLS)	ON	Within limit range		

<sup>\*:</sup> If the PLC CPU is set to the asynchronous mode in the synchronization setting, this must be inserted in the program for interlocking. If it is set to the synchronous mode, it must not be inserted in the program for interlocking because it is turned ON when the PLC CPU executes calculation.

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

#### Start time chart

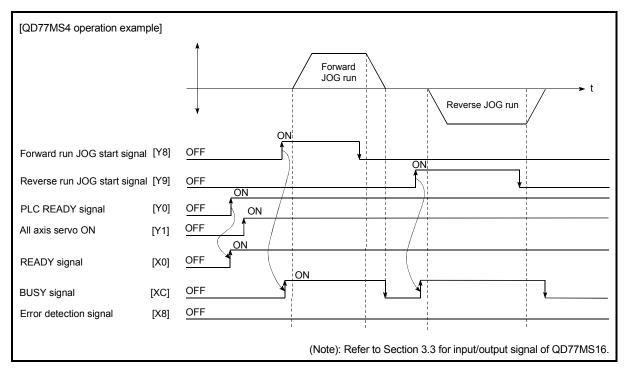
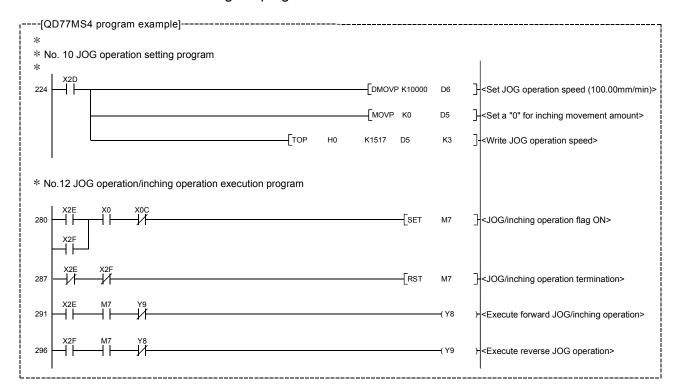


Fig. 11.6 JOG operation start time chart

#### ■ Creating the program



#### 11.2.5 JOG operation example

#### ■ When the "stop signal" is turned ON during JOG operation

When the "stop signal" is turned ON during JOG operation, the JOG operation will stop by the "deceleration stop" method.

If the JOG start signal is turned ON while the stop signal is ON, the error "Stop signal ON at start" (error code: 106) will occur.

The operation can be started by turning the stop signal OFF, and turning the JOG start signal from OFF to ON again.

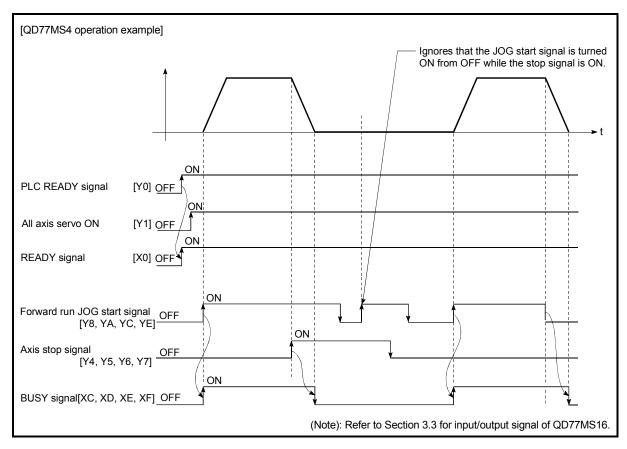


Fig. 11.7 Operation when the stop signal is turned ON during JOG operation

■ When both the "forward run JOG start signal" and "reverse run JOG start signal" are turned ON simultaneously for one axis

When both the "forward run JOG start signal" and "reverse run JOG start signal" are turned ON simultaneously for one axis, the "forward run JOG start signal" is given priority. In this case, the "reverse run JOG start signal" is validated when the BUSY signal of Simple Motion module is turned OFF.

If the forward run JOG operation is stopped due to stop by a stop signal or axis error, the reverse run JOG operation will not be executed even if the "reverse run JOG start signal" turns ON.

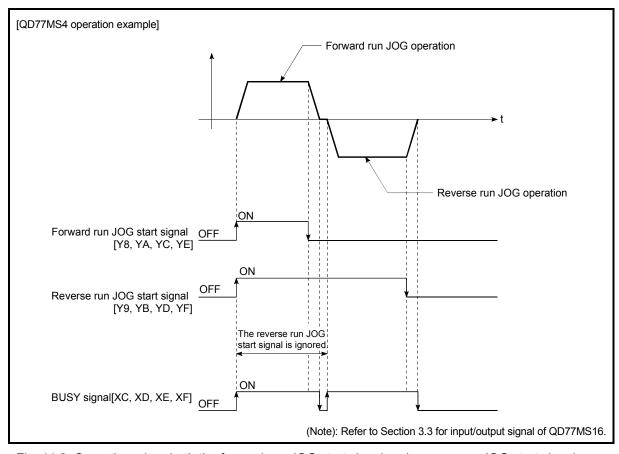


Fig. 11.8 Operation when both the forward run JOG start signal and reverse run JOG start signal are turned ON simultaneously

When the "JOG start signal" is turned ON again during deceleration caused by the ON → OFF of the "JOG start signal"

When the "JOG start signal" is turned ON again during deceleration caused by the ON  $\rightarrow$  OFF of the "JOG start signal", the JOG operation will be carried out from the time the "JOG start signal" is turned ON.

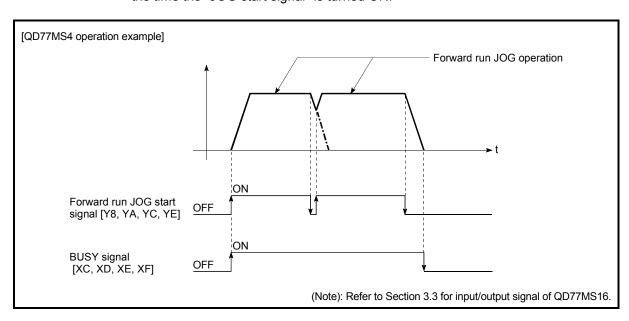


Fig. 11.9 Operation when the JOG start signal is turned ON during deceleration

■ When the "JOG start signal" is turned ON while the test function of GX Works2 is used

When the "JOG start signal" is turned ON while the test function of GX Works2 is used, it will be ignored and the JOG operation will not be carried out.

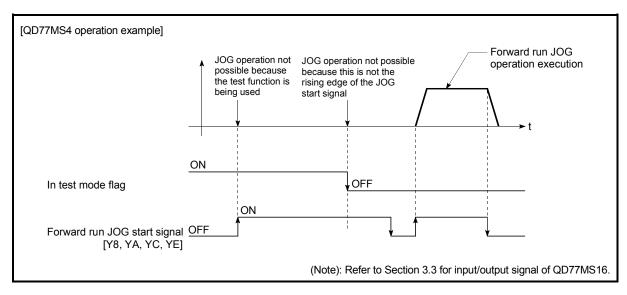


Fig. 11.10 Operation when the JOG start signal is turned ON while the test function is used

#### 11.3 Inching operation

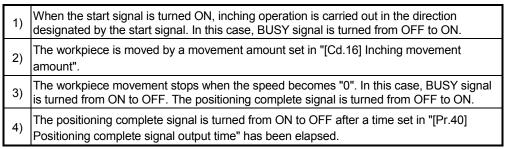
#### 11.3.1 Outline of inching operation

#### Inching operation

In inching operation, pulses are output to the servo amplifier at operation cycle to move the workpiece by a designated movement amount after the forward run JOG start signal or reverse JOG start signal is turned ON.

Signal	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Forward run JOG start signal	Y8, YA	Y8, YA, YC, YE	[Cd.181] Forward run JOG start
Reverse run JOG start signal	Y9, YB	Y9, YB, YD, YF	[Cd.182] Reverse run JOG start

The following shows the example of inching operation.



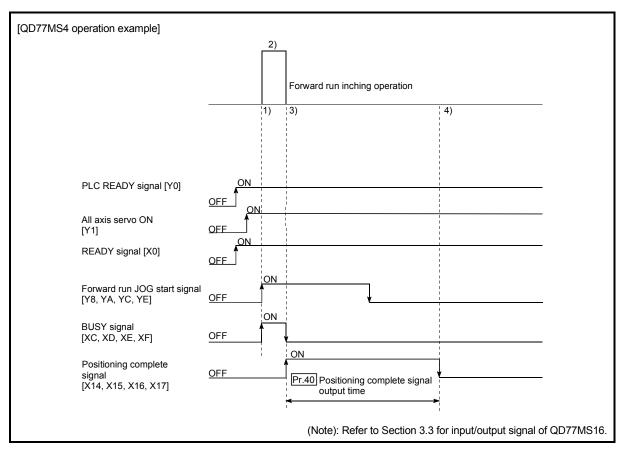


Fig. 11.11 Inching operation

#### **Important**

When the inching operation is carried out near the upper or lower limit, use the hardware stroke limit function (Refer to Section 13.4.4).

If the hardware stroke limit function is not used, the workpiece may exceed the movement range, and an accident may result.

#### ■ Precautions during operation

The following details must be understood before inching operation is carried out.

(1) Acceleration/deceleration processing is not carried out during inching operation.

(Commands corresponding to the designated inching movement amount are output at operation cycle. When the movement direction of inching operation is reversed and backlash compensation is carried out, the backlash compensation amount and inching movement amount are output at the same operation cycle.)

The "[Cd.17] JOG speed" is ignored even if it is set. The error "Inching movement amount error" (error code: 301) will occur in the following case. ([Cd.16] Inching movement amount) x (A) > ([Pr.31] JOG speed limit value)

However,	(A)	is as	follows.
----------	-----	-------	----------

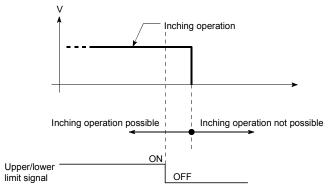
	Operation cycle		
	0.88	1.77	
When the unit setting is PLS	1125	562.5	
When the unit setting is degree and the "[Pr.83] Speed control	67.5	33.75	
10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid	07.5	33.75	
When the unit setting is other than the above	675	337.5	

(2) Set a value other than a "0" in "[Cd.16] Inching movement amount". If a "0" is set, the operation will become JOG operation (Refer to Section 11.2 "JOG operation").

#### Operations when stroke limit error occurs

When the operation is stopped by hardware stroke limit error or software stroke limit error, the inching operation can be performed in an opposite way (direction within normal limits) after an error reset.

(An error will occur again if JOG start signal is turned ON in a direction to outside the stroke limit.)



#### ■ Inching operation timing and processing times

The following drawing shows the details of the inching operation timing and processing time.

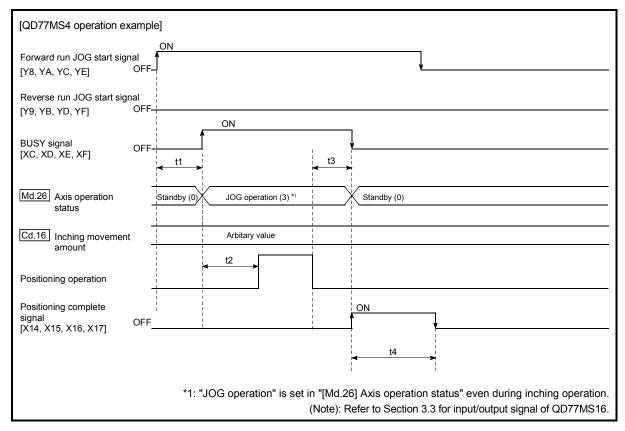


Fig. 11.12 Inching operation timing and processing times

#### Normal timing times

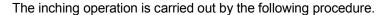
Unit: [ms]

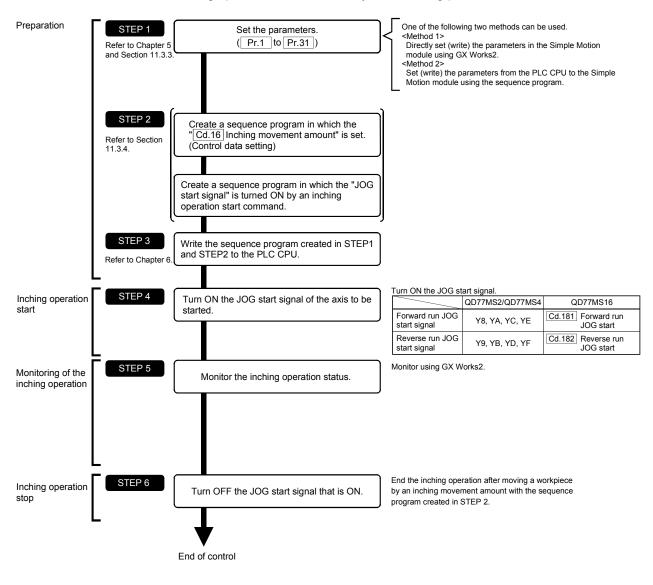
	Operation cycle	t1	t2	t3	t4
QD77MS2	0.88	0.4 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	Follows parameters
QD771VISZ	1.77	0.4 to 1.4	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	Follows parameters
QD77MS4	0.88	0.4 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	Follows parameters
QD7710154	1.77	0.4 to 1.4	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	Follows parameters
OD77M016	0.88	0.4 to 0.9	1.8 to 2.7	0 to 0.9	Follows parameters
QD77MS16	1.77	0.8 to 1.4	3.2 to 3.9	0 to 1.8	Follows parameters

• Depending on the operating statuses of the other axes, delay may occur in the t1 timing time.

#### 11.3.2 Inching operation execution procedure

**REMARK** 





- Mechanical elements such as limit switches are considered as already installed.
- Parameter settings work in common for all control using the Simple Motion module.

#### 11.3.3 Setting the required parameters for inching operation

The "Positioning parameters" must be set to carry out inching operation.

The following table shows the setting items of the required parameters for carrying out inching operation. Parameters not shown below are not required to be set for carrying out only inching operation. (Set the initial value or a value within the setting range.)

		Setting item	Setting requirement	Factory-set initial value (setting details)
parameters	[Pr.1]	Unit setting	0	3 (PLS)
	[Pr.2]	Number of pulses per rotation (AP) (Unit: PLS)	0	20000
	[Pr.3]	Movement amount per rotation (AL) (Unit: PLS)	0	20000
	[Pr.4]	Unit magnification (AM)	0	1 (1 times)
	[Pr.11]	Backlash compensation amount (Unit: PLS)	0	0
	[Pr.12]	Software stroke limit upper limit value (Unit: PLS)	0	2147483647
Positioning	[Pr.13]	Software stroke limit lower limit value (Unit: PLS)	0	-2147483648
iţi	[Pr.14]	Software stroke limit selection	0	0 (current feed value)
Pos	[Pr.15]	Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting	0	0 (valid)
	[Pr.17]	Torque limit setting value (Unit: %)	0	300
	[Pr.31]	JOG speed limit value (Unit: PLS/s)	©	20000

Setting always required.

O: Set according to requirements (Set the initial value or a value within the setting range when not used.)

## $\mathsf{REMARK}$

- Positioning parameter settings work in common for all controls using the Simple Motion module. When carrying out other controls ("major positioning control", "high-level positioning control", and "OPR control"), set the respective setting items as well.
- Parameters are set for each axis.
- Refer to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control" for the setting details.

#### 11.3.4 Creating a program to enable/disable the inching operation

A sequence program must be created to execute an inching operation. Consider the "required control data setting", "start conditions", and "start time chart" when creating the program.

The following shows an example when an inching operation is started for axis 1. (The example shows the inching operation when a "10.0  $\mu$ m" is set in "[Cd.16] Inching movement amount".)

#### Required control data setting

The control data shown below must be set to execute an inching operation. The setting is carried out with the sequence program.

Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	Buffer memory address	
				QD77MS2	QD77MS16
				QD77MS4	
[Cd.16]	Inching movement amount	100	Set the setting value so that the JOG speed limit value is not increased larger than the maximum output pulse	1517+100n	4317+100n

n: Axis No.-1

\*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on setting details.

#### Start conditions

The following conditions must be fulfilled when starting. The required conditions must also be assembled in the sequence program, and the sequence program must be configured so the operation will not start if the conditions are not fulfilled.

Signal name		Signal state		Device	
				QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
	PLC READY signal	ON	PLC CPU preparation completed	Y0	
	READY signal	ON	QD77MS preparation completed	X0	
	All axis servo ON	ON	All axis servo ON	Y1	
	Synchronization flag *	ON	Accessible to QD77MS buffer memory	X1	
Interface	Axis stop signal	OFF	Axis stop signal is OFF	Y4 to Y7	[Cd.180] Axis stop
signal	Start complete signal	OFF	Start complete signal is OFF	X10 to X13	[Md.31] Status: b14
	BUSY signal	OFF	QD77MS is not operating	XC to XF	X10 to X1F
	Positioning complete signal	OFF	Positioning complete signal is OFF	X14 to X17	[Md.31] Status: b15
	Error detection signal	OFF	There is no error	X8 to XB	[Md.31] Status: b13
	M code ON signal	OFF	M code ON signal is OFF	X4 to X7	[Md.31] Status: b12
	Forced stop input signal	ON	There is no forced stop input	_	
External	Stop signal	OFF	Stop signal is OFF	_	
signal	Upper limit (FLS)	ON	Within limit range	_	
	Lower limit (RLS) ON Within		Within limit range	_	

<sup>\*:</sup> If the PLC CPU is set to the asynchronous mode in the synchronization setting, this must be inserted in the program for interlocking. If it is set to the synchronous mode, it must not be inserted in the program for interlocking because it is turned ON when the PLC CPU executes calculation.

#### Start time chart

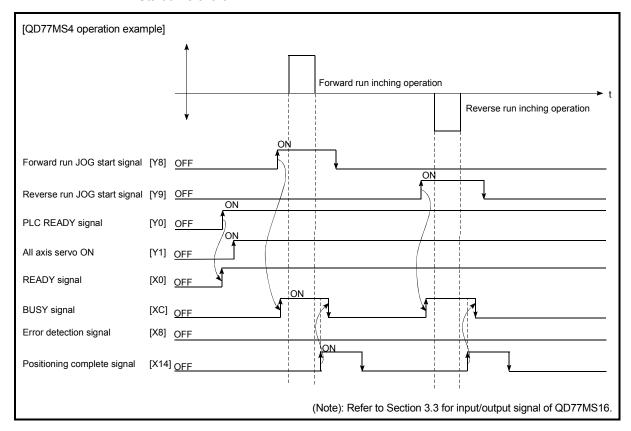
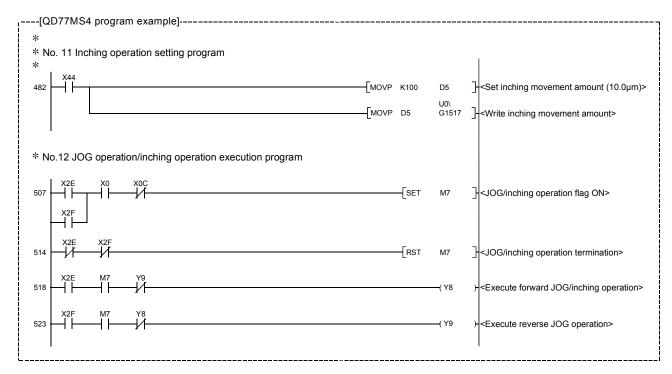


Fig. 11.13 Inching operation start time chart

#### Creating the program



#### 11.3.5 Inching operation example

■ When executing inching operation while stop signal is turned ON If the JOG start signal is turned ON while the stop signal is ON, the error "Stop signal ON at start" (error code: 106) will occur.

The inching operation can be re-started when the stop signal is turned OFF and the JOG start signal is turned ON from OFF.

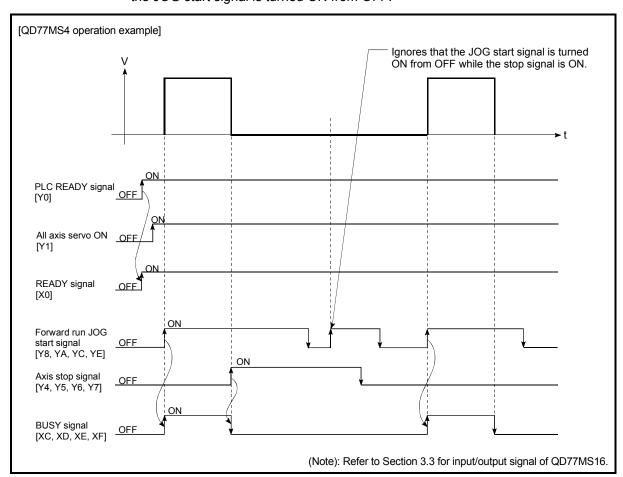


Fig. 11.14 Operation when executing inching operation while stop signal is turned ON

■ When the "JOG start signal" is turned ON while the test function of GX Works2 is used

When the "JOG star signal" is turned ON while the test function is used, it will be ignored and the inching operation will not be carried out.

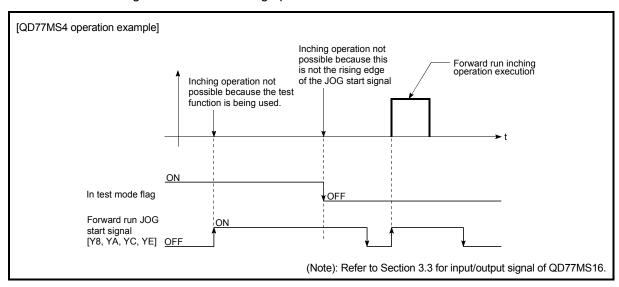


Fig. 11.15 Operation when the JOG start signal is turned ON while the test function is used

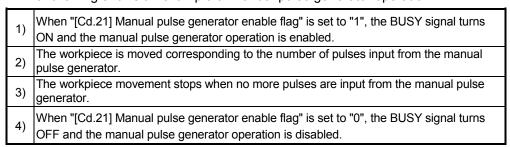
#### 11.4 Manual pulse generator operation

#### 11.4.1 Outline of manual pulse generator operation

#### Manual pulse generator operation

In manual pulse generator operations, pulses are input to the Simple Motion module from the manual pulse generator. This causes the same number of input command to be output from the Simple Motion module to the servo amplifier, and the workpiece is moved in the designated direction.

The following shows an example of manual pulse generator operation.



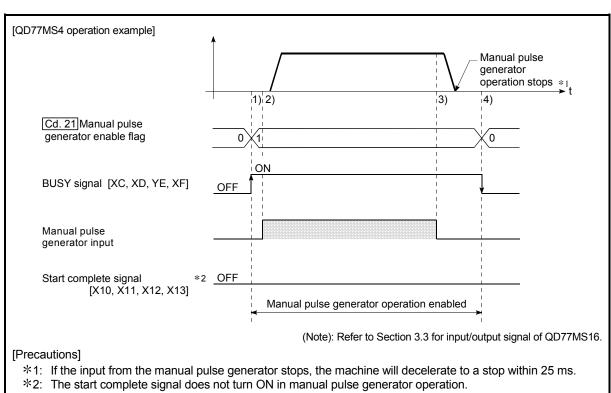


Fig. 11.16 Manual pulse generator operation

#### **Important**

Create the sequence program so that "[Cd.21] Manual pulse generator enable flag" is always set to "0" (disabled) when a manual pulse generator operation is not carried out.

Mistakenly touching the manual pulse generator when the "manual pulse generator enable flag" is set to "1" (enable) can cause accidents or incorrect positioning.

#### Restricted items

A manual pulse generator is required to carry out manual pulse generator operation.

#### Precautions during operation

The following details must be understood before carrying out manual pulse generator operation.

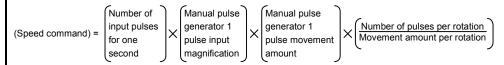
- (1) The speed during manual pulse generator operation is not limited by the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".
- (2) If "[Cd.21] Manual pulse generator enable flag" is turned ON while the Simple Motion module is BUSY (BUSY signal ON), the warning "Start during operation" (warning code: 100) will occur.
- (3) If a stop factor occurs during manual pulse generator operation, the operation will stop, and the BUSY signal will turn OFF. At this time, "[Cd.21] Manual pulse generator enable flag" will remain ON. However, manual pulse generator operation will not be possible. To carry out manual pulse generator operation again, measures must be carried out to eliminate the stop factor. Once eliminated, the operation can be carried out again by turning "[Cd.21] Manual pulse generator enable flag" ON → OFF → ON.
  - (Note that this excludes hardware/software stroke limit error.)
- (4) Command will not be output if an error occurs when the manual pulse generator operation starts.

#### **Important**

The speed command is issued according to the input from the manual pulse generator irrelevant of the speed limit setting.

When the speed command is larger than 62914560 [PLS/s], the servo alarm "Command frequency error" (alarm No: 35) will occur.

The following calculation formula is used to judge whether or not an error will occur.



If a large value is set to the manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification, there is a high possibility of the servo alarm "Command frequency error" (alarm No: 35) occurrence. Note that the servomotor does not work rapidly by sudden pulse input even if the servo alarm does not occur.

#### REMARK

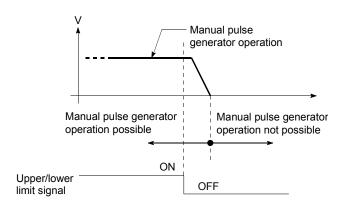
- One Simple Motion module can be connected to one manual pulse generator.
- The Simple Motion module can simultaneously command to servo amplifier (QD77MS2: Axis 1 to 2, QD77MS4: Axis 1 to 4, QD77MS16: Axis 1 to 16) by one manual pulse generator.

(Simultaneous operation (QD77MS2: 1 axis to 2 axes, QD77MS4: 1 axis to 4 axes, QD77MS16: 1 axis to 16 axes) is possible.)

### Operations when stroke limit error occurs

When the hardware stroke limit error or the software stroke limit error is detected <sup>(Note-1)</sup> during operation, the operation will decelerate to a stop. However, in case of "[Md.26] Axis operation status", "Manual pulse generator operation" will continue <sup>(Note-1)</sup>. After stopping, manual pulse generator input pulses to the outside direction of the limit range are not accepted, but operation can be executed within the range.

(Note-1): Only when the current feed value or the machine feed value overflows or underflows during deceleration, the manual pulse generator operation will terminate as "error occurring". To carry out manual pulse generator operation again, "[Cd.21] Manual pulse generator enable flag" must be turned OFF once and turn ON.



■ Manual pulse generator operation timing and processing time The following drawing shows details of the manual pulse generator operation timing and processing time.

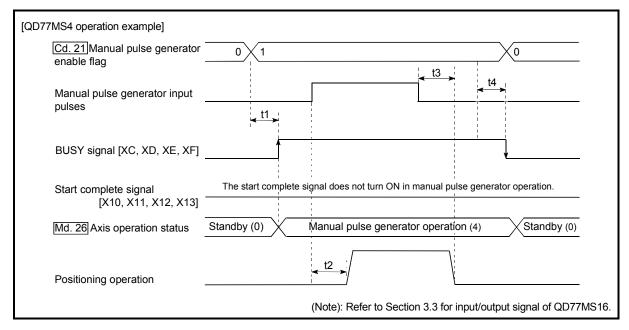


Fig. 11.17 Manual pulse generator operation timing and processing times

Unit: [ms]

### Normal timing times

	Operation cycle	t1	t2	t3	t4
QD77MS2	0.88	0.6 to 0.9	10.0 to 15.0	18.0 to 25.0	9.6
	1.77	0.6 to 1.8	10.0 to 15.0	18.0 to 25.0	9.6
QD77MS4	0.88	0.6 to 0.9	10.0 to 15.0	18.0 to 25.0	9.6
	1.77	0.6 to 1.8	10.0 to 15.0	18.0 to 25.0	9.6
QD77MS16	0.88	0.6 to 0.9	10.0 to 15.0	18.0 to 25.0	9.6
	1.77	0.8 to 1.8	10.0 to 15.0	18.0 to 25.0	9.6

Delays may occur in the t1 timing time due to the operation status of other axes.

### ■ Position control by manual pulse generator operation

In manual pulse generator operation, the position is moved by a "manual pulse generator 1 pulse movement amount" per pulse. The current feed value in the positioning control by manual pulse generator operation can be calculated using the expression shown below.

Current feed value = Number of input pulses

Cd.20] Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification
 Manual pulse generator 1 pulse movement amount

Ī	[Pr.1] Unit setting	mm	inch	degree	PLS
	Manual pulse generator 1 pulse movement amount	0.1µm	0.00001inch	0.00001degree	1PLS

For example, when "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is mm and "[Cd.20] Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification" is 2, and 100 pulses are input from the manual pulse generator, the current feed value is as follows.

 $100 \times 2 \times 0.1 = 20 [\mu m] ("[Md.20] Current feed value"=200)$ 

The number of pulses output actually to the servo amplifier is "Manual pulse generator 1 pulse movement amount/movement amount per pulse".

The movement amount per pulse can be calculated using the expression shown below.

Movement amount per pulse =  $\frac{[Pr.3]}{[Pr.2]}$  Number of pulses per rotation(AP)  $\times$  [Pr.4] Unit magnification(AM)

For example, when "[Pr.1] Unit setting" is mm and the movement amount per pulse is  $1\mu m$ , 0.1/1 = 1/10, i.e., the output to the servo amplifier per pulse from the manual pulse generator is 1/10 pulse. Thus, the Simple Motion module outputs 1 pulse to the servo amplifier after receiving 10 pulses from the manual pulse generator.

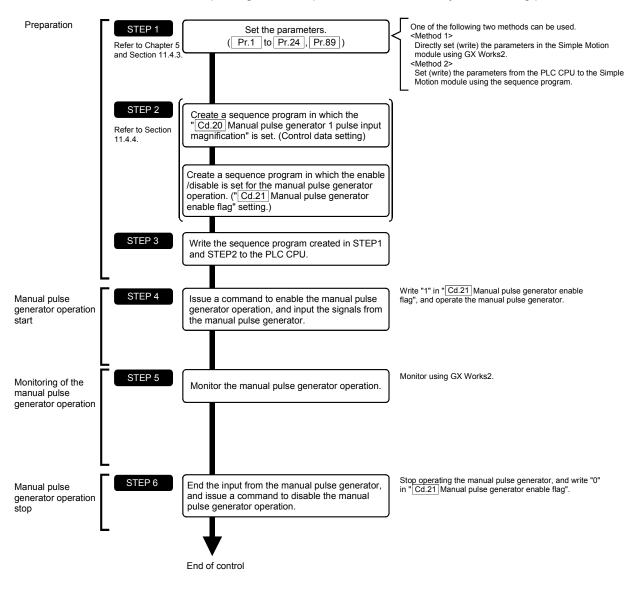
#### Speed control by manual pulse generation operation

The speed during positioning control by manual pulse generator operation is a speed corresponding to the number of input pulses per unit time, and can be obtained using the following equation.

Output command frequency = Input frequency × [Cd.20] Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification

### 11.4.2 Manual pulse generator operation execution procedure

The manual pulse generator operation is carried out by the following procedure.



## REMARK

- Mechanical elements such as limit switches are considered as already installed.
- Parameter settings work in common for all control using the Simple Motion module.

### 11.4.3 Setting the required parameters for manual pulse generator operation

The "Positioning parameters" must be set to carry out manual pulse generator operation.

The following table shows the setting items of the required parameters for carrying out manual pulse generator operation. Parameters not shown below are not required to be set for carrying out only manual pulse generator operation. (Set the initial value or a value within the setting range.)

		Setting item	Setting requirement	Factory-set initial value (setting details)
	[Pr.1]	Unit setting	©	3 (PLS)
	[Pr.2]	Number of pulses per rotation (AP) (Unit: PLS)	0	20000
	[Pr.3]	Movement amount per rotation (AL) (Unit: PLS)	0	20000
	[Pr.4]	Unit magnification (AM)	0	1 (1 times)
	[Pr.8]	Speed limit value (Unit: PLS/s)	0	200000
parameters	[Pr.11]	Backlash compensation amount (Unit: PLS)	0	0
ame	[Pr.12]	Software stroke limit upper limit value (Unit: PLS)	0	2147483647
Jara	[Pr.13]	Software stroke limit lower limit value (Unit: PLS)	0	-2147483648
	[Pr.14]	Software stroke limit selection	0	0 (current feed value)
Positioning	[Pr.15]	Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting	0	0 (valid)
osii	[Pr.17]	Torque limit setting value (Unit: %)	0	300
	[Pr.22]	Input signal logic selection	0	(Manual pulse generator input is negative logic.)
	[Pr.24]	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection	0	0 (4 times multiplication of A phase/B phase)
	[Pr.89]	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection	©	0 (Differential output type)

Setting always required.

O: Set according to requirements (Set the initial value or a value within the setting range when not used.)

## REMARK

- Positioning parameter settings work in common for all controls using the Simple Motion module. When carrying out other controls ("major positioning control", "high-level positioning control", "OPR control"), set the respective setting items as well.
- Parameters are set for each axis. But [Pr.22] Manual pulse generator input (b8), [Pr.24], [Pr.89] is set only for axis 1. (The setting for other than axis 1 is ignored.)
- Refer to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control" for the setting details.

### 11.4.4 Creating a program to enable/disable the manual pulse generator operation

A sequence program must be created to execute a manual pulse generator operation. Consider the "required control data setting", "start conditions" and "start time chart" when creating the program.

The following shows an example when a manual pulse generator operation is started for axis 1.

### Required control data setting

The control data shown below must be set to execute a manual pulse generator operation. The setting is carried out with the sequence program.

		0 - 44:		Buffer memory address		
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Cd.20]	Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification	1	Set the manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification. (1 to 10000 times)	1522+100n 1523+100n	4322+100n 4323+100n	
[Cd.21]	Manual pulse generator enable flag		Set "1: Enable manual pulse generator operation". (Set "0: Disable manual pulse generator operation" when finished with the manual pulse generator operation.)	1524+100n	4324+100n	

n: Axis No.-1

### Start conditions

The following conditions must be fulfilled when starting. The required conditions must also be assembled in the sequence program, and the sequence program must be configured so the operation will not start if the conditions are not fulfilled.

					Device		
	Signal name		Signal state		QD77MS16		
	PLC READY signal	ON	ON PLC CPU preparation completed		Y0		
	READY signal	ON	QD77MS preparation completed		X0		
	All axis servo ON	ON	All axis servo ON		Y1		
Interface	Synchronization flag * ON		QD77MS buffer memory The access is possible.	X1			
signal	Axis stop signal	OFF	Axis stop signal is OFF	Y4 to Y7	[Cd.180] Axis stop		
	Start complete signal	OFF	Start complete signal is OFF	X10 to X13 [Md.31] Status: I			
	BUSY signal	OFF	QD77MS is not operating	XC to XF	X10 to X1F		
	Error detection signal	OFF	There is no error	X8 to XB	[Md.31] Status: b13		
	M code ON signal	OFF	M code ON signal is OFF	X4 to X7	[Md.31] Status: b12		
	Forced stop input signal	ON	There is no forced stop input		-		
External	Stop signal	OFF	Stop signal is OFF	_			
signal	Upper limit (FLS)	ON	Within limit range		_		
	Lower limit (RLS)	ON	Within limit range		_		

<sup>\*:</sup> If the PLC CPU is set to the asynchronous mode in the synchronization setting, this must be inserted in the program for interlocking. If it is set to the synchronous mode, it must not be inserted in the program for interlocking because it is turned ON when the PLC CPU executes calculation.

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

### Start time chart

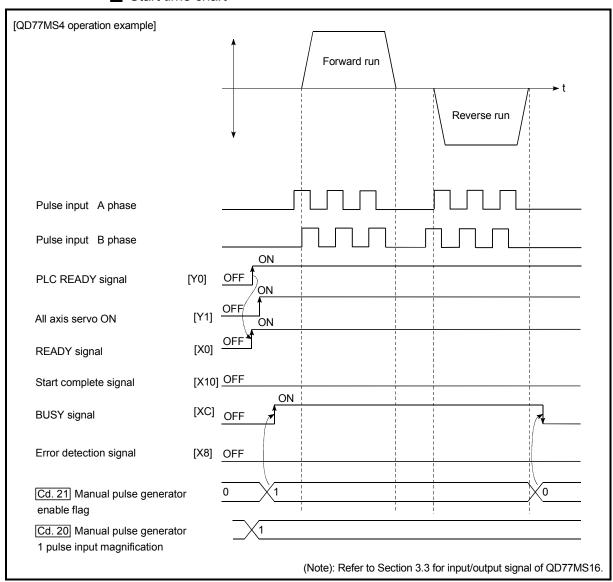
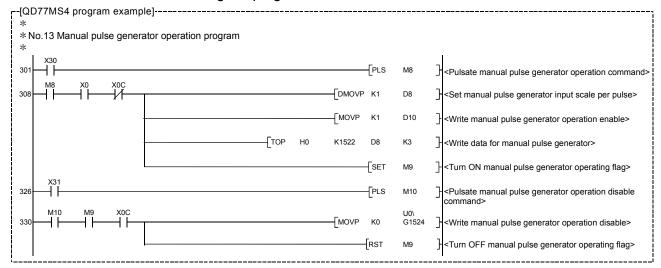


Fig. 11.18 Manual pulse generator operation start time chart

### Creating the program



#### 12

# Chapter 12 Expansion Control

The details and usage of expansion control are explained in this chapter.

Expansion control includes the speed-torque control to execute the speed control and torque control not including position loop and the synchronous control to synchronize with input axis using software with "synchronous control parameter" instead of controlling mechanically with gear, shaft, speed change gear or cam, etc.

Execute the required settings to match each control.

12.1	Speed-torque control	12-	2
	12.1.1 Outline of speed-torque control	12-	2
	12.1.2 Setting the required parameters for speed-torque control	12-	4
	12.1.3 Setting the required data for speed-torque control	12-	5
	12.1.4 Operation of speed-torque control	12-	7
12.2	Synchronous control	12- 3	34

### 12.1 Speed-torque control

### 12.1.1 Outline of speed-torque control

This function is used to execute the speed control or torque control that does not include the position loop for the command to servo amplifier.

"Continuous operation to torque control mode" that switches the control mode to torque control mode without stopping the servomotor during positioning operation is also available for tightening a bottle cap or a screw.

Switch the control mode from "position control mode" to "speed control mode", "torque control mode" or "continuous operation to torque control mode" to execute the "Speed-torque control".

Control mode	Control	Remark
Position control mode	Positioning control, OPR control, JOG operation, Inching operation and Manual pulse generator operation	Control that include the position loop for the command to servo amplifier
Speed control mode  Torque control mode		Control that does not include the position loop for the command to servo amplifier
Continuous operation to torque control mode	Speed-torque control	Control that does not include the position loop for the command to servo amplifier Control mode can be switched during positioning control or speed control.

Use the servo amplifiers whose software versions are compatible with each control mode to execute the "Speed-torque control".

Servo amplifier software versions that are compatible with each control mode are shown below.

	Software version					
Servo amplifier model	Speed control	Torque control	Continuous operation			
	'		to torque control *1			
MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B	_	_	_			
MR-J3B		B3 or later	C7 or later			
MR-J3WB	1	1	Not compatible			
MR-J3BS	_	_	C7 or later			

—: There is no restriction by the version.

\*1: The torque generation direction of servomotor can be changed by setting the servo parameter "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)" for the servo amplifier that is compatible with the continuous operation to torque control. (Refer to Section 12.1.4 "Operation of speed-torque control".)

For the servo amplifier that is not compatible with the continuous operation to torque control, the operation is the same as that of when "0: Enabled" is set in servo parameter "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)".

# **▲**CAUTION

• If operation that generates torque more than 100% of the rating is performed with an abnormally high frequency in a servomotor stop status (servo lock status) or in a 30r/min or less low-speed operation status, the servo amplifier may malfunction regardless of the electronic thermal relay protection.

### 12.1.2 Setting the required parameters for speed-torque control

The "Positioning parameters" must be set to carry out speed-torque control. The following table shows the setting items of the required parameters for carrying out speed-torque control. Parameters not shown below are not required to be set for carrying out only speed-torque control. (Set the initial value or a value within the setting range.)

		Setting item	Setting requirement
	[Pr.1]	Unit setting	©
	[Pr.2]	Number of pulses per rotation (AP)	©
	[Pr.3]	Movement amount per rotation (AL)	©
ters	[Pr.4]	Unit magnification (AM)	©
parameters	[Pr.8]	Speed limit value	©
Positioning para	[Pr.12]	Software stroke limit upper limit value	0
	[Pr.13]	Software stroke limit lower limit value	0
	[Pr.14]	Software stroke limit selection	0
Pos	[Pr.22]	Input signal logic selection	©
	[Pr.82]	Forced stop valid/invalid selection	0
	[Pr.83]	Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis	0
	[Pr.90]	Operation setting for speed-torque control mode	0

Setting always required.

## REMARK

- Positioning parameter settings work in common for all controls using the Simple Motion module. When carrying out other controls ("major positioning control", "high-level positioning control", "OPR control"), set the respective setting items as well.
- Parameters are set for each axis.
- Refer to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control" for the setting details.

Set according to requirements (Set the initial value or a value within the setting range when not used.)

### 12.1.3 Setting the required data for speed-torque control

# ■ Required control data setting for the control mode switching The control data shown below must be set to execute the control mode switching.

		0-44:		Buffer memory address	
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.138]	Control mode switching request	1	Set "1: Switching request" after setting "[Cd.139] Control mode setting".	1574+100n	4374+100n
[Cd.139]	Control mode setting	$\rightarrow$	Set the control mode to switch.  0: Position control mode  10: Speed control mode  20: Torque control mode  30: Continuous operation to torque control mode	1575+100n	4375+100n

n: Axis No.-1

When "30: Continuous operation to torque control mode" is set, set the switching condition of the control mode to switch to the continuous operation to torque control mode.

The control data shown below must be set to set the switching condition of control mode.

		0 . 111		Buffer memory address	
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.153]	Control mode auto- shift selection	$\rightarrow$	Set the switching condition when switching to continuous operation to torque control mode.  0: No switching condition 1: Current feed value pass 2: Real current value pass	1593+100n	4393+100n
[Cd.154]	Control mode auto- shift parameter	$\rightarrow$	Set the condition value when setting the control mode switching condition.	1594+100n 1595+100n	4394+100n 4395+100n

n: Axis No.-1

## ■ Required control data setting for the speed control mode

The control data shown below must be set to execute the speed control.

Setting item		0.41			Buffer memory address	
		value I		QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
	Command speed at speed control mode	$\rightarrow$	Set the command speed at speed control mode.	1576+100n 1577+100n	4376+100n 4377+100n	
111 70 7771	Acceleration time at speed control mode	$\rightarrow$	Set the acceleration time at speed control mode.	1578+100n	4378+100n	
[Cd.142]	Deceleration time at speed control mode	$\rightarrow$	Set the deceleration time at speed control mode.	1579+100n	4379+100n	

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for the setting details.

 $<sup>\</sup>ast$  : Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for the setting details.

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for the setting details.

### ■ Required control data setting for the torque control mode The control data shown below must be set to execute the torque control.

_		Setting		Buffer memory address	
	Setting item		Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.143]	Command torque at torque control mode	$\rightarrow$	Set the command torque at torque control mode.	1580+100n	4380+100n
[Cd.144]	Torque time constant at torque control mode (Forward direction)	$\rightarrow$	Set the time constant at driving during torque control mode.	1581+100n	4381+100n
[Cd.145]	Torque time constant at torque control mode (Negative direction)	$\rightarrow$	Set the time constant at regeneration during torque control mode.	1582+100n	4382+100n
[Cd.146]	Speed limit value at torque control mode	$\rightarrow$	Set the speed limit value at torque control mode.	1584+100n 1585+100n	4384+100n 4385+100n

n: Axis No.-1

# ■ Required control data setting for the continuous operation to torque control mode

The control data shown below must be set to execute the continuous operation to torque control.

		Catting		Buffer memory address	
	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.147]	Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode	$\rightarrow$	Set the speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode.	1586+100n 1587+100n	4386+100n 4387+100n
[Cd.148]	Acceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode	$\rightarrow$	Set the acceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode.	1588+100n	4388+100n
[Cd.149]	Deceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode	$\rightarrow$	Set the deceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode.	1589+100n	4389+100n
[Cd.150]	Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode	$\rightarrow$	Set the target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode.	1590+100n	4390+100n
[Cd.151]	Torque time constant at continuous operation to torque control mode (Forward direction)	$\rightarrow$	Set the time constant at driving during continuous operation to torque control mode.	1591+100n	4391+100n
[Cd.152]	Torque time constant at continuous operation to torque control mode (Negative direction)	$\rightarrow$	Set the time constant at regeneration during continuous operation to torque control mode.	1592+100n	4392+100n

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for the setting details.

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for the setting details.

### 12.1.4 Operation of speed-torque control

### [1] Switching of control mode (Speed control/Torque control)

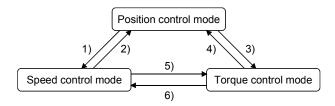
### Switching method of control mode

To switch the control mode to the speed control or the torque control, set "1" in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request" after setting the control mode in "[Cd.139] Control mode setting".

When the mode is switched to the speed control mode or the torque control mode, the control data used in each control mode must be set before setting "1" in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request".

When the switching condition is satisfied at control mode switching request, "30: Control mode switch" is set in "[Md.26] Axis operation status", and the BUSY signal turns ON. "0" is automatically stored in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request" by Simple Motion module after completion of switching.

A warning "Control mode switching during BUSY" (warning code: 120) or "Control mode switching during zero speed OFF" (warning code: 121) occurs if the switching condition is not satisfied, and the control mode is not switched. The following shows the switching condition of each control mode.



	Switching operation	Switching condition	
1)	Position control mode → Speed control mode	Not during positioning (Note-1) and during motor stop (Note-2), (Note-3)	
2)	Speed control mode → Position control mode	During motor stop (Note-2), (Note-3)	
3)	Position control mode → Torque control mode	Not during positioning (Note-1) and during motor stop (Note-2), (Note-3)	
4)	Torque control mode → Position control mode	During motor stop (Note-2), (Note-3)	
5)	Speed control mode → Torque control mode	Nana	
6)	Torque control mode → Speed control mode	None	

(Note-1): BUSY signal is OFF.

(Note-2): ZERO speed (Low-order buffer memory address: b3 of "[Md.108] Servo status") is ON.

	Buffer memory address (Low-order)	
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.108] Servo status: b3	876+100n	2476+100n

(Note-3): The control mode can be changed without checking the switching condition of "during motor stop" in Simple Motion module by setting "1: Zero speed ON condition invalid (for switching control mode)" in "Condition selection at mode switching (b12 to b15)" of "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode". Set "1: Zero speed ON condition invalid (for switching control mode)" only when switching the control mode without waiting for the servomotor to stop.

The history of control mode switching is stored to the start history at request of control mode switching. (Refer to Section 5.6.1 "System monitor data".)

Confirm the control mode with "control mode (high-order buffer memory address: b2, b3)" of "[Md.108] Servo status". (Refer to Section 5.6.2 "Axis monitor data".)

	Buffer memory address (High-order)	
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.108] Servo status: b2, b3	877+100n	2477+100n

n: Axis No.-1

### Precautions at control mode switching

- (1) The start complete signal and the positioning complete signal do not turn ON at control mode switching.
- (2) When "30: Control mode switch", "31: Speed control", or "32: Torque control" is set in "[Md.26] Axis operation status", the BUSY signal turns ON.
- (3) The motor speed might change momentarily at switching from the speed control mode to the torque control mode. Therefore, it is recommended that the control mode is switched from the speed control to the torque control after the servomotors stop.
- (4) Use the continuous operation to torque control mode for the usage such as pressing a workpiece. Do not execute the continuous operation to torque control in the speed control mode. Otherwise, an unexpected operation might occur at switching to the position control mode.
- (5) "In speed control flag" ([Md.31] Status: b0) does not turn ON during the speed control mode in the speed-torque control.
- Operation for "Position control mode 

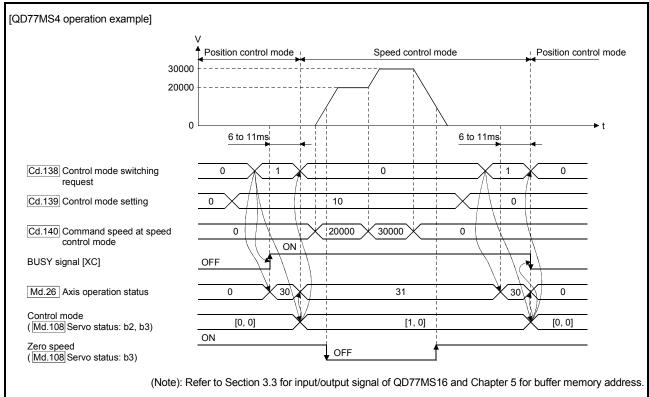
  Speed control mode switching"

  When the position control mode is switched to the speed control mode, the command speed immediately after the switching is the speed set in "speed initial value selection (b8 to b11)" of "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode".

Speed initial value selection ([Pr.90]: b8 to b11)	Command speed to servo amplifier immediately after switching from position control mode to speed control mode	
0: Command speed	The speed to servo amplifier immediately after switching is "0".	
1: Feedback speed	Motor speed received from servo amplifier at switching.	
2: Automatic selection	The command speed is invalid due to the setting of continuous operation to torque control mode. At control mode switching, operation is the same as "0: Command speed".	

When the speed control mode is switched to the position control mode, the command position immediately after the switching is the current feed value at switching.

## The following chart shows the operation timing for axis 1.



■ Operation for "Position control mode 

Torque control mode switching"

When the position control mode is switched to the torque control mode, the command torque immediately after the switching is the torque set in "Torque initial value selection (b4 to b7)" of "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode".

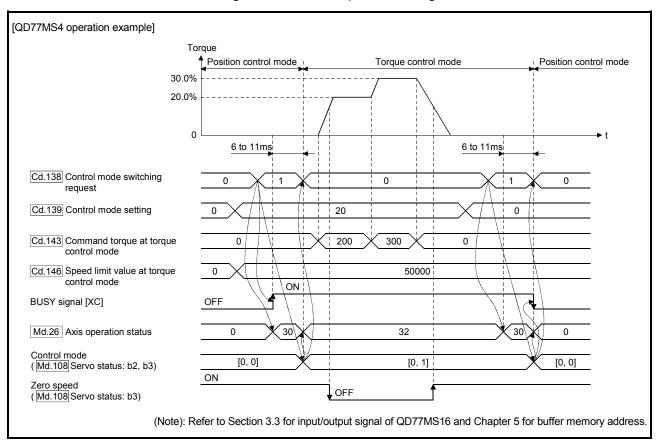
Torque initial value selection ([Pr.90]: b4 to b7)	Command torque to servo amplifier immediately after switching from position control mode to torque control mode	
0: Command torque	The value of "[Cd.143] Command torque at torque control mode" at switching.	
1: Feedback torque	Motor torque value at switching.	

### POINT

When the servo parameter "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)" is set to "0: Enabled" and "Torque initial value selection" is set to "1: Feedback torque", the warning "Torque initial value selection invalid" (warning code: 521) will occur at control mode switching, and the command value immediately after switching is the same as the case of selecting "0: Command torque". If the feedback torque is selected, set "1: Disabled" in the servo parameter "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)".

When the torque control mode is switched to the position control mode, the command position immediately after the switching is the current feed value at switching.

The following chart shows the operation timing for axis 1.



■ Operation for "Speed control mode 

Torque control mode switching"

When the speed control mode is switched to the torque control mode, the command torque immediately after the switching is the torque set in "Torque initial value selection (b4 to b7)" of "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode".

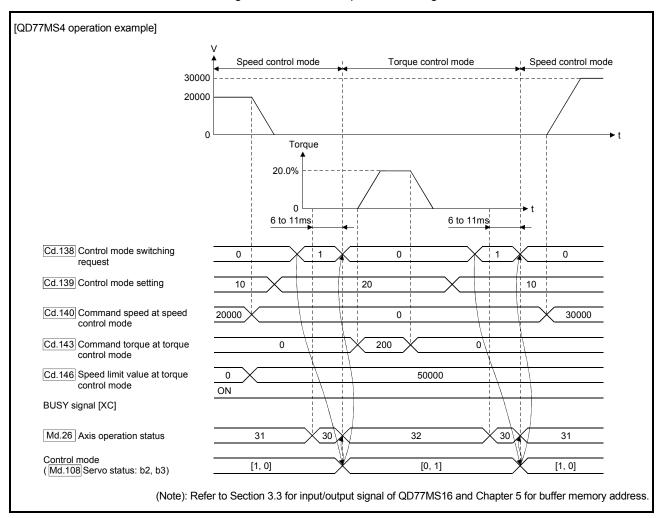
Torque initial value selection ([Pr.90]: b4 to b7)	Command torque to servo amplifier immediately after switching from speed control mode to torque control mode
0: Command torque	The value of "[Cd.143] Command torque at torque control mode" at switching.
1: Feedback torque	Motor torque value at switching.

### POINT

When the servo parameter "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)" is set to "0: Enabled" and "Torque initial value selection" is set to "1: Feedback torque", the warning "Torque initial value selection invalid" (warning code: 521) will occur at control mode switching, and the command value immediately after switching is the same as the case of selecting "0: Command torque". If the feedback torque is selected, set "1: Disabled" in the servo parameter "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)".

When the torque control mode is switched to the speed control mode, the command speed immediately after the switching is the motor speed at switching.

The following chart shows the operation timing for axis 1.



### [2] Switching of control mode (Continuous operation to torque control)

### Switching method of control mode

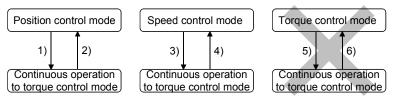
To switch the control mode to the continuous operation to torque control mode, set "1" in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request" after setting the control mode to switch to "[Cd.139] Control mode setting" (30: Continuous operation to torque control mode) from position control mode or speed control mode.

The selected control mode can be checked in "[Md.26] Axis operation status".

When the switching condition is satisfied at control mode switching request, "1: Position control mode - continuous operation to torque control mode, speed

"[Md.124] Control mode switching status", and the BUSY signal turns ON. The following shows the switching condition of the continuous operation to torque control mode.

control mode - continuous operation to torque control mode switching" is set in



	Switching operation	Switching condition	
1)	Position control mode  → Continuous operation to torque control mode	Not during positioning (Note-1) or during following positioning/synchronous mode  • ABS1 : 1-axis linear control (ABS)  • INC1 : 1-axis linear control (INC)  • FEED1 : 1-axis fixed-feed control  • VF1 : 1-axis speed control (Forward)  • VR1 : 1-axis speed control (Reverse)  • VPF : Speed-position switching control (Forward)  • VPR : Speed-position switching control (Reverse)  • PVF : Position-speed switching control (Forward)  • PVR : Position-speed switching control (Reverse)  • Synchronous control	
2)	Continuous operation to torque control mode  → Position control mode	During motor stop (Note-2)	
3)	Speed control mode  → Continuous operation to torque control mode	None	
4)	Continuous operation to torque control mode  → Speed control mode	INOTE	
5)	Torque control mode  → Continuous operation to torque control mode	Switching is impossible	
6)	Continuous operation to torque control mode  → Torque control mode	Switching is impossible.	

(Note-1): BUSY signal is OFF.

(Note-2): ZERO speed (Low-order buffer memory address: b3 of "[Md.108] Servo status") is ON. The control mode can be changed without checking the switching condition of "during motor stop" in Simple Motion module by setting "1: Zero speed ON condition invalid (for switching control mode)" in "Condition selection at mode switching (b12 to b15)" of "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode". Set "1: Zero speed ON condition invalid (for switching control mode)" only when switching the control mode without waiting for the servomotor to stop.

	Buffer memory address (Low-order)	
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.108] Servo status: b3	876+100n	2476+100n

The history of control mode switching is stored to the start history at request of control mode switching. (Refer to Section 5.6.1 "System monitor data".)

Confirm the status of the continuous operation to torque control mode with "b14:

Continuous operation to torque control mode" of "[Md.125] Servo status3". When the mode is switched to the continuous operation to torque control mode, the value in "control mode (high-order buffer memory address: b2, b3)" of "[Md.108] Servo status" remains the same as before switching the control mode. (Refer to Section 5.6.2 "Axis monitor data".)

	Buffer memory address (High-order)	
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.108] Servo status: b2, b3	877+100n	2477+100n

n: Axis No.-1

### **POINTS**

- (1) When the mode is switched from position control mode to continuous operation to torque control mode, only the switching from continuous operation to torque control mode to position control mode is possible. If the mode is switched to other control modes, the warning "Control mode switching not possible" (warning code: 125) will occur, and the control mode is not switched.
- (2) When the mode is switched from speed control mode to continuous operation to torque control mode, only the switching from continuous operation to torque control mode to speed control mode is possible. If the mode is switched to other control modes, the warning "Control mode switching not possible" (warning code: 125) will occur, and the control mode is not switched.

### Precautions at control mode switching

- (1) The start complete signal and positioning complete signal do not turn ON at control mode switching.
- (2) When "33: Continuous operation to torque control mode" is set in "[Md.26] Axis operation status" and "1: Position control mode continuous operation to torque control mode, speed control mode continuous operation to torque control mode switching" is set in "[Md.124] Control mode switching status", the BUSY signal turns ON.
- (3) When using the continuous operation to torque control mode, use the servo amplifiers that are compatible with the continuous operation to torque control. If the servo amplifiers that are not compatible with the continuous operation to torque control are used, the error "Continuous operation to torque control not supported" (error code: 550) occurs at request of switching to continuous operation to torque control mode, and the operation stops. (In the positioning control, the operation stops according to the setting of "[Pr.39] Stop group 3 sudden stop selection". In the speed control, the mode switches to the position control, and the operation immediately stops.)

To switch to the continuous operation to torque control mode, set the control data used in the control mode before setting "1" in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request".

When the switching condition is satisfied at control mode switching request, "1: Position control mode - continuous operation to torque control mode, speed control mode - continuous operation to torque control mode switching" is set in "[Md.124] Control mode switching status" and the BUSY signal turns ON. (When the control mode switching request is executed while the BUSY signal is ON, the BUSY signal does not turn OFF but stays ON at control mode switching.)
"0" is automatically stored in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request" and "[Md.124] Control mode switching status" after completion of switching.

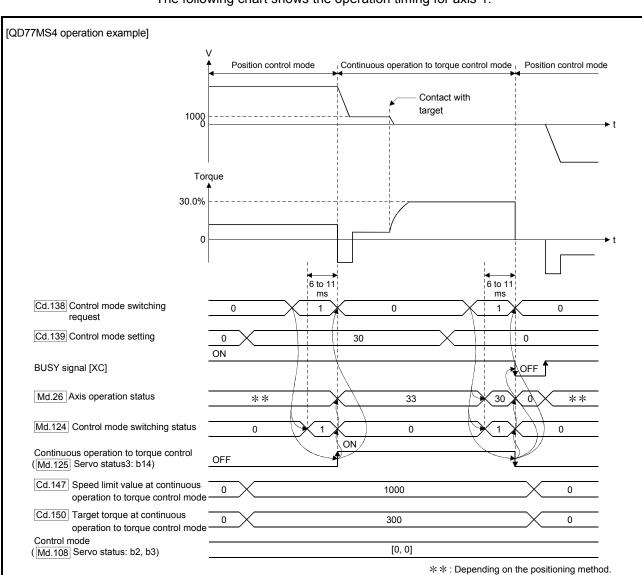
When the position control mode is switched to the continuous operation to torque control mode, the command torque and command speed immediately after the switching are the values set according to the following setting in "Torque initial value selection (b4 to b7)" and "Speed initial value selection (b8 to b11)" of "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode".

Torque initial value selection	Command torque to servo amplifier immediately after switching from
([Pr.90]: b4 to b7)	position control mode to continuous operation to torque control mode
0: Command torque	The value of "[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to
	torque control mode" at switching.
1: Feedback torque	Motor torque value at switching.

Speed initial value selection ([Pr.90]: b8 to b11)	Command speed to servo amplifier immediately after switching from position control mode to continuous operation to torque control mode
0: Command speed	Speed that the position command at switching is converted into the motor speed.  (When the positioning does not start at switching, the speed to servo amplifier immediately after switching is "0".)
1: Feedback speed	Motor speed received from servo amplifier at switching.
2: Automatic selection	The lower speed between speed that position command at switching is converted into the motor speed and motor speed received from servo amplifier at switching.

### **POINT**

When the mode is switched to continuous operation to torque control mode in cases where command speed and actual speed are different such as during acceleration/deceleration or when the speed does not reach command speed due to torque limit, set "1: Feedback speed" in "Speed initial value selection (b8 to b11)".



(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of QD77MS16 and Chapter 5 for buffer memory address.

The following chart shows the operation timing for axis 1.

To switch to the continuous operation to torque control mode, set the control data used in the control mode before setting "1" in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request".

When the switching condition is satisfied at control mode switching request, "1: Position control mode - continuous operation to torque control mode, speed control mode - continuous operation to torque control mode switching" is set in "[Md.124] Control mode switching status" and the BUSY signal turns ON. (When the control mode switching request is executed while the BUSY signal is ON, the BUSY signal does not turn OFF but stays ON at control mode switching.) "0" is automatically stored in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request" and "[Md.124] Control mode switching status" after completion of switching.

When the speed control mode is switched to the continuous operation to torque control mode, the command torque immediately after the switching is the torque set in "Torque initial value selection (b4 to b7)" of "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode".

Torque initial value selection ([Pr.90]: b4 to b7)	Command torque to servo amplifier immediately after switching from speed control mode to continuous operation to torque control mode
0: Command torque	The value of "[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode" at switching.
1: Feedback torque	Motor torque value at switching.

[QD77MS4 operation example] Speed control mode Continuous operation to torque control mode , Speed control mode 10000 Contact with target 1000 -10000 Torque 30.0% 0 **4** → **6** to 11 6 to 11 Cd.138 Control mode switching 0 request Cd.139 Control mode setting 30 10 10 ON BUSY signal [XC] Md.26 Axis operation status 31 33 30 Md.124 Control mode switching status 0 Continuous operation to torque control OFF (Md.125 Servo status3: b14) Cd.147 Speed limit value at continuous 0 1000 operation to torque control mode Cd.150 Target torque at continuous 0 300 0 operation to torque control mode Control mode (Md.108 Servo status: b2, b3) [1, 0] Cd.140 Command speed at speed 10000 0 -10000 control mode

The following chart shows the operation timing for axis 1.

(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of QD77MS16 and Chapter 5 for buffer memory address.

Operation for switching from "Position control mode" to "Continuous operation to torque control mode" automatically

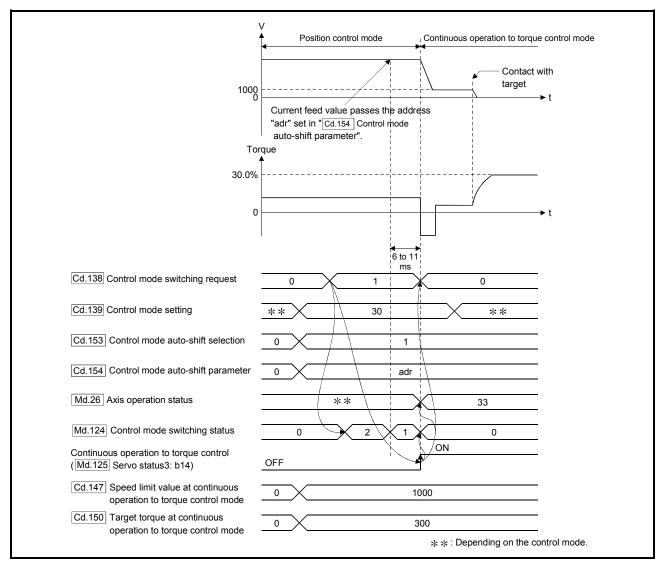
To switch to the continuous operation to torque control mode automatically when the conditions set in "[Cd.153] Control mode auto-shift selection" and "[Cd.154] Control mode auto-shift parameter" are satisfied, set the control data necessary in the continuous operation to torque control mode, "[Cd.153] Control mode autoshift selection" and "[Cd.154] Control mode auto-shift parameter", and then set "30: Continuous operation to torque control mode" in "[Cd.139] Control mode setting" and "1: Switching request" in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request". In this case, the current control is continued until the setting condition is satisfied after control mode switching request, and "2: Waiting for the completion of control mode switching condition" is set in "[Md.124] Control mode switching status". When the set condition is satisfied, "1: Position control mode - continuous operation to torque control mode, speed control mode - continuous operation to torque control mode switching" is set in "[Md.124] Control mode switching status". "0" is stored in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request" and "[Md.124] Control mode switching status" after completion of switching.

If "[Cd.154] Control mode auto-shift parameter" is outside the setting range, the error "Outside control mode auto-shift switching parameter range" (error code: 551) occurs at control mode switching request, and the current processing stops. (In the positioning control, the operation stops according to the setting of "[Pr.39] Stop group 3 sudden stop selection". In the speed control, the mode switches to the position control, and the operation immediately stops.)

### **POINT**

- (1) Automatic switching is valid only when the control mode is switched from the position control mode to the continuous operation to torque control mode. When the mode is switched from speed control mode to continuous operation to torque control mode or from continuous operation to torque control mode to other control modes, even if the automatic switching is set, the state is not waiting for the completion of condition, and control mode switching is executed immediately.
- (2) When the mode switching request is executed after setting the switching condition, the state of waiting for the completion of control mode switching condition continues until the setting condition is satisfied. Therefore, if the positioning by automatic switching is interrupted, unexpected control mode switching may be executed in other positioning operations. Waiting for the completion of control mode switching condition can be cancelled by setting "Other than 1: Not request" in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request" or by turning the axis stop signal ON. When an error occurs, waiting for the completion of control mode switching condition is also cancelled. (In both cases, "0" is stored in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request".
- (3) In the state of waiting for the completion of control mode switching condition, if the current values are updated by the current value changing, the fixed-feed control or the speed control (when "2: Clear current feed value to zero" is set in "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control"), an auto-shift judgment is executed based on the updated current value. Therefore, depending on the setting condition, the mode may be switched to the continuous operation to torque control mode immediately after the positioning starts. To avoid this switching, set "1: Switching request" in "[Cd.138] Control mode switching request".

The following chart shows the operation when "1: Current feed value pass" is set in "[Cd.153] Control mode auto-shift selection".



### [3] Speed control mode

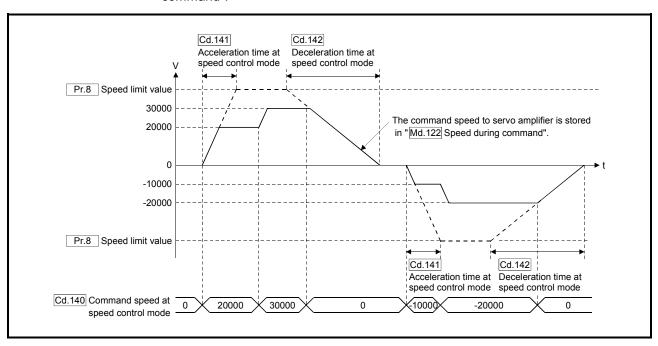
### Operation for speed control mode

The speed control is executed at the speed set in "[Cd.140] Command speed at speed control mode" in the speed control mode. Set a positive value for forward rotation and a negative value for reverse rotation. "[Cd.140]" can be changed any time during the speed control mode.

Acceleration/deceleration is performed based on a trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing. Set acceleration/deceleration time toward "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" in "[Cd.141] Acceleration time at speed control mode" and "[Cd.142] Deceleration time at speed control mode". The value at speed control mode switching request is valid for "[Cd.141]" and "[Cd.142]".

The command speed during the speed control mode is limited with "[Pr.8] Speed limit value". If the speed exceeding the speed limit value is set, the warning "Speed limit value over" (warning code: 501) occurs, and the operation is controlled with the speed limit value.

Confirm the command speed to servo amplifier with "[Md.122] Speed during command".



### Current feed value during speed control mode

"[Md.20] Current feed value", "[Md.21] Machine feed value" and "[Md.101] Real current value" are updated even in the speed control mode.

If the current feed value exceeds the software stroke limit, the error "Software stroke limit +" (error code: 507) or "Software stroke limit -" (error code: 508) occurs, and the operation switches to the position control mode. Invalidate the software stroke limit to execute one-way feed.

## ■ Stop cause during speed control mode

The operation for stop cause during speed control mode is shown below.

Item	Operation during speed control mode
Axis stop [Y4 to Y7] turned ON.  QD77MS2 QD77MS4	The motor decelerates to speed "0" according to the setting value of "[Cd.142] Deceleration time at
"[Cd.180] Axis stop" turned ON. QD77MS16	speed control mode". The mode switches to the position control mode when "Zero speed" of
Stop signal of "[Cd.44] External input signal operation device" turned ON.	"[Md.108] Servo status" turns ON, and the operation stops.
All axis servo ON [Y1] turned OFF.	The servo OFF is not executed during the speed control mode. The command status when the mode
"[Cd.100] Servo OFF command" turned ON.	is switched to the position control mode becomes valid.
The current value reached the software stroke limit.	An error (error code: 507, 508, 104, 105, or 101) occurs. The mode switches to the position control
The position of the motor reached the hardware stroke limit.	mode at the current position, and the operation
PLC READY [Y0] turned OFF.	immediately stops. (Deceleration processing is not executed.)
The forced stop input to Simple Motion module.	The mode switches to the position control mode when the servo OFF (Servo ON of "[Md.108] Servo
The emergency stop input to servo amplifier.	status" turns OFF) is executed. (While the servo amplifier is servo OFF, even if the mode is switched to position control mode, the servomotor occurs to
The servo error occurred.	the free run. (The operation stops with dynamic brake.))
The servo amplifier's power supply turned OFF.	The motor occurs to the free run. (The operation stops with dynamic brake.) (The mode is set to the position control mode at the servo amplifier's power supply ON again.)

### [4] Torque control mode

### Operation for torque control mode

The torque control is executed at the command torque set in "[Cd.143] Command torque at torque control mode" in the torque control mode. "[Cd.143] Command torque at torque control mode" can be changed any time during torque control mode. The relation between the setting of command torque and the torque generation direction of servomotor varies depending on the setting of servo parameters "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" and "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)".

# (1) When servo parameter "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)" is set to "0: Enabled"

"Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)"	"[Cd.143] Command torque at torque control mode"	Torque generation direction of servo motor	
0: Forward rotation (CCW) with the	Positive value (Forward direction)	CCW direction	
increase of the positioning address	Negative value (Reverse direction)	CW direction	
1: Reverse rotation (CW) with the	Positive value (Forward direction)	CW direction	ccw
increase of the positioning address	Negative value (Reverse direction)	CCW direction	direction CW direction

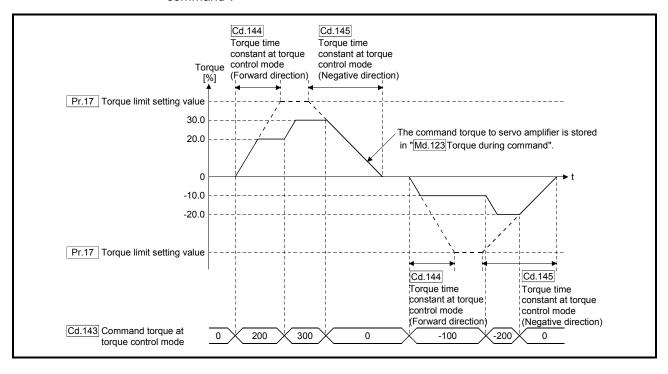
# (2) When servo parameter "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)" is set to "1: Disabled"

"Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)"	"[Cd.143] Command torque at torque control mode"	Torque generation direction of servo motor	
0: Forward rotation (CCW) with the	Positive value (Forward direction)	CCW direction	
increase of the positioning address	Negative value (Reverse direction)	CW direction	
1: Reverse rotation (CW) with the	Positive value (Forward direction)	CCW direction	ccw
increase of the positioning address	Negative value (Reverse direction)	CW direction	direction CW direction

Set time for the command torque to increase from 0% to "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" in "[Cd.144] Torque time constant at torque control mode (Forward direction)" and for the command torque to decrease from "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" to 0% in "[Cd.145] Torque time constant at torque control mode (Negative direction)". The value at torque control mode switching request is valid for "[Cd.144]" and "[Cd.145]".

The command torque during the torque control mode is limited with "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value". If the torque exceeding the torque limit setting value is set, the warning "Torque limit value over" (warning code: 520) occurs, and the operation is controlled with the torque limit setting value.

Confirm the command torque to servo amplifier with "[Md.123] Torque during command".



### ■ Speed during torque control mode

The speed during the torque control mode is controlled with "[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode". At this time, "Speed limit" ("[Md.108] Servo status" (low-order buffer memory address): b4) turns ON.

	Buffer memory address (Low-order)	
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.108] Servo status: b4	876+100n	2476+100n

n: Axis No.-1

"[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode" is set to a positive value regardless of the rotation direction. (Controlled by the same value for forward and reverse directions.)

In addition, "[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode" is limited with "[Pr.8] Speed limit value". If the speed exceeding the speed limit value is set, the warning "Speed limit value over" (warning code: 501) occurs, and the operation is controlled with the speed limit value.

The acceleration/deceleration processing is invalid for "[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode".

### POINT

The actual motor speed may not reach the speed limit value depending on the machine load situation during the torque control.

### Current feed value during torque control mode

"[Md.20] Current feed value", "[Md.21] Machine feed value" and "[Md.101] Real current value" are updated even in the torque control mode. If the current feed value exceeds the software stroke limit, the error "Software stroke limit +" (error code: 507) or "Software stroke limit -" (error code: 508) occurs, and the operation switches to the position control mode. Invalidate the software stroke limit to execute one-way feed.

## ■ Stop cause during torque control mode

The operation for stop cause during torque control mode is shown below.

Item	Operation during torque control mode	
Axis stop [Y4 to Y7] turned ON.  QD77MS2 QD77MS4	The speed limit value commanded to servo amplifier is "0" regardless of the setting value of "[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode". The mode switches to the position control mode when "Zero speed" of "[Md.108] Servo status" turns ON, and the operation immediately stops. (Deceleration processing is not executed.)	
"[Cd.180] Axis stop" turned ON.		
Stop signal of "[Cd.44] External input signal operation device" turned ON.	The value of command torque is not changed. It might take time to reach the speed "0" depending on the current torque command value.	
All axis servo ON [Y1] turned OFF.  "[Cd.100] Servo OFF command" turned ON.	The servo OFF is not executed during the torque control mode.  The command status when the mode is switched to the position control mode becomes valid.	
The current value reached the software stroke limit.	An error (error code: 507, 508, 104, 105, or 101) occurs. The	
The position of the motor reached the hardware stroke limit.  PLC READY [Y0] turned OFF.	mode switches to the position control mode at the current position, and the operation immediately stops. (Deceleration processing is not executed.)	
The forced stop input to Simple Motion module.	The mode switches to the position control mode when the servo OFF (Servo ON of "[Md.108] Servo status" turns OFF) is	
The emergency stop input to servo amplifier.	executed. (While the servo amplifier is servo OFF, even if the mode is	
The servo error occurred.	switched to position control mode, the servomotor occurs to the free run. (The operation stops with dynamic brake.))	
The servo amplifier's power supply turned OFF.	The motor occurs to the free run. (The operation stops with dynamic brake.) (The mode is set to the position control mode at the servo amplifier's power supply ON again.)	

### [5] Continuous operation to torque control mode

### Operation for continuous operation to torque control mode

In continuous operation to torque control, the torque control can be executed without stopping the operation during the positioning in position control mode or speed command in speed control mode.

During the continuous operation to torque control mode, the torque control is executed at the command torque set in "[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode" while executing acceleration/deceleration to reach the speed set in "[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode".

"[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode" and "[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode" can be changed any time during the continuous operation to torque control mode. The relation between the setting value of command torque and the torque generation direction of servomotor is fixed regardless of the setting of servo parameters "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" and "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)".

"Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)"	"[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode"	Torque generation direction of servo motor	
0: Forward rotation (CCW) with the	Positive value (Forward direction)	CCW direction	
increase of the positioning address	Negative value (Reverse direction)	CW direction	
1: Reverse rotation (CW) with the	Positive value (Forward direction)	CCW direction	CCW
increase of the positioning address	Negative value (Reverse direction)	CW direction	direction CW direction

### **Important**

Regardless of the setting in "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)", set a positive value when torque command is in CCW direction of servomotor and a negative value when torque command is in CW direction of servomotor in "[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode".

If the setting is incorrect, the motor may rotate in an opposite direction.

### **POINTS**

- (1) The motor rotates in a direction according to the setting in "[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode". Set the value corresponding to the motor rotation direction in "[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode".
- (2) Speed is not limited for reverse torque generation direction.

#### Torque command setting method

During the continuous operation to torque control mode, set time for the command torque to increase from 0% to "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" in "[Cd.151] Torque time constant at continuous operation to torque control mode (Forward direction)" and for the command torque to decrease from "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" to 0% in "[Cd.152] Torque time constant at continuous operation to torque control mode (Negative direction)". The value at continuous operation to torque control mode switching request is valid for "[Cd.151]" and "[Cd.152]". The command torque during the continuous operation to torque control mode is limited with "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value".

If torque exceeding the torque limit setting value is commanded, the warning "Torque limit value over" (warning code: 520) occurs, and the operation is controlled with the torque limit setting value.

Confirm the command torque to servo amplifier with "[Md.123] Torque during command".

During the continuous operation to torque control mode, "Torque limit" ("[Md.108] Servo status" (high-order buffer memory address): b13) does not turn ON. Confirm the current torque value in "[Md.104] Motor current value".

	Buffer memory ad	
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.108] Servo status: b13	877+100n	2477+100n

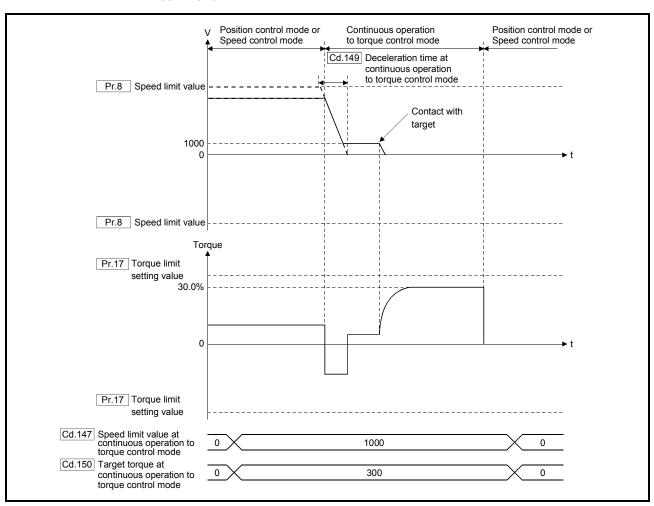
n: Axis No.-1

#### Speed limit value setting method

Acceleration/deceleration is performed based on a trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing. Set acceleration/deceleration time toward "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" in "[Cd.148] Acceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode" and "[Cd.149] Deceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode". The value at continuous operation to torque control mode switching is valid for "[Cd.148]" and "[Cd.149]".

"[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode" is limited with "[Pr.8] Speed limit value". If the speed exceeding the speed limit value is commanded, the warning "Speed limit value over" (warning code: 501) occurs, and the operation is controlled with the speed limit value.

Confirm the command speed to servo amplifier with "[Md.122] Speed during command".



#### Precautions at continuous operation to torque control mode

The following functions of the servo amplifier are not available during the continuous operation to torque control mode.

- · Base circuit shut-off delay time function
- Forced stop deceleration function
- Vertical axis freefall prevention function
- · Driver communication function

Speed during continuous operation to torque control mode

The speed during the continuous operation to torque control mode is controlled with an absolute value of the value set in "[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode" as command speed. When the speed reaches the absolute value of "[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode", "Speed limit" ("[Md.108] Servo status" (low-order buffer memory address): b4) turns ON.

	Buffer memory address (Lov	
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.108] Servo status: b4	876+100n	2476+100n

n: Axis No.-1

In addition, "[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode" is limited with "[Pr.8] Speed limit value". If the command speed exceeding the speed limit value is set, a warning "Speed limit value over" (warning code: 501) occurs, and the operation is controlled with the speed limit value.

#### POINT

The actual motor speed may not reach the command speed depending on the machine load situation during the continuous operation to torque control mode.

■ Current feed value during continuous operation to torque control mode

"[Md.20] Current feed value", "[Md.21] Machine feed value" and "[Md.101] Real
current value" are updated even in the continuous operation to torque control
mode. If the current feed value exceeds the software stroke limit, the error

"Software stroke limit +" (error code: 507) or "Software stroke limit -" (error code:
508) occurs, and the operation switches to the position control mode. Invalidate
the software stroke limit to execute one-way feed.

#### ■ Stop cause during continuous operation to torque control mode

The operation for stop cause during continuous operation to torque control mode is shown below.

Item	Operation during continuous operation to torque control mode
Axis stop [Y4 to Y7] turned ON.  QD77MS2 QD77MS4  "[Cd.180] Axis stop" turned ON.  QD77MS16	The speed limit value commanded to servo amplifier is "0" regardless of the setting value of "[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode". The mode switches to the position control mode when "Zero speed" of "[Md.108] Servo status" turns ON, and the operation
Stop signal of "[Cd.44] External input signal operation device" turned ON.	immediately stops. (Deceleration processing is not executed.) The value of command torque is not changed. It might take time to reach the speed "0" depending on the current torque command value.
All axis servo ON [Y1] turned OFF.  "[Cd.100] Servo OFF command" turned ON.	The servo OFF is not executed during the continuous operation to torque control mode. The command status when the mode is switched to the position control mode becomes valid.
The current value reached the software stroke limit.	An error (error code: 507, 508, 104, 105, or 101) occurs. The mode switches to the position control mode at the current
The position of the motor reached the hardware stroke limit.	position, and the operation immediately stops. (Deceleration processing is not executed.) *1
PLC READY [Y0] turned OFF.	When the operation immediately stops, the motor may start hunting depending on the motor speed. Therefore, be sure not to reach the limit in high speed and not to turn OFF the PLC READY.
The forced stop input to Simple Motion module.	The mode switches to the position control mode when the servo OFF (Servo ON of "[Md.108] Servo status" turns OFF) is
The emergency stop input to servo amplifier.	executed. *1 (While the servo amplifier is servo OFF, even if the mode is
The servo error occurred.	switched to position control mode, the servomotor occurs to the free run (The operation stops with dynamic brake).)
The servo amplifier's power supply turned OFF.	The motor occurs to the free run (The operation stops with dynamic brake.). (The mode is set to the position control mode at the servo amplifier's power supply ON again.)

<sup>\*1:</sup> When the mode has switched from the speed control mode to the continuous operation to torque control mode, the mode switches to the position control mode after switching the speed control mode once. Therefore, it takes the following time to switch to the position control mode.

Switching time for the speed control mode + Switching time for the position control mode.

## 12.2 Synchronous control

"Synchronous control" can be achieved using software instead of controlling mechanically with gear, shaft, speed change gear or cam, etc.

"Synchronous control" synchronizes movement with the input axis (servo input axis or synchronous encoder axis), by setting "the parameters for synchronous control" and starting synchronous control on each output axis.

Refer to "MELSEC-Q/L QD77MS/QD77GF/LD77MS/LD77MH Simple Motion Module User's Manual (Synchronous Control)" for details of synchronous control.

#### IJ

# Chapter 13 Control Sub Functions

The details and usage of the "sub functions" added and used in combination with the main functions are explained in this chapter.

A variety of sub functions are available, including functions specifically for machine OPR and generally related functions such as control compensation, etc. More appropriate, finer control can be carried out by using these sub functions. Each sub function is used together with a main function by creating matching parameter settings and sequence programs. Read the execution procedures and settings for each sub function, and set as required.

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#### 13.1 Outline of sub functions

"Sub functions" are functions that compensate, limit, add functions, etc., to the control when the main functions are executed. These sub functions are executed by parameter settings, operation from GX Works2, sub function sequence programs, etc.

## 13.1.1 Outline of sub functions

The following table shows the types of sub functions available.

Sub function		Details
Functions characteristic	OPR retry function	This function retries the OPR with the upper/lower limit switches during machine OPR. This allows machine OPR to be carried out even if the axis is not returned to before the near-point dog with JOG operation, etc.
to machine OPR	OP shift function	After returning to the machine OP, this function offsets the position by the designated distance from the machine OP position and sets that position as the OP address.
	Backlash compensation function	This function compensates the mechanical backlash. Feed command equivalent to the set backlash amount are output each time the movement direction changes.
Functions that compensate control	Electronic gear function	By setting the movement amount per pulse, this function can freely change the machine movement amount per commanded pulse.  When the movement amount per pulse is set, a flexible positioning system that matches the machine system can be structured.
	Near pass function *1	This function suppresses the machine vibration when the positioning data is switched during continuous path control in the interpolation control.
	Speed limit function	If the command speed exceeds "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" during control, this function limits the commanded speed to within the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" setting range.
Franchis as that	Torque limit function	If the torque generated by the servomotor exceeds "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" during control, this function limits the generated torque to within the "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" setting range.
Functions that limit control	Software stroke limit function	If a command outside of the upper/lower limit stroke limit setting range, set in the parameters, is issued, this function will not execute positioning for that command.
	Hardware stroke limit function	This function carries out deceleration stop with the hardware stroke limit switch.
	Forced stop function	This function is stopped the all axes of the servo amplifier when the forced stop input signal of the Simple Motion module external input connection connector is turned ON.
	Speed change function	This function changes the speed during positioning. Set the changed speed in the speed change buffer memory ([Cd.14] New speed value), and change the speed with the speed change request ([Cd.15] Speed change request).
Functions that change control details	Override function	This function changes the speed within a percentage of 1 to 300% during positioning. This is executed using "[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override".
	Acceleration/deceleration time change function	This function changes the acceleration/deceleration time during speed change. (Functions added to the speed change function and override function.)
	Torque change function	This function changes the "torque limit value" during control.
	Target position change function	This function changes the target position during the execution of positioning. At the same time, this also can change the speed.

<sup>\*1:</sup> The near pass function is validated only when the machine of the standard specification carries out the position control with the continuous path control mode. It cannot be invalidated with parameters.

	Sub function	Details
Absolute position system function		This function restores the absolute position of designated axis.  By this function, the OPR after power ON from OFF is not required once the OPR is executed when the system operation is started.
	Step function	This function temporarily stops the operation to confirm the positioning operation during debugging, etc.  The operation can be stopped at each "automatic deceleration" or "positioning data".
	Skip function	This function stops the positioning being executed (decelerates to a stop) when the skip signal is input, and carries out the next positioning.
	M code output function	This function issues a sub work (clamp or drill stop, tool change, etc.) according to the code No. (0 to 65535) set for each positioning data.
	Teaching function	This function stores the address positioned with manual control into the positioning address ([Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount) having the designated positioning data No.
	Command in-position function	At each automatic deceleration, this function calculates the remaining distance for the Simple Motion module to reach the positioning stop position, and when the value is less than the set value, sets the "command in-position flag".  When using another sub work before ending the control, use this function as a trigger for the sub work.
Other functions	Acceleration/deceleration processing function	This function adjusts the control acceleration/deceleration.
	Pre-reading start function	This function shortens the virtual start time.
	Deceleration start flag function	Function that turns ON the flag when the constant speed status or acceleration status switches to the deceleration status during position control, whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete", to make the stop timing known.
	Stop command processing for deceleration stop function	Function that selects a deceleration curve when a stop cause occurs during deceleration stop processing to speed 0.
	Follow up function	This function monitors the motor rotation amount with the servo turned OFF, and reflects it on the current feed value.
	Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function	This function is executed the positioning control by the 10 x speed of the command speed and the speed limit value when the setting unit is "degree".
	Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function	This function is provided to select whether positioning control is operated or not, when OPR request flag is ON.

#### 13.2 Sub functions specifically for machine OPR

The sub functions specifically for machine OPR include the "OPR retry function" and "OP shift function". Each function is executed by parameter setting.

#### 13.2.1 OPR retry function

When the workpiece goes past the OP without stopping during positioning control, it may not move back in the direction of the OP although a machine OPR is commanded, depending on the workpiece position. This normally means the workpiece has to be moved to a position before the near-point dog by a JOG operation, etc., to start the machine OPR again. However, by using the OPR retry function, a machine OPR can be carried out regardless of the workpiece position.

The details shown below explain about the "OPR retry function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Setting the OPR retry function

#### [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation of the OPR retry function.

- (1) OPR retry point return retry operation when the workpiece is within the range between the upper and lower limits.
- 1) The movement starts in the "[Pr.44] OPR direction" by a machine OPR start.
- 2) The operation decelerates when the limit signal OFF is detected.
- 3) After stopping due to the limit signal OFF detection, the operation moves at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" in the opposite direction of the "[Pr.44] OPR direction".
- 4) The operation decelerates when the near-point dog turns OFF.
- 5) After stopping due to the near-point dog OFF, a machine OPR is carried out in the "[Pr.44] OPR direction".
- 6) Machine OPR completion

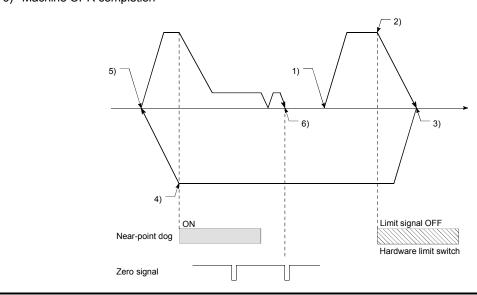
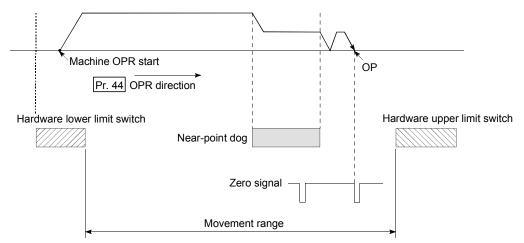


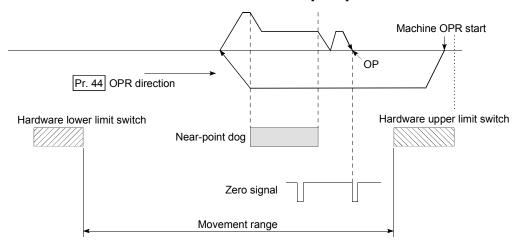
Fig. 13.1 OPR retry operation by limit signal detection

(2) OPR retry operation when the workpiece is outside the range between the upper and lower limits.

1) When the direction from the workpiece to the OP is the same as the "[Pr.44] OPR direction", a normal machine OPR is carried out.



2) When the direction from the workpiece to the OP is the opposite direction from the "[Pr.44] OPR direction", the operation carries out a deceleration stop when the near-point dog turns OFF, and then carries out a machine OPR in the direction set in "[Pr.44] OPR direction".



\* In the above example 1) and 2), "0: Positive direction" is set in "[Pr.44] OPR direction"

#### REMARK

- When the "0: Positive direction" is selected in "[Pr.44] OPR direction", the upper limit switch is set to the limit switch in the OPR direction.
- When the "1: Negative direction" is selected in "[Pr.44] OPR direction", the lower limit switch is set to the limit switch in the OPR direction.
- If inverting the install positions of upper/lower limit switches, hardware stroke limit function cannot be operated properly.
  - If any problem is found for OPR operation, review "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" and the wiring for the upper/lower limit switch.

Fig. 13.2 OPR retry operation from on limit (limit signal OFF)

(3) Setting the dwell time during an OPR retry
The OPR retry function can perform such function as the dwell time using
"[Pr.57] Dwell time during OPR retry" when the reverse run operation is
carried out due to detection by the limit signal for upper and lower limits and
when the machine OPR is executed after the near point dog is turned OFF
to stop the operation.

"[Pr.57] Dwell time during OPR retry" is validated when the operation stops at the "A" and "B" positions in the following drawing. (The dwell time is the same value at both positions "A" and "B".)

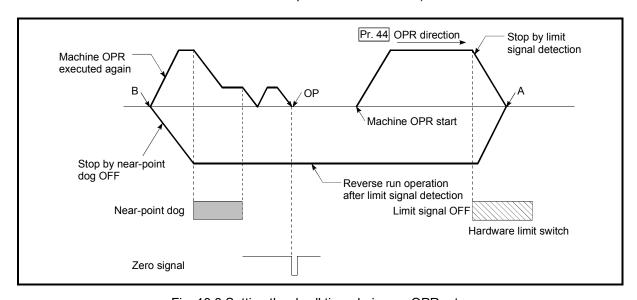


Fig. 13.3 Setting the dwell time during an OPR retry

### [2] Precaution during control

(1) The following table shows whether the OPR retry function may be executed by the "[Pr.43] OPR method".

[Pr.43] OPR method	Execution status of OPR retry function
Near-point dog method	○: Execution possible
Count method 1)	○: Execution possible
Count method 2)	○: Execution possible
Data set method	_
Scale origin signal detection method	×: Execution not possible

- (2) Always establish upper/lower limit switches at the upper/lower limit positions of the machine. If the OPR retry function is used without hardware stroke limit switches, the motor will continue rotation until a hardware stroke limit signal is detected.
- (3) Do not configure a system so that the servo amplifier power turns OFF by the upper/lower limit switches. If the servo amplifier power is turned OFF, the OPR retry cannot be carried out.
- (4) The operation decelerates upon detection of the hardware limit signal, and the movement starts in the opposite direction. In this case, however, the error "Hardware stroke limit (+)" (error code: 104) or "Hardware stroke limit (-)" (error code: 105) does not occur.

#### POINT

The settings of the upper/lower stroke limit signal are shown below. The OPR retry function can be used with either setting. (Refer to Section 13.4.4 "Hardware stroke limit function".)

- External input signal of Simple Motion module
- · External input signal of servo amplifier
- External input signal via CPU (buffer memory of Simple Motion module)

#### [3] Setting the OPR retry function

To use the "OPR retry function", set the required details in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the Simple Motion module. When the parameters are set, the OPR retry function will be added to the machine OPR control. The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0]. Set "[Pr.57] Dwell time during OPR retry" according to the user's requirements.

Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	Factory-set initial value
[Pr.48]	OPR retry	1	Set "1: Carry out OPR retry by limit switch".	0
	Dwell time during OPR retry		Set the deceleration stop time during OPR retry. (Random value between 0 and 65535 (ms))	0

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

## REMARK

- · Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

#### 13.2.2 OP shift function

When a machine OPR is carried out, the OP is normally established using the nearpoint dog or zero signal. However, by using the OP shift function, the machine can be moved a designated movement amount from the position where the zero signal was detected. A mechanically established OP can then be interpreted at that point.

The details shown below explain about the "OP shift function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Setting range for the OP shift amount
- [3] Movement speed during OP shift
- [4] Precautions during control
- [5] Setting the OP shift function

#### [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation of the OP shift function.

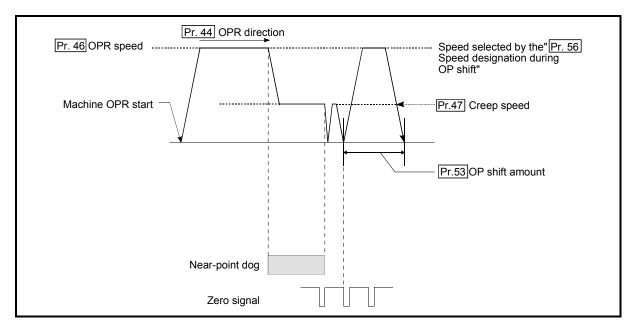


Fig. 13.4 OP shift operation

### [2] Setting range for the OP shift amount

Set the OP shift amount within the range from the detected zero signal to the upper/lower limit switches.

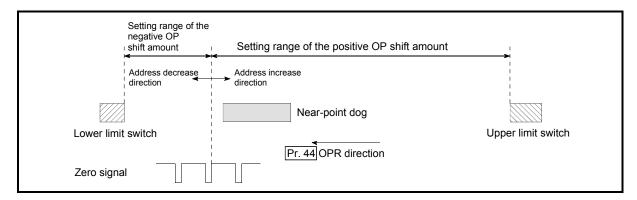


Fig. 13.5 Setting range for the OP shift amount

#### [3] Movement speed during OP shift

When using the OP shift function, the movement speed during the OP shift is set in "[Pr.56] Speed designation during OP shift". The movement speed during the OP shift is selected from either the "[Pr.46] OPR speed" or the "[Pr.47] Creep speed". For the acceleration/deceleration time, the value specified in "[Pr.51] OPR acceleration time selection" or "[Pr.52] OPR deceleration time selection" is used.

The following drawings show the movement speed during the OP shift when a mechanical OPR is carried out by the near-point dog method.

(1) OP shift operation at the "[Pr.46] OPR speed"(When "[Pr.56] Speed designation during OP shift" is 0)

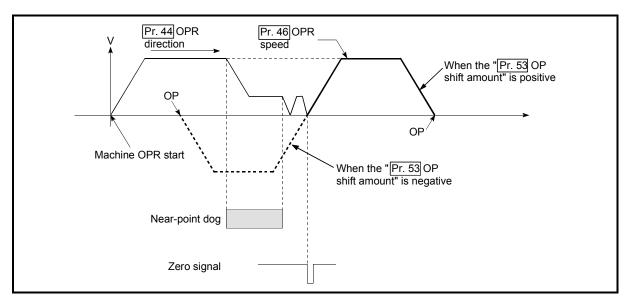


Fig. 13.6 OP shift operation at the OPR speed

Pr. 44 OPR direction

Pr. 47 Creep Shift is 1)

Pr. 47 Creep Shift amount" is positive

OP

Machine OPR start

Near-point dog

Zero signal

(2) OP shift operation at the "[Pr.47] Creep speed"
(When "[Pr.56] Speed designation during OP shift" is 1)

Fig. 13.7 OP shift operation at the creep speed

#### [4] Precautions during control

- (1) The following data are set after the OP shift amount is complete.
  - OPR complete flag ([Md.31] Status: b4)
  - [Md.20] Current feed value
  - [Md.21] Machine feed value
  - [Md.26] Axis operation status

OPR request flag ([Md.31] Status: b3) is reset after completion of the OP shift.

(2) "[Pr.53] OP shift amount" is not added to "[Md.34] Movement amount after near-point dog ON". The movement amount immediately before the OP shift operation, considering near-point dog ON as "0", is stored.

#### [5] Setting the OP shift function

To use the "OP shift function", set the required details in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the Simple Motion module. When the parameters are set, the OP shift function will be added to the machine OPR control. The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	Factory-set initial value
[Pr.53]	OP shift amount	$\rightarrow$	Set the shift amount during the OP shift.	0
	Speed designation during OP shift	$\rightarrow$	Select the speed during the OP shift 0: [Pr.46] OPR speed 1: [Pr.47] Creep speed	0

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

## REMARK

- · Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2.
   Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

#### 13.3 Functions for compensating the control

The sub functions for compensating the control include the "backlash compensation function", "electronic gear function", and "near pass function". Each function is executed by parameter setting or sequence program creation and writing.

#### 13.3.1 Backlash compensation function

The "backlash compensation function" compensates the backlash amount in the mechanical system. When the backlash compensation amount is set, an extra amount of command equivalent to the set backlash amount is output every time the movement direction changes.

The details shown below explain about the "backlash compensation function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Setting the backlash compensation function

#### [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation of the backlash compensation function.

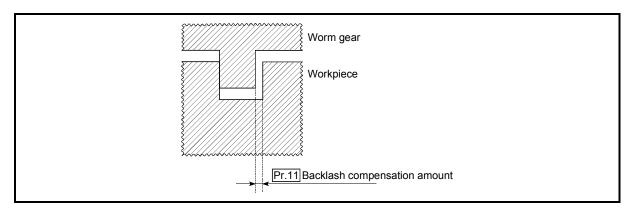


Fig. 13.8 Backlash compensation amount

### [2] Precautions during control

- (1) The feed command of the backlash compensation amount are not added to the "[Md.20] Current feed value" or "[Md.21] Machine feed value".
- (2) Always carry out a machine OPR before starting the control when using the backlash compensation function (when "[Pr.11] Backlash compensation amount" is set). The backlash in the mechanical system cannot be correctly compensated if a machine OPR is not carried out.
- (3) Backlash compensation, which includes the movement amount and "[Pr.11] Backlash compensation amount", is output the moment at the moving direction changes.
- (4) Backlash compensation cannot be made during the speed control mode, torque control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode.

### [3] Setting the backlash compensation function

To use the "backlash compensation function", set the "backlash compensation amount" in the parameter shown in the following table, and write it to the Simple Motion module.

The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	Factory-set initial value
[Pr.11]	Backlash compensation amount	$\rightarrow$	Set the backlash compensation amount.	0

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

# REMARK

- · Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2.
   Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

#### 13.3.2 Electronic gear function

The "electronic gear function" adjusts the actual machine movement amount and number of pulse output to servo amplifier according to the parameters set in the Simple Motion module.

The "electronic gear function" has the following three functions ([A] to [C]).

- [A] During machine movement, the function increments in the Simple Motion module values less than one pulse that could not be output, and outputs the incremented amount when the total incremented value reached one pulse or more.
- [B] When machine OPR is completed, current value changing is completed, speed control is started (except when current feed value change is present), or fixed-feed control is started, the function clears to "0" the cumulative values of less than one pulse which could not be output. (If the cumulative value is cleared, an error will occur by a cleared amount in the feed machine value. Control can be constantly carried out at the same machine movement amount, even when the fixed-feed control is continued.)
- [C] The function compensates the mechanical system error of the command movement amount and actual movement amount by adjusting the "electronic gear". (The "movement amount per pulse" value is defined by "[Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation (AP)", "[Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation (AL)" and "[Pr.4] Unit magnification (AM)".)

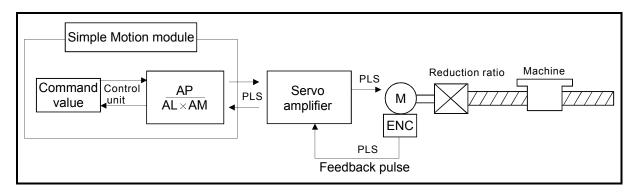
The Simple Motion module automatically carries out the processing for [A] and [B].

The details shown below explain about the "electronic gear function", including the method for compensating the error in [C] above, etc.

- [1] Basic concept of the electronic gear
- [2] The method for compensating the error

### [1] Basic concept of the electronic gear

The electronic gear is an item which determines how many rotations (rotations by how many pulses) the motor must make in order to move the machine according to the programmed movement amount.



The basic concept of the electronic gear is represented by the following expression.

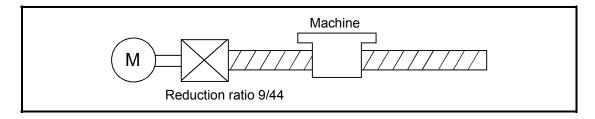
- [Pr.2] (Number of pulses per rotation) = AP
- [Pr.3] (Movement amount per rotation) = AL
- [Pr.4] (Unit magnification) = AM
- Movement amount per rotation that considered unit magnification =  $\Delta S$

Electronic gear = 
$$\frac{AP}{\Delta S}$$
 =  $\frac{AP}{AL \times AM}$  ...(1)

Set values for AP, AL and AM so that this related equation is established. However, because values to be set for AP, AL and AM have the settable range, values calculated (reduced) from the above related equation must be contained in the setting range for AP, AL and AM.

## (1) For "Ball screw" + "Reduction gear"

When the ball screw pitch is 10mm, the motor is the HG-KR (4194304 PLS/rev) and the reduction ratio of the reduction gear is 9/44.



First, find how many millimeters the load (machine) will travel ( $\triangle$ S) when the motor turns one revolution (AP).

- AP (Number of pulses per rotation) = 4194304 [PLS]
- △S (Movement amount per rotation)

= Ball screw pitch × Reduction ratio
= 10 [mm] × 9/44 When the control unit is "mm", the minimum command unit is 0.1 μm.

Substitute this for the above expression (1).

At this time, make calculation with the reduction ratio 9/44 remaining as a fraction.

$$\frac{AP}{\Delta S} = \frac{4194304 \text{ [PLS]}}{10000.0 \text{ [}\mu\text{m]} \times 9/44}$$

$$= \frac{4194304 \times 44}{10000.0 \times 9}$$

$$= \frac{184549376}{90000.0}$$

$$= \frac{23068672}{11250.0} = \frac{23068672 \text{ (AP)}}{11250.0 \text{ (AL)} \times 1 \text{ (AM)}}$$

$$= \frac{23068672 \text{ (AP)}}{(AM)}$$

Thus, AP, AL and AM to be set are as follows.

Note): These two examples of settings are only examples. There are settings other than these examples.

### (2) When "PLS (pulse)" is set as the control unit

When using PLS (pulse) as the control unit, set the electronic gear as follows.

AP = "Number of pulses per rotation"

AL = "Movement amount per rotation"

AM = 1

Example) When the motor is the HG-KR (4194304PLS/rev)

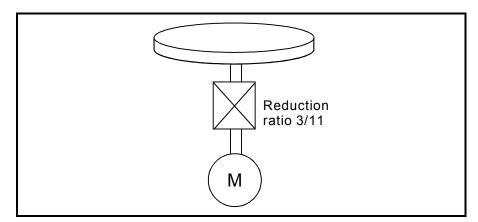
AP = 4194304 .. [Pr.2]

AL = 4194304 .. [Pr.3]

AM = 1 .....[Pr.4]

## (3) When "degree" is set as the control unit for a rotary axis

When the rotary axis is used, the motor is HG-KR (4194304PLS/rev) and the reduction ratio of the reduction gear is 3/11.



First, find how many degrees the load (machine) will travel ( $\triangle$ S) when the motor turns one revolution (AP).

- AP (Number of pulses per rotation) = 4194304 [PLS]
- △S (Movement amount per rotation)

= 360.00000 [degree]  $_{\times}$  Reduction ratio = 360.00000  $_{\times}$  3/11

Substitute this for the above expression (1).

At this time, make calculation with the reduction ratio 3/11 remaining as a fraction.

$$\frac{AP}{\Delta S} = \frac{4194304 [PLS]}{360.00000 [degree] \times 3/11}$$

$$= \frac{4194304 [PLS] \times 11}{360.00000 \times 3}$$

$$= \frac{46137344}{1080.00000}$$

$$= \frac{2883584}{67.50000} = \frac{2883584 (AP)}{67.50000(AL) \times 1 (AM)}$$

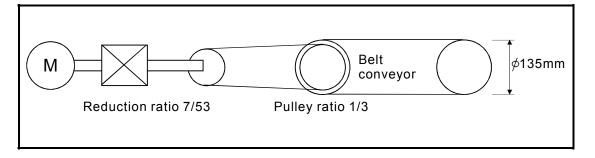
$$= \frac{2883584 (AP)}{0.06750 (AL) \times 1000 (AM)}$$

Thus, AP, AL and AM to be set are as follows.

Note): These two examples of settings are only examples. There are settings other than these examples.

# (4) When "mm" is set as the control unit for conveyor drive (calculation including $\pi$ )

When the belt conveyor drive is used, the conveyor diameter is 135mm, the pulley ratio is 1/3, the motor is HG-KR (4194304PLS/rev) and the reduction ratio of the reduction gear is 7/53.



As the travel value of the conveyor is used to exercise control, set "mm" as the control unit.

First, find how many millimeters the load (machine) will travel ( $\triangle S$ ) when the motor turns one revolution (AP).

- AP (Number of pulses per rotation) = 4194304 [PLS]
- △S (Movement amount per rotation)

= 135000.0 [
$$\mu$$
m]  $\times$   $\pi$   $\times$  Reduction ratio = 135000.0 [ $\mu$ m]  $\times$   $\pi$   $\times$  7/53  $\times$  1/3

Substitute this for the above expression (1).

At this time, make calculation with the reduction ratio 7/53  $_{\times}\,$  1/3 remaining as a fraction.

$$\frac{AP}{\Delta S} = \frac{AP}{AL \times AM} = \frac{4194304 \text{ [PLS]}}{135000.0 \text{ [}\mu\text{m]} \times \pi \times 7/53 \times 1/3}$$

$$= \frac{4194304 \times 53 \times 3}{135000.0 \times \pi \times 7}$$

$$= \frac{166723584}{236250 \times \pi}$$

Here, make calculation on the assumption that  $\pi$  is equal to 3.141592654.

$$\frac{AP}{\Delta S} = \frac{AP}{AL \times AM} = \frac{166723584}{742201.2645075}$$

AL has a significant number to first decimal place, round down numbers to two decimal places.

$$\frac{AP}{\Delta S} = \frac{AP}{AL \times AM} = \frac{166723584}{742201.2} = \frac{166723584 \text{ (AP)}}{742201.2 \text{ (AL)} \times 1 \text{ (AM)}}$$

Thus, AP, AL and AM to be set are as follows.

This setting will produce an error for the true machine value, but it cannot be helped. This error is as follows.

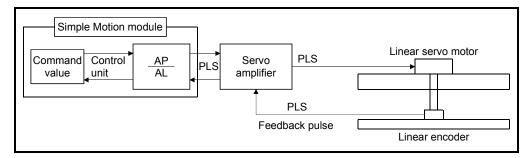
$$\left(\frac{7422012/166723584}{2362500 \ \pi/166723584} - 1\right) \times 100 = -8.69 \times 10^{-6} [\%]$$

- AP (Number of pulses per rotation) = 4194304 [PLS]
- △S (Movement amount per rotation)

= 135000.0 [
$$\mu$$
m]  $\times$   $\pi$   $\times$  Reduction ratio = 135000.0 [ $\mu$ m]  $\times$   $\pi$   $\times$  7/53  $\times$  1/3

It is equivalent to an about 86.9 [μm] error in continuous 1km feed.

#### (5) Number of pulses/ movement amount at linear servo use



Calculate the number of pulses (AP) and movement amount (AL) for the linear encoder in the following conditions.

Linear encoder resolution =  $\frac{\text{Number of pulses (AP)}}{\text{Movement amount (AL)}}$ 

Linear encoder resolution: 0.05[μm]

$$\frac{\text{Number of pulses (AP) [PLS]}}{\text{Movement amount (AL) [}\mu\text{m]}} = \frac{1}{0.05} = \frac{20}{1.0}$$

Set the number of pulses in "[Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation (AP)", and the movement amount in "[Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation (AL)" in the actual setting.

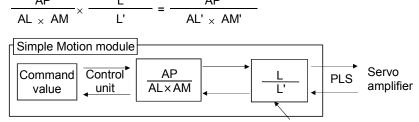
(Note): Set the same value as the value set in the fixed parameter to the servo parameter "Linear encoder resolution setting Numerator (PS02)" and "Linear encoder resolution setting Denominator (PS03)".

Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details.

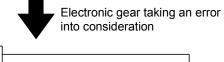
### [2] The method for compensating the error

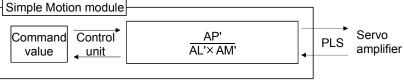
When the position control is carried out using the "Electronic gear" set in a parameter, this may produce an error between the command movement amount (L) and the actual movement amount (L'). With Simple Motion module, this error is compensated by adjusting the electronic gear. The "Error compensation amount", which is used for error compensation, is defined as follows:

The electronic gear including an error compensation amount is shown below.



1 if there is no error (in regular case)





Set the post-compensation "[Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation (AP')", "[Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation (AL')", and "[Pr.4] Unit magnification (AM')" in the parameters, and write them to the Simple Motion module. The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

#### 13.3.3 Near pass function

When continuous pass control is carried out using interpolation control, the near pass function is carried out.

The "near pass function" is a function to suppress the mechanical vibration occurring at the time of switching the positioning data when continuous pass control is carried out using interpolation control.

#### [Near pass function]

The extra movement amount occurring at the end of each positioning data unit being continuously executed is carried over to the next positioning data unit. Alignment is not carried out, and thus the output speed drops are eliminated, and the mechanical vibration occurring during speed changes can be suppressed. Because alignment is not carried out, the operation is controlled on a path that passes near the position set in "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount".

The details shown below explain about the "near pass function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control

#### [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the path of the continuous path control by the 2-axis linear interpolation control.

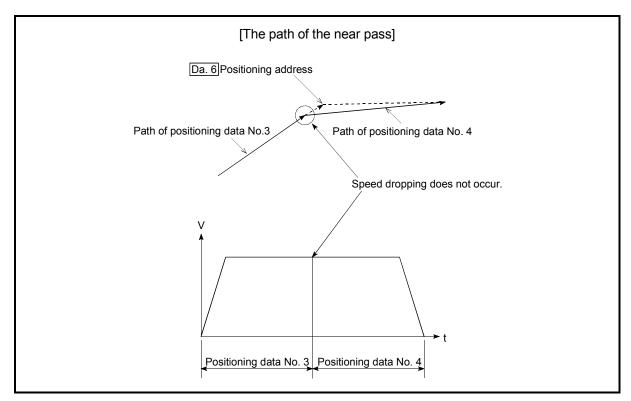


Fig. 13.9 The path of the continuous path control

### [2] Precautions during control

- (1) If the movement amount designated by the positioning data is small when the continuous path control is executed, the output speed may not reach the designated speed.
- (2) The movement direction is not checked during interpolation operation. Therefore, a deceleration stops are not carried out even if the movement direction changes. (See below) For this reason, the output will suddenly reverse when the reference axis movement direction changes. To prevent the sudden output reversal, assign not the continuous path control "11", but the continuous positioning control "01" to the positioning data of the passing point.

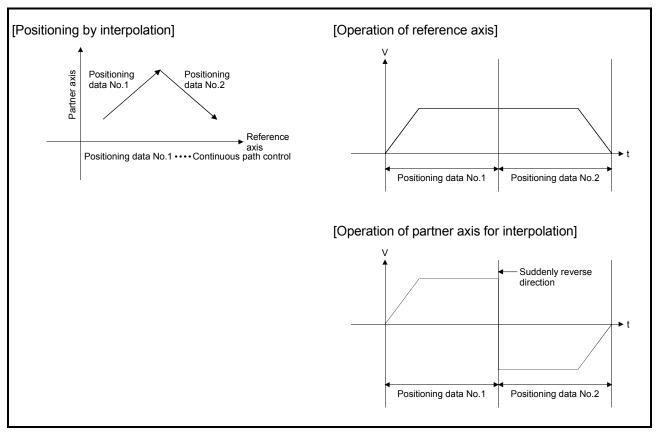


Fig. 13.10 Path and output speed of various axes when movement direction varies during continuous path control

#### 13.4 Functions to limit the control

Functions to limit the control include the "speed limit function", "torque limit function", "software stroke limit function", "hardware stroke limit function", and "forced stop function". Each function is executed by parameter setting or sequence program creation and writing.

#### 13.4.1 Speed limit function

The speed limit function limits the command speed to a value within the "speed limit value" setting range when the command speed during control exceeds the "speed limit value".

The details shown below explain about the "speed limit function".

- [1] Relation between the speed limit function and various controls
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Setting the speed limit function
- [1] Relation between the speed limit function and various controls

  The following table shows the relation of the "speed limit function" and various
  controls.

	Control type			Speed limit value
OPR	Machine	OPR control	©	
control	Fast OP	R control	0	
		1-axis linear control	0	
		2 to 4-axes linear interpolation control	©	
		1-axis fixed-feed control	0	[Pr.8] Speed limit
	control	2 to 4-axes fixed-feed control (interpolation)	©	value
Major positioning		2-axis circular interpolation control	©	
control	1 to 4-ax	es Speed control	0	
	-	osition switching control, speed switching control	©	
		Current value changing	_	
	Other control	JUMP instruction, NOP instruction, LOOP to LEND	_	Setting value invalid
Manual control	JOG operation, Inching operation		©	[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value
COTILIOI	Manual p	oulse generator operation		Setting is invalid
Expansion control	Speed-torque control		©	[Pr.8] Speed limit value

O : Always set

 Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. Use the initial value or a value within the setting range.)

### [2] Precautions during control

If any axis exceeds "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" during 2- to 4-axis speed control, the axis in excess of the speed limit value is controlled at the speed limit value. The speeds of the other axes interpolated are suppressed depending on their command speed ratios.

If the reference axis exceeds "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" during 2- to 4-axis linear interpolation control, 2- to 4-axis fixed-feed control or 2-axis circular interpolation control, the reference axis is controlled at the speed limit value (The speed limit does not function on the interpolation axis side.)

#### [3] Setting the speed limit function

To use the "speed limit function", set the "speed limit value" in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the Simple Motion module. The set details are validated after they are written to the Simple Motion module.

Setting item Setting value Setting details		Factory-set initial value		
[Pr.8]	Speed limit value	$\rightarrow$	Set the speed limit value (max. speed during control).	200000
[Pr.31]	JOG speed limit value	$\rightarrow$	Set the speed limit value during JOG operation (max. speed during control). (Note that "[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value" shall be less than or equal to "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".)	20000

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

# REMARK

- · Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

#### 13.4.2 Torque limit function

The "torque limit function" limits the generated torque to a value within the "torque limit value" setting range when the torque generated in the servomotor exceeds the "torque limit value".

The "torque limit function" protects the deceleration function, limits the power of the operation pressing against the stopper, etc. It controls the operation so that unnecessary force is not applied to the load and machine.

The details shown below explain about the "torque limit function".

- [1] Relation between the torque limit function and various controls
- [2] Control details
- [3] Precautions during control
- [4] Setting the torque limit function
- [1] Relation between the torque limit function and various controls

  The following table shows the relation of the "torque limit function" and various controls.

	Co	ontrol type	Torque limit function	Torque limit value *	
OPR control	Machine	OPR control	0	"[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value".  *: After the "[Pr.47] Creep speed" is reached, this value becomes the "[Pr.54] OPR torque limit value".	
	Fast OPF	R control	0		
		1-axis linear control	0		
	Position control	2 to 4-axes linear interpolation control	0		
		1-axis fixed-feed control	0	WIDs 471 Towns limit outline	
		2 to 4-axes fixed-feed control (interpolation)	0	"[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value".	
Major positioning control		2-axis circular interpolation control	0	carparocally value :	
CONTROL	1 to 4-ax	es speed control	0		
		osition switching control speed switching control	0		
	Other	Current value changing	_		
	control	JUMP instruction, NOP instruction, LOOP to LEND	-	Setting value is invalid.	
Manual	JOG ope	ration, Inching operation	0	"[Pr.17] Torque limit setting	
control	Manual p	oulse generator operation	0	value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value".	
Expansion control	Speed-to	orque control	0	Torque limit value before switching control mode is continued.	

- : Set when required (Set to " " when not used.)
- Setting not required (The setting value is invalid. Use the initial value or a value within the setting range.)
- \* : Shows the torque limit value when "[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value" or "[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value" is set to "0".

#### [2] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation of the torque limit function.

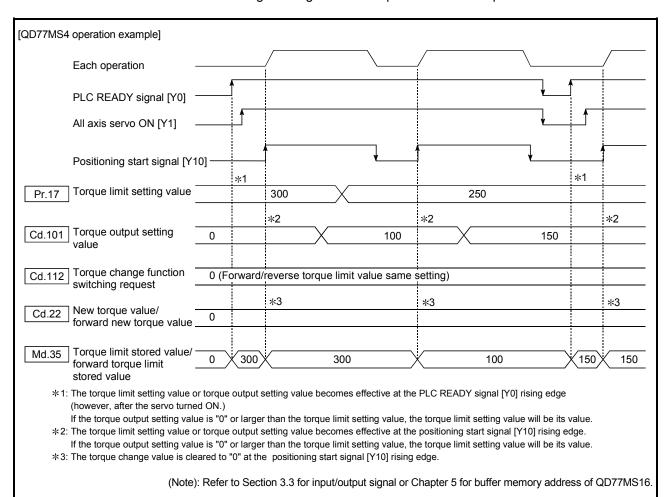


Fig. 13.11 Torque limit function operation

#### [3] Precautions during control

- (1) When limiting the torque at the "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value", confirm that "[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value" or "[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value" is set to "0". If this parameter is set to a value besides "0", the setting value will be validated, and the torque will be limited at that value. (Refer to Section 13.5.4 "Torque change function" for details about the "new torque value".)
- (2) When the "[Pr.54] OPR torque limit value" exceeds the "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value", the error "OPR torque limit value error" (error code: 995) occurs.
- (3) When the operation is stopped by torque limiting, the droop pulse will remain in the deviation counter. If the load torque is eliminated, operation for the amount of droop pulses will be carried out. Note that the movement might start suddenly as soon as the load torque is eliminated.

### [4] Setting the torque limit function

- (1) To use the "torque limit function", set the "torque limit value" in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the Simple Motion module.
  - a) The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	Factory-set initial value
[Pr.17]	Torque limit setting value	$\rightarrow$	Set the torque limit value as a percentage.	300
[Pr.54]	OPR torque limit value	$\rightarrow$	Set the torque limit value after the "[Pr.47] Creep speed" is reached. Set as a percentage.	300

b) The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the positioning start signal [Y10].

Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	Factory-set initial value
[Cd.101] Torque output setting value	$\rightarrow$	Set the torque output value as a percentage.	0

- \*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" or Section 5.7 "List of control data" for setting details.
- \*: Torque limit value: Will be an upper limit value of the torque change value. Even if a larger value has been mistakenly input for the torque change value, it is restricted within the torque limit setting values to prevent an erroneous entry. (Even if a value larger than the torque limit setting value has been input to the torque change value, the torque value is not changed.)
- \*: Torque output setting value: to be taken at the start of positioning, and used as a torque limit value. If the value is "0" or larger than the torque limit setting value, the parameter "torque limit setting value" is taken at the start.
  - (2) The "torque limit value" set in the Simple Motion module is set in the "[Md.35] Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value" or "[Md.120] Reverse torque limit stored value".

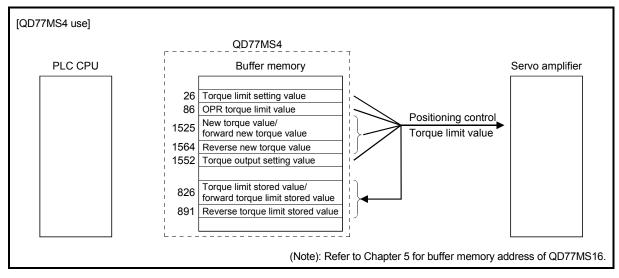


Fig. 13.12 Limiting the torque to the servo amplifier (Axis 1)

(3) The following table shows the "[Md.35] Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value" and "[Md.120] Reverse torque limit stored value" of the buffer memory address.

Monitor item		Monitor value	Storage details	Buffer mem QD77MS2 QD77MS4	ory address QD77MS16
	Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value		The "torque limit value/forward torque limit stored value" valid at that time is stored. ([Pr.17], [Pr.54], [Cd.22] or [Cd.101])	826+100n	2426+100n
[Md.120]	Reverse torque limit stored value		The "reverse torque limit stored value" is stored depending on the control status. ([Pr.17], [Pr.54], [Cd.22], [Cd.101] or [Cd.113])	891+100n	2491+100n

n: Axis No.-1

\*: Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" for information on the storage details.

# REMARK

- · Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.
- Use "[Md.120] Reverse torque limit stored value" and "[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value" only when "1: Forward/reverse torque limit value individual setting" is set in "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request".
   (Refer to Section 13.5.4 "Torque change function".)

#### 13.4.3 Software stroke limit function

In the "software stroke limit function" the address established by a machine OPR is used to set the upper and lower limits of the moveable range of the workpiece. Movement commands issued to addresses outside that setting range will not be executed.

In the Simple Motion module, the "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are used as the addresses indicating the current position. However, in the "software stroke limit function", the address used to carry out the limit check is designated in the "[Pr.14] Software stroke limit selection". (Refer to Section 9.1.4 "Confirming the current value" or details on the "current feed value" and "machine feed value".)

The upper and lower limits of the moveable range of the workpiece are set in "[Pr.12] Software stroke limit upper limit value". [Pr.13] Software stroke limit lower limit value".

The details shown below explain about the "software stroke limit function".

- [1] Differences in the moveable range when "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are selected.
- [2] Software stroke limit check details
- [3] Relation between the software stroke limit function and various controls
- [4] Precautions during software stroke limit check
- [5] Setting the software stroke limit function
- [6] Invalidating the software stroke limit
- [7] Setting when the control unit is "degree"

# [1] Differences in the moveable range when "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are selected.

The following drawing shows the moveable range of the workpiece when the software stroke limit function is used.

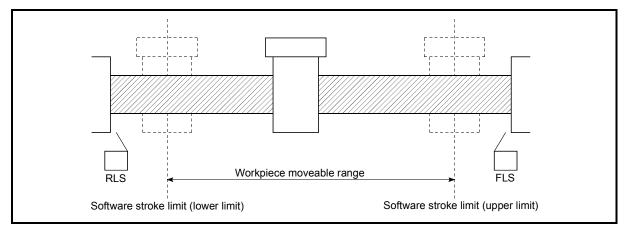


Fig. 13.13 Workpiece moveable range

The following drawing shows the differences in the operation when "[Md.20] Current feed value" and "[Md.21] Machine feed value" are used in the moveable range limit check.

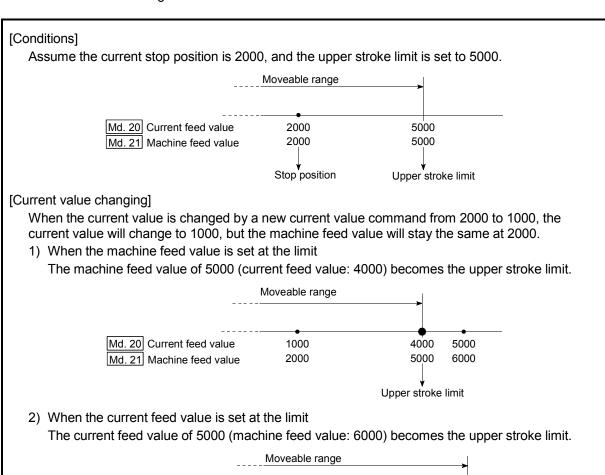


Fig. 13.14 Software stroke limits of the current feed value and machine feed value

1000

2000

#### POINT

Md. 20 Current feed value

Md. 21 Machine feed value

When "machine feed value" is set in "[Pr.14] Software stroke limit selection", the moveable range becomes an absolute range referenced on the OP. When "current feed value" is set, the moveable range is the relative range from the "current feed value".

4000

5000

5000

6000

Upper stroke limit

## [2] Software stroke limit check details

	Check details	Processing when an error occurs
1)	An error shall occur if the current value *1 is outside the software stroke limit range *2.  (Check "[Md.20] Current feed value" or "[Md.21] Machine feed value".)	An "axis error" will
2)	An error shall occur if the command address is outside the software stroke limit range.  (Check "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount".)	occur (error code: 507, 508)

<sup>\*1:</sup> Check whether the "[Md.20] Current feed value" or "[Md.21] Machine feed value" is set in "[Pr.14] Software stroke limit selection".

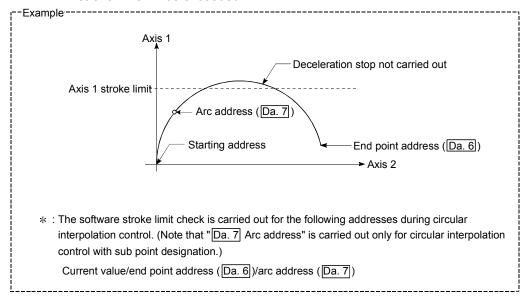
<sup>\*2:</sup> Moveable range from the "[Pr.12] Software stroke limit upper limit value" to the "[Pr.13] Software stroke limit lower limit value".

# [3] Relation between the software stroke limit function and various controls

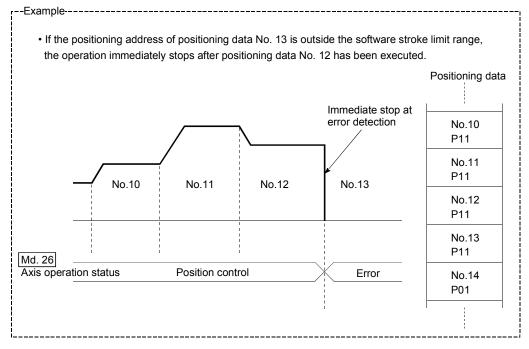
	Co	ontrol type		Limit check	Processing at check	
	Machine OPR control		Data set method	0	The current value will not be changed if the home position address is outside the software stroke limit range.	
OPR control			Other than "Data set method"	_	Check not carried out.	
	Fast OPR	control		_		
		1-axis linea	r control	0		
		2 to 4-axes axis linear interpolation control		0	Checks 1) and 2) in the previous section [2] are carried	
	Position	1-axis fixed	-feed control	0	out.	
	control	2 to 4-axes fixed-feed control (interpolation)		0	For speed control : The axis decelerates to a stop when it exceeds the software	
Major positioning		2-axis circular interpolation control		0	stroke limit range. For position control: The axis comes to an immediate	
control	1 to 4-axes speed control			○ *1, *2	stop when it exceeds the software stroke limit range.	
	Speed-position switching control Position-speed switching control			○ *1, *2		
	Other control	Current value changing		0	The current value will not be changed if the new current value is outside the software stroke limit range.	
		instruction,	uction, NOP LOOP to LEND	-	Check not carried out.	
	JOG operation, Inching operation			△ *3	Check 1) in the previous section [2] is carried out.	
Manual control	Manual pulse generator operation			△ *3	The machine will carry out a deceleration stop wher the software stroke limit range is exceeded. If the address is outside the software stroke limit range, the operation can only be started toward the moveable range.	
Expansion control	Speed-torque control			©	Check 1) in the previous section [2] is carried out. The mode switches to the position control mode when the software stroke limit range is exceeded, and the operation immediately stops.	

- : Check valid
- Check is not made when the current feed value is not updated (Refer to [Pr.21]) at the setting of "current feed value" in "[Pr.14] Software stroke limit selection" during speed control.
- : Check not carried out (check invalid).
- $\triangle\:$  : Valid only when "0: valid" is set in the "[Pr.15] Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting".
- \*1: The value in "[Md.20] Current feed value" will differ according to the "[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control" setting.
- \*2: When the unit is "degree", check is not made during speed control.
- \*3: When the unit is "degree", check is not carried out.

- [4] Precautions during software stroke limit check
  - (1) A machine OPR must be executed beforehand for the "software stroke limit function" to function properly.
  - (2) During interpolation control, a stroke limit check is carried out for the every current value of both the reference axis and the interpolation axis. Every axis will not start if an error occurs, even if it only occurs in one axis.
  - (3) During circular interpolation control, the "[Pr.12] Software stroke limit upper limit value"/"[Pr.13] Software stroke limit lower limit value" may be exceeded. In this case, a deceleration stop will not be carried out even if the stroke limit is exceeded. Always install an external limit switch if there is a possibility the stroke limit will be exceeded.



(4) If an error is detected during continuous path control, the axis stops immediately on completion of execution of the positioning data located right before the positioning data in error.



(5) During simultaneous start, a stroke limit check is carried out for the current values of every axis to be started. Every axis will not start if an error occurs, even if it only occurs in one axis.

## [5] Setting the software stroke limit function

To use the "software stroke limit function", set the required values in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the Simple Motion module.

The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	Factory-set initial value
[Pr.12]	Software stroke limit upper limit value	$\rightarrow$	Set the upper limit value of the moveable range.	2147483647
[Pr.13]	Software stroke limit lower limit value	$\rightarrow$	Set the lower limit value of the moveable range.	-2147483648
[Pr.14]	Software stroke limit selection	$\rightarrow$	Set whether to use the "[Md.20] Current feed value" or "[Md.21] Machine feed value" as the "current value".	0: Current feed value
[Pr.15]	Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting	0:Valid	Set whether the software stroke limit is validated or invalidated during manual control (JOG operation, Inching operation, manual pulse generator operation).	0: valid

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

## [6] Invalidating the software stroke limit

To invalidate the software stroke limit, set the following parameters as shown, and write them to the Simple Motion module. (Set the value within the setting range.)

[Pr.12] Software stroke limit upper limit value	=	[Pr.13] Software stroke limit lower limit value	
---	---	---	--

(To invalidate only the manual operation, set "1: software stroke limit invalid" in the "[Pr.15] Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting".)

The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

When the unit is "degree", the software stroke limit check is not performed during speed control (including speed control in speed-position switching control or position-speed switching control) or during manual control, independently of the values set in [Pr.12], [Pr.13] and [Pr.15].

# REMARK

- · Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

## [7] Setting when the control unit is "degree"

#### Current value address

The "[Md.20] Current feed value" address is a ring address between 0 and 359.99999°.

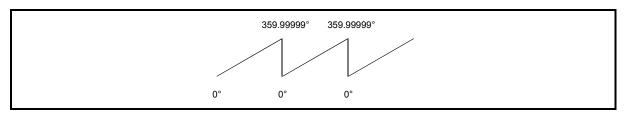


Fig. 13.15 Current value address when the control unit is "degree".

#### Setting the software stroke limit

The upper limit value/lower limit value of the software stroke limit is a value between 0 and 359.99999°.

(1) Setting when the software stroke limit is to be validated. When the software stroke limit is to be validated, set the upper limit value in a clockwise direction from the lower limit value.

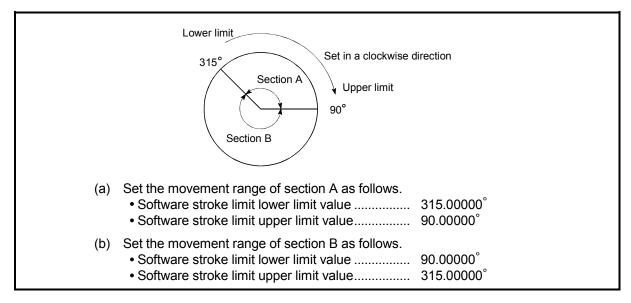


Fig. 13.16 Software stroke limit when the control unit is "degree"

#### 13.4.4 Hardware stroke limit function

# **⚠DANGER**

• When the hardware stroke limit is required to be wired, ensure to wire it in the negative logic using b-contact. If it is set in positive logic using a-contact, a serious accident may occur.

In the "hardware stroke limit function", limit switches are set at the upper/lower limit of the physical moveable range, and the control is stopped (by deceleration stop) by the input of a signal from the limit switch. Damage to the machine can be prevented by stopping the control before the upper/lower limit of the physical moveable range is reached.

The hardware stroke limit is able to use the following signals. (Refer to the "[Pr.80] External input signal selection".)

- External input signal of QD77MS
- · External input signal of servo amplifier
- External input signal via CPU (buffer memory of QD77MS)

The details shown below explain about the "hardware stroke limit function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Wiring the hardware stroke limit
- [3] Precautions during control
- [4] When the hardware stroke limit function is not used

# [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation of the hardware stroke limit function.

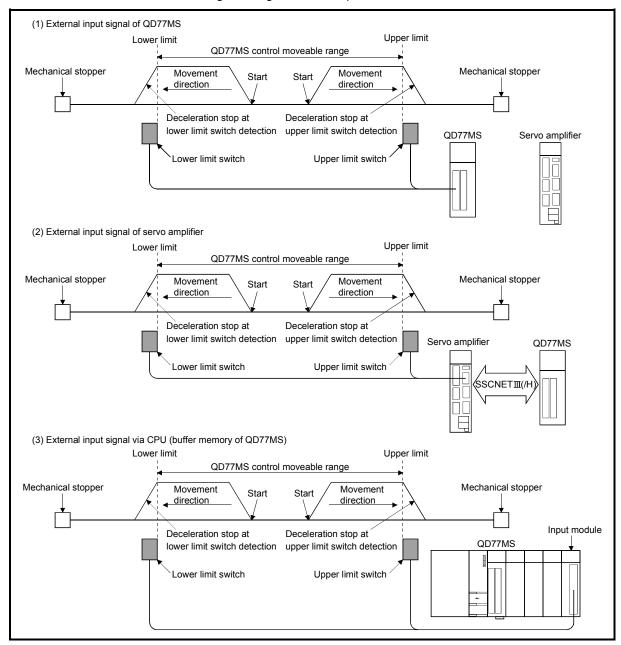
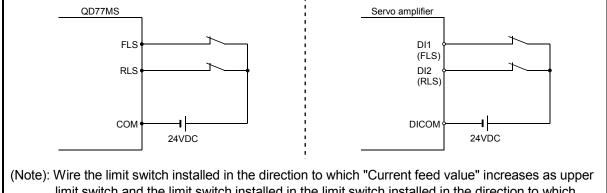


Fig. 13.17 Hardware stroke limit function operation

## [2] Wiring the hardware stroke limit

When using the hardware stroke limit function, wire the terminals of the QD77MS/servo amplifier upper/lower limit stroke limit as shown in the following drawing. As for the 24VDC power supply, the direction of current can be switched. (When "[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection" is set to the initial value) When using the hardware stroke limit function with the external input signal via CPU (buffer memory of QD77MS), wiring differs depending on the input module.

\*: When "external input signal of the servo amplifier" is set in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection" at MR-JE-B use, any errors or warnings do not occur. However, the external input signal (upper/lower limit signal, near-point dog signal) cannot be operated.



limit switch and the limit switch installed in the direction to which "Current feed value" decreases as lower limit switch installed in the direction to which "Current feed value" decreases as lower limit switch. If inverting the install positions of upper/lower limit switches, hardware stroke limit function cannot be operated properly. In addition, the servomotor does not stop. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details about the "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)".

Fig. 13.18 Wiring when using the hardware stroke limit

#### [3] Precautions during control

- (1) If the machine is stopped outside the Simple Motion module control range (outside the upper/lower limit switches), or if stopped by hardware stroke limit detection, the starting for the "OPR control", "major positioning control", and "high-level positioning control" and the control mode switching cannot be executed. To carry out these types of control again, return the workpiece to the Simple Motion module control range by a "JOG operation", "inching operation" or "manual pulse generator operation".
- (2) When "[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection" is set to the initial value, the Simple Motion module cannot carry out the positioning control if FLS (limit switch for upper limit) is separated from DICOM or RLS (limit switch for lower limit) is separated from DICOM (including when wiring is not carried out).

#### [4] When the hardware stroke limit function is not used

When not using the hardware stroke limit function, wire the terminals of the QD77MS/servo amplifier upper/lower limit stroke limit as shown in the following drawing. As for the 24VDC power supply, the direction of current can be switched. When the logic of FLS and RLS is set to "positive logic" using "[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection", positioning control can be carried out even if FLS and RLS of the following signals are not wired.

- · External input signal of QD77MS
- · External input signal of servo amplifier
- External input signal via CPU (buffer memory of QD77MS) (For details, refer to Section 14.5 "External I/O signal logic switching function".)

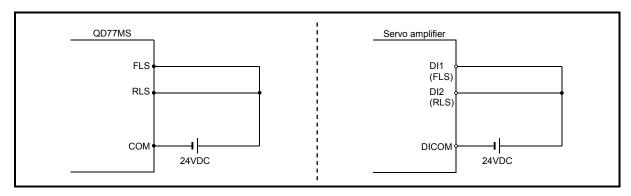


Fig. 13.19 Wiring when not using the hardware stroke limit function (When "[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection" is the initial value)

#### 13.4.5 Forced stop function

# **⚠DANGER**

- When the forced stop is required to be wired, ensure to wire it in the negative logic using bcontact.
- Provided safety circuit outside the Simple Motion module so that the entire system will operate safety even when the "[Pr.82] Forced stop valid/invalid selection" is set "1: Invalid". Be sure to use the forced stop signal (EMI) of the servo amplifier.

By the Simple Motion module external input connection connector is connected forced stop input, this function is available for all axes of servo amplifier. (The initial value is "0: Valid".)

The forced stop input valid/invalid is selected by "[Pr.82] Forced stop valid/invalid selection".

The details shown below explain about the "forced stop function".

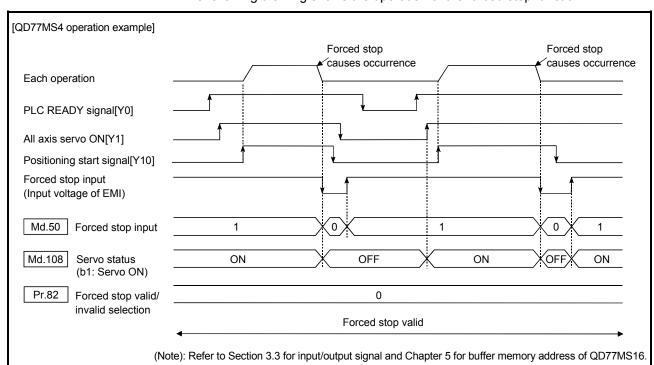
- [1] Control details
- [2] Wiring the forced stop
- [3] Setting the forced stop
- [4] How to check the forced stop
- [5] Precautions during control

#### [1] Control details

The servo warning "Controller forced stop warning" (warning No.: E7) will occur if turned on the forced stop input signal when the "[Pr.82] Forced stop valid/invalid selection" is set "0: Valid". And then it is available for all axes of servo amplifier.

The outline of the forced stop process is shown below.

				Axis	Stop process					
			M code	operation status ([Md.26]) after stopping	OPR (	control			Manu	al control
Stop cause		Stop axis	ON signal after stop		Machine OPR control	Fast OPR control	Major positioning control	control	JOG/ Inching operation	Manual pulse generator operation
Forced stop	"Forced stop input signal" OFF	All axes	No change	Servo OFF	Servo OFF brake)	or free run	(The operati	on stops with	h dynamic	_



The following drawing shows the operation of the forced stop function.

Fig. 13.20 Operation for the forced stop function

## [2] Wiring the forced stop

When using the forced stop function, wire the terminals of the Simple Motion module forced stop input as shown in the following drawing. As for the 24VDC power supply, the direction of current can be switched.

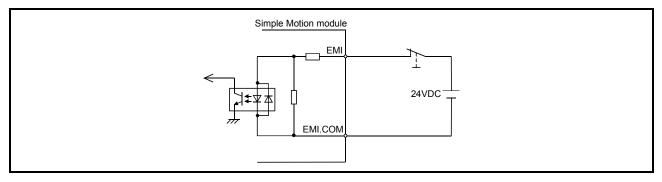


Fig. 13.21 Wiring when using the forced stop

# [3] Setting the forced stop

To use the "Forced stop function", set the following data using a sequence program.

The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

				Buffer memory address		
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16	
				QD77MS4	QDTTWSTO	
[Pr.82]	Forced stop valid/ invalid selection	$\rightarrow$	Set the forced stop function. 0: Valid (Forced stop is used) 1: Invalid (Forced stop is not used)	3	5	

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2.3 "Detailed parameters 1" for details on the setting details.

#### [4] How to check the forced stop

To use the states (ON/OFF) of forced stop input, set the parameters shown in the following table.

		Monitor		Buffer memory address		
	Monitor item value		Storage details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Md.50]	[Md.50] Forced stop input $\rightarrow$ 0: Forced stop		Stores the states (ON/OFF) of forced stop input.  0: Forced stop input ON (Forced stop)  1: Forced stop input OFF (Forced stop release)	1431	4231	

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.6.1 "System monitor data" for details on the storage details.

# [5] Precautions during control

- (1) After the "Forced stop input" is released, the servo ON/OFF is valid for the status of all axis servo ON [Y1].
- (2) If the setting is other than 0 and 1, the error "Forced stop valid/invalid setting error" (error code: 937) occurs.
- (3) The "[Md.50] Forced stop input" is stored "1" by setting "[Pr.82] Forced stop valid/invalid selection" to "1: invalid".
- (4) When the "Forced stop input" is turned ON during operation, the error "Servo READY signal OFF during operation" (error code: 102) does not occur.

#### 13.5 Functions to change the control details

Functions to change the control details include the "speed change function", "override function", "acceleration/deceleration time change function", "torque change function" and "target position change function". Each function is executed by parameter setting or sequence program creation and writing.

Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of QD77MS main functions and sub functions" for combination with main function.

Both the "speed change function" or "override function" change the speed, but the differences between the functions are shown below. Use the function that corresponds to the application.

#### "Speed change function"

- The speed is changed at any time, only in the control being executed.
- The new speed is directly set.

#### "Override function"

- The speed is changed for all control to be executed.
- The new speed is set as a percent (%) of the command speed.

#### POINT

"Speed change function" and "Override function" cannot be used in the manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control.

#### 13.5.1 Speed change function

The speed control function is used to change the speed during control to a newly designated speed at any time.

The new speed is directly set in the buffer memory, and the speed is changed by a speed change command ([Cd.15] Speed change request) or external command signal. During the machine OPR, a speed change to the creep speed cannot be carried out after deceleration start because the near point dog ON is detected.

The details shown below explain about the "speed change function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Setting the speed change function from the PLC CPU
- [4] Setting the speed change function using an external command signal

#### [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation during a speed change.

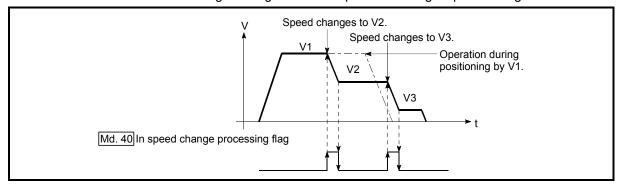


Fig. 13.22 Speed change operation

## [2] Precautions during control

- (1) Control is carried out as follows at the speed change during continuous path control.
  - a) When no speed designation (current speed) is provided in the next positioning data:
    - → The next positioning data is controlled at the "[Cd.14] New speed value".
  - b) When a speed designation is provided in the next positioning data:
    - → The next positioning data is controlled at its "[Da.8] Command speed".

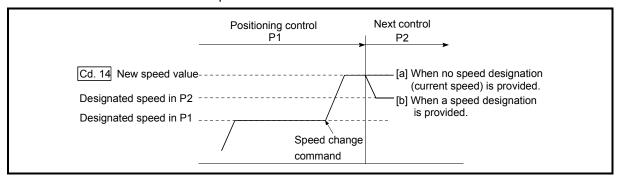


Fig. 13.23 Speed change during continuous path control

(2) When changing the speed during continuous path control, the speed change will be ignored if there is not enough distance remaining to carry out the change.

(3) When the stop command was given to make a stop after a speed change that had been made during position control, the restarting speed depends on the "[Cd.14] New speed value".

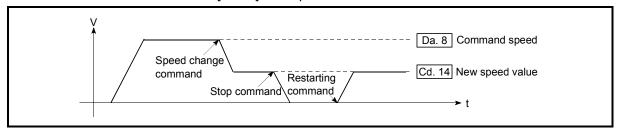


Fig. 13.24 Restarting speed after speed change made during position control

- (4) When the speed is changed by setting "[Cd.14] New speed value" to "0", the operation is carried out as follows.
  - When "[Cd.15] Speed change request" is turned ON, the speed change 0 flag ([Md.31] Status: b10) turns ON.
     (During interpolation control, the speed change 0 flag on the reference axis side turns ON.)
  - The axis stops, but "[Md.26] Axis operation status" does not change, and the BUSY signal remains ON. (If a stop signal is input, the BUSY signal will turn OFF, and "[Md.26] Axis operation status" will change to "stopped".)

In this case, setting the "[Cd.14] New speed value" to a value besides "0" will turn OFF the speed change 0 flag ([Md.31] Status: b10), and enable continued operation.

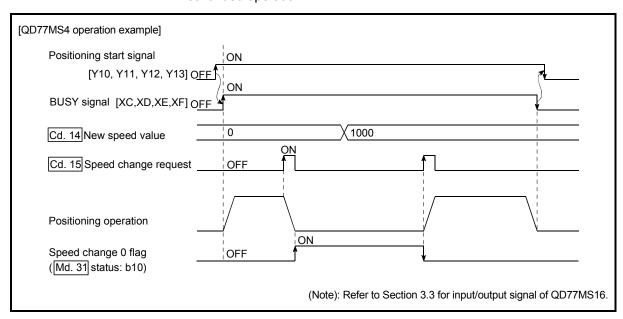


Fig. 13.25 Speed change at new speed value "0"

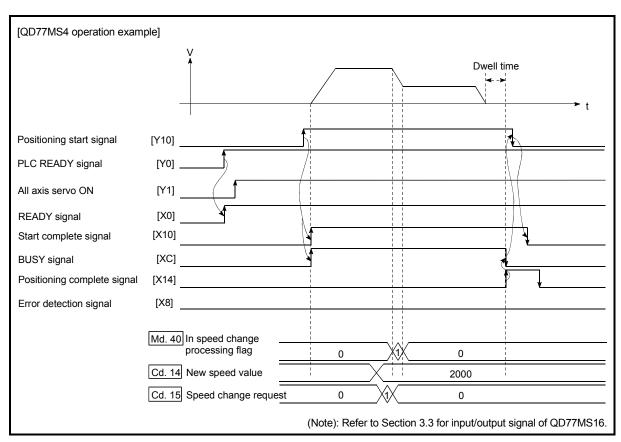
- (5) The warning "Deceleration/stop speed change" (warning code: 500) occurs and the speed cannot be changed in the following cases.
  - · During deceleration by a stop command
  - During automatic deceleration during positioning control
- (6) The warning "Speed limit value over" (warning code: 501) occurs and the speed is controlled at the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" when the value set in "[Cd.14] New speed value" is larger than the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value".
- (7) When the speed is changed during interpolation control, the required speed is set in the reference axis.
- (8) When carrying out consecutive speed changes, be sure there is an interval between the speed changes of 100ms or more. (If the interval between speed changes is short, the Simple Motion module will not be able to track, and it may become impossible to carry out commands correctly.)
- (9) When a speed change is requested simultaneously for multiple axes, change the speed one by one. Therefore, the start timing of speed change is different for each axis.
- (10) Speed change cannot be carried out during the machine OPR. A request for speed change is ignored.
- (11) When deceleration is started by the speed change function, the deceleration start flag does not turn ON.
- (12) The speed change function cannot be used during speed control mode, torque control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode. Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control" for the speed change during speed control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode.
- [3] Setting the speed change function from the PLC CPU

  The following shows the data settings and sequence program example for changing the control speed of axis 1 from the PLC CPU. (In this example, the control speed is changed to "20.00mm/min".)
  - (1) Set the following data.(Use the speed change time chart shown in section (2) below as a reference, and set using the sequence program shown in section (3).)

Setting item		Setting value		Buffer memory address	
			Setting details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
		Value		QD77MS4	QD11NIS10
[Cd.14] New speed value 2000 S		2000	Cot the new eneed	1514+100n	4314+100n
[Cu. 14]	inew speed value	2000	Set the new speed.	1515+100n	4315+100n
[Cd.15]	Speed change request	1	Set "1: Change the speed".	1516+100n	4316+100n

n: Axis No.-1

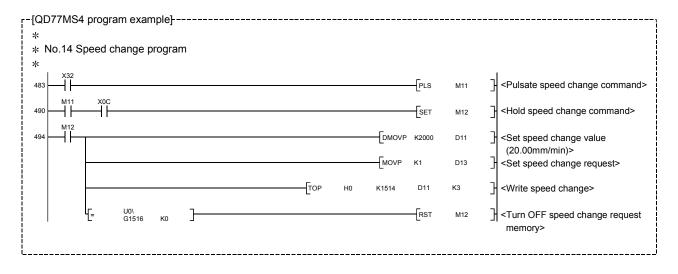
<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.



(2) The following shows the speed change time chart.

Fig. 13.26 Time chart for changing the speed from the PLC CPU

(3) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.



# [4] Setting the speed change function using an external command signal

The speed can also be changed using an "external command signal". The following shows the data settings and sequence program example for changing the control speed of axis 1 using an "external command signal". (In this example, the control speed is changed to "10000.00mm/min".)

(1) Set the following data to change the speed using an external command signal.

(Use the speed change time chart shown in section (2) below as a reference, and set using the sequence program shown in section (3).)

Setting item Setting value		0-44:		Buffer memory address		
			Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.42]	External command function selection	1	Set "1: External speed change request".	62+	150n	
[Cd.8]	External command valid	1	Set "1: Validate the external command".	1505+100n	4305+100n	
[Cd.14]	New speed value	1000000	Set the new speed.	1514+100n 1515+100n	4314+100n 4315+100n	

n: Axis No.-1

\*: Set the external command signal (D1) in "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" at QD77MS16 use. Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" and Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

#### (2) The following shows the speed change time chart.

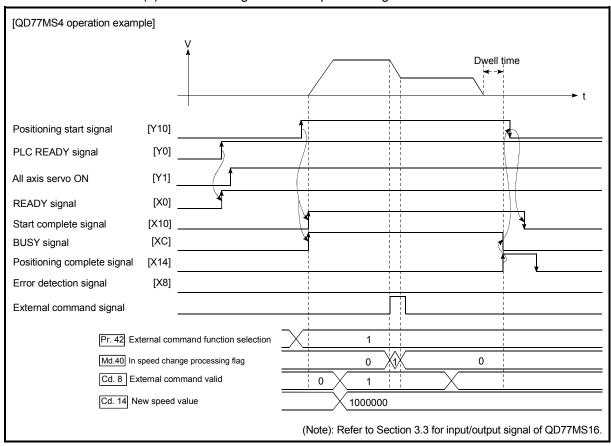
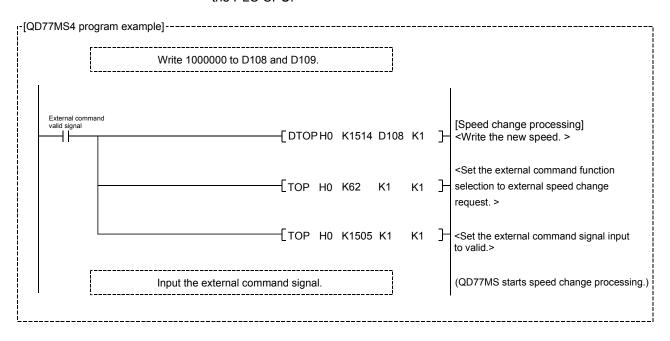


Fig. 13.27 Time chart for changing the speed using an external command signal

(3) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.



#### 13.5.2 Override function

The override function changes the command speed by a designated percentage (1 to 300%) for all control to be executed.

The speed can be changed by setting the percentage (%) by which the speed is changed in "[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Setting the override function

#### [1] Control details

The following shows that operation of the override function.

- 1) A value changed by the override function is monitored by "[Md.22] Feedrate".
- 2) If "[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override" is set to 100%, the speed will not change.
- 3) If "[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override" is set with a value less than "100 (%)" and "[Md.22] Feedrate" is less than "1", the warning "Less than minimum speed" (warning code: 110) occurs and "[Md.22] Feedrate" is set with "1" in any speed unit.
- 4) If there is not enough remaining distance to change the speed due to the "override function", when the speed is changed during the position control of speed-position switching control or position-speed switching control, the operation will be carried out at the speed that could be changed.
- 5) If the speed changed by the override function is greater than the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value", the warning "Speed limit value over" (warning code: 501) will occur and the speed will be controlled at the "[Pr.8] Speed limit value". The "[Md.39] In speed limit flag" will turn ON.

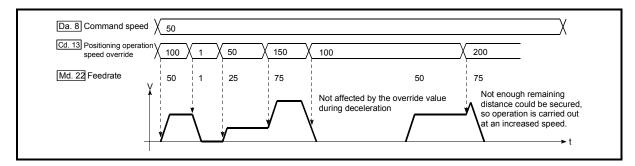


Fig. 13.28 Override function operation

## [2] Precaution during control

- (1) When changing the speed by the override function during continuous path control, the speed change will be ignored if there is not enough distance remaining to carry out the change.
- (2) The warning "Deceleration/stop speed change" (warning code: 500) occurs and the speed cannot be changed by the override function in the following cases

(The value set in "[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override" is validated after a deceleration stop.)

- During deceleration by a stop command
- During automatic deceleration during positioning control
- (3) When the speed is changed by the override function during interpolation control, the required speed is set in the reference axis.
- (4) When carrying out consecutive speed changes by the override function, be sure there is an interval between the speed changes of 100ms or more. (If the interval between speed changes is short, the Simple Motion module will not be able to track, and it may become impossible to carry out commands correctly.)
- (5) When a machine OPR is performed, the speed change by the override function cannot be carried out after a deceleration start to the creep speed following the detection of near-point dog ON. In this case, a request for speed change is ignored.
- (6) When deceleration is started by the override function, the deceleration start flag does not turn ON.
- (7) The override function cannot be used during speed control mode, torque control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode.

# [3] Setting the override function

The following shows the data settings and sequence program example for setting the override value of axis 1 to "200%".

 Set the following data. (Use the speed change time chart shown in section (2) below as a reference, and set using the sequence program shown in section (3).)

		0.41		Buffer memory address		
Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2	OD77MC46		
		value		QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Cd.13]	Positioning operation speed override	200	Set the new speed as a percentage (%).	1513+100n	4313+100n	

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

(2) The following shows a time chart for changing the speed using the override function.

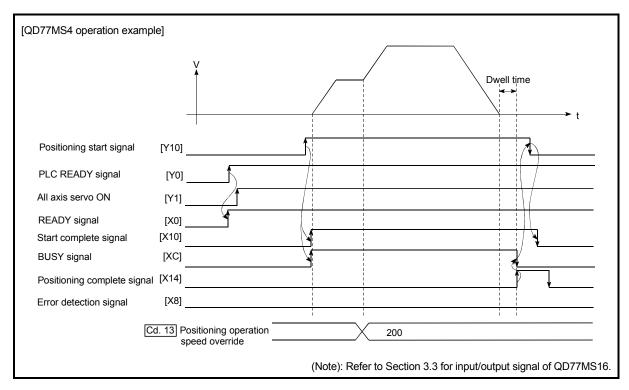
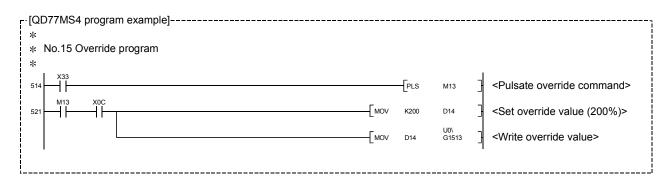


Fig.13.29 Time chart for changing the speed using the override function

(3) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.



#### 13.5.3 Acceleration/deceleration time change function

The "acceleration/deceleration time change function" is used to change the acceleration/deceleration time during a speed change to a random value when carrying out the speed change by the "speed change function" and "override function". In a normal speed change (when the acceleration/deceleration time is not changed), the acceleration/deceleration time previously set in the parameters ([Pr.9], [Pr.10], and [Pr.25] to [Pr.30] values) is set in the positioning parameter data items [Da.3] and [Da.4], and control is carried out with that acceleration/deceleration time. However, by setting the new acceleration/deceleration time ([Cd.10], [Cd.11]) in the control data, and issuing an acceleration/deceleration time change enable command ([Cd.12] Acceleration/deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection) to change the speed when the acceleration/deceleration time change is enabled, the speed will be changed with the new acceleration/deceleration time ([Cd.10], [Cd.11]).

The details shown below explain about the "acceleration/deceleration time change function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Setting the acceleration/deceleration time change function

#### [1] Control details

After setting the following two items, carry out the speed change to change the acceleration/deceleration time during the speed change.

- Set change value of the acceleration/deceleration time ("[Cd.10] New acceleration time value", "[Cd.11] New deceleration time value")
- Setting acceleration/deceleration time change to enable ("[Cd.12] Acceleration/deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection")
   The following drawing shows the operation during an acceleration/deceleration time change.

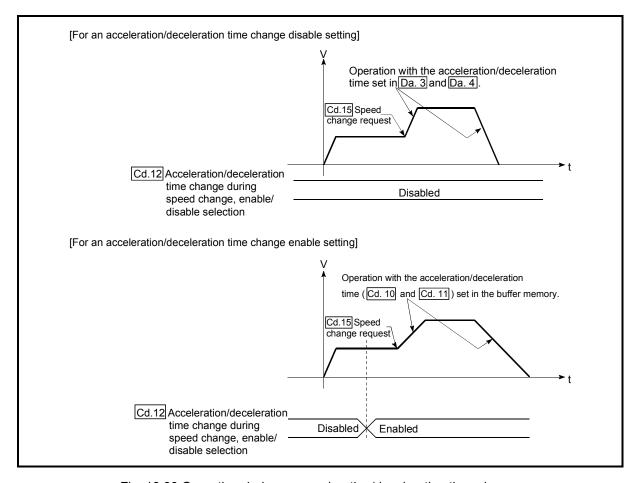
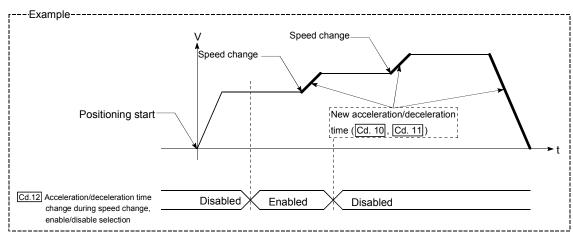


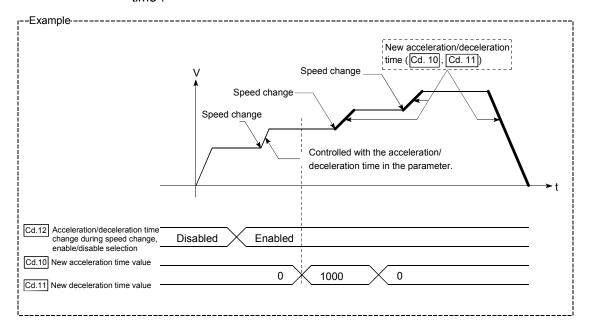
Fig. 13.30 Operation during an acceleration/deceleration time change

## [2] Precautions during control

- (1) When "0" is set in "[Cd.10] New acceleration time value" and "[Cd.11] New deceleration time value", the acceleration/deceleration time will not be changed even if the speed is changed. In this case, the operation will be controlled at the acceleration/deceleration time previously set in the parameters.
- (2) The "new acceleration/deceleration time" is valid during execution of the positioning data for which the speed was changed. In continuous positioning control and continuous path control, the speed is changed and control is carried out with the previously set acceleration/deceleration time at the changeover to the next positioning data, even if the acceleration/ deceleration time is changed to the "new acceleration/deceleration time ([Cd.10], [Cd.11])".
- (3) Even if the acceleration/deceleration time change is set to disable after the "new acceleration/deceleration time" is validated, the positioning data for which the "new acceleration/deceleration time" was validated will continue to be controlled with that value. (The next positioning data will be controlled with the previously set acceleration/deceleration time.)



(4) If the "new acceleration/deceleration time" is set to "0" and the speed is changed after the "new acceleration/deceleration time" is validated, the operation will be controlled with the previous "new acceleration/deceleration time".



(5) The acceleration/deceleration change function cannot be used during speed control mode, torque control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode.

Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control" for the acceleration/deceleration processing during speed control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode.

#### **POINT**

If the speed is changed when an acceleration/deceleration change is enabled, the "new acceleration/deceleration time" will become the acceleration/deceleration time of the positioning data being executed. The "new acceleration/deceleration time" remains valid until the changeover to the next positioning data. (The automatic deceleration processing at the completion of the positioning will also be controlled by the "new acceleration/deceleration time".)

# [3] Setting the acceleration/deceleration time change function

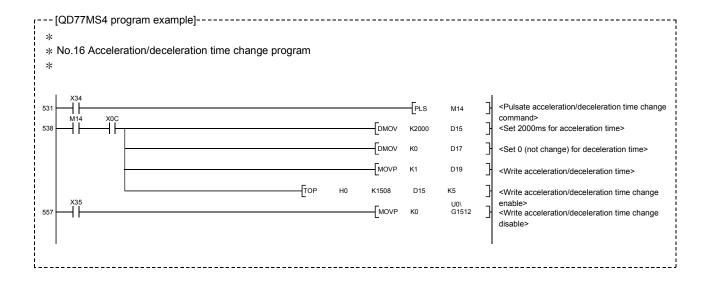
To use the "acceleration/deceleration time change function", write the data shown in the following table to the Simple Motion module using the sequence program.

The set details are validated when a speed change is executed after the details are written to the Simple Motion module.

Setting item		Catting		Buffer memory address	
		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.10]	New acceleration time value	$\rightarrow$	Set the new acceleration time.	1508+100n 1509+100n	4308+100n 4309+100n
[Cd.11]	New deceleration time value	$\rightarrow$	Set the new deceleration time.	1510+100n 1511+100n	4310+100n 4311+100n
[Cd.12]	Acceleration/ deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection	1	Set "1: Acceleration/deceleration time change enable".	1512+100n	4312+100n

n: Axis No.-1

\*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.



# 13.5.4 Torque change function

The "torque change function" is used to change the torque limit value during torque limiting.

The torque limit value at the control start is the value set in the "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value".

The following two change methods in the torque change function.

Torque change function	Details
Forward/reverse torque limit value same setting	The forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value are changed to the same value by the new torque value. (Use this method when they need not be separately set.)
Forward/reverse torque limit value individual setting	The forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value are individually changed respectively by the forward new torque value and reverse new torque value.

\*: Forward torque limit value: The limit value to the generated torque during CW regeneration at the CCW driving of the servo motor.

Reverse torque limit value: The limit value to the generated torque during CCW regeneration at the CW driving of the servo motor.

Set previously "same setting" or "individual setting" of the forward/reverse torque limit value in "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request". Set the new torque value (forward new torque value/reverse new torque value) in the axis control data ([Cd.22] and [Cd.113]) shown below.

	Setting items				
Torque change function	Torque change function switching request ([Cd.112])	New torque value ([Cd.22], [Cd.113])			
Forward/reverse torque limit value same setting	Forward/reverse torque limit value same setting	[Cd.22]	New torque value/ forward new torque value		
		[Cd.113]	Setting invalid		
Forward/reverse torque limit value individual setting	Forward/reverse torque limit value individual setting	[Cd.22]	New torque value/ forward new torque value		
value individual setting	value muividual setting	[Cd.113]	Reverse new torque value		

The details shown below explain about the "torque change function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Setting the torque change function start signal

#### [1] Control details

The torque value (forward new torque value/reverse new torque value) of the axis control data can be changed at all times. The torque can be limited with a new torque value from the time the new torque value has been written to the Simple Motion module.

Note that the delay time until a torque control is executed is max. operation cycle after torque change value was written.

The toque limiting is not carried out from the time the power supply is turned ON to the time the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON.

The new torque value ([Cd.22], [Cd.113]) is cleared to zero at the leading edge (OFF to ON) of the positioning start signal [Y10].

The torque setting range is from 0 to "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value". (When the setting value is 0, a torque change is considered not to be carried out, and it becomes to the value set in "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value". The torque change range is 1 to "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value".)

The following drawing shows the operation at the same setting (Figure 13.31) and the operation at the individual setting (Figure 13.32) for the forward new torque value and reverse new torque value.

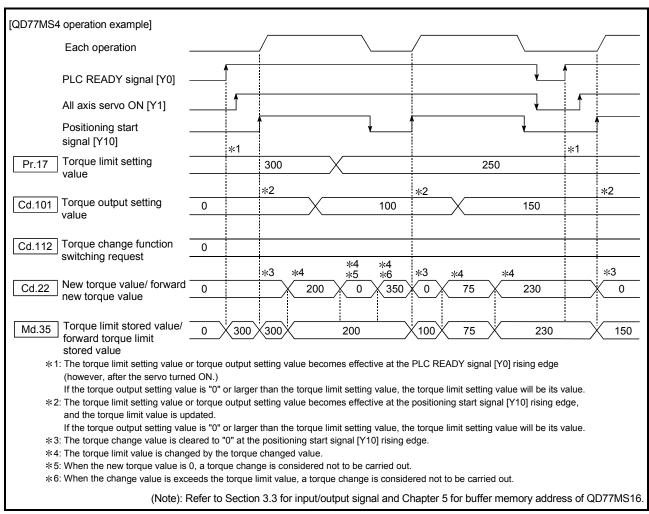


Fig. 13.31 Torque change operation (forward/reverse torque limit value same setting) (Axis 1)

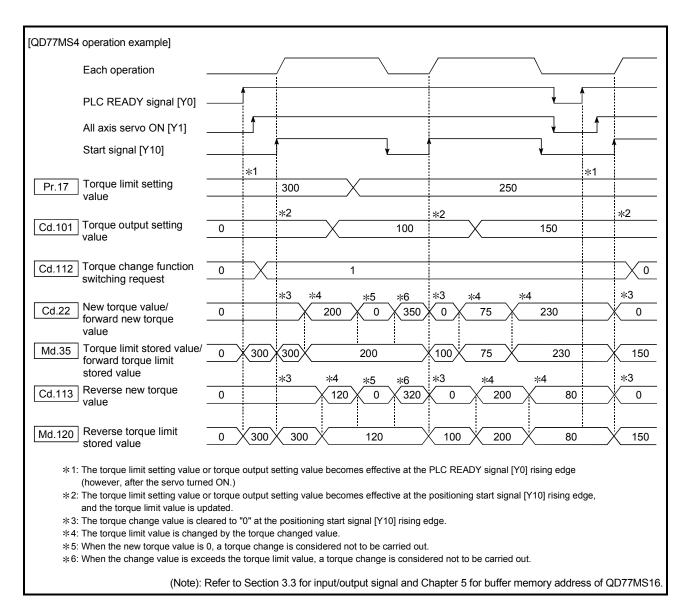


Fig. 13.32 Torque change operation (forward/reverse torque limit value individual setting) (Axis 1)

#### [2] Precautions during control

(1) If a value besides "0" is set in the new torque value, the torque generated by the servomotor will be limited by the setting value. To limit the torque with the value set in "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" or "[Cd.101] Torque output setting value", set "0" to the new torque value.

Setting value of "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request"	Setting item (New Torque value)
Forward/reverse torque limit value same setting	[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value
1: Forward/reverse torque limit value individual	[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value
setting	[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value

- (2) The "[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value" or "[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value" is validated when written to the Simple Motion module.
  - (Note that it is not validated from the time the power supply is turned ON to the time the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON.)
- (3) If the setting value of "[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value" is outside the setting range, the warning "Outside new torque value range/outside forward new torque value range" (warning code: 113) will occur and the torque will not be changed.

  If the setting value of "[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value" is outside the setting range, the warning "Outside reverse new torque value range" (warning code: 115) will occur and the torque will not be changed.
- (4) If the time to hold the new torque value is not more than 100ms, a torque change may not be executed.
- (5) When changing from "0: Forward/reverse torque limit value same setting" to "1: Forward/reverse torque limit value individual setting" by the torque change function, set "0" or same value set in "[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value" in "[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value" before change.

# [3] Setting the torque change function start signal

To use the "torque change function", write the data shown in the following table to the Simple Motion module using the sequence program.

The set details are validated when written to the Simple Motion module.

				Buffer memory address	
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.112]	Torque change function switching request	0: Forward/ reverse torque limit value same setting 1: Forward/ reverse torque limit value individual setting	Sets "same setting/individual setting" of the forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value.  *: Set "0" normally. (When the forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value are not divided.)  *: When a value except "1" is set, it operates as "forward/reverse torque limit value same setting".	1563+100n	4363+100n
[Cd.22]	New torque value/forward new torque value	0 to [Pr.17] Torque limit setting value	When "0" is set to "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request", a new torque limit value is set. (This value is set to the forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value.) When "1" is set to "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request", a new forward torque limit value is set.	1525+100n	4325+100n
[Cd.113]	Reverse new torque value	0 to [Pr.17] Torque limit setting value	"1" is set in "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request", a new reverse torque limit value is set.  *: When "0" is set in "[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request", the setting value is invalid.	1564+100n	4364+100n

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

#### 13.5.5 Target position change function

The "target position change function" is a function to change a target position to a newly designated target position at any timing during the position control (1-axis linear control). A command speed can also be changed simultaneously.

The target position and command speed changed are set directly in the buffer memory, and the target position change is executed by "[Cd.29] Target position change request flag".

The following shows the details of the "target position change function".

- [1] Details of control
- [2] Precaution during operation
- [3] Method of setting target position change function from PLC CPU

#### [1] Details of control

The following charts show the details of control of the target position change function

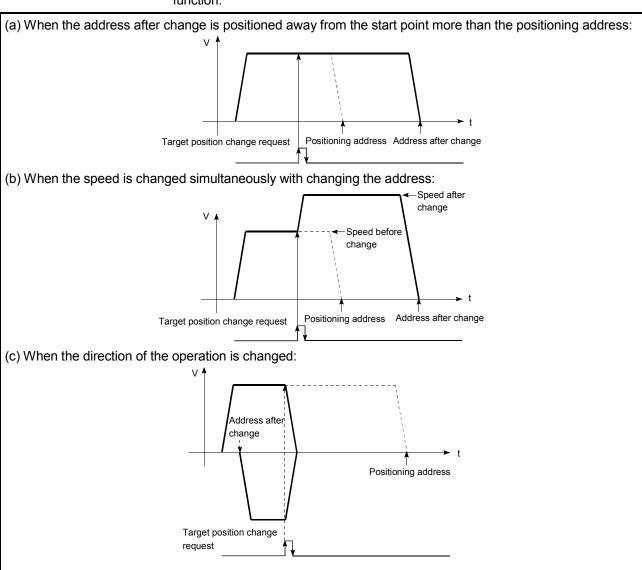


Fig. 13.33 Target position change operation

## [2] Precautions during operation

- (1) If the positioning movement direction from the stop position to a new target position is reversed, stop the operation once and then position to the new target position. (Refer to Fig. 13.33 (c).)
- (2) If a command speed exceeding the speed limit value is set to change the command speed, the warning "Speed limit value over" (warning code: 501) will occur and the new command speed will be the speed limit value. Also, if the command speed change disables the remaining distance to the target value from being assured, the warning "Insufficient remaining distance" will occur (warning code: 509).
- (3) In the following cases, a target position change request given is ignored and the warning "Target position change not possible" (warning code: 518) occurs.
  - During interpolation control
  - A new target position value (address) is outside the software stroke limit range.
  - The axis is decelerating to a stop by a stop cause.
  - While the positioning data whose operation pattern is continuous path control is executed.
  - When the speed change 0 flag ([Md.31] Status: b10) is ON.
- (4) When a command speed is changed, the current speed is also changed. When the next positioning speed uses the current speed in the continuous positioning, the next positioning operation is carried out at the new speed value. When the speed is set with the next positioning data, the speed becomes the current speed and the operation is carried out at the current speed.
- (5) When a target position change request is given during automatic deceleration in position control, positioning control to a new position is exercised after the axis has stopped once if the moving direction is reversed. If the moving direction is not reversed, the axis is accelerated to the command speed again and positioned to the new position.
- (6) If the constant speed status is regained or the output is reversed by a target position change made while "[Md.48] Deceleration start flag" is ON, the deceleration start flag remains ON. (For details, refer to Section 13.7.8.)
- (7) Carrying out the target position change to the ABS linear 1 in degrees may carry out the positioning to the new target position after the operation decelerates to stop once, even the movement direction is not reversed.

#### **POINT**

When carrying out the target position change continuously, take an interval of 100 ms or longer between the times of the target position changes. Also, take an interval of 100 ms or longer when the speed change and override is carried out after changing the target position or the target position change is carried out after the speed change and override.

- [3] Method of setting target position change function from PLC CPU
  The following table and chart show the example of a data setting and sequence
  program used to change the target position of the axis 1 by the command from
  the PLC CPU, respectively. (example in which the target position value and
  command speed are changed to a new target position of "300.0 µm" and a new
  command speed of "10000.00 mm/min".)
  - (1) The following data is set.

    (Referring to the target position change time chart shown in item (2) below, carry out the setting with the sequence program shown in item (3).)

Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	Buffer memory address	
				QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.27]	Target position change value (New address)	3000	Set the new address.	1534+100n 1535+100n	4334+100n 4335+100n
[Cd.28]	Target position change value (New speed)	1000000	Set the new speed.	1536+100n 1537+100n	4336+100n 4337+100n
[Cd.29]	Target position change request flag	1	Set "1: Requests a change in the target position".	1538+100n	4338+100n

n: Axis No.-1

\*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

(2) The following shows the time chart for target position change.

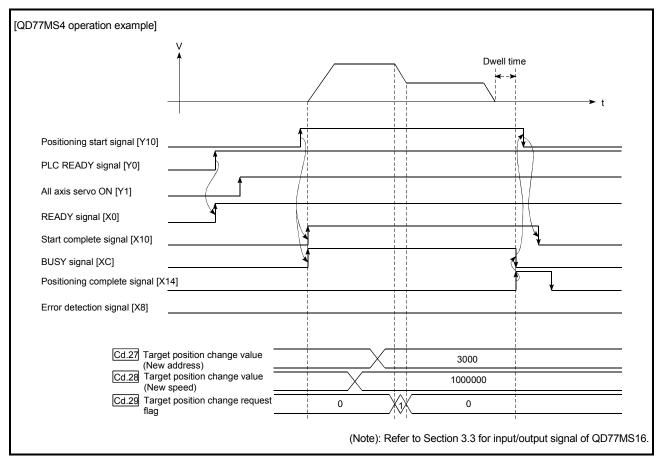
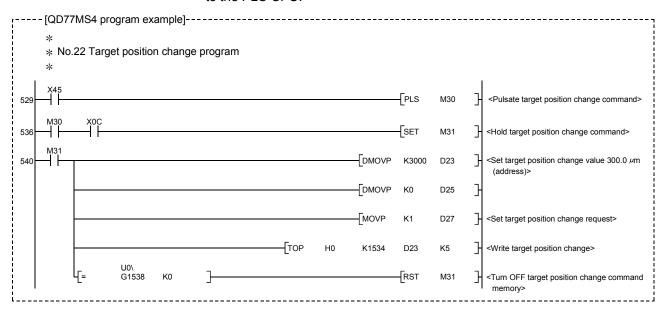


Fig. 13.34 Time chart for target position change from PLC CPU

(3) The following sequence program is added to the control program, and written to the PLC CPU.



#### 13.6 Absolute position system

The Simple Motion module can construct an absolute position system by installing the absolute position system and connecting it through SSCNETII/H.

The following describes precautions when constructing the absolute position system. The configuration of the absolute position system is shown below.

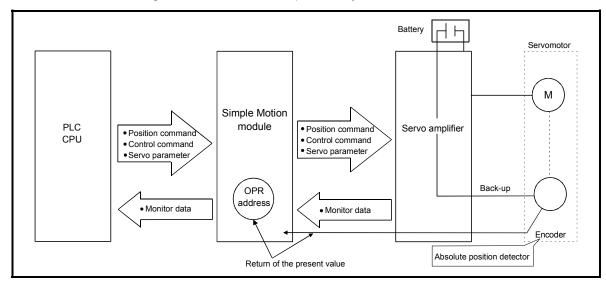


Fig. 13.35 Configuration of absolute position system

## [1] Setting for absolute positions

For constructing an absolute position system, use a servo amplifier and a servomotor which enable absolute position detection.

It is also necessary to install a battery for retaining the location of the OPR in the servo amplifier. To use the absolute position system, select "1: Enabled (absolute position detection system)" in "Absolute position detection system (PA03)" in the amplifier setting for the servo parameters (basic setting).

Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details of the absolute position system.

	Buffer memory address		
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
Absolute position detection system (PA03)	30103+200n	28403+100n	

n: Axis No.-1

# [2] OPR

The absolute position system can establish the OP position, using "Data set method", "Near-point dog method", "Count method" and "Scale origin signal detection method" OPR method.

In the "Data set method" OPR method, the location to which the location of the OP position is moved by manual operation (JOG operation/manual pulse generator operation) is treated as the OP position.

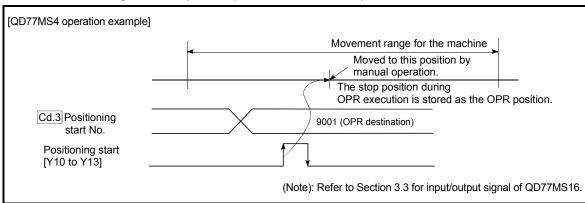


Fig. 13.36 Operation of the OPR execution

#### 13.7 Other functions

Other functions include the "step function", "skip function", "M code output function", "teaching function", "command in-position function", "acceleration/deceleration processing function", "pre-reading start function", "deceleration start flag function", "stop command processing for deceleration stop function", "follow up processing function", "speed control 10 × multiplier setting for degree axis function" and "operation setting for incompletion of OPR function". Each function is executed by parameter setting or sequence program creation and writing.

#### 13.7.1 Step function

The "step function" is used to confirm each operation of the positioning control one by one.

It is used in debugging work for major positioning control, etc.

A positioning operation in which a "step function" is used is called a "step operation". In step operations, the timing for stopping the control can be set. (This is called the "step mode".) Control stopped by a step operation can be continued by setting "step continues (to continue the control)" in the "step start information".

The details shown below explain about the "step function".

- [1] Relation between the step function and various controls
- [2] Step mode
- [3] Step start information
- [4] Using the step operation
- [5] Control details
- [6] Precautions during control
- [7] Step function settings
- [1] Relation between the step function and various controls

  The following table shows the relation between the "step function" and various controls.

		Control type	Step function	Step applicability	
OPR control	Machine OPR control		×	Step operation not possible	
OFK COILLOI	Fast OPR control		×	Step operation not possible	
		1-axis linear control	0		
		2 to 4-axes linear interpolation control	0		
		1-axis fixed-feed control	0	Stop operation possible	
		2 to 4- axes fixed-feed control (interpolation)	0	Step operation possible	
Major positioning		2-axis circular interpolation control	0	1	
control	1 to 4- a	xes Speed control	×	Step operation not possible	
		osition switching control	0		
	Position-	osition-speed switching control		Step operation possible	
	Other control	Current value changing	0		
		JUMP instruction, NOP instruction, LOOP to LEND	×	Step operation not possible	
Manual control	JOG operation, Inching operation		×	Stan aparation not possible	
Manual control	Manual pulse generator operation		×		
Expansion control Speed-torque control			×	Step operation not possible	

 $<sup>\</sup>bigcirc$ : Set when required,  $\times$ : Setting not possible

# [2] Step mode

In step operations, the timing for stopping the control can be set. This is called the "step mode". (The "step mode" is set in the control data "[Cd.34] Step mode".)

The following shows the two types of "step mode" functions.

#### (1) Deceleration unit step

The operation stops at positioning data requiring automatic deceleration. (A normal operation will be carried out until the positioning data requiring automatic deceleration is found. Once found, that positioning data will be executed, and the operation will then automatically decelerate and stop.)

#### (2) Data No. unit step

The operation automatically decelerates and stops for each positioning data. (Even in continuous path control, an automatic deceleration and stop will be forcibly carried out.)

# [3] Step start information

Control stopped by a step operation can be continued by setting "step continues" (to continue the control) in the "step start information". (The "step start information" is set in the control data "[Cd.36] Step start information".) The following table shows the results of starts using the "step start information" during step operation.

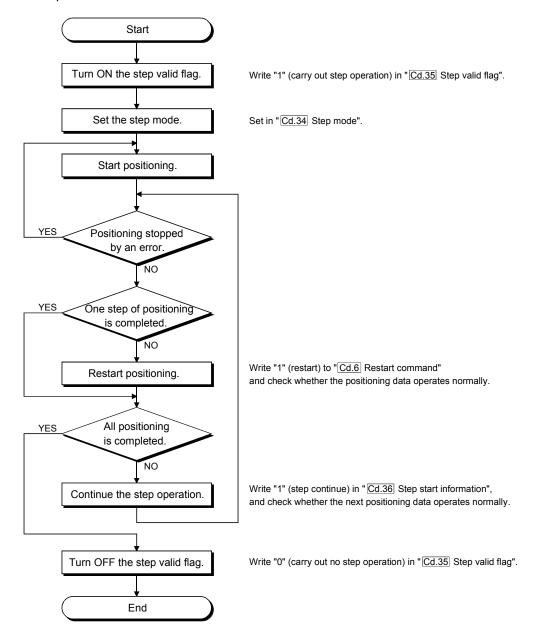
Stop status in the step operation	[Md.26] Axis operation status	[Cd.36] Step start information	Step start results
1 step of positioning stopped normally	Step standby	1: Continues step operation	The next positioning data is executed.

The warning "Step not possible" (warning code: 511) will occur if the "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is as shown below or the step valid flag is OFF when step start information is set.

[Md.26] Axis operation status	Step start results
Standby	
Stopped	
Interpolation	
JOG operation	
Manual pulse generator operation	
Analyzing	
Special start standby	
OPR	
Position control	
Speed control	Step not continued by warning
Speed control in speed-position switching control	
Position control in speed-position switching control	
Speed control in position-speed switching control	
Position control in position-speed switching control	
Synchronous control	
Control mode switch	
Speed control	
Torque control	
Continuous operation to torque control	

# [4] Using the step operation

The following shows the procedure for checking positioning data using the step operation.



# [5] Control details

(1) The following drawing shows a step operation during a "deceleration unit step".

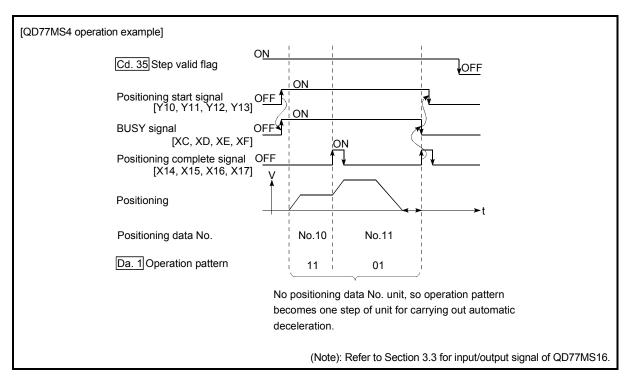


Fig. 13.37 Operation during step execution by deceleration unit step

(2) The following drawing shows a step operation during a "data No. unit step".

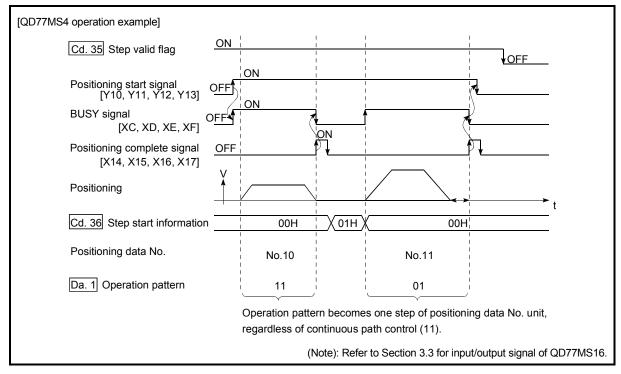


Fig. 13.38 Operation during step execution positioning data No. unit step

# [6] Precautions during control

- (1) When step operation is carried out using interpolation control positioning data, the step function settings are carried out for the reference axis.
- (2) When the step valid flag is ON, the step operation will start from the beginning if the positioning start signal is turned ON while "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is "step standby". (The step operation will be carried out from the positioning data set in "[Cd.3] Positioning start No.".)

# [7] Step function settings

To use the "step function", write the data shown in the following table to the Simple Motion module using the sequence program. Refer to section [4] "Using the step operation" for the timing of the settings.

The set details are validated when written to the Simple Motion module.

		0-44:		Buffer memory address	
Setting item		value i		QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.34]	Step mode	$\rightarrow$	Set "0: Stepping by deceleration units" or "1: Stepping by data No. units".	1544+100n	4344+100n
[Cd.35]	Step valid flag	1	Set "1: Validates step operations".	1545+100n	4345+100n
[Cd.36]	Step start information	$\rightarrow$	Set "1: Continues step operation", depending on the stop status.	1546+100n	4346+100n

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

# 13.7.2 Skip function

The "skip function" is used to stop (deceleration stop) the control of the positioning data being executed at the time of the skip signal input, and execute the next positioning data.

A skip is executed by a skip command ([Cd.37] Skip command) or external command signal.

The "skip function" can be used during control in which positioning data is used.

The details shown below explain about the "skip function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Setting the skip function from the PLC CPU
- [4] Setting the skip function using an external command signal

#### [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the skip function operation.

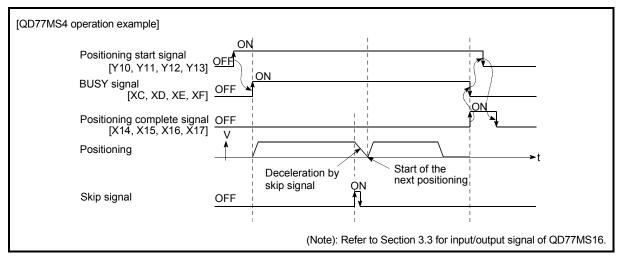


Fig. 13.39 Operation when a skip signal is input during positioning control

#### [2] Precautions during control

- (1) If the skip signal is turned ON at the last of an operation, a deceleration stop will occur and the operation will be terminated.
- (2) When a control is skipped (when the skip signal is turned ON during a control), the positioning complete signals will not turn ON.
- (3) When the skip signal is turned ON during the dwell time, the remaining dwell time will be ignored, and the next positioning data will be executed.
- (4) When a control is skipped during interpolation control, the reference axis skip signal is turned ON. When the reference axis skip signal is turned ON, a deceleration stop will be carried out for every axis, and the next reference axis positioning data will be executed.
- (5) The M code ON signals will not turn ON when the M code output is set to the AFTER mode (when "1: AFTER mode" is set in "[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing"). (In this case, the M code will not be stored in "[Md.25] Valid M code".)

- (6) The skip cannot be carried out by the speed control and position-speed switching control.
- (7) If the skip signal is turned ON with the M code signal turned ON, the transition to the next data is not carried out until the M code signal is turned OFF.

# [3] Setting the skip function from the PLC CPU

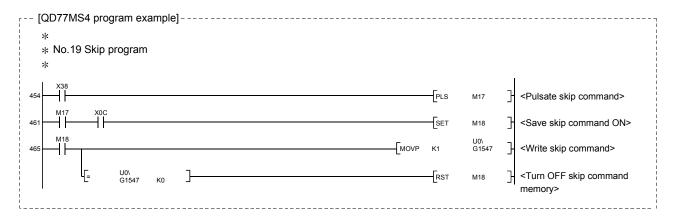
The following shows the settings and sequence program example for skipping the control being executed in axis 1 with a command from the PLC CPU.

 Set the following data.
 (The setting is carried out using the sequence program shown below in section (2)).

Γ				Buffer memory address	
	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
		Value		QD77MS4	
	[Cd.37] Skip command	1	Set "1: Skip request".	1547+100n	4347+100n

n: Axis No.-1

- \*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
  - (2) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.
    - When the "skip command" is input, the value "1" (skip request) set in "[Cd.37] Skip command" is written to the buffer memory of Simple Motion module.



- [4] Setting the skip function using an external command signal

  The skip function can also be executed using an "external command signal".

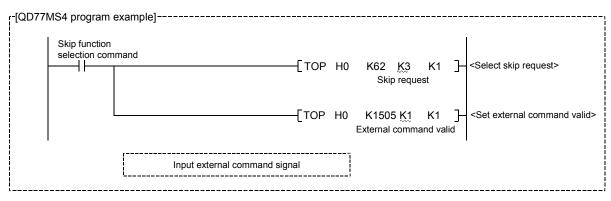
  The following shows the settings and sequence program example for skipping the control being executed in axis 1 using an "external command signal".
  - (1) Set the following data to execute the skip function using an external command signal.

(The setting is carried out using the sequence program shown below in section (2)).

		0-44:		Buffer memory add		ory address
Setting ite	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.42]	External command function selection	3	Set "3: Skip request".	62+	150n	
[Cd.8]	External command valid	1	Set "1: Validate external command".	1505+100n	4305+100n	

n: Axis No.-1

- \*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameter" or Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
  - (2) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.



# 13.7.3 M code output function

The "M code output function" is used to command sub work (clamping, drill rotation, tool replacement, etc.) related to the positioning data being executed.

When the M code ON signal is turned ON during positioning execution, a No. called the M code is stored in "[Md.25] Valid M code". These "[Md.25] Valid M code" are read from the PLC CPU, and used to command auxiliary work. M codes can be set for each positioning data. (Set in setting item "[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions" of the positioning data.)

The timing for outputting (storing) the M codes can also be set in the "M code output function".

Signal	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
M code ON signal	X4, X5, X6, X7	M code ON ([Md.31] Status: b12)

The details shown below explain about the "M code output function".

- [1] M code ON signal output timing
- [2] M code OFF request
- [3] Precautions during control
- [4] Setting the M code output function
- [5] Reading M codes

# [1] M code ON signal output timing

The timing for outputting (storing) the M codes can be set in the "M code output function". (The M code is stored in "[Md.25] Valid M code" when the M code ON signal is turned ON.)

The following shows the two types of timing for outputting M codes: the "WITH mode" and the "AFTER mode".

#### (1) WITH mode

The M code ON signal is turned ON at the positioning start, and the M code is stored in "[Md.25] Valid M code".

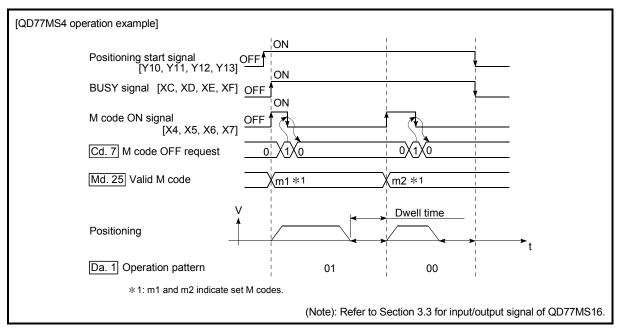


Fig. 13.40 M code ON/OFF timing (WITH mode)

# (2) AFTER mode

The M code ON signal is turned ON at the positioning completion, and the M code is stored in "[Md.25] Valid M code".

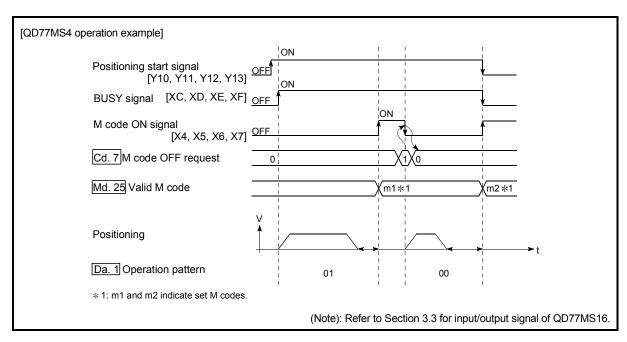


Fig. 13.41 M code ON/OFF timing (AFTER mode)

# [2] M code ON signal OFF request

When the M code ON signal is ON, it must be turned OFF by the sequence program.

To turn OFF the M code ON signal, set "1" (turn OFF the M code signal) in "[Cd.7] M code OFF request".

	0-44:		Buffer mem	ory address
Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
	value		QD77MS4	טו אווז זעט
[Cd.7] M code OFF request	1	Set "1: Turn OFF the M code ON signal".	1504+100n	4304+100n

n: Axis No.-1

\*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

The next positioning data will be processed as follows if the M code ON signal is not turned OFF. (The processing differs according to the "[Da.1] Operation pattern".)

	[Da.1] Operation pattern	Processing	
(i ositioning control)		The next positioning data will not be executed until the M code ON	
01	Continuous positioning control	signal is turned OFF.	
11		The next positioning data will be executed. If the M code is set to the next positioning data, the warning "M code ON signal ON" (warning code: 503) will occur.	

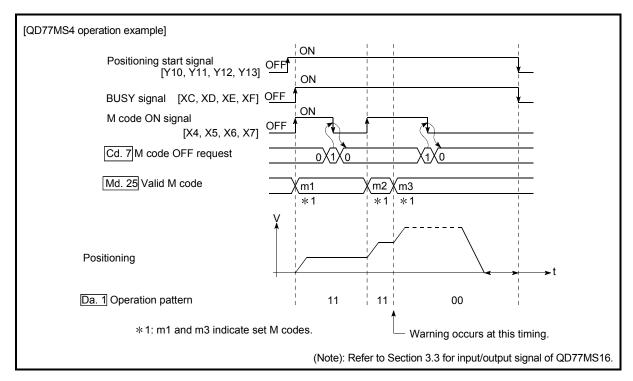


Fig. 13.42 Warning due to an M code ON signal during continuous path control

#### **POINT**

If the M code output function is not required, set a "0" in setting item "[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions" of the positioning data.

# [3] Precautions during control

- During interpolation control, the reference axis M code ON signal is turned ON.
- (2) The M code ON signal will not turn ON if "0" is set in "[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions". (The M code will not be output, and the previously output value will be held in "[Md.25] Valid M code".)
- (3) If the M code ON signal is ON at the positioning start, the error "M code ON signal start" (error code: 536) will occur, and the positioning will not start.
- (4) If the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF, the M code ON signal will turn OFF and "0" will be stored in "[Md.25] Valid M code".
- (5) If the positioning operation time is short during continuous path control, there will not be enough time to turn OFF the M code ON signal, and the warning "M code ON signal ON" (warning code: 503) may occur. In this case, set a "0" in the "[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions" of that section's positioning data to prevent the M code from being output for avoiding the warning occurrence.
- (6) In the AFTER mode during speed control, the M code is not output and the M code ON signal does not turn ON.
- (7) If current value changing where "9003" has been set to "[Cd.3] Positioning start No." is performed, the M code output function is made invalid.

# [4] Setting the M code output function

The following shows the settings to use the "M code output function".

- (1) Set the M code No. in the positioning data "[Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions".
- (2) Set the timing to output the M code ON signal.

Set the required value in the following parameter, and write it to the Simple Motion module.

The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

		0.45		Buffer mem	ory address
Setting item		Setting Setting details		QD77MS2	QD77MS16
		Value		QD77MS4	QD//IVIS 10
[Pr.18]	M code ON signal output timing	$\rightarrow$	Set the timing to output the M code ON signal. 0: WITH mode 1: AFTER mode	27+	150n

n: Axis No.-1

# [5] Reading M codes

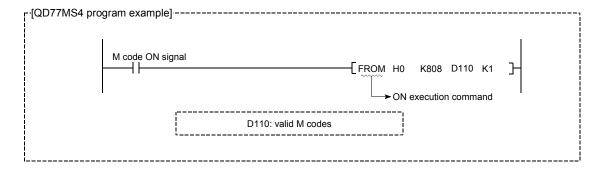
"M codes" are stored in the following buffer memory when the M code ON signal turns ON.

		Ma		Buffer memory address	
ľ	Monitor item	Monitor value	Storage details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
		Value		QD77MS4	QD//IVIS IO
[Md.25]	Valid M code	$\rightarrow$	The M code No. ([Da.10] M code/Condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions) set in the positioning data is stored.	808+100n	2408+100n

n: Axis No.-1

The following shows a sequence program example for reading the "[Md.25] Valid M code" to the PLC CPU data register (D110). (The read value is used to command the sub work.)

Read M codes not as "rising edge commands", but as "ON execution commands".



<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" for information on the storage details.

# 13.7.4 Teaching function

The "teaching function" is used to set addresses aligned using the manual control (JOG operation, inching operation manual pulse generator operation) in the positioning data addresses ("[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount", "[Da.7] Arc address").

The details shown below explain about the "teaching function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Data used in teaching
- [4] Teaching procedure
- [5] Teaching program example

#### [1] Control details

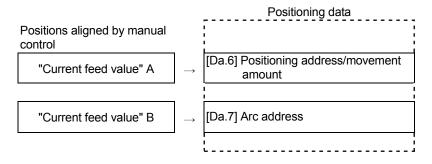
#### Teaching timing

Teaching is executed using the sequence program when the BUSY signal is OFF. (During manual control, teaching can be carried out as long as the axis is not BUSY, even when an error or warning has occurred.)

Signal	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
BUSY signal	XC to XF	X10 to X1F

## (2) Addresses for which teaching is possible

The addresses for which teaching is possible are "current feed values" ([Md.20] Current feed value) having the OP as a reference. The settings of the "movement amount" used in incremental system positioning cannot be used. In the teaching function, these "current feed values" are set in the "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" or "[Da.7] Arc address".



# (3) Dedicated instructions "ZP.TEACH 1, ZP.TEACH 2, ZP.TEACH 3, ZP.TEACH 4"

When the dedicated instructions "ZP.TEACH 1, ZP.TEACH 2, ZP.TEACH 3, ZP.TEACH 4" are used to execute the teaching function, the programming becomes easier. Refer to Chapter 15 "Dedicated Instructions" for details.

# [2] Precautions during control

- (1) Before teaching, a "machine OPR" must be carried out to establish the OP. (When a current value changing, etc., is carried out, "[Md.20] Current feed value" may not show absolute addresses having the OP as a reference.)
- (2) Teaching cannot be carried out for positions to which movement cannot be executed by manual control (positions to which the workpiece cannot physically move). (During center point designation circular interpolation control, etc., teaching of "[Da.7] Arc address" cannot be carried out if the center point of the arc is not within the moveable range of the workpiece.)
- (3) Writing to the flash ROM can be executed up to 100,000 times. If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing may become impossible (assured value is up to 100,000 times). If the error "Flash ROM write number error" (error code: 805) occurs when writing to the flash ROM has been completed, check whether or not the program is created so as to write continuously to the flash ROM.

# [3] Data used in teaching

The following control data is used in teaching.

		0.411		Buffer mem	ory address
\$	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.1]	Flash ROM write request	1	Write the set details to the flash ROM (backup the changed data).	1900	5900
[Cd.38]	Teaching data selection	$\rightarrow$	Sets to which "current feed value" is written.  0: Written to "[Da.6] Positioning address/ movement amount".  1: Written to "[Da.7] Arc address".	1548+100n	4348+100n
[Cd.39]	Teaching positioning data No.	$\rightarrow$	Designates the data to be taught. (Teaching is carried out when the setting value is 1 to 600.) When teaching has been completed, this data is zero cleared.	1549+100n	4349+100n

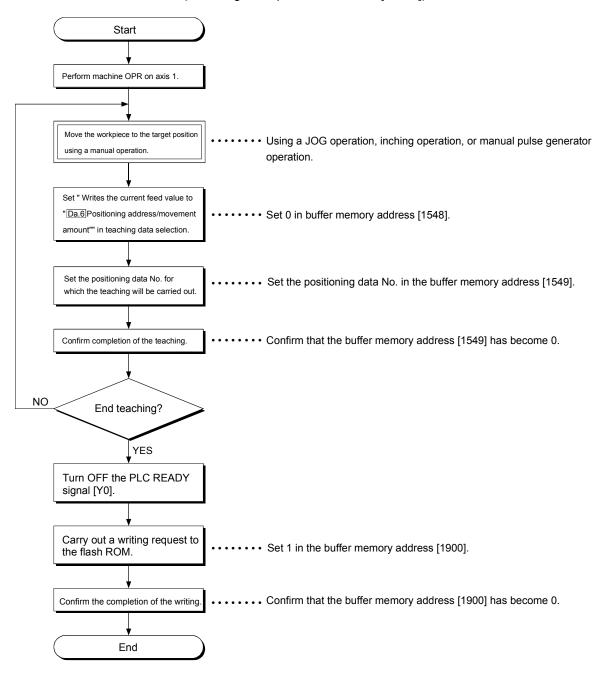
n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

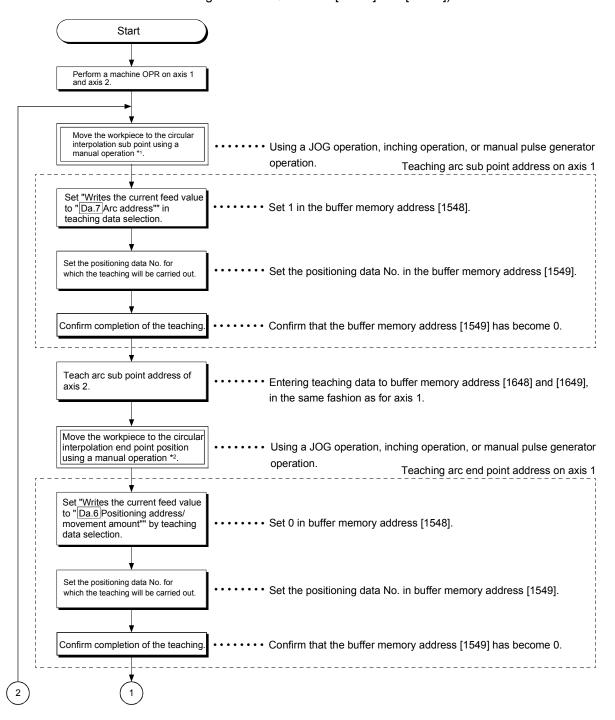
# [4] Teaching procedure

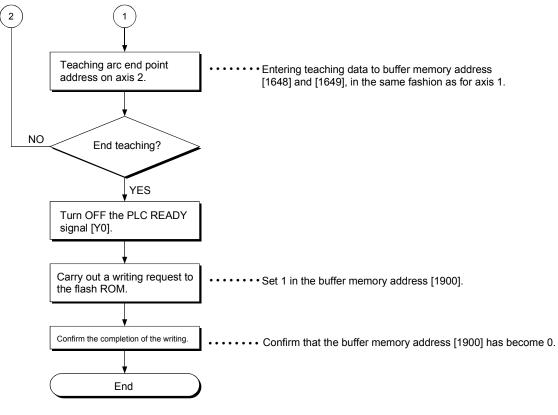
The following shows the procedure for a teaching operation.

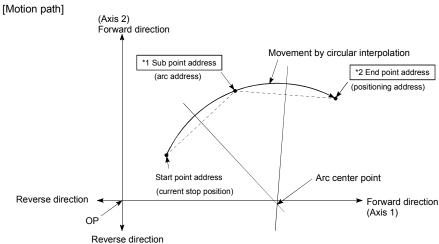
(1) When teaching to the "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" (Teaching example on QD77MS4 [axis 1])



(2) When teaching to the "[Da.7] Arc address", then teaching to the "[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount" (Teaching example for 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation on QD77MS4 [axis 1] and [axis 2])







- \*1: The sub point address is stored in the arc address.
- \*2: The end point address is stored in the positioning address.

## [5] Teaching program example

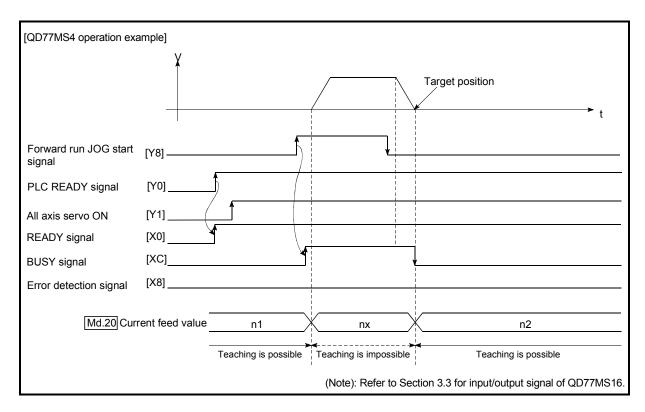
The following shows a sequence program example for setting (writing) the positioning data obtained with the teaching function to the Simple Motion module.

#### Setting conditions

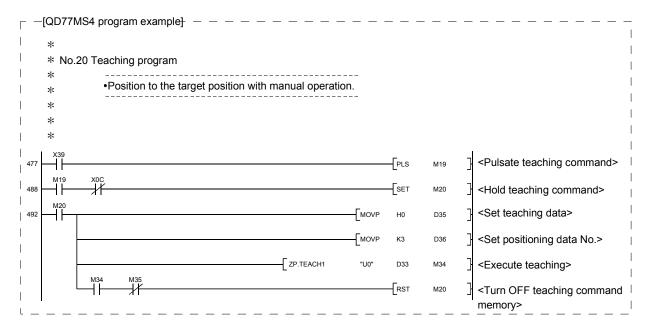
• When setting the current feed value as the positioning address, write it when the BUSY signal is OFF.

## (2) Program example

- The following example shows a program to carry out the teaching of axis 1 by the dedicated instruction "ZP.TEACH 1".
  - 1) Move the workpiece to the target position using a JOG operation (or an inching operation, a manual pulse generator operation).



2) Carry out the teaching operation with the following program.



# **POINT**

- (1) Confirm the teaching function and teaching procedure before setting the positioning data.
- (2) The positioning addresses that are written are absolute address (ABS) values.
- (3) The positioning data written by the teaching function overwrites the data of the buffer memory only. Therefore, read from the buffer memory and write to the flash ROM before turning the power OFF as necessary.

# 13.7.5 Command in-position function

The "command in-position function" checks the remaining distance to the stop position during the automatic deceleration of positioning control, and sets "1". This flag is called the "command in-position flag". The command in-position flag is used as a front-loading signal indicating beforehand the completion of the position control.

The details shown below explain about the "command in-position function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Setting the command in-position function
- [4] Confirming the command in-position flag

#### [1] Control details

The following shows control details of the command in-position function.

(1) When the remaining distance to the stop position during the automatic deceleration of positioning control becomes equal to or less than the value set in "[Pr.16] Command in-position width", "1" is stored in the command inposition flag ([Md.31] Status: b2).

(Command in-position width check)

Remaining distance ≤ "[Pr.16] Command in-position width" setting value

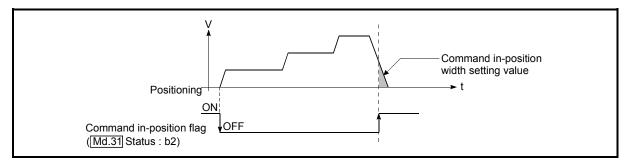


Fig. 13.43 Command in-position operation

(2) A command in-position width check is carried out every operation cycle.

# [2] Precautions during control

- (1) A command in-position width check will not be carried out in the following cases.
  - · During speed control
  - During speed control in speed-position switching control
  - During speed control in position-speed switching control
  - · During speed control mode
  - During torque control mode
  - · During continuous operation to torque control mode

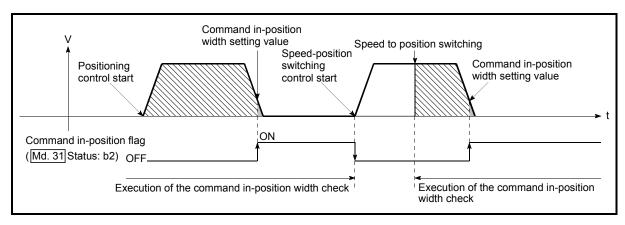


Fig. 13.44 Command in-position width check

- (2) The command in-position flag will be turned OFF in the following cases. ("0" will be stored in "[Md.31] Status: b2".)
  - · At the positioning control start
  - At the speed control start
  - At the speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control start
  - At the OPR control start
  - At the JOG operation start
  - · At the inching operation start
  - When the manual pulse generator operation is enabled
- (3) The "[Pr.16] Command in-position width" and command in-position flag ([Md.31] Status: b2) of the reference axis are used during interpolation control.

When the "[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method" is "Composite speed", the command in-position width check is carried out in the remaining distance on the composite axis (line/arc connecting the start point address and end point address).

# [3] Setting the command in-position function

To use the "command in-position function", set the required value in the parameter shown in the following table, and write it to the Simple Motion module. The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

S	etting item	Setting value	Setting details	Factory-set initial value
	Command in- position width	$\rightarrow$	Turn ON the command in-position flag, and set the remaining distance to the stop position of the position control.	100

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

# [4] Confirming the command in-position flag

The "command in-position flag" is stored in the following buffer memory.

				Buffer mem	ory address
N	Ionitor item	Monitor value	Storage details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.31]	Status	$\rightarrow$	The command in-position flag is stored in the "b2" position.	817+100n	2417+100n

n: Axis No.-1

# REMARK

- · Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" for information on the storage details.

# 13.7.6 Acceleration/deceleration processing function

The "acceleration/deceleration processing function" adjusts the acceleration/deceleration of each control to the acceleration/deceleration curve suitable for device.

Setting the acceleration/deceleration time changes the slope of the acceleration/deceleration curve.

The following two methods can be selected for the acceleration/deceleration curve:

- Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration
- S-curve acceleration/deceleration

Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control" for acceleration/deceleration processing of speed-torque control.

The details shown below explain about the "acceleration/deceleration processing function".

- [1] "Acceleration/deceleration time 0 to 3" control details and setting
- [2] "Acceleration/deceleration method setting" control details and setting
- [1] "Acceleration/deceleration time 0 to 3" control details and setting In the Simple Motion module, four types each of acceleration time and deceleration time can be set. By using separate acceleration/deceleration times, control can be carried out with different acceleration/deceleration times for positioning control, JOG operation, OPR, etc.

Set the required values for the acceleration/deceleration time in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the Simple Motion module. The set details are validated when written to the Simple Motion module.

	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	Factory-set initial value
[Pr.9]	Acceleration time 0	$\rightarrow$	Set the acceleration time at a value within the range of 1 to 8388608 ms.	1000
[Pr.25]	Acceleration time 1	$\rightarrow$		1000
[Pr.26]	Acceleration time 2	$\rightarrow$		1000
[Pr.27]	Acceleration time 3	$\rightarrow$		1000
[Pr.10]	Deceleration time 0	$\rightarrow$		1000
[Pr.28]	Deceleration time 1	$\rightarrow$	Set the deceleration time at a value within the range	1000
[Pr.29]	Deceleration time 2	$\rightarrow$	of 1 to 8388608 ms.	1000
[Pr.30]	Deceleration time 3	$\rightarrow$		1000

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

[2] "Acceleration/deceleration method setting" control details and setting

In the "acceleration/deceleration method setting", the acceleration/deceleration processing method is selected and set. The set acceleration/deceleration processing is applied to all acceleration/deceleration. (except for inching operation, manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control.)

The two types of "acceleration/deceleration processing method" are shown below.

(1) Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing method This is a method in which linear acceleration/deceleration is carried out based on the acceleration time, deceleration time, and speed limit value set by the user.

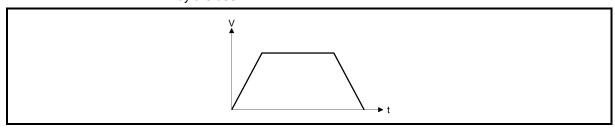


Fig. 13.45 Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing method

(2) S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing method In this method, the motor burden is reduced during starting and stopping. This is a method in which acceleration/deceleration is carried out gradually, based on the acceleration time, deceleration time, speed limit value, and "[Pr.35] S-curve ratio" (1 to 100%) set by the user.

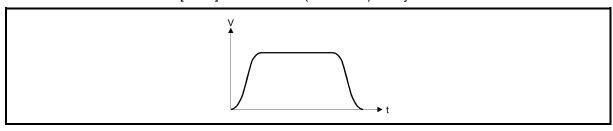


Fig. 13.46 S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing method

When a speed change request or override request is given during S-curve acceleration/ deceleration processing, S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing begins at a speed change request or override request start.

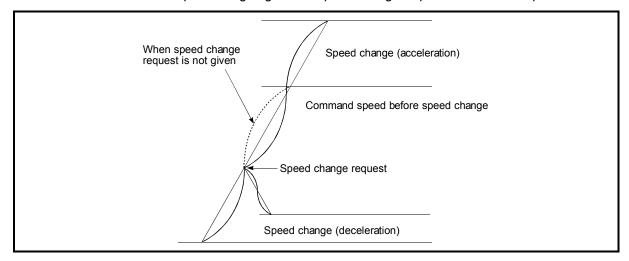


Fig. 13.47 Speed change during S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing

Set the required values for the "acceleration/deceleration method setting" in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the Simple Motion module.

The set details are validated when written to the Simple Motion module.

Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	Factory-set initial value
[Pr.34]	Acceleration/ deceleration process selection	$\rightarrow$	Set the acceleration/deceleration method.  0: Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing  1: S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing	0
Set the acceleration/		Set the acceleration/deceleration curve when "1" is set in "[Pr.34] Acceleration/deceleration process selection".	100	

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

# REMARK

- · Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

# 13.7.7 Pre-reading start function

The "pre-reading start function" does not start servo while the execution prohibition flag is ON if a positioning start request is given with the execution prohibition flag ON, and starts servo within operation cycle after OFF of the execution prohibition flag is detected. The positioning start request is given when the axis is in a standby status, and the execution prohibition flag is turned OFF at the axis operating timing.

The "pre-reading start function" will be explained below.

- [1] Controls
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Program examples

#### [1] Controls

The pre-reading start function is performed by turning ON the positioning start signal with the execution prohibition flag ON, or by executing the dedicated instruction (ZP.PSTRT1, ZP.PSTRT2, ZP.PSTRT3, and ZP.PSTRT4). However, if positioning is started with the execution prohibition flag ON, the positioning data is analyzed but servo start is not provided. While the execution prohibition flag is ON, "[Md.26] Axis operation status" remains unchanged from "5: Analyzing". The servo starts within operation cycle after the execution prohibition flag has turned OFF, and "[Md.26] Axis operation status" changes to the status (e.g. position control, speed control) that matches the control system. (Refer to Fig.13.48)

Signal	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
Execution prohibition flag	Y14, Y15, Y16, Y17	[Cd.183] Execution prohibition flag

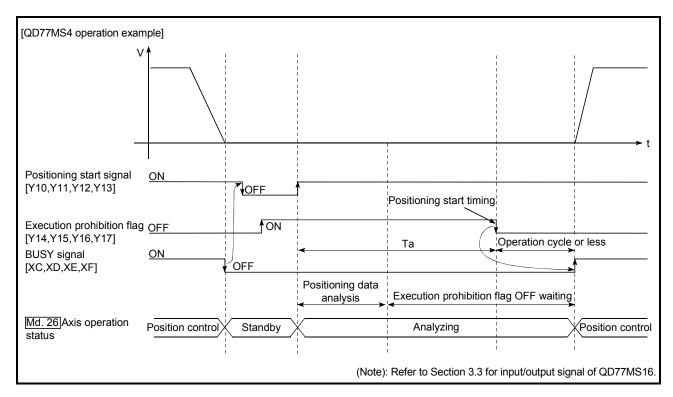


Fig. 13.48 Operations of pre-reading start function

# [2] Precautions during control

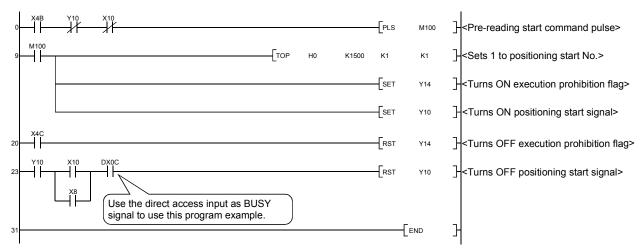
- (1) The time required to analyze the positioning data is up to 0.88ms (QD77MS2/QD77MS4)/3.55ms(QD77MS16).
- (2) After positioning data analysis, the system is put in an execution prohibition flag OFF waiting status. Any change made to the positioning data in the execution prohibition flag OFF waiting status is not reflected on the positioning data. Change the positioning data before turning ON the positioning start signal.
- (3) The pre-reading start function is invalid if the execution prohibition flag is turned OFF between when the positioning start signal has turned ON and when positioning data analysis is completed (Ta<start time, Ta: Refer to Fig. 13.48).
- (4) The data No. which can be executed positioning start using "[Cd.3] Positioning start No." with the pre-reading start function are No. 1 to 600 only. Performing the pre-reading start function at the setting of No. 7000 to 7004 or 9001 to 9004 will result in the error "Outside start No. range" (error code: 543).
- (5) Always turn ON the execution prohibition flag at the same time or before turning ON the positioning start signal. Pre-reading may not be started if the execution prohibition flag is turned ON during Ta after the positioning start signal is turned ON. The pre-reading start function is invalid if the execution prohibition flag is turned ON after positioning start with the execution prohibition flag OFF. (It is made valid at the next positioning start.)

# [3] Program examples

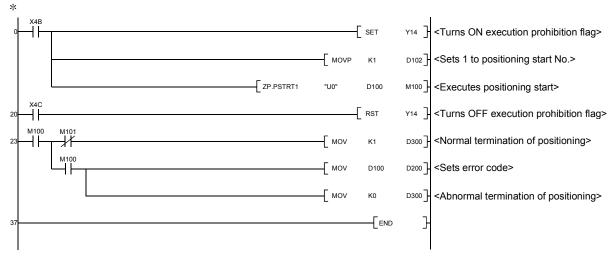
#### [QD77MS4 program example]

\* Pre-reading start program (when positioning start signal Y10 is used)

\*



\* Pre-reading start program (when dedicated instruction ZP.PSTRT1 is used)



# 13.7.8 Deceleration start flag function

The "deceleration start flag function" turns ON the flag when the constant speed status or acceleration status switches to the deceleration status during position control whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete". This function can be used as a signal to start the operation to be performed by other equipment at each end of position control or to perform preparatory operation, etc. for the next position control.

For the "deceleration start flag function", the following will be explained.

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Deceleration start flag function setting method
- [4] Checking of deceleration start flag

#### [1] Control details

When deceleration for a stop is started in the position control whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete", "1" is stored into "[Md.48] Deceleration start flag". When the next operation start is made or the manual pulse generator operation enable status is gained, "0" is stored. (Refer to Fig. 13.49.)

#### (1) Start made with positioning data No. specified

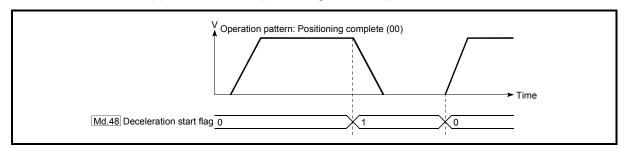


Fig. 13.49 Operation of deceleration start flag

#### (2) Block start

At a block start, this function is valid for only the position control whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete" at the point whose shape has been set to "End". (Refer to Fig. 13.50.)

The following table indicates the operation of the deceleration start flag in the case of the following block start data and positioning data.

Block start data	[Da.11] Shape	[Da.12] Start data No.	[Da.13] Special start instruction
1st point	1: Continue	1	0: Block start
2nd point	1: Continue	3	0: Block start
3rd point	0: End	4	0: Block start
•	_		
•			

Positioning Data No.	[Da.1] Operation pattern
1	01: Continuous positioning control
2	00: Positioning complete
3	00: Positioning complete
4	11: Continuous path control
5	00: Positioning complete
•	
•	

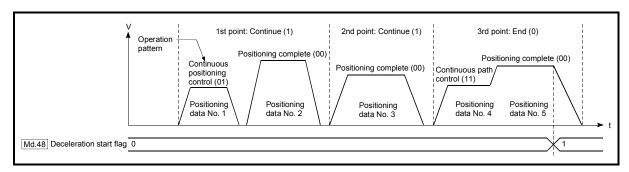
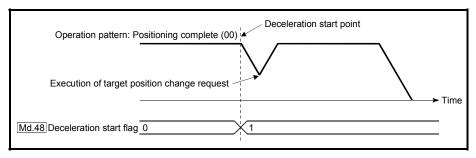


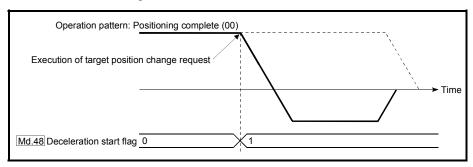
Fig. 13.50 Operation of deceleration start flag at block start

# [2] Precautions during control

- (1) The deceleration start flag function is valid for the control system of "1-axis linear control", "2-axis linear interpolation control", "3-axis linear interpolation control", "4-axis linear interpolation control", "speed-position switching control" or "position-speed switching control". (In the case of linear interpolation control, the function is valid for only the reference axis.) Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of QD77MS main functions and sub functions".
- (2) The deceleration start flag does not turn ON when the operation pattern is "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control".
- (3) The deceleration start flag function is invalid for an OPR, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation, speed-torque control and deceleration made with a stop signal.
- (4) The deceleration start flag does not turn ON when a speed change or override is used to make deceleration.
- (5) If a target position change is made while the deceleration start flag is ON, the deceleration start flag remains ON.



(6) When the movement direction is reversed by a target position change, the deceleration start flag turns ON.



- (7) During position control of position-speed switching control, the deceleration start flag is turned ON by automatic deceleration.
  - The deceleration start flag remains ON if position control is switched to speed control by the position-speed switching signal after the deceleration start flag has turned ON.
- (8) If the condition start of a block start is not made since the condition is not satisfied, the deceleration start flag turns ON when the shape is "End".
- (9) When an interrupt request during continuous operation is issued, the deceleration start flag turns ON at a start of deceleration in the positioning data being executed.

# [3] Deceleration start flag function setting method

To use the "deceleration start flag function", set "1" to the following control data using a sequence program.

The set data is made valid on the rising edge (OFF to ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

			0-44:		Buffer mem	QD77MS16
	S	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
ŀ					QD771VIOT	
	11 :0 411	Deceleration start flag valid	$\rightarrow$	Set whether the deceleration start flag function is made valid or invalid.  0: Deceleration start flag invalid  1: Deceleration start flag valid	1905	5905

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

# [4] Checking of deceleration start flag

The "deceleration start flag" is stored into the following buffer memory addresses.

		Manitar		Buffer memory address	
Monitor item		Monitor value	Storage details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.48]	Deceleration start flag	$\rightarrow$	Status other than below     Status from deceleration start to next operation start or manual pulse generator operation enable	899+100n	2499+100n

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" for information on the storage details.

# 13.7.9 Stop command processing for deceleration stop function

The "stop command processing for deceleration stop function" is provided to set the deceleration curve if a stop cause occurs during deceleration stop processing (including automatic deceleration).

This function is valid for both trapezoidal and S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing methods.

(For the stop cause, refer to Section 1.2.3 "Outline of stopping".)

The "stop command processing for deceleration stop function" performs the following two operations:

# Deceleration curve re-processing

Re-processes a deceleration curve starting from the speed at stop cause occurrence until at a stop, according to the preset deceleration time.

#### Deceleration curve continuation

Continues the current deceleration curve after a stop cause has occurred.

This section explains the "stop command processing for deceleration stop function" as follows:

- [1] Control
- [2] Precautions for control
- [3] Setting method

# [1] Control

The operation of "stop command processing for deceleration stop function" is explained below.

#### Deceleration curve re-processing

A deceleration curve is re-processed starting from the speed at stop cause occurrence until at a stop, according to the preset deceleration time. If a stop cause occurs during automatic deceleration of position control, the deceleration stop processing stops as soon as the target has reached the positioning address specified in the positioning data that is currently executed.

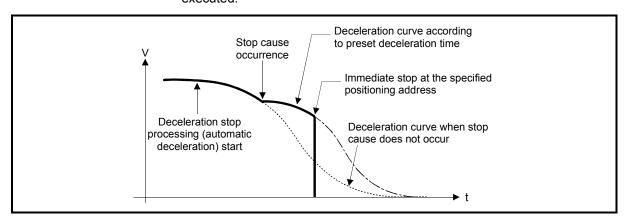


Fig. 13.51 Deceleration curve re-processing operation (for position control or S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing)

#### (2) Deceleration curve continuation

The current deceleration curve is continued after a stop cause has occurred. If a stop cause occurs during automatic deceleration of position control, the deceleration stop processing may be complete before the target has reached the positioning address specified in the positioning data that is currently executed.

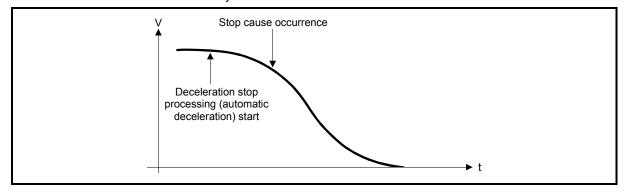


Fig. 13.52 Deceleration curve continuation operation (for position control or S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing)

#### [2] Precautions for control

- (1) In manual control (JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation) and speed-torque control, the stop command processing for deceleration stop function is invalid.
- (2) The stop command processing for deceleration stop function is valid when "0: Normal deceleration stop" is set in "[Pr.37] Stop group 1 sudden stop selection" to "[Pr.39] Stop group 3 sudden stop selection" as the stopping method for stop cause occurrence.
- (3) The stop command processing for deceleration stop function is invalid when "1: Sudden stop" is set in "[Pr.37] Stop group 1 sudden stop selection" to "[Pr.39] Stop group 3 sudden stop selection". (A deceleration curve is reprocessed starting from the speed at stop cause occurrence until at a stop, according to the "[Pr.36] Sudden stop deceleration time".) In the position control (including position control of speed/position changeover control or position/speed changeover control) mode, positioning may stop immediately depending on the stop cause occurrence timing and "[Pr.36] Sudden stop deceleration time" setting.

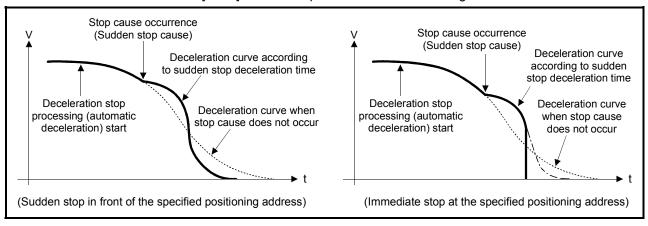


Fig. 13.53 Sudden stop operation (for position control or S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing)

# [3] Setting method

To use the "stop command processing for deceleration stop function", set the following control data in a sequence program.

The set data are made valid as soon as they are written to the buffer memory. The PLC ready signal [Y0] is irrelevant.

		0.41		Buffer mem	ory address
\$	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.42]	Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection	$\rightarrow$	Set the stop command processing for deceleration stop function.  0: Deceleration curve re-processing  1: Deceleration curve continuation	1907	5907

<sup>\*:</sup> For details of the setting details, refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data".

# 13.7.10 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function

The "Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function" is provided to execute the positioning control by 10 x speed of the setting value in the command speed and the speed limit value when the setting unit is "degree".

This section explains the "speed control 10 multiplier specifying function for degree axis" as follows:

- [1] Control details
- [2] Setting method of "Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function"

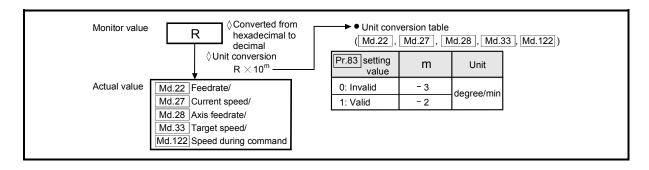
#### [1] Control details

When "Speed control 10 multiplier specifying function for degree axis" is valid, this function related to the command speed, monitor data, speed limit value, is shown below.

- (1) Command speed
  - (a) Parameters
    - "[Pr.7] Bias speed at start"
    - "[Pr.46] OPR speed"
    - "[Pr.47] Creep speed"
    - "[Cd.14] New speed value"
    - "[Cd.17] JOG speed"
    - "[Cd.25] Position-speed switching control speed change register"
    - "[Cd.28] Target position change value (New speed)"
    - "[Cd.140] Command speed at speed control mode"
    - "[Da.8] Command speed"
  - (b) Major positioning control
    - 1) For "2 to 4 axis linear interpolation control" and "2 to 4 axis fixed-feed control", the positioning control is performed at decuple speed of command speed, when "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" of reference axis is valid.
    - 2) For "2 to 4 axis speed control", "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is evaluated whether it is valid for each axis. If valid, the positioning control will be performed at decuple speed of command speed.

#### (2) Monitor data

- "[Md.22] Feedrate"
- "[Md.27] Current speed"
- "[Md.28] Axis feedrate"
- "[Md.33] Target speed"
- "[Md.122] Speed during command"
- \*: For the above monitoring data, "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is evaluated whether it is valid for each axis. If valid, unit conversion value is changed ( $\times 10^{-3} \rightarrow \times 10^{-2}$ ). The unit conversion table of monitor value is shown below.



## (3) Speed limit value

- "[Pr.8] Speed limit value"
- "[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value"
- "[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode"
- "[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode"
- \*: For the speed limit value, "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is evaluated whether it is valid for each axis. If valid, the positioning control will be performed at decuple speed of setting value (max. speed).

# [2] Setting method of "Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function"

Set "Valid/Invalid" by "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis".

Normally, the speed specification range is 0.001 to 2000000.000[degree/min], but it will be decupled and become 0.01 to 2000000.00[degree/min] by setting "[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.

To use the "Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function", set the parameters shown in the following table.

Ī	_		0 . 11:		Buffer memory address	
	5	Setting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16
			value		QD77MS4	סו פוויו זעט
	[Pr.83]	Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis	$\rightarrow$	Set the speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis.  0: Invalid  1: Valid	63+	150n

n: Axis No.-1

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2.4 "Detailed parameters 2" for details on the setting details.

# 13.7.11 Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function

The "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function" is provided to select whether positioning control is operated or not, when OPR request flag is ON.

This section explains the "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function" as follows:

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Setting method of "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function"

## [1] Control details

When "[Pr.55] Operation setting for incompletion of OPR" is valid, this function related to the command speed, monitor data, speed limit value, is shown below.

	[Pr.55] Operation setting	for incompletion of OPR
ltem	"0: Positioning control is not executed." and "OPR request flag ON"	"1: Positioning control is executed." and "OPR request flag ON"
Machine OPR		
JOG operation		
Inching operation	0	$\circ$
Manual pulse generator operation	O	$\cup$
Current value changing using current value changing start No. (No. 9003).		
When the following cases at block start, condition start, wait start, repeated start, multiple axes simultaneous start and pre-reading start.  1-axis linear control 2/3/4-axis linear interpolation control 1/2/3/4-axis fixed-feed control 2-axis circular interpolation control (with sub point designation/center point designation) 1/2/3/4-axis speed control Speed-position switching control (INC mode/ ABS mode) Position-speed switching control Current value changing using positioning data No. (No.1 to 600).	×	0
Control mode switching	×	0

O: Positioning start possible (Execution possible)

# [2] Precautions during control

(1) The error "Start at OPR incomplete" (error code: 547) occurs if OPR request flag ([Md.31] Status: b3) is executed the positioning control by turning on, when "0: Positioning control is not executed" is selected the operation setting for incompletion of OPR setting, and positioning control will not be performed. At this time, operation with the manual control (JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation) is available.

<sup>×:</sup> Positioning start impossible (Execution not possible)

(2) When OPR request flag ([Md.31] Status: b3) is ON, starting Fast OPR will result in the error "OPR request ON" (error code: 207) despite the setting value of "[Pr.55] Operation setting for incompletion of OPR", and Fast OPR will not be performed.

# [3] Setting method of "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR"

To use the "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR", set the following parameters using a sequence program.

		0.45			Buffer memory address		
	Setting item  Operation setting for incompletion of OPR		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2	QD77MS16	
			value		QD77MS4	QD//IVIS 16	
			$\rightarrow$	Set the operation setting for incompletion of OPR.  0: Positioning control is not executed.  1: Positioning control is executed.	87+	150n	

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2.6 "OPR detailed parameters" for details on the setting details.

#### 13.8 Servo ON/OFF

#### 13.8.1 Servo ON/OFF

This function executes servo ON/OFF of the servo amplifiers connected to the Simple Motion module.

By establishing the servo ON status with the servo ON command, servo motor operation is enabled.

The following two signals can be used to execute servo ON/OFF.

- All axis servo ON [Y1]
- [Cd.100] Servo OFF command (Buffer memory addresses: 1551+100n[QD77MS2/QD77MS4]/4351+100n[QD77MS16])

A list of the "All axis servo ON [Y1]" and "[Cd.100] Servo OFF command" is given below.

			[Cd.100] Servo	OFF c	ommand
			Setting value "0"		Setting value "1"
			Command to servo amplifier		Command to servo amplifier
All ovice comes ONE VA	OFF	×	Servo ON command: OFF Ready ON command: OFF		Servo ON command: OFF Ready ON command: OFF
All axis servo ON: Y1	ON	( )	Servo ON command: ON Ready ON command: ON	\/	Servo ON command: OFF Ready ON command: ON

O: Servo ON (Servo operation enabled), X: Servo OFF (Servo operation disabled)

#### **POINT**

When the delay time of "Electromagnetic brake sequence output (PC02)" is used, execute the servo ON to OFF by "[Cd.100] Servo OFF command". (When all axis servo ON [Y1] is turned ON to OFF, execute the servo OFF and turn off [Y1] after delay time passes.)

Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details of servo ON command OFF and ready ON command OFF from Simple Motion module.

#### [1] Servo ON (Servo operation enabled)

The following shows the procedure for servo ON.

- (1) Make sure that the servo LED indicates "b□".
  (The initial value for "All axis servo ON [Y1]" is "OFF".)
- (2) Set "0" for "[Cd.100] Servo OFF command".
- (3) Turn ON "All axis servo ON [Y1]".

Now the servo amplifier turns ON the servo (servo operation enabled state). (The servo LED indicates "d $\square$ ".)

# [2] Servo OFF (Servo operation disabled)

The following shows the procedure for servo OFF.

- (1) Set "1" for "[Cd.100] Servo OFF command". (The servo LED indicates "c□".) (If the "[Cd.100] Servo OFF command" set "0" again, after the servo operation enabled.)
- (2) Turn OFF "All axis servo ON [Y1]". (The servo LED indicates "b□".)

#### **POINT**

- If the servomotor is rotated by external force during the servo OFF status, follow up processing is performed.
- Change between servo ON or OFF status while operation is stopped (position control mode).
  - The servo OFF command of during positioning in position control mode, manual pulse control, OPR, speed control mode, torque control mode and continuous operation to torque control mode will be ignored.
- When the servo OFF is given to all axes, "All axis servo ON [Y1]" is applied even
  if all axis servo ON command is turned ON to OFF with "[Cd.100] Servo OFF
  command" set "0".

# 13.8.2 Follow up function

# (1) Follow up function

The follow up function monitors the number of motor rotations (actual present value) with the servo OFF and reflects the value in the present feed value. If the servomotor rotates during the servo OFF, the servomotor will not just rotate for the amount of droop pulses at switching the servo ON next time, so that the positioning can be performed from the stop position.

#### (2) Execution of follow up

Follow up function is executed continually during the servo OFF status.

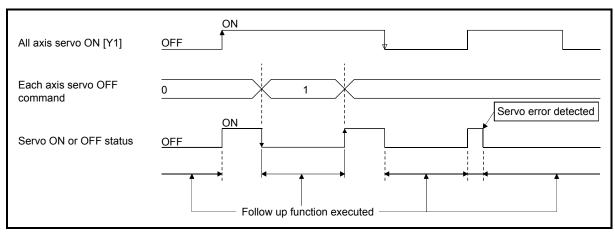


Fig. 13.54 Operation timings of follow up function

# **POINT**

 The follow-up function performs the process if the "Simple Motion module and the servo amplifier is turned ON" and "servo OFF" regardless of the presence of the absolute position system.

MEMO			

# Chapter 14 Common Functions

The details and usage of the "common functions" executed according to the user's requirements are explained in this chapter.

Common functions include functions required when using the Simple Motion module, such as parameter initialization and execution data backup.

Read the setting and execution procedures for each common function indicated in this chapter thoroughly, and execute the appropriate function where required.

14.1	Outline of common functions	14-	2
	Parameter initialization function		
14.3	Execution data backup function	14-	6
14.4	External signal selection function	14-	8
14.5	External I/O signal logic switching function	14-	14
14.6	History monitor function	14-	16
14.7	Amplifier-less operation function	14- :	20
14.8	Virtual servo amplifier function	14- :	27
	Driver communication function		
14.10	Mark detection function	14- :	39
	Optional data monitor function		
14.12	Module error collection function	14-	56
14.13	Connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication	14- :	57
14.14	QD75MH initial value setting function	14-	63
14.15	Hot line forced stop function	14-	65

# 14.1 Outline of common functions

"Common functions" are executed according to the user's requirements, regardless of the control system, etc. These common functions are executed by GX Works2 or sequence programs.

The following table shows the functions included in the "common functions".

		Me	ans
Common function	Details	Sequence program	GX Works2
Parameter initialization function	This function returns the parameter stored in the buffer memory/internal memory and flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) of Simple Motion module to the factory-set initial value.	0	0
Execution data backup function	This function writes the "execution data", currently being used for control, to the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile).	0	0
External signal selection function	This function is used to select from the following signals when using the upper/lower limit signal, nearpoint dog signal, and stop signal.  • External input signal of QD77MS  • External input signal of servo amplifier  • External input signal via CPU (the buffer memory of QD77MS)	0	0
External I/O signal logic switching function	This function switches I/O signal logic according to the equipment connected to the Simple Motion module.  For the system in which with b-contact, upper limit switch, and lower limit switch are not used, the parameter logic setting can be controlled without wiring if it is changed to a "positive logic".	0	0
History monitor function	This function monitors start history, error history, warning history, and current value history of all axes.	_	0
Amplifier-less operation function	This function executes the positioning control of Simple Motion module without connecting to the servo amplifiers. It is used to debug the program at the start-up of the device or simulate the positioning operation.	0	_
Virtual servo amplifier function	This function executes the operation as the axis (virtual servo amplifier axis) that operates only command (instruction) virtually without servo amplifiers.	0	0
Driver communication function	This function uses the "Master-slave operation function" of servo amplifier. The Simple Motion module controls the master axis and the slave axis is controlled by data communication between servo amplifiers (driver communication) without Simple Motion module.	0	0
Mark detection function	This function is used to latch any data at the input timing of the mark detection signal (DI1 to DI4).	0	0
Optional data monitor function	This function is used to store the data selected by user up to 4 data per axis to buffer memory and monitor them.	0	0

		Means		
Common function	Details	Sequence program	GX Works2	
Module error collection function	This function collects errors occurred in the Simple Motion module in the PLC CPU. Holding the error contents in the PLC CPU, this function enables to check the error history even after the PLC CPU in powered off or reset.	ŀ	0	
Connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication	Temporarily connect/disconnect of SSCNET communication is executed during system's power supply ON.  This function is used to exchange the servo amplifiers or SSCNET  cables.	0	1	
QD75MH initial value setting function	This function is used to set the factory-set initial value of QD75MH in the setting data set in the QD77MS buffer memory/internal memory and flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile).	0		
Hot line forced stop function	This function is used to execute deceleration stop safety for other axes when the servo alarm occurs in the servo amplifier MR-JE-B.	0	0	

#### 14.2 Parameter initialization function

The "parameter initialization function" is used to return the setting data set in the buffer memory/internal memory and flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) of Simple Motion module to their factory-set initial values.

The details shown below explain about the "parameter initialization function".

- [1] Parameter initialization means
- [2] Control details
- [3] Precautions during control
- [4] Parameter initialization method

#### [1] Parameter initialization means

- Initialization is executed with a sequence program.
- Initialization is executed by GX Works2.

Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for the execution method by GX Works2.

# [2] Control details

The following table shows the setting data initialized by the "parameter initialization function".

(The data initialized are "buffer memory/internal memory" and "flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile)" setting data.)

Setting data
Basic parameters ([Pr.1] to [Pr.10])
Detailed parameters ([Pr.11] to [Pr.42], [Pr.80] to [Pr.90], [Pr.95])
OPR basic parameters ([Pr.43] to [Pr.48])
OPR detailed parameters ([Pr.50] to [Pr.57])
Expansion parameters ([Pr.91] to [Pr.94], [Pr.96], [Pr.97], [Pr.114])
Servo parameters ([Pr.100], PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PS, PF, Po, PL)
Positioning data (No.1 to 600)
Block start data (No.7000 to 7004)

#### [3] Precautions during control

- (1) Parameter initialization is only executed when the positioning control is not carried out (when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is OFF). The warning "In PLC READY" (warning code: 111) will occur if executed when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is ON.
- (2) Writing to the flash ROM is up to 100,000 times. If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing may become impossible, and the error "Flash ROM write error" (error code: 801) will occur.
- (3) A "PLC CPU reset" or "PLC CPU power restart" must be carried out after the parameters are initialized.
- (4) If an error occurs on the parameter set in the Simple Motion module when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON, the READY signal [X0] will not be turned ON and the control cannot be carried out.

# Important

Parameter initialization takes about 10 seconds. (Up to 30 seconds are sometimes required.)

Do not turn the power ON/OFF or reset the PLC CPU during parameter initialization. If the power is turned OFF or the PLC CPU module is reset to forcibly end the process, the data backed up in the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) will be lost.

## [4] Parameter initialization method

(1) Parameter initialization is carried out using the dedicated instruction "ZP.PINIT".

(Refer to Chapter 15 "Dedicated Instructions" for details.)

(2) Parameter initialization can also be carried out by the writing of the data shown in the table below to the buffer memory of Simple Motion module using the TO command/intelligent function device.

The initialization of the parameter is executed at the time point the data is written to the buffer memory of Simple Motion module.

				Buffer mem	ory address
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.2]	Parameter initialization request	1	Set "1" (parameter initialization request).	1901	5901

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

When the initialization is complete, "0" will be set in "[Cd.2] Parameter initialization request" by the Simple Motion module automatically.

# 14.3 Execution data backup function

When the buffer memory data of Simple Motion module is rewritten from the PLC CPU, "the data backed up in the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile)" of Simple Motion module may differ from "the execution data being used for control (buffer memory data)".

In this case, the execution data will be lost when the PLC power is turned OFF. (Refer to Chapter 7 "Memory Configuration and Data Process".)

The "execution data backup function" is used to back up the execution data by writing to the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile). The data backed up will be written to the buffer memory when the power is turned ON next time.

The details shown below explain about the "execution data backup function".

- [1] Execution data backup (written to flash ROM) means
- [2] Control details
- [3] Precautions during control
- [4] Execution data backup method

# [1] Execution data backup (written to flash ROM) means

- The backup is executed with a sequence program.
- The data is written to the flash ROM by GX Works2.

Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for the flash ROM write method by GX Works2.

#### [2] Control details

The following shows the data that can be written to the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) using the "execution data backup function".

#### Buffer memory/Internal memory

Parameters ([Pr.1] to [Pr.57], [Pr.80] to [Pr.97], [Pr.114])
Positioning data (No. 1 to 600)
Block start data (No. 7000 to 7004)
Servo parameters
([Pr.100], PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PS, PF, Po, PL)
([Pr.100], PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PS, PF, Po, PL)

Flash ROM/Internal memory (nonvolatile)

Parameters ([Pr.1] to [Pr.57], [Pr.80] to [Pr.97], [Pr.114])
Positioning data (No. 1 to 600)
Block start data (No. 7000 to 7004)
Servo parameters
([Pr.100], PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PS, PF, Po, PL)

# [3] Precautions during control

- (1) Data can only be written to the flash ROM when the positioning control is not carried out (when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is OFF). The warning "In PLC READY" (warning code: 111) will occur if executed when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is ON.
- (2) Writing to the flash ROM can be executed up to 100,000 times. If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing may become impossible, and the error "Flash ROM writing error" (error code: 801) will occur.
- (3) After one power ON/PLC CPU reset operation, writing to the flash ROM using a sequence program is limited to up to 25 times. If the 26th writing is executed, the error "Flash ROM write number error" (error code: 805) will occur. If this error occurs, carry out the error reset or power OFF→ON/PLC CPU reset operation again. Refer to "[Md.19] Number of write accesses to flash ROM" of Section 5.1.9 "Types and roles of monitor data" for details.

#### Important

Do not turn the power ON/OFF or reset the PLC CPU during executing the flash ROM writing. If the power is turned OFF or the PLC CPU module is reset to forcibly end the process, the data backed up in the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) will be lost.

# [4] Execution data backup method

- Execution data backup (writing to the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile)) is carried out using the dedicated instruction "ZP.PFWRT". (Refer to Chapter 15 "Dedicated Instructions" for details.)
- (2) Refer to Section 7.2 "Data transmission process" for the data transmission processing at the backup of the execution data.
- (3) Execution data backup can also be carried out by the writing of the data shown in the table below to the buffer memory of Simple Motion module using the TO command/intelligent function device.

The writing to the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) is executed at the time point the data is written to the buffer memory of Simple Motion module.

	Setting item			Buffer mem	ory address
			Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.1]	Flash ROM write request	1	Set "1" (flash ROM write request).	1900	5900

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

When the writing to the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) is complete, "0" will be set in "[Cd.1] Flash ROM write request" by the Simple Motion module automatically.

# 14.4 External signal selection function

The "external signal selection function" is used to select from the following signals when using the upper/lower limit signal, near-point dog signal, and stop signal.

- External input signal of QD77MS
- · External input signal of servo amplifier
- External input signal via CPU (buffer memory of QD77MS)

When the external input signal via CPU (the buffer memory of QD77MS) is used, the external input signal status of Simple Motion module can be operated by connecting the limit switch to input module and by operating the buffer memory of sequence program. When the external input signal via CPU (the buffer memory of QD77MS) is used, operation is affected by the PLC scan time.

The details shown below explain about the "External signal selection function".

- [1] Parameter setting details
- [2] Precautions during parameter setting
- [3] Control details
- [4] Program example

# [1] Parameter setting details

The setting details of the "External signal selection function" are shown in the following table.

I					Buffer memory address	
Setting item		tting item	Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
	[Pr.80]	External input signal selection	QD77MS2 : 0 QD77MS4 : 0 QD77MS16: 1	Set the external signal selection.  0: External input signal of QD77MS  QD77MS2 QD77MS4  1: External input signal of servo amplifier  2: Buffer memory of QD77MS  3: External input signal 1 of QD77MS QD77MS16  4: External input signal 2 of QD77MS QD77MS16  5: External input signal 3 of QD77MS QD77MS16  6: External input signal 4 of QD77MS QD77MS16	32+	150n

(1) When "0: External input signal of QD77MS", "3: External input signal 1 of QD77MS", "4: External input signal 2 of QD77MS", "5: External input signal 3 of QD77MS", or "6: External input signal 4 of QD77MS" is set, set the Pin No. of external input signal of QD77MS shown in the following table.

	Axis No. or signal No.	Pin No.	Signal name
		1A3	DOG
	Axis 1 QD77MS2 QD77MS4	1A2	RLS
	External input signal 1 QD77MS16	1A1	FLS
		1A4	STOP
		1B3	DOG
	Axis 2 QD77MS2 QD77MS4	1B2	RLS
	External input signal 2 QD77MS16	1B1	FLS
QD77MS		1B4	STOP
טוווועט	Axis 3 QD77MS4 External input signal 3 QD77MS16	2A3	DOG
		2A2	RLS
		2A1	FLS
		2A4	STOP
		2B3	DOG
	Axis 4 QD77MS4	2B2	RLS
	External input signal 4 QD77MS16	2B1	FLS
		2B4	STOP

- (2) When "1: External input signal of servo amplifier" is set, set the Pin No. of external input signal of servo amplifier shown in the following table.
  - \*: When setting at MR-JE-B use, any errors or warnings do not occur. However, the external input signal (upper/lower limit signal, near-point dog signal) cannot be operated.

	Pin No.	Signal name
Servo amplifier	CN3-19 (DI3)	DOG
	CN3-12 (DI2)	RLS
	CN3-2 (DI1)	FLS

- \*1: Refer to the "Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" for details on the pin No. of servo amplifier.
- \*2: The stop signal cannot be input from the external input signal of servo amplifier.

(3) When "2: Buffer memory of QD77MS" is set, use the following control data to operate the external input signal (upper/lower limit signal, near-point dog signal and stop signal).

Setting item		Setting value Setting details	Buffer memory address		
			Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.44]	External input signal operation device	$\rightarrow$	Set the status of the upper/lower limit signal, the near-point dog signal and the stop signal.	1928	5928 to 5931

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

# [2] Precautions during parameter setting

- (1) When the "3: External input signal 1 of QD77MS", "4: External input signal 2 of QD77MS", "5: External input signal 3 of QD77MS", or "6: External input signal 4 of QD77MS" is set in the QD77MS2/QD77MS4, the error "External input signal selection error" (error code: 936) occurs at turning the PLC READY signal [Y0] ON, and the READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. Set "0: External input signal of QD77MS" to use the external input signal of QD77MS2/QD77MS4.
- (2) When the "0: External input signal of QD77MS" is set in the QD77MS16, the error "External input signal selection error" (error code: 936) occurs at turning the PLC READY signal [Y0] ON, and the READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. Set "3: External input signal 1 of QD77MS", "4: External input signal 2 of QD77MS", "5: External input signal 3 of QD77MS", or "6: External input signal 4 of QD77MS" to use the external input signal of QD77MS16.

#### [3] Control details

The following table shows the external signal that becomes valid by setting "[Pr.80] External input signal selection".

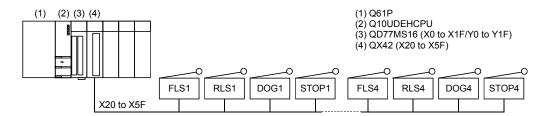
"[Pr.80] External input signal selection"	External signal that becomes valid		
	Upper/lower stroke limit signal	: External input signal of QD77MS (FLS, RLS)	
External input signal of QD77MS	Near-point dog signal	: External input signal of QD77MS (DOG)	
(Setting value: 0, 3, 4, 5, 6)	Stop signal	: External input signal of QD77MS (STOP)	
	External command/switching signa	al: External input signal of QD77MS (DI)	
	Upper/lower stroke limit signal	: External input signal of servo amplifier (FLS, RLS)	
Estamation stained of some condition	Near-point dog signal	: External input signal of servo amplifier (DOG)	
External input signal of servo amplifier (Setting value: 1)	Stop signal	: External input signal of QD77MS (STOP)  QD77MS2 QD77MS4 /  Buffer memory of QD77MS (STOP)  QD77MS16	
	External command/switching signal: External input signal of QD77MS (DI)		
	Upper/lower stroke limit signal	: Buffer memory of QD77MS (FLS, RLS)	
Buffer memory of QD77MS	Near-point dog signal	: Buffer memory of QD77MS (DOG)	
(Setting value: 2)	Stop signal	: Buffer memory of QD77MS (STOP)	
	External command/switching signa	al: External input signal of QD77MS (DI)	

# [4] Program example

The following shows the program example that is used to operate "[Cd.44] External input signal operation device" of axis 1, axis 4, axis 8, and axis 16 using the limit switch connected to the input module when "2: Buffer memory of QD77MS" is set in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection".

#### System configuration

The following shows the system configuration that is used with the program example.

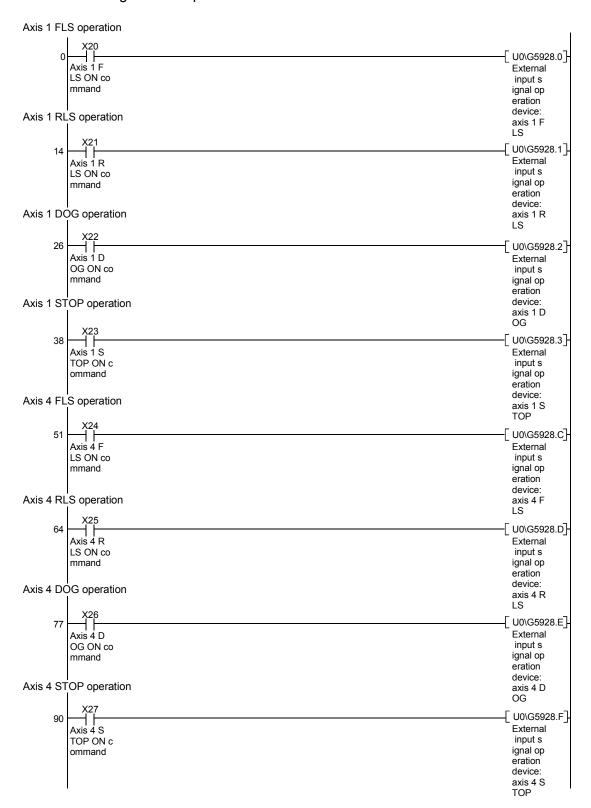


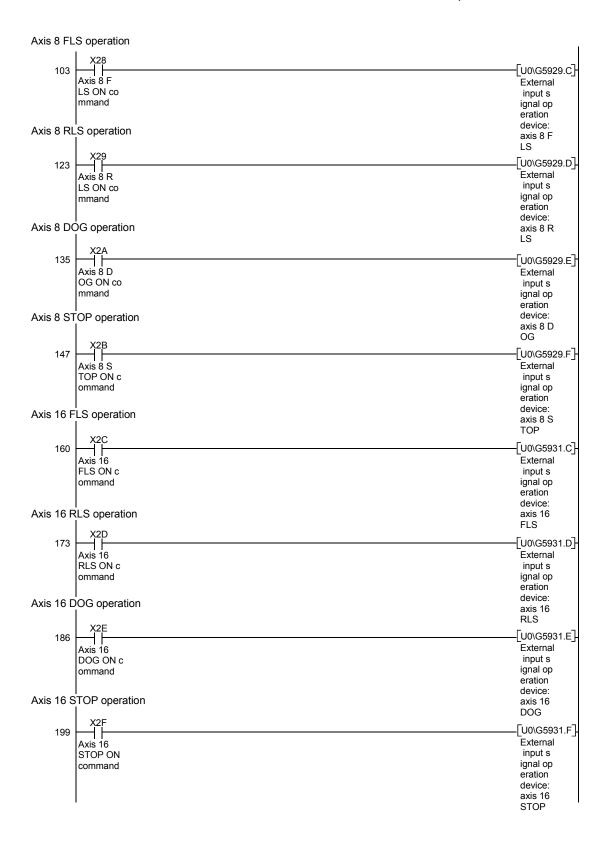
#### List of devices to be used

The following shows the device list that is used with the program example.

Device name	Device	Limit switch to be connected	Purpose	Description at device ON
	X20	FLS 1	Axis1 FLS ON command	
	X21	RLS 1	Axis1 RLS ON command	
	X22	DOG 1	Axis1 DOG ON command	
	X23	STOP 1	Axis1 STOP ON command	
	X24	FLS 2	Axis4 FLS ON command	
	X25	RLS 2	Axis4 RLS ON command	M/h a n IIIDn 001 land t
	X26	DOG 2	Axis4 DOG ON command	When "[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection" is
External input	X27	STOP 2	Axis4 STOP ON command	negative logic: ON
(command)	X28	FLS 3	Axis8 FLS ON command	When "[Pr.22] Input signal
	X29	RLS 3	Axis8 RLS ON command	logic selection" is positive logic: OFF
	X2A	DOG 3	Axis8 DOG ON command	logic. Of 1
	X2B	STOP 3	Axis8 STOP ON command	
	X2C	FLS 4	Axis16 FLS ON command	
	X2D	RLS 4	Axis16 RLS ON command	
	X2E	DOG 4	Axis16 DOG ON command	
	X2F	STOP 4	Axis16 STOP ON command	

# ■ Program example





# 14.5 External I/O signal logic switching function

This function switches the signal logic according to the following signals.

- External equipment connected to Simple Motion module
- [Cd.44] External input signal operation device
- External input signal of servo amplifier (upper/lower limit switch, near-point dog)

For the system in which b-contact, upper limit switch, and lower limit switch are not used, the parameter logic setting can be controlled without wiring if it is changed to a "positive logic".

When the upper limit switch, and lower limit switch are used, ensure to use them with negative logic (b-contact).

The details shown below explain about the "External I/O signal logic switching function".

- [1] Parameter setting details
- [2] Precautions on parameter setting

# [1] Parameter setting details

To use the "External I/O signal logic switching function", set the parameters shown in the following table.

Cotting item				Factory-	Buffer memory address		
Setting item				set initial value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
	•		of logic of signals in the simple Motion modern	nput from external dule			
		b0	Lower limit	0: Negative logic,			
		b1	Upper limit	1: Positive logic			
		b2	Not used	Set "0".			
		b3	Stop signal	0: Negative logic, 1: Positive logic			
[Pr.22] Input signal logic		b4	External command/ switching signal	0: Negative logic, 1: Positive logic	0	31+1	150n
		b5	Not used	Set "0".			
		b6	Near-point dog signal	0: Negative logic, 1: Positive logic			
		b7	Not used	Set "0".			
	b8	Manual pulse generator input *1	0: Negative logic, 1: Positive logic				
		b9 to b15	Not used	Set "0".			

 $<sup>\</sup>pm$ 1: Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid for the logic selection of manual pulse generator input (b8).

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for the information on detail settings.

# [2] Precautions on parameter setting

- (1) The external I/O signal logic switching parameters are validated when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF to ON. (The logic is negative right after power-on.)
- (2) If the logic of each signal is set erroneously, the operation may not be carried out correctly.
  Before setting, check the specifications of the equipment to be used.
- (3) When the same external input signal is set to use to the multiple axes in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection" or "[Pr.95] External command signal selection" in the QD77MS16, "Input signal logic selection" of those axes should be the same. Otherwise, the error "Input signal logic selection setting error" (error code: 938) occurs when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON, and the READY signal [X0] will not be turned ON.

# 14.6 History monitor function

This function monitors start history, error history, warning history, and current history stored in the buffer memory of the Simple Motion module on the operation monitor of GX Works2.

# [1] Start history

The start history logs of operations such as positioning operation, JOG operation, and manual pulse generator operation can be monitored. The latest history 16 logs are stored all the time. This function allows users to check the operation sequence (whether the operations have been started in a predetermined sequence) at system start-up.

For the start history check method, refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2.

# [2] Error history, warning history

The error and warning history logs can be monitored.

The latest history 16 logs are stored all the time.

For the error and warning history check method, refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2.

#### **POINT**

Set the clock of PLC CPU. Refer to the "GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)" for setting method.

# [3] Current value history

The current value history data of each axis can be monitored. The following shows about the current value history data of each axis.

Monitor details	Monitor item
	Feed current value
	Servo command value
	Encoder single revolution position
Latest backup data	Encoder multiple revolution position
The number of backup: Once	Time 1 (Year: month) *1
	Time 2 (Day: hour) *1
	Time 3 (Minute: second) *1
	Latest backup data pointer
	Feed current value
	Servo command value
	Encoder single revolution position
Backup data at the power disconnection	Encoder multiple revolution position
The number of backup: 4 times	Time 1 (Year: month) *1
	Time 2 (Day: hour) *1
	Time 3 (Minute: second) *1
	Backup data pointer
	Feed current value
	Servo command value
	Encoder single revolution position
Backup data at the power on	Encoder multiple revolution position
The number of backup: 4 times	Time 1 (Year: month) *1
	Time 2 (Day: hour) *1
	Time 3 (Minute: second) *1
	Error code at current value restoration
	Feed current value
	Servo command value
Home position return data	Encoder single revolution position
The number of backup: Once	Encoder multiple revolution position
	Time 1 (Year: month) *1
	Time 2 (Day: hour) *1
	Time 3 (Minute: second) *1

<sup>\*1:</sup> Displays a value set by the clock function of the CPU module.

# Latest backup data

The latest backup data outputs the following data saved in the fixed cycle to the buffer memory.

- Feed current value
- Servo command value
- Encoder single revolution position
- Encoder multiple revolution position
- Time 1 (Year: month) data
- Time 2 (Day: hour) data
- Time 3 (Minute: second) data
- · Latest backup data pointer

The latest backup data starts outputting the data after the power on.

After the home position is established in the absolute system, the data becomes valid and outputs the current value.

The following servo amplifier and servo motor are connected artificially during amplifier-less operation. Therefore, the encoder single revolution position and encoder multiple revolution position made virtually by the command value are output.

[Pr.97] SSCNET setting Servo amplifier type		Monitor type		
1: SSCNET <b>∭</b> /H	MR-J4-10B	HG-KR053 (Resolution per servo motor rotation: 4194304 pulses)		
0: SSCNET <b>Ⅲ</b>	MR-J3-10B	HF-KP053 (Resolution per servo motor rotation: 262144 pulses)		

#### Backup data at the power disconnection

The detail of the latest backup data right before the power disconnection is output to the buffer memory.

The backup data at the power on starts being output after the power on.

The backup data at the power disconnection starts being output after the power on.

The detail of the latest backup data right before the power disconnection used in the absolute system setting is output, regardless of the setting of the absolute system or incremental system.

If the data has never been used in the absolute system in the incremental system setting, "0" is output in all storage items.

#### Backup data at the power on

After the power on, the detail of the data which restored the current value is output to the buffer memory.

The backup data at the power on starts being output after the power on.

If the current value cannot be restored in the absolute system, "0" is set to the feed current value and servo command value.

The error "OPR data incorrect" (error code: 1201) is set in the error code at current value restoration.

When the incremental system is set, the detail of the backup data at the power on used in the absolute system setting is output. If the data has never been used in the absolute system, "0" is output in all storage items.

# ■ Home position return data

The following data saved at home position return completion to the buffer memory.

- Feed current value at home position return completion
- Servo command value at home position return completion
- Encoder single revolution position of absolute position reference point data
- Encoder multiple revolution position of absolute position reference point data
- Time 1 (Year: month) data
- Time 2 (Day: hour) data
- Time 3 (Minute: second) data

The data becomes valid only when the absolute system is set.

If the data has never been used in the absolute system in the incremental system setting, "0" is output in all storage items.

# 14.7 Amplifier-less operation function

The positioning control of Simple Motion module without servo amplifiers connection can be executed in the amplifier-less function. This function is used to debug of user program or simulate of positioning operation at the start.

The details shown below explain about the "Amplifier-less operation function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Restrictions
- [3] Buffer memory list
- [4] Operation mode switching procedure

# [1] Control details

Switch the mode from the normal operation mode (with servo amplifier connection) to the amplifier-less operation mode (without servo amplifier connection) to use the amplifier-less operation function.

Operation for each axis without servo amplifier connection as the normal operation mode can be executed during amplifier-less operation mode. The start method of positioning control is also the same procedure of normal operation mode.

The normal operation (with servo amplifier connection) is possible by switching from the amplifier-less operation mode to the normal operation mode after amplifier-less operation.

The current value management (current feed value, machine feed value) at the switching the normal operation mode and amplifier-less operation mode is shown below.

"A book ito monition	Current value management a	t the operation mode switching
"Absolute position detection system (PA03)"	Normal operation mode → Amplifier-less operation mode	Amplifier-less operation mode → Normal operation mode
"0: Disabled"	The current feed value and machine feed value are "0".	The current feed value and machine feed value are "0". (At the communication start to the servo amplifiers)
"1: Enabled"	The amplifier-less operation mode starts with the address that the servo amplifier's power supply was finally turned OFF. However, the OP position is not established in the normal operation mode, the current feed value and machine feed value are "0".	The current feed value and machine feed value are restored according the actual position of servomotor. (At the communication start to the servo amplifiers) However, when the OP position is not established in the normal operation mode before switching to the amplifier-less operation mode, the current feed value and machine feed value are not restored. Execute the OPR. When the mode is switched to the normal operation mode after moving that exceeds the range "-2147483648(-2 <sup>31</sup> ) to 2147483647(2 <sup>31</sup> -1) [PLS]" from the actual position of servo motor during amplifier-less operation mode, the current feed value and machine feed value might be not restored correctly.

# **POINT**

- (1) Switch of the normal operation mode and amplifier-less operation mode is executed by the batch of all axes. Switch of the operation mode for each axis cannot be executed.
- (2) Only axis that operated either the followings before switching to the amplifier-less operation mode becomes the connection status during amplifier-less operation.
  - "[Pr.100] Servo series" is set, and then the written to flash ROM is executed. (Turn the power supply ON or PLC CPU reset after written to flash ROM.)
  - "[Pr.100] Servo series" is set, and then the PLC ready signal is turned ON.) (Servo amplifier connection is unnecessary.)
- (3) Suppose the following servo amplifier and servo motor are connected during amplifier-less operation mode.

When "1: SSCNET III/H" is set in "[Pr.97] SSCNET setting"

Servo amplifier type: MR-J4-10B

Motor type: HG-KR053 (Resolution per servo motor rotation: 4194304PLS)

When "0: SSCNETIII" is set in "[Pr.97] SSCNET setting"

Servo amplifier type: MR-J3-10B

Motor type: HF-KP053 (Resolution per servo motor rotation: 262144PLS)

# [2] Restrictions

(1) The following monitor data cannot be used during amplifier-less operation mode.

			Buffer mem	ory address
Storage item		Storage details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.102]	Deviation counter value	Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode.	852+100n 853+100n	2452+100n 2453+100n
[Md.106]	Servo amplifier software No.	Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode.	864+100n to 869+100n	2464+100n to 2469+100n
[Md.107]	Parameter error No.	Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode.	870+100n	2470+100n
		As follows during amplifier-less operation mode.  • Zero point pass (b0) : Always ON  • Zero speed (b3) : Changed depending on the command speed  • Speed limit (b4) : Always ON when other than "0" is set to the command torque at torque control mode. Otherwise, always OFF.  • PID control (b8) : Always OFF	876+100n	2476+100n
[Md.108]	Servo status	As follows during amplifier-less operation mode.  • READY ON(b0), Servo ON(b1): Changed depending on the all axis servo ON signal[Y1] and "[Cd.100] Servo OFF command".  • Control mode (b2, b3) : Indicates control mode.  • Servo alarm(b7) : Always OFF  • In-position(b12) : Always ON  • Torque limit(b13) : Changed depending on "[Md.104] Motor current value".  (Refer to "Restrictions (2) and (3)" for details.)  • Absolute position lost(b14) : Always OFF  • Servo warning(b15) : Always OFF	877+100n	2477+100n
[Md.109]	Regenerative load ratio/ Optional data monitor output 1	Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode.	878+100n	2478+100n
[Md.110]	Effective load torque/ Optional data monitor output 2	Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode.	879+100n	2479+100n
[Md.111]	Peak torque ratio/ Optional data monitor output 3	Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode.	880+100n	2480+100n
[Md.112]	Optional data monitor output 4	Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode.	881+100n	2481+100n

(2) The operation of following function differs from the normal operation mode during amplifier-less operation mode.

Function	Operation
	When "1: External input signal of servo amplifier" is set in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection", the status of external signal at the amplifier-less operation mode start is shown below.
	Upper/lower limit signal (FLS, RLS): ON
External signal selection	Near-point dog signal (DOG): OFF
function	Change "[Md.30] External input signal" to change the signal status.
	(Refer to "Restrictions (3)" for details.)
	When "2: Buffer memory of QD77MS" is set in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection",
	the upper/lower limit signal (FLS, RLS) and near-point dog signal (DOG) follow the buffer
	memory status of Simple Motion module during amplifier-less operation mode.
Torque limit function	Turns ON/OFF torque limit ("[Md.108] Servo status" high-order buffer memory address: b13) depending on "[Md.104] Motor current value". (Refer to "Restrictions (3)" for details.)

(3) The operation of following monitor data differs from the normal operation mode during amplifier-less operation mode.

Storage item			Buffer memory address	
		Storage details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.30]	External input signal	When "1: External input signal of servo amplifier" is set in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection", the external input signal status can be operated by turning ON/OFF the "b0: Lower limit signal", "b1: Upper limit signal" or "b6: Nearpoint dog signal" during amplifier-less operation mode.	816+100n	2416+100n
[Md.104]	Motor current value	"0" is set at the amplifier-less operation mode start.  The motor current value can be emulated by changing this monitor data in user side during amplifier-less operation mode.	856+100n	2456+100n

- (4) When the power supply is turned OFF → ON or PLC CPU is reset during amplifier-less operation mode, the mode is switched to the normal operation mode.
- (5) The operation of servo motor or the timing of operation cycle, etc. at the amplifier-less operation is different from the case where the servo amplifiers are connected at the normal operation mode. Confirm the operation finally with a real machine.
- (6) The amplifier-less operation cannot be used in the test mode. Do not request to switch to the amplifier-less operation mode during test mode.
- (7) The amplifier-less operation cannot be used in the fully closed loop system, linear servo or direct drive motor.

- (8) Even if the PLC READY signal [Y0| is turned ON by changing "[Pr.100] Servo series" from "0: Servo series is not set" to other than "0", the setting does not become valid. (The axis connecting status remains disconnection.)
- (9) The operation cannot be changed to amplifier-less operation when connected and not connected servo amplifier axes are mixed. Change to amplifier-less operation when all axes are connected, or disconnect all axes of the servo amplifier.
- (10) The synchronous encoder via servo amplifier cannot be used during amplifier-less operation mode.

# [3] Buffer memory list

The buffer memory used in the amplifier-less operation function is shown below.

#### (1) System control data

		0.11		Buffer memory address	
Setting item		Setting value	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.137]	Amplifier-less operation mode switching request	$\rightarrow$	Switch operation mode.  ABCDh: Switch from the normal operation mode to the amplifier-less operation mode.  0000h: Switch from the amplifier-less operation mode to the normal operation mode	1926	5926

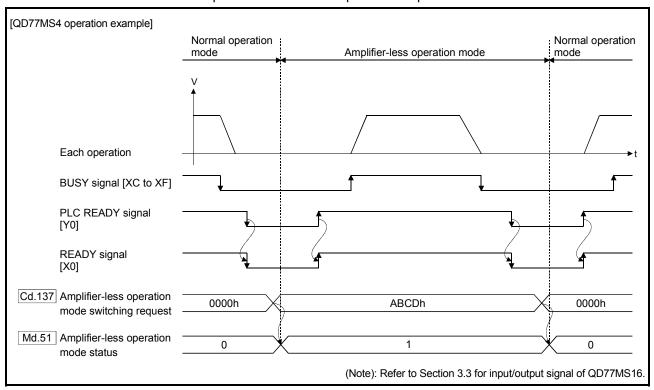
#### (2) System monitor data

Monitor item		Monitor value Storage details	Storage details	Buffer memory address	
				QD77MS2	OD77MC46
			QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Md.51]	Amplifier-less operation mode status	$\rightarrow$	Indicate the current operation mode.  0: Normal operation mode  1: Amplifier-less operation mode	1432	4232

# [4] Operation mode switching procedure

- (1) Switch from the normal operation mode to the amplifier-less operation mode
  - 1) Stop all operating axes, and then confirm that the BUSY signal for all axes turned OFF.
  - 2) Turn OFF the PLC READY signal [Y0].
  - 3) Confirm that the READY signal [X0] turned OFF.
  - 4) Set "ABCDh" in "[Cd.137] Amplifier-less operation mode switching request".
  - 5) Confirm that "1: Amplifier-less operation mode" was set in "[Md.51] Amplifier-less operation mode status".
- (2) Switch from the amplifier-less operation mode to the normal operation mode
  - 1) Stop all operating axes, and then confirm that the BUSY signal for all axes turned OFF.
  - 2) Turn OFF the PLC READY signal [Y0].
  - 3) Confirm that the READY signal [X0] turned OFF.
  - 4) Set "0000h" in "[Cd.137] Amplifier-less operation mode switching request".
  - 5) Confirm that "0: Normal operation mode" was set in "[Md.51] Amplifier-less operation mode status".

# (3) Operation chart The following drawing shows the operation for the switching of the normal operation mode and amplifier-less operation mode



#### **POINT**

- (1) Switch the "normal operation mode" and "amplifier-less operation mode" after confirming the all input signals except synchronization flag [X1] OFF. When switching the normal operation mode and amplifier-less operation mode in the status that any one of input signals except the synchronization flag [X1] is ON, the error "Error when switching from normal operation mode to amplifier-less operation mode" (error code: 808) or "Error when switching from amplifier-less operation mode to normal operation mode" (error code: 809) will occur, and the switching of operation mode will not execute.
- (2) When the operation mode is switched with the servo amplifiers connected, the communication to the servo amplifiers is shown below.
  - At switching from normal operation mode to amplifier-less operation mode:
     The communication for all axes during connection is disconnected.
     (The servo amplifier LED indicates "AA".)
  - At switching from amplifier-less operation mode to normal operation mode: The communication to the servo amplifiers during connection is started.
- (3) Even if the servo amplifiers are not connected, the switching of operation mode is possible.
- (4) The forced stop is invalid regardless of the setting in "[Pr.82] Forced stop valid/invalid selection" during the amplifier-less operation mode.
- (5) Only "0000h" and "ABCDh" are valid for the "[Cd.137] Amplifier-less operation mode switching request". The switching to amplifier-less operation mode can be accepted only when "[Cd.137] Amplifier-less operation mode switching request" is switched from "0000h" to "ABCDh". The switching to normal operation mode can be accepted only when "[Cd.137] Amplifier-less operation mode switching request" is switched from "ABCDh" to "0000h".

# 14.8 Virtual servo amplifier function

This function is used to operate as virtual servo amplifier axis that generates only command virtually by setting "4097, 4128" in servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series". The synchronous control with virtually input command is possible by using the virtual servo amplifier axis as servo input axis of synchronous control.

Also, it can be used as simulation operation for axes without servo amplifiers.

Setting value of "[Pr.97] SSCNET setting"	Setting value of "[Pr.100] Servo series"		
0: SSCNET <b>Ⅲ</b>	4097: Virtual servo amplifier (MR-J3)		
1: SSCNET <b>Ⅲ</b> /H	4128: Virtual servo amplifier (MR-J4)		

The details shown below explain about the "Virtual servo amplifier function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Restrictions

#### [1] Control details

- (1) When "4097, 4128" is set in "[Pr.100] Servo series" set in the flash ROM, it operates as virtual servo amplifier immediately after power supply ON.
- (2) When "0" is set in "[Pr.100] Servo series" set in the flash ROM, it operates as virtual servo amplifier by setting "4097, 4128" in "[Pr.100] Servo series" of buffer memory and by turning the PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF to ON after power supply ON.
- (3) Do not connect the actual servo amplifier to axis set as virtual servo amplifier. If the servo amplifier is connected, the LED display status remains "Ab." and the servo amplifier is not recognized. The following servo amplifiers cannot be connected until the end station.
- (4) The current feed value and machine feed value of virtual servo amplifier are as follows.
  - (a) "0: Disabled (incremental system)" is set in "Absolute position detection system (PA03)".
    - The both of current feed value and machine feed value are set to "0".
  - (b) "1: Enabled (absolute position detection system)" is set in "Absolute position detection system (PA03)".
    - OP is established: Address at latest power supply OFF
      OP is not established: "0" (Feed current value and machine feed value)
- (5) When the virtual servo amplifier is set in the system setting of GX Works2, "0: Disabled (incremental system)" is set in "Absolute position detection system (PA03)".
  - Set "1: Enabled (absolute position detection system)" to the buffer memory to use as absolute position system.

# **POINT**

Do not make to operate by switching between the actual servo amplifier and virtual servo amplifier. When a value except "0" is set in "[Pr.100] Servo series" set in the flash ROM, the servo series is not changed even if the "[Pr.100] Servo series" of buffer memory is changed after power supply ON and then the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF to ON. To change the servo series, write to the flash ROM and turn the power ON again or reset the PLC CPU.

# [2] Restrictions

(1) The following monitor data of virtual servo amplifier differ from the actual servo amplifier.

Storage item			Buffer memory address		
		Storage details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Md.102]	Deviation counter value	IAIWavs "()"		2452+100n 2453+100n	
[Md.106]	Servo amplifier software No.	Always "0".	864+100n to 869+100n	2464+100n to 2469+100n	
[Md.107]	Parameter error No.	Always "0".	870+100n	2470+100n	
[Md.108]	Servo status	Zero point pass (b0) : Always ON     Zero speed (b3) : Changed depending on the command speed     Speed limit (b4) : Always ON when other than "0" is set to the command torque at torque control mode. Otherwise, always OFF.  PID control (b8) : Always OFF	876+100n	2476+100n	
		READY ON (b0), Servo ON (b1)  : Changed depending on the all axis servo ON signal [Y1] and "[Cd.100] Servo OFF command"  Control mode (b2, b3) : Indicates control mode.  Servo alarm (b7) In-position (b12) : Always OFF  In-position (b13) : Changed depending on "[Md.104] Motor current value".  (Refer to "Restrictions (2) and (3)" for details.)  Absolute position lost (b14): Always OFF  Servo warning (b15) : Always OFF	877+100n	2477+100n	
[Md.109]	Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1	Always "0".	878+100n	2478+100n	
[Md.110]	Effective load torque/Optional data monitor output 2	Always "0".	879+100n	2479+100n	
[Md.111]	Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3	Always "0".	880+100n	2480+100n	
[Md.112]	Optional data monitor output 4	Always "0".	881+100n	2481+100n	

(2) The operation for external signal selection function of virtual servo amplifier differs from the actual servo amplifier.

Function	Operation		
External signal selection function	When "1: External input signal of servo amplifier" is set in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection", the external signal status immediately after power supply ON is shown below.  • Upper/lower limit signal (FLS, RLS): ON  • Near-point dog signal (DOG): OFF Change the signal status in "[Md.30] External input signal".  (Refer to "Restrictions (3)" for details.)		
Torque limit function	Turns ON/OFF torque limit ("[Md.108] Servo status" high-order buffer memory address: b13) depending on "[Md.104] Motor current value". (Refer to "Restrictions (3)" for details.)		

(3) The following monitor data of virtual servo amplifier differ from the actual servo amplifiers. The writing operation is possible in the virtual servo amplifier.

Storage item			Buffer memory address		
		Storage details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Md.30]	When "1: External input signal of servo amplifier" is set in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection", the external input signal status can be operated by turning ON/OFF the following signals.  • b0: Lower limit signal  • b1: Upper limit signal  • b6: Near-point dog signal		816+100n	2416+100n	
[Md.104]	Motor current value	"0" is set after immediately power supply ON. The motor current value can be emulated by changing this monitor data in user side.	856+100n	2456+100n	

#### 14.9 Driver communication function

This function uses the "Master-slave operation function" of servo amplifier. The Simple Motion module controls master axis and the slave axis is controlled by data communication between servo amplifiers (driver communication) without Simple Motion module.

There are restrictions in the function that can be used by the version of servo amplifier. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details.

The following shows the number of settable axes for the master axis and slave axis.

Network	Servo amplifier	Module	Combination of number of settable axes (Note-1)		Remark	
			Master axis	Slave axis		
SSCNET <b>II</b>	MR-J3B MR-J3BS MR-J3B-RJ006 (Note-2)	QD77MS2	1 axis	1 axis or more/ 1 master axis	The axes other than the master axis and slave axis can be used as normal axis.	
		QD77MS4	1 axis to 2 axes			
		QD77MS16	1 axis to 4 axes			
SSCNET <b>I</b> /H		QD77MS2	1 axis	1 axis or more/ 1 master axis		
	MR-J4B (Note-3)	QD77MS4	1 axis to 2 axes			
		QD77MS16	1 axis to 8 axes	i masici axis		

-: No restriction

- (Note-1): When the slave axis is not allocated for the master axis, the operation is normal operation only of master axis.
- (Note-2): The fully closed loop control servo amplifier can be set for the master axis only. It cannot be set for the slave axis.
- (Note-3): In the fully closed loop system, the servo amplifier can be set for the master axis only. It cannot be set for the slave axis. Also, it cannot be used with the linear servo motors or direct drive motors. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details.

The details shown below explain about the "Driver communication function".

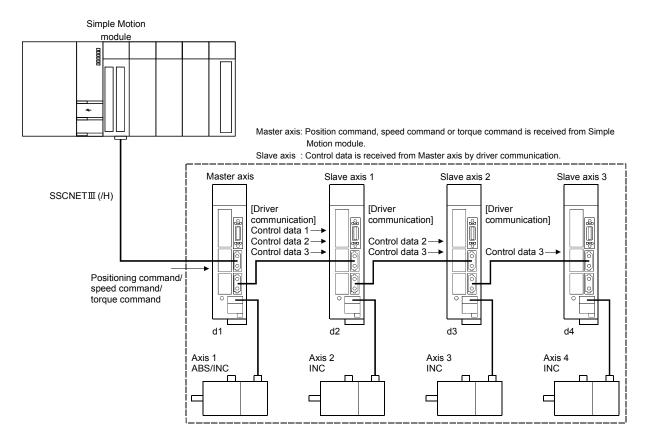
- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Servo parameter

#### [1] Control details

Set the master axis and slave axis in the servo parameter.

Execute each control of Simple Motion module for the master axis. (However, be sure to execute the servo ON/OFF of slave axis and error reset at servo error occurrence in the slave axis.) The servo amplifier set as master axis receives command (positioning command, speed command, torque command) from the Simple Motion module, and send the control data to the servo amplifier set as slave axis by driver communication between servo amplifiers.

The servo amplifier set as the slave axis is controlled with the control data transmitted from master axis by driver communication between servo amplifiers.



#### **POINT**

- (1) When the communication is disconnected due to a fault in the servo amplifier, it is not possible to communicate with the axis after the faulty axis. Therefore, when connecting the SSCNETII cable, connect the master axis in the closest position to the Simple Motion module.
- (2) This function is used for the case to operate by multiple motors in one system. Connect the master axis and slave axis without slip.

# [2] Precautions during control

# **∆** CAUTION

In the operation by driver communication, the positioning control or JOG operation of the
master axis is not interrupted even if the servo error occurs in the slave axis. Be sure to stop by
user program.

#### (1) Servo amplifier

- (a) Use the servo amplifiers compatible with the driver communication for the axis to execute the driver communication.
- (b) The combination of the master axis and slave axis is set in the servo parameters. The setting is valid by turning ON or resetting the system's power supply after writing the servo parameters to the Simple Motion module.
- (c) Check the operation enabled status of driver communication in "[Md.52] Communication between amplifiers axes searching flag". The operation cannot be changed to amplifier-less operation when connected and not connected servo amplifier axes are mixed. Change to amplifier-less operation when all axes are connected, or disconnect all axes of the servo amplifier.
- (d) When connecting/disconnecting at driver communication function use, it can be executed only for the head axis (servo amplifier connected directly to the Simple Motion module). The servo amplifier other than the head axis can be disconnected, however it cannot be connected again.
- (e) Differences between SSCNETⅢ connection and SSCNETⅢ/H connection in driver communication function are shown below.

	SSCNETⅢ	SSCNETII/H
Communication with the servo amplifiers after controller's power supply ON	The servo amplifiers cannot be operated until the connection with all system setting axes is confirmed.	The servo amplifiers cannot be operated until the connection with all driver communication setting axes is confirmed. The normal operation axis (driver communication unset up axis) can be connected after the network is established.
Connect/ disconnect with servo amplifier	Only the first axis (servo amplifier connected directly to the Simple Motion module) can connect/disconnect. Servo amplifiers other than the first axis can be disconnected but cannot be connected.	Only the first axis (servo amplifier connected directly to the Simple Motion module) can connect/disconnect. Only normal axes (axes not set to driver communication) other than the first axis can be connected when they are disconnected. However, when axes set to driver communication are disconnected, they cannot communicate with servo amplifiers that were connected after disconnecting. (The servo amplifier's LED display remains "AA".)

(f) If all axes set to driver communication are not detected at the start of communication with the servo amplifier, all axes including independent axes cannot be operated. (The servo amplifier's LED display remains "Ab".) Check the operation enabled status with "[Md.52] Communication between amplifiers axes searching flag". When all independent axes and axes set to driver communication are connected, "0: Search end" is set in "[Md.52] Communication between amplifiers axes searching flag".

		Monitor		Buffer memory address	
	Monitor item	value	Storage details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.52]	Communication between amplifiers axes searching flag		The detection status of axis that set communication between amplifiers is stored.  0: Search end 1: Searching	1434	4234

- (2) OPR control, positioning control, manual control, expansion control, and synchronous control
  - (a) Do not start the slave axis. The command to servo amplifier is invalid even if the slave axis is started.
  - (b) The OPR request flag ([Md.31] Status: b3) of slave axis is always ON. There is no influence for control of slave axis.
  - (c) There are some restrictions for data used as the positioning control of slave axis. The external input signals such as FLS or RLS, and the parameters such as software stroke limit are invalid. Refer to this section (4) or (5) for details.
  - (d) For setting the slave axis as a servo input axis, set "2: Real current value" or "4: Feedback value" in "[Pr.300] Servo input axis type". Otherwise, the slave axis does not operate as an input axis.
  - (e) At the driver communication operation, only the switching to positioning control mode, speed control mode, and torque control mode are possible. When the mode is switched to continuous operation to torque control mode for the master axis, the warning "Control mode switching not possible" (warning code: 125) will occur, and the control mode is not switched.
- (3) Absolute position system

  Set "0: Disabled (incremental system)" in "Absolute position detection
  system (PA03)" of servo parameter for slave axis. If "1: Enabled (absolute
  position detection system)" is set, the error "OPR data incorrect" (error code:

1201) will occur and the OPR of slave axis cannot be executed.

#### (4) I/O signals of slave axis

#### (a) Input signal

#### [QD77MS2]

Only the error detection signal [X8, X9] is valid. And only the servo error detection is valid. (The control of slave axis is not influenced even if the error other than servo error has been occurred.)

#### [QD77MS4]

Only the error detection signal [X8 to XB] is valid. And only the servo error detection is valid. (The control of slave axis is not influenced even if the error other than servo error has been occurred.)

#### [QD77MS16]

All signals cannot be used. The error detection signal turns ON "Error detection" ([Md.31] Status: b13).

#### (b) Output signal

All output signals of slave axis cannot be used.

#### (5) Data used for positioning control of slave axis

(a) Only the following axis monitor data are valid in slave axis.

	Item	Remark		
[Md.23]	Axis error No.	Valid for only servo error detection.		
[Md.35]	Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value	_		
[Md.102]	Deviation counter value	_		
[Md.103]	Motor rotation speed	_		
[Md.104]	Motor current value	_		
[Md.107]	Parameter error No.	_		
[Md.108]	Servo status	The following bit is valid.  • b0: Zero point pass (Execute OPR to the master axis.)  The following bits are valid.  • b0: READY ON  • b1: Servo ON  • b7: Servo alarm (Note): The slave axis is always controlled in torque control mode, "control mode (high-order buffer memory address: b2, b3)" is set to torque control mode (0, 1).		
[Md.109]	Regenerative load ratio/Optional	_		
[Md.110]	data monitor output 1  Effective load torque/Optional data monitor output 2	_		
[Md.111]	Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3	_		
[Md.112]	Optional data monitor output 4	_		
[Md.114]	Servo alarm	_		
[Md.120]	Reverse torque limit stored value	_		

# (b) Only the following axis control data are valid in slave axis.

	Item	Remark
[Cd.5]	Axis error reset	Only servo error detection
[Cd.22]	New torque value/forward new torque value	_
[Cd.100]	Servo OFF command	_
[Cd.101]	Torque output setting value	_
[Cd.112]	Torque change function switching request	_
[Cd.113]	Reverse new torque value	_

#### [3] Servo parameter

Set the following parameters for the axis to execute the driver communication. (Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details.)

[MR-J3-\_B/MR-J3-\_BS/MR-J3-\_B-RJ006 use]

				Buffer memory address		
		Setting item	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
	PA04	Forced stop deceleration function selection	Disable deceleration stop function at the master axis and slave axis. (Note-3)	30104+200n	28404+100n	
	PD15	Driver communication setting	Set the master axis and slave axis.	30210+200n		
tting	PD16 Driver communication setting Master transmit data selection 1		Set the transmitted data	30211+200n		
tput se	PD17 Driver communication setting Master transmit data selection 2		at master axis setting.	30212+200n		
Input/output setting	PD20	Driver communication setting Master axis No. selection 1 for slave	Set the axis No. of master axis at slave axis setting.	30215+200n	Set with GX Works2	
	PD30	Master-slave operation - Torque command coefficient on slave		30225+200n		
	PD31	Master-slave operation - Speed limit coefficient on slave	Set the parameter at slave axis setting.	30226+200n		
	PD32	Master-slave operation - Speed limit adjusted value on slave		30227+200n		

n: Axis No.-1

- (Note-1): When the slave axis is not allocated for the master axis, the operation is normal operation only of master axis.
- (Note-2): For QD77MS16, the above servo parameters are not allocated to the buffer memory. Write them to Simple Motion module with GX Works2.
- (Note-3): At MR-J3-\_B/MR-J3-\_B-RJ006 use, it is not necessary to change the setting since the initial value is disabled. However, it is required to set disabled since the initial value is enabled at MR-J3-\_BS use.

#### **POINT**

- (1) The servo parameters are transmitted from Simple Motion module to servo amplifier after power supply ON or reset of PLC CPU. Execute flash ROM writing of Simple Motion module after writing the servo parameter to buffer memory, and then turn the power supply ON or reset the PLC CPU.
- (2) The servo parameters for driver communication setting (PD15 to PD17, PD20) become valid by turning the servo amplifier's power supply OFF to ON. Turn the servo amplifier's power supply OFF to ON after executing the above (1). Then, turn the system's power supply ON again or reset the PLC CPU.
- (3) In the driver communication function, the torque generation direction for slave axis can be set in "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)".

#### [MR-J4-\_B use]

				Buffer memory address		
		Setting item	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
	PA04	Forced stop deceleration function selection	Disable deceleration stop function at the master axis and slave axis.	30104+200n	28404+100n	
	PD15	Driver communication setting	Set the master axis and slave axis.	30210+200n		
tting	PD16	Driver communication setting Master transmit data selection 1	Set the transmitted data	30211+200n		
tput se	PD17 Driver communication setting Master transmit data selection 2		at master axis setting.	30212+200n		
Input/output setting	PD20	Driver communication setting Master axis No. selection 1 for slave	Set the axis No. of master axis at slave axis setting.	30215+200n	Set with GX Works2	
=	PD30	Master-slave operation - Torque command coefficient on slave		30225+200n		
	PD31	Master-slave operation - Speed limit coefficient on slave	Set the parameter at slave axis setting.	30226+200n		
	PD32	Master-slave operation - Speed limit adjusted value on slave		30227+200n		

n: Axis No.-1

- (Note-1): When the slave axis is not allocated for the master axis, the operation is normal operation only of master axis.
- (Note-2): For QD77MS16, the above servo parameters of PD□ are not allocated to the buffer memory. Write them to Simple Motion module with GX Works2.
- (Note-3): At slave setting, set only "Driver communication setting Master axis No. selection 1 for slave (PD20)" in the master axis No. selection normally.

#### **POINT**

- (1) The servo parameters are transmitted from Simple Motion module to servo amplifier after power supply ON or reset of PLC CPU. Execute flash ROM writing of Simple Motion module after writing the servo parameter to buffer memory, and then turn the power supply ON or reset the PLC CPU.
- (2) The servo parameters for driver communication setting (PA04, PD15 to PD17, PD20) become valid by turning the servo amplifier's power supply OFF to ON. Turn the servo amplifier's power supply OFF to ON after executing the above (1). Then, turn the system's power supply ON or reset the PLC CPU.
- (3) In the driver communication function, the torque generation direction for slave axis can be set in "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)".

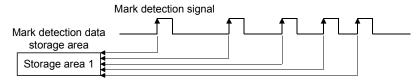
#### 14.10 Mark detection function

Any data can be latched at the input timing of the mark detection signal (DI1 to DI4). Also, only data within a specific range can be latched by specifying the data detection range.

The following three modes are available for execution of mark detection.

#### 1) Continuous detection mode

The latched data is always stored to the first of mark detection data storage area at mark detection.

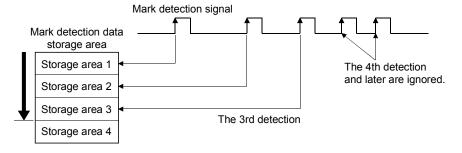


#### 2) Specified number of detections mode

The latched data from a specified number of detections is stored.

The detected position for a specified number of detections can be collected when the mark detection signal is continuously input at high speed.

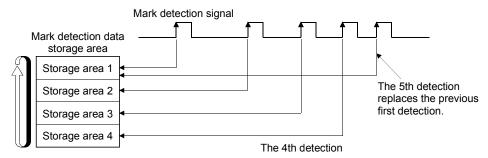
#### Example) Number of detections: 3



#### 3) Ring buffer mode

The latched data is stored in a ring buffer for a specified number of detections. The latched data is always stored at mark detection.

#### Example) Number of detections: 4



		Performance specifications		
Item	QD77MS2 QD77MS4		QD77MS16	
Number of mark detection settings	Up	to 4	Up to 16	
Input signal	Axis 1 to Axis 2	Axis 1 to Axis 4	Axis 1 to Axis 16	
Input signal	External input signal (DI1 to DI2)	External input signal (DI1 to DI4)	External input signal (DI1 to DI4)	
Input signal detection direction	Selectable for leading e	edge or trailing edge in logic setting	of external input signal	
Input signal compensation time	Correcta	able within the range of -32768 to 3	32767µs	
Detection accuracy		10µs		
Latch data	(Current feed value, Machine Synchronous encoder axis concurrent value after composite Current value per cycle	es + Optional buffer memory data ( e feed value, Real current value, S urrent value, Synchronous encode e main shaft gear, Current value pe after auxiliary shaft gear, Cam axis xis current value per cycle (real po	ervo input axis current value, r axis current value per cycle, er cycle after main shaft gear, s current value per cycle,	
Number of continuous latch data storage	Up to 32			
Latched data range	Settable in the range of -2147483648 to 2147483647			

The details shown below explain about the "Mark detection function".

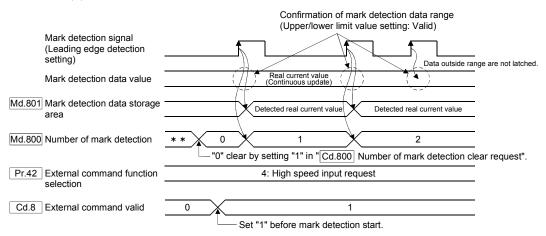
- [1] Operation for mark detection function
- [2] How to use mark detection function
- [3] List of buffer memory
- [4] Precautions

#### [1] Operation for mark detection function

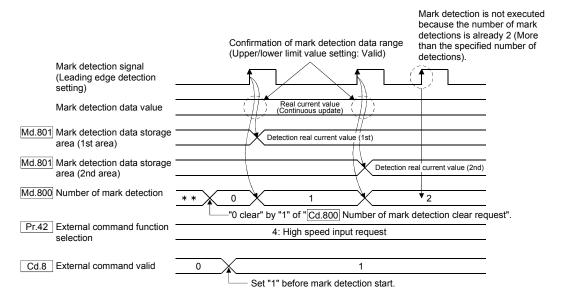
Operations done at mark detection are shown below.

- Calculations for the mark detection data are estimated at leading edge/trailing edge of the mark detection signal.
- However, when the specified number of detections mode is set, the current number of mark detection is checked, and then it is judged whether to execute the mark detection.
- When a mark detection data range is set, it is first confirmed whether the mark detection data is within the range or not. Data outside the range are not detected.
- The mark detection data is stored in the mark detection data storage area according to the mark detection mode, and then the number of mark detection is updated.

#### (1) Continuous detection mode



#### (2) Specified number of detection mode (Number of detections: 2)



#### [2] How to use mark detection function

The following shows an example for mark detection by the external command signal (DI2) of axis 2.

The mark detection target is axis 1 real current value, and the all range is detected in continuous detection mode.

(1) Allocate the input signal (DI2) to the external command signal of axis 2, and set the "high speed input request" for mark detection.

Storage item		0 . 11:		Buffer memory address	
		Setting value	Storage details/storage value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Pr.95]	External command signal selection	2	Set "2: DI2" to the external command signal of axis 2.	_	219 (69+150n)
[Pr.42]	External command function selection	4	Set "4: High speed input request" as the function used in the external command signal of axis 2.	212 (62	2+150n)

n: Axis No.-1

(2) Set the following mark detection setting parameters. The optional mark detection setting No. can be set.

		0-45		Buffer memory address		
;	Storage item	Setting value	Storage details/storage value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.800]	Mark detection signal setting	2	Set "2: Axis 2" to the external input signal for mark detection.	5400	0+20k	
[Pr.801]	Mark detection signal compensation time	0	Set "0: (No compensation)" to the compensation time such as delay of sensor.	5400	1+20k	
[Pr.802]	Mark detection data type	2	Set "2: Real current value" to the target data for mark detection.	5400	2+20k	
[Pr.803]	Mark detection data axis No.	1	Set "1: Axis 1" to the axis No. of target data for mark detection.	5400	3+20k	
[Pr.805]	Latch data range upper limit value	0	Set "0" to the valid upper limit value for latch data at mark detection. (Mark detection for all range is executed by setting the same value as lower limit value.)		6+20k 7+20k	
[Pr.806]	Latch data range lower limit value	0	Set "0" to the valid lower limit value for latch data at mark detection. (Mark detection for all range is executed by setting the same value as upper limit value.)	5400	8+20k 9+20k	
[Pr.807]	Mark detection mode setting	0	Set "0: Continuous detection mode" to the mark detection mode.	5401	0+20k	

k: Mark detection setting No.-1

- (3) Turn the power supply OFF or reset of PLC CPU to validate the setting parameters.
- (4) The mark detection starts by setting "1: Validates an external command." in "[Cd.8] External command valid" of axis 2 with the sequence program. Refer to "[Md.800] Number of mark detection" or "[Md.801] Mark detection data storage area" of mark detection setting No. set in this section (2) for the number of mark detections and mark detection data.

## **POINT**

When "1: Valid" is set in "[Pr.114] External command signal compensation valid/invalid setting", the response time of the high-speed input signal is compensated and the latch accuracy will be enhanced.

(For details of "[Pr.114] External command signal compensation valid/invalid setting", refer to Section 5.2.7 "Expansion parameters".)

# [3] List of buffer memory

The following shows the configuration of buffer memory for mark detection function.

Buffer memory address	Number of word	Item	Mark detection setting No.
54000 to 54019	20		Mark detection setting 1
54020 to 54039	20		Mark detection setting 2
54040 to 54059	20	Mark detection setting parameter [Pr.800] to [Pr.807]	Mark detection setting 3
to	to	[1 1.000] to [1 1.007]	to
54300 to 54319	20		Mark detection setting 16
54640 to 54649	10		Mark detection setting 1
54650 to 54659	10		Mark detection setting 2
54660 to 54669	10	Mark detection control data [Cd.800], [Cd.801], [Cd.802]	Mark detection setting 3
to	to	[60.000], [60.001], [60.002]	to
54790 to 54799	10		Mark detection setting 16
54960 to 55039	80		Mark detection setting 1
55040 to 55119	80		Mark detection setting 2
55120 to 55199	80	Mark detection monitor data [Md.800], [Md.801]	Mark detection setting 3
to	to	[1410.000], [1410.001]	to
56160 to 56239	80		Mark detection setting 16

Guide to buffer memory address
 In the buffer memory address, "k" in "54002+20k", etc. indicates a value corresponding to mark detection setting No. such as the following table.

Mark detection setting No.	k	Mark detection setting No.	k	Mark detection setting No.	k	Mark detection setting No.	k
1	0	5	4	9	8	13	12
2	1	6	5	10	9	14	13
3	2	7	6	11	10	15	14
4	3	8	7	12	11	16	15

(Note): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each mark detection setting No.

(Example) For mark detection setting 16

54002+20k ([Pr.802] Mark detection data type)=54002+20 $\times$ 15=54302

(Note): The range from mark detection setting No.1 to 4 (k=0 to 3) is valid in the QD77MS2/QD77MS4.

The following shows the buffer memory used in the mark detection function.

# (1) Mark detection setting parameters

Setting item		Setting details/setting value	Default value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4 QD77MS16
[Pr.800]	Mark detection signal setting	Set the external input signal (high speed input request) for mark detection.  0 : Invalid  1 to 2 : External command signal of axis 1 to axis 2 (QD77MS2)  1 to 4 : External command signal of axis 1 to axis 4 (QD77MS4)  1 to 16 : External command signal of axis 1 to axis 16 (QD77MS16)  Fetch cycle: Power supply ON	0	54000+20k
[Pr.801]	Mark detection signal compensation time	Set the compensation time such as delay of sensor. Set a positive value to compensate for a delay32768 to 32767[µs]  Fetch cycle: Power supply ON or PLC READY signal [Y0]  OFF to ON	0	54001+20k
[Pr.802]	Mark detection data type	Set the target data for mark detection. 0 to 12: Data type -1: Optional 2 word buffer memory  Fetch cycle: Power supply ON	0	54002+20k
[Pr.803]	Mark detection data axis No.	Set the axis No. of target data for mark detection.  1 to 2 : Axis 1 to Axis 2 (QD77MS2)  1 to 4 : Axis 1 to Axis 4 (QD77MS4)  1 to 16 : Axis 1 to Axis 16 (QD77MS16)  801 to 804 : Synchronous encoder Axis 1 to 4  Fetch cycle: Power supply ON	0	54003+20k
[Pr.804]	Mark detection data buffer memory No.	Set the optional buffer memory No. Set this parameter as an even number. 0 to 65534: Optional buffer memory  Fetch cycle: Power supply ON	0	54004+20k 54005+20k
[Pr.805]	Latch data range upper limit value	Set the valid upper limit value for latch data at mark detection2147483648 to 2147483647  Fetch cycle: Power supply ON, PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF to ON, or latch data range change request	0	54006+20k 54007+20k
[Pr.806]	Latch data range lower limit value	Set the valid lower limit value for latch data at mark detection -2147483648 to 2147483647  Fetch cycle: Power supply ON, PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF to ON, or latch data range change request	0	54008+20k 54009+20k
[Pr.807]	Mark detection mode setting	Set the continuous detection mode or specified number of detection mode.  0 : Continuous detection mode  1 to 32 : Specified number of detection mode (Set the number of detections.)  -1 to -32 : Ring buffer mode (Set the value that made the number of buffers into negative value.)  Fetch cycle: Power supply ON or PLC READY signal [Y0]  OFF to ON	0	54010+20k

#### **POINT**

The above parameters are valid with the value set in the flash ROM of the Simple Motion module when the power ON or the CPU module reset. Except for a part, the value is not fetched by turning the PLC READY signal ON from OFF.

Therefore, write to the flash ROM after setting the value in the buffer memory to change.

#### [Pr.800] Mark detection signal setting

Set the input signal for mark detection.

0 : Invalid

1 to 2 : External command signal (DI) of axis 1 to axis 2 (QD77MS2) 1 to 4 : External command signal (DI) of axis 1 to axis 4 (QD77MS4)

1 to 16: External command signal (DI) of axis 1 to axis 16 (QD77MS16)

If a value other than the above is set, the warning "Outside mark detection signal setting range" (warning code: 130) occurs and the target mark detection is not available.

Set "4: High speed input request" in "[Pr.42] External command function selection" and set "1: Validates an external command." in "[Cd.8] External command valid".

#### [Pr.801] Mark detection signal compensation time

Compensate the input timing of the mark detection signal.

Set this parameter to compensate such as delay of sensor input. (Set a positive value to compensate for a delay.)

#### [Pr.802] Mark detection data type

Set the data that latched at mark detection.

The target data is latched by setting "0 to 12". Set the axis No. in "[Pr.803] Mark detection data axis No.".

Optional 2 word buffer memory is latched by setting "-1". Set the buffer memory No. in "[Pr.804] Mark detection data buffer memory No.".

- 0 : Current feed value
- 1 : Machine feed value
- 2 : Real current value
- 3 : Servo input axis current value
- 6 : Synchronous encoder axis current value
- 7 : Synchronous encoder axis current value per cycle
- 8 : Current value after composite main shaft gear
- 9 : Current Value per cycle after main shaft gear
- 10 : Current value per cycle after auxiliary shaft gear
- 11 : Cam axis current value per cycle
- 12 : Cam axis current value per cycle (Real position)
- -1 : Optional 2 words buffer memory

If a value other than the above is set, the warning "Outside mark detection data type setting range" (warning code: 131) occurs and the target mark detection is not available.

# [Pr.803] Mark detection data axis No. Set the axis No. of data that latched at mark detection.

	[Pr.802] Mark detection data type		[Pr.803] Mark	detection data	axis No.
Setting value	Data name	Unit	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
0	Current feed value				
1	Machine feed value	10 <sup>-1</sup> [µm], 10 <sup>-5</sup> [inch],	1 to 2	1 to 1	1 to 10
2	Real current value	10 <sup>-1</sup> [µm], 10 <sup>-5</sup> [inch], 10 <sup>-5</sup> [degree], [PLS]	1 (0 2	1 to 4	1 to 16
3	Servo input axis current value				
6	Synchronous encoder axis current value	Synchronous	801 to 804		
7	Synchronous encoder axis current value per cycle	encoder axis position unit			
8	Current value after composite main shaft gear	Main input axis position unit			
9	Current value per cycle after main shaft gear				
10	Current value per cycle after auxiliary shaft gear				1 to 16
11	Cam axis current value per cycle	Cam axis cycle unit			
12	Cam axis current value per cycle (Real position) (Note)				

(Note): Cam axis current value per cycle that considered delay of the servo system.

If a value other than the above is set, the warning "Outside mark detection data axis No. setting range" (warning code: 132) occurs and the target mark detection is not available.

#### [Pr.804] Mark detection data buffer memory No.

Set the No. of optional 2 words buffer memory that latched at mark detection. Set this No. as an even No.

If a value other than the above is set, the warning "Outside mark detection data buffer memory No. setting range" (warning code: 133) occurs and the target mark detection is not available.

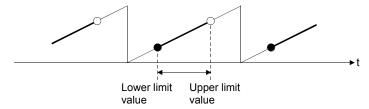
#### [Pr.805] Latch data range upper limit value,

#### [Pr.806] Latch data range lower limit value

Set the upper limit value and lower limit value of the latch data at mark detection. When the data at mark detection is within the range, they are stored in "[Md.801] Mark detection data storage area" (1 to 32) and the "[Md.800] Number of mark detection" is incremented by 1. The mark detection processing is not executed.

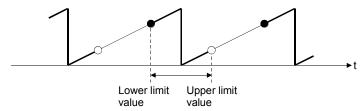
# • Upper limit value > Lower limit value

The mark detection is executed when the mark detection data is "greater or equal to the lower limit value and less than the upper limit value".



#### • Upper limit value < Lower limit value

The mark detection is executed when the mark detection data is "greater or equal to the lower limit value or less than the upper limit value".



#### • Upper limit value = Lower limit value

The mark detection range is not checked. The mark detection is executed for all range.

# [Pr.807] Mark detection mode setting

Set the data storage method of mark detection.

Mode	Setting value	Operation for mark detection	Mark detection data storage method
Continuous detection mode	0	Always	The data is updated in the mark detection data storage area 1.
Specified number of detection mode	1 to 32	Number of detections (If the number of mark detection is the number of detections or more, the mark detection is not executed.)	The data is stored to the mark detection data
Ring buffer mode	-1 to -32	Always (The mark detection data storage area 1 to 32 is used as a ring buffer for the number of detections.)	storage area "n".  n = (1+ Number of mark detection)

#### (2) Mark detection control data

		Setting details/setting value		Buffer mem	ory address
S	etting item			QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.800]	Number of mark detection clear request	Set "1" to execute "0" clear of number of mark detections. "0" is automatically set after completion by "0" clear of number of mark detections.  1: 0 clear of number of mark detections  Fetch cycle: Operation cycle	0	5464	0+10k
[Cd.801]	Mark detection invalid flag	Set this flag to invalidate mark detection temporarily.  1 : Mark detection: Invalid Others : Mark detection: Valid  Fetch cycle: Operation cycle	0	5464	1+10k
[Cd.802]	Latch data range change request	Request the processing of latch data range change. Set the following value depending on the timing of updating the change value.  1: Change in the next Operation cycle of the requested 2: Change in the next DI input of the requested "0" is automatically set after the change is completed.  Fetch cycle: Operation cycle or DI input	0	5464.	2+10k

k: Mark detection setting No.-1

#### [Cd.800] Number of mark detection clear request

Set "1" to execute "0" clear of "[Md.800] Number of mark detection". "0" is automatically set after completion by "0" clear of "[Md.800] Number of mark detection".

#### [Cd.801] Mark detection invalid flag

Set "1" to invalidate mark detection temporarily. The mark detection signal during invalidity is ignored.

#### [Cd.802] Latch data range change request

Request the processing of latch data range change. Set the following value depending on the timing of updating the change value.

- 1 : Change in the next Operation cycle of the requested
- 2 : Change in the next DI input of the requested
- "0" is automatically set after receiving the latch data range change request. (It indicates that the latch data range change is completed.)
- "[Pr.805] Latch data range upper limit value" and "[Pr.806] Latch data range lower limit value" at latch data range change request are used as the change value.
- Restrictions according to the type of latch data range change request are shown below.

Types of change request	[Cd.801] Mark detection invalid flag	Changing possibility
1: Change in the next Operation	1 : Mark detection: Invalid	
cycle of the requested	Other than 1: Mark detection: Valid	O
2: Change in the next DI input of	1 : Mark detection: Invalid	×
the requested	Other than 1: Mark detection: Valid	0

○: Possible, ×: Not possible

#### (3) Mark detection monitor data

			Buffer mem	ory address
S	Storage item	Storage details/storage value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.800]	Number of mark detection	The number of mark detections is stored. "0" clear is executed at power supply ON. Continuous detection mode: 0 to 65535 (Ring counter) Specified number of detection mode: 0 to 32 Ring buffer mode: 0 to (number of buffers - 1)  Refresh cycle: At mark detection	5496	0+80k
[Md.801]	Mark detection data storage area 1 to Mark detection data storage area 32	The latch data at mark detection is stored.  Data for up to 32 times are stored in the specified number of detection mode.  Data are stored as a ring buffer for number of detections in the ring buffer mode.  -2147483648 to 2147483647  Refresh cycle: At mark detection	5496 t 55024	2+80k, 3+80k o 1+80k, 5+80k

k: Mark detection setting No.-1

#### [Md.800] Number of mark detection

The counter value is incremented by 1 at mark detection. Preset "0" clear in "[Cd.800] Number of mark detection clear request" to execute the mark detection in specified number of detections mode or ring buffer mode.

#### [Md.801] Mark detection data storage area 1 to 32

The latch data at mark detection is stored. Data for up to 32 times can be stored in the specified number of detection mode or ring buffer mode.

# [4] Precautions

When the data of "[Pr.802] Mark detection data type" or "[Pr.803] Mark detection data axis No." is selected incorrectly, the incorrect latch data is stored. For the data of "[Pr.802] Mark detection data type", set the item No. instead of specifying the buffer memory No. directly.

# 14.11 Optional data monitor function

This function is used to store the data (refer to following table) up to four points per axis to the buffer memory and monitor them.

The details shown below explain about the "Optional data monitor function".

- [1] Data that can be set
- [2] List of buffer memory

#### [1] Data that can be set

				Monitoring	possibility
	Data type	Unit	Used point	MR-J3(W)-B	MR-J4(W)-B/ MR-JE-B
1	Effective load ratio	[%]		0	0
2	Regenerative load ratio	[%]		0	0
3	Peak load factor	[%]		0	0
4	Load inertia moment ratio	[×0.1]		0	$\circ$
5	Model loop gain	[rad/s]		0	0
6	Bus voltage	[V]		0	0
7	Servo motor rotation speed	[r/min]		0	0
8	Encoder multiple revolution counter	[rev]	4	0	0
9	Module power consumption	[W]	1 word	_	0
10	Instantaneous torque	[×0.1%]		_	0
12	Servomotor thermistor temperature	[°C]		0	0
13	Equivalent disturbance torque	[×0.1%]		_	0
14	Overload alarm margin	[×0.1%]			$\circ$
15	Error excessive alarm margin	[×16PLS]			0
16	Settling time	[ms]		_	$\circ$
17	Overshoot amount	[PLS]		_	0
20	Position feedback	[PLS]		$\circ$	0
21	Encoder single revolution position	[PLS]		0	0
22	Selection droop pulse	[PLS]		0	0
23	Module integral power consumption	[Wh]		_	0
24	Load side encoder information 1	[PLS]		(Note-4)	(Note-4), (Note-5)
25	Load side encoder information 2	_	2 words	(Note-4)	(Note-4), (Note-5)
26	Z-phase counter	[PLS]	,	_	O (Note-3)
27	Servomotor-side /load-side position deviation	[PLS]		_	(Note-4)
28	Servomotor-side/load-side speed deviation	[×0.01r/min]		_	(Note-4)
29	Encoder counter	[PLS]		_	_

 $\bigcirc$ : Possible, — : Not possible ("0" is stored.)

(Note-1): The motor speed that took the average every 227[ms].

Use the servo amplifiers of version compatible with the monitor of motor speed.

Always "0" if the monitor is executed for the servo amplifier which does not support this function.

(Note-2): The data set to "Droop pulse monitor selection for controller display" of "Fully closed loop function selection 3 (PE10)" is monitored.

(Note-3): It can be monitored when using the linear servo motors.

(Note-4): It can be monitored when using the fully closed control.

(Note-5): It can be monitored when using the synchronous encoder via servo amplifier.

Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details of the data monitored.

#### [2] List of buffer memory

The buffer memory used in the optional data monitor function is shown below.

(1) Expansion parameter

			Buffer memory address		
	Setting item	Setting details/setting value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Pr.91]	Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1		100+	-150n	
[Pr.92]	Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2	<ul> <li>Set the data type monitored in optional data monitor function every data type setting. (Refer to this section [1])</li> <li>When "0: No setting" is set, the stored value of "[Md.109]</li> </ul>	101+	-150n	
[Pr.93]	Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3	Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1" to "[Md.112] Optional data monitor output 4" is different every data type setting 1 to 4. (Refer to (2))	102+	-150n	
[Pr.94]	Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4		103+	-150n	

n: Axis No.-1

#### **POINT**

- (1) The monitor address of optional data monitor is registered to servo amplifier with initialized communication after power supply ON or PLC CPU reset.
- (2) Set the data type of "used point: 2 words" in "[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1" or "[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3". If it is set in "[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" or "[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4", the warning "Optional data monitor data type setting error" (warning code: 116) will occur with initialized communication to servo amplifier, and "0" is set in [Md.109] to [Md.112].
- (3) Set "0" in "[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" when the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set in "[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1", and set "0" in "[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4" when the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set in "[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3". When other than "0" is set, the warning "Optional data monitor data type setting error" (warning code: 116) will occur with initialized communication to servo amplifier, and "0" is set in [Md.109] to [Md.112].
- (4) When the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set, the monitor data of low-order is "[Md.109] Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1" or "[Md.111] Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3".
- (5) Refer to this Section "[1] Data that can be set" for the data type that can be monitored on each servo amplifier. When the data type that cannot be monitored is set, "0" is stored to the monitor output.

#### (2) Axis monitor data

			Buffer mem	Buffer memory address	
	Storage item	Storage details/storage value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
[Md.109]	Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1	<ul> <li>The content set in "[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1" is stored at optional data monitor data type setting.</li> <li>The regenerative load ratio is stored when nothing is set.</li> </ul>	878+100n	2478+100n	
[Md.110]	Effective load torque/Optional data monitor output 2	<ul> <li>The content set in "[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" is stored at optional data monitor data type setting.</li> <li>The effective load ratio is stored when nothing is set.</li> </ul>	879+100n	2479+100n	
[Md.111]	Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3	<ul> <li>The content set in "[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3" is stored at optional data monitor data type setting.</li> <li>The peak torque ratio is stored when nothing is set.</li> </ul>	880+100n	2480+100n	
[Md.112]	Optional data monitor output 4	<ul> <li>The content set in "[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4" is stored at optional data monitor data type setting.</li> <li>"0" is stored when nothing is set.</li> </ul>	881+100n	2481+100n	

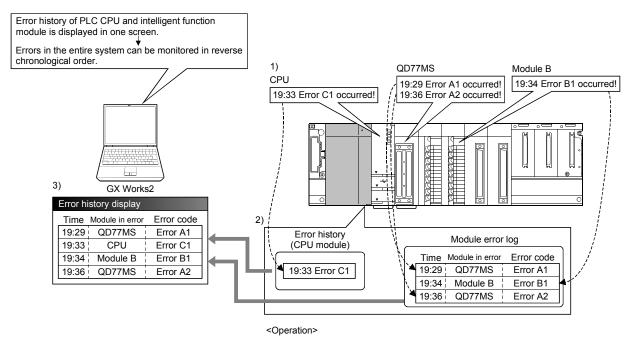
n: Axis No.-1

## **POINT**

When the communication interrupted by the servo amplifier's power supply OFF or disconnection of communication cable with servo amplifiers during optional data monitor, "0" is stored in [Md.109] to [Md.112].

#### 14.12 Module error collection function

This function collects errors occurred in the Simple Motion module in the PLC CPU. Those errors are stored in a memory (latch area) of the PLC CPU as module error logs. The stored error logs are retained even when the PLC CPU is powered off or reset.



- 1) The error occurs in the PLC CPU or Intelligent function module.
- The PLC CPU collects and stores the error in each intelligent function module as "Module error history".
- The list of error in PLC CPU or each intelligent function module error is displayed with GX Works2.

For details on the module error collection function, refer to Section 16.1 "Checking errors using GX Works2".

#### 14.13 Connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication

Temporarily connect/disconnect of SSCNET communication is executed during system's power supply ON.

This function is used to exchange the servo amplifiers or SSCNET cables.

The details shown below explain about the "Connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control
- [3] Buffer memory list
- [4] Procedure to connect/disconnect
- [5] Program

#### [1] Control details

Set the connect/disconnect request of SSCNET communication in "[Cd.102] SSCNET control command", and the status for the command accept waiting or execute waiting is stored in "[Md.53] SSCNET control status".

Use this buffer memory to connect the servo amplifiers disconnected by this function.

When the power supply module of head axis of SSCNET system (servo amplifier connected directly to the Simple Motion module) turns OFF/ON, this function is not necessary.

#### [2] Precautions during control

- (1) Confirm the LED display of the servo amplifier for "AA" after completion of SSCNET communication disconnect processing. And then, turn OFF the servo amplifier's power supply.
- (2) The "[Md.53] SSCNET control status" only changes into the "-1: Execute waiting" even if the "Axis No.: Disconnect command of SSCNET communication" or "-10: Connect command of SSCNET communication" is set in "[Cd.102] SSCNET control command". The actual processing is not executed. Set "-2: Execute command" in "[Cd.102] SSCNET control command" to execute.
- (3) When the "Axis No.: Disconnect command of SSCNET communication" is set to axis not connect or virtual servo amplifier, the status will not change without "[Md.53] SSCNET control status" becoming "-1: Execute waiting".
- (4) Operation failure may occur in some axes if the servo amplifier's power supply is turned OFF without using the disconnect function. Be sure to turn OFF the servo amplifier's power supply by the disconnect function.

- (5) Execute the connect/disconnect command to the A-axis for multiple-axis servo amplifier.
- (6) When using the driver communication function, it can be disconnected by executing the connect/disconnect command, however it cannot be connected again.
- (7) The connect/disconnect/execute command cannot be accepted during amplifier-less operation mode. "[Md.53] SSCNET control status" will be "0: Command accept waiting" (The disconnection is released.). If being switched to the amplifier-less operation mode when "[Md.53] SSCNET control status" is "1: Disconnected axis existing", the disconnected axis is automatically connected when switching to the normal operation mode again.

If being switched to the amplifier-less operation mode when "[Md.53] SSCNET control status" is "-1: Execute waiting", the connect/disconnect command becomes invalid.

### [3] Buffer memory list

The buffer memory for the connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication is shown below.

#### (1) System control data

		0.415		Buffer mem	ory address
Setting item Setting value		_	Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.102]	SSCNET control command	$\rightarrow$	The connect/disconnect command of SSCNET communication is executed.  0 : No command  Axis No. (Note-1) : Disconnect command of SSCNET communication (Axis No. to be disconnected)  -2 : Execute command -10 : Connect command of SSCNET communication Except above setting: Invalid (Note-1): QD77MS2 : 1 to 2, QD77MS4 : 1 to 4, QD77MS16: 1 to 16	1932	5932

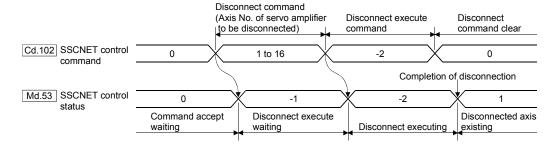
#### (2) System monitor data

				Buffer memory address	
Monitor item		Monitor value	Storage details		QD77MS16
[Md.53]	SSCNET control status	<b>→</b>	The connect/disconnect status of SSCNET communication is stored.  1: Disconnected axis existing  0: Command accept waiting  -1: Execute waiting  -2: Executing	1433	4233

#### [4] Procedure to connect/disconnect

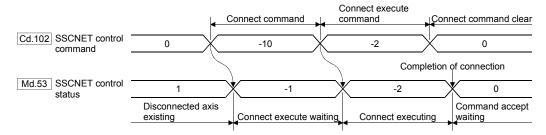
Procedure to connect/disconnect at the exchange of servo amplifiers or SSCNETII cables is shown below.

- (1) Procedure to disconnect
  - 1) Set the axis No. to disconnect in "[Cd.102] SSCNET control command". (Setting value: 1 to 16)
  - 2) Check that "-1: Execute waiting" is stored in "[Md.53] SSCNET control status". (Disconnect execute waiting)
  - 3) Set "-2: Execute command" in "[Cd.102] SSCNET control command".
  - 4) Check that "1: Disconnected axis existing" is stored in "[Md.53] SSCNET control status". (Completion of disconnection. "20: Servo amplifier has not been connected" is stored in "[Md.26] Axis operation status".)
  - 5) Turn OFF the servo amplifier's power supply after checking the LED display "AA" of servo amplifier to be disconnected.



#### (2) Procedure to connect

- 1) Turn ON the servo amplifier's power supply.
- 2) Set "-10: Connect command of SSCNET communication" in "[Cd.102] SSCNET control command".
- 3) Check that "-1: Execute waiting" is set in "[Md.53] SSCNET control status".(Connect execute waiting)
- 4) Set "-2: Execute command" in "[Cd.102] SSCNET control command".
- 5) Check that "0: Command accept waiting" is set in "[Md.53] SSCNET control status". (Completion of connection)
- 6) Resume operation of servo amplifier after checking "0: Standby" in "[Md.26] Axis operation status" of the connected axis.



#### POINT

When "-1: Execute waiting" is set in "[Md.53] SSCNET control status", the command of execute waiting can be canceled if "0: No command" is set in "[Cd.102] SSCNET control command".

#### [5] Program

The sequence program example to connect/disconnect the servo amplifiers after Axis 5 connected to the QD77MS16 is shown next page.

Disconnect procedure: Turn OFF the servo amplifier's power supply after

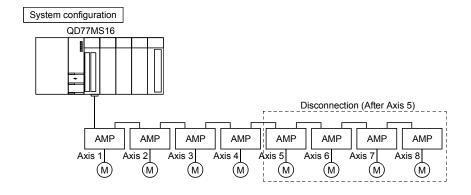
checking the LED display "AA" of servo amplifier

by turning X50 from OFF to ON.

Connect procedure : Resume operation of servo amplifier after

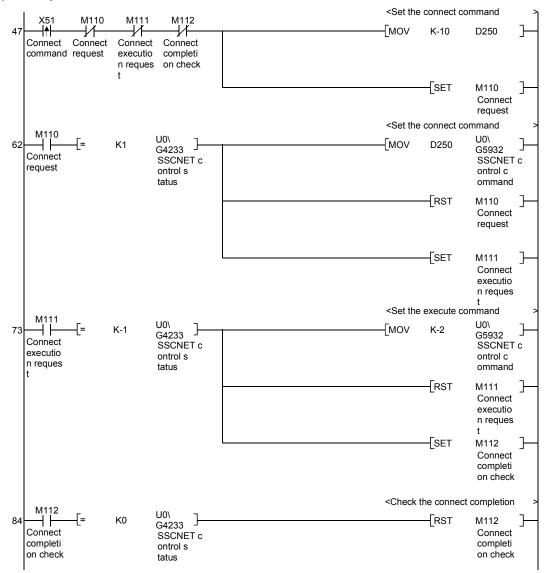
checking the "[Md.26] Axis operation status" of the connected servo amplifier by turning X51 from

OFF to ON.



#### (1) Disconnect operation <Set the disconnect axis (Axis 5) > M100 M101 M102 Disconne Disconne Disconne MOV -1/1-K5 D250 Disconne ct comma ct reque ct execu ct compl nd st (Axis tion req etion ch 5) uest eck SET M100 } Disconne ct reque st (Axis 5) <Set the disconnect command M100 Disconne U0\ G4233 — SSCNET c ontrol s U0\ U0\ K0 MOV D250 G5932 SSCNET c ct reque st (Axis ontrol c ommand tatus 5) U0\ G4233 } K1 RST M100 Disconne SSCNET c ct reque ontrol s st (Axis 5) tatus -[SET M101 Disconne ct execu tion req uest <Set the execute command U0\ G4233 } U0\ MOV 30 ┪┝ K-1 G5932 Disconne SSCNET c SSCNET c ct execu ontrol s ontrol c tion req tatus ommanduest RST M101 Disconne ct execu tion req uest SET M102 Disconne ct compl etion ch eck <Check the disconnect completion M102 U0\ U0\ G4233 } SSCNET c K1 RST M102 Disconne Disconne ct compl ct compl etion ch ontrol s etion ch eck tatus eck

#### (2) Connect operation



#### 14.14 QD75MH initial value setting function

The "QD75MH initial value setting function" is used to set the factory-set initial value of QD75MH in the setting data set in the QD77MS buffer memory/internal memory and flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile).

Because some initial values of parameter between QD77MS and QD75MH are different, when switching to QD77MS from QD75MH without using Simple Motion Module Setting Tool of GX Works2, set the parameter value to factory-set initial value of QD75MH by this function before using. (This function does not need to be executed in case the parameter setting of QD77MS is executed using the Simple Motion Module Setting Tool of GX Works2.)

The details shown below explain about the "QD75MH initial value setting function".

- [1] QD75MH initial value setting means
- [2] Control details
- [3] Precautions during control
- [4] QD75MH initial value setting method

#### [1] QD75MH initial value setting means

• Initialization is executed with a sequence program.

#### [2] Control details

The following table shows the data that the initial value is set by the "QD75MH initial value setting function".

(The data set are "buffer memory/internal memory" and "flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile)" setting data.)

Setting data
Basic parameters ([Pr.1] to [Pr.10])
Detailed parameters ([Pr.11] to [Pr.42], [Pr.80] to [Pr.90], [Pr.95])
OPR basic parameters ([Pr.43] to [Pr.48])
OPR detailed parameters ([Pr.50] to [Pr.57])
Expansion parameters ([Pr.91] to [Pr.94], [Pr.96], [Pr.97], [Pr.114])
Servo parameters ([Pr.100], PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PS, PF, Po, PL)
Positioning data (No.1 to 600)
Block start data (No.7000 to 7004)

Refer to the "Type QD75MH Positioning Module Use's Manual (Details)" for set initial value. However, "0" is set in the data of QD77MS only.

#### [3] Precautions during control

- (1) Parameter initialization is only executed when the positioning control is not carried out (when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is OFF). The warning "In PLC READY" (warning code: 111) will occur if executed when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is ON.
- (2) Writing to the flash ROM is up to 100,000 times. If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing may become impossible, and the error "Flash ROM write error" (error code: 801) will occur.
- (3) A "PLC CPU reset" or "PLC CPU power restart" must be carried out after the parameters are initialized.
- (4) When using the QD77MS16, the setting value is set to "1" even though the initial value setting is executed by this function because the initial value of QD75MH "0" is out of the setting range in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection".

#### **Important**

Parameter initialization takes about 10 seconds. (Up to 30 seconds are sometimes required.)

Do not turn the power ON/OFF or reset the PLC CPU during parameter initialization. If the power is turned OFF or the PLC CPU module is reset to forcibly end the process, the data backed up in the flash ROM/internal memory (nonvolatile) will be lost.

## [4] QD75MH initial value setting method

(1) QD75MH initial value setting is carried out by the writing of the data shown in the table below to the buffer memory using the TO command/intelligent function device.

The initialization of the parameter is executed at the time point the data is written to the buffer memory.

		0.11		Buffer memory address	
	Sening liem		etting Setting details	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Cd.47]	QD75MH initial value setting request	1	Set "1" (Requests QD75MH initial value setting).	1909	5909

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to Section 5.7.1 "System control data" for details on the setting details.

When the initialization is complete, "0" will be set in "[Cd.47] QD75MH initial value setting request" automatically.

#### 14.15 Hot line forced stop function

This function is used to execute deceleration stop safety for other axes when the servo alarm occurs in the servo amplifier MR-JE-B.

The details shown below explain about the "Hot line forced stop function".

- [1] Control details
- [2] Precautions during control

#### [1] Control details

The hot line forced stop function is set in the servo parameter. This function can execute deceleration stop for other axes without via Simple Motion module by notifying the servo alarm occurrence.

For details, refer to "MR-JE-\_B Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual".

This function is enabled at the MR-JE-B factory-set.

To disable this function, set "1: Disabled" in the servo parameter "Hot line forced stop function Hot line forced stop function selection (PA27)".

Also, when the system is configured with MR-JE-B and MR-J4-B, this function can execute deceleration stop for MR-J4-B at the servo alarm occurrence in MR-JE-B. To execute deceleration stop for MR-J4-B, set "2: Enabled" in the servo parameter of MR-J4-B "Hot line forced stop function Deceleration to stop selection (PA27)". ("0: Disabled" is set at factory-set.)

The following shows the setting value of the servo parameter (PA27) and the operation of servo amplifier.

#### [MR-JE-B]

Setting value of " Hot line forced stop function Hot line forced stop function selection (PA27)"	Output hot line	Deceleration stop when receiving the hot line signal
0: Enabled (Initial value)	Enabled	Enabled
1: Disabled	Disabled	Disabled

#### [MR-J4-B]

Setting value of "Hot line forced stop function	Output hot line	Deceleration stop when receiving
Deceleration to stop selection (PA27)"		the hot line signal
0: Disabled (Initial value)	Disabled	Disabled
2: Enabled	Disabled	Enabled

Use the software version that supports the hot line forced stop function for the servo amplifier to use the hot line forced stop function.

The following table shows the software version of servo amplifier that supports the hot line forced stop function.

Servo amplifier type	Software version
MR-J4(W)-B	B7 or later
MR-JE-B	B6 or later

Note): The servo amplifier except above does not support the hot line forced stop function.

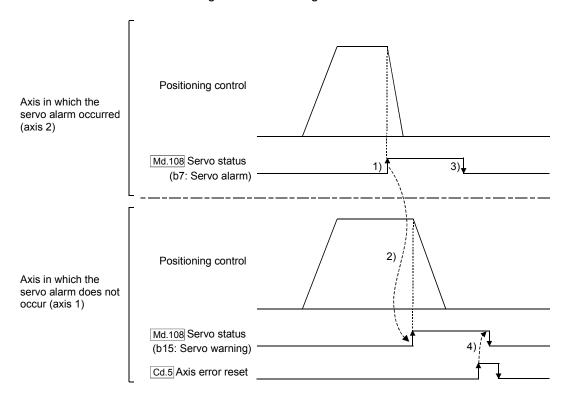
Therefore, it does not output the hot line or execute deceleration stop by receiving the hot line signal.

#### [2] Precautions during control

- (1) The servo warning "Controller forced stop warning" (warning No.: E7) occurs in the axis where the hot line forced stop function executes deceleration stop.
- (2) To clear the servo warning "Controller forced stop warning" (warning No.: E7) occurred by the hot line forced stop function, set "1" in "[Cd.5] Axis error reset" for each axis after the factor is removed in the axis where the servo alarm occurred. Even if "1" is set in "[Cd.5] Axis error reset" before the factor is not removed, the servo warning "Controller forced stop warning" (warning No.: E7) is not cleared.

#### [3] Operation chart

The following shows the timing at the servo alarm occurrence.



- 1) The servo alarm occurs in axis 2 and the servomotor stops with dynamic brake.
- 2) The notification from the alarm occurrence axis is received in axis 1. The servo warning ("[Md.108] Servo status": b15) is turned ON and the deceleration stop is executed.
- 3) The servo alarm ("[Md.108] Servo status": b7) is turned OFF by removing the servo alarm factor of axis 2.
- 4) The warning ("[Md.108] Servo status": b15) is turned OFF by "[Cd.5] Axis error reset" of axis 1.

# Chapter 15 Dedicated Instructions

The dedicated instructions of Simple Motion module are explained in this chapter.

These instructions are used to facilitate the programming for the use of the functions of the intelligent function module.

Using the dedicated instructions, the programming can be carried out without being aware of the buffer memory address of Simple Motion module and interlock signal.

15.1	List of dedicated instructions	15-	2
15.2	Interlock during dedicated instruction is executed	15-	2
15.3	ZP.PSTRT1, ZP.PSTRT2, ZP.PSTRT3, ZP.PSTRT4	15-	3
15.4	ZP.TEACH1, ZP.TEACH2, ZP.TEACH3, ZP.TEACH4	15-	7
15.5	ZP.PFWRT	15-	11
15.6	7P PINIT	15-	15

#### 15.1 List of dedicated instructions

The dedicated instructions explained in this Chapter are listed in Table 15.1.

Dedicated Application Outline of functions Reference instruction ZP.PSTRT1 ZP.PSTRT2 This function starts the positioning control of the designated Positioning start Section 15.3 axis of the Simple Motion module. ZP.PSTRT3 ZP.PSTRT4 ZP.TEACH1 ZP.TEACH2 This function carries out teaching the designated axis of the Teaching Section 15.4 Simple Motion module. ZP.TEACH3 ZP.TEACH4 This function writes the buffer memory parameters, ZP.PFWRT Writing to flash ROM Section 15.5 positioning data and block start data to the flash ROM. This function initializes the buffer memory and flash ROM Parameter initialization ZP.PINIT setting data to the factory-set data (initial values of the Section 15.6 Simple Motion module).

Table 15.1 List of dedicated instructions

#### POINT

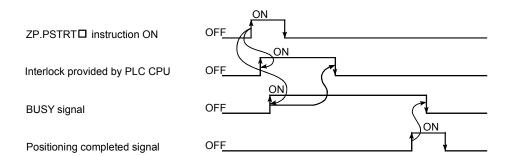
The dedicated instructions of QD77MS16 can be used for only axis 1 to 4. They cannot be used for axis 5 to 16. If the ZP.PSTRT5 to ZP.PSTRT16 or ZP.TEACH5 to ZP.TEACH16 is executed, the error "Program code error" (error code: 4002) for PLC CPU and the error "PLC CPU error" (error code: 803) for QD77MS16 will occur and positioning cannot be started.

Refer to "QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection) for error of PLC CPU".

## 15.2 Interlock during dedicated instruction is executed

The positioning start instruction (ZP.PSTRT $\square$ ) and teaching instruction (ZP.TEACH $\square$ ) cannot be executed simultaneously in each axis. If they are executed at the same time, the second and later instructions are ignored by an internal interlock (no error will occur).

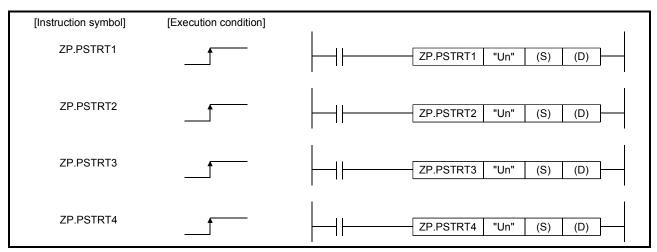
The timing of the positioning start instruction (ZP.PSTRT□) is as shown below.



## 15.3 ZP.PSTRT1, ZP.PSTRT2, ZP.PSTRT3, ZP.PSTRT4

These dedicated instructions	are used to start the	positioning of the designated axis.

				l	Jsable device	9			
Setting	Interna	device		Link direct of	device J□\□	Intelligent	Index	Constant	
data	Bit	Word	File register	Bit	Word	function module U□\G□	register Zn	K, H	Others
(S)	_				_	_		_	_
(D)	0	0	_						_



Note) When ZP.PSTRT1, ZP.PSTRT2, ZP.PSTRT3, and ZP.PSTRT4 are common to each other, they are designated as "ZP.PSTRT□".

# [Setting data]

Setting data	Setting details	Setting side (Note-1)	Data type
"Un"	Head I/O number of Simple Motion module (00 to FE: High-order two digits of I/O number expressed in three digits)	User	BIN 16 bits
(S)	Head number of a device in which control data is stored	_	Device name
` '	Head number of a bit device which turns ON the operation by one scan at the time of completion of the instruction.  If the instruction is completed abnormally, ((D) + 1) will also be turned ON.	System	Bit

Note) The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.

### [Control data]

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side (Note-1)	
(S)+0	System area	_		_	_
(S)+1	Complete status	The state at the time of completion is  • 0 : Normal completion  • Other than 0: Abnormal completion	1	-	System
(S)+2	Start No.	The following data Nos. to be started instruction are designated.  • Positioning data No.  • Block start  • Machine OPR  • Fast OPR  • Current value changing  • Multiple axes simultaneous start	d by the ZP.PSTRT□  : 1 to 600 : 7000 to 7004 : 9001 : 9002 : 9003	1 to 600 7000 to 7004 9001 to 9004	User

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

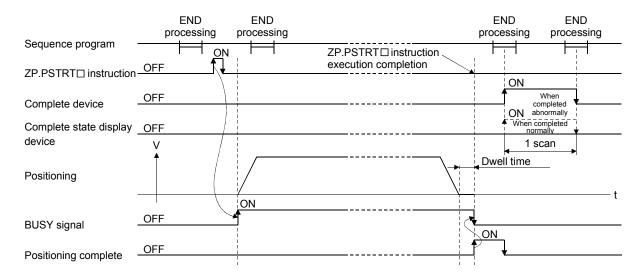
- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.

(Note-2): Refer to Section 16.4 for error codes at abnormal completion.

### [Functions]

- (1) The positioning start of the axes to be processed (See below) is carried out.
  - ZP.PSTRT1: Axis 1
  - ZP.PSTRT2: Axis 2
  - ZP.PSTRT3: Axis 3
  - ZP.PSTRT4: Axis 4
- (2) The block start, OPR start, current value changing, and multiple axes simultaneous start can be carried out by the setting of "start number" 7000 to 7004/9001 to 9004 in ((S)+2).
- (3) The ZP.PSTRT□ instruction completion can be confirmed using the complete devices ((D)+0) and ((D)+1).
  - (a) Complete device ((D)+0) This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.PSTRT□ instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing.
  - (b) Complete state display device ((D)+1) This device is turned ON and OFF according to the state in which ZP.PSTRT□ instruction is completed.
    - When completed normally :Kept unchanged at OFF.
    - · When completed abnormally: This device is turned ON by the END

processing of the scan for which ZP.PSTRT□ instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing. (Same ON/OFF operation as the complete device.)



#### [Errors]

(1) When a ZP.PSTRT□ instruction is completed abnormally, the error complete signal ((D)+1) is turned ON, and the error code is stored in the complete status ((S)+1).

Check and take a measure against the error referring to Section 16.4 "List of errors".

# [Precautions]

- (1) If the positioning is started by the ZP.PSTRT□ instruction, the start complete signals turn ON. However, since the ON time is short, the ON status may not to be detected in the program.
  - Confirm the operation during the positioning control using the ZP.PSTRT□ start instruction and BUSY signals.
- (2) If the stop instruction is input before completion of the positioning which has been started by the ZP.PSTRT□ instruction, the completion device (D) turns the 1-scan ON to complete execution of the ZP.PSTRT□ instruction.
- (3) The following dedicated instructions cannot be executed simultaneously for the same axis.

(The instructions can be executed simultaneously for different axes.)

- Positioning start instructions (ZP.PSTRT1 to ZP.PSTRT4)
- Teaching instructions (ZP.TEACH1 to ZP.TEACH4)
- (4) The ZP.PSTRT□ instruction can only be executed when the READY signal [X0] is turned ON.

Even if the ZP.PSTRT instruction execution request is given when the READY signal [X0] is turned OFF, the ZP.PSTRT instruction will not be executed. (Not processed.)

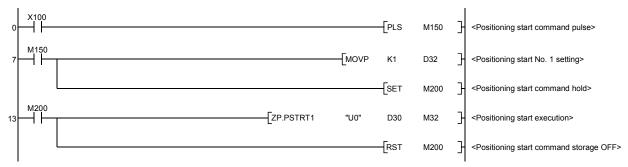
Before executing the ZP.PSTRT□ instruction, turn ON the PLC READY signal [Y0], and turn ON the READY signal [X0].

- (5) If the ZP.PSTRT□ instruction is executed in the following cases, an error "Dedicated instruction error" (error code: 804) will occur and positioning cannot be started.
  - Any value other than 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, and 9001 to 9004 is set to "Starting number" (device: (S)+2) of the control data.
- (6) When the multiple axes simultaneous start is executed by ZP.PSTRT□ instruction, the completion device (D) will turn ON when the positioning of the axes executed by ZP.PSTRT□ instructions (when the instructions is ZP.PSTRT1, the axis will be 1.) is completed.
- (7) When "[Cd.3] Positioning start No." is changed from ZP.PSTRT□ instruction is executed until the positioning start is completed, the changed positioning is started. When starting the positioning using ZP.PSTRT□ instruction, do not change "[Cd.3] Positioning start No." until the start complete signal is turned ON.

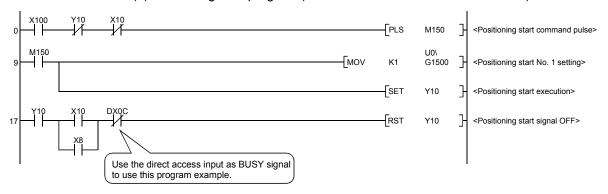
# [Program examples]

 The following program executes the positioning start of positioning data No. 1 when X100 turns ON in QD77MS4.
 Use D30 to D32 as the control data devices of positioning data No. 1, and M32 and M33 as the completion devices.

## (1) Positioning start program



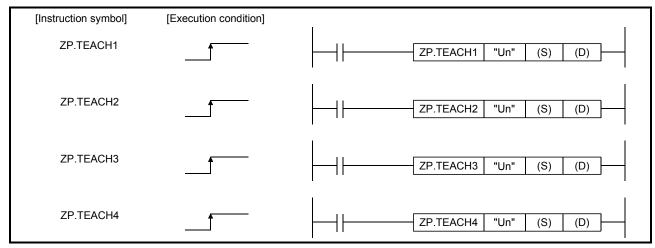
(2) Positioning start program (when dedicated instruction is not used)



## 15.4 ZP.TEACH1, ZP.TEACH2, ZP.TEACH3, ZP.TEACH4

These dedicated	instructions are	used to teach th	e designated axis.
Tricoc acaidatea	ii ioti dotioi io di c	about to toubil th	c acoignated axio.

				l	Jsable device	9			
Setting	Interna	device		Link direct of	device J□\□	Intelligent	Index	Constant	
data	Bit	Word	File register	Bit	Word	function module U□\G□	register Zn	K, H	Others
(S)	_			_				_	ı
(D)	0	0	_		_			_	_



Note) When ZP.TEACH1, ZP.TEACH2, ZP.TEACH3, and ZP.TEACH4 are common to each other, they are designated as "ZP.TEACH□".

## [Setting data]

Setting data	Setting details	Setting side (Note-1)	Data type
"Un"	Head I/O number of Simple Motion module (00 to FE: High-order two digits of I/O number expressed in three digits)	User	BIN 16 bits
(S)	Head number of a device in which control data is stored	_	Device name
	Head number of a bit device which turns ON the operation by one scan at the time of completion of the instruction.  If the instruction is completed abnormally, ((D) + 1) will also be turned ON.	System	Bit

Note) The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.

#### [Control data]

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side (Note-1)
(S)+0	System area	-	_	_
(S)+1	Complete status	The state at the time of completion is stored.  0 : Normal completion  Other than 0: Abnormal completion (error code) (Note-2)	ı	System
(S)+2	Teaching data selection	The address (positioning address/arc address) to which the current feed value is written is set.  0: Current feed value is written to positioning address.  1: Current feed value is written to arc address.	0, 1	User
(S)+3	Positioning data No.	The positioning data No. for which teaching is carried out is set.	1 to 600	User

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.

(Note-2): Refer to Section 16.4 for error codes at abnormal completion.

### [Functions]

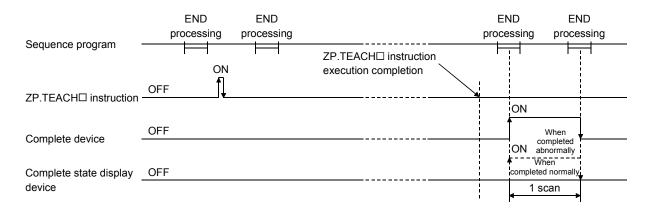
(1) The "current feed value" of the axes to be set (See below) is set in the positioning address or arc address.

The positioning data other than the positioning addresses and arc addresses are set by GX Works2 or using a sequence program.

ZP.TEACH1: Axis 1ZP.TEACH2: Axis 2ZP.TEACH3: Axis 3ZP.TEACH4: Axis 4

- (2) Teaching can be carried out for the positioning data No. 1 to 600.
- (3) The movement of the machine to the address (position) set in the positioning address/arc address of the positioning data is carried out by the JOG operation, inching operation, or manual pulse generator operation.
- (4) The ZP.TEACH□ instruction completion can be confirmed using the complete devices ((D)+0) and ((D)+1).
  - (a) Complete device ((D)+0) This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.TEACH□ instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing.
  - (b) Complete state display device ((D)+1) This device is turned ON and OFF according to the state in which ZP.TEACH□ instruction is completed.
    - When completed normally : Kept unchanged at OFF.
    - When completed abnormally: This device is turned ON by the END

processing of the scan for which ZP.TEACH□ instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing. (Same ON/OFF operation as the complete device.)



## [Errors]

(1) When a ZP.TEACH□ instruction is completed abnormally, the error complete signal ((D)+1) is turned ON, and the error code is stored in the complete status (S)+1.

Check and take a measure against the error referring to Section 16.4 "List of errors".

# [Precautions]

(1) The following dedicated instructions cannot be executed simultaneously for the same axis.

(The instructions can be executed simultaneously for different axes.)

- Positioning start instructions (ZP.PSTRT1 to ZP.PSTRT4)
- Teaching instructions (ZP.TEACH1 to ZP.TEACH4)
- (2) The ZP.TEACH□ instruction can only be executed when the BUSY signal is turned OFF.

When the BUSY signal is turned ON, the ZP.TEACH□ instruction will not be executed. (Not processed.)

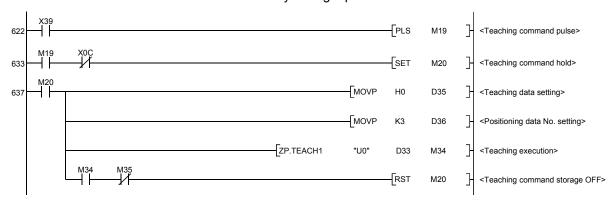
Before executing the ZP.TEACH□ instruction, make sure that the BUSY signal for the axis to be processed is turned OFF.

- (3) If the ZP.TEACH□ instruction is executed in any of the following cases, an error "Dedicated instruction error" (error code: 804) will occur and teaching cannot be performed.
  - Any value other than 0 and 1 is set to "Teaching selection" (device: (S)+2) of the control data.
  - Any value other than 1 to 600 is set to "Positioning No." (device: (S)+3) of the control data.

## [Program example]

Program to execute the teaching of the positioning data No. 3 of the axis 1 when X39 is turned ON in QD77MS4.

# Teaching program Positioned manually to target position.



# (2) Teaching program (when dedicated instruction is not used) Positioned manually to target position.

#### 15.5 ZP.PFWRT

These dedicated instructions are used to write the parameters, positioning data, and block start data of Simple Motion module to the flash ROM.

				l	Jsable device	9			
Setting	Interna	device		Link direct of	device J□\□	Intelligent	Index	Constant	
data	Bit	Word	File register	Bit	Word	function module U□\G□	register Zn	K, H	Others
(S)	_	(	)		-	-		-	ı
(D)	0	0	_		_	_	•	_	_

[Instruction symbol]	[Execution condition]						,	
ZP.PFWRT			ZP.PFWRT	"Un"	(S)	(D)	}	

## [Setting data]

Setting data	Setting details	Setting side (Note-1)	Data type
	Head I/O number of Simple Motion module (00 to FE: High-order two digits of I/O number expressed in three digits)	User	BIN 16 bits
(S)	Head number of a device in which control data is stored	ı	Device name
(D)	Head number of a bit device which turns ON the operation by one scan at the time of completion of the instruction.  If the instruction is completed abnormally, ((D) + 1) will also be turned ON.	System	Bit

Note) The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.

#### [Control data]

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting Range	Setting side (Note-1)
(S)+0	System area		ı	_
(S)+1	Complete status	The state at the time of completion is stored.  0 : Normal completion  Other than 0 : Abnormal completion (error code) (Note-2)	l	System

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

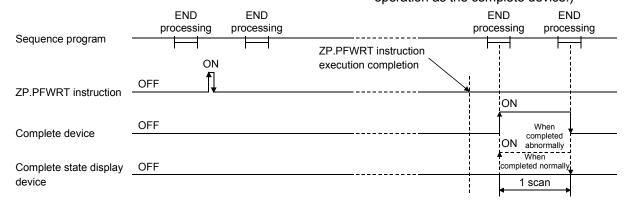
- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- $\bullet$  System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.

(Note-2): Refer to Section 16.4 for error codes at abnormal completion.

# [Functions]

- (1) The ZP.PFWRT instruction completion can be confirmed using the complete devices ((D)+0) and ((D)+1).
  - (a) Complete device ((D)+0) This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.PFWRT instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing.
  - (b) Complete state display device ((D)+1) This device is turned ON and OFF according to the state in which ZP.PFWRT instruction is completed.
    - When completed normally : Kept unchanged at OFF.
    - When completed abnormally: This device is turned ON by the END
       processing of the scan for which ZP.PFWRT
       instruction is completed, and turned OFF by

the next END processing. (Same ON/OFF operation as the complete device.)



# [Errors]

(1) When a dedicated instruction is completed abnormally, the error complete signal ((D)+1) is turned ON, and the error code is stored in the complete status ((S)+1). Check and take measures against the error referring to Section 16.4 "List of errors".

## [Precautions]

(1) Do not turn ON the power and reset the PLC CPU while parameters, positioning data and block start data are written to the flash ROM using the ZP.PFWRT instruction.

A parameter error will occur or normal positioning start will become impossible because the parameters, positioning data and block start data are not written normally to the flash ROM.

If this occurs, restart the operation by the method shown below.

- For GX Works2, write the parameters, positioning data and block start data again to the flash ROM.
- For a sequence program, write the parameters, positioning data and block start data to the Simple Motion module after initializing the parameters (ZP.PINIT instruction execution and others).

Then execute the ZP.PFWRT instruction again.

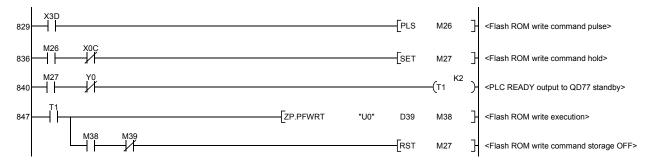
- (2) Writing to the flash ROM is up to 100,000 times. If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing to the flash ROM will become impossible.
- (3) After the power ON and PLC CPU reset operation, writing to the flash ROM using a sequence program is limited to up to 25 times. (Not limited to up to 25 times when writing to the flash ROM is carried out by GX Works2.)

  If the 26th or more writing is requested after the power ON/PLC CPU reset operation, the error "Flash ROM write number error" (error code: 805) will occur, and the writing will be disabled. If a flash ROM write error occurs by one writing to the flash ROM, check and correct the flash ROM writing program. Then reset the error or turn ON the power and reset the PLC CPU again.
- (4) The ZP.PFWRT instruction can only be executed when the READY signal [X0] is turned OFF.
  When the READY signal [X0] is turned ON, the ZP.PFWRT instruction cannot be executed.
  Before executing the ZP.PFWRT instruction, turn OFF the PLC READY signal [Y0] and then turn OFF the READY signal [X0].
- (5) When the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON, the error "SSCNET communication error" (error code: 1205) occurs, "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" is changed by sequence program or the GX Works2 after the servo parameter is transmitted to servo amplifier (LED of the servo amplifier is indicated b□, C□, or d□).
  When "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" is changed, transmit the servo parameter to servo amplifier.

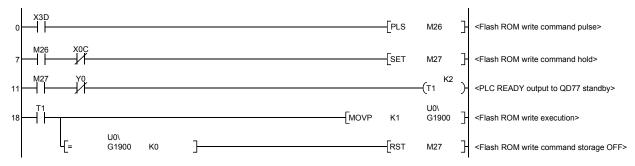
## [Program example]

Program used to write the parameters and positioning data stored in the buffer memory to the flash ROM when X3D is turned ON in QD77MS4.

## (1) Flash ROM write program



#### (2) Flash ROM write program (when dedicated instruction is not used)



## 15.6 ZP.PINIT

This dedicated instruction is used to initialize the setting data of the Simple Motion module.

				l	Jsable device	<del></del>			
Setting	Interna	device		Link direct of	device J□\□	Intelligent	Index	Constant	
data	Bit	Word	File register	Bit	Word	function module U□\G□	register Zn	K, H	Others
(S)	_	(	)		-	_		_	ı
(D)	0	0	_		_	_		_	_

[Instruction symbol]	[Execution condition]						
ZP.PINIT			ZP.PINIT	"Un"	(S)	(D)	

# [Setting data]

Setting data	Setting details Setting (Not		Data type
"Un"	Head I/O number of Simple Motion module (00 to FE: High-order two digits of I/O number expressed in three digits)	User	BIN 16 bits
(S)	Head number of a device in which control data is stored	ı	Device name
(D)	Head number of a bit device which turns ON the operation by one scan at the time of completion of the instruction.  If the instruction is completed abnormally, ((D) + 1) will also be turned ON.	System	Bit

Note) The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.

## [Control data]

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Setting side (Note-1)
(S)+0	System area	-	_	_
(S)+1	Complete status	The state at the time of completion is stored.  0 : Normal completion  Other than 0: Abnormal completion (error code) (Note-2)	_	System

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.

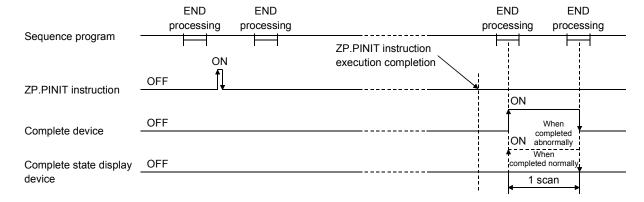
(Note-2): Refer to Section 16.4 for error codes at abnormal completion.

## [Functions]

(1) This dedicated instruction is used to return the setting data set in the buffer memory of Simple Motion module and flash ROM to their factory-set data (initial values).

Refer to Section 14.2 for initialized setting data.

- (2) The ZP.PINIT instruction completion can be confirmed using the complete devices ((D)+0) and ((D)+1).
  - (a) Complete device ((D)+0) This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.PINIT instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing.
  - (b) Complete state display device ((D)+1) This device is turned ON and OFF according to the state in which ZP.PINIT instruction is completed.
    - When completed normally : Kept unchanged at OFF.
    - When completed abnormally: This device is turned ON by the END
       processing of the scan for which ZP.PINIT
       instruction is completed, and turned OFF by
       the next END processing. (Same ON/OFF
       operation as the complete device.)



#### [Errors]

(1) When a dedicated instruction is completed abnormally, the error complete signal ((D)+1) is turned ON, and the error code is stored in the complete status ((S)+1). Check and take measures against the error referring to Section 16.4 "List of errors".

## [Precautions]

(1) The ZP.PINIT instruction can only be executed when the READY signal [X0] is turned OFF.

When the READY signal [X0] is turned ON, the ZP.PINIT instruction cannot be executed.

Before executing the ZP.PINIT instruction, turn OFF the PLC READY signal [Y0] and then turn OFF the READY signal [X0].

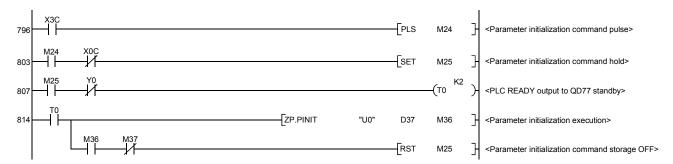
(2) Writing to the flash ROM is up to 100,000 times.
If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing to the flash ROM will become impossible.

(3) After the power ON and PLC CPU reset operation, writing to the flash ROM using a sequence program is limited to up to 25 times. (Not limited to up to 25 times when writing to the flash ROM is carried out by GX Works2.)
If the 26th or more writing is requested after the power ON/PLC CPU reset operation, the error "Flash ROM write number error" (error code: 805) will occur, and the writing will be disabled. If a flash ROM write error occurs by one writing to the flash ROM, check and correct the flash ROM writing program. Then reset the error or turn ON the power and reset the PLC CPU again.

## [Program example]

The following program initializes the parameters in buffer memory and flash ROM when X3C turns ON in QD77MS4.

#### (1) Parameter initialization program



#### (2) Parameter initialization program (when dedicated instruction is not used)

# **Chapter 16 Troubleshooting**

The "errors" and "warnings" detected by the Simple Motion module are explained in this chapter.

Errors can be confirmed with the LED display of Simple Motion module and GX Works2. When an error or warning is detected, confirm the detection details and carry out the required measures.

Checking errors using GX Works2	16- 2
Troubleshooting	16- 5
Error and warning details	16- 9
List of errors	16- 16
16.4.1 QD77MS detection error	16- 16
16.4.2 Servo amplifier detection error	16- 52
List of warnings	16- 54
16.5.1 QD77MS detection warning	16- 54
16.5.2 Servo amplifier detection warning	16- 66
	Troubleshooting

## 16.1 Checking errors using GX Works2

Error codes corresponding to the errors occurred in the Simple Motion module can be checked either on the following screen of GX Works2.

Select the screen according to the purpose and usage.

- "Module's Detailed Information" screen
- "Error History" screen
- (1) Checking errors on the "Module's Detailed Information" screen Select [Diagnostics]→ [System Monitor] on GX Works2. Select "QD77MS" for "Main block" and click the [Detailed information] button. The "Module's Detailed Information" screen for the QD77MS appears and error code, error details, and corrective actions can be checked.
- (2) Checking errors on the "Error History" screen.

#### **POINT**

The PLC CPU and GX Works2 that support the module error collection function are required to confirm errors on the "Error History" screen. Refer to each PLC CPU manual for the version of the PLC CPU or GX Works2 that supports the module error collection function.

On the "Error History" screen, the error logs of the QD77MS are displayed in a list together with the error logs of other modules. The logs can be output to a CSV format file. The error codes and the time of error occurrence can be checked even after the PLC CPU is powered off and then on or reset. Select [Diagnostics]  $\rightarrow$  [System Monitor]  $\rightarrow$  [System Error History] button on GX Works2.

(a) Error History ListModule error logs are displayed in a list.

- (b) Error and Solution, Intelligent Module Information
  - Error and Solution
     Details of the selected in the "Error History List" and its corrective action are displayed.
  - Intelligent Module Information

    The status of Simple Motion module when the error selected in the "Error History List" occurred is displayed.

Item		Description	
Start axis		The axis No. requested to start is stored.	
Positioning start No.		The start No. at positioning start is stored. (Note-1)	
Axis in which	the error occurred	The axis No. in which the error occurred is stored.	
l		The positioning data No. currently being executed in which the error occurred is stored (Note-1), (Note-2)	
Current feed value		The current feed value of the axis in which the error occurred (at error occurrence) is stored.	
State of the i	input signal [X0 to XF]	The status of input signals [X0 to XF] (at error occurrence) is stored (in binary).	
State of the i	input signal [X10 to X1F]	The status of input signals [X10 to X1F] (at error occurrence) is stored (in binary).	
State of the	output signal [Y0 to YF]	The status of output signals [Y0 to YF] (at error occurrence) is stored (in binary).	
	output signal [Y10 to Y1F]	The status of output signals [Y10 to Y1F] (at error occurrence) is stored (in binary).	
	<ul> <li>Axis 1 upper limit signal</li> <li>Axis 1 lower limit signal</li> <li>Axis 1 stop signal</li> <li>Axis 1 external command signal/ switching signal</li> <li>Axis 1 near-point signal</li> </ul>	The status of axis 1 external input signals (at error occurrence) is stored.	
QD77MS4 display	<ul> <li>Axis 2 upper limit signal</li> <li>Axis 2 lower limit signal</li> <li>Axis 2 stop signal</li> <li>Axis 2 external command signal/ switching signal</li> <li>Axis 2 near-point signal</li> </ul>	The status of axis 2 external input signals (at error occurrence) is stored.	
	<ul> <li>Axis 3 upper limit signal</li> <li>Axis 3 lower limit signal</li> <li>Axis 3 stop signal</li> <li>Axis 3 external command signal/ switching signal</li> <li>Axis 3 near-point signal</li> </ul>	The status of axis 3 external input signals (at error occurrence) is stored.	
	Axis 4 upper limit signal     Axis 4 lower limit signal     Axis 4 stop signal     Axis 4 external command signal/switching signal     Axis 4 near-point signal	The status of axis 4 external input signals (at error occurrence) is stored.	

(Note-1): "0" is stored at the servo error occurrence.

(Note-2): The current cam data No. is displayed for output axis of synchronous control.

	Item	Description
QD77MS16 display	Axis in which the error occurred (Upper limit signal)     Axis in which the error occurred (Lower limit signal)     Axis in which the error occurred (Stop signal)     Axis in which the error occurred (External command signal/switching signal)     Axis in which the error occurred (Near-point signal)	The status of external input signals of the axis in which the error occurred (at error occurrence) is stored.
Servo alarm	·	The alarm code detected by servo amplifier is stored. (Note-1)
Driver operation alarm		The driver operation alarm detected by servo amplifier is stored. (Note-2)

(Note-1): "0" is stored unless the servo error occurs.

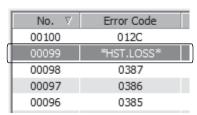
(Note-2): "0" is stored unless the driver operation alarm occurs.

(c) [Create CSV File] button

The module error logs are output to a CSV format file.

#### **POINT**

 If errors frequently occur in the Simple Motion module, "\*HST.LOSS\*" (instead of an actual error code) may be displayed in the Error Code column. (Display example)



If "\*HST.LOSS\*" is frequently displayed, set a larger value for the number of errors collected per scan in the PLC RAS tab of the PLC Parameter dialog box.

For the setting, refer to the "User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)" of the CPU module in use.

(2) If the error occurred at the simultaneous start, the axis No. in which the error is detected is stored in the "Starting axis" in Error History.

## 16.2 Troubleshooting

## (1) Troubleshooting using the LEDs

Check items and corrective actions for troubleshooting using the indicator LEDs of the Simple Motion module are described below.

#### (a) When the RUN LED turns off.

Check item	Action
Is the power supplied?	Check that the voltage supplied to the power supply module is within the rated range.
Is the power supply capacity sufficient?	Calculate the total current consumption of the connected modules (PLC CPU module, I/O modules, and intelligent function modules) and check that the power supply capacity is not insufficient.
Is the module connected correctly?	Check the state of connection with the module.

If there is no problem on the above check items, a watchdog timer error may have occurred. Reset the PLC CPU and check that the RUN LED turns on. If not, the possible cause is a hardware failure. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative, explaining a detailed description of the problem.

#### (b) When the ERR.LED turns on

Check item	Action		
Lis there a system error?	An error may have occurred in the PLC CPU. Check the error code and take a corrective action.		

#### (c) When the ERR. LED and axis LED flash

Check item	Action		
Is there an axis error?	Check the error code and take the action described in Section 16.4.		

#### (d) When the ERR.LED flashes

Check item	Action
Is there a synchronous encoder axis error?	Check the error code and take the action described in Section 16.4.

#### (e) When all LEDs turn on

Reset the PLC CPU and check that the module is in the normal status. If all LEDs still turn on, the possible cause is a hardware failure. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative, explaining a detailed description of the problem.

# (2) Troubleshooting when a motor does not rotate

Check items and corrective actions for troubleshooting when a motor does not rotate are described below.

#### **POINT**

The following signals must be ON for the Simple Motion module to operate (excluding when the "positioning test function" of GX Works2 is used).

- READY signal [X0]
- Servo READY signal
- Upper limit signal and Lower limit signal

The ON status of signals can be checked by the following monitor data.

- Servo READY signal: "[Md.108] Servo status (high-order buffer memory address)" (b0, b1).
- Upper limit signal and Lower limit signal: "[Md.30] External input signal" (b0, b1).

	Buffer memory address (high-order)	
	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Md.108] Servo status: b0, b1	877+100n	2477+100n

n: Axis No.-1

Check item	Action
Is the PLC READY signal turned ON?	Review the program to turn ON the PLC READY signal.
Is the servo amplifier powered ON?	Power on the servo amplifier.
Is there an error in the servo amplifier?	Check the error code of the servo amplifier and take a corrective action.
Is the wiring between the Simple Motion module and servo amplifier correct?	Check the wiring between the Simple Motion module and servo amplifier, and correct it.
Is the wiring between the servo amplifier and motor correct?	Check the wiring between the servo amplifier and motor, and correct it.
Is the wiring of the limit signal correct?	Check the wiring and logic setting of the limit signal, and correct the wiring.
Is there an error in the Simple Motion module? (ERR. LED is on or flashing)	Check the error code and take a corrective action.
Isn't the value in "[Md.26] Axis operation status" "1: stopped"?	Review the stop program.     Review whether the stop signal (STOP) is not input erroneously.
Is the value in "[Md.20] Current feed value" changed after positioning control is performed?	Review the start program.
Is the cumulative pulse of servo amplifier changed after positioning control is performed?	Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual and check that the function to suppress the motor rotation is not working.

If a motor does not rotate even after the above items are checked, the possible cause is a hardware failure.

Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative, explaining a detailed description of the problem.

(3) Troubleshooting when a motor does not rotate as intended.

Check items and corrective actions for troubleshooting when a motor does not rotate as intended are described below.

(a) When a motor rotates only in the opposite direction

Check item	Action
Is the value in "Rotation direction selection/ travel direction selection (PA14)" correct?	Check that the value in "Rotation direction selection/ travel direction selection (PA14)" matches the settings of servo amplifier. When "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" has been changed, turn the servo amplifier power supply ON again from OFF or reset the controller, and execute the home position return.

#### (b) When a motor does not rotate at the set speed

Check item	Action			
Does the value in "[Md.28] Axis feedrate" (Note) indicate the set speed?	value in "[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value".  • In the JOG operation, check that Forward run JOG start signal and Reverse run JOG start signal do not repeatedly turn ON and OFF.			
	Signal	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
	Forward run JOG start signal	Y8, YA, YC, YE	[Cd.181] Forward run JOG start	
	Reverse run JOG start signal	Y9, YB, YD, YF	[Cd.182] Reverse run JOG start	

(Note): Speed control mode and continuous operation to torque control mode: "[Md.122] Speed during command"

## (c) When the set position is not reached

Check item	Action			
Does the value in "[Md.20] Current feed value" indicate the intended position when the motor stops?	Unit magnification (AM  • When the servo amplithat the settings meet  [When the position set reached]  • Check that the motor	in "[Pr.2] Number of pent amount per rotation //)" meet the system. If if if has the electronic the system. If im "[Md.20] Current feet is not stopped by Axis nem, the value "1: stopped in "[1: stopped in "1: stopped	pulses per rotation In (AL)", and "[Pr.4] In gear function, check In a value" is not In stop signals. If a	
	Signal	QD77MS2/QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
	Axis stop signal	Y4 to Y7	[Cd.180] Axis stop	
	<u> </u>	L		

### 16.3 Error and warning details

#### [1] Errors

#### Types of errors

Errors detected by the Simple Motion module include parameter setting range errors, errors at the operation start or during operation and errors detected by servo amplifier.

 Errors detected by the Simple Motion module include parameter setting range errors

The parameters are checked when the power is turned ON and at the rising edge (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0]. An error will occur if there is a mistake in the parameter setting details at that time.

When this kind of error occurs, the READY signal [X0] does not turn ON. To cancel this kind of error, set the correct value in the parameter for which the error occurred, and then turn ON the PLC READY signal [Y0].

#### **POINT**

Re-set the parameters after parameter initialization (refer to Section 14.2) if errors (error code: 900 to 999) frequently occur and the Simple Motion module does not start.

(2) Errors at the operation start or during operation (Simple Motion module detection errors)

These are errors that occur at the operation start or during operation when the positioning control, JOG operation, or inching operation is used. If an axis error occurs during interpolation operation, the error code will be stored in both the reference axis and the interpolation axis.

Note that, in the following cases (a) and (b), the axis error No. will be stored only in the reference axis during analysis of the positioning data set in each point of the positioning start data table.

- (a) When the interpolation axis is BUSY.
- (b) When the error occurs in positioning data or parameters unrelated to interpolation control.

If the error occurs at the simultaneous start of a positioning operation, the axis error storage details will differ depending on whether the error occurred before or after the simultaneous start.

- If the error (illegal axis No., other axis BUSY, etc.) occurs before the simultaneous start, the error "Error before simultaneous start" (error code: 501) will occur for the start axis.
- If the error (positioning data error, software stroke limit error, etc.) occurs
  after the simultaneous start, an error code corresponding to the axis in which
  the error occurred will be stored. Because a simultaneous start cannot be
  carried out due to this, the error "Simultaneous start not possible" (error
  code: 532) will be stored in all axes in which an error has not occurred.

The axis operation status will be displayed as "error occurring" for axes in which an error occurred.

If an error occurs during operation, any moving axes will deceleration stop, and their operation status will be displayed as "error occurring".

All axes will decelerate to a stop during interpolation operations, even if the error occurs in only one axis.

## (3) Servo amplifier detection errors

The errors that occur when the hardware error of the servo amplifier or servo motor or the servo parameter error occurs.

The servo is turned off at the error occurrence and the axis stops.

Remove the error factor and reset the error, reset the controller, or turn the servo amplifier power supply ON again from OFF.

#### (4) Types of error codes

Error code	Classification of errors
001 to 009	Fatal errors
100 to 199	Common errors
200 to 299	OPR errors
300 to 399	JOG operation errors
400 to 499	Manual pulse generator operation errors
500 to 599	Positioning operation errors
600 to 699	Synchronous control input axis errors
700 to 799	Synchronous control output axis errors
800 to 899	I/F (Interface) errors
900 to 1099	Parameter setting range errors
1201 to 1209	Encoder errors
2000 to 2999	Servo amplifier errors
61440 to 61695	Errors for amplifier manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.
61696 to 61951	Errors for inverter FR-A700 series

## Error storage

When an error occurs, the error detection signal turns ON, and the error code corresponding to the error details is stored in the following buffer memory address ([Md.23] Axis error No.) for axis error No. storage. Note that there is a delay of up to operation cycle after the error detection signal turns ON until the error code is stored.

	QD77	D77MS2 QD77MS4		QD77MS4		MS16
Axis No.	Error detection	Buffer memory	Error detection	Buffer memory	Error detection	Buffer memory
	signal	address	signal	address	signal	address
1	X8	806	X8	806		2406
2	X9	906	X9	906		2506
3			XA	1006		2606
4			XB	1106	[Md.31]	2706
5					Status: b13	2806
to						to
16						3906

A new error code is stored in the buffer memory address ([Md.23] Axis error No.) for axis error storage every time an error occurs.

#### POINT

When any of the following errors that are independent of an axis is detected, it is stored in the axis error No. of axis 1. (These errors are stored in the axis error No. of axis 1 for the system which does not use the axis 1.)

Error code: 001, 002, 107, 190, 800, 802, 805, 999

When an alarm occurs on servo amplifier, the alarm No. displayed in LED of servo amplifier is stored in the following buffer memory address ([Md.114] Servo alarm). Check the error details and remedies by this servo alarm details.

Asia Na	Buffer memory address			
Axis No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
1	888	888	2488	
2	988	988	2588	
3		1088	2688	
4		1188	2788	
5			2888	
to			to	
16			3988	

# [2] Warnings

#### Types of warnings

Warnings detected by the Simple Motion module include system warnings, axis warnings and warnings detected by servo amplifier.

### (1) Simple Motion module detection system warnings

The types of system warnings are shown below.

- System control data setting warnings
   An axis warning for axis 1 will occur.
- Positioning data setting warnings
   An axis warning for each axis will occur.

   Note that a warning will occur for the reference axis when an interpolation designation or axis setting warning occurs.

#### (2) Simple Motion module detection axis warnings

- Axis warnings occur due to setting warnings from operations such as positioning operations, JOG operations or manual pulse generator operations.
- Axis warnings occur due to system warnings.
   The axis operation status does not change even if an axis warning occurs.

#### (3) Servo amplifier detection warnings

The warnings that occur when the hardware error of the servo amplifier or servo motor occurs or the servo parameter is inapplicable.

The servo may not be turned off depending on the warning. However, an error occurs or the operation cannot be executed normally if the warning is remained.

When the warning cause is removed, warning is automatically released in the servo amplifier. However, the state that the warning occurs is continued in the Simple Motion module.

Reset it if necessary.

#### (4) Types of warning codes

Warning code	Classification of warnings
100 to 199	Common warnings
200 to 299	OPR warnings
300 to 399	JOG operation warnings
400 to 499	Manual pulse generator operation warnings
500 to 599	Positioning operation warnings
600 to 699	Synchronous control input axis warnings
700 to 799	Synchronous control output axis warnings
800 to 899	Cam data operation warnings
900 to 999	System control data setting range check warnings
2000 to 2999	Servo amplifier warnings
2000 to 2999	(The contents of warnings vary in the model of servo amplifier.)
61440 to 61695	Warnings for amplifier manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.
61696 to 61951	Warnings for inverter FR-A700 series

## ■ Warning storage

(1) When an axis warning occurs, the warning code corresponding to the warning details is stored in the following buffer memory ([Md.24] Axis warning No.) for axis warning No. storage.

	Buffer memory address			
Axis No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
1	807	807	2407	
2	907	907	2507	
3		1007	2607	
4		1107	2707	
5			2807	
to			to	
16			3907	

(2) When an axis warning occurs in a positioning operation, etc., "axis warning detection ([Md.31] Status: b9)" of the following buffer memory for axis status storage turns ON.

	Buffer memory address			
Axis No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	
1	817	817	2417	
2	917	917	2517	
3		1017	2617	
4		1117	2717	
5			2817	
to			to	
16			3917	

When a warning occurs on servo amplifier, the warning No. displayed in LED of servo amplifier is stored in the following buffer memory address ([Md.114] Servo alarm). Check the warning details and remedies by this servo alarm details.

	Buffer memory address		
Axis No.	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16
1	888	888	2488
2	988	988	2588
3		1088	2688
4		1188	2788
5			2888
to			to
16			3988

## [3] Resetting errors and warnings

Remove the cause of error or warning following the actions described in Section 16.4 and 16.5, before cancel an error or warning state by resetting the error.

#### How to clear errors or warnings

An error or warning state is canceled after the following processing is carried out by setting "1" in the address of the buffer memory for resetting axis error ([Cd.5] Axis error reset).

- · Axis error detection signal is turned OFF.
- "[Md.23] Axis error No." is cleared.
- "[Md.24] Axis warning No." is cleared.
- "[Md.26] Axis operation status" is changed from "Error" to "Standby".
- "Axis warning detection ([Md.31] Status: b9)" is turned OFF.

#### POINT

When servo amplifier errors cannot be reset even if error reset is requested, "0" is not stored in "[Cd.5] Axis error reset" by Simple Motion module. It remains "1". Set "0" in "[Cd.5] Axis error reset" and then set "1" to execute the error reset again by user side.

## [4] Confirming the error and warning definitions

The error and warning definitions can be confirmed with the error codes and warning codes. Confirming them requires GX Works2.

#### Confirming the error definitions

- System monitor of GX Works2 (Refer to Section 16.1.)
- Error history screen of GX Works2 (Simple Motion Module Setting Tool) (Refer to the Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help.)

## Confirming the warning definitions

Warning history screen of GX Works2 (Simple Motion Module Setting Tool)
 (Refer to the Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help.)

MEMO			

## 16.4 List of errors

The following table shows the error details and remedies to be taken when an error occurs.

# 16.4.1 QD77MS detection error

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
_	000	(Normal status)	_	_	
Fatal errors 001 002	001	Faults			
	Internal circuit fault	Hardware is faulty.	The system stops.		
101	101	PLC READY OFF during operation	The PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF during operation.	The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 2). (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)	
-	400	Servo READY signal	The servo READY signal is turned OFF	During operation: The system stops	
	102	OFF during operation	during operation.	immediately.	
Common errors 104	Test mode faults during operation	The personal computer cannot communicate with the CPU module.	The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 2). (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)		
	Hardware stroke limit (+)	The hardware stroke limit (upper limit signal FLS) is turned OFF during operation.	The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 1). (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)		
		Start is requested when the hardware stroke limit (upper limit signal FLS) is turned OFF.	The system does not start.		
	Hardware stroke limit	The hardware stroke limit (lower limit signal RLS) is turned OFF during operation.	The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 1).  (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)		
	105	(-)	Start is requested when the hardware stroke limit (lower limit signal RLS) is turned OFF.	The system does not start.	
	106	Stop signal ON at start	Start is requested when a stop signal is turned ON.	The system does not start.	

Related buffer memory address		Set range		
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	(Setting with sequence program)	Remedy	
_	_	_	_	
_	_	_	Check that there is no influence from noise.	
	_	_	Review the program which turns ON/OFF PLC READY signal [Y0].	
_	_	_	Check the servo amplifier power, wiring with the servo amplifier, and connection of connectors.	
_	_	_	Check that there is no error on the personal computer side I/F to which a cable is connected.	
_	_	_	After making an axis error reset (refer to [3] in Section 16.3), perform manual control operation (refer to Chapter 11) to move the axis to the other position in order that the upper limit signal (FLS) will not turn OFF.	
_	_	<u>—</u>	Check the wiring of upper limit signal FLS. Check if the specification of the limit switch and the setting of the "[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection" match. If hardware stroke limit (limit switch) is unnecessary system for installation, wire to always turn ON the upper limit signal (FLS) input of the Simple Motion module.	
_	_	_	After making an axis error reset (refer to [3] in Section 16.3), perform manual control operation (refer to Chapter 11) to move the axis to the other position in order that the lower limit signal (RLS) will not turn OFF.	
_	_	_	Check the wiring of lower limit signal RLS. Check if the specification of the limit switch and the setting of the "[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection" match. If hardware stroke limit (limit switch) is unnecessary system for installation, wire to always turn ON the lower limit signal (RLS) input of the Simple Motion module.	
_	_	_	After confirming the stop command status, then review the timing of start.	

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	107	READY OFF → ON during BUSY	The PLC READY signal is turned from OFF to ON when BUSY signal is turned ON.	The READY signal [X0] is not turned ON.	
	108	Start not possible	Start is requested when start is not possible in the axis operation state.	The system does not start positioning.	
Common errors 109	Servo amplifier series error	The set series of the servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series" and the series of connected servo amplifier are mismatch.	The communication between servo amplifiers or later of target axis is not executed. (The servo amplifier's LED display remains "Ab".)		
	190	Operation cycle time over error	The calculation process time of the positioning etc. exceeds the operation cycle.	The operation continues.	
201  203  Home position return (OPR)	201	Start at OP	<ul> <li>When the OPR retry invalid is set, the near-point dog method machine OPR is started with the OPR complete flag turned ON.</li> <li>Scale origin signal detection method machine OPR is started with the OPR complete flag turned ON and the near-point dog signal turned ON.</li> </ul>	The machine OPR does not start.	
	203	Dog detection timing fault	The near-point dog signal is turned OFF during the deceleration from an OPR speed to a creep speed by the near-point dog method machine OPR.	The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 3).  (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)	
	206	Count method movement amount fault	In the count method 1) and 2) machine OPR, a parameter "Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" is smaller than a distance necessary for deceleration stop from an OPR speed.	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 3).	
	207	OPR request ON	The OPR request flag is turned ON when a fast -OPR is started (positioning start No. 9002).	The fast -OPR does not start.	
209	209	OPR restart not possible	The restart command is turned ON after the machine OPR is stopped using a stop signal.	The restart is not carried out.	
	210	OPR zero point not passed	The zero point is not passed when the dog method, count method or scale origin signal detection method OPR is re-started, or data set method OPR is executed.		
	211	ZCT read error	The data is not loaded from the servo amplifier properly upon the OPR.	The OPR does not complete.	

Related buffer m	nemory address		
QD77MS2 QD77MS16		Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
QD77MS4	QDTTIVISTO	(Setting with Sequence program)	
	_	ı	Turn ON the PLC READY signal [Y0] with the BUSY signals of all axes OFF.
	_	-	Do not request the start when the axis operation state is other than "standby", "stop", and "step standby".
30100+200n	28400+100n	<servo series=""> 0, 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 32, 48, 64, 96</servo>	Match the set series of the servo parameter "[Pr.100] Servo series" to the series of connected servo amplifier.
147	105	_	Review the content of the positioning or "[Pr.96] Operation cycle setting" longer than the current setting.
78+150n		<opr retry=""> 0, 1</opr>	<ul> <li>Validate the OPR retry function (set value: 1). (Refer to Section 13.2.1).</li> <li>Move the work piece from the current position (on OP) using the manual control operation (refer to Chapter 11), then carry out a machine OPR again.</li> </ul>
74+150n 75+150n		<opr speed=""> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or others]</opr>	Lower the OPR speed. Increase the dog signal input time. (Refer to Section 8.2.3)
80+150n 81+150n		<movement after="" amount="" near-<br="" setting="">point dog ON&gt; 0 to 2147483647</movement>	Calculate the movement distance using a speed limit, OPR speed, and deceleration time, and set the movement amount after near-point dog ON so that the distance becomes a deceleration distance or longer.
74+150n 75+150n		<opr speed=""> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min]</opr>	<ul> <li>Lower the OPR speed.</li> <li>Adjust the near-point dog position so that the movement amount after near-point dog ON becomes longer. (Refer to Section 8.2.4, 8.2.5)</li> </ul>
1500+100n	4300+100n	<positioning no.="" start=""> 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, 9001 to 9004</positioning>	Execute the machine OPR (positioning start No. 9001). (Refer to Section 8.2)
1500+100n	4300+100n	<positioning no.="" start=""> 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, 9001 to 9004</positioning>	Start the machine OPR (positioning start No. 9001) again. (Refer to Section 8.2)
_	_	_	Turn the motor more than one revolution using JOG or positioning operation.
_	_	_	Execute OPR again.     When the servo parameter "Function selection C-4 (PC17)" is changed to "1: Not need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on", transfer the parameter from the Simple Motion module to the servo amplifier and turn the power supply of the servo amplifier OFF. Then, turn it ON and execute OPR again.

n: Axis No.-1

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error Operation status at error occurrence	
	212	ABS reference point read error	The data is not loaded from the servo amplifier properly upon the OPR.  The OPR does not complete.	
Home 	230	Encoder ABS data not established	OPR is started on the direct drive motor when the absolute position data of the encoder has not been established.  The OPR does not start.	
position return (OPR)	231	Z-phase passing parameter invalid	Servo parameter "Function selection C-4 (PC17)" is not set to "0: Need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" in the machine OPR of scale origin signal detection method.	
	300	Outside JOG speed range	At the time of JOG starting, the JOG speed comes out of a specified range.  The JOG operation is not carried out when the JOG speed is outside the setting range at the time of JOG start.	
JOG operation or inching operation errors	301	Inching movement amount error	The inching movement amount dose not satisfy the setting conditions. (The setting value is large.)  Setting condition:  "Inching movement amount × (A) ≤ JOG speed limit value"  Use the following values for (A).    Operation cycle   0.88   1.77     When unit is set to PLS   1125   562.5     When unit is set to degree   and "[Pr.83] Speed control   2.7   2.7   2.7   2.7     The inching operation is not carried out when the inching movement amount exceeds a JOG speed limit at the time of inching start.	
			10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid  When unit setting is other than the above  67.5 33.75  67.5 33.75	
Positioning operation errors	500	Illegal condition data No.	The condition data No. is outside the setting range when a block using the condition data is started by a special starting (conditional start, wait start, simultaneous start, FOR (condition)).  (1 ≤ Condition data No. ≤ 10)	

Related buffer memory address  QD77MS2  QD77MS16		Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
QD77MS4	_	_	Execute OPR again.
-	_	_	Turn the power supplies of the system or servo amplifier from OFF to ON after passing the zero point of the motor by the JOG operation, etc.
30180+200n	28480+100n	_	Set "0: Need to pass servo motor Z-phase after power on" in the servo parameter "Function selection C-4 (PC17)".
1518+100n 1519+100n	4318+100n 4319+100n	<pre><jog speed=""> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or others]</jog></pre>	Bring the JOG speed into the setting range. (Refer to Section 11.2)
1517+100n	4317+100n	<inching amount="" movement=""> 0 to 65535</inching>	Set a smaller inching movement amount so that the setting condition is satisfied. (Refer to Section 11.3)
Refer to Section 5.4 "List of block start data"		<condition data="" no.=""> 1 to 10</condition>	Review the condition data No. (Refer to Section 5.4 [Da.14])

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
			<when are="" blocks="" simultaneously="" started=""> • The partner axis for simultaneous start is BUSY.</when>		
Positioning operation errors		Error before simultaneous start QD77MS2 QD77MS4	<when and="" are="" axes="" controlled="" multiple="" simultaneously="" started=""> <ul> <li>The partner axis for simultaneous start is BUSY.</li> <li>The "Simultaneous starting axis start data No." of the start axis is 0 or is outside the setting range.</li> <li>The "Simultaneous starting axis start data No." of those axes other than the start axis is outside the setting range.</li> </ul> </when>	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops immediately.	
	501	Error before simultaneous start QD77MS16	<when are="" blocks="" simultaneously="" started=""> • The partner axis for simultaneous start is BUSY.</when>		
			<when and="" are="" axes="" controlled="" multiple="" simultaneously="" started=""> <ul> <li>The same axis number is set to multiple simultaneous start axes.</li> <li>The own axis number is set to a simultaneous start axis.</li> <li>The number of simultaneous start axes is outside the setting range of 2 to 4.</li> <li>The partner axis for simultaneous start is BUSY.</li> <li>The "Simultaneous starting axis start data No." of the start axis and the partner axis for simultaneous start is 0 or is outside the setting range.</li> </ul> </when>		
	502	Illegal data No.	<ul> <li>The positioning data No. tried to be executed is outside the ranges of 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, and 9001 to 9004.</li> <li>The designation of a JUMP destination is executed currently.</li> <li>The designation of a JUMP destination is outside the ranges of 1 to 600.</li> </ul>	The positioning data is not executed.	
	503	No command speed	<ul> <li>At the start of positioning, a current speed (-1) is set for the command speed of the positioning data to be initially executed.</li> <li>The current speed is set by speed control.</li> <li>The current speed is set for speed-position or position-speed switching control.</li> </ul>	The operation does not start at positioning start.	

1542+100n		Related buffer m	nemory address	Sotr	ango		
Refer to Section 5.5 "List of condition data"  Axis designation: 10H; 20H; 30H; 40H, 50H, 60H, 70H, 80H, 80H, 80H, 80H, 80H, 80H, 80H, 8		-	QD77MS16		-	Remedy	
1541+100n  Axis 2 start data No.  1542+100n  Axis 3 start data No.  1543+100n  Axis 4 start data No.  1543+100n  Axis 4 start data No.  4339+100n  Axis 4 start data No.  Simultaneous starting axis > b12 to b15 : 2 to 4  Bis to b11 : 0h to Fh Bis to b1 : 0h to Fh Bis to b11 : 0h to Fh B				Axis designation: 10H, 20H, 30H, 40H, 50H, 60H, 70H, 80H, 90H, A0H, B0H, C0H,		·	
Axis 3 start data No.  1542+100n  Axis 4 start data No.  1 to 600  Axis 4 start data No.  1 to 600  Axis 4 start data No.  1 to 600  Axis 4 start data No.  1 to 600  Axis 4 start data No.  Simultaneous starting axis bit of the bit		1540+100n		Axis 1 start data No			
1542+100n		1541+100n		Axis 2 start data No			
Axis 4 start data No.		1542+100n		Axis 3 start data No	data No.	Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (Refer to Section 10.5)	
12 to b15 : 2 to 4		1543+100n		Axis 4 start data No			
b12 to b15 : 2 to 4 b8 to b11 : 0h to Fh b4 to b7 : 0h to Fh b5 to b3 : 0h to Fh c5 imultaneous starting own axis start data No.> 1 to 600  Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1  Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600  1500+100n  4300+100n  4300+100n  4300+100n  A300+100n  b1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, 9001 to 9004  Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600  Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600  Normalize the positioning start No., positioning start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, 9001 to 9004  Normalize the positioning start No., positioning start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, 9001 to 9004			4339+100n	b12 to b19 b8 to b11 b4 to b7	5 : 2 to 4 : 0h to Fh : 0h to Fh	Normalize the simultaneous start axis.	
4340+100n No.> 1 to 600  Simultaneous 4341+100n Starting axis start data No.1  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600  1500+100n 4300+100n  4300+100n  4300+100n  Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600  Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600  Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 4)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 4)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 4)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 4)> Normalize the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 4)> Normalize the simultaneous s			4339+100n	b12 to b15 b8 to b11 b4 to b7	5 : 2 to 4 : 0h to Fh : 0h to Fh		
Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to (Refer to Section 10.5)  4341+100n  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600  1500+100n  4300+100n  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, 9001 to 9004  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the positioning start No., positioning start delata No., positioning start delata No., positioning start delata No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the positioning start No., positioning start delata No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the positioning start No., positioning start delata No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the positioning start No., positioning start delata No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the positioning start No., positioning start delata No. (1 to 3)> Normalize the positioning data (in JUMP instruction)			Simultaneous starting own axis start data No.>		Normalize the simultaneous starting own axis start data No		
starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600  1500+100n  4300+100n  Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)> 1 to 600			4341+100n	Simultaneous starting axis start		and the simultaneous starting axis start data No. (1 to 3).	
4343+100n   starting axis start   data No.3				4342+100	4342+100n	starting axis start data No.2	starting axis start data No. (1 to 3)>
1500+100n 4300+100n 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, 9001 to 9004 Normalize the positioning start No., positioning start deblock start), and positioning data (in JUMP instruction)			4343+100n	starting axis start			
		1500+100n 4300+100n		1 to 600, 7000 to 7004,		Normalize the positioning start No., positioning start data (in	
1 to 600				<jump destination=""></jump>		blook starty, and positioning data (in both instruction).	
Refer to Section 5.3  "List of positioning data" <pre></pre>				1 to 1000000	0000 [PLS/s]	Normalize the positioning data.	

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
Positioning operation errors	504	Outside linear movement amount range	When the parameter "interpolation speed designation method" performs a linear interpolation in setting a "composite speed", the axis movement amount for each positioning data exceeds 1073741824(2 <sup>30</sup> ). The positioning address is —360.00000 or less or 360.00000 or more using INC instruction, where the control unit is set to "degree" and software stroke limit upper limit is not equal to the software stroke limit lower limit.	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops immediately.	
	506	Large arc error deviation	When an arc is interpolated by the designation of the center point, a difference between a radius of start point-center point and a radius of end point-center point exceeds the parameter "Circular interpolation error allowable limit".	At start : The circular interpolation control by center point designation is not executed.  During operation: The system stops immediately.	

	Related buffer memory address		Sot range		
	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy	
	Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data"		<positioning address="" amount="" movement=""> • ABS unit [mm] [inch] [PLS] -2147483648 to 2147483647 Unit [degree] 0 to 35999999 • INC (When software stroke limits are valid) Unit [mm], [inch] [PLS]: -2147483648 to 2147483647 Unit [degree]: -35999999 to 35999999 (When software stroke limits are invalid) -2147483648 to 2147483647 • Speed-position switching</positioning>	Review the positioning address.	
			• Speed-position switching INC mode: 0 to 2147483647 ABS mode: 0 to 35999999	Correct the center point address (arc address)     Correct the end address (positioning address)	
			<circular allowable="" error="" interpolation="" limit=""> 0 to 1000000</circular>	Correct the circular interpolation error allowable limit value.	

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	507	Software stroke limit+	The positioning is executed at a position exceeding the upper limit of the software stroke limit. The positioning address and the new current value exceed the upper limit of the software stroke limit. In the circular interpolation with sub points designated, the sub point exceeds the upper limit of the software stroke limit. During the speed control mode/the torque control mode/the continuous operation to torque control mode, the current feed value exceeded the upper limit of the software stroke limit.	The system stops immediately when the positioning address during position control (including position control in speed-position switching control or position-speed switching control) is switched to the data outside the software stroke limit range.  During speed control (including speed control in speed-position switching control or position-speed switching control), the system stops at the setting (normal deceleration stop only) of sudden stop selection (stop group 3) in the detailed parameter 2 when the current feed value or machine feed value during manual control is outside the software stroke limit range.  At speed control mode/torque control mode/	
operation errors	508	Software stroke limit–	The positioning is executed at a position exceeding the lower limit of the software stroke limit. The positioning address and the new current value exceed the lower limit of the software stroke limit. In the circular interpolation with sub points designated, the sub point exceeds the lower limit of the software stroke limit. During the speed control mode/the torque control mode/the continuous operation to torque control mode, the current feed value exceeded the lower limit of the software stroke limit.		

Related buffer memory address		Cot range		
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy	
New current value				
1506+100n 1507+100n	4306+100n 4307+100n		At operation start : • Set the current feed value within the software stroke limit by the manual control operation.  (Refer to Chapter 11)	
Software stroke limit upper limit		<new current="" value=""> <software and="" limits="" lower="" stroke="" upper=""> • [mm] [inch] [PLS]</software></new>	Correct the positioning address. (At circular interpolation with sub points designated, also check the arc address.)  New current value: Set the new current value within the software stroke limit. (Refer to Section	
18+150n 19+150n		-2147483648 to 2147483647 • [degree] 0 to 35999999	9.2.19)  During operation : Correct the positioning address.  (For the positioning and arc addresses, refer to [Da.6] and [Da.7] in Section 5.3)  At speed control mode/torque control mode/continuous	
Software stroke limit lower limit			operation to torque control mode:  Review the operation so that the current feed value does not exceed the softward stroke limit.	
20+150n 21+150n				

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	514	Outside new current value range	The new current address is outside the ranges of 0 to 359.99999, where the control unit is set to "degree".		
	515	New current value not possible	<ul> <li>The control system sets an operation pattern (continuous path control) using new current positioning data.</li> <li>The operation pattern sets a "new current value" in the control system using the data following the "continuous path control" positioning data.</li> </ul>	Current value is not changed.	
Positioning operation errors	516	Continuous path control not possible	The continuous path control is designated using a control system which is not allowed to use for continuous path control such as speed control, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, fixed-feed, and current value changing. The previous data such as those on speed control, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, fixed-feed, and current value changing shows a continuous path control. The continuous positioning control is designated for speed control or position-speed switching control.	The system does not operate at start.	
	518	Outside operation pattern range	The operation pattern set value is 2.		
	519	Interpolation while interpolation axis BUSY	Interpolation is started during the operation of the interpolation axis.		
	520	Unit group unmatched	The reference and interpolation axis units are different at the parameter "interpolation speed designation method" setting of "composite speed".	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops with the setting (deceleration	
	521	Illegal interpolation description command	In 2-axis interpolation, the axis to be interpolated is the self axis or an axis not present.	stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 3).	
	522	Command speed setting error	The command speed is outside the setting range. Linear interpolation, circular interpolation: Reference axis is outside the setting range. Speed control interpolation: Either of reference axis and interpolation axis is outside the speed range.	(Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)	

Related buffer m QD77MS2 QD77MS4	nemory address QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
1506+100n 1507+100n	4306+100n 4307+100n	<new current="" value=""> [degree] 0 to 35999999</new>	Bring the new current value into the setting range. (Refer to Section 9.2.19)
		<control system=""> 01H to 1EH, 80H to 84H • 03H, 0CH, 17H, 1CH: 1 to 4 axis fixed-</control>	<ul> <li>Do not designate a current value changing using the positioning data following the continuous path control.</li> <li>Do not designate positioning data following continuous path control using a "current value changing". (Refer to Section 9.2.19)</li> </ul>
Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data"		feed control  • 04H, 05H, 13H, 14H, 18H, 19H, 1DH, 1EH: 1 to 4 axis speed control  • 81H: current value changing  • Speed-position switching control:  06H, 07H  • Position-speed switching control:  08H, 09H <operation pattern=""> 00, 01, 11  • 01: Continuous positioning control  • 11: Continuous path control</operation>	<ul> <li>Do not designate a speed control, fixed-feed, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, and current value changing using the positioning data following the continuous path control data.</li> <li>Do not carry out the fixed-feed, speed control, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, and current value changing using the continuous path control operation pattern.</li> <li>Do not carry out the speed control and position-speed switching control using the continuous path control operation pattern. (Refer to Chapter 9)</li> </ul>
	Same as e	rror codes 515 to 516	Correct the operation pattern. (Refer to Section 5.3 [Da.1]) Correct the control system. (Refer to Section 5.3 [Da.2])
0+150n		<unit setting=""> 0, 1, 2, 3</unit>	Correct the positioning data or change the parameter "Unit setting" of the axis to be interpolated. (Refer to Section 9.1.6)
	Same as e	rror codes 515 to 516	Correct the control system. (Refer to Section 5.3 [Da.2])  Correct the axis to be interpolated. (Refer to Section 5.3 [Da.5], [Da.20] to [Da.22])
Command sp addresses of po No. 1 t	ositioning data	<command speed=""/> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or others]	Correct the command speed. (Refer to Section 5.3 [Da.8])

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
Positioning operation errors	523	Interpolation mode error	For starting, a composite speed is designated in the reference axis parameter "Interpolation speed designation method" using the speed interpolation control or     4-axis linear interpolation control.      For starting, a reference axis speed is designated in the reference axis parameter "Interpolation speed designation method" using the circular interpolation control.	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 3).  (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)	
	524	Control system setting error	The control system setting value is outside the setting range. The number of control axes or the axis to be interpolated differs from the previous data when continuous positioning control or continuous path control is to be exercised for continuously. The NOP instruction was set to the control system of positioning data No. 600.		
	525	Sub point setting error	Either of the following applies in the circular interpolation with sub points designated.  • Start point = sub point  • End point = sub point  • Start point, end point, and sub point are in line with each other.  • Sub point address and center point address are outside the range of —2147483648 to 2147483647.		
	526	End point setting error	<ul> <li>Start point is equal to end point in the circular interpolation with sub points designated.</li> <li>End point address is outside the range of -2147483648 to 2147483647 in the circular interpolation with auxiliary point designation and center point designation.</li> </ul>	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops immediately.	
	527	Center point setting error	Circular interpolation with center point designation applicable to one of the followings.  • Start point = Center point  • End point = Center point  • Center point address is outside the range of –2147483648 to 2147483647.		

	Related buffer n QD77MS2 QD77MS4	nemory address QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
	29+150n		<interpolation designation="" method="" speed=""> 0: Composite speed 1: Reference axis speed</interpolation>	Set the "Interpolation speed designation method" correctly. (Refer to Section 9.1.6)
	Same as error codes 515 to 516			Correct the control system, axis to be interpolated or parameter. (Refer to Section 9.1.6, 9.2.20)
	Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data"		<positioning address="" amount="" movement=""> • Unit [mm] [PLS] [inch] –2147483648 to 2147483647 (Unit [degree]) cannot be set.</positioning>	Correct the sub address (arc address). (Refer to Section 9.2.10)
			<arc address=""> -2147483648 to 2147483647</arc>	Correct the end address (positioning address). (Refer to Section 9.2.10)
	Same as in error codes 525 to 526.			Correct the center point address (arc address). (Refer to Section 9.2.11)

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	530	Outside address range	<ul> <li>In the speed-position switching control and the position-speed switching control, the setting value of a positioning address is negative.</li> <li>In ABS1, ABS2, ABS3 and ABS4, the setting value of a positioning address is outside the range of 0 to 359.99999 degrees.</li> </ul>	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops immediately with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 sudden stop selection (stop group 3).	
	532	Simultaneous start not possible	Among the axes to be started simultaneously, there is an axis on which an error other than this error occurs.	(Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)	
Positioning operation errors	533	Condition data error	<ul> <li>The condition setting values are not set or outside the setting range.</li> <li>The condition operator setting values are not set or outside the setting range.</li> <li>The condition operator is a bit operator, and the parameter 1 is 32 or more.</li> <li>An unusable condition operator is set for the set condition.</li> <li>The conditional operator has been [parameter 1 is greater than to parameter 2] with 05H (P1 ≤ ** ≤ P2).</li> <li>The setting value of "address" is outside the setting range when the condition target is set to "Buffer memory (1-word/2-word)".</li> <li>(1-word: 0 to 32767, 2-word: 0 to 32766)</li> <li>The setting value of "simultaneous starting axis" is outside the setting range when the condition target is set to "positioning data No.".</li> </ul>	The operation is terminated.	
	534	Special start instruction error	No applicable special start instruction is present.		
	535	Circular interpolation not possible	Circular interpolation is carried out on an axis in the unit of degree.		
	536	M code ON signal start	The positioning start is carried out when an M code ON signal is turned ON.		
	537	PLC READY OFF start	The positioning start is carried out when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF.		
	538	READY OFF start	The positioning start is carried out when the READY signal [X0] is turned OFF.	The system does not operate at start.	
	543	Outside start No. range	<ul> <li>At the start of positioning, the setting value of the "positioning start No." of the axis control data is outside the ranges of 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, and 9001 to 9004.</li> <li>At a Pre-reading start, the "positioning start No." setting of the axis control data is other than 1 to 600.</li> </ul>		

Related buffer memory address		Catanana		
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy	
	Same as in	error codes 504, 506.	Correct the positioning address. (Refer to Section 9.2.16, 9.2.17, or 9.2.18)	
Refer to S "List of posit and Section 5 start	tioning data" .4 "List of block	_	In the error history, check the axis where the error other than this error occurred, and remove the error factor. Correct the block start data and positioning data.	
Refer to S "List of bloc	Section 5.4 k start data"		Normalize the block start data.	
		<special instruction="" start=""> 00H to 06H</special>	Correct the instruction code of the special start. (Refer to Section 5.4 [Da.13])	
	ection 5.3 tioning data"	_	Correct the control system. (Refer to Section 5.3 [Da.2])	
1504+100n	4304+100n	<m code="" off="" request=""> 1: M code ON signal is turned OFF</m>	After turning OFF the M code ON signal, start the system. (Refer to Section 13.7.3)	
_	_	_	Check the program which turns ON/OFF the PLC READY signal [Y0], and turn ON the PLC READY signal. Then start the system.	
_	_		Check the READY ON signal, and then start the system. (Refer to Section 3.3.2)	
1500+100n	4300+100n	<positioning no.="" start=""> 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, 9001 to 9004</positioning>	Normalize the positioning start No. (Refer to Section 13.7.7)	

			1		Т
Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	544	Outside radius range	The arc radius exceeds 536870912.	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops immediately.	
	545	Control system LOOP setting error	A "0" is set in the repeating times of the control system "LOOP".	The operation is terminated.	
Positioning	546	Illegal setting of ABS direction in unit of degree	The setting value of ABS direction in the unit of degree is as follows.  • Set outside the setting range.  • A figure other than "0" is set when the software stroke limit is valid.	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system decelerates to a stop.  (Note that, in the continuous positioning control and continuous path control, the system continues operating with the setting set at the time of start even if the setting is changed during the operation.)	
operation errors	547	Start at OPR incomplete	When executing operation setting at OPR incomplete, positioning was started at OPR request ON.     When executing operation setting at OPR incomplete, control mode switching was executed at OPR request ON.	At start : The system does not operate. At control mode switching: The mode does not change.	
	550	Continuous operation to torque control not supported	Switching to the continuous operation to torque control mode is requested to a servo amplifier which does not support the continuous operation to torque control.	During positioning control:  The system stops with the setting of the detailed	
	551	Outside control mode auto-shift switching parameter range	When setting the control mode auto-shift switching selection, the control mode auto-shift switching parameter is outside the range.	parameter 2 sudden stop selection (stop group 3).  During speed control mode:  The mode is switched to position control mode, and the system stops immediately.	
I/F errors	800	Hold error	In the CPU module parameter "Output at error stop", the setting for the Simple Motion module is "Hold".	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 sudden stop selection (stop group 3).  (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)	
	801	Flash ROM write error	Data is not written to the flash ROM.		
	802	Flash ROM sum check error	While data is written to the flash ROM, the power is turned OFF.	At start: The system does not operate.	

	Related buffer m	nemory address	0.4	
	QD77MS2	00==115::	Set range	Remedy
	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	(Setting with sequence program)	·
			<maximum radius=""></maximum>	Correct the positioning data.
	D-f4- 0			-
		Section 5.3	536870912	(Refer to Section 9.2.10, or 9.2.11)
	"List of posit	tioning data"		
			<loop lend="" to=""></loop>	Set 1 to 65535 in the repeating time of LOOP. (Refer to
			1 to 65535	Section 9.2.22)
	ABS setting dire	ection in the unit	0. 06	Set the ABS setting direction in the unit of degree within the
	of de	gree	0: Shortcut	setting range.
			1: Clockwise	Set "0" when the software stroke limits are valid. (Refer to
	1550+100n	4350+100n	2: Counterclockwise	Section 9.1.5)
-	Software	stroke limit		
_		r limit		
	18+1		• [mm] [inch] [PLS]	Invalidate the software stroke limit.
	19+1		_2147483648 to 2147483647	(To invalidate, set the software stroke limit upper limit value to
	Software s	stroke limit	• [degree]	the software stroke limit lower limit value.)
<u> </u>	lower	r limit	0 to 35999999	(Refer to Section 9.1.5)
	20+1	150n		
	21+1	150n		
	Operation	setting for		Start after the OPR is executed.
	incompleti	-		Switch the control mode after the OPR is executed.
-	oop.ou		<operation for="" incompletion="" of<="" p="" setting=""></operation>	For systems which can operate the positioning control and
			OPR>	speed-torque control though the OPR request is ON, set "1"
	87+1	150n	0, 1	-
				to the setting value of the operation setting at OPR
				incomplete.
	_	_	_	Use a servo amplifier which supports the continuous operation
				to torque control.
			< Outside control mode auto-shift	
			switching parameter range >	
			When "1" or "2" is set in "[Cd.153] Control	Set the control mode auto-shift switching parameter within the
	1594+100n	4394+100n	mode auto-shift selection".	
	1595+100n	4395+100n	• [mm] [inch] [PLS]	range and switch to the continuous operation to torque control
			-2147483648 to 2147483647	mode.
			• [degree]	
			0 to 35999999	
				0, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,
	_	_	_	Clear the setting of the CPU module parameter "Output at
				error stop".
	_	_	_	The flash ROM is expected to be at the end of its writable life.
			1	,
			<parameter initialization="" request=""></parameter>	Return the parameter to that set at the time of delivery from
	1901	5901	<parameter initialization="" request=""> 1: Parameter initialization is requested</parameter>	Return the parameter to that set at the time of delivery from the plant. (Refer to Section 14.2)

Classification	Error				
of errors	code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	803	PLC CPU error	The CPU module resulted in an error.	At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 sudden stop selection (stop group 2).  (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)	
I/F errors	804	Dedicated instruction error	<ul> <li>The ZP.PSTRT□ instruction is executed with the start No. set to other than 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004 and 9001 to 9004.</li> <li>The ZP.TEACH□ instruction is executed with the teaching data selection set to other than 0 and 1.</li> <li>The ZP.TEACH□ instruction is executed with the positioning data No. set to other than 1 to 600.</li> <li>The instruction of a non-existent axis is specified by the ZP.PSTRT□ or ZP.TEACH□ instruction.</li> </ul>	The function for each instruction is not executed.	
	805	Flash ROM write number error	Data is written to the flash ROM continuously 25 times or more from the program.	At start: The system does not operate.	
	806	Dedicated instruction I/F error	Mismatching occurs between the CPU module and the Simple Motion module.		
	808	Error when switching from normal operation mode to amplifier-less operation mode	Input signals other than synchronization flag [X1] are ON when switching from the normal operation mode to the amplifier-less operation mode.	The operation mode is not changed.	
	809	Error when switching from amplifier-less operation mode to normal operation mode	Input signals other than synchronization flag [X1] are ON when switching from the amplifier-less operation mode to the normal operation mode.	The organization in the organization of the or	
	900	Outside unit setting range	The set value of the basic parameter 1 "Unit setting" is outside the setting range.		
Parameter setting range	901	Outside pulse number per rotation range	The set value of the basic parameter 1 "Number of pulses per rotation" is outside the setting range.	The READY signal [X0] is not turned ON.	
errors	902	Outside movement amount per rotation range	The set value of the basic parameter 1 "Movement amount per rotation" is outside the setting range.		

Related buffer n	nemory address	Cat range	
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
_	_	_	Check the error code in CPU module. (Refer to the "QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)".)
_		< ZP.PSTRT□ start No.> 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004, 9001 to 9004 < ZP.TEACH□ teaching data selection> 0: The current feed value is written to the positioning address. 1: The current feed value is written to the arc address. < ZP.TEACH□ positioning data No.> 1 to 600	When executing the ZP.PSTRT□ instruction, set the start No. within the setting range. (Refer to Section 15.3)     When executing the ZP.TEACH□ instruction, set the teaching data selection and positioning data No. within the setting range. (Refer to Section 15.4)     Do not specify the instruction of a non-existent axis by the ZP.PSTRT□ and ZP.TEACH□ instructions. (Refer to Section 15.3 to Section 15.4)
_	_	_	Review the program so that data is not written continuously to the flash ROM. (Using "[Md.19]" in Section 5.6.1, the number of flash ROM write times can be monitored.) (If this error has occurred in a proper using method, writing is enabled by resetting the error, switching power OFF, then ON, or resetting the CPU module.)
_	_	_	A trouble occurs. Repair.
_	_	_	Switch the operation mode after confirming that all input
_	I	_	signals other than synchronization flag [X1] are OFF.
0+1	50n	0, 1, 2, 3	
2+1 3+1		1 to 20000000	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
4+1 5+1		1 to 20000000	

1		1	I	I	
Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	903	Outside unit magnification range	The set value of the basic parameter 1 "Unit magnification" is outside the setting range.  "Movement amount per rotation (AL)" × "Unit magnification (AM)" exceeds 2147483648.	The READY signal [X0] is not turned ON.	
	906	Outside bias speed range	<ul> <li>The set value of the basic parameter 1 "Bias speed at start" is outside the setting range.</li> <li>The bias speed exceeds the speed limit.</li> </ul>		
	907	Outside electronic gear setting range	The set value of the electronic gear is outside the setting range.	The READY signal [X0] is not turned ON.	
	910	Outside speed limit value range	<ul> <li>The set value of the basic parameter 2 "Speed limit value" is outside the setting range.</li> <li>The speed limit value is smaller than the OPR speed.</li> </ul>	When the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned from OFF to ON	
Parameter setting range	911	Outside acceleration time 0 range	The set value of the basic parameter 2 "Acceleration time 0" is outside the setting range.	: READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. At start : The system does not operate.	
errors	912	Outside deceleration time 0 range	The set value of the basic parameter 2 "Deceleration time 0" is outside the setting range.		
	920	Backlash compensation amount error	The calculation result of the following equation is smaller than 0 or larger than 4194304. $0 \le \frac{\boxed{\Pr.11} \times \boxed{\Pr.2}}{\boxed{\Pr.3} \times \boxed{\Pr.4}} \le 4194303$		
	921	Software stroke limit upper limit	<ul> <li>In the unit of "degree", the set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Software stroke limit upper limit value" is outside the setting range.</li> <li>In a unit other than "degree", the software stroke limit upper limit value is smaller than the software stroke limit lower limit value.</li> </ul>	The READY signal [X0] is not turned ON.	
	922	Software stroke limit lower limit	<ul> <li>In the unit of "degree", the set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Software stroke limit lower limit value" is outside the setting range.</li> <li>In a unit other than "degree", the software stroke limit upper limit value is smaller than the software stroke limit lower limit value.</li> </ul>		

Related buffer n	nemory address	Catrongo	
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
1+1	50n	1,10,100,1000	<ul> <li>Set AL and AM values which make "Movement amount per rotation (AL)" × "Unit magnification (AM)" within 2147483647, and then turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.</li> <li>With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.</li> </ul>
	50n 50n	0 [PLS/s] 0 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or others]	<ul> <li>Set the bias speed to not more than the speed limit value.</li> <li>With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.</li> </ul>
Unit magnification  1+150n  Number of pulses per rotation  2+150n  3+150n  Movement amount per rotation  4+150n  5+150n		0.001 ≤ Electronic gear ≤ 320000  Electronic gear =     Pr.2   Pr.4   Pr.4	"[Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation (AP)", "[Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation (AL)", "[Pr.4] Unit magnification (AM)" Review these parameters. (Refer to Section 5.2.1)
10+150n 11+150n		<speed limit="" value=""> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or others]</speed>	Set a value which is not less than the OPR speed.      With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
	150n 150n	1 to 8388608	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC
	150n 150n	1 to 8388608	READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
17+150n		$0 \le \frac{ P_{r.11}  \times  P_{r.2} }{ P_{r.3}  \times  P_{r.4} } \le 4194303$	"[Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation (AP)", "[Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation (AL)", "[Pr.4] Unit magnification (AM)" "[Pr.11] Backlash compensation amount" Review the items above. (Refer to Section 5.2.1 or Section 5.2.3)
18+150n 19+150n		• [mm] [inch] [PLS] -2147483648 to 2147483647 • [degree] 0 to 35999999	Bring the setting into the setting range.
20+150n 21+150n		• [mm] [inch] [PLS] -2147483648 to 2147483647 • [degree] 0 to 35999999	In a unit other than "degree", set so that the lower limit value is smaller than the upper limit value.

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	923	Software stroke limit selection	<ul> <li>The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Software stroke limit selection" is outside the setting range.</li> <li>In the unit of "degree", "1: Apply software stroke limit on machine feed value" is set.</li> </ul>		
	924	Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting	The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting" is outside the setting range.		
	925	Command in-position width	The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Command in-position width" is outside the setting range.		
	926	Illegal torque limit setting value	The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Torque limit setting value" is outside the setting range.		
	927	M code ON timing error	The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "M	The READY signal [X0] is not turned ON.	
	928	Speed switching mode error	The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Speed switching mode" is outside the setting range.		
Parameter	929	Interpolation speed designation method error	The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Interpolation speed designation method" is outside the setting range.		
setting range errors	930	Current value update request error	The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Current feed value during speed control" is outside the setting range.		
	932	Manual pulse generator input mode error	The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection" is outside the setting range.		
	935	Speed-position function selection error	The detailed parameter 1 "Speed-position function selection" is preset to 2 and the following three conditions are not satisfied:  1) Unit is "degree".  2) Software stroke limits are invalid.  3) Update current feed value.		
	936	External input signal selection error	The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "External input signal selection" is outside the setting range.		
	937	Forced stop valid/invalid setting error	The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Forced stop valid/invalid setting" is outside the setting range.		
	938	Input signal logic selection setting error	The set values of the detailed parameter 1 "Input signal logic selection" are different in the axis that uses the same input signal.		

	Related buffer n QD77MS2 QD77MS4	nemory address QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
	22+	150n	0, 1	Bring the setting into the setting range. In the unit of "degree", set "0: Apply software stroke limit on current feed value".
	23+	150n	0, 1	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
		150n 150n	1 to 2147483647	
	26+ <sup>-</sup>	150n	1 to 1000	
	27+^	150n	0, 1	
	28+150n		0, 1	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
	29+1	150n	0, 1	
	30+-	150n	0, 1, 2	
	3	33	0, 1, 2, 3	
	34+150n		0, 2	Speed-position switching control (ABS mode) should satisfy the conditions 1) to 3) given on the left.     When speed-position switching control (ABS mode) is not to be exercised, set 0 to speed-position function selection and turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
	32+150n 35		0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC
			0, 1	READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
	31+	150n	0, 1	With the setting of the axis is matched, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	950	Acceleration time 1 setting error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Acceleration time 1" is outside the setting range.	When the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned from OFF to ON: The READY signal [X0] is	
	951	Acceleration time 2 setting error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Acceleration time 2" is outside the setting range.	not turned ON. At start : The system does not	
	952	Acceleration time 3 setting error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Acceleration time 3" is outside the setting range.	operate.  During operation : The system stops with the setting (deceleration	
	953	Deceleration time 1 setting error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Deceleration time 1" is outside the setting range.	sudden stop selection (stop group 3). (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)	
	954	Deceleration time 2 setting error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Deceleration time 2" is outside the setting range.		
Parameter setting range errors	955	Deceleration time 3 setting error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Deceleration time 3" is outside the setting range.		
errors	956	JOG speed limit value error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "JOG speed limit value" is outside the setting range. The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "JOG speed limit value" exceeds the speed limit.	When the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned from OFF to ON: The READY signal [X0] is not turned ON.  At start : The system does not operate.  During operation: The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 sudden stop selection (stop group 3).  (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)	

Related buffer memory address		Cot rows		
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy	
	150n 150n	1 to 8388608		
	150n 150n	1 to 8388608		
	150n 150n	1 to 8388608	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC	
42+150n 43+150n		1 to 8388608	READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.	
44+150n 45+150n		1 to 8388608		
46+150n 47+150n		1 to 8388608		
	150n 150n	<jog limit="" speed="" value=""> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or others]</jog>	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.     Bring the setting into the speed limit value or below.	

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	957	JOG acceleration time selection setting error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "JOG operation acceleration time selection" is outside the setting range.		
	958	JOG deceleration time selection setting error	eration time The set value of the detailed parameter 2  "JOG operation deceleration time selection"		
	959	Acceleration/ deceleration process selection setting error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Acceleration/deceleration process selection" is outside the setting range.	When the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned from OFF to ON: The READY signal [X0] is	
	960	S-curve ratio setting error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "S-curve ratio" is outside the setting range.	not turned ON. At start : The system does not	
	961	Illegal sudden stop deceleration time	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Sudden stop deceleration time" is outside the setting range.	operate.  During operation : The system stops with the setting (deceleration	
	962	Stop group 1 sudden stop selection error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Stop group 1 sudden stop selection" is outside the setting range.	stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 sudden stop selection	
	963	Stop group 2 sudden stop selection error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Stop group 2 sudden stop selection" is outside the setting range.	(stop group 3). (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.)	
	964	Stop group 3 sudden stop selection error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Stop group 3 sudden stop selection" is outside the setting range.		
Parameter setting range	966	Outside allowance circular interpolation error width	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Allowance circular interpolation error width" is outside the setting range.		
errors	967	External command function selection error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "External command function selection" is outside the setting range.		
	970	Restart allowable range error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Restart allowable range when servo OFF to ON" is outside the setting range.		
	971	Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is outside the setting range.		
	972	Number of master axis error	Number of axes set for the master axis in servo parameter "Driver communication setting (PD15)" exceed the setting range.	The READY signal [X0] is not turned ON.	
	973	Master axis No. error	Servo parameters "Driver communication setting Master axis No. selection (1 to 4) for slave (PD20 to PD23)" are set the self axis.		
	974	Master axis setting error	Not setting the master axis in Servo parameters "Driver communication setting Master axis No. selection (1 to 4) for slave (PD20 to PD23)".		
	975	Driver communication setting error	<ul> <li>Setting the driver communication to servo amplifier which does not support the driver communication.</li> <li>The driver communication setting is different in the module and the servo amplifier.</li> </ul>	The communication between servo amplifiers of target axis is not executed. (The servo amplifier's LED display remains "Ab".)	

Related buffer memory address		Set range	
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	(Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
50+150n		0, 1, 2, 3	
51+1	50n	0, 1, 2, 3	
52+1	50n	0, 1	
53+1	50n	1 to 100	
54+1 55+1		1 to 8388608	
56+1	50n	0, 1	With the cotting brought into the cotting space to use the DLC
57+1	50n	0, 1	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
58+150n		0, 1	
60+1 61+1		0 to 100000	
62+1	50n	0, 1, 2, 3, 4	
64+1 65+1		0 to 327680	
63+1	50n	0, 1	
30210+200n	Set with GX Works2	_	Set the number of master axis not more than the number can be set in servo parameter "PD15".
30215+200n 30216+200n 30217+200n	Set with GX Works2	_	Review the master axis No. of servo parameters "PD20 to PD23".
30218+200n			
_	_	_	<ul> <li>Confirm the driver communication and the actually connected servo amplifier.</li> <li>After setting 'The driver communication setting', write to a flash ROM and switch the power on again or reset the PLC.</li> <li>After that turning the power of servo amplifier on again, switch the power on again or reset the PLC.</li> </ul>

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	976	Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection" is outside the setting range.		
	977	Operation setting for speed-torque control mode error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Operation setting for speed-torque control mode" is outside the setting range.		
	978	External command signal selection error	The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "External command signal selection" is outside the setting range.		
	979	Synchronous encoder via servo amplifier invalid error	The servo amplifier axis set as synchronous encoder via servo amplifier is not supported with scale measurement mode.  In system construction, the unset up servo amplifier axis is set as the synchronous encoder via servo amplifier.  In system construction, the axis set to "Invalid" at the external synchronization encoder input is set as the synchronous encoder via servo amplifier.  The servo amplifier axis set as synchronous encoder via servo amplifier is connected to the encoder except Q171ENC-W8 (including the linear scale, etc.).	The READY signal [X0] is not turned ON.	
	980	OPR method error	The set value of the OPR basic parameter "OPR method" is outside the setting range.		
	981	OPR direction error	The set value of the OPR basic parameter "OPR direction" is outside the setting range.		
	982	OP address setting error	The set value of the OPR basic parameter "OP address" is outside the setting range.		
	983	OPR speed error	The set value of the OPR basic parameter "OPR speed" is outside the setting range. The set value of the OPR basic parameter "OPR speed" is smaller than the bias speed at start.		

Related buffer memory address		Set range	
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	(Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
6	7	0, 1	
68+	150n	<torque (b4="" b7)="" initial="" selection="" to="" value=""> 0, 1 <speed (b8="" b11)="" initial="" selection="" to="" value=""> 0, 1, 2 <condition (b12="" at="" b15)="" mode="" selection="" switching="" to=""> 0, 1</condition></speed></torque>	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
	69+150n	0, 1, 2, 3, 4	
30100+200n	28400+100n	32	With the setting brought into the setting range, switch the power on again or reset the PLC.
70+150n		0, 4, 5, 6, 7	
71+150n			With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
72+150n 73+150n		• [mm] [inch] [PLS] -2147483648 to 2147483647 • [degree] 0 to 35999999	
74+ <sup>-</sup> 75+ <sup>-</sup>		<opr speed=""> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or others]</opr>	<ul> <li>Bring the setting into the setting range.</li> <li>Set the speed to the bias speed at start or higher. (Refer to Section 5.2.5)</li> </ul>

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
	984	Creep speed error	The set value of the OPR basic parameter "Creep speed" is outside the setting range.  The set value of the OPR basic parameter "Creep speed" is larger than the OPR speed.  The set value of the OPR basic parameter "Creep speed" is smaller than the bias speed at start.		
	985	OPR retry error	The set value of the OPR basic parameter "OPR retry" is outside the setting range.		
	991	Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON error	The set value of the OPR detailed parameter "Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" is outside the setting range.		
	992	OPR acceleration time selection error	The set value of the OPR detailed parameter "OPR acceleration time selection" is outside the setting range.	The READY signal [X0] is not turned ON.	
Parameter	993	OPR deceleration time selection error	parameter "OPR deceleration time selection" is outside the setting range.		
setting range errors	995	OPR torque limit value error	<ul> <li>The set value of the OPR detailed parameter "OPR torque limit value" is outside the setting range.</li> <li>The OPR detailed parameter "OPR torque limit value" has exceeded the detailed parameter 1 "Torque limit setting value".</li> </ul>		
	997	Speed designation during OP shift error	The set value of the OPR detailed parameter "Speed designation during OP shift" is outside the setting range.		
	998	Operation setting for incompletion of OPR error	The set value of the OPR detailed parameter "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR" is outside the setting range.		
	999	Operation cycle setting error	The set value of the expansion parameter "Operation cycle setting" is outside the setting range.		
	1003	SSCNET setting error	The set values of the expansion parameter "SSCNET setting" and the servo parameter "Servo series" are mismatch.		

Related buffer memory address  QD77MS2		Set range	Remedy
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	(Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
	150n 150n	<creep speed=""> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or others]</creep>	<ul> <li>Bring the setting into the setting range.</li> <li>Set the speed to that below the OPR speed.</li> <li>Set the value to the bias speed at start or higher. (Refer to Section 5.2.5)</li> </ul>
78+	150n	0, 1	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
	150n 150n	0 to 2147483647	
82+	150n	0, 1, 2, 3	
83+	150n	0, 1, 2, 3	
86+	150n	1 to 1000	With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON.
88+150n		0, 1	
87+150n		0, 1	
147 105		0, 1	With the setting brought into the setting range, write to the flash ROM and switch the power on again or reset the PLC.
10	06	<sscnet setting=""> 0, 1 <servo series=""> 0, 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 32, 48,64,96, 4097, 4128</servo></sscnet>	With "SSCNET setting" and "Servo series" set by a correct combination, write to the flash ROM and switch the power on again or reset the PLC.

Classification of errors	Error code	Error name	Error	Operation status at error occurrence	
Encoder errors	1201	OPR data incorrect	<ul> <li>The backup data for absolute position restoration is illegal.</li> <li>The home position return has never been executed after the system start.</li> <li>The home position return is started, but not completed correctly.</li> <li>The servo alarm "Absolute position erased" (alarm No.: 25) or the servo warning "Absolute position counter warning" (warning No.: E3) occurred.</li> <li>The servo parameter "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" is changed.</li> </ul>	The operation continues.	
Absolute position	1205	SSCNET communication error	Data received from servo amplifier is in error.	The operation continues.	

Dolated buffer a	nemory address		
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
-	_		Execute OPR.
_	_	_	<ul> <li>Check the SSCNETⅢ cable.</li> <li>Check the servomotor and encoder cable.</li> <li>Take measures against noise.</li> <li>Check whether the rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14) is set "0 → 1" or "1 → 0" in the user program or the GX Works2. (Refer to Section 15.5)</li> </ul>

### 16.4.2 Servo amplifier detection error

The detection error list for servo amplifier is shown below. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details.

# $(1) \ MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B/MR-J3(W)-\_B(-RJ\_)/MR-J3-\_BS$

Classification of array	Fron sode	Sono amplifier LED display
Classification of errors	Error code	Servo amplifier LED display
	2010	10_ (Note-1)
	2011	
	2012	12_
	2013	13_
	2014	14_
	2015	15_
	2016	16_
	2017	17_
	2019	19_
	2020	20_
	2021	21_
	2024	24_
	2025	25_
	2027	27_
	2028	28_
	2030	30_
	2031	31_
	2032	32_
	2033	33_
Servo amplifier errors	2034	34_
	2035	35_
	2036	36_
	2037	37_
	2042	42
	2045	<u> </u>
	2046	<u>=</u> 46_
	2047	47_
	2050	50
	2051	51_
	2052	52_
	2054	54_
	2056	56
	2060	1A_
	2061	2A_
	2001	63_
	2063	
		64_ <sup>(Note-2)</sup>
	2064	10
	2065	65_ <sup>(Note-2)</sup>
	2000	ບວ_

(Note-1): For MR-J4W-B or MR-J3W-B.

(Note-2): For MR-J4-B.

Classification of errors	Error code	Servo amplifier LED display
	2070	70_
	2071	71_
	2072	72_ <sup>(Note-1)</sup>
	2079	79_ <sup>(Note-2)</sup>
	2082	82_
	2088	88_
	2907	1B_
Com to complified and	2913	2B_
Servo amplifier errors	2918	3A_ <sup>(Note-1)</sup>
	2921	3D_
	2922	3E_ <sup>(Note-1)</sup>
	2942	7A_ <sup>(Note-2)</sup>
	2944	7C_ <sup>(Note-2)</sup>
	2945	7D_ <sup>(Note-2)</sup>
	2948	8A_
	2952	8E_

(Note-1): For MR-J4(W)-B. (Note-2): For MR-J4-B.

# 16.5 List of warnings

The following table shows the warning details and remedies to be taken when a warning occurs.

# 16.5.1 QD77MS detection warning

Classification of warnings	Warning code	Warning name	Warning	Operation status at warning occurrence	
_	000	(Normal status)	_	_	
	100	Start during operation	The start request is issued while the axis is BUSY. Positioning was started during speed control mode/torque control mode.	Position control mode: The operation continues. Speed control mode/torque control mode: The operation continues. (Positioning start is not executed.)	
	104	Restart not possible	The restart command is issued when the axis operation status is not "Stopped".	Continue the operation.	
	109	Teaching in BUSY	The teaching request is issued while the axis is BUSY.	The warning is issued for the axis designated at the time of the teaching request.	
	110	Less than minimum speed	The overridden speed becomes "0".	The system is controlled with the currently executing unit of 1.	
	111	In PLC READY	The request for writing to the flash ROM is issued when the PLC READY is turned ON.	The warning for axis 1 is issued.	
Common warnings	112	Illegal override value	A value other than 1 to 300 is set for the override value.	<ul> <li>When a setting value is 0: Controlled at 100.</li> <li>When a setting value is 301 or more: Controlled at 300.</li> </ul>	
	113	Outside new torque value range/outside forward new torque value range	A new torque value/forward new torque value is exceeded the torque limit setting value.  (Note): When the individual setting is used for new torque value and reverse new torque value, it indicates outside forward new torque value.	The torque change is not carried out.	
	114	Below bias speed	The command speed is below the bias speed at start.	Operate by the bias speed at start.	
	115	Outside reverse new torque value range	A reverse new torque value is exceeded the torque limit setting value.	The torque change is not carried out.	

Related buffer m	nemory address	Sot range		
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy	
_	_		_	
_	_	_	Normalize the start request ON timing.  When in speed control mode/torque control mode, start positioning after switching to the position control mode.	
1503+100n	4303+100n	<restart command=""> 1: Restart</restart>	Normalize the start request ON timing. (Refer to Section 6.5.5) (Do not issue the restart command when the axis operation is not stopped.)	
1548+100n 1549+100n	4348+100n 4349+100n	<teaching data="" selection=""> 0, 1 <teaching data="" no.="" positioning=""> 1 to 600</teaching></teaching>	Carry out the teaching request when the axis is not BUSY. (Refer to Section 13.7.4)	
1513+100n	4313+100n	<positioning operation="" override="" speed=""> 1 to 300</positioning>	Prevent the overridden speed from being reduced to 0. (Refer to Section 13.5.2)	
	Same as w	arning code 109	Request to write when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is OFF.	
1513+100n	4313+100n	<positioning operation="" override="" speed=""> 1 to 300</positioning>	Set a value within the setting range.	
1525+100n	4325+100n	<new forward="" new="" torque="" value=""> 0 to [Torque limit setting value]</new>	Set a new torque value or a forward new torque value	
26+150n		<torque limit="" setting="" value=""> 1 to 1000</torque>	less than the limit value.	
Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for command speed		<command speed=""/> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or another]	Re-set the command speed/bias speed at start so that the command speed is equal to or larger than the bias	
Bias spee 6+1 7+1	50n	<bias at="" speed="" start=""> 0 [PLS/s] 0 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or another]</bias>	speed at start.	
1564+100n	4364+100n	<reverse new="" torque="" value=""> 0 to [Torque limit setting value]</reverse>	Set a value which does not exceed the torque limit	
26+1	150n	<torque limit="" setting="" value=""> 1 to 1000</torque>	setting value as the reverse new torque value.	

Classification of warnings	Warning code	Warning name	Warning	Operation status at warning occurrence	
	116	Optional data monitor data type setting error	In the optional data monitor, 2-word data is not set correctly.	Monitoring is not carried out. "0" is stored in [Md.109] to [Md.112] (Optional data monitor output 1 to 4).	
	120	Control mode switching during BUSY	Control mode switching was executed from the position control mode to the speed control mode/torque control mode while BUSY was turned ON.	The control mode is not switched. (Positioning during operation continues.)	
	121	Control mode switching during zero speed OFF	Control mode was changed when "Zero speed" ([Md.108] Servo status) was turned OFF.	The control mode is not switched.	
	122	Outside control mode range	Control mode switching request was performed by specifying a value outside the range for "[Cd.139] Control mode setting".	(Current operation continues.)	
Common warnings	123	Control mode switching	Control mode switching request was performed during the control mode switching.	Control mode switching request is not accepted.	
	125	Control mode switching not possible	Control mode switching was performed from the position control mode to the continuous operation to torque control mode and then from the continuous operation to torque control mode to the speed control mode.      Control mode switching was performed from the speed control mode to the continuous operation to torque control mode and then from the continuous operation to torque control mode and then from the continuous operation to torque control mode to the position control mode.      Control mode switching was performed between the torque control mode and continuous operation to torque control mode and continuous operation to torque control mode.	The control mode is not switched. (Current operation continues.)	
	126	VCII series parameter setting error	The servo parameter "Absolute position detection system (PA03)" is different from VCII series.	The operation is executed by the setting of VCII series.	
	130	signal setting range	The mark detection signal setting is outside the range.	All mark detections are not operated.	
	131		The mark detection data type setting is outside the range.	a management and more operation.	

	Related buffer memory addres		Cat range	
	QD77MS2	007714040	Set range	Remedy
	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	(Setting with sequence program)	
	Optional data me	onitor: Data type		
	setti			
		100+150n		
		onitor: Data type		
	setting 2			Set the 2-word data to "[Pr.91] Optional data monitor:
	101+			Data type setting 1" or "[Pr.93] Optional data monitor:
		onitor: Data type	_	Data type setting 3" and 0 to "[Pr.92] Optional data
		ng 3		monitor: Data type setting 2" or "[Pr.94] Optional data
				monitor: Data type setting 4".
	102+150n Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4 103+150n			
	103+	150n I		
	_	_	_	Switch the control mode after turning BUSY OFF.
				Switch the control mode after turning "Zero speed"
	_	_	_	([Md.108] Servo status) ON.
				,
	1575+100n	4375+100n	<control mode="" setting=""></control>	Switch the control mode after setting a value within the
			0, 10, 20, 30	range for "[Cd.139] Control mode setting".
				Carry out the control mode switching request after
	_	_	_	completing the control mode switching.
				Review so that control mode switching is performed
				between the position control mode and continuous
	_	_	_	operation to torque control mode or between the speed
				control mode and continuous operation to torque
				control mode.
			<servo "absolute<="" parameter="" td=""><td>Match the setting of the servo parameter "Absolute</td></servo>	Match the setting of the servo parameter "Absolute
	30103+200n	28403+100n	position detection system (PA03)">	position detection system (PA03)" to the setting of VCII
	30 100 - 20011	20.00.10011	0, 1	series, and turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF
			O, 1	to ON.
	54000	0+20k	< Mark detection signal setting >	
	J <del>4</del> 000	J · ZUN	0 to 16	Set a value within the setting range.
	5400	2+20k	< Mark detection data type >	Joet a value within the setting range.
	J4002	L I ZUN	-1 to 12	

n: Axis No.-1

k: Mark detection setting No.-1

### Chapter 16 Troubleshooting

Classification of warnings	Warning code	Warning name	Warning	Operation status at warning occurrence	
Common	132	Outside mark detection data axis No. setting range	When the mark detection data type setting is not "Optional 2 word buffer memory", the mark detection data type setting is outside the range.		
warnings	133	Outside mark detection data buffer memory No. setting range	When the mark detection data type setting is "Optional 2 word buffer memory", the mark detection data buffer memory No. is outside the range or odd number.	All mark detections are not operated.	
	300	Speed change during deceleration	The speed change request is issued during deceleration stop with JOG start signal OFF.	The speed change is not carried out.	
JOG operation warnings	301	JOG speed limit value	The JOG speed (Note-1) is exceeded the speed limit value at start. The new speed value (Note-1) exceeds the JOG speed limit value when the speed is changed during operation. (Note-1): This speed is a value in which override value is considered when override function is used. ("[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override" is set other than 100[%].)	When the speed exceeds the JOG speed limit, the JOG operation is carried out with the JOG speed limit value. While the speed is limited by the JOG speed limit value, the "[Md.39] In speed limit flag" is turned ON.	
Manual pulse generator operation warnings	401	Outside manual pulse generator input magnification range	The manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification is set to 0, 10001 or more, or negative value.	When input magnification is set at 10001 or more, or negative value: Re-set to 10000. When input magnification is set at 0: Reset to 1.	

# Chapter 16 Troubleshooting

Related buffer n	nemory address  QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
QD77MS4	QDTTWGTO	(Getting with Sequence program)	
54003+20k		< Mark detection data axis No.> 1 to 16, 801 to 804	Set a value within the setting range.
54004 54005		<mark buffer="" data="" detection="" memory="" no.=""> 0 to 65534</mark>	Set a value with an even number within the setting range.
JOG s 1518+100n 1519+100n	4318+100n 4319+100n	<pre><jog speed=""> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or another]</jog></pre>	Do not carry out the JOG speed change during deceleration with the JOG start signal OFF.
New spe 1514+100n 1515+100n	ed value 4314+100n 4315+100n	<pre><new speed="" value="">     0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 0 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or another]</new></pre>	
JOG speed 48+1 49+1	150n	<jog limit="" speed="" value=""> 1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or another]</jog>	Set a value within the setting range.
Positioning operati	on speed override	-	
1513+100n	4313+100n	< Positioning operation speed override > 1 to 300 [%]	
1522+100n 1523+100n	4322+100n 4323+100n	<manual 1="" generator="" input<br="" pulse="">magnification&gt; 1 to 1000</manual>	Set the manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification to within the setting range.

n: Axis No.-1

k: Mark detection setting No.-1

Classification of warnings	Warning code	Warning name	Warning	Operation status at warning occurrence	
	500	Deceleration/stop speed change	The speed change request is issued during deceleration stop.	The speed change is not carried out.	
Positioning operation warnings	501	Speed limit value over	Setting speeds (Note-2) exceed the speed limit value when starting/restarting the positioning or when changing the speed at the positioning (Note-1). (At the interpolation control, either of reference axes or interpolation axes exceeds the speed limit value.)  "[Cd.140] Command speed at speed control mode" exceeds "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" during the speed control mode.  "[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode" exceeds "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" during the torque control mode.  "[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode" exceeds "[Pr.8] Speed limit value" during the continuous operation to torque control mode.  (Note-1): The speed change by position-speed switching control, target position change function, or override function is contained. (Note-2): This speed is a value in which override value is considered when override function is used. ("[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override" is set other than 100[%].)	[Position control mode]  • The speed is controlled with the speed limit value.  • The "[Md.39] In speed limit flag" is turned ON. [Speed control mode/Torque control mode/Continuous operation to torque control]  • The speed is controlled with the speed limit value. (The "[Md.39] In speed limit flag" is not turned ON.)	
	503	M code ON signal ON	The M code ON signal is turned ON when the positioning data is executed.	Continue executing the positioning data.	
	505	No operation termination setting	In the positioning by block starting, the 50th point of the positioning start data is set to CONTINUE.	The operation is terminated.	
	506	FOR to NEXT nest construction	FOR to NEXT is nested.		
	508	Speed-position switching (during acceleration) signal ON	The switching signal for speed-position switching control (INC mode) is turned ON during acceleration.	The operation is continued.	

	Related buffer n	nemory address	Set range		
	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	(Setting with sequence program)	Remedy	
	1516+100n	4316+100n	<speed change="" request=""> 1: Speed change is requested</speed>	Do not carry out the speed change during deceleration with a stop command, during stoppage, or during automatic deceleration with position control.	
	OPR :	speed	<opr speed=""></opr>		
	74+1	150n	1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s]		
	75+1	150n	1 to 2000000000 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or another]		
	Commar	nd speed	<command speed=""/>		
	Refer to S	ection 5.3	1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s]		
	"List of posit	tioning data"	1 to 20000000000 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or another]		
	New spe	ed value	<new speed="" value=""></new>		
	1514+100n	4314+100n	0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s]		
	1515+100n	4315+100n	0 to 2000000000 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or another]		
	Position-speed s	switching control	<position-speed control="" speed<="" switching="" td=""><td></td></position-speed>		
	speed char		change register>		
	1530+100n	4330+100n	0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s]		
	1531+100n	4331+100n	0 to 2000000000 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or another]		
	Target position	=	<target (new<="" change="" position="" td="" value=""><td></td></target>		
	(New s		speed)>		
	1536+100n	4336+100n	0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s]		
	1537+100n	4337+100n	0 to 2000000000 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or another]	Review each speed so that setting speeds do not	
	Speed lir		<jog limit="" speed="" value=""></jog>	exceed the speed limit value.	
	10+1		1 to 1000000000 [PLS/s]	•	
	11+150n Positioning operation speed override		1 to 2000000000 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or another]		
			<positioning operation="" override="" speed=""></positioning>		
	1513+100n	4313+100n	1 to 300[%]		
	Command speed		<command at="" control="" mode="" speed=""/>		
	mc		-1000000000 to 1000000000 [PLS/s]		
	1576+100n	4376+100n	-2000000000 to 2000000000		
	1577+100n	4377+100n	[×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or another]		
	Speed limit value mo		<speed at="" control="" limit="" mode="" torque="" value=""> 0 to 10000000000 [PLS/s]</speed>		
	1584+100n	4384+100n	0 to 2000000000 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or another]		
	1585+100n	4385+100n	-		
	Speed limit valu		< Speed limit value at continuous operation		
	operation to torq	ue control mode	to torque control mode >		
	1586+100n	4386+100n	-1000000000 to 1000000000 [PLS/s]		
	1587+100n	4387+100n	-2000000000 to 2000000000 [×10 <sup>-2</sup> mm/min or another]		
			<pre></pre>	Normalize the ON and OFF timings of the "M code	
	1504+100n	4304+100n	1: M code ON signal is turned OFF	OFF request". (Refer to Section 13.7.3)	
			Operation pattern>	Of Frequest . (Neter to Section 13.7.3)	
	Refer to S	ection 5.3	00: Positioning end	Set the operation termination to the 50th point.	
	"List of posit		01: Continuous positioning control	(Refer to Chapter 10)	
	c. 0. poon		11: Continuous path control		
			F	Make 1 nest construction for FOR to NEXT.	
	_	_	_	(Refer to Section 10.3.8)	
				Do not turn ON the speed-position switching signal	
	_	_	_	during acceleration.	
				(Refer to Section 9.2.16)	
			•	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Classification of warnings	Warning code	Warning name	Warning	Operation status at warning occurrence	
	509	Insufficient remaining distance	<ul> <li>At a continuous operation interrupt request, the distance required deceleration stop is not long enough.</li> <li>At a speed change request, the remaining distance is shorter than the distance required for speed change.</li> </ul>	When a command speed is changed: Change to a value as near a new speed value as possible. When a target position is changed: Adjust the speed to a value as near the command speed as possible, and then change to a target position. (When the operation pattern is a continuous path control, ignore the operations stated above.)	
	511	Step not possible	Code 1 is set for the step start information when the step is outside standby.	The step will not start.	
	512	Illegal external command function	The detailed parameter 2 "External command function selection" setting range is exceeded.	Even if the external command signal is turned ON, the system will not perform anything.	
	513	Insufficient movement amount	The movement amount is not large enough for automatic deceleration.	The system stops immediately after it reaches the positioning address.	
Positioning operation warnings	514	Outside command speed range	The speed change value is outside the setting range when changing the speed during operation. (Note-1)  "[Cd.140] Command speed at speed control mode" is outside the setting range during the speed control mode.  "[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode" is outside the setting range during the torque control mode. (Note-1): The speed change by position-speed switching control or target position change function is contained.	The speed change value is controlled as the "maximum value within the setting range". The "[Md.39] In speed limit flag" is turned ON.	
	516	Illegal teaching data No.	The positioning data No. is set outside the setting range.	Teaching is not carried out when the set value is 0 or 601 or more. (The set value is automatically reset to "0" by the Simple Motion module even when a "0" or "601" or more is set.)	
	517	Illegal teaching data selection	The teaching data selection set value is outside the setting range.	Teaching is not carried out.	

Related buffer memory address		ess	
QD77MS2	-	Set range	Remedy
QD77MS4	QD77MS16	(Setting with sequence program)	,
_	_	_	Give a request at the position where there is an enough remaining distance.
1546+100n	4346+100n	<step information="" start=""> 1: Step is continued 2: Re-start is carried out</step>	Do not set a "1" to the step start information when the step is not in standby state. (Refer to Section 13.7.1)
62+1	50n	<external command="" function="" selection=""> 0, 1, 2, 3, 4</external>	Set the detailed parameter 2 "External command function selection" to within the setting range.
Refer to S "List of posit		_	Set a decelerating address or a movement amount to the positioning data.
New spe  1514+100n  1515+100n  Position-speed s speed char  1530+100n  Target position (New s  1536+100n  1537+100n  Command speed mo  1576+100n  1577+100n  Speed limit value mo  1584+100n  1585+100n	4314+100n 4315+100n switching control age register 4330+100n 4331+100n a change value speed) 4336+100n 4337+100n at speed control and 4376+100n 4377+100n at torque control	<new speed="" value=""> 0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 0 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or another]  <position-speed change="" control="" register="" speed="" switching=""> 0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 0 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or another]  <target (new="" change="" position="" speed)="" value=""> 0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 0 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or another]  <command at="" control="" mode="" speed=""/> -1000000000 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] -2000000000 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or another]  <speed at="" control="" limit="" mode="" torque="" value=""> 0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] 0 to 2000000000 [×10<sup>-2</sup>mm/min or another]</speed></target></position-speed></new>	Set the speed change value to within the setting range. Set "[Cd.140] Command speed at speed control mode" to within the setting range during the speed control mode. Set "[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode" to within the setting range during the torque control mode.
1549+100n	4349+100n	<teaching data="" no.="" positioning=""> 1 to 600</teaching>	Set the positioning data No. to within the setting range.
1548+100n	4348+100n	<teaching data="" selection=""> 0, 1</teaching>	Set the teaching data selection set value to within the setting range.

### Chapter 16 Troubleshooting

Classification of warnings	Warning code	Warning name	Warning	Operation status at warning occurrence	
Positioning operation warnings	518	Target position change not possible	<ul> <li>A target position change request was given for the control system other than ABS1 and INC1.</li> <li>A target position change request is turned ON during continuous path control.</li> <li>A new target position address is outside the software stroke limit range.</li> <li>A target position change request was given during deceleration to a stop.</li> <li>A target position change request was issued when speed change 0 flag ([Md.31] Status: b10) was ON.</li> <li>A target position change request was given during speed control mode, torque control mode or continuous operation to torque control mode.</li> </ul>	The target position change is not carried out.	
waiiiigo	520	Torque limit value over	<ul> <li>A value exceeding "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" is set to "[Cd.143]</li> <li>Command torque at torque control mode" at torque control mode.</li> <li>A value exceeding "[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value" is set to "[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode" at continuous operation to torque control mode.</li> </ul>	The torque is controlled with the torque limit setting value.	
	521	Torque initial value selection invalid	The servo parameter "Function selection C-B POL reflection selection at torque control (PC29)" is "0: Enabled" on the axis that set feedback torque into the torque initial value selection.	The initial value selection is controlled as the command torque.	

Related buffer n	nemory address	Cod war and	
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	Set range (Setting with sequence program)	Remedy
1538+100n	4338+100n	<target change="" flag="" position="" request=""> 1: Target position change request</target>	<ul> <li>Do not turn ON the target position change request in the following cases.</li> <li>1) An operating pattern "continuous path control" is used.</li> <li>2) A control system other than ABS1, and INC1 is used.</li> <li>3) During deceleration stop.</li> <li>4) When speed change 0 flag ([Md.31] Status: b10) is ON.</li> <li>5) During speed control mode</li> <li>6) During torque control mode</li> <li>7) During continuous operation to torque control mode</li> <li>When the target position change address is outside the software stroke limit range, correct the target position change address. (Refer to Section 13.5.5)</li> </ul>
Command torque	-	<command at="" control="" mode="" torque=""/> -10000 to 10000 [×10 <sup>-1</sup> %]	
1580+100n	4380+100n	-10000 to 10000 [×10 /0]	
Target torque at co	·	< Target torque at continuous operation to torque control >	Review the setting value so that the setting torque is
1590+100n	4390+100n	-10000 to 10000 [×10 <sup>-1</sup> %]	not exceeded the torque limit setting value.
Torque limit	_	<torque limit="" setting="" value=""></torque>	
26+150n		1 to 1000[%]	
Operation setting control		<torque (b4="" b7)="" initial="" selection="" to="" value=""> 0, 1</torque>	Use a servo amplifier which supports the servo parameter "Function selection C-B POL reflection
68+1	150n	0, 1	selection at torque control (PC29)" and set (PC29) to
POL reflection setti	ng at torque control	<pol at="" control="" reflection="" setting="" torque=""></pol>	"1: Disabled". • Set the torque initial value selection to command
30192+200n	28492+100n	0, 1	torque.

### 16.5.2 Servo amplifier detection warning

The detection warning list for Servo amplifier is shown below. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details.

# (1) MR-J4(W)-B/MR-JE-B//MR-J3(W)-\_B(-RJ\_)/MR-J3-\_BS

Classification of warnings	Warning code	Servo amplifier LED display
	2095	95_
	2101	91_
	2102	92_
	2106	96_
	2116	9F_
	2140	E0_
	2141	E1_
	2142	E2_
	2143	E3_
	2144	E4_
Servo amplifier warnings	2146	E6_
Servo amplifier warnings	2147	E7_
	2148	E8_
	2149	E9_
	2151	EB_ <sup>(Note-1)</sup>
	2152	EC_
	2153	ED_
	2160	F0_
	2162	F2_
	2163	F3_
	2955	9B_
	2956	9C_ <sup>(Note-2)</sup>

(Note-1): For MR-J4W-B or MR-J3W-B.

(Note-2): For MR-J4-B.

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#### Appendix 1 List of buffer memory addresses

The following shows the relation between the buffer memory addresses and the various items.

- (Note-1): Do not use the buffer memory address that not been described here for a "Maker setting".
- (Note-2): For the list of buffer memory addresses for positioning data, refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2.
- (Note-3): For the list of buffer memory addresses used in synchronous control, refer to the "MELSEC-Q/L QD77MS/QD77GF/LD77MS/LD77MH Simple Motion Module User's Manual (Synchronous Control)".
- (Note-4): Guide to buffer memory address
  - •In the buffer memory address, "n" in "1+150n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No.

Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis.

(Example) For axis No. 16

1+150n ([Pr.4] Unit magnification (AM))=1+150×15=2251

•In the buffer memory address, "p" in "4012+5p", etc. indicates a pointer No. Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each pointer No.

(Example) For pointer No. 15

4012+5p ([Md.3] Start information)=4012+5×15=4087

Buffer mem QD77MS2 QD77MS4	ory address  QD77MS16	Compatibility of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item	Memo area	
0+1	50n	0	[Pr.1] Unit setting	_	
1+1	50n	0	[Pr.4] Unit magnification (AM)	ers	
2+1 3+1		0	[Pr.2] Number of pulses per rotation (AP)	parameters	ters
4+1 5+1		0	[Pr.3] Movement amount per rotation (AL)	sic pa	parameters
6+1 7+1	50n 50n	0	[Pr.7] Bias speed at start	Basic	
		0	[Pr.8] Speed limit value	rs 2	Positioning
·-	10+150n 11+150n O [Pr.8] Speed limit value 12+150n 13+150n O [Pr.9] Acceleration time 0		Basic parameters	Pc	
	150n 150n	0	[Pr.10] Deceleration time 0	para	

n: Axis No.-1

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	2/ Item		mory rea
17+1	150n	0	[Pr.11] Backlash compensation amount		
	150n 150n	0	[Pr.12] Software stroke limit upper limit value		
	19+150n 20+150n 21+150n		[Pr.13] Software stroke limit lower limit value		
22+150n		0	[Pr.14] Software stroke limit selection		
23+1	150n	O [Pr.15] Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting			
	24+150n 25+150n		[Pr.16] Command in-position width	ers 1	Positioning parameters
26+2	150n	0	[Pr.17] Torque limit setting value	met	ram
27+1	150n	0	[Pr.18] M code ON signal output timing	ara	g pa
28+1	150n	0	[Pr.19] Speed switching mode	ed b	ning
29+1	150n	0	[Pr.20] Interpolation speed designation method	Detailed parameters	sitic
30+1	150n	0	[Pr.21] Current feed value during speed control		P
31+1	150n	0	[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection		
32+1	150n	Δ	[Pr.80] External input signal selection		
3	3	0	[Pr.24] Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection		
34+1	150n	0	[Pr.81] Speed-position function selection		
3	5	0	[Pr.82] Forced stop valid/invalid selection		

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item		mory ea
36+1 37+1		0	[Pr.25] Acceleration time 1		
38+1 39+1		0	[Pr.26] Acceleration time 2		
40+1 41+1		0	[Pr.27] Acceleration time 3		
42+1 43+1	150n	0	[Pr.28] Deceleration time 1		
44+1 45+1	150n	0	[Pr.29] Deceleration time 2		
46+1 47+1	150n	0	[Pr.30] Deceleration time 3		
48+1 49+1		0	[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value		
50+1	150n	0	[Pr.32] JOG operation acceleration time selection		
51+1	150n	0	[Pr.33] JOG operation deceleration time selection	rs 2	ters
52+1	150n	0	[Pr.34] Acceleration/deceleration process selection	lete	ame
53+1		0	[Pr.35] S-curve ratio	ıran	par
54+1 55+1		0	[Pr.36] Sudden stop deceleration time	Detailed parameters	Positioning parameters
56+1	150n	0	[Pr.37] Stop group 1 sudden stop selection	etail	sitic
57+1	150n	0	[Pr.38] Stop group 2 sudden stop selection	Δ	P
58+1	150n	0	[Pr.39] Stop group 3 sudden stop selection		
59+1		0	[Pr.40] Positioning complete signal output time		
60+1 61+1		0	[Pr.41] Allowable circular interpolation error width		
62+1	150n	0	[Pr.42] External command function selection		
63+1	150n	0	[Pr.83] Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis		
64+1 65+1		0	[Pr.84] Restart allowable range when servo OFF to ON		
6	7	0	[Pr.89] Manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder input type selection		
68+1	150n	0	[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode		
	69+150n	×	[Pr.95] External command signal selection		
70+1	150n	0	[Pr.43] OPR method	(0	
71+1	150n	0	[Pr.44] OPR direction	sters	, n
72+1 73+1		0	[Pr.45] OP address	OPR basic parameters	OPR parameters
	74+150n 74+150n 75+150n		[Pr.46] OPR speed	asic p	e para
76+1 77+1	150n 150n	0	[Pr.47] Creep speed	)PR b	OPR
78+1	150n	0	[Pr.48] OPR retry		

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility of				
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item		Memory area	
80+ <sup>2</sup> 81+ <sup>2</sup>		0	[Pr.50] Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON	်		
82+1	150n	0	[Pr.51] OPR acceleration time selection	OPR detailed parameters	w	
83+1	150n	0	[Pr.52] OPR deceleration time selection	ram	eter	
84+ <sup>-</sup> 85+ <sup>-</sup>	150n 150n	0	[Pr.53] OP shift amount	ed ba	parameters	
86+	150n	0	[Pr.54] OPR torque limit value	etail	OPR p	
87+1	150n	0	[Pr.55] Operation setting for incompletion of OPR	R Q	Ю	
88+	150n	0	[Pr.56] Speed designation during OP shift	ОР		
89+	150n	0	[Pr.57] Dwell time during OPR retry			
100+	150n	0	[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1			
101+	150n	0	[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2			
102+	150n	0	[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3	uo	.ec	
103+	150n	0	[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4	Expansion	oarameter	
147	105	0	[Pr.96] Operation cycle setting	Exp	parê	
10	06	0	[Pr.97] SSCNET setting			
11	14	0	[Pr.114] External command signal compensation valid/invalid setting			

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility of			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item		mory rea
1200	4000	0	[Md.1] In test mode flag		
1206 1207	4006 4007	0	[Md.130] OS version		
1208	4008	0	[Md.134] Operation time		
1209	4009	0	[Md.135] Maximum operation time		
1211	4011	0	[Md.131] Digital oscilloscope executing		
1212+5p	4012+5p	0	[Md.3] Start information		
1213+5p	4013+5p	0	[Md.4] Start No.		
1440+p	4240+p	0	[Md.54] Start Year: month       [Md.5] Start Day: hour       [Md.6] Start Minute: second		
1214+5p	4014+5p	0	[Md.5] Start Day: hour		
1215+5p	4015+5p	0	[Md.6] Start Minute: second		
1216+5p	4016+5p	0	[Md.7] Error judgment		
1292	4092	0	[Md.8] Start history pointer		
1293+4p	4093+4p	0	[Md.9] Axis in which the error occurred		
1294+4p	4094+4p	0	[Md.10] Axis error No.		
3130	00+p	0	[Md.57] Servo alarm		
3133	33+p	0	[Md.61] Driver operation alarm number  [Md.55] Axis error occurrence (Year: month)		
1456+p	4256+p	0	[Md.55] Axis error occurrence (Year: month)	toro	lata
129 5+4p	4095+4p	0	[Md.11] Axis error occurrence (Day: hour)	System monitor data	Monitor data
1296+4p	4096+4p	0	[Md.12] Axis error occurrence (Minute: second)	l me	Moni
1357	4157	0	[Md.13] Error history pointer	Syste	-
1358+4p	4158+4p	0	[Md.14] Axis in which the warning occurred		
1359+4p	4159+4p	0	[Md.15] Axis warning No.		
3131	16+p	0	[Md.58] Servo warning		
1472+p	4272+p	0	[Md.56] Axis warning occurrence (Year: month)		
1360+4p	4160+4p	0	[Md.56] Axis warning occurrence (Year: month)  [Md.16] Axis warning occurrence (Day: hour)		
1361+4p	4161+4p	0	[Md.17] Axis warning occurrence (Minute: second)		
1422	4222	0	[Md.18] Warning history pointer		
1424 1425	4224 4225	0	[Md.19] Number of write accesses to flash ROM		
1431	4231	0	[Md.50] Forced stop input		
1432	4232	0	[Md.51] Amplifier–less operation mode status		
1433	4233	0	[Md.53] SSCNET control status		
1434	4234	0	[Md.52] Communication between amplifiers axes searching flag		
1435	4235	0	[Md.59] Module information		
1438	4238	0	[Md.132] Operation cycle setting		
1439	4239	0	[Md.133] Operation cycle over flag		

p: Pointer No.-1

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item		nory ea
800+100n 801+100n	2400+100n 2401+100n	0	[Md.20] Current feed value		
802+100n 803+100n	2402+100n 2403+100n	0	[Md.21] Machine feed value		
804+100n 805+100n	2404+100n 2405+100n	0	[Md.22] Feedrate		
806+100n	2406+100n	0	[Md.23] Axis error No.		
807+100n	2407+100n	0	[Md.24] Axis warning No.		
808+100n	2408+100n	0	[Md.25] Valid M code		
809+100n	2409+100n	0	[Md.26] Axis operation status		
810+100n 811+100n	2410+100n 2411+100n	0	[Md.27] Current speed		
812+100n 813+100n	2412+100n 2413+100n	0	[Md.28] Axis feedrate		
814+100n 815+100n	2414+100n 2415+100n	0	[Md.29] Speed-position switching control positioning amount		
816+100n	2416+100n	0	[Md.30] External input signal		
817+100n	2417+100n	Δ	[Md.31] Status	ata	_
818+100n	2418+100n	0		Axis monitor data	Monitor data
819+100n	2419+100n	0	[Md.32] Target value	onit	tor
820+100n 821+100n	2420+100n 2421+100n	0	[Md.33] Target speed	) mc	loni
824+100n	2424+100n	0	INAC 241 Mayorant array to flow your point dog ON	Axis	2
825+100n	2425+100n	0	[Md.34] Movement amount after near-point dog ON	,	
826+100n	2426+100n	0	[Md.35] Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value		
827+100n	2427+100n	0	[Md.36] Special start data instruction code setting value		
828+100n	2428+100n	0	[Md.37] Special start data instruction parameter setting value		
829+100n	2429+100n	0	[Md.38] Start positioning data No. setting value.		
830+100n	2430+100n	0	[Md.39] In speed limit flag		
831+100n	2431+100n	0	[Md.40] In speed change processing flag		
832+100n	2432+100n	0	[Md.41] Special start repetition counter		
833+100n	2433+100n	0	[Md.42] Control system repetition counter		
834+100n	2434+100n	0	[Md.43] Start data pointer being executed		
835+100n	2435+100n	0	[Md.44] Positioning data No. being executed		
836+100n	2436+100n	0	[Md.45] Block No. being executed		
837+100n	2437+100n	0	[Md.46] Last executed positioning data No.		

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility				
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item	1		nory
838+100n	2438+100n	Δ		Positioning identifier		
839+100n	2439+100n	0		M code		
840+100n	2440+100n	0		Dwell time		
	2441+100n	×	DAI 471 B	Axis to be interpolated		
842+100n	2442+100n		[Md.47] Positioning data being executed	·		
843+100n	2443+100n	0	CACCUICU	Command speed		
844+100n	2444+100n	0		Positioning address		
845+100n 846+100n	2445+100n 2446+100n			· comormig addition		
847+100n	2447+100n	0		Arc address		
848+100n 849+100n	2448+100n 2449+100n	0	[Md.100] OPR re-travel value	Md.100] OPR re-travel value		
850+100n 851+100n	2450+100n 2451+100n	0	[Md.101] Real current value			
852+100n	2452+100n	_	F1414001 F1 1111			
853+100n	2453+100n	0	[Md.102] Deviation counter value	e		
854+100n 855+100n	2454+100n 2455+100n	0	[Md.103] Motor rotation speed	Md.103] Motor rotation speed		
856+100n	2456+100n	0	[Md.104] Motor current value	Notor current value		
858+100n	2458+100n	0	[Md.125] Servo status3			
864+100n	2464+100n					
865+100n	2465+100n			ata		
866+100n	2466+100n	O [Md.106] Servo amplifier software No.	re No	r da	ata	
867+100n	2467+100n		ic No.	iito	or d	
868+100n 869+100n	2468+100n 2469+100n				nor	Monitor data
870+100n	2470+100n	0	[Md.107] Parameter error No.		Axis monitor data	Mo
876+100n	2476+100n	0			Ą	
877+100n	2477+100n	Ö	[Md.108] Servo status			
878+100n	2478+100n	0	[Md.109] Regenerative load ratio	o/Optional data monitor		
879+100n	2479+100n	0	[Md.110] Effective load torque/C 2	optional data monitor output		
880+100n	2480+100n	0	[Md.111] Peak torque ratio/Option	onal data monitor output 3		
881+100n	2481+100n	0	[Md.112] Optional data monitor	output 4		
887+100n	2487+100n	0	[Md.113] Semi/Fully closed loop	status		
888+100n	2488+100n	0	[Md.114] Servo alarm			
890+100n	2490+100n	0	[Md.116] Encoder option information	ation		
891+100n	2491+100n	0	[Md.120] Reverse torque limit st	ored value		
892+100n 893+100n	2492+100n 2493+100n	0	[Md.122] Speed during comman			
894+100n	2494+100n	0	[Md.123] Torque during commar	nd		
895+100n	2495+100n	0	[Md.124] Control mode switching	g status		
899+100n	2499+100n	0	[Md.48] Deceleration start flag			
59300	+100n	0	[Md.500] Servo status7			
59302	+100n	0	[Md.502] Driver operation alarm	number		

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item		nory ea
1500+100n	4300+100n	0	[Cd.3] Positioning start No.		
1501+100n	4301+100n	0	[Cd.4] Positioning starting point No.		
1502+100n	4302+100n	0	[Cd.5] Axis error reset		
1503+100n	4303+100n	0	[Cd.6] Restart command		
1504+100n	4304+100n	0	[Cd.7] M code OFF request		
1505+100n	4305+100n	0	[Cd.8] External command valid		
1506+100n 1507+100n	4306+100n 4307+100n	0	[Cd.9] New current value		
1508+100n 1509+100n	4308+100n 4309+100n	0	[Cd.10] New acceleration time value		
1510+100n 1511+100n	4310+100n 4311+100n	0	[Cd.11] New deceleration time value		
1512+100n	4312+100n	0	[Cd.12] Acceleration/deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection		
1513+100n	4313+100n	0	[Cd.13] Positioning operation speed override		
1514+100n 1515+100n	4314+100n 4315+100n	0	[Cd.14] New speed value		
1516+100n	4316+100n	0	[Cd.15] Speed change request	lata	æ
1517+100n	4317+100n	0	[Cd.16] Inching movement amount	rol c	dat
1518+100n 1519+100n	4318+100n 4319+100n	0	[Cd.17] JOG speed	Axis control data	Control data
1520+100n	4320+100n	0	[Cd.18] Interrupt request during continuous operation	Axi	O
1521+100n	4321+100n	0	[Cd.19] OPR request flag OFF request		
1522+100n 1523+100n	4322+100n 4323+100n	0	[Cd.20] Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification		
1524+100n	4324+100n	0	[Cd.21] Manual pulse generator enable flag		
1525+100n	4325+100n	0	[Cd.22] New torque value/forward new torque value		
1526+100n 1527+100n	4326+100n 4327+100n	0	[Cd.23] Speed-position switching control movement amount change register		
1528+100n	4328+100n	0	[Cd.24] Speed-position switching enable flag		
1530+100n 1531+100n	4330+100n 4331+100n	0	[Cd.25] Position-speed switching control speed change register		
1532+100n	4332+100n	0	[Cd.26] Position-speed switching enable flag		
1534+100n 1535+100n	4334+100n 4335+100n	0	[Cd.27] Target position change value (New address)		
1536+100n 1537+100n	4336+100n 4337+100n	0	[Cd.28] Target position change value (New speed)		
1538+100n	4338+100n	0	[Cd.29] Target position change request flag		
	4339+100n	×	[Cd.43] Simultaneous starting axis		

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item		mory rea
1540+100n			[Cd.30] Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1		
1340110011		×	start data No.)		
	4340+100n		[Cd.30] Simultaneous starting own axis start data No.		
1541+100n			[Cd.31] Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2		
		×	start data No.)		
	4341+100n		[Cd.31] Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1		
1542+100n			[Cd.32] Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3		
		×	start data No.)		
	4342+100n		[Cd.32] Simultaneous starting axis start data No.2		
1543+100n			[Cd.33] Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4		
		×	start data No.)	4	
	4343+100n		[Cd.33] Simultaneous starting axis start data No.3		
1544+100n	4344+100n	0	[Cd.34] Step mode		
1545+100n	4345+100n	0	[Cd.35] Step valid flag	_	
1546+100n	4346+100n	0	[Cd.36] Step start information	_	
1547+100n	4347+100n	0	[Cd.37] Skip command	4 _	
1548+100n	4348+100n	0	[Cd.38] Teaching data selection	data	ata
1549+100n	4349+100n	0	[Cd.39] Teaching positioning data No.	Axis control data	Control data
1550+100n	4350+100n	0	[Cd.40] ABS direction in degrees	COU	ontro
1551+100n	4351+100n	0	[Cd.100] Servo OFF command	Xis	Ö
1552+100n	4352+100n	0	[Cd.101] Torque output setting value	_ ~	
1554+100n	4354+100n	0	[Cd.130] Parameter write request		
1555+100n	4355+100n	0	[Cd.131] Parameter No-		
1556+100n 1557+100n	4356+100n 4357+100n	0	[Cd.132] Change data		
1558+100n	4358+100n	0	[Cd.133] Semi/Fully closed loop switching request		
1559+100n	4359+100n	0	[Cd.108] Gain changing command		
1563+100n	4363+100n	0	[Cd.112] Torque change function switching request		
1564+100n	4364+100n	0	[Cd.113] Reverse new torque value		
1565+100n	4365+100n	0	[Cd.136] PI-PID switching request		
1566+100n	4366+100n	0	[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection		
1567+100n	4367+100n	0	[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command		
1574+100n	4374+100n	0	[Cd.138] Control mode switching request		
1575+100n	4375+100n	0	[Cd.139] Control mode setting		
1576+100n 1577+100n	4376+100n 4377+100n	0	[Cd.140] Command speed at speed control mode		

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	ltem		mory ea
1578+100n	4378+100n	0	[Cd.141] Acceleration time at speed control mode		
1579+100n	4379+100n	0	[Cd.142] Deceleration time at speed control mode		
1580+100n	4380+100n	0	[Cd.143] Command torque at torque control mode		
1581+100n	4381+100n	0	[Cd.144] Torque time constant at torque control mode (Forward direction)		
1582+100n	4382+100n	0	[Cd.145] Torque time constant at torque control mode (Negative direction)		
1584+100n 1585+100n	4384+100n 4385+100n	0	[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode		
1586+100n 1587+100n	4386+100n 4387+100n	0	[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode	data	
1588+100n	4388+100n	0	[Cd.148] Acceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode	Axis control data	
1589+100n	4389+100n	0	[Cd.149] Deceleration time at continuous operation to torque control mode	Axis	
1590+100n	4390+100n	0	[Cd.150] Target torque at continuous operation to torque control mode		data
1591+100n	4391+100n	0	[Cd.151] Torque time constant at continuous operation to torque control mode (Forward direction)		Control data
1592+100n	4392+100n	0	[Cd.152] Torque time constant at continuous operation to torque control mode (Negative direction)		
1593+100n	4393+100n	0	[Cd.153] Control mode auto-shift selection		
1594+100n 1595+100n	4394+100n 4395+100n	0	[Cd.154] Control mode auto-shift parameter		
1900	5900	0	[Cd.1] Flash ROM write request		
1901	5901	0	[Cd.2] Parameter initialization request		
1905	5905	0	[Cd.41] Deceleration start flag valid	Ø	
1907	5907	0	[Cd.42] Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection	rol dat	
1926	5926	0	[Cd.137] Amplifier-less operation mode switching request	ònti	
1928	5928 5929 5930 5931	Δ	[Cd.44] External input signal operation device	System control data	
1909	5909	0	[Cd.47] QD75MH initial value setting request		
1932	5932	0	[Cd.102] SSCNET control command		

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility					
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item			emc area	-
	30100+10n	×	[Cd.180] Axis stop		XiS	σ.	g
	30101+10n	×	[Cd.181] Forward run JOG start		ion s	dal	ol da
	30102+10n	×	[Cd.182] Reverse run JOG start		Expansion axis	control data	Control data
	30103+10n	×	[Cd.183] Execution prohibition flag		Ä	5	ၓ
		0	[Da.1] Operation pattern				
	C000   4000 =	0	[Da.2] Control system				
2000+6000n	6000+1000n	0	[Da.3] Acceleration time No.	Positioning			
		0	[Da.4] Deceleration time No.	identifier			
		×	[Da.5] Axis to be interpolated				
2001+6000n	6001+1000n	0	[Da.10] M code/condition data No. /Number of LEND repetitions	LOOP to			
2002+6000n	6002+1000n	0	[Da.9] Dwell time/JUMP destination positioning	g data No.			
			[Da.20] Axis to be interpolated No.1	. A			
6003+	6003+1000n	×	[Da.21] Axis to be interpolated No.2	Axis to be			
			[Da.22] Axis to be interpolated No.3	interpolated			
2004+6000n	6004+1000n	0	[Da.8] Command speed				
2005+6000n 2006+6000n 2007+6000n	6005+1000n 6006+1000n 6007+1000n	0	[Da.6] Positioning address/movement amount			ng data	ng data
2008+6000n 2009+6000n	6008+1000n 6009+1000n	0	[Da.7] Arc address		-	Positioning data	Positioning data
2010+6000n to 2019+6000n	6010+1000n to 6019+1000n	Δ	No.2			Д	Д.
2020+6000n to 2029+6000n	6020+1000n to 6029+1000n	Δ	No.3				
to	to	to	to				
2990+6000n to 2999+6000n	6990+1000n to 6999+1000n	Δ	No.100				
3000+6000n to 3009+6000n	0.4	Δ	No.101				
to	Set with GX Works2	to	to				
7990+6000n to 7999+6000n	2,11011102	Δ	No.600				

But	ffer mem	ory addr	ess	Compatibility					
QD77	7MS2 7MS4	QD77	MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item	Ме	Memory are		ea
26000+ 1000n		22000+ 400n		0	[Da.11] Shape [Da.12] Start data No.	1st point			
	26050+ 1000n		22050+ 400n	0	[Da.13] Special start instruction [Da.14] Parameter	1st p	Block start data		
26001+ 1000n	26051+ 1000n	22001+ 400n	22051+ 400n	0	2nd point		star star		
26002+ 1000n	26052+ 1000n	22002+ 400n	22052+ 400n	0	3rd point		Block		
	0	t		to	to				
26049+ 1000n	26099+ 1000n	22049+ 400n	22099+ 400n	0	50th point				
26100	+1000n	22100	±400n	0	[Da.15] Condition target				
201001	- 100011	22100	+ <del>4</del> 0011	Δ	[Da.16] Condition operator				
					[Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes				
		00404	. 400		[Da.24] Simultaneously starting axis No.1			ő S	ata)
	22101+400n		+400n	×	[Da.25] Simultaneously starting axis No.2			Starting block 0	Sk d
					[Da.26] Simultaneously starting axis No.3	No.1	a	ting	old
	+1000n +1000n		+400n +400n	0	[Da.17] Address			Star	Starting
26104+	+1000n +1000n	22104	+400n +400n	Δ	[Da.18] Parameter 1		Condition data		Positioning data (Starting block data)
26106+	+1000n +1000n	22106	+400n +400n	Δ	[Da.19] Parameter 2		Condi		sitionin
26110+ to	+1000n o +1000n	22110 t	+400n	Δ	No.2				Po
to	+1000n o +1000n	22120 t	+400n o +400n	Δ	No.3				
	0		0	to	to				
	+1000n		+400n						
	o +1000n		o +400n	Δ	No.10				
to	+1000n o +1000n	t	+400n o +400n	0	Block start data			block 1	
to	+1000n o +1000n	t	+400n o +400n	Δ	Condition data			Starting block	

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility				
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item Memo		ry are	ea
26400+1000n to 26499+1000n		0	Block start data		block 2	
26500+1000n to 26599+1000n		Δ	Condition data		Starting block	ock data)
26600+1000n to 26699+1000n	Set with	0	Block start data		Starting block 3	(Starting block data)
26700+1000n to 26799+1000n	GX Works2	Δ	Condition data		Starting	ng data (S
26800+1000n to 26899+1000n		0	Block start data		Starting block 4	Positioning data
26900+1000n to 26999+1000n		Δ	Condition data		Starting	
300	000			ر عa	7	uala
to	0	0	Condition judgement target data of the condition data		, paiacitia	rosilloi III ig uala
300	)99				۵	Ď Ď

The following shows the relation between the buffer memory addresses of servo parameter and the various items.

(Note): The setting range is different depending on the servo amplifier model. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details.

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	ltem	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
30100+200n	28400+100n	0	[Pr.100] Servo series	ı	
30101+200n	28401+100n	0	-	PA01	
30102+200n	28402+100n	0	_	PA02	
30103+200n	28403+100n	0	_	PA03	
30104+200n	28404+100n	0	-	PA04	
30105+200n	28405+100n	0	-	PA05	
30106+200n	28406+100n	0	_	PA06	
30107+200n	28407+100n	0	-	PA07	
30108+200n	28408+100n	0	-	PA08	
30109+200n	28409+100n	0	-	PA09	
30110+200n	28410+100n	0	-	PA10	
30111+200n	28411+100n	0	-	PA11	
30112+200n	28412+100n	0	ı	PA12	
30113+200n	28413+100n	0	-	PA13	
30114+200n	28414+100n	0	-	PA14	
30115+200n	28415+100n	0	-	PA15	
30116+200n	28416+100n	0	-	PA16	
30117+200n	28417+100n	0	-	PA17	Servo
30118+200n	28418+100n	0	-	PA18	– parameters
30932+50n	Set with GX Works2	0	-	PA19	
64400+250n	64400+70n	0	_	PA20	
64401+250n	64401+70n	0	_	PA21	
64402+250n	64402+70n	0	ı	PA22	
64403+250n	64403+70n	0	-	PA23	
64404+250n	64404+70n	0	ı	PA24	
64405+250n	64405+70n	0	_	PA25	
64406+250n	64406+70n	0	-	PA26	
64407+250n	64407+70n	0	-	PA27	
64408+250n	64408+70n	0	-	PA28	
64409+250n	64408+70n	0	-	PA29	
64410+250n	64410+70n	0	-	PA30	
64411+250n	64411+70n	0	-	PA31	1
64412+250n	64412+70n	0	-	PA32	

n: Axis No.-1

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
30119+200n	28419+100n	0	-	PB01	
30120+200n	28420+100n	0	-	PB02	
30121+200n	28421+100n	0	_	PB03	
30122+200n	28422+100n	0	-	PB04	
30123+200n	28423+100n	0	-	PB05	
30124+200n	28424+100n	0	-	PB06	
30125+200n	28425+100n	0	-	PB07	
30126+200n	28426+100n	0	-	PB08	
30127+200n	28427+100n	0	_	PB09	
30128+200n	28428+100n	0	_	PB10	
30129+200n	28429+100n	0		PB11	
30130+200n	28430+100n	0	_	PB12	
30131+200n	28431+100n	0	_	PB13	
30132+200n	28432+100n	0	_	PB14	
30133+200n	28433+100n	0	_	PB15	
30134+200n	28434+100n	0	_	PB16	
30135+200n	28435+100n	0	-	PB17	
30136+200n	28436+100n	0	_	PB18	
30137+200n	28437+100n	0	_	PB19	
30138+200n	28438+100n	0	_	PB20	Servo
30139+200n	28439+100n	0	-	PB21	parameters
30140+200n	28440+100n	0	_	PB22	
30141+200n	28441+100n	0	_	PB23	
30142+200n	28442+100n	0	_	PB24	
30143+200n	28443+100n	0	_	PB25	
30144+200n	28444+100n	0	_	PB26	
30145+200n	28445+100n	0	_	PB27	
30146+200n	28446+100n	0	_	PB28	
30147+200n	28447+100n	0	_	PB29	
30148+200n	28448+100n	0	_	PB30	
30149+200n	28449+100n	0	_	PB31	
30150+200n	28450+100n	0	_	PB32	
30151+200n	28451+100n	0	_	PB33	7
30152+200n	28452+100n	0	_	PB34	7
30153+200n	28453+100n	0	_	PB35	
30154+200n	28454+100n	0	_	PB36	
30155+200n	28455+100n	0	-	PB37	7
30156+200n	28456+100n	0	_	PB38	7
30157+200n	28457+100n	0	_	PB39	7
30158+200n	28458+100n	0	_	PB40	

Buffer mem	orv address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	ltem	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
30159+200n	28459+100n	0	_	PB41	
30160+200n	28460+100n	0	-	PB42	
30161+200n	28461+100n	0	_	PB43	
30162+200n	28462+100n	0	_	PB44	
30163+200n	28463+100n	0	-	PB45	
64413+250n	64413+70n	0		PB46	
64414+250n	64414+70n	0	-	PB47	
64415+250n	64415+70n	0		PB48	
64416+250n	64416+70n	0	-	PB49	
64417+250n	64417+70n	0	-	PB50	
64418+250n	64418+70n	0	_	PB51	
64419+250n	64419+70n	0	_	PB52	
64420+250n	64420+70n	0	_	PB53	
64421+250n	64421+70n	0	_	PB54	
64422+250n	64422+70n	0	_	PB55	
64423+250n	64423+70n	0	_	PB56	
64424+250n	64424+70n	0	_	PB57	
64425+250n	64425+70n	0	_	PB58	
64426+250n	64426+70n	0	-	PB59	
64427+250n	64427+70n	0	-	PB60	Servo
64428+250n	64428+70n	0	_	PB61	parameters
64429+250n	64429+70n	0	_	PB62	
64430+250n	64430+70n	0	_	PB63	
64431+250n	64431+70n	0	_	PB64	
30164+200n	28464+100n	0	_	PC01	
30165+200n	28465+100n	0	_	PC02	
30166+200n	28466+100n	0	_	PC03	
30167+200n	28467+100n	0	_	PC04	
30168+200n	28468+100n	0	-	PC05	
30169+200n	28469+100n	0	-	PC06	
30170+200n	28470+100n	0	-	PC07	7
30171+200n	28471+100n	0	_	PC08	7
30172+200n	28472+100n	0	-	PC09	7
30173+200n	28473+100n	0	_	PC10	7
30174+200n	28474+100n	0	_	PC11	7
30175+200n	28475+100n	0	_	PC12	7
30176+200n	28476+100n	0	-	PC13	7
30177+200n	28477+100n	0	-	PC14	7
30178+200n	28478+100n	0	_	PC15	7

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	ltem	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
30179+200n	28479+100n	0	-	PC16	
30180+200n	28480+100n	0	_	PC17	
30181+200n	28481+100n	0	_	PC18	
30182+200n	28482+100n	0	_	PC19	
30183+200n	28483+100n	0	-	PC20	
30184+200n	28484+100n	0	-	PC21	
30185+200n	28485+100n	0	-	PC22	
30186+200n	28486+100n	0	_	PC23	
30187+200n	28487+100n	0	-	PC24	
30188+200n	28488+100n	0	-	PC25	
30189+200n	28489+100n	0	_	PC 26	
30190+200n	28490+100n	0	_	PC 27	
30191+200n	28491+100n	0	_	PC28	
30192+200n	28492+100n	0	_	PC29	
30193+200n	28493+100n	0	_	PC30	7
30194+200n	28494+100n	0	_	PC31	7
30195+200n	28495+100n	0	_	PC32	1
64432+250n	64432+70n	0	_	PC33	7
64433+250n	64433+70n	0	_	PC34	<b>7</b> _
64434+250n	64434+70n	0	_	PC35	Servo parameters
64435+250n	64435+70n	0	_	PC36	parameters
64436+250n	64436+70n	0	-	PC37	
64437+250n	64437+70n	0	_	PC38	
64438+250n	64438+70n	0	_	PC39	
64439+250n	64439+70n	0	_	PC40	
64440+250n	64440+70n	0	-	PC41	
64441+250n	64441+70n	0	_	PC42	
64442+250n	64442+70n	0	_	PC43	7
64443+250n	64443+70n	0	_	PC44	
64444+250n	64444+70n	0		PC45	
64445+250n	64445+70n	0	_	PC46	
64446+250n	64446+70n	0	<u>-</u>	PC47	
64447+250n	64447+70n	0	-	PC48	
64448+250n	64448+70n	0		PC49	
64449+250n	64449+70n	0		PC50	
64450+250n	64450+70n	0		PC51	
64451+250n	64451+70n	0		PC52	
64452+250n	64452+70n	0	_	PC53	
64453+250n	64453+70n	0		PC54	

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
64454+250n	64454+70n	0	-	PC55	
64455+250n	64455+70n	0	-	PC56	
64456+250n	64456+70n	0	-	PC57	
64457+250n	64457+70n	0	_	PC58	
64458+250n	64458+70n	0	_	PC59	
64459+250n	64459+70n	0	_	PC60	<u> </u>
64460+250n	64460+70n	0	-	PC61	
64461+250n	64461+70n	0	-	PC62	
64462+250n	64462+70n	0	-	PC63	_
64463+250n	64463+70n	0	_	PC64	_
30196+200n		0	-	PD01	
30197+200n		0	-	PD02	
30198+200n		0	_	PD03	_
30199+200n		0	_	PD04	
30200+200n		0	-	PD05	
30201+200n		0	-	PD06	
30202+200n		0	_	PD07	
30203+200n		0	_	PD08	
30204+200n		0	_	PD09	
30205+200n		0	-	PD10	Servo
30206+200n		0	ı	PD11	parameters
30207+200n		0	-	PD12	
30208+200n		0	-	PD13	
30209+200n		0	_	PD14	
30210+200n	Set with	0	_	PD15	
30211+200n	GX Works2	0	_	PD16	
30212+200n		0	-	PD17	
30213+200n		0	_	PD18	
30214+200n		0	_	PD19	
30215+200n		0	Ī	PD20	
30216+200n		0	_	PD21	
30217+200n		0	_	PD22	
30218+200n		0	_	PD23	<b>-</b>
30219+200n		0	_	PD24	<b>-</b>
30220+200n		0	_	PD25	
30221+200n		0	_	PD26	
30222+200n		0	_	PD27	
30223+200n		0	_	PD28	
30224+200n		0	_	PD29	
30225+200n		0	_	PD30	<del>-</del>
JUZZJTZUUII		U	_	LDOO	

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
30226+200n		0	-	PD31	
30227+200n		0	_	PD32	
64464+250n		0	-	PD33	
64465+250n		0	-	PD34	
64466+250n		0	<del>-</del>	PD35	
64467+250n		0	_	PD36	
64468+250n		0	_	PD37	
64469+250n		0	_	PD38	
64470+250n		0		PD39	
64471+250n		0	_	PD40	
64472+250n		0	-	PD41	
64473+250n		0	-	PD42	
64474+250n		0	-	PD43	
64475+250n		0	_	PD44	
64476+250n		0	_	PD45	
64477+250n		0	_	PD46	
64478+250n		0	_	PD47	
64479+250n		0	_	PD48	
30228+200n		0	_	PE01	
30229+200n	Set with	0	_	PE02	Servo
30230+200n	GX Works2	0	_	PE03	parameters
30231+200n		0	_	PE04	
30232+200n		0	_	PE05	
30233+200n		0	_	PE06	
30234+200n		0	_	PE07	
30235+200n		0	_	PE08	
30236+200n		0	_	PE09	
30237+200n		0	_	PE10	
30238+200n		0	_	PE11	
30239+200n		0	_	PE12	
30240+200n		0	_	PE13	
30241+200n		0	_	PE14	
30242+200n		0	_	PE15	
30243+200n		0	_	PE16	
30244+200n		0	_	PE17	
30245+200n		0	_	PE18	
30246+200n		0	_	PE19	
30247+200n		0	_	PE20	
30248+200n		0	_	PE21	
30249+200n		0	_	PE22	

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
30250+200n		0	_	PE23	
30251+200n		0	_	PE24	
30252+200n		0		PE25	
30253+200n		0		PE26	
30254+200n		0		PE27	
30255+200n		0		PE28	
30256+200n		0	_	PE29	
30257+200n		0		PE30	
30258+200n		0	_	PE31	
30259+200n		0	_	PE32	
30260+200n		0	_	PE33	
30261+200n		0		PE34	
30262+200n		0	_	PE35	
30263+200n		0	_	PE36	
30264+200n		0		PE37	
30265+200n		0		PE38	
30266+200n		0		PE39	
30267+200n		0		PE40	
64480+250n		0		PE41	
64481+250n		0	_	PE42	
64482+250n	Set with	0	_	PE43	Servo
64483+250n	GX Works2	0		PE44	parameters
64484+250n		0		PE45	
64485+250n		0		PE46	
64486+250n		0		PE47	
64487+250n		0	_	PE48	
64488+250n		0	_	PE49	
64489+250n		0	_	PE50	
64490+250n		0		PE51	
64491+250n		0		PE52	
64492+250n		0		PE53	
64493+250n		0	_	PE54	
64494+250n		0	-	PE55	
64495+250n		0	_	PE56	
64496+250n		0	_	PE57	
64497+250n		0	_	PE58	
64498+250n		0		PE59	
64499+250n		0	_	PE60	
64500+250n		0	_	PE61	
64501+250n		0		PE62	
64502+250n		0	_	PE63	
64503+250n		0		PE64	

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	ltem	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
30268+200n		0	ı	PS01	
30269+200n		0	_	PS02	<u>_</u>
30270+200n		0	_	PS03	<u>_</u>
30271+200n		0	_	PS04	<u>_</u>
30272+200n		0	ı	PS05	
30273+200n		0	ı	PS06	
30274+200n		0	ı	PS07	
30275+200n		0	ı	PS08	
30276+200n		0	ı	PS09	
30277+200n		0	-	PS10	
30278+200n		0	ı	PS11	
30279+200n		0	_	PS12	
30280+200n		0	_	PS13	
30281+200n		0	_	PS14	
30282+200n		0	-	PS15	
30283+200n	Set with	0	-	PS16	Servo
30284+200n	GX Works2	0	_	PS17	parameters
30285+200n		0	_	PS18	
30286+200n		0	_	PS19	
30287+200n		0	_	PS20	
30288+200n		0	-	PS21	
30289+200n		0	_	PS22	
30290+200n		0	_	PS23	
30291+200n		0	_	PS24	
30292+200n		0	_	PS25	
30293+200n		0	_	PS26	
30294+200n		0	_	PS27	
30295+200n		0	_	PS28	
30296+200n		0	_	PS29	
30297+200n		0	-	PS30	
30298+200n		0	_	PS31	
30299+200n		0	-	PS32	

 $O: Compatible \quad \Delta: \ Partly \ compatible \quad \ \ X: \ Not \ compatible$ 

Buffer memo	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
30900+50n		0	-	PF01	
30901+50n		0	-	PF02	
30902+50n		0	<u>-</u>	PF03	
30903+50n		0	-	PF04	
30904+50n		0	_	PF05	
30905+50n		0	_	PF06	
30906+50n		0	_	PF07	
30907+50n		0	_	PF08	
30908+50n		0	-	PF09	
30909+50n		0	-	PF10	
30910+50n		0	-	PF11	
30911+50n		0	-	PF12	
30912+50n		0	-	PF13	
30913+50n		0	-	PF14	
30914+50n		0	_	PF15	
30915+50n		0	-	PF16	
64504+250n		0	_	PF17	
64505+250n		0	_	PF18	
64506+250n		0	_	PF19	
64507+250n	Set with	0	_	PF20	Servo
64508+250n	GX Works2	0	_	PF21	parameters
64509+250n		0	_	PF22	
64510+250n		0	_	PF23	
64511+250n		0	_	PF24	
64512+250n		0	_	PF25	
64513+250n		0	_	PF26	
64514+250n		0	_	PF27	
64515+250n		0	_	PF28	
64516+250n		0	_	PF29	
64517+250n		0	_	PF30	
64518+250n		0	_	PF31	
64519+250n		0	_	PF32	
64520+250n		0	-	PF33	
64521+250n		0	_	PF34	
64522+250n		0	_	PF35	
64523+250n		0	_	PF36	
64524+250n		0	_	PF37	<b>-</b>
64525+250n		0	-	PF38	
64526+250n		0	_	PF39	
64527+250n		0	-	PF40	

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	ltem	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
64528+250n		0	-	PF41	
64529+250n		0	ı	PF42	
64530+250n		0	ı	PF43	
64531+250n		0	-	PF44	
64532+250n		0	-	PF45	
64533+250n		0	_	PF46	
64534+250n		0	-	PF47	
64535+250n		0	_	PF48	
30916+50n		0	-	Po01	
30917+50n		0	-	Po02	
30918+50n		0		Po03	_
30919+50n		0	-	Po04	
30920+50n		0	-	Po05	
30921+50n		0	ı	Po06	
30922+50n		0	ı	Po07	
30923+50n		0	ı	Po08	
30924+50n		0	-	Po09	
30925+50n		0	ı	Po10	
30926+50n		0	ı	Po11	
30927+50n	Set with	0	-	Po12	Servo
30928+50n	GX Works2	0	ı	Po13	parameters
30929+50n		0	ı	Po14	
30930+50n		0	ı	Po15	
30931+50n		0	-	Po16	
64536+250n		0	-	Po17	
64537+250n		0	_	Po18	
64538+250n		0	-	Po19	
64539+250n		0	-	Po20	
64540+250n		0	-	Po21	
64541+250n		0	-	Po22	
64542+250n		0	_	Po23	
64543+250n		0	1	Po24	
64544+250n		0	-	Po25	
64545+250n		0		Po26	
64546+250n		0		Po27	
64547+250n		0	-	Po28	
64548+250n		0		Po29	
64549+250n		0	-	Po30	
64550+250n		0		Po31	
64551+250n		0	-	Po32	

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
64552+250n		0	_	PL01	
64553+250n		0		PL02	
64554+250n		0	_	PL03	
64555+250n		0		PL04	
64556+250n		0	_	PL05	
64557+250n		0	_	PL06	
64558+250n		0	_	PL07	
64559+250n		0	_	PL08	
64560+250n		0	_	PL09	
64561+250n		0	_	PL10	
64562+250n		0	_	PL11	
64563+250n		0	_	PL12	
64564+250n		0	_	PL13	
64565+250n		0	_	PL14	
64566+250n		0	_	PL15	
64567+250n		0	_	PL16	
64568+250n		0	_	PL17	
64569+250n		0	_	PL18	
64570+250n		0	_	PL19	
64571+250n	Set with	0	_	PL20	Servo
64572+250n	GX Works2	0	_	PL21	parameters
64573+250n		0	_	PL22	
64574+250n		0	_	PL23	
64575+250n		0	_	PL24	
64576+250n		0	_	PL25	
64577+250n		0	_	PL26	
64578+250n		0	_	PL27	
64579+250n		0	_	PL28	
64580+250n		0	_	PL29	
64581+250n		0	_	PL30	
64582+250n		0	_	PL31	
64583+250n		0	<del>-</del>	PL32	
64584+250n		0	_	PL33	
64585+250n		0	_	PL34	
64586+250n		0	_	PL35	
64587+250n		0	_	PL36	
64588+250n		0	_	PL37	
64589+250n		0	_	PL38	
64590+250n		0	_	PL39	
64591+250n		0	_	PL40	

# **Appendices**

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	Item	Servo amplifier parameter No.	Memory area
64592+250n		0	-	PL41	
64593+250n		0	ı	PL42	
64594+250n		0	ı	PL43	
64595+250n	Set with	0	ı	PL44	Servo
64596+250n	GX Works2	0	-	PL45	parameters
64597+250n		0	_	PL46	
64598+250n		0	-	PL47	
64599+250n		0	- 1	PL48	

n: Axis No.-1

O: Compatible  $\Delta$ : Partly compatible  $\times$ : Not compatible

The following shows the relation between the buffer memory addresses for mark detection function and the various items.

(Note): Do not use the buffer memory address that not been described here for a "Maker setting".

Buffer mem	ory address	Compatibility			
QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16	of setting value of QD77MS2/ QD77MS4 and QD77MS16	ltem		Memory area
54000	0+20k	0	[Pr.800] Mark detection signal setting		
54001	1+20k	0	[Pr.801] Mark detection signal compensation time	)	lete
54002	2+20k	0	[Pr.802] Mark detection data type		ram
54003	3+20k	0	[Pr.803] Mark detection data axis No.		у ра
5400 <sup>2</sup> 54005	4+20k 5+20k	0	[Pr.804] Mark detection data buffer memory No.		settinç
54006 54007	6+20k 7+20k	0	[Pr.805] Latch data range upper limit value		tection
	54008+20k 54009+20k		[Pr.806] Latch data range lower limit value		Mark detection setting parameters
54010+20k		0	[Pr.807] Mark detection mode setting		Σ
54640	54640+10k		[Cd.800] Number of mark detection clear request		Mark
54641	1+10k	0	[Cd.801] Mark detection invalid flag		detection
54642	2+10k	0	[Cd.802] Latch data range change request		control data
54960	)+80k	0	[Md.800] Number of mark detection		_
54962				1	· data
	3+80k				itor
54964+80k 54965+80k 54966+80k 54967+80k			DATE CONTRACT TO THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT	2	шош
		0	[Md.801] Mark detection data storage area (1 to 32)	3	Mark detection monitor data
to				to	k de
55024+80k 55025+80k				32	Mar

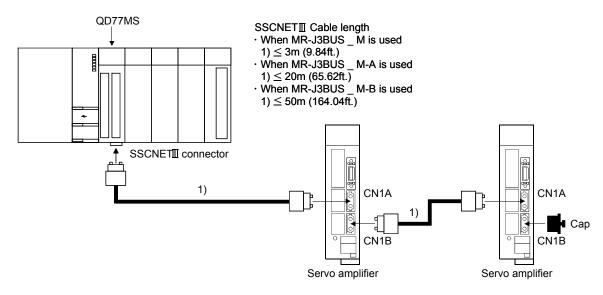
k: Mark detection setting No.-1

O: Compatible  $\Delta$ : Partly compatible  $\times$ : Not compatible

#### Appendix 2 Connection with servo amplifiers

SSCNET cables are used to connect between Simple Motion module and servo amplifier or between servo amplifiers.

Install the battery to servo amplifier to execute absolute position detection control. Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for details.



(Note): It cannot communicate with that the connection of CN1A and CN1B is mistaken.

# **∆**CAUTION

- Be sure to connect SSCNETⅢ cable with the above connector. If the connection is mistaken, between the Simple Motion module and servo amplifier cannot be communicated.
- SSCNETⅢ connector to connect the SSCNETⅢ cable is put a cap to protect light device inside connector from dust. For this reason, do not remove a cap until just before connecting SSCNETⅢ cable. Then, when removing SSCNETⅢ cable, make sure to put a cap.
- Keep the cap and the tube for protecting light cord end of SSCNETII cable in a plastic bag with a zipper of SSCNETII cable to prevent them from becoming dirty.
- Do not remove the SSCNETⅢ cable while turning on the power supply of Simple Motion module and servo amplifier. Do not see directly the light generated from SSCNETⅢ connector of Simple Motion module or servo amplifier and the end of SSCNETⅢ cable. When the light gets into eye, may feel something is wrong for eye. (The light source of SSCNETⅢ cable complies with class1 defined in JISC6802 or IEC60825-1.)
- When exchanging the Simple Motion module or servo amplifier, make sure to put a cap on SSCNETⅢ connector. When asking repair of Simple Motion module or servo amplifier for some troubles, make also sure to put a cap on SSCNETⅢ connector. When the connector is not put a cap, the light device may be damaged at the transit. In this case, exchange and repair of light device is required.

# Appendix 2.1 SSCNETⅢ cables

Generally use the SSCNETⅢ cables available as our products.

Refer to Appendix 2.3 for long distance cable up to 100[m] and ultra-long bending life cable.

# (1) Model explanation

Numeral in the column of cable length on the table is a symbol put in the "\_" part of cable model. Cables of which symbol exists are available.

Table 2.1 SSCNETⅢ cable list

					Cable	e length [ı	m(ft.)]						Application/
Cable model	0.15 (0.49)	0.3 (0.98)	0.5 (1.64)	1 (3.28)	3 (9.84)	5 (16.40)	10 (32.81)	20 (65.62)	30 (98.43)	40 (131.23)	50 (164.04)	Bending life	remark
MR-J3BUS_M	015	03	05	1	3							Standard	Standard cord for inside panel
MR-J3BUS_M-A						5	10	20				Standard	Standard cable for outside panel
MR-J3BUS_M-B (Note-1)									30	40	50		Long distance cable

(Note-1): For the cable of less than 30m (98.43ft.), contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.

# (2) Specification

Table 2.2 SSCNETⅢ cable list

		Description					
SSCNET <b>Ⅲ</b> ca	able model	MR-J3I	BUS_M	MR-J3BUS_M-A	MR-J3BUS_M-B		
SSCNETⅢ ca	able length [m(ft.)]	0.15 (0.49)	0.3 to 3 (0.98 to 9.84)	5 to 20 (16.40 to 65.62)	30 to 50 (98.43 to 164.04)		
	Minimum bend radius [mm(inch)]	25(0	0.98)	Enforced covering cord: 50 (1.97) Cord: 25 (0.98)	Enforced covering cord: 50 (1.97) Cord: 30(1.18)		
	Tension strength [N]	70	140	420 (Enforced covering cord)	980 (Enforced covering cord)		
	Temperature range for use [°C(°F)] (Note-1)	-40 to 80 (-40 to 176)			-20 to 70 (-4 to 158)		
	Ambient	Indoors (no direct sunlight), No solvent or oil					
Optical cable (Cord)	External appearance [mm(inch)]	2.2±0.07 (0.09±0.003) 10.16 <sup>(Note-2)</sup> (0.40)	7.52±0.004) 4.4±0.1 (0.10±0.004)	4.4±0.1 (0.17±0.004) (0.17±0.004) (0.24±0.008)	4.4±0.4 (0.17±0.016) 7.6±0.5 (0.30±0.02)		

(Note-1): This temperature range for use is the value for optical cable (cord) only.

(Note-2): Dimension of connector fiber insert location. The distance of two cords is changed by how to bend it.

# **∆**CAUTION

- Please use the processing method and the processing treatment device that exists in the connector when you fix the cord part of the SSCNETⅢ cable to the connector.
- It must not cut squarely when you cut the cord part of the SSCNETⅢ cable, the cutting edge side must not be made smooth, and garbage etc. must not adhere.
- The damage etc. must not adhere to the optical cord part when you peel off the film of the cable of the SSCNETⅢ cable.
- If the end face of cord tip for the SSCNETII cable is dirty, optical transmission is interrupted and it may cause malfunctions. If it becomes dirty, wipe with a bonded textile, etc. Do not use solvent such as alcohol.
- Do not add impossible power to the connector of the SSCNETII cable.
- When incinerating the SSCNETII cable (optical fiber), hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas which is corrosive and harmful may be generated. For disposal of the SSCNETII cable (optical fiber), request for specialized industrial waste disposal services who has incineration facility for disposing hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas.

# (a) MR-J3BUS\_M

# 1) Model explanation

Type: MR-J3BUS M - \*
T T Symbol

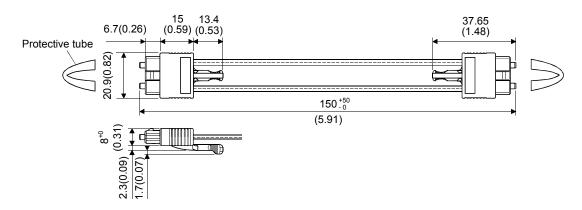
Cable type
Standard cord for inside panel
Standard cable for outside panel
Long distance cable

Symbol	Cable length [m(ft.)]
015	0.15(0.49)
03	0.3(0.98)
05	0.5(1.64)
1	1(3.28)
3	3(9.84)
5	5(16.40)
10	10(32.81)
20	20(65.62)
30	30(98.43)
40	40(131.23)
50	50(164.04)

# 2) Exterior dimensions

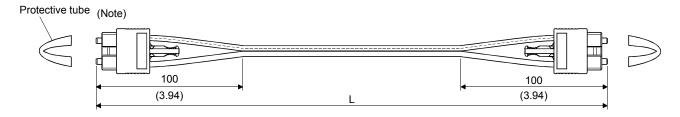
• MR-J3BUS015M

[Unit: mm(inch)]



MR-J3BUS03M to MR-J3BUS3M
 Refer to the table of this section (1) for cable length (L).

[Unit: mm(inch)]

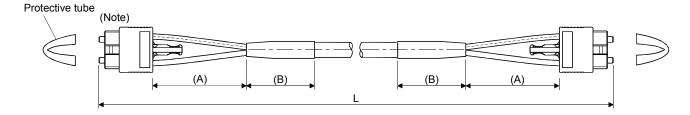


(Note): Dimension of connector part is the same as that of MR-J3BUS015M.

- MR-J3BUS5M-A to MR-J3BUS20M-A
- MR-J3BUS30M-B to MR-J3BUS50M-B
   Refer to the table of this section (1) for cable length (L).

CCCNETTI Cabla	Variation [mm(inch)]			
SSCNETⅢ Cable	А	В		
MR-J3BUS5M-A to MR-J3BUS20M-A	100(3.94)	30(1.18)		
MR-J3BUS30M-B to MR-J3BUS50M-B	150(5.91)	50(1.97)		

[Unit: mm(inch)]



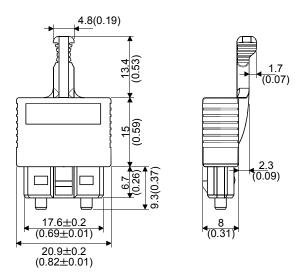
(Note): Dimension of connector part is the same as that of MR-J3BUS015M.

#### **POINT**

Keep the cap and the tube for protecting light cord end of SSCNET cable in a plastic bag with a zipper of SSCNET cable to prevent them from becoming dirty.

### (b) SSCNETⅢ cable connector

[Unit: mm(inch)]



#### Appendix 2.2 Serial absolute synchronous encoder cable

Generally use the serial absolute synchronous encoder cables available as our products. If the required length is not found in our products, fabricate the cable on the customer side.

# (1) Selection

The following table indicates the serial absolute synchronous encoder cables used with the serial absolute synchronous encoder.

Connector sets (MR-J3CN2) are also available for your fabrication.

Table 2.3 Wire models

Cable model	Cable length [m(ft.)]	Wire model
Q170ENCCBL_M-A	2(6.56), 5(16.40), 10(32.81), 20(65.62), 30(98.43), 50(164.04)	J14B103715-00 12 pair (BLACK)

Use the following or equivalent twisted pair cables as the serial absolute synchronous encoder cables.

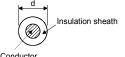
Table 2.4 Connector sets

Connector sets type	Description
MR-J3CN2	Servo amplifier connector

Table 2.5 Wire specifications

	Core		Chara	cteristics of or	ne core	Et de la la
Wire model	size [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Number of cores	Structure [Number of wires/mm]	Conductor resistance [Ω/km]	Insulating sheath OD d[mm] <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	Finished OD [mm] <sup>(Note-2)</sup>
J14B103715-00 12 pair (BLACK)	0.2	24(12 pair)	40/0.08	105 or less	0.88	9.0

(Note-1): d is as shown below.

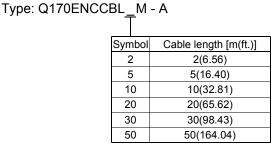


(Note-2): Standard OD (Outside Diameter). Maximum OD is about 10% larger.

# **▲**CAUTION

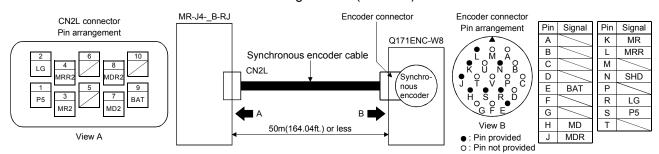
When fabricating the encoder cable, do not make incorrect connection. Wrong connection will cause runaway or explosion.

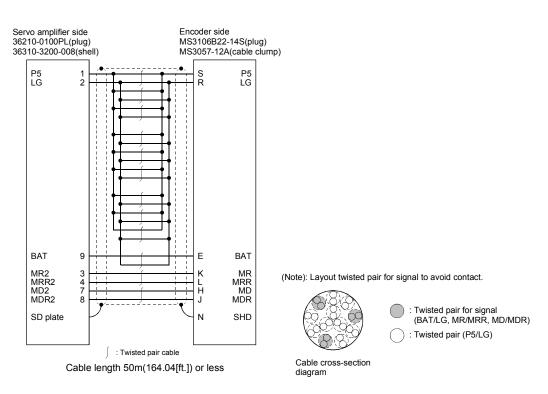
# (a) Q170ENCCBL\_M-A1) Model explanation



# 2) Connection diagram

When fabricating a cable, use the recommended wire and connector set MR-J3CN2 for encoder cable given on this section (1), and make the cable as show in the following connection diagram. Maximum cable length is 50m(164.04ft.).

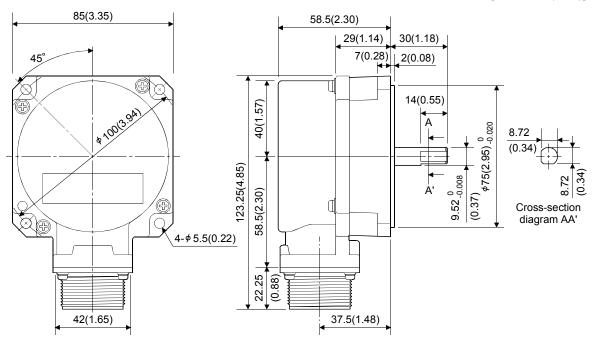




# (2) External dimension drawing

# (a) Serial absolute synchronous encoder (Q171ENC-W8)

[Unit: mm (inch)]



# Appendix 2.3 SSCNETⅢ cable (SC-J3BUS\_M-C) manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric System & Service

#### POINT

- For the details of the SSCNET cables, contact your local sales office.
- Do not look directly at the light generated from CN1A/CN1B connector of servo amplifier or the end of SSCNETⅢ cable. The light can be a discomfort when it enters the eye.

The cable is available per 1[m] up to 100[m]. The number of the length (1 to 100) will be in the "\_" part in the cable model.

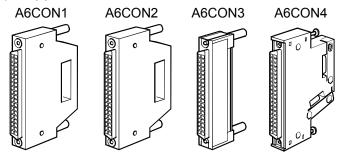
Cable model	Cable length [m(ft.)]  1m to 100m (3.28ft. to 328.08ft.)	Bending life	Application/ remark
SC-J3BUS_M-C	1 to 100 (3.28 to 328.08)	Ultra-long bending life	Long distance cable

# Appendix 3 Connection with external device

# Appendix 3.1 Connector

Mounted onto an external input connection connector of the QD77MS and used for wiring an external device. The "external device connector" includes the following 4 types.

# (1) Appearance



# (2) Connector type

Туре	Model Connector		
Soldering type, useable for straight out	A6CON1		
Crimp-contact type, useable for straight out	A6CON2		
Pressure-displacement type	A6CON3		
Soldering type, useable for straight out and diagonal out	A6CON4		

# (3) Specifications of the connector

Part name	Specification						
Applicable connector	A6CON1, A6CON4	A6CON2	A6CON3				
Applicable wire size	0.3 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG28 to 24	AWG28 (twisted)/ AWG30 (single wire)				

(Note): The external input wiring connector has been prepared. Please purchase them by customer.

#### Specialized tool

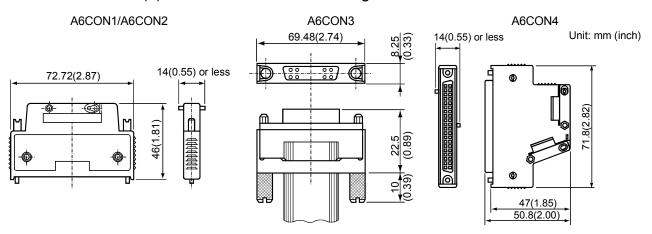
- Pressure-bonding tool for A6CON2 Model name: FCN-363T-T005/H
- Pressure welding tool for A6CON3

Model name: FCN-367T-T012/H (locator plate)

- : FCN-707T-T001/H (cable cutter)
- : FCN-707T-T101/H (hand press)
- · Contact for the specialized tool:

Fujitsu component LTD. http://www.fcl.fujitsu.com/en/

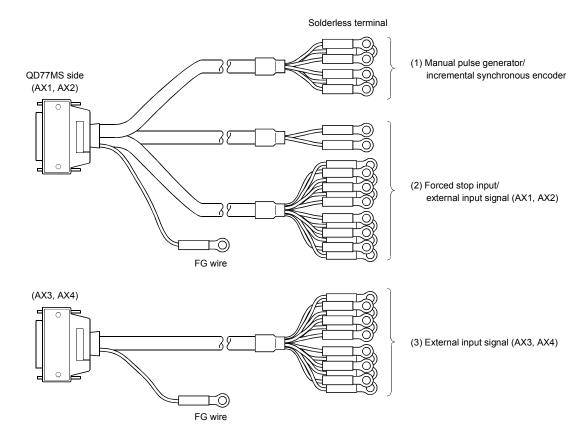
# (4) External dimension drawing



# Appendix 3.2 External input signal cable

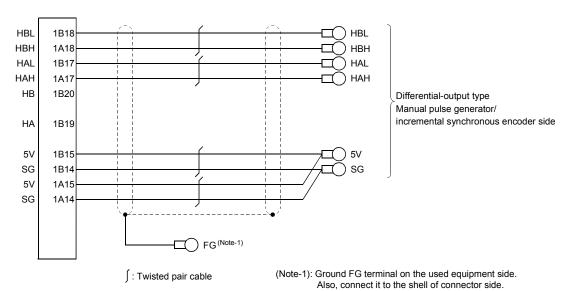
The external input signal cable is not prepared as an option. Fabricate the cable on the customer side.

Make the cable as shown in the following connection diagram.

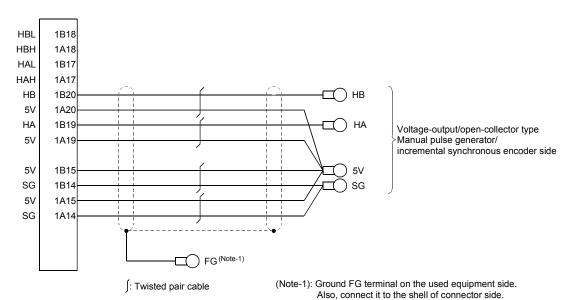


# (1) Manual pulse generator/ Incremental synchronous encoder

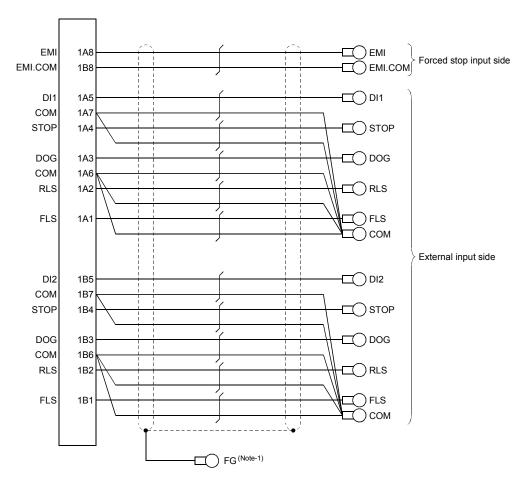
# (a) Differential-output type Make the cable within 30m (98.43ft.).



(b) Voltage-output/Open-collector type Make the cable within 10m (32.81ft.).



# (2) Forced stop input/ External input signal (AX1, AX2)

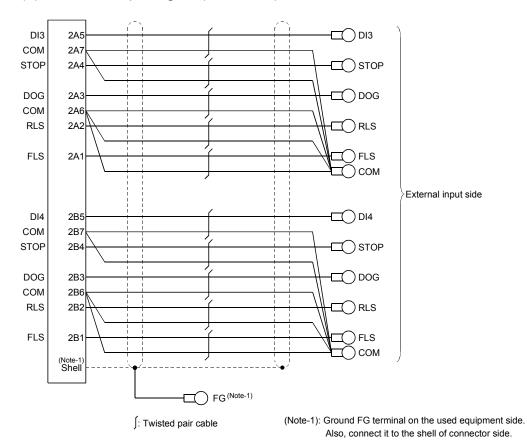


: Twisted pair cable

(Note-1): Ground FG terminal on the used equipment side.

Also, connect it to the shell of connector side.

# (3) External input signal (AX3, AX4)



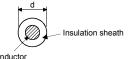
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1) The following table indicates the external input wiring cables. Make selection according to your operating conditions.

Table 3.1 Table of wire specifications

			Chara	cteristics of on	e core	
Wire model	Core size [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Number of cores	Structure [Number of wires/mm]	Conductor resistance [Ω/km]	Insulating sheath OD d[mm]	Finish OD (Note-2) [mm]
17/0.16 1P SRV-SV(2464)-K	0.3mm <sup>2</sup>	2(1 pairs)	17/0.16	57.5	0.77	5.3
17/0.16 4P SRV-SV(2464)-K	0.3mm <sup>2</sup>	8(4 pairs)	17/0.16	57.5	0.77	7.6
17/0.16 10P SRV-SV(2464)-K	0.3mm <sup>2</sup>	20(10 pairs)	17/0.16	57.5	0.77	10.0

(Note-1): d is as shown below.



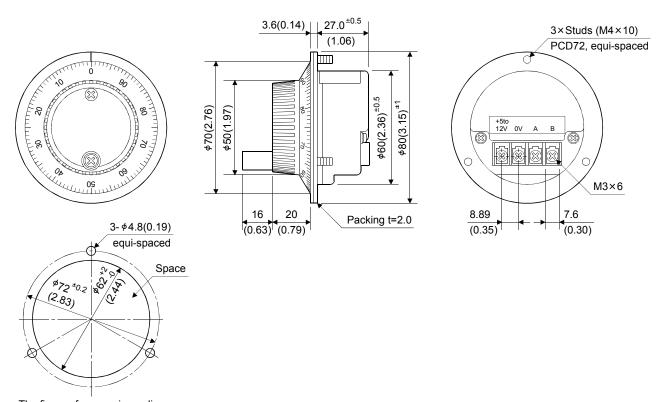
(Note-2): Standard OD. Max. OD is about 10% larger.

# **▲**CAUTION

When fabricating the cable, do not make incorrect connection. Wrong connection will cause runaway or explosion.

# Appendix 3.3 Manual pulse generator (MR-HDP01)

# (1) External dimension drawing



# Appendix 4 Comparisons with positioning modules /LD77MH models

# Appendix 4.1 Differences with QD75MH models

# (1) Differences of performance specifications

_							
Item	Model	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4	
Number of contr	ol axes	2	4	16	2	4	
Operation cycle			0.88/1.77		1.		
Control system	Speed-torque control		0			<	
Synchronous co	•	0				<u> </u>	
Sylicilionous co	Trapezoidal				/	`	
Starting time	acceleration/ deceleration		_		3.5	ms	
(1-axis linear)	S-curve acceleration/ deceleration	0.88	8ms	1.77ms	4.0	ms	
SSCNET comm	•	550	NETⅢ/H or SSCN	L ETM	SSCN	JET∭	
SSCIVET COMMI	unication	MF	R-J4B/MR-J4W	_B/	MR-J3B/MR-J3W		
Compatible serv	o amplifier	MR-J:	MR-J3WB/MR-J3 3BS/MR-J3B-F 3B-RJ080W/MR-	RJ004/	MR-J3BS/MF MR-J3B-R		
Controlled servo	SSCNETII/H	PA, PB,	PC, PD, PE, PS, P	F, Po, PL	×		
parameter group	SSCNETⅢ	PA, PE	3, PC, PD, PE, PS,	PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PS			
		Operation cycle			1.77	Other than the following	
Monitor data refr	resh cycle [ms]				56.8	Machine feed value, Feedrate, Axis feedrate, External input signal, Forced stop input	
Manual pulse generator	Signal input form		output type" or "volt type" by parameter		Automatic recognition type" or "voltage-outpo	of "differential-output ut/open-collector type"	
generator	1 pulse input magnification		1 to 10000		1 to 100	00 <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	
Machine OPR fu (OPR method)	nction		5 types nethod, Count meth e origin signal dete	nod 1) 2), Data set ction method)	4 ty (Near-point dog metho Data set	d, Count method 1) 2),	
External signal selection function		External input signal of QD77MS (FLS, RLS, DOG, STOP, DI) /		External input sign (FLS, RLS, DOC external input signa	gnal of QD75MH G, STOP, CHG) /		
Torque change f	unction		same setting and		Forward/reverse sar	ne setting only (Note-1)	
Amplifier-less op			O	· · · · · · · · ·		Note-1)	
Virtual servo am			0			<u> </u>	
Mark detection for	•		0			<u>`                                    </u>	
Optional data me			0			` <	
Module error col			0			<u>`                                    </u>	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

# Differences of performance specifications (Continued)

Item	Model	QD77MS2 QD77MS4 QD77MS16 QD75MH2 QD75M				QD75MH4	
Connect/disconne			0		×		
Hot line forced sto	op function		0		>	×	
History data (Start, Error, Warr value)	ning, Current	Information display of "Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, Second"			Information display of "Hour, Minute, Second"		
5VDC internal cur [A]	rent consumption	0.	6	0.75	0.60		
Mass [kg]		0.15 0.16			0.15	0.16	
External command signal	Switching signal		kternal start or sp in be selected by		CHG signal (External start or speed-position switching can be selected by parameter.)		
Speed-position/poswitching control	Speed-position switching can be selected by external command signal (DI), near-point dog		near-point dog eed-position	Speed-position switchin signal	ng by external command (CHG).		
Programming tool		GX Works2, MR Configurator2			GX Works2/ GX Developer, GX Configurator-QP		
Upper limit value of setting range	of electronic gear		(Note-2)		10000		

 $\bigcirc$  : Possible, imes : Not possible

(Note-1): These functions are equal to the QD77MS's specification in the following version of QD75MH.

Rating plate: 110720000000000-B or later, Product information: 110520000000000-B or later

(Note-2): The value varies depending on the product information as follows.

Before 150410000000000 : 20000, 150410000000000 or later: 320000

# (2) Differences of function

#### (a) Added functions

Functions	Remarks			
Scale origin signal detection method OPR	Refer to Section 8.2.7.			
Speed-torque control	Refer to Section 12.1.			
Virtual servo amplifier function	Refer to Section 14.8.			
Driver communication function	Refer to Section 14.9.			
Mark detection function	Refer to Section 14.10.			
Optional data monitor function	Refer to Section 14.11.			
Module error collection function	Refer to Section 14.12.			
Connect/disconnect function of SSCNET communication	Refer to Section 14.13.			
QD75MH initial value setting function	Refer to Section 14.14.			
Hot line forced stop function	Refer to Section 14.15.			
Compatible with servo driver VCII series manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.	Refer to Appendix 6.1.			
Compatible with inverter FR-A700 series	Refer to Appendix 6.2.			
Synchronous encoder via servo amplifier	Refer to "MELSEC-Q/L QD77MS/QD77GF/LD77MS/LD77MH Simple Metion Medule Hear's Manual			
	Simple Motion Module User's Manual (Synchronous Control)".			

# (b) Changed functions

				Specification				
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4		
Input signal [X0]	Signal name	READY		QD75 READY				
[Pr.7] Bias speed at start	Range of setting value	<setting is="" pl<br="" unit="">0 to 1000000000</setting>			Maker setting			
[Pr.8] Speed limit value	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 1000000000</control>				<control is="" pls="" unit=""> 1 to 50000000 [PLS/s]</control>		
[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection	Range of setting value	b8: Only the value	e specified against	the axis 1 is valid	No limitation			
[Pr.24] Manual pulse generator /Incremental synchronous encoder input selection	Name				Manual pulse ger selection	nerator input		
[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 1000000000</control>			<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 50000000 [P</control>			
[Pr.42] External command function selection	Range of setting value	0: External positioning start 1: External speed change request 2: Speed-position, position-speed switching request			External positioning start     External speed change request     Speed-position, position-speed switching request     Skip request			
[Pr.43] OPR method	Range of setting value	0: Near-point dog 4: Count method 5: Count method 6: Data set metho	method 1) 2)	nod	0: Near-point dog 4: Count method 5: Count method 6: Data set metho	1) 2)		
[Pr.46] OPR speed	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 1000000000</control>	LS>		<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 50000000 [P</control>	_		
[Pr.47] Creep speed	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td>LS&gt;</td><td></td><td>Control unit is P 1 to 50000000 [P</td><td>LS&gt;</td></control>	LS>		Control unit is P 1 to 50000000 [P	LS>		
[Pr.80] External input signal selection		0: External input signal of QD77MS			signal of QD75MH			
[Pr. 89] Manual pulse generator /Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection	New parameter	0: Differential-out			No setting (Automatic recog hardware)	nition by		

Function	Description			Specification		
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4
[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1		0: No setting 1: Effective load 2: Regenerative 3: Peak load fac 4: Load inertia m 5: Model loop ga	load ratio tor noment ratio nin			
[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2		9: Module power 10: Instantaneous	otation speed ple revolution coul consumption			
[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3	New parameter	13: Equivalent dis 14: Overload alar 15: Error excessiv 16: Settling time 17: Overshoot am 20: Position feedb 21: Encoder singl	sturbance torque m margin ve alarm margin nount pack		No parameter set	ting
[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4		22: Selection droc 23: Module integr 24: Load side end 25: Load side end 26: Z-phase coun 27: Servomotor-s	op pulse al power consump coder information of coder information of ter ide/load-side positide/load-side spee			
[Pr.95] External command signal selection	New parameter	No parameter set		0: Not used 1: DI1 2: DI2 3: DI3 4: DI4	No parameter set	ting
[Pr.96] Operation cycle setting	New parameter	0: 0.88ms 1: 1.77ms			No parameter set	ting
[Pr.97] SSCNET setting	New parameter	0: SSCNETⅢ 1: SSCNETⅢ/H			No parameter set	ting
[Pr.114] External command signal compensation valid/invalid setting	New parameter	0: Invalid 1: Valid			No parameter set	ting
Starting history	Information display of starting time	Starting time is displayed by "Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, Second". [Md.54] Start Year: month [Md.5] Start Day: hour [Md.6] Start Minute: second			Starting time is di Minute, Second". [Md.5] Start Hour [Md.6] Start Minut	splayed by "Hour, e: second
Axis error occurrence time	Information display of axis error occurrence time		of axis error is disp r, Minute, Second" r occurrence (Year r occurrence (Day:	r: month) hour)	ar, Occurrence time of axis error is displayed by "Hour, Minute, Second".  [Md.11] Axis error occurrence (Hour)  [Md.12] Axis error occurrence (Minute: second)	

		Specification				
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4
Axis warning occurrence time	Information display of axis warning occurrence time	Occurrence time of axis warning is displayed by "Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, Second".  [Md.56] Axis warning occurrence (Year: month)  [Md.16] Axis warning occurrence (Day: hour)  [Md.17] Axis warning occurrence (Minute: second)			Occurrence time of displayed by "Hou Second".  [Md.16] Axis warr (Hour)  [Md.17] Axis warr (Minute: s	ur, Minute, ning occurrence
[Md.26] Axis operation status	Range of monitor value	5: Analyzing 6: Special start s 7: OPR 8: Position control 10: Speed control 11: Position contro 12: Position contro 13: Speed control 15: Synchronous 20: Servo amplific amplifier powe 21: Servo OFF 30: Control mode 31: Speed control 32: Torque control	generator operationstandby  ol I in speed-position ol in speed-position ol in position-speed control er has not been corer OFF  switch	switching control n switching d switching switching control nnected/servo	switching con 11: Position contr position switch 12: Position contr speed switchi	generator  standby  ol  in speed-position trol ol in speed- ning control ol in position- ng control in position-speed trol er has not been
[Md.31] Status	Range of monitor value	b0: In speed cont b1: Speed-positio b2: Command in- b3: OPR request b4: OPR complet b5: Position-spee b9: Axis warning b10: Speed chang b12: M code ON b13: Error detection	rol flag on switching latch flag flag e flag d switching latch flag detection ge 0 flag QD77MS16 on QD77MS16	ag	b0: In speed cont b1: Speed-positio flag b2: Command in- b3: OPR request b4: OPR complet b5: Position-spee flag b9: Axis warning of b10: Speed chang	n switching latch position flag flag e flag d switching latch detection

Firmation	Description						
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4	
		Positioning identifulation ([Da.1] to [Da.4], [Positioning address	[Da.5] QD77MS2	QD77MS4)	([Da.1] to [Da.5])	Positioning identifier ([Da.1] to [Da.5]) Positioning address ([Da.6])	
		Arc address ([Da.	7])		Arc address ([Da.	7])	
[Md.47] Positioning data	04	Command speed			Command speed	2/	
being executed	Storage item		destination positi	oning data No.	Dwell time /JUMP		
		([Da.9])			positioning data N	(2)	
			n data No./Numbe	er of LOOP to	M code /Condition		
		LEND repetitions	<b>(L</b>		No./Number of LO		
		Axis to be interpole	lated ([Da.20] to [D	)a.22])	repetitions ([Da.1	J])	
[Md.57] Servo alarm	New monitor data	The LED display of alarm	details of servo am	plifier detection	No monitor data		
[Md.58] Servo warning	New monitor data	The LED display of warning	details of servo am	plifier detection	No monitor data		
[Md.59] Module information	New monitor data	b0: Number of axi b12: Module infor			No monitor data		
[Md.61] Driver operation alarm number	New monitor data	Displays the drive	er operation alarm	number.	No monitor data		
		<sscnetⅲ h=""></sscnetⅲ>		<sscnetⅲ></sscnetⅲ>			
		1 to 64 : PAC	1 to PA64		1 to 18 : PA01 to PA18		
		65 to 128 : PB0	11 to PB64		19 to 63 : PB01	to PB45	
		129 to 192: PC0			64 to 95 : PC01		
		193 to 256: PD0			96 to 127: PD01	to PD32	
		257 to 320: PE0					
		321 to 384: PF0 385 to 448: Po0					
		449 to 512: PS0					
[Md.107] Parameter error	Range of monitor	513 to 576: PL0					
No.	value	<sscnetii></sscnetii>					
		1 to 18 : PAC	11 to PA18				
		19 to 63 : PB0	1 to PB45				
		64 to 95 : PC0	1 to PC32				
		96 to 127 : PD0	1 to PD32				
		128 to 167: PE01 to PE40					
		168 to 183: PF0					
		184 to 199: Po01 to Po16					
		200 to 231: PS0					
		232 : PA1	9				

		Specification					
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4	
		Low-order buffer		QD//W310	Low-order buffer	memory	
		b0: Zero point pa	ss		b0: Zero point pass		
		b3: Zero speed			b3: Zero speed		
		b4: Speed limit					
		b8: PID control					
		High-order buffer	memory		High-order buffer	memory	
	Range of monitor	b0: READY ON	•		b0: READY ON	•	
[Md.108] Servo status	value	b1: Servo ON			b1: Servo ON		
		b2, b3: Control m	ode		b7: Servo alarm		
		b7: Servo alarm			b12: In-position		
		b12: In-position			b13: Torque limit		
		b13: Torque limit			b14: Absolute po		
		b14: Absolute po	sition lost		b15: Servo warni		
		b15: Servo warni			D13. GCIVO Wallin	ng .	
[Md.109] Regenerative load		D 13. GCI VO Walling	ig .				
ratio/Optional data		Regenerative loa	d ratio/Optional da	ata monitor output	Dogoporativo log	d ratio	
-		1			Regenerative loa	u ralio	
monitor output 1							
[Md.110] Effective load							
torque/Optional	Name	Effective load tord	que/Optional data	monitor output 2	Effective load tord	que	
data monitor				·			
output 2							
[Md.111] Peak torque ratio/							
Optional data		Peak torque ratio	Optional data mo	onitor output 3	Peak torque ratio		
monitor output 3							
[Md.112] Optional data	New monitor data	_	r.94] Optional dat	a monitor: Data	No monitor data		
monitor output 4	Trow monitor data	type setting 4" is	displayed.	1	Tto monitor data	T	
		Axis 1: 887	Axis 1: 887	Axis 1: 2487	Axis 1: 881	Axis 1: 881	
		Axis 2: 987	Axis 2: 987	Axis 2: 2587	Axis 2: 981	Axis 2: 981	
[Md.113] Semi/Fully closed	Buffer memory		Axis 3: 1087	Axis 3: 2687		Axis 3: 1081	
loop status	address		Axis 4: 1187	Axis 4: 2787		Axis 4: 1181	
				to			
				Axis 16: 3987			
[Md 116] Encoder ention		Compatible with	continuous operat	ion to torque			
[Md.116] Encoder option	New storage item	control			No storage item		
information		Compatible with	scale measureme	nt mode			
[Md.132] Operation cycle		0: 0.88ms					
setting		1: 1.77ms			No monitor data		
[Md.133] Operation cycle		0: OFF					
over flag	New monitor data	1: ON (Operation	cycle over occurr	red.)	No monitor data		
[Md.134] Operation time		Operation time [µ		/	No monitor data		
[Md.135] Maximum		Maximum operati			mornior data		
operation time		maximum operati	on uno [µa]	No monitor data			
[Md.500] Servo status7	New monitor data	b9: Driver operati	on alarm		No monitor data		
[Md.502] Driver operation	INGW ITIOTHUT UALA	Do. Dilver operati	on alaim		TAO ITIOTIILOI UALA		
alarm number	New monitor data	Displays the driv	er operation alarr	n number.	No monitor data		
[Cd.14] New speed value	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">0 to 1000000000</control>			<control is="" p<br="" unit="">0 to 50000000 [P</control>		
		1	-			-	
[Cd.17] JOG speed	Range of setting	<control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td></td><td></td><td><control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td></td></control></td></control>			<control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td></td></control>		
	value	1 to 1000000000	[rlo/8]		1 to 50000000 [PLS/s]		

	1	<u> </u>	Titiliaca)	Specification		Specification						
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4						
[Cd.24] Speed-position switching enable flag	Details of setting value	O: Speed control control even w Speed-positior ON.  1: Speed control when the signs	will not be taken or then the signal set in switching device will be taken over la al set in "[Cd.45] Si ce selection" come	O: Speed control will not be taken over by position control even when the external command signal [CHG] comes ON.  I: Speed control will be taken over by position control when the external command signal [CHG] comes ON								
[Cd.25] Position-speed switching control speed change register	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">0 to 1000000000</control>			<control is="" p<br="" unit="">0 to 50000000 [P</control>							
[Cd.26] Position-speed switching enable flag	Details of setting value	control even w Speed-position ON. 1: Position control when the signal	ol will not be taken when the signal set in switching device of will be taken over all set in "[Cd.45] Since selection" come	over by speed when the exte signal [CHG] of 1: Position contro over by speed	rnal command comes ON.							
[Cd.28] Target position change value (New speed)	Range of setting value	Control unit is PLS> <control is="" pls="" unit="">         0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s]       0 to 50000000 [PLS/s]</control>										
[Cd.30] Simultaneous starting own axis start data No.		start data	eous starting axis a No. art data No.)	[Cd.30] Simultaneous starting own axis start data No.	[Cd.30] Simultane start data (axis 1 st	_						
[Cd.31] Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1		start data	eous starting axis a No. art data No.)	[Cd.31] Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1	[Cd.31] Simultane start data (axis 2 st	_						
[Cd.32] Simultaneous starting axis start data No.2	Name	No control data	[Cd.32] Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.)	No control data	[Cd.32] Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.)							
[Cd.33] Simultaneous starting axis start data No.2		No control data	[Cd.33] Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)	[Cd.33] Simultaneous starting axis start data No.3	No control data	[Cd.33] Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)						

	Description	Specification					
Function	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4		
[Cd.43] Simultaneous starting axis	New control data	No control data		Number of simultaneous starting axes 2 to 4: 2 axes to 4 axes Simultaneous starting axis No. 0 to F: Axis 1 to Axis 16	No control data		
[Cd.44] External input signal operation device	New control data	b0 : Axis 1 (Axis signal (FLS) b1 : Axis 1 (Axis signal (RLS) b2 : Axis 1 (Axis signal (RLS) b2 : Axis 1 (Axis signal (DOG b3 : Axis 1 (Axis (STOP) b4 : Axis 2 (Axis signal (FLS) b5 : Axis 2 (Axis signal (RLS) b6 : Axis 2 (Axis signal (DOG b7 : Axis 2 (Axis signal (FLS) b9 : Axis 3 (Axis signal (FLS) b9 : Axis 3 (Axis signal (RLS) b10 : Axis 3 (Axis signal (RLS) b10 : Axis 3 (Axis signal (RLS) b10 : Axis 4 (Axis signal (FLS) b13 : Axis 4 (Axis signal (RLS) b14 : Axis 4 (Axis signal (DOG b15 : Axis 4 (Axis signal (DOG b15 : Axis 4 (Axis (STOP)	5, Axis 9, Axis 13 5, Axis 9, Axis 13 ) 5, Axis 9, Axis 13 6, Axis 9, Axis 13 6, Axis 10, Axis 1 6, Axis 10, Axis 1 7, Axis 10, Axis 1 7, Axis 11, Axis 1 7, Axis 11, Axis 1 7, Axis 11, Axis 1 8, Axis 12, Axis 1 8, Axis 12, Axis 1 8, Axis 12, Axis 1 8, Axis 12, Axis 1	) Lower limit  ) Near-point dog  ) STOP signal  4) Upper limit  4) Lower limit  4) Near-point dog  4) STOP signal  5) Upper limit  5) Lower limit  5) Near-point dog  6) Upper limit  6) Lower limit  6) Lower limit	No control data		

Firmatia	December	Specificat	ion
Function	Description	QD77MS2 QD77MS4 QD77MS	
[Cd.45] Speed-position switching device selection	New control data	<ul> <li><speed-position control="" switching=""></speed-position></li> <li>0: Use the external command signal for switching from speed control to position control</li> <li>1: Use the near-point dog signal for switching from speed control to position control</li> <li>2: Use "[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command for switching from speed control to position control&gt;</li> <li>0: Use the external command signal for switching from position control to speed control</li> <li>1: Use the near-point dog signal for switching from position control to speed control</li> <li>2: Use "[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command for switching from position control to speed control</li> </ul>	and" ntrol No control data  g m and"
[Cd.46] Speed-position switching command	New control data	<speed-position control="" switching=""> <ol> <li>Not switch from speed control to position control</li> <li>Switch from speed control to position control</li> <li>Position-speed switching control&gt;</li> <li>Not switch from position control to speed control</li> <li>Switch from position control to speed control</li> </ol></speed-position>	No control data
[Cd.47] QD75MH initial value setting request	New control data	1: Requests QD75MH initial value setting	No control data
[Cd.130] Parameter write request	Range of setting value	1 : 1 word write request 2 : 2 words write request Other than 1 and 2: Not request	No control data
[Cd.131] Parameter No.	Range of setting value	<mr-j4(w)-b mr-je-b=""> 0: PA group 1: PB group 2: PC group 3: PD group 4: PE group 5: PF group 9: Po group A: PS group B: PL group <vcii series=""> 0: Group 0 1: Group 1 2: Group 2 3: Group 3 4: Group 4 5: Group 5 6: Group 6 7: Group 7 8: Group 9</vcii></mr-j4(w)-b>	No control data

Function	Description					
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4
[Cd.132] Change data	New control data	Set the change value [Cd.131] Parame	alue of servo para eter No.".	No control data		
[Cd.140] Command speed at speed control mode	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">-1000000000 to 1</control>	LS>  000000000 [PLS/	No control data		
[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">0 to 1000000000</control>		No control data		
[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">-1000000000 to 1</control>	LS>  000000000 [PLS/	No control data		
[Cd.802] Latch data range change request	New control data	requested	next Operation cyonext DI input of the	No control data		
Axis stop		Y4, Y5	Y4 to Y7	[Cd.180] Axis stop	Y4, Y5	Y4 to Y7
Forward run JOG start	Input/output signal	Y8, YA	Y8, YA, YC, YE	[Cd.181] Forward run JOG start	Y8, YA	Y8, YA, YC, YE
Reverse run JOG start		Y9, YB			Y9, YB	Y9, YB, YD, YF
Execution prohibition flag	Input/output signal	Y14, Y15	Y14 to Y17	[Cd.183] Execution prohibition flag	Y14, Y15	Y14 to Y17
Axis to be interpolated	Item of buffer memory	[Da.5] Axis to be interpolated		[Da.20] Axis to be interpolated No.1 [Da.21] Axis to be interpolated No.2 [Da.22] Axis to be interpolated No.3	[Da.5] Axis to be interpolated	
[Da.8] Command speed	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 1000000000</control>			<control is="" pls="" unit=""> 1 to 50000000 [PLS/s]</control>	

				Specification		
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4
		01: **=P1	01: **=P1	01: **=P1	01: **=P1	01: **=P1
		02: **≠P1	02: **≠P1	02: **≠P1	02: **≠P1	02: **≠P1
		03: **≤P1	03: **≤P1	03: **≤P1	03: **≤P1	03: **≤P1
		04: **≥P1	04: **≥P1	04: **≥P1	04: **≥P1	04: **≥P1
		05: P1≤**≤P2	05: P1≤**≤P2	05: P1≤**≤P2	05: P1≤**≤P2	05: P1≤**≤P2
		06: **≤P1,P2≤**	06: **≤P1,P2≤**	06: **≤P1,P2≤**	06: **≤P1,P2≤**	06: **≤P1,P2≤**
		07: DEV=ON	07: DEV=ON	07: DEV=ON	07: DEV=ON	07: DEV=ON
		08: DEV=OFF	08: DEV=OFF	08: DEV=OFF	08: DEV=OFF	08: DEV=OFF
		10: Axis 1	10: Axis 1		10: Axis 1	10: Axis 1
		selected	selected		selected	selected
		20: Axis 2	20: Axis 2		20: Axis 2	20: Axis 2
		selected	selected		selected	selected
		30: Axis 1 and 2	30: Axis 1 and 2		30: Axis 1 and 2	30: Axis 1 and 2
		selected	selected		selected	selected
			40: Axis 3			40: Axis 3
			selected			selected
			50: Axis 1 and 3			50: Axis 1 and 3
[Da.16] Condition operator	Range of setting		selected			selected
	value		60: Axis 2 and 3			60: Axis 2 and 3
			selected			selected
			70: Axis 1, 2 and			70: Axis 1, 2 and
			3 selected			3 selected
			80: Axis 4			80: Axis 4
			selected			selected
			90: Axis 1 and 4			90: Axis 1 and 4
			selected A0: Axis 2 and 4			selected A0: Axis 2 and 4
			selected			selected
			B0: Axis 1, 2 and			B0: Axis 1, 2 and
			4 selected			4 selected
			C0: Axis 3 and 4			C0: Axis 3 and 4
			selected			selected
			D0: Axis 1, 3 and			D0: Axis 1, 3 and
			4 selected			4 selected
			E0: Axis 2, 3 and			E0: Axis 2, 3 and
			4 selected			4 selected
				Set by "[Da.16]		
				Condition		
	Range of setting	Sot by "[Do 16] O	andition	operator" and	Set by "[Do 16] C	ondition
[Da.18] Parameter 1	value	Set by "[Da.16] C	orialion	"[Da.23] Number	Set by "[Da.16] C	บานแบก
	value	operator".		of	operator".	
				simultaneously		
				starting axes".		
				Set by "[Da.16]		
				Condition		
	Range of setting	Set by "[Da.16] Condition		operator" and	Set by "[Da 16] C	ondition
[Da.19] Parameter 2	value	operator".		"[Da.23] Number	Set by "[Da.16] Condition operator".	
				of		
				simultaneously		
				starting axes".		

Function	Description	Specification				
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	QD75MH2	QD75MH4
[Da.23] Number of simultaneously starting axes	New positioning data	No positioning data		2: 2 axes 3: 3 axes 4: 4 axes	No positioning data	
[Da.24] Simultaneously starting axis No.1 [Da.25] Simultaneously starting axis No.2 [Da.26] Simultaneously starting axis No.3	New positioning data	No positioning da	ta	0: Axis 1 selected 1: Axis 2 selected 2: Axis 3 selected 3: Axis 4 selected 4: Axis 5 selected 5: Axis 6 selected 6: Axis 7 selected 7: Axis 8 selected 8: Axis 9 selected 9: Axis 10 selected A: Axis 11 selected B: Axis 12 selected C: Axis 13 selected C: Axis 13 selected D: Axis 14 selected E: Axis 15 selected F: Axis 16 selected	No positioning dat	a

# Appendix 4.2 Differences with LD77MH models

# (1) Differences of performance specifications

	Model		-					
Item		QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	LD77MH4	LD77MH16		
Number of cont	rol axes	2	4	16	4	16		
Operation cycle	[ms]	0.88/1.77			0.88	0.88/1.77		
Starting time (1-axis linear)	Trapezoidal acceleration/ deceleration S-curve acceleration/ deceleration/	0.8	0.88ms 1.77ms			1.77ms		
SSCNET comm	nunication	SSC	NETⅢ/H or SSCN	ETII	SSCI	NETⅢ		
Compatible serv	vo amplifier	MR-J3B/I MR-J	R-J4B/MR-J4W- MR-J3WB/MR-J3 3BS/MR-J3B-F 3B-RJ080W/MR-	_ 3B-RJ006/ RJ004/	MR-J3B/MR-J3WB/MR-J3B-RJ006/ MR-J3BS/MR-J3B-RJ004/ MR-J3B-RJ080W (Note-1)			
Controlled servo	SSCNETII/H	PA, PB,	PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PS, PF, Po, PL			_		
parameter group	SSCNETII	PA, PE	8, PC, PD, PE, PS,	PF, Po	PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PS, PF (Note-1), Po (Note-1)			
External signal selection function		External input signal of QD77MS  (FLS, RLS, DOG, STOP, DI) /  External input signal of servo amplifier  (FLS, RLS, DOG) / external input signal via CPU  (buffer memory: FLS, RLS, DOG)			External input signal of servo amplifier (FLS, RLS, DOG) / external input signal via CPU (buffer memory : FLS, RLS, DOG)			
Connection con	nector	A6CON1, A6CON4: Soldering type, Optional A6CON2: Crimp contact type, Optional A6CON3: Pressure-displacement type, Optional			LD77MHIOCON: Soldering type			
Applicable wire	Applicable wire size		A6CON1, A6CON4: 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> A6CON2: AWG 28 to AWG24 (0.08 to 0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> ) A6CON3: AWG28 (Stranded, 0.08mm <sup>2</sup> ) AWG30 (Solid, 0.05mm <sup>2</sup> )			AWG30 to AWG24 0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> )		
5VDC internal consumption [A		0.6 0.75			0.55	0.70		
Number of module occupied slots		1			2			
Outline dimensions [mm(inch)]		98.0(3.86) (H)×27.4(1.08) (W)×90.0(3.54) (D)			90.0(3.54) (H)×45.0(1.77) (W)×95.0(3.74) (D)			
Mass [kg]		0.15 0.16			0.22			
Saving area for servo parameter		Internal memory (nonvolatile)			Flash	ROM		
Programming tool		GX Works2, MR Configurator2			GX Works2, MR Configurator2/ GX Developer, GX Configurator-QP (Note-1),			
Upper limit valugear setting ran	Upper limit value of electronic gear setting range		(Note-2)			20000		

<sup>(</sup>Note-1): GX Configurator-QP does not support with a part of LD77MH4 function and LD77MH16.

(Note-2): The value varies depending on the product information as follows.

Before 150410000000000 : 20000, 150410000000000 or later: 320000

# (2) Differences of function

# (a) Added functions

Functions	Remarks
Driver communication function (SSCNETⅢ/H)	Refer to Section 14.9.
QD75MH initial value setting function	Refer to Section 14.14.
Hot line forced stop function	Refer to Section 14.15.
Compatible with servo driver VCII series manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.	Refer to Appendix 6.1.
Compatible with inverter FR-A700 series	Refer to Appendix 6.2.
Synchronous encoder via servo amplifier	Refer to "MELSEC-Q/L QD77MS/QD77GF/LD77MS/LD77MH Simple Motion Module User's Manual (Synchronous Control)".

#### (b) Changed functions

Function	Description	Specification					
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	LD77MH4	LD77MH16	
Input signal [X0]	Signal name	READY			LD77 READY	LD77 READY	
Driver communication function	Function name	Driver communic	ation function		Master-slave operation function		
[Pr.7] Bias speed at start	Range of setting value	<setting is="" p<br="" unit="">0 to 10000000000</setting>			<pre><setting is="" pls="" unit=""> 0 to 50000000 [PLS/s]</setting></pre>		
[Pr.8] Speed limit value	Range of setting value	<control is="" p="" p<="" unit=""> 1 to 1000000000</control>			<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 50000000 [P</control>		
[Pr.22] Input signal logic selection	Range of setting value	No limitation			b4: Only the value against the against the	•	
[Pr.24] Manual pulse generator /Incremental synchronous encoder input selection	Range of setting value	1: A-phase/B-pha	use multiplied by 4 use multiplied by 2 use multiplied by 1			ise multiplied by 4 ise multiplied by 1	
[Pr.31] JOG speed limit value	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 1000000000</control>			<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 50000000 [P</control>		
[Pr.46] OPR speed	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 1000000000</control>			<control is="" pls="" unit=""> 1 to 50000000 [PLS/s]</control>		
[Pr.47] Creep speed	Range of setting value	<control is="" p<br="" unit="">1 to 1000000000</control>			Control unit is P 1 to 50000000 [P		
[Pr.80] External input signal selection	Range of setting value	0: External input s  QD77MS2 QD  1: External input s  2: Buffer memory  3: External input s  4: External input s  5: External input s	signal of QD77MS 77MS4 signal of servo am	plifier  S QD77MS16 S QD77MS16 S QD77MS16	1: External input amplifier 2: Buffer memory	signal of servo	
[Pr.89] Manual pulse generator/ Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection	Default value		open-collector typ		0: Differential-out	put type	

- ··		Specification					
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	LD77MH4	LD77MH16	
[Pr.91] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1		0 : No setting 1 : Effective load ratio 2: Regenerative load ratio 3: Peak load factor 4: Load inertia moment ratio 5: Model loop gain			0 : No setting 1 : Effective load ratio 2 : Regenerative load ratio 3 : Peak load ratio 4: Load to motor inertia ratio 5 : Position loop gain 1		
[Pr.92] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2		Position loop of the state of t	6 : Bus voltage 7 : Servo motor speed 20 : Position feedback 21 : Motor ENC within-1-rev position 22 : Select droop pulses				
[Pr.93] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3	Range of setting value	13: Equivalent dis 14: Overload alarn 15: Error excessiv 16: Settling time 17: Overshoot am 20: Position feedb	turbance torque m margin ve alarm margin nount				
[Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4		22: Selection droc 23: Module integra 24: Load side end 25: Load side end 26: Z-phase coun 27: Servomotor-si	op pulse al power consump coder information 1 coder information 2 ter ide/load-side posit ide/load-side spee	tion			
[Pr.96] Operation cycle setting	Compatible model	0: 0.88ms 1: 1.77ms			No parameter setting	0: 0.88ms 1: 1.77ms	
[Pr.97] SSCNET setting	New parameter	0: SSCNETIII 1: SSCNETIII/H			No parameter se	etting	
[Pr.114] External command signal compensation valid/invalid setting	New parameter	0: Invalid 1: Valid	0: Invalid			tting	
[Pr.439] Cam axis length per cycle [Pr.441] Cam stroke amount	Default value	4194304			262144		
[Md.57] Servo alarm	New monitor data	The LED display details of servo amplifier detection alarm			No monitor data		
[Md.58] Servo warning	New monitor data	The LED display details of servo amplifier detection warning			No monitor data		
[Md.59] Module information	Storage value	1000H	1001H	1002H	0001H	0002H	
[Md.61] Driver operation alarm number	New monitor data	Displays the drive	er operation alarm	number.	No monitor data		

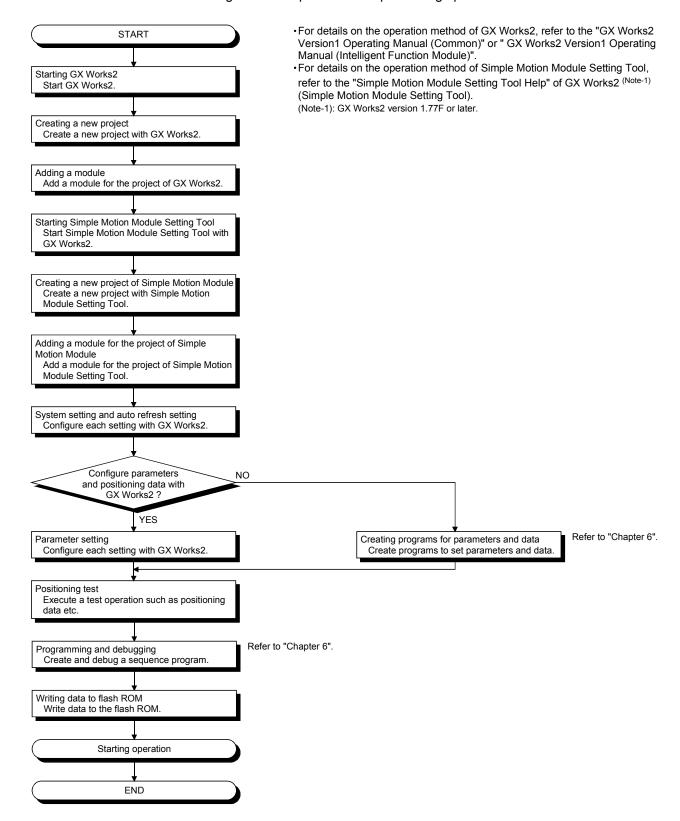
				Specification		
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	LD77MH4	LD77MH16
		<sscnetⅲ h=""></sscnetⅲ>			<sscnetⅲ></sscnetⅲ>	
		1 to 64 : PA0	11 to PA64	1 to 18 : PA01 to PA18		
		65 to 128 : PB0	1 to PB64	19 to 63 : PB		
		129 to 192: PC0	1 to PC64		64 to 95 : PC	01 to PC32
		193 to 256: PD0	1 to PD64		96 to 127 : PD	01 to PD32
		257 to 320: PE0	11 to PE64		128 to 167: PE	01 to PE40
		321 to 384: PF0	1 to PF64		168 to 183: PF0	01 to PF16
		385 to 448: Po0	1 to Po64		184 to 199: Po0	01 to Po16
		449 to 512: PS0	11 to PS64		200 to 231: PS	01 to PS32
[Md.107] Parameter error	Range of monitor	513 to 576: PL0	1 to PL64		232 : PA	19
No.	value	<sscnetⅲ></sscnetⅲ>				
			11 to PA18			
		19 to 63 : PB0	11 to PB45			
		64 to 95 : PC0				
		96 to 127 : PD0				
		128 to 167: PEC				
		168 to 183: PF0				
		184 to 199: Po0				
		200 to 231: PS0				
		232 : PA1				
[Md.116] Encoder option	New storage item	Compatible with continuous operation to torque				
information		control			No storage item	
		1	cale measuremen	it mode		
[Md.132] Operation cycle	Compatible model	0: 0.88ms			No monitor data	0: 0.88ms
setting	'	1: 1.77ms				1: 1.77ms
		0: OFF 1: ON (Operation cycle over occurred.)			No monitor data	0: OFF
[Md.133] Operation cycle	Compatible model					1: ON (Operation
over flag						cycle over
[Md 500] Sonyo etatue7	Navy manitar data	hO. Driver executi			No monitor data	occurred.)
[Md.500] Servo status7	New monitor data	b9: Driver operation	on alarm		No monitor data	
[Md.502] Driver operation alarm number	New monitor data	Displays the drive	er operation alarm	number.	No monitor data	
	Range of setting	<control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td>  S&gt;</td><td></td><td><control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td>1 S&gt;</td></control></td></control>	S>		<control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td>1 S&gt;</td></control>	1 S>
[Cd.14] New speed value	value				0 to 50000000 [P	_
	Range of setting	0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s] <control is="" pls="" unit=""></control>			<control is="" pls="" unit=""></control>	
[Cd.17] JOG speed	value	1 to 1000000000			1 to 50000000 [P	
[Cd.25] Position-speed	2.55		J			
switching control	Range of setting	<control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td>LS&gt;</td><td></td><td><control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td>LS&gt;</td></control></td></control>	LS>		<control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td>LS&gt;</td></control>	LS>
speed change			[PLS/s]		0 to 50000000 [P	
register			,		[.	- 4
[Cd.28] Target position						
change value Range of setting		<control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td></td><td></td><td><control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td>_</td></control></td></control>			<control is="" p<="" td="" unit=""><td>_</td></control>	_
(New speed)	value	0 to 1000000000 [PLS/s]			0 to 50000000 [P	'LS/s]
[Cd.47] QD75MH initial						
value setting	New control data	1: Requests QD7	5MH initial value s	etting	No control data	
request						
[O.4.400] D	Demonstration 111	1	: 1 word write red	quest	4	
[Cd.130] Parameter write	Range of setting	2 2 words write request			1 : Write request	
request	value	Other than 1 and 2: Not request			Other than 1: Not	request
	•		1		•	

#### Changed functions (Continued)

Function	5	Specification					
Function	Description	QD77MS2	QD77MS4	QD77MS16	LD77MH4	LD77MH16	
[Cd.131] Parameter No.	Range of setting value	<mr-j4(w)-b mr<="" p=""> 0: PA group 1: PB group 2: PC group 3: PD group 4: PE group 5: PF group 9: Po group A: PS group B: PL group <vcii series=""> 0: Group 0 1: Group 1 2: Group 2 3: Group 3 4: Group 4 5: Group 5 6: Group 6 7: Group 7 8: Group 8 9: Group 9</vcii></mr-j4(w)-b>		40	<mr-j3(w)-b> 0: PA group 1: PB group 2: PC group 3: PD group 4: PE group 5: PF group 9: Po group A: PS group</mr-j3(w)-b>		
[Cd.132] Change data	New control data	Set the change va	alue of servo parar eter No.".	neter set in	No control data		
[Cd.140] Command speed at speed control mode	Range of setting value	<control is="" pl<="" td="" unit=""><td></td><td>s]</td><td><control is="" pl<br="" unit="">-50000000 to 500</control></td><td></td></control>		s]	<control is="" pl<br="" unit="">-50000000 to 500</control>		
[Cd.146] Speed limit value at torque control mode	Range of setting value	<control is="" pl<br="" unit="">0 to 1000000000</control>			<control is="" pi<br="" unit="">0 to 50000000 [PI</control>		
[Cd.147] Speed limit value at continuous operation to torque control mode	Range of setting value	<control is="" pi<br="" unit="">-1000000000 to 1</control>	_S> 000000000 [PLS/s	s]	<control is="" pi<br="" unit="">-50000000 to 500</control>		
[Cd.802] Latch data range change request	New control data	<ol> <li>Change in the requested</li> <li>Change in the remaining</li> </ol>	next Operation cyc		No control data		
[Da.8] Command speed	Range of setting value	<control is="" pl<br="" unit="">1 to 1000000000</control>			<control is="" pl<br="" unit="">1 to 50000000 [Pl</control>		

#### Appendix 5 When using GX Works2

Use the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool" for Simple Motion module various setting. The following shows the procedure for positioning operation when GX Works2 is used.



#### Appendix 6 Compatible devices with SSCNETⅢ

Appendix 6.1 Servo driver VCII series manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.

The direct drive  $\tau DISC/\tau iD roll/\tau Servo$  compass/ $\tau Linear$  series, etc. manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd. can be controlled by connecting with the servo driver VCII series manufactured by the company using SSCNET II or SSCNET II/H. Contact to Nikki Denso overseas sales office for details of VCII series.

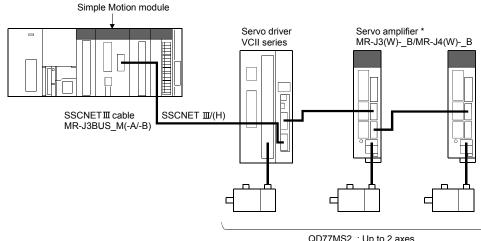
The details shown below explain about the "Connection with VCII series".

- [1] Connecting method
- [2] Comparisons of specifications with MR-J4(W)-B/MR-J3(W)-B
- [3] Precautions during control
- [4] VCII series detection error/warning

#### [1] Connecting method

#### (1) System configuration

The system configuration using VCII series is shown below.



\* MR-JE-\_B can be connected via SSCNETII/H.

QD77MS2: Up to 2 axes QD77MS4: Up to 4 axes QD77MS16: Up to 16 axes

#### (2) Parameter setting

To connect VCII series, set the following parameters.

Setting item			Default	Buffer memory address	
		Setting value	value	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
[Pr.100]	Servo series	96: VCII series (manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.)	0	30100+200n	28400+100n
PA03	Absolute position detection system	Disabled (incremental system)     Enabled (absolute position detection system)	0	30103+200n	28403+100n

n: Axis No.-1

#### **POINT**

Parameters set in VCII series are not controlled by Simple Motion module. However, match the servo parameter "Absolute position detection system (PA03)" with the setting of VCII series. Otherwise, it does not operate correctly.

# [2] Comparisons of specifications with MR-J4(W)-B/MR-J3(W)-B

Item	VCII series (Note-1)	MR-J4(W)-B	MR-J3(W)-B	
[Pr.100] Servo series	96: VCII series (manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.)	32: MR-J4B, MR-J4WB (2-, 3- axis type)	1: MR-J3B, MR-J3WB (2-axis type) 3: MR-J3B-RJ006 (For fully closed loop control) MR-J3BS (For safety servo) 4: MR-J3B-RJ004 (For linear servo) 6: MR-J3B-RJ080W (For direct drive motor)	
Control of servo amplifier parameters	Controlled by VCII series. (Note-2)	Controlled by Simple Motion mo	odule.	
ABS/INC setting	Set by Simple Motion module. (Note-2) Set by VCII data editing software.	Set by Simple Motion module.		
Input filter setting	Setting is not available. (fixed to 0.88 ms)	Setting is available.		
Detailed parameter 1	[Pr.80] External input signal selection	External input signals of VCII series are available.		

	Item	VCII series (Note-1)	MR-J4(W)-B	MR-J3(W)-B		
		The following items can be	The following items can be			
		monitored.	monitored.			
		1: Effective load ratio	1: Effective load ratio			
		2: Regenerative load ratio	2: Regenerative load ratio			
		3: Peak load factor	3: Peak load factor			
		5: Position loop gain	4: Load inertia moment ratio			
		8: Encoder multiple revolution	5: Model loop gain			
		counter	6: Bus voltage			
		20: Position feedback	7: Servo motor rotation			
		21: Encoder single revolution	speed	The following items can be		
		position	8: Encoder multiple revolution	monitored.		
			counter	1: Effective load ratio		
			9: Module power	2: Regenerative load ratio		
			consumption	3: Peak load factor		
			10: Instantaneous torque	4: Load inertia moment ratio		
			12: Servomotor thermistor	5: Model loop gain		
			temperature	6: Bus voltage		
			13: Equivalent disturbance	7: Servo motor rotation speed		
	[Pr.91] to [Pr.94]		torque	8: Encoder multiple revolution		
Expansion	Optional data		14: Overload alarm margin	counter		
parameter	monitor: Data type		15: Error excessive alarm	12: Servomotor thermistor		
	setting		margin	temperature		
			16: Settling time	20: Position feedback		
			17: Overshoot amount	21: Encoder single revolution		
			20: Position feedback	position		
			21: Encoder single revolution	22: Selection droop pulse		
			position	24: Load side encoder		
			22: Selection droop pulse	information 1		
			23: Module integral power	25: Load side encoder		
			consumption 24: Load side encoder	information 2		
			information 1			
			25: Load side encoder			
			information 2			
			26: Z-phase counter			
			27: Servomotor-side/load-side			
			position deviation			
			28: Servomotor-side/load-side			
			speed deviation			
			29: Encoder counter			
Absolute posi	tion system	Possible (Note-3)	Possible			
Unlimited len	-	Possible (Note-4)	Possible			
		Near-point dog method, Count meth	od 1), 2), Data set method,			
OPR method		Scale origin signal detection method	<u> </u>			
Decitioning control		Position control mode, Speed	Position control mode, Speed co	ontrol mode, Torque control mode,		
Positioning control,		control mode, Torque control mode	Continuous operation to torque	control mode		
Expansion control		(Note-5)				
Pos		Possible	Possible			
Torque limit value change		(Separate setting: Restrictions (Note-6))				
Gain changing	g command	Valid	Valid			
PI-PID switch		Valid	Valid			
Control loop (		Invalid	Valid When using servo amplifier for fully closed loop control			
	• •	l .	· · ·			

Item	VCII series (Note-1)	MR-J4(W)-B	MR-J3(W)-B		
Amplifier-less operation function	Possible (Operates artificially as one of the followings during amplifier-less operation.  • Servo amplifier type: MR-J4-10B, Motor type: HG-KR053 (resolution per servomotor rotation: 4194304 pulses)  • Servo amplifier type: MR-J3-10B, Motor type: HF-KP053 (resolution per servomotor rotation: 262144 pulses))				
Servo parameter change request   Possible (2 words write)		Possible (1 word write)			
Driver communication	Not possible	Possible (Note-7)			
Monitoring of servo parameter error No.	Not possible	Possible			
Servo alarm/warning (Error history/warning history)	Alarm codes/warning codes detected by VCII series are stored in "Servo alarm/warning".	Alarm codes/warning codes determ "Servo alarm/warning".	ected by servo amplifier are stored		
Programming tool	Test mode is available. MR Configurator2 is not available. Use VCII data editing software.	Test mode is available. MR Configurator2 is available.			

- (Note-1): Confirm the specifications of VCII series for details.
- (Note-2): Match the absolute position detection system setting in each setting of VCII series and Simple Motion module.
- (Note-3): The direct drive  $\tau$ DISC series manufactured by Nikki Denso Co., Ltd. can restore the absolute position in the range from -2147483648 to 2147483647. Confirm the specifications of VCII series for restrictions by the version of VCII series.
- (Note-4): When unlimited feed is set in "Over flow error detection selection (the 2nd digit of the select function for SSCNETII on communicate mode)" of VCII series, the unlimited length feed is available. When the limited feed is set, the unlimited length feed is not available. Confirm the specifications of VCII series for restrictions by the version of VCII series.
- (Note-5): There are restrictions by the version of VCII series. Confirm the specifications of VCII series for details.
- (Note-6): The specification of torque limit direction differs by the version of VCII series. Confirm the specifications of VCII series for details.
- (Note-7): Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for the servo amplifiers that can be used.

#### [3] Precautions during control

(1) Absolute position system (ABS)/Incremental system (INC) Match the ABS/INC setting in each setting of VCII series and Simple Motion module. Otherwise, the warning "VCII series parameter setting error" (warning code: 126) occurs, and it is controlled by the setting of VCII series side.

When the infinite length operation is set in "Overflow abnormality detection select (the 2nd digit of the select function for SSCNETI on communicate mode)" of VCII series, the unlimited length feed is available. When the finite length operation is set and "Encoder multiple revolution counter × Encoder resolution + Encoder single revolution position" exceeds the range of -2147483648 to 2147483647, the servo error 61468 (F01CH) "Absolute encoder over flow error" occurs and the operation stops.

#### (2) OPR

When "1" is set in the first digit of the parameter of VCII series "Select function for SSCNETI on communicate mode", it is possible to carry out the home position return (OPR) without passing the zero point. (Return to origin after power is supplied will be executed when passing of Motor Z phase is not necessary.) When "0" is set, the error "OPR zero point not passed" (error code: 210) occurs because the OPR is executed without passing the motor Z phase (Motor reference position signal).

#### (3) Control mode

Control modes that can be used are shown below.

- Position control mode (speed control including position control and position loop)
- Speed control mode (speed control not including position loop)
- Torque control mode (torque control)

However, it is not available to switch to continuous operation to torque control mode of expansion control "Speed-torque control". If the mode is switched to continuous operation to torque control mode, the error "Continuous operation to torque control not supported" (error code: 550) occurs and the operation stops.

"1: Feedback torque" cannot be set in "Torque initial value selection (b4 to b7)" of "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode". If it is set, the warning "Torque initial value selection invalid" (warning code: 521) occurs and the command value immediately after switching is the same as the case of selecting "0: Command torque".

#### (4) Servo parameter

(a) Control of servo parameters

Parameters of VCII series are not controlled by Simple Motion module. Therefore, even though the parameter of VCII series is changed during the communication between Simple Motion module and VCII series, it does not reflect to the buffer memory.

#### (b) Servo parameter change request

Change request of servo parameter ("[Cd.130] Parameter write request" to "[Cd.132] Change data") can be executed. However, the servo parameter of VCII series is controlled in a unit of 2 words, so that it is necessary to set "2: 2 words write request" in "[Cd.130] Parameter write request" for executing the parameter write. If 1 word write is executed to VCII series, the parameter write is failure, and "3" is stored in "[Cd.130] Parameter write request".

When the servo parameter of VCII series is changed by the servo parameter change request, the parameter value after changing the servo parameter cannot be confirmed using VCII data editing software. Also, when the power of VCII series is turned OFF, the parameter changed by the servo parameter change request becomes invalid, and the value written by VCII data editing software becomes valid.

#### (5) Optional data monitor

The following table shows data types that can be set.

Data type	Unit
Effective load ratio	[%]
Regenerative load ratio	[%]
Peak load factor	[%]
Model loop gain	[rad/s]
Encoder multiple revolution counter	[rev]
Position feedback (Used point: 2 words)	[PLS]
Encoder single revolution position (Used point: 2 words)	[PLS]

# (6) Gain changing command, PI-PID switching request, Semi/Fully closed loop switching request

Gain changing command and PI-PID switching request are available. Semi/fully closed loop switching request becomes invalid.

#### (7) Driver communication

The driver communication is not supported. If the driver communication is set in a servo parameter, the error "Driver communication setting error" (error code: 975) will occur when the power is turned ON, and any servo amplifiers including VCII series cannot be connected.

# [4] VCII series detection error/warning

#### (1) Error

When an error occurs on VCII series, the error detection signal turns ON, and the error code (61440 to 61695) is stored in "[Md.23] Axis error No.". The servo alarm (0x00 to 0xFF) of VCII series is stored in "[Md.114] Servo alarm" and "[Md.57] Servo alarm" in error history. The alarm detail number is not stored.

However, "0" is always stored in "[Md.107] Parameter error No.".

The detection error list for VCII series is shown below.

Confirm the specifications of VCII series for details of the errors/warnings.

Classification of errors	Error code	Servo alarm No.	VCII series LED display	Name	Remarks
	61441 (F001H)	1H	1-0	IPM error	
	61443 (F003H)	3H	1-3	Excessive voltage error	
	61445 (F005H)	5H	3-0	Encoder-related error	
	61446 (F006H)	6H	1-4	Over speed error	
	61447 (F007H)	7H	1-5	Overload error	
	61449 (F009H)	9H	1-8	AC-off detection error	
	61450 (F00AH)	AH	3-1	At-power-ON motor shaft error	
	61453 (F00DH)	DH	4-0	Deviation over flow	
Ī	61454 (F00EH)	EH	4-1	Deviation error	
Î	61457 (F011H)	11H	5-0	Forward over travel	
	61458 (F012H)	12H	5-1	Reverse over travel	
	61459 (F013H)	13H	5-2	Forward software over travel	
	61460 (F014H)	14H	5-3	Reverse software over travel	
	61465 (F019H)	19H	E-0	Absolute encoder battery error	
	61467 (F01BH)	1BH	3-2	Serial encoder count error	
	61468 (F01CH)	1CH	E-2	Absolute encoder over flow error	
Î	61469 (F01DH)	1DH	E-3	Absolute encoder count error	
	61470 (F01EH)	1EH	3-3	Serial encoder/IPU communication error	
Servo driver	61472 (F020H)	20H	2-0	Motor type none-setup	
VCII series	61473 (F021H)	21H	2-1	Motor type incompatible	
†	61474 (F022H)	22H	A-1	EEPROM (Nonvolatile memory)	
	01111 (1 02211)		,,,	writing error	
<b>†</b>	61475 (F023H)	23H	A-2	Rated speed command Invalid 1	
İ	61476 (F024H)	24H	A-3	Rated speed command Invalid 2	
<b>†</b>	61477 (F025H)	25H	1-2	Main power supply shortage error	
<b>†</b>	61480 (F028H)	28H	1-6	IPM overload error	
<b>†</b>	61481 (F029H)	29H	1-7	Regenerative resistor overload error	
<b>†</b>	61483 (F02BH)	2BH	6-0	Address setting error	
†	61484 (F02CH)	2CH	6-1	Positioning timeover	
†	61485 (F02DH)	2DH	6-d	Successive control command invalid	
†	61486 (F02EH)	2EH	E-1	Absolute encoder backup error	
†	61487 (F02FH)	2FH	6-2	Positioning data over flow	
†	61488 (F030H)	30H	6-3	1-rotation data no-setting	
†	61489 (F031H)	31H	1-A	Servo control error	
†	61490 (F032H)	32H	6-4	Program end command non-setup	
†	61491 (F033H)	33H	6-5	Sub-routine call nesting over	
†	61492 (F034H)	34H	9-4	Receive error 1	
†	61493 (F035H)	35H	1-C	Command frequency error	

Classification	Error code	Servo alarm No.	VCII series	Name	Remarks
of errors	04404 (500011)	0011	LED display	<u>                                     </u>	
	61494 (F036H)	36H	9-5	Receive error 2	
,	61495 (F037H)	37H	6-9	Division invalid	
	61496 (F038H)	38H	6-A	Positioning volume error	
	61498 (F03AH)	3AH	6-b	Invalid command	
	61499 (F03BH)	3BH	6-C	Indirect data No. invalid	
	61500 (F03CH)	3CH	7	Data sustain error 1	
	61501 (F03DH)	3DH	7	Data sustain error 2	
	61502 (F03EH)	3EH	7	Data sustain error 3	
	61503 (F03FH)	3FH	7	Data sustain error 4	
	61504 (F040H)	40H	7	Data sustain error 5	
	61505 (F041H)	41H	7	Data sustain error 6	
	61506 (F042H)	42H	7	Data sustain error 7	
	61507 (F043H)	43H	7	Data sustain error 8	
	61508 (F044H)	44H	7	Data sustain error 9	
	61509 (F045H)	45H	7	Data sustain error 10	
	61510 (F046H)	46H	7	Data sustain error 11	
	61511 (F047H)	47H	7	Data sustain error 12	
	61512 (F048H)	48H	7	Data sustain error 13	
	61513 (F049H)	49H	7	Data sustain error 14	
	61514 (F04AH)	4AH	7	Data sustain error 15	
	61515 (F04BH)	4BH	7	Data sustain error 16	
	61516 (F04CH)	4CH	7	Data sustain error 17	
	61517 (F04DH)	4DH	7	Data sustain error 18	
	61518 (F04EH)	4EH	7	Data sustain error 19	
	61519 (F04FH)	4FH	7	Data sustain error 20	
Servo driver	61520 (F050H)	50H	7	Data sustain error 21	
VCII series	61521 (F051H)	51H	7	Data sustain error 22	
·	61522 (F052H)	52H	7	Data sustain error 23	
	61523 (F053H)	53H	7	Data sustain error 24	
	61524 (F054H)	54H	7	Data sustain error 25	
	61525 (F055H)	55H	7	Data sustain error 26	
•	61526 (F056H)	56H	7	Data sustain error 27	
j	61527 (F057H)	57H	7	Data sustain error 28	
	61528 (F058H)	58H	7	Data sustain error 29	
	61529 (F059H)	59H	7	Data sustain error 30	
	61530 (F05AH)	5AH	7	Data sustain error 31	
	61531 (F05BH)	5BH	7	Data sustain error 32	
•	61532 (F05CH)	5CH	7	Data sustain error 33	
	61533 (F05DH)	5DH	7	Data sustain error 34	
•	61534 (F05EH)	5EH	7	Data sustain error 35	
	61535 (F05FH)	5FH	7	Data sustain error 36	
	61536 (F060H)	60H	7	Data sustain error 37	
}	61538 (F060H)	62H	7	Data sustain error 39	
	61538 (F062H) 61539 (F063H)	63H	7	Data sustain error 40	
}	61540 (F064H)	64H	7	Data sustain error 41	
}			7		
-	61542 (F066H)	66H		Data sustain error 43	
-	61543 (F067H)	67H	7	Data sustain error 44	
,	61548 (F06CH)	6CH	A-7	Rated speed command Invalid 3	
	61549 (F06DH)	6DH	1-b	Input power supply error	
	61550 (F06EH)	6EH	_	FLASH (Nonvolatile memory) writing	
				error	

Classification of errors	Error code	Servo alarm No.	VCII series LED display	Name	Remarks
	61551 (F06FH)	6FH	9-3	Remote sequence control receive timeout	
	61553 (F071H)	71H	9-1	Remote sequence control IC defect	
	61554 (F072H)	72H	9-2	Remote sequence control communication-OFF	
	61555 (F073H)	73H	A-4	Servo control communication disconnection error	
	61557 (F075H)	75H	A-5	Servo control communication error	
	61559 (F077H)	77H	3-4	Linear sensor resolution error	
	61560 (F078H)	78H	6-0	Free curve motion data error	
	61561 (F079H)	79H	6-1	Standard position return data error	
	61562 (F07AH)	7AH	6-2	Slave axis movement error	
	61570 (F082H)	82H	3-5	IPU error	
	61571 (F083H)	83H	3-6	Serial number check error	
	61572 (F084H)	84H	3-7	Serial number none-setup (Empty)	
Servo driver	61575 (F087H)	87H	3-8	τDISC motor 1-rotation position	
VCII series				detection speed error	
	61576 (F088H)	88H	3-9	τDISC absolute encoder light-	
				receiving element error	
	61577 (F089H)	89H	3-A	τDISC absolute encoder light-emitting	
				element error	
	61579 (F08BH)	8BH	3-b	Magnetic pole detection error	
	61610 (F0AAH)	AAH	E-5	Over speed	
	61611 (F0ABH)	ABH	E-6	Initialization error	
	61612 (F0ACH)	ACH	E-7	Hardware error	
	61613 (F0ADH)	ADH	E-8	Absolute data error	
	61614 (F0AEH)	AEH	E-9	Transducer error	
	61615 (F0AFH)	AFH	E-A	Signal strength error	
	61630 (F0BEH)	BEH	E-5	Encoder and IPU communication error	
	61631 (F0BFH)	BFH	E-6	Encoder and IPU cable disconnection	
	61632 (F0C0H)	C0H	E-7	Encoder backup error	
	61633 (F0C1H)	C1H	E-8	IPU backup error	
	61695 (F0FFH)	FFH		Internal circuit fault	

#### (2) Warning

When a warning occurs on VCII series, the warning code (61440 to 61695) is stored in "[Md.24] Axis warning No.".

The servo warning No. of VCII series is stored in "[Md.58] Servo warning" in warning history.

The detection warning list for VCII series is shown below.

Classification of warnings	Warning code	Servo warning No.	VCII series LED display	Name	Remarks
	61448 (F008H)	8H	F-0	Overload precaution	
	61455 (F00FH)	FH	F-1	Deviation abnormal warning	
	61466 (F01AH)	1AH	F-4	Absolute encoder battery error warning	
	61482 (F02AH)	2AH	F-3	Zero return incomplete automatic startup warning	
	61552 (F070H)	70H	F-5	Remote sequence control communication stand-by warning	
Servo driver VCII series	61558 (F076H)	76H	F-2	Main power supply low voltage detection warning	
	61564 (F07CH)	7CH	F-6	Remote sequence control SW change warning	
	61616 (F0B0H)	вон	F-b	Signal strength warning	
	61617 (F0B1H)	B1H	F-C	Thermal warning	
	61634 (F0C2H)	C2H	F-b	Encoder position sensing part deterioration warning	
	61670 (F0E6H)	E6H	F-7	Driver emergency stop	
	61671 (F0E7H)	E7H	F-8	Controller emergency stop	

# Appendix 6.2 Inverter FR-A700 series

FR-A700 series can be connected via SSCNET  ${\bf II}$  by using built-in option FR-A7AP and FR-A7NS.

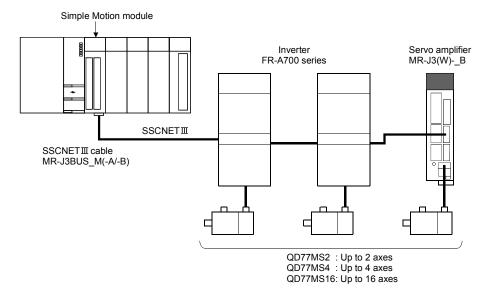
The details shown below explain about the "Connection with FR-A700 series".

- [1] Connecting method
- [2] Comparisons of specifications with MR-J3(W)-B
- [3] Precautions during control
- [4] FR-A700 series detection error/warning

#### [1] Connecting method

#### (1) System configuration

The system configuration using FR-A700 series is shown below. Set "0: SSCNET II" in "[Pr.97] SSCNET setting" to use FR-A700 series.



#### (2) Parameter setting

To connect FR-A700 series, execute flash ROM writing after setting the following parameters to buffer memory. The setting value is valid at power supply ON or PLC CPU reset.

"[Pr.97] SSCNET setting": "0: SSCNETII"

"[Pr.100] Servo series": "64: FR-A700 series (Inverter)"

#### (3) Control of FR-A700 series parameters

Parameters set in FR-A700 series are not controlled by Simple Motion module. Set the parameters by connecting FR-A700 series directly with the operation panel on the front of inverter (FR-DU07/FR-PU07) or FR Configurator that is inverter setup software. Confirm the specifications of FR-A700 series for details of the setting items.

#### **POINT**

In the state of connecting between FR-A700 series and Simple Motion module, only a part of parameters can be set if the parameter of the inverter "[Pr.77] Parameter write selection" is in the initial state. Set "2: Write parameters during operation" to rewrite the parameters of FR-A700 series.

(4) Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection When PU stop is executed in FR-A700 series, position error excessive, etc. occur because a command from Simple Motion module does not stop. Set "0 to 3" in the parameter of the inverter "[Pr.75] Reset selection/ disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection". To stop FR-A700 series, use the stop signal and the forced stop of Simple Motion module, or use the output stop (MRS) of FR-A700 series.

	Setting item	Default value	Setting value	Details				
		14	14		0	<ul> <li>Reset input is always enabled.</li> <li>If the PU is disconnected, operation will be continued.</li> <li>PU stop is disabled at SSCNET connection.</li> </ul>		
								1
								2
[D= 75]	[Pr.75] Reset selection/disconnected PUdetection/PU stop selection			3	<ul> <li>A reset can be input only when the protective function is activated.</li> <li>When the PU is disconnected, the inverter trips.</li> <li>PU stop is disabled at SSCNET connection.</li> </ul>			
[Pr.75]				14	14	14	14	<ul> <li>Reset input is always enabled.</li> <li>If the PU is disconnected, operation will be continued.</li> <li>Deceleration stop by PU stop in any operation mode.</li> </ul>
								15
			16	<ul> <li>Reset input is always enabled.</li> <li>When the PU is disconnected, the inverter trips.</li> <li>Deceleration stop by PU stop in any operation mode.</li> </ul>				
			17	<ul> <li>A reset can be input only when the protective function is activated.</li> <li>When the PU is disconnected, the inverter trips.</li> <li>Deceleration stop by PU stop in any operation mode.</li> </ul>				

(Note): Note that the default value is set to "14". (Change the value to "1 to 3".)

#### (5) In-position range

Set the servo parameter "In-position range (PA10)" and the parameter of the inverter "[Pr.426] In-position width" to be matched. Otherwise, it may not operate correctly.

Setting item		Dofault		Buffer memory address	
		Default value	Setting range	QD77MS2 QD77MS4	QD77MS16
PA10	In-position range	100 (PLS)	0 to 65535 (PLS)	30110+200n	28410+100n

n: Axis No.-1

Setting item		Default value	Setting range	Details
[Pr.426]	In-position width	100 (PLS)		When droop pulses have fallen below the setting value, the inposition signal turns ON.

#### (6) Optional data monitor setting

The following table shows data types that can be set.

Data type	Name at FR-A700 series use	
	Name at 11777 00 series use	
Effective load factor	Motor load factor	
Load inertia moment ratio	Load inertia ratio	
Model loop gain	Position loop gain	
Bus voltage	Converter output voltage	
Encoder multiple revolution counter	Absolute position encoder multiple	
Encoder multiple revolution counter	revolution counter	
Position feedback	Position feedback	
Encoder single revolution position	Absolute position encoder single	
Encoder single revolution position	revolution position	

#### POINT

When FR-A700 series is used, each data is delayed for "update delay time + communication cycle" because of the update cycle of the inverter. The following table shows the update delay time of each data.

Data type	Update delay time of FR-A700 series
Effective load factor	12.5ms
Load inertia moment ratio	56ms or more (up to 2500ms)
Model loop gain	56ms or more (up to 2500ms)
Bus voltage	9.888ms
Encoder multiple revolution counter	222µs
Position feedback	222µs
Encoder single revolution position	222µs

#### (7) External input signal

Set as the followings to fetch the external input signal (FLS/RLS/DOG) via FR-A700 series.

- Set "1: External input signal of servo amplifier" in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection".
- Set the parameters of the inverter as below. (Otherwise, each signal remains OFF.)

Se	tting item	Default value	Setting value	Details
[Pr.178]	STF terminal function selection	60	60	Use with the default value.
[Pr.179]	STR terminal function selection	61	61	Use with the default value.
[Pr.185]	JOG terminal function selection	5	76	Set 76 (Near-point dog).
[Pr.449]	SSCNET <b>II</b> input filter setting	4	0: None 1: 0.88ms 2: 1.77ms 3: 2.66ms 4: 3.55ms	Set the input filter setting value at reading an external signal.

• Set the servo parameter of Simple Motion module "Input filter setting (PD11)" to be the same value as the parameter of the inverter "[Pr.449] SSCNET

input filter setting".

Se	etting item	Default value	Setting value	Details
PD11	Input filter setting	4	0: None 1: 0.88ms 2: 1.77ms 3: 2.66ms 4: 3.55ms	Set the input filter setting value at reading an external signal.

### [2] Comparisons of specifications with MR-J3(W)-B

	Item	FR-A700 series (Note-1)	MR-J3(W)-B
[Pr.100] Servo	series	64: FR-A700 series (Inverter)	1: MR-J3B, MR-J3WB (2-axis type)
Control of servo amplifier parameters		Set directly by inverter. (Not controlled by Simple Motion module.)	Controlled by Simple Motion module.
Detailed parameter 1	[Pr.80] External input signal selection	External input signals of FR-A700 series are available.	External input signals of servo amplifier are available.
Expansion parameter	[Pr.91] to [Pr.94] Optional data monitor: Data type setting	The following items can be monitored.  1: Effective load ratio  4: Load inertia moment factor  5: Position loop gain  6: Bus voltage  8: Encoder multiple revolution counter  20: Position feedback  21: Encoder single revolution position	The following items can be monitored.  1: Effective load ratio  2: Regenerative load ratio  3: Peak load factor  4: Load inertia moment ratio  5: Model loop gain  6: Bus voltage  7: Servo motor rotation speed  8: Encoder multiple revolution counter  12: Servomotor thermistor temperature  20: Position feedback  21: Encoder single revolution position  22: Selection droop pulse  24: Load side encoder information 1  25: Load side encoder information 2
Absolute positi	ion system	Not possible	Possible
Positioning cor Expansion cor		Position control mode, Speed control mode, Torque control mode	Position control mode, Speed control mode, Torque control mode, Continuous operation to torque control mode
Gain changing	command	Valid	Valid
PI-PID switching	ng command	Valid	Valid
Control loop (s	emi/fully) switching	Invalid	Valid when using servo amplifier for fully closed loop control (MR-J3B-RJ006)
Servo parame	ter write/read	Not possible	Possible
Amplifier-less operation function		Possible (Note-2)  (Operates artificially as the followings during am Servo amplifier type: MR-J3-10B, Motor type: HI	F-KP053)
Driver communication		Not possible	Possible (Note-3)
Monitoring of s	servo parameter error No.	Not possible	Possible
Servo alarm/warning (Error history/warning history)		Alarm codes/warning codes detected by FR-A700 series are stored in "Servo alarm/warning".	Alarm codes/warning codes detected by servo amplifier are stored in "Servo alarm/warning".
Programming	tool	MR Configurator2 is not available. Use FR-DU07/FR-PU07 or FR Configurator.	MR Configurator2 is available.

<sup>(</sup>Note-1): Confirm the specifications of FR-A700 series for details.

(Note-2): Parameters set in FR-A700 series are not controlled by Simple Motion module. Therefore, the operation is the same as when the servo parameter "Rotation direction selection/travel direction selection (PA14)" is set as below during amplifier-less operation mode.

	Setting item	Setting value	Details
DA44	Rotation direction PA14 selection/travel direction		Positioning address increase: CCW or positive direction
PA14	selection	U	Positioning address decrease: CW of negative direction

(Note-3): Refer to each servo amplifier instruction manual for the servo amplifiers that can be used.

#### [3] Precautions during control

- (1) Absolute position system (ABS)/Incremental system (INC) When using FR-A700 series, absolute position system (ABS) cannot be used. Even though "1: Enable (absolute position detection system)" is set in the servo parameter "Absolute position detection system (PA03)", the servo amplifier operates as incremental system.
  - When the Simple Motion module is powered ON, OPR request is turned ON and the current feed value is set to 0. (The current feed value is set to 0 even if only the power of inverter is turned OFF to ON.)
  - Errors at absolute position system (1201 to 1205) are not detected.

#### (2) Control mode

Control modes that can be used are shown below.

- Position control mode (speed control including position control and position loop)
- Speed control mode (speed control not including position loop)
- Torque control mode (torque control)

However, it is not available to switch to continuous operation to torque control mode of expansion control "Speed-torque control". If the mode is switched to continuous operation to torque control mode, the error "Continuous operation to torque control not supported" (error code: 550) occurs and the operation stops.

"1: Feedback torque" cannot be set in "Torque initial value selection (b4 to b7)" of "[Pr.90] Operation setting for speed-torque control mode". If it is set, the warning "Torque initial value selection invalid" (warning code: 521) occurs and the command value immediately after switching is the same as the case of selecting "0: Command torque".

#### (3) Driver communication

The driver communication is not supported. If the driver communication is set in a servo parameter, the error "Driver communication setting error" (error code: 975) will occur when the power is turned ON.

(4) Control mode switching of speed-torque control The axis connected with FR-A700 series takes more time to switch the control mode than the axis connected with the servo amplifier.

Switching operation	Switching time at the servo amplifier use	Switching time at FR-A700 series use	
Position control mode → Speed control mode			
Speed control mode → Position control mode			
Position control mode → Torque control mode	C to 11.	40 to 04ma	
Torque control mode → Position control mode	6 to 11ms	19 to 24ms	
Speed control mode → Torque control mode			
Torque control mode → Speed control mode			

# [4] FR-A700 series detection error/warning

#### (1) Error

When an error occurs on FR-A700 series, the error code (61696 to 61951) is stored in "[Md.23] Axis error No.".

The alarm No. of FR-A700 series is stored in "[Md.114] Servo alarm" and "[Md.57] Servo alarm" in error history.

However, "0" is always stored in "[Md.107] Parameter error No." and "Absolute position lost (b14)" of "[Md.108] Servo status".

The detection error list for FR-A700 series is shown below. Confirm the specifications of FR-A700 series for details of the errors/warnings.

Classification of errors	Error code	Alarm No. of FR-A700 series	FR-A700 series LED display	Name	Remarks
	61712 (F110H)	10H	E.OC1	Overcurrent trip during acceleration	
	61713 (F111H)	11H	E.OC2	Overcurrent trip during constant speed	
	61714 (F112H)	12H	E.OC3	Overcurrent trip during deceleration or stop	
	61715 (F113H)	13H	E.OV1	Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration	
	61716 (F114H)	14H	E.OV2	Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed	
	61717 (F115H)	15H	E.OV3	Regenerative overvoltage trip during deceleration or stop	
	61718 (F116H)	16H	E.THM	Motor overload trip (electronic thermal relay function)	
	61719 (F117H)	17H	E.THT	Inverter overload trip (electronic thermal relay function)	
	61720 (F118H)	18H	E.IPF	Instantaneous power failure	
	61721 (F119H)	19H	E.UVT	Undervoltage	
Inverter	61728 (F120H)	20H	E.BE	Brake transistor alarm detection	
FR-A700 series	61729 (F121H)	21H	E.GF	Output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent	
	61730 (F122H)	22H	E.OHT	External thermal relay operation	
	61731 (F123H)	23H	E.OLT	Stall prevention stop	
	61732 (F124H)	24H	E.OPT	Option fault	
	61735 (F127H)	27H	E.PE	Parameter storage device fault	
·	61736 (F128H)	28H	E.PUE	PU disconnection	
	61737 (F129H)	29H	E.RET	Retry count excess	Not be output when using FR-A7NS.
	61744 (F130H)	30H	E.CPU	CPU fault	
	61745 (F131H)	31H	E.ILF	Input phase loss	
	61746 (F132H)	32H	E.FIN	Heatsink overheat	
	61747 (F133H)	33H	E.OS	Overspeed occurrence	
	61748 (F134H)	34H	E.OSD	Speed deviation excess detection	
	61749 (F135H)	35H	E.ECT	Signal loss detection	
	61750 (F136H)	36H	E.OD	Excessive position fault	

Classification of errors	Error code	Alarm No. of FR-A700 series	FR-A700 series LED display	Name	Remarks
	61752 (F138H)	38H	E.MB1	Brake sequence fault	Not be output
	61753 (F139H)	39H	E.MB2		when using
	61760 (F140H)	40H	E.MB3	7	FR-A7NS.
	61761 (F141H)	41H	E.MB4		
	61762 (F142H)	42H	E.MB5		
·	61763 (F143H)	43H	E.MB6		
	61764 (F144H)	44H	E.MB7		
	61765 (F145H)	45H	E.P24	24VDC power output short circuit	
·	61766 (F146H)	46H	E.CTE	Operation panel power supply short	
				circuit, RS-485 terminal power supply	
				short circuit	
	61767 (F147H)	47H	E.LF	Output phase loss	
·	61768 (F148H)	48H	E.PTC	PTC thermistor operation	
·	61769 (F149H)	49H	E.PE2	Parameter storage device fault	
	61776 (F150H)	50H	E.CDO	Output current detection value	
ļ				exceeded	
Inverter	61777 (F151H)	51H	E.IOH	Inrush current limit circuit fault	
FR-A700 series	61778 (F152H)	52H	E.SER	Communication fault (inverter)	
series	61779 (F153H)	53H	E.AIE	Analog input fault	
	61781 (F155H)	55H	E.USB	USB communication fault	
	61782 (F156H)	56H	E.1	Option fault	
	61783 (F157H)	57H	E.2		
	61784 (F158H)	58H	E.3		
	61792 (F160H)	60H	E.5	CPU fault	
	61793 (F161H)	61H	E.6		
	61794 (F162H)	62H	E.7		
	61798 (F166H)	66H	E.11	Opposite rotation deceleration fault	
	61800 (F168H)	68H	E.13	Internal circuit fault	
	61808 (F170H)	70H	E.EP	Encoder phase fault	
	61840 (F190H)	90H	E.OP3	Communication option fault	
	61841 (F191H)	91H	E.OP3		
	61842 (F192H)	92H	E.OP3		
	61843 (F193H)	93H	E.OP3		
	61951 (F1FFH)	_	E.OP3	Internal circuit fault	

#### (2) Warning

When a warning occurs on FR-A700 series, the warning code (61696 to 61951) is stored in "[Md.24] Axis warning No.".

The warning No. of FR-A700 series is stored in "[Md.58] Servo warning" in warning history.

The detection warning list for FR-A700 series is shown below.

Classification of warnings	Warning code	Warning No. of FR-A700 series	FR-A700 series LED display	Name	Remarks
	61924 (F1E4H)	E4H	-	Parameter write error	
	61926 (F1E6H)	E6H	1	Output stop	
	61927 (F1E7H)	E7H	1	Emergency stop	
	61936 (F1F0H)	F0H	OL	Stall prevention (overcurrent)	
	61937 (F1F1H)	F1H	oL	Stall prevention (overvoltage)	
las santa a	61938 (F1F2H)	F2H	PS	PU stop	
Inverter	61939 (F1F3H)	F3H	RB	Regenerative brake pre-alarm	
FR-A700 series	61940 (F1F4H)	F4H	TH	Electronic thermal relay function	
Series				pre-alarm	
	61941 (F1F5H)	F5H	MT	Maintenance signal output	
	61942 (F1F6H)	F6H	CP	Parameter copy	
	61943 (F1F7H)	F7H	SL	Speed limit indication (Output during	
				speed limit)	
	61944 (F1F8H)	F8H	Fn	Fan alarm	

#### Appendix 6.3 Connection with MR-JE-B

The servo amplifier MR-JE-B can be connected using SSCNET II/H.

The details shown below explain about the "Connection with MR-JE-B". [1] Comparisons of specifications with MR-J4(W)-B

#### [1] Comparisons of specifications with MR-J4(W)-B

	Item	MR-JE-B	MR- J4(W)-B
[Pr.100] Servo series		48: MR-JEB	32: MR-J4B, MR-J4WB (2-, 3- axis type)
Operation mode		Standard	Standard/Fully closed/Linear/Direct drive
Detailed parameter 1	[Pr.80] External input signal selection	External input signals of servo amplifier are not available. (Note-1)	External input signals of servo amplifier are available.
Control loop (semi/fully) switching command		Invalid	Valid when using servo amplifier for fully closed loop control
Encoder resolution		131072 pulses/rev	4194304 pulses/rev
Amplifier-less operation function		Possible (Note-2)	Possible
Driver communication		Not possible	Possible
Virtual servo a	amplifier function	Not possible	Possible

(Note-1): When "1: External input signal of servo amplifier" is set in "[Pr.80] External input signal selection" at MR-JE-B use, the axis error or warning does not occur and the external signal (upper/lower limit switch, near-point dog) cannot be operated. Refer to Section 14.4 "External signal selection function" for the program example and system configuration when "2: Buffer memory of QD77MS" is set.

(Note-2): Operates artificially as the following servo amplifier and servo motor during amplifier-less operation mode.

Servo amplifier type: MR-J4-10B

Motor type: HG-KR053 (Resolution per servo motor rotation: 4194304 pulses)

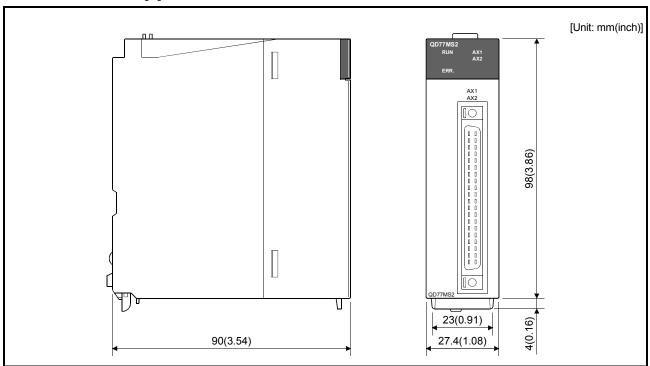
#### **Important**

The servo amplifier MR-JE-B is integrated with the main circuit power supply and the control power supply.

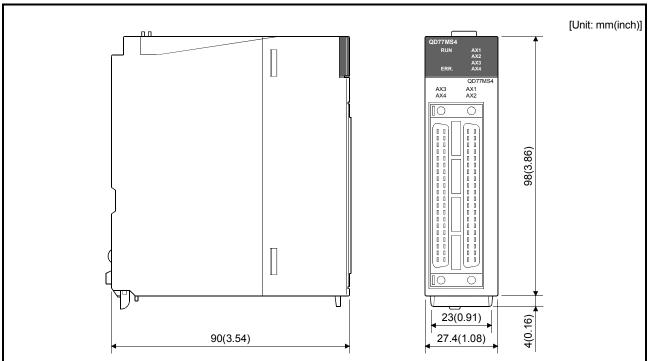
Therefore, when the power of the servo amplifier is turned OFF, the controller cannot communicate with the axes after the axis whose power is turned OFF.

# Appendix 7 External dimension drawing

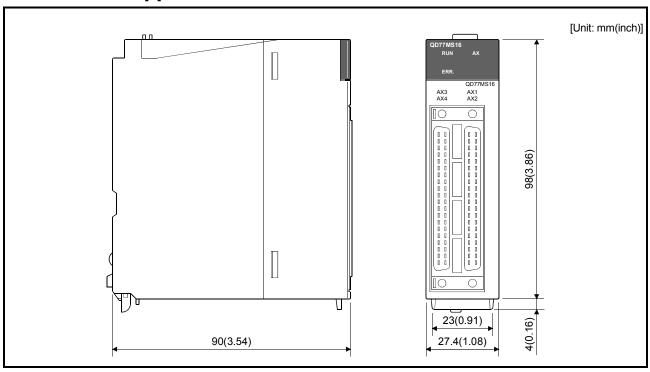
# [1] QD77MS2



# [2] QD77MS4



# [3] QD77MS16



MEMO		

#### **WARRANTY**

Please confirm the following product warranty details before using this product.

#### 1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be repaired at no cost via the sales representative or Mitsubishi Service Company.

However, if repairs are required onsite at domestic or overseas location, expenses to send an engineer will be solely at the customer's discretion. Mitsubishi shall not be held responsible for any re-commissioning, maintenance, or testing onsite that involves replacement of the failed module.

#### [Gratis Warranty Term]

The gratis warranty term of the product shall be for one year after the date of purchase or delivery to a designated place.

Note that after manufacture and shipment from Mitsubishi, the maximum distribution period shall be six (6) months, and the longest gratis warranty term after manufacturing shall be eighteen (18) months. The gratis warranty term of repair parts shall not exceed the gratis warranty term before repairs.

#### [Gratis Warranty Range]

- (1) The range shall be limited to normal use within the usage state, usage methods and usage environment, etc., which follow the conditions and precautions, etc., given in the instruction manual, user's manual and caution labels on the product.
- (2) Even within the gratis warranty term, repairs shall be charged for in the following cases.
  - 1. Failure occurring from inappropriate storage or handling, carelessness or negligence by the user. Failure caused by the user's hardware or software design.
  - 2. Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
  - 3. When the Mitsubishi product is assembled into a user's device, Failure that could have been avoided if functions or structures, judged as necessary in the legal safety measures the user's device is subject to or as necessary by industry standards, had been provided.
  - 4. Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts (battery, backlight, fuse, etc.) designated in the instruction manual have been correctly serviced or replaced.
  - 5. Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and Failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
  - 6. Failure caused by reasons unpredictable by scientific technology standards at time of shipment from Mitsubishi.
  - 7. Any other failure found to not be the responsibility of Mitsubishi or that admitted not to be so by the user.

#### 2. Onerous repair term after discontinuation of production

- (1) Mitsubishi shall accept onerous product repairs for seven (7) years after production of the product is discontinued. Discontinuation of production shall be notified with Mitsubishi Technical Bulletins, etc.
- (2) Product supply (including repair parts) is not available after production is discontinued.

#### 3. Overseas service

Overseas, repairs shall be accepted by Mitsubishi's local overseas FA Center. Note that the repair conditions at each FA Center may differ.

#### 4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi, loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products, special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products, replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

#### 5. Changes in product specifications

The specifications given in the catalogs, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior notice.

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# MELSEC-Q QD77MS Simple Motion Module User's Manual

**Positioning Control** 

MODEL	QD77MS-U-S-E	
MODEL CODE	1XB947	
IB(NA)-0300185-C(1411)MEE		



HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7-3 MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN NAGOYA WORKS: 1-14, YADA-MINAMI 5-CHOME, HIGASHI-KU, NAGOYA, JAPAN

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